12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

GRAND JURY INDICTS SIX MORE OFFICIALS

Will Not Be Named Until They Are Arrested.

Beavers Surrenders and Is Released on Bail.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The federal grand jury has returned seven indictments in postal cases. The names of those indicted have not been divulged.

Although there are seven indictments there are but six defendants, indicating that one of them is indicted twice. The officials of the district attorney's office refuse to disclose the names of the parties indicted until warrants for their arrest have been served. Some of those indicted reside outside of Washington.

New York, Sept. 8.—George W. Beavers, the former head of the salary and allowances division of the postoffice department at Washington, under indictment in connection with the postal investigation, surrendered himself to the office of United States Commissioner Hitchcock today and gave $5000 bail for his appearance before Commissioner Hitchcock, Sept. 15.

United States District Attorney Burnett last week notified Beavers' counsel that a bench warrant had been issued for the arrest of Beavers and that he would be taken into custody forthwith if he did not immediately surrender himself. The defendant's lawyers then verbally informed the federal authorities that they would produce their client Tuesday. The indictment against the former head of the salaries and allowance division was returned two months ago in Brooklyn, and charges him with having received a check for $810 from the Brandt-Dent Manufacturing company, of Middletown, Wis., which it is alleged was paid to him by the firm as a part commission on a number of automatic cashiers furnished the postal department by that firm. Mr. Beavers was indicted in company with Congressman Driggs, of Brooklyn, and George F. Miller, the local manager of the Brandt-Dent company. It is claimed by the government that a conspiracy was entered into between the company, Congressman Driggs and Mr. Beavers wherein the automatic machines were sold to the government at prices greatly in excess of the customary market quotations.

YOUNG WIFE RECEIVES BULLET INTENDED FOR HER HUSBAND

Chicago Woman Rushes In Front of Assailant and Is Fatally Wounded In Her Right Side—Man Who Did Shooting Is Severely Handled.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Rushing in front of her husband to protect him from an attack by an armed man, a young wife last night received a bullet in her left side, and physicians say she will die.

Mrs. Ida Reckstein, 33 years old, is the victim, and after shooting her, Rudolph Hoppe, a saloonkeeper, was set upon by a crowd of union cornice workers, who knocked him down and were beating him over the head when the police appeared. Not until the police had drawn their revolvers and charged on the crowd did the union men release Hoppe. He was then unconscious, but later recovered. The shooting followed a quarrel between Hoppe and Reickstein at the rooms of the latter. Reckstein is said to have struck Hoppe, and the saloonkeeper then drew his revolver. He fired twice at his antagonist without effect, and as he fired the third time Mrs. Reckstein jumped in front of her husband. Frightened by what he had done, Hoppe ran down stairs and went to his saloon. He opened the cash register, and after taking the money, hurried into the street, where he was met by the cornice workers, who had been celebrating Labor day. They had heard of the shooting and called for vengeance.

EXCURSIONISTS HAD ROUGH TRIP

Sandusky, Ohio, Sept. 8.—The fishing tug Louise, which it was feared had gone down with over 100 on board in the storm on Lake Erie yesterday, arrived here safely early today from Leamington, Ont. The Louise started from here for Leamington early Monday morning, carrying the Star Baseball club, of this city, and 100 excursionists. Rough weather was encountered just outside the harbor, but Capt. Hugh Declute decided not to turn back. The boat plowed through seas that had her decks awash half the time, and everybody on board was sick. Leamington was finally reached at noon. At 6 o'clock the party started on the return trip in even a rougher sea than was encountered on the way over. After a terrific struggle with the waves the Louise got into the lee of Pelee island, where she lay several hours until the storm had subsided. She arrived here at 4 o'clock this morning, with everybody safe but sick. Scores of the friends and relatives of those on board the vessel remained on the docks all night in great anxiety.

DEPUTIES REMOVED FROM SHIPS

Elizabethport, N. J., Sept. 8.—By order of Receiver Smith, of the Crescent shipyards, the six deputy sheriffs who have been on guard for several weeks, were removed today by the sheriff from the two Mexican gunboats in the yards, Charles S. Bryan's yacht Czarina, the new Erie ferry boat and Charles M. Schwab's pleasure boat, Happy Days, which was built to take poor children to and from his property on Staten Island. The removal of the deputies is said to be the result of a conference yesterday between Mr. Smith and the solicitor for F. A. and A. L. Heidritter, lumber dealers of Elizabethport, who libeled the vessels for $9000 for lumber alleged to have been furnished to thes hip yards company. The libel on the United States cruiser Chattanooga and the gunboats, O'Brien and Nicholson, placed on the vessels two months ago by Babcock & Wilcox, of Bayonne, for furniture supplied to the Chattanooga, is still in force. The removal of the deputies from the other vessels is thought to afford a good prospect for the resumption of work at the ship yards.

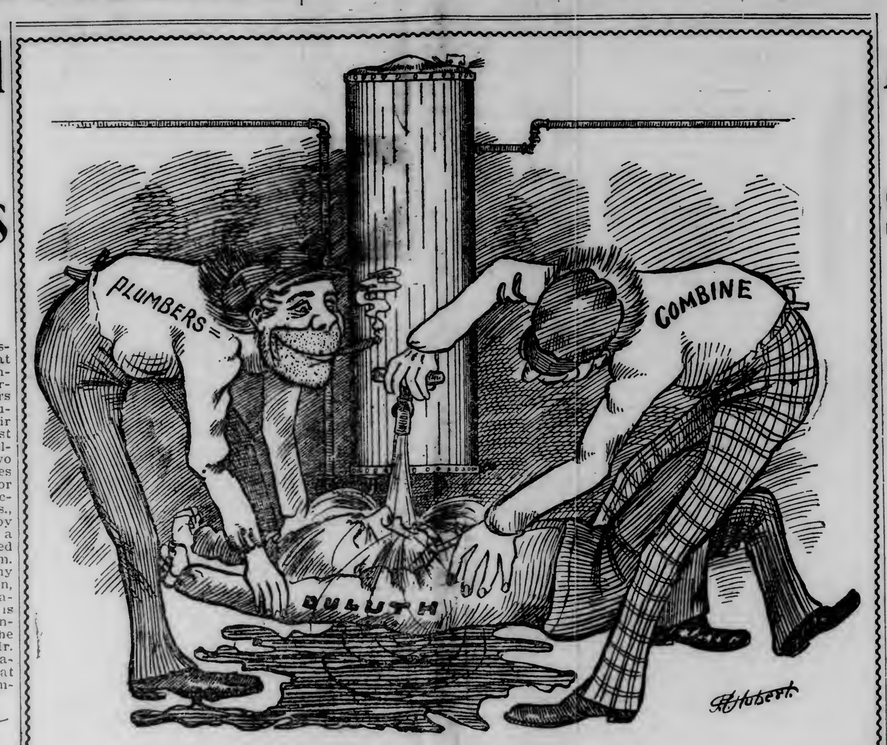
JUBILEE OF ARCHBISHOP RYAN

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The golden jubilee celebration in honor of the anniversary of Archbishop Ryan's ordination began today at the Cathedral St. Peter and St. Paul with the celebration of solemn pontifical mass by the archbishop. The ceremony was attended by eight archbishops, thirty-two bishops, five monsignors and about 500 priests. Bishop Hortsmann, of Cleveland, preached the sermon. Hundreds of laymen were also present. Among the archbishop's guests are: Monsignor Falconio, the apostolic delegate; the Venerable Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, and his coadjutor, Bishop Mueller; Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, and Bishop Horstmann, of Cleveland; Archbishop Farley, of New York; Archbishop Harty, of Manila, and Bishop Hennessy, of Wichita, Kan.

The jubilee fund contributed by the Roman Catholics of the arch diocese amounts to $200,000. It was intended as a personal gift to Archbishop Ryan, but he has devoted it to the arch diocesan fund to pay for St. Vincent's orphanage.

HAS PROOFS OF SISTER'S BIRTH

New York, Sept. 8.—Rev. C. Reichlin, of Cleveland, Ohio, uncle of Agatha Reichlin, who was brutally murdered last April at the home of her brother, a priest, in Lorain, Ohio, has arrived here from Switzerland with proofs which he says will refute charges alleged to have been made after the murder to the effect that Agatha was not Rev. Charles Reichlin's sister. "The dastardly murder of my niece was bad enough," he said, 'but I could scarcely credit my senses when I learned that inhabitants of Lorain had said such unjustified and malicious things about their pastor. When my nephew asked me with tears in his eyes to prove his innocence, I immediately started for Switzerland, the native land of the Reichlins. Arrived there, I got the necessary papers from the mayor of Steinerberg, in the canton of Schwyz, where Miss Agatha was born, and had them verified and approved by the governor of the province and by the American consul in Lucerne. These papers I have brought with me."



THE "WATER CURE" AS APPLIED IN DULUTH.

THE ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT NORTHROP WAS NOT DELIVERED

It Is Said It Would Have Given Serious Offense to Labor Men Who Invited Him to Speak.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—President Northrop of the state university did not deliver the Labor day address, for which he was scheduled, at Loring park yesterday. The inclement weather of the morning is given as an excuse for a change of plans, and the parade did not proceed to the park at all. In some quarters it is said that the incident is not closed, by any means, and that President Northrop's address, if delivered, would have given offense to many of the union men. One paragraph in the oration he was to have delivered reads as follows:

"Any man who can work and will work has a right to work and earn his living. We cannot be divided into two parties fighting against each other on the right to labor. It would be absurd to have Republican workmen quit a building because a Democratic workman was employed, or a Catholic workman quit a building because a Protestant was employed, and it is equally absurd for a labor organization to quit a building because somebody who is not in their organization is employed.

"I believe in labor unions as a means of defense for the individual workman against the power that would otherwise have him at its mercy. But if the labor unions are to continue to be an agency for good and not for evil, they must be judiciously, carefully and wisely conducted. The unions have had some great leaders. John Mitchell is one; Arthur was one, and it is to be hoped that wise leaders and not the passion of the crowd will govern the future policy of the unions. It is to be hoped that the labor unions will be reasonable in their requests, and that public confidence in them will not be utterly destroyed by the disturbance of business and the destruction of enterprises which cannot be carried out while the policy of labor is unsettled."

PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 8.—"Sheeny" Harris, one of the gang of five that murdered Night Watchman Wilson at Cobleskill, two years ago, and two other prisoners, Edward Caine, colored, aged 37, and James Kelly, aged 21, both charged with burglary, and grand larceny, dug their way out of the Schoharie county jail at Schoharie some time between 1 o'clock Sunday night and 5 yesterday morning and escaped. Three other prisoners were in the jail, but were locked in cells and could not escape.

GLAD TO SEE SANTOS DUMONT.

New York, Sept. 8.—Santos Dumont, the aeronaut, has arrived here from France, says a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro. He is visiting his native country in order to recover his health. A long procession of carriages containing representatives of the state and municipal authorities, and all the scientific and literary societies was drawn up alongside the quay and the inventor was escorted through the streets by an immense crowd.

MUCH DEPENDS ON DATE OF DEATH

New York, Sept. 8.—Disposition of an estate involving a large fortune depends upon the date of the death of Arthur Beckwith, an artist, who belonged to a prominent family of this city. He disappeared from the Sanford hall asylum at Flushing, L. I., in 1894, and never has been heard of since. Owing to complications between the heirs and the state on the question of the amount of the transfer tax, counsel has instituted proceedings in the surrogate's court to have the date of death settled. The controversy also involves the estate of Leonard Forbes Beckwith, his brother, at one time chief engineer of the subway commission. Both men were declared to be incompetent and left large property interests. Each inherited estates of about $500,000 from their father. Leonard died intestate in 1895. According to the petition of the administrators of the estate of Arthur Beckwith, he, in 1890, escaped from an asylum at Litchfield, Conn., and was two years later discovered in Havana, Cuba, living in squalor. He was in 1893 placed in the Sanford hall asylum, at Flushing, pending proceedings begun in January, 1894, to have him adjudged incompetent. He again escaped. In January, 1902, he was declared legally dead. It is now sought to have his death placed before that of Leonard, in which case the latter's heirs will get most of both fortunes.



SCENE OF TROUBLE IN THE ORIENT.

CHRISTIANS AND MUSSULMANS ENGAGE IN MORTAL COMBAT

A Serious Outbreak Has Occurred at Beirut.

Seven Christians Killed; Several Wounded.

Constantinople, Sept. 8.—A consular dispatch from Beirut, received at one of the embassies here, states that a fierce brawl occurred there yesterday between parties of Mussulmans and Christians. It was due to a shot fired by a Mussulman upon a Christian employed at the American college. The Christian was wounded.

The fight broke out while the vali was on board the United States cruiser Brooklyn, returning Admiral Cotton's visit. No further details have been received. In diplomatic circles here the affair is regarded as being serious, and a renewal of the disturbances is feared.

An official version of the Beirut affair telegraphed later to the Ottoman ambassadors abroad for communication to the powers, says that Christians were the assailants, they having fired upon four Mussulmans. A fight ensued during which Mussulmans and Christians came to the assistance of their respective compatriots. This, says the report, compelled the troops to intervene, and they succeeded in restoring order. Three soldiers were wounded and one was killed, while one Christian was killed and one wounded.

These figures evidently are incorrect, as the rioters must have lost more heavily than the military.

The British consul at Beirut immediately after the riot, called upon the vali and threatened to ask Rear Admiral Cotton to land marines from the American squadron in the event of the renewal of the disturbances.

In official circles here the disturbances are attributed to the arrival of the American squadron, and the belief is expressed that the Christians at Beirut are endeavoring to bring about the landing of marines from the warships.

Paris, Sept. 8.—Official advices received by the foreign office here give brief details of the outbreak at Beirut. The killed number five or six and many persons wounded. The city is in an intense state of agitation.

The outbreak occurred during the night of Sept. 6 between Christians and Mussulmans. The fighting was furious, knives being used. The Italian consul rescued one Christian who had been stabbed and who had fallen in front of the door of the consolate.

This was the first information received here showing the really serious condition prevailing at Beirut. It caused much apprehension in official circles as being an indication of the spread of the disorder in the Turkish empire. The presence of the United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco at Beirut is regarded as a fortunate circumstance. It is expected that a number of other foreign warships will gather there. The official reports further show that Beirut is one of three places which are now centers of great animation. Smyrna, which hitherto had been comparatively quiet, is on the eve of outbreak. Great excitement prevails there. The authorities are in constant fear of an outbreak, but fortunately they have been able thus far to prevent an encounter between the Christians and Mussulmans. The Salonica advices are also again very disquieting. It is expected that a general revolt throughout the province of Salonica will occur next week. It is the understanding among the foreign officials at Salonica that a general insurrection will shortly be announced by the Macedonian committee. In view of this expectation rigid police measures have been taken by the vali, who is showing much energy. Reports from Monastir say the insurrection in that district has been practically crushed by the extreme measures taken by the Turkish troops.

The officials here attach significance to the report showing that a number of Sebs have crossed the border and joined the Macedonian revolutionists. Reports from various points throughout Bulgaria show there is a strong feeling against Prince Ferdinand, owing to the fact that he left the country during the crisis. It is not expected, however, that the agitators will succeed in carrying out their plots against his life.

A dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople giving additional details of the outbreak at Beirut says that when the soldiers and police sought to stop the encounter between the Mussulmans and Christians, which occurred near the Orthodox church, the fighting became general and resulted in thirty persons being killed or wounded. The soldiers lost one man killed and had three men wounded.

The trouble, the correspondent of the Temps adds, began during the evening of Sept. 5, when three Christians were assassinated in the streets, and continued Sunday night, when a Christian was stabbed with a poinard by a Mussulman before the Italian consulate.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Leishman, at Constantinople, in which he says that a riot occurred yesterday at Beirut in which seven Christians were killed and several wounded. Two houses occupied by Christians were pillaged by the soldiery. The panic was general. An officer and a signal man from Admiral Cotton's fleet are now in the consulate and an investigation of conditions at Beirut is being made by a flag lieutenant, Consul Ravndal and other consular ocers.

Mr. Leishman says that the origin of the trouble is not distinctly stated by our consul. He further says that it is claimed by the subline porte that conditions at Beirut are again quiet and that the force now there is sufficient to guarantee the safety of the city. Addional instructions have been sent Minister Leishman along the lines of those already forwarded him looking to the protection of American citizens.

Lieut. Charles L. Hussey is Admiral Cotton's flag lieutenant and it is presumed he is the officer making the investigation.

THE POPE'S SISTERS ANNOYED BY FORMALITIES AT VATICAN

They Are Disappointed In Not Being Able to Resume Their Intimate Relations With the Pontiff and Dislike the Attention They Attract.

Rome, Sept. 8.—The three sisters of Pope Pius X who lived with him in Venice and who arrived here yesterday have not found in Rome quite what they expected. Not that they had any formulated desires but the sisters thought they could not fail to be certain of resuming their intimate relations with the pontiff, while to their unaccustomed eyes all is formality. They shrunk from the curious glances cast at them this morning when they went all over Rome. The sisters could see no beauty in the ruins, having scarcely heard of them. What they liked best were the electric street cars and the new wide streets, so different from the narrow lanes of Venice.

In the convent where the pope's sisters are stopping they are treated with great respect and attention, having their meals served in their own dining room and not being allowed to do anything for themselves. Speaking of the vatican one of the sisters said:

"How big it is. Beppi should not feel he is a prisoner. But, how he can be bothered with all these soldiers and officials we cannot see."

The permanent apartment, near the San Angelo bridge, selected for the sisters, which is of most simple appearance will be ready shortly.

CONDEMN CHAMBERLAIN'S POLICY

Leicester, Eng., Sept. 8.—At today's session of the Trades Union congress, President Hornidge declared Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's suggested changes in the British fiscal policy were likely to be most detrimental to the best interests of the nation. "Dabbling with the principles of free trade," he asserted, "could do no good to the country at present. The land laws," said the president, "caused two-thirds of the national misery." He advocated government old-age pensions. The following resolution was carried with only two dissenting votes: "That this congress strongly condemns the suggested change by Mr. Chamberlain in our present fiscal policy as most mischievous and dangerous to the best interests of the people of the country, and hereby pledges itself and urges all other labor unions to make every effort to prevent such a change being brought about." The announcement of the vote was greeted with loud cheers. The resolution will be communicated to the colonial secretary.

PROMINENT WOMAN ENDS HER LIFE

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Mrs. Helen Worthington Purington, wife of Col. Holman G. Purington, prominent in Masonic and National Guard circles, committed suicide last night at her home by shooting herself in the mouth. Despondency over continued ill-health, coupled with the dread of a dangerous surgical operation, which her doctors had told her was inevitable, is thought to have been the cause. The weapon with which she took her life was a heavy army revolver of 38-caliber, a wedding present given her by her husband's Knights Templar comrades on the eve of her departure for the Philippines with Col. Purington three years ago.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Miss Alice Piering,

Of 511 EAST SEVENTH STREET, Wins

The Buck's Junior Range.

The following are the correct answers together with a letter telling why her mother should use a Buck's Stove or Range:

1. Book Case.	16. Buck's Heaters.
2. Rocking Chair.	17. Dresser.
3. Sideboard.	18. Center Table.
4. Carpets.	19. Mattress.
5. Sofa.	20. Arm Chair.
6. Writing Desk.	21. China Closet.
7. Clocks.	22. Curtains.
8. Dining Chair.	23. Kitchen Table.
9. Cupboard.	24. Ice Box.
10. Stove Pipe.	25. Buck's Steel Range
11. Folding Bed.	26. Bed Springs.
12. Matting.	27. Wardrobe.
13. Dining Table.	28. Bedroom Set.
14. Baby Buggy.	29. Chiffoniers.
15. Lamps.	30. Hatracks.

Her Letter:

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 4, 1903.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

Dear Sir—I am one of the little girls who is trying to win the little stove. I would like to win it very much for I want to learn how to cook and bake, so I can help my mamma. My five best reasons are: (1) Because it is a very neat stove. (2) Because it does not burn as much wood or coal as other stoves. (3) It bakes mamma's bread lovely. (4) It is up to date and carefully made. (5) Mamma says that it needs no proof to show that it is a good stove, it has proof enough when French & Bassett sells them.

A NEW SLOT DEVICE

Recent Resident of Duluth Invents a Great Machine.

Produces Plays Which Can Be Seen and Heard.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Drop a nickel in the slot and see the play and hear the actors speak their lines.

See Sir Henry Irving, stoop shouldered, stride forth form the field of battle the while you hear him cry "My kingdom for a horse."

See Champion Jeffries rush and lunge and hear the mad crowd shout, even as you see those at the ringside jump to their feet and wave their arms.

All this and more is promised for the elevated stations and other public places when a new invention is given to the world.

While Berlin, according to recent dispatches is celebrating the experimnts of Askar Messter, who is perfecting an apparatus combining the phonograph and moving picture machine, a company in this city has been quietly manufacturing machines of the same principle for the last six months. George W. Peck, former governor of Wisconsin, is a director in the concern, and he is in Chicago arranging for the introduction of the invention to the public.

The idea of coordinating the motion pictures and the sounds which naturally accompany such action has engaged the thought of inventors ever since the phonograph and moving picture mechaism were brought independently to their present degree of development. It has remained, however, for an obscure inventor to complete the first machine of the sort. He is T. F. Solon, a former member of the Wisconsin legislature and recently a resident of Duluth. He is now in Chicago superintending the manufacture of his machines, which will be placed on exhibition this week. Twenty machines have been completed at the factory of R. J. Waite at Chicago Ridge.

The company handling the machines is capitalized at $3,000,000 and is seek patents covering every sort of combination of the talking and moving picture machines. The machine itself resembles the moving picture cabinets which crowd the downtown penny arcades. In the upper half of the case is the motion picture mechanism, and in the lower part the phonograph, so adjusted that every motion in the picture corresponds to the sound or speech, if any, in the phonograph blow.

A cyclinder revolving at lightning speed carries the roll of pictures walle in the talking mechanism wax cyclinders are automatically switched off and on as the scheme of the drama changes above.

The person who drops the nickel places the tubes from the phonograph to his ears and immediately is informed that he should look through the bull's eyes above and see the first scene of "Hamlet." At the word you see the soldiers marching back and forth and hear the clunk of their arms. Then they gesture and speak ominously of the apparition which has late appeared. Hamlet appears before your vision, then the ghost and you hear it say: "I am thy father's smrit, doomed for a certain term to walk the night."

Or the picture cyclinder may be replaced by another charged with stereopticon views, to be slowly revolved, and while you gaze upon the scenes of picturesque Europe the voice in the phonograph w.. say:

"Now, behold upon your right the far famed Mount Blanc, capped with eternal snow."

You ascend the mountain, hear the crush of avalanches, peer into yawning crevasses, hear the cries of frightened tourists—all while you wait for your train and all for a nickel.

The combination machine grew out of an earlier invention by which Mr. Solon contrived to preach by phonograph the virtues of a certain spring water which was automatically served in glasses coincident with the sermon.

Mr. Solon is president of the company and R. I. Tipton is secretary. In the directorate, besides Mr. Peck, is W. E. Tipton, president of the South Dakota state board of charities.

Paul Revere

To his contemporaries, the hero of the "midnight ride" was notable rather as the expert silversmith. The traditions of his craft were followed by that

GORHAM

who gave his name to the Gorham Co., and the traditions of sound workmanship, honest quality and tasteful design have been carried on to the present day. In time to come the Gorham trade-mark, the Lion, the Anchor and the G, will be as eagerly looked for as is "Revere" by collectors of our own day.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep Gorham Silverware

REDUCTION IN RATES

Several Railroads Issue New Tariff on Coal and Lumber.

Is In Accordance With Cut Ordered By Railroad Commission.

In accordance with an order issued by the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission the Northern Pacific, Omaha, St. Paul and Great Northern roads have issued tariffs which will take effect Thursday and which will include heavy reductions in lumber, coal and coke rates between Duluth, Superior, Minneapolis, St. Paul and other points and stations in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.

The issuance of the tariff is the result of a long consideration of the rates affected by the commission and the reductions run from 20 to 60 cents a ton on coal and coke and from one to 3½ cents a hundred pounds on lumber. The tariffs were issued by the above-named roads in connection with various roads in the Northwest. A comparison of some of the rates now in effect with those named in the new tariff follows:

From Duluth to	Present rate. Coal.	New rate. Coal.
Cedar Lake	1.40	1.25
Hayden	1.80	1.65
Fort Ripley	1.60	1.45
Wadena	2.00	1.80
Fergus Falls	2.25	2.00
On lumber:		
Brainerd	.11	.09½
Sauk Centre	.13½	.11½
Glenwood	.14½	.12
Morris	.15½	.13
Fergus Falls	.15½	.13
Twin Valley	.18½	.15½
Pembina	.25	.21

The rates show a saving of as much as $4.50 a car on coal and coke and as high as $12 a car on lumber. It has been known for some time that the commission would reduce the rates and the figures show a reduction that will be of great benefit to shippers in general.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

A Fargo Domestic Commits Suicide By Taking Paris Green.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Clara Suelsdorff, a 16-year-old domestic, committed suicide here. She was out with Walter McDermott to a party on Saturday night. They returned to her place of employment about midnight and remained on the piazza till 2 o'clock. About 4 o'clock the girl was taken very sick and later admitted that she had swallowed almost a half pound of paris green. Her death occurred last night. The girl's father lives at Foxhome, Minn., and is here. No statement has been secured from McDermott, who has not been found. In her last moments the girl requested the attendants not to punish McDermot for anyhing.

After a steady, all-day rain yesterday heavy showers fell this morning in which there was almost an inch of rain. Threshing is indefinitely delayed.

Robert Gamble, 14-year-old son of William Gamble, who lives near Fargo, died as the result of being kicked in the abdomen by a horse.

Dickinson—Local cattlemen have been anxious about the condemning of nine carloads of cattle in Chicago belonging to Beisigl Brothers. The cattle were shipped from Glen Ullin and were condemned as having scab, which is the first instance of cattle scab ever reported from the cattle country in Western North Dakota. There have been reports of the disease north of the Missouri river, but not to any extent. The Beisigl cattle were Canadian sock and it is likely that other cattle which have been on the same range are also affected. The Glen Ullin stockyards have been locked and a very close watch will be kept to detect any cattle infected with scab. Regulations may be enacted requiring the dipping of all cattle each year, which will entail an expense of 39 or 40 cents a head.

Grand Forks—I. N. Clarke, of Larimore, was found guilty of violating the new state pure food law by selling acid vinegar as cider vinegar. Clarke is the Larimore salesman for George E. Meldrum & Co., a Chicago supply house, and the vinegar which was used as the basis of this suit was taken from a carload of goods shipped to him some weeks ago.

This was the first case brought under this law, and great interest was taken in it. A representative of the Chicago house was here to defend and notice of appeal has been filed. Clarke was again arrested on a similar charge, the article sold this time being sugar purporting to be maple sugar, the analysis showing it to be adulterated with cane sugar.

Margaret Coffin, 3-year-old daughter of J. O. Coffin, cashier of the Great Northern Express company, was probably fatally burned while playing around a bonfire.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Canton—During a heavy thunder and rain storm which passed over this region, lightning struck the large barn on the farm of E. E. Carpenter, near this city, instantly killing four valuable horses and did some damage to the barn. The animals belonged to C. P. Veland, one of the tenants, and were valued at about $400. The loss is about $600. The horses were fully insured in the Farmers' Mutual Insurance company, of this city.

Minot—Sheriff Scofield released the three men arrested at Kenmare Thursday morning under suspicion of being bank robbers. No one could be procured to furnish evidence sufficient to identify any of the men.

Deadwood—The three men accused of illicit distillation of liquors, George Coy, John Strickland and William Tufts, were indicted by the United States grand jury and pleaded not guilty. The trial will take place during the present term of court.

Two indictments were returned by the grand jury last week, one against the three moonshiners and the other against a person not in custody and whose name is accordingly withheld.

The motion for the discharge of Dr. William G. Smith, of Sturgis, bankrupt, was referred to Granville G. Bennett, of Deadwood, special master.

The tax levy fixed by the board of county commissioners this year exactly offsets the 50 per cent increase in valuation. Where the general levy last year was 15 mills it is 10, thereby decreasing one-third, which corresponds with the increase.

Bonesteel—Bonesteel has secured the military band of the Twenty-second infantry from Fort Cook for its celebration on the 12th.

Prairie chickens have been on the market since Sept. 1 and are selling at 20 cents each.

It has been raining for two days. Corn is maturing very slowly and will require at least one week of favorable weather in order to be safe from frost.

Rapid City—The present year is the most favorable for fruit ever known in this region. Wild fruit has ripened in abundance, and there has been a larger production of tame fruit of all kinds than in any previous year. Chris Thompson estimates he will have 200 barrels af apples which grew and ripened without irrigation.

John M. Henton, formerly engaged as chemist among the cyanide plants of the Hills, is in Mexico on a prospecting tour. He recently wrote that he was working about 100 miles south of Peraal in the state of Durango.

Miller—A rattlesnake six feet long, with eleven large, brilliant rattles on its tail, was killed by Miss Jessie Kintigh, a school teacher, at her home twenty miles south of here, making the ninth one killed there this season.

Lead—Irwin Thomas, a member of the North-Western bridge crew, fell under a moving train near St. Onge and his right leg was so crushed between the ankle and knee that amputation was necessary.

COLLEGE AS MISSION.

Yale Society to Found University In China.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 8.—For the first time in the history of civilization a university is planned as the basis of missionary work in a foreign country.

The Yale Missionary society, which started a small school in China three years ago, now states that the promoters feel that it is practically useless to try to make any sweeping impression on the natives of China unless they work upon the children. They have therefore decided to try to establish a university as the center of the mission work in China.

According to the scheme they have just outlined they wish to have it include seven departments, including a preparatory school for children of from four to six years' preparation, a normal school, theological, law and medical departments, the academic course, and a school in literature and journalism. The Yale Missionary society will endeavor during the coming year to develop the present school, which is established in China, so that it will approach in scope the proposed university.

At present Lawrence Thurston, a graduate of the class of '98, is in charge of the work in China. According to a recent letter from him the American people have the full confidence of the Chinese authorities because of the fair treatment accorded to China since the Boxer rebellion, and therefore it is possible for America, but would be impossible for any other nation to establish a missionary university there.

Fine gold Jewelry for ladies and gentlemen.

All the novelties of the season are embraced in our magnificent stock of rich jewelry. Exquisite effects in gold and platinum and enamel.

We own our own workshop and manufg plant

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

334 W. Superior Street,

Jewelers and Diamond Dealers.

Fine gold Jewelry for ladies and gentlemen.

GRATEFUL, HAPPY WOMEN



Thank Pe-ru-na for Their Recovery After Years of Suffering.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, in a recent letter, says:

"I think that a woman naturally shrinks from making her troubles public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I feel for the sake of other suffering women it is my duty to tell what Peruna has done for me.

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I thought this was the least I could do and procured a bottle. I knew as soon as I began taking it that is was affecting me differently from anything I had used before, and so I kept on taking it. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman today."—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Peruna cures catarrh of the pelvic organs with the same surety as it cures catarrh of the head. Peruna has become renowned as a positive cure for female ailments simply because the ailments are mostly due to catarrh. Catarrh is the cause of the trouble. Peruna cures the catarrh. The symptoms disappear.

Female Weakness Is Pelvic Catarrh.

Always Half Sick Are the Women Who Have Pelvic Catarrh.

Catarrh of any organ, if allowed to progress, will affect the whole body. Catarrh without nervousness is very rare, but pelvic catarrh and nervousness go hand in hand.

What is so distressing a sight as a poor, half-sick, nervous woman, suffering from the many almost unbearable symptoms of pelvic catarrh? She does not consider herself ill enough to go to bed, but she is far from being able to do her work without the greatest exhaustion. This is a very common sight and is almost always due to pelvic catarrh.

It is worse than foolish for so many women to suffer year after year with a disease that can be permanently cured.

Peruna cures catarrh permanently. It cures old chronic cases as well as a slight attack, the only difference being in the length of time that it should be taken to effect a cure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

SALVATION ARMY'S PLAN

To End Feuds In Kentucky's Mountains By Prayer.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 8.—The party of local members of the Salvation army who are to invade the feud regions of Kentucky in the hope of reforming the feudists is nearly ready to start on the daring mission. Wednesday will see the expedition on its way.

The Salvationists to undertake the task of reforming the feudists whose deeds of revenge have startled the world again and again for years, are nearly all members of the local branch of the army, although other cities have furnished members of the deputation.

When the party under the leadership of Staff Captain White begins its journey on Wednesday it is expected it will make quite a formidable showing. The workers all volunteered their services, which, many fear, means risk of life, and none withdrew even when it was announced that the objective point would be Breathitt county, that hotbed of assassination and feud battle.

The reception which the members of the army will receive in the counties to be invaded is a matter of grave doubt to many interested in army work, but those who are going seem to have no fear of the manner in which they will be treated.

Armed only with prayer and song, the Salvationists will combat the spirit of revenge which has made certain portions of Kentucky undesirably notorious.

Whether the cornet and the big drum will prove as effective in the mountain and among the moonshiners as in the city slums, still is a question to be answered, but the army workers are ready for the test, and with all their paraphernalia will be in the bluegrass state within a few days.

PITTSBUG MYSTERY.

Letter Hints at a Deep Nihilist Plot.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 8.—The Pittsburg police are greatly excited on account of a hotel waiter finding the following letter:

"London, B. Columbia, May 1, 1903.—To Mon. Fordessio: You are requested to leave the United States of America and go hunt what we told you to look for. You are to go to France, Germany via Japan. If you cannot cross the frontier come or go to Russia, and there you will find the woman who will go with you. Now, we're to understand no monkying goes; do as we tell you or you shall die. Not if there go to Italy, Asia, Africa, Constantinople, and in Egypt you'll find one part of same we will, the undersigned, draw for your death. The woman who accompanies you, kill her when you arrive at Uplas."

The letter is signed by seven names, all French or Italian. It is believed the plotters belong to some nihilist band.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

FEROCIOUS WILDCAT

Enacts the Role of Cupid In Wisconsin.

Florence, Wis., Sept. 8.—A wildcat in the role of Cupid is a remarkable instance in connection with the marriage of Miss Jennie Foss, of Florence, to John Edward Bower, of New Washington, Ind.

While Miss Foss was teaching school in the Vassar schoolhouse, west of the Washburn settlement, in the town of Florence, she encountered a ferocious wildcat that was in the building when she entered early in the morning. The young woman opened her umbrella, and retreated slowly, reaching safety without being attacked.

An account of the advanture caught the eye of John Bower, who, like many persons, wrote to Miss Foss, complimenting her on her bravery, and desiring to correspond with her with a view of matrimony.

Mr. Bower alone, because of his apparent manliness, was favored with an answer to his letter. The correspondence continued for six months, photographs were exchanged, and finally the engagement resulted. When Miss Foss went to Madison, Ind., to meet her fiance both young persons found no disappointment.

WILL EXPLORE BABYLON.

President Harper Secures Permission From the Sultan.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—President Harper has secured the consent of the sultan of Turkey to an exploration of the country in the vicinity of Ancient Babylon, according to advices just received at the university of Chicago. This marks the successful issue of an attempt begun in July, 1900, when application was first made for university exploring parties to enter the district. It is understood that a party has been formed and that it will leave the university this fall.

GETS $4 A WEEK.

Millionaire's Son Is Working For Small Pay.

Derby, Conn., Sept. 8.—Franklin Ferrell, Jr., who was graduated from Yale last June with the degree of B. A., has gone to work as a tool maker's apprentice at a salary of $4 a week, in the foundry of his father, Franklin Ferell, of Ansonia, millionaire foundry owner, silver mine operator and sugar grower.

He has undertaken to learn the foundry business from the bottom and fit himself to succeed his father as head of the extensive family interests.

AT WEST DULUTH

The members of Euclid lodge, No. 198, A. F. and A. M., will hold a picnic tomorrow afternoon at Fond du Lac.

The steamer Newsboy has been chartered by the members of the lodge, who will take their families along and hold their annual picnic.

The West Duluth lodge has a membership of about 100, and the majority of these will attend. It is expected that the total number attending, including the families of the members, will be about 200.

The boat will leave West Duluth at 10 o'clock in the morning, and the day will be spent at Fond du Lac. The ladies will take lunch baskets, and when the grounds are reached these will be turned over to a committee, which has been appointed to take charge of them, and all will sit down to one large table.

A program of sports and games has also been arranged for the afternoon, and if the weather is favorable, a very enjoyable outing is expected.

Only the members of the lodge and their families will be in attendance.

EACH MEMBER OF A FAMILY, MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD, SHOULD HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IT REQUIRES ONLY A DOLLAR TO START ONE. BOOKS GIVEN AND INTEREST PAID BY THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over Eleven Hundred Thousand Dollars.

SELECT A SAFE PLACE

BUILDING BURNED.

Lightning Causes Blaze on Grand Avenue.

The full force of the electrical storm which visited the city last evening was felt in West Duluth.

During the course of the storm fire broke out in an empty store at the corner of Sixty-ninth avenue and Grand. The fire is believed to have been started by the lightning.

The building is beyond water protection, and as there was a delay in giving the alram it was a hopeless ruin by the time the department reached it. The firemen contented themselves with keeping the blaze under control and preventing it from spreading.

A number of citizens complained of the manner in which their telephones buzzed during the storm, and in several houses incandescent lights were burned out by the lightning striking the wires.

The lightning struck a pole opposite the home of James Medland, and every light in the house was immediately extinguished.

OPENING OF SCHOOLS.

Crowding of Some Buildings Is Expected.

The majority of the teachers in the West Duluth schools have arrived in the city prepared for their year's work.

The Irving school has been repaired during the summer, and some of the rooms redecorated. Slight alterations have also been made to the Longfellow school.

All three of the West Duluth schools are expected to be crowded during the coming winter. Last year the Irving school, although one of the largest in the city, could scarcely meet the demands placed upon it, and if the expected increase in the school population materializes there will be no little difficulty experienced in accommodating the pupils in the West Duluth schools.

Examinations will be held Friday for those who have been conditioned in their work, and school will reopen on Monday.

RAIN SPOILS GAME.

The West Duluth baseball nine returned last evening from Hibbing, where they went to play two games with the nine from that city.

The Sunday game was a disappointment. The grounds were in a wretched condition from the rain, and accurate fielding was an impossibility. The game was called in the first half oof the fifth innings on account of rain. The score at that time was 9 to 7 in favor of the Hibbing team. The runs were all made on errors, as but three hits were made off Larson in the four innings, and five off the Hibbing pitcher.

Rain prevented the game yesterday from being called, and the boys returned home without having completed either of the games scheduled.

POLICE WERE BUSY.

The West Duluth police had a busy day yesterday.

The wet weather prevented picnics and outing parties, and the saloons were crowded throughout the day.

The police were lenient, however, and unless some disturbance was created, drunks were allowed to go unmolested.

But three were run in during the day, Victor Strum, William Lindgren, and his brother John. They were arrested by Patrolman Mix at the corner of Central avenue and Ramsey street, for disorderly conduct. At the station they were released on $12 bail.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

Henry Doolittle and P. Johnson left this morning for their home in Lake City. They intend to drive the entire distance. While in West Duluth both Mr. Doolittle and Mr. Johnson purchased land in he vicinity of Barnum.

Ben Lauermann and party spent Sunday and Labor day fishing at Pike Lake.

Clem Henry came up from Wisconsin to spend Labor day at his home in West Duluth.

Bernice Cassidy, the 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cassidy, died yesterday at the home of her parents at 620 Fifty-sixth avenue. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning.

P. E. Haley, of Eveleth, is in West Duluth today, registered at the Phillips hotel.

Fred Fuller, of Toledo, Ohio, is in West Duluth today on a short business trip.

The ladies' guild of the Episcopal church will meet tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. Thomas Wright, 128 Sixty-third avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. McDonald have returned from their wedding trip.

Mrs. Frank Kelley died Sunday at Proctorknott. She was formerly a resident of West Duluth, having lived on Fifty-seventh avenue previous to her marriage, two years ago. As Miss Fitzgerald she was very well known in this portion of the city.

Joel Curtis and party spent Sunday and Labor day fishing at Cloquet dam.

The West Duluth Woodmen gave a very enjoyable dance last evening in the Wieland & Wade hall. It attracted a large crowd.

The Famous PRIMUS BUTTER

Sweet as a Nut, Perfectly Pure, Always Fresh.

Your Grocer Keeps It or Will Get It For You.

TAKE NO OTHER.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.,

16 West 1st St. 15 E. Sup. St.

BOTH PHONES 352.

Dr. PIERCE

Room 6, 131 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Syphills, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. 5000 CASES TREATED ANNUALLY.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never-failing success.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life-long experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES—Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 a. m.

ECZEMA, NO CURE NO PAY

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

BIG BARGAINS

See them in our show windows—everyone with a tag on, showing former price and the bargain price. We list a few of the bargains to give an idea—it will pay to examine them.



A BIG OAK CENTER TABLE—top 24 x 24 in., turned legs and shelf, brass feet, regular price $2.50, for this sale our price is only— **$1.69**



A FANCY OAK CENTER TABLE—beaded top, turned legs, fancy shelf, brass feet with glass balls, regular price $3.50—price now—each ... **$1.99**

A handsome solid oak ARM CHAIR, fancy scroll back, with carved design—regular $7.50, see it now, only	$4.98
FANCY OAK ROCKER—Seat upholstered in fancy leather—regular $14—this sale	$9.86
ADJUSTABLE END DIVAN—Oak frame, upholstered in fancy brown velour—usual price $22, now	$15.89
COUCH—Rococo, mahogany finish base, upholstered in heavy tapestry—regular $17, this sale only	$12.73
FANCY PARLOR CHAIR—Mahogany finished frame, upholstered in ruby-colored plush—regular $8, now only	$4.96
OAK WRITING DESK and Book Case combined, full set pigeon holes, fancy plate mirror—usual price $15, now at	$9.69
MORRIS CHAIR—Mahogany finished frame, fancy velour upholstering, spring seat and removable cushions—regular, $10.50, now	$8.21
FANCY VERDE ASH CHAIR, in quaint old design, well made and substantial—regular $6, now for	$3.99
DAVENPORT—Mahogany frame, upholstered in green velour, fancy figured—regular $23, now only	$15.93
OAK ARM CHAIR, seat and back upholstered in damask—regular $6.50—now only	$3.97
Big Hardwood DINING CHAIRS—fancy spindle and back, strong wood seat—regular $1.80, this sale, each	$1.34
Big Hardwood DINING CHAIRS, fancy embossed back, with cane seat—regular $1.90, now, each	$1.38
Fancy Oak DINING CHAIRS, carved veneered back, fancy cane seat, doubly bolted, strong and well made—regular $3, now	$2.18
FRAMED PICTURES—See them just ½ price. Look over the display in our west show window. You will find chance for big savings.	

21st Ave. West, on Superior St., Duluth, Minnesota.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Ave. West, on Superior St., Duluth, Minnesota.

WALKED TO COURT

Jacob Isaacson Comes From Chisholm on Foot to Testify.

Appreciated That Summons Was Imperative and Had No Money.

Tired and footsore from his long tramp, Jacob Isaacson, a resident of Chisholm, appeared in district court on a subpoenae summoning him as a witness before the grand jury, Friday of last week, just as the court was ordering the clerk to make out a writ of attachment to be put in the hands of the sheriff to serve on Isaacson. Had the attachment been served Isaacson would have had to explain to the court why he was not guilty of contempt of court.

He was one day late in answering the summons, but the court excused him when it developed that he was out of funds, unable to purchase a railway ticket, and had walked every step of the distance from Chisholm to Duluth. Isaacson understood more fully the serious import of a subpoena than do some of the range witnesses summoned and he made up his mind that he must appear before the court anyway, whether he rode or walked.

It is claimed that one of the great difficulties in getting the range witnesses to Duluth is the fact that some of them have not the means to buy their railroad tickets and do not or will not understand that the exigencies of the case demand that they borrow their railroad fare.

There have been numerous instances, too, where men held for some days in the county jail, bound over to the grand jury, have been released by that body, and have not had enough money to buy their tickets out of town, to say nothing about returning to their homes.

Under the law the state has the power to arrest a man at the furthest point in the country, bring him to Duluth, hold him here in the county jail for a considerable length of time on suspicion, unless he can furnish bail, and then if the grand jury finds not enough evidence against him, turn him loose in Duluth with not a cent to get back to his home.

Some of the philanthropically inclined people of Duluth declare that no better inducement is offered to a man to beg or steal in order to get out of town than the state offers sometimes in its treatment of men whom the grand jury fails to indict. It is held that some provision should be made by law for the return of such defendants to their homes, free of expense.

SCHEDULE FILED

C. F. Leland Files Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Shortage Over $100,000 Including E. E. Johnson's Overdraft.

Assets, $228,483.66; liabilities, $282,403.18.

This is the showing in Charles F. Leland's schedule of assets and liabilities, filed this afternoon in the office of the clerk of United States court.

The assets include the alleged overdraft of E. E. Johnson, formerly a clerk in the bank, $48,046.06, and without that figure they would amount to $180,437.60, a deficit of $101,965.58.

The principal figures among the liabilities are the deposits, which total $249,155.10, including the Cloquet bank. Most of the deposits are small, very few of them running over $3000.

The principal depositors are as follows: P. McDonnell, $8213.92; St. Louis county, $9115.23; Commercial Banking company, of Cloquet, $36,936.12; Bank of Cloquet, $6697.30.

The largest item under assets is notes, which amount to $100,348.66. Cash in the bank amounted to $12,344.61 at the date of the statement, though the United States marshal has been collecting some of the notes since that date. Cash in other banks amounted to $10,278.29, making the total cash $22,622.90. Stocks in which Mr. Leland or the bank invested are put in at $19,452.50. Real estate owned by Mr. Leland and included in the schedule foots up $31,200. He has life insurance aggregating $27,500, some of which has a cash value, and all of which is included in the schedule.

Under the head of notes and similar papers appear 326 items, aggregating in face value $100,348.66. Most of these are in comparatively small amounts. Those of $500 or over are as follows:

St. Germain Bros.	$ 500 00
T. St. Hudson	800 00
O. H. Clarke	500 00
W. G. and M. J. Joerns (collateral)	550 00
Norris Realty company	600 00
Zenith Scrap Iron company	500 00
Edward Lynch	1000 00
Dibbell & Son	1100 00
Norris Realty company	500 00
Bergquist Bros.	500 00
Edward Lynch and R. H. Fagan	1000 00
J. T. Michaud	1500 00
County order	848 32
Palms Land company	1192 08
Josephs Bros.	500 00
O. C. Hartman	1000 00
Morris Thomas	2500 00
Brown Bros.	500 00
O. H. Clarke	500 00
M. A. Fedje	1250 00
Josephs Bros.	500 00
D. R. McLennan	500 00
J. C. & C. M. Pollnsky	500 00
Thomson & Dunlop	500 00
C. S. Prosser & Co.	1500 00
Norris Realty company	1200 00
A. E. McManus	500 00
A. E. McManus	500 00
J. P. Johnson	675 00
Lake Superior Quarries company	875 00
Wieland & Wade	500 00
Y. M. C. A.	600 00
John A. Healy	660 00
W. P. Hawthorne	900 00
D. R. McLennan	600 00
George H. Claypool (collateral)	750 00
D. E. Stevens (mortgage)	1500 00
W. F. Cook	500 00
W. P. Hawthorne	500 00
Charles F. Leland	2500 00
Charles F. Leland	3000 00
Charles F. Leland	1000 00
Charles F. Leland	2500 00
A. R. Macfarlane (collateral)	1410 00
P. McDonnell	7153 86
Gulbranson assignments	939 65
Yaque stock	640 00
D. E. Holston & Co.	1058 56
D. E. Holston & Co.	756 89
A. W. McIntyre	8000 00
D. E. Holston & Co.	599 42
Wesley Mathews	829 67
Alfred B. Adams	2500 00
John Gulbranson	1729 23
Eckstein & Bennett	13,623 30
Eckstein & Bennett	4250 00
D. E. Woodbridge (collateral)	600 00
Eckstein & Bennett (collateral)	1750 00
T. W. Wahl & Co.	500 00
Zenith Scrap Iron company	500 00
C. E. Lovett	1150 00
J. J. O'Brien	1100 00
Stewart Transfer company	500 00
Declaration of trust securing certain notes enclosed in envelope	5223 47
T. W. Wahl & Co.	700 00
Bank of Cloquet	500 00
American Exchange bank	860 00
Charles Downer	800 00

The four notes of C. F. Leland, aggregating $9000, are demand notes. The item of $860 against the American Exchange bank is a certificate of deposit deposited by H. H. Phelps.

Among the principal notes that are overdue are the following: Eckstein & Bennett, $13,623.30 and $4250; due Sept. 25, 1900 and May 25, 1901; A. W. McIntyre, $8000, due March 3, 1902; Alfredo B. Adams, $2500, due June 9, 1900, in hands of a collection agency; John Gulbranson, $1729.23, due March 1, 1901.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS

To Neighbors of Jacob Riis at Richmond Hill.

Stops On His Way From Syracuse to Oyster Bay.

New York, Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt arrived at the Hoboken station of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad at 7:15 a. m. today on the special train which left Syracuse last night. When the train arrived the president was breakfasting in the private car of W. H. Truesdale, president of the road. Fifty minutes later, accompanied by Jacob A. Riis, Dr. Stokes and Secretary Loeb, the president left the train and boarded the railroad tug Scranton. He was heartily cheered by a crowd in the ferry house and on a departing ferry boat and was evidently pleased with his reception, shouting out "Good luck; good luck. Thank you for your greeting." The tug proceeded around the battery and up East river to Long Island City to place the president on the train for Oyster Bay.

When the train reached Richmond Hill a large crowd cheered him heartily. All the Sunday school children of the village, each carrying an American flag, representatives of the Twentieth Century club and the Richmond Hill Republican club and a big gathering of townspeople, joined in the welcome to the president when the train pulled in at the station. Flags, hats and handkerchiefs were waved and the enthusiasm was tremendous.

The president and Jacob Riis appeared on the rear platform of the last car, where Mr. Riis bade good bye to the president and then alighted from the car. Dr. Kimball, president of the Twentieth Century club, then advanced and made a short speech of welcome to the president. President Roosevelt responded as follows:

Dr. Kimball and you men, women and children of Richmond Hill: I wish I could talk to all of you, but I will ask you to have a little patience for one moment while I thank you for having come out to greet me. I am glad to see all of you, and allow me to say that I am most glad to see those who carry small folks in their arms. (Laughter.) You know I am very fond of Mr. Riis, and the reason why is, because when I preach about decent citizenship I can turn to him and think he has practiced just what I have been preaching. (Applause.) The worth of any sermon lies in the way in which that sermon can be, and is applied in practice. Of course I am glad to have the chance of being with a man who shows by his life that he knows how practically to apply the spirit of decency unaccompanied by mournfulness or false pretenses of any kind, or any weakness. I want to see men decent; I want to see them act square; I want to see them work. That does not mean I want to see them have sour faces. I want to see every one enjoy themselves, men, women and children. I believe in play; I believe in happiness, and in the joy of living; but I do not believe in the life that is nothing but play. I believe that you have a thousand fold more enjoyment if work comes first, but make your time to play also. I believe in cheerfulness as well as in decency, and honesty. And in the next place, I believe in the good man who can fight if it is necessary (aplause), as you fought in the civil war.

"Now, Jake Riis never could have been of any use in the police department if he had always carried a Rosewater revolution. Unless a man has the stuff in him, the fact that he is a decent fellow does not count. If he is not decent, then the stronger he is the worse he is as a citizen. I want to say how deeply touched I am at your coming out to greet me, and I want you to understand that you give me strength of heart when you come in this way. I greet you all. I am glad to see the grown up people of Richmond Hill, and I am even more glad to see the children." (Cheers and applause).

Oyster Bay, Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt arrived here from Syracuse at 9:57 o'clock. He was driven direct to Sagamore Hill.

Arrangements have been made for the return of President Roosevelt and family to Washington, Monday, Sept. 28. Prior to that time the president will make one more trip, attending the dedication of the New Jersey monument on the battlefield of Antietam. He will leave Oyster Bay Wednesday, Sept. 16, on the naval yacht Sylph, devoting the greater part of the day to a visit of inspection to the immigrant station on Ellis island. At midnight he will leave Jersey City on a special train for Antietam, in company with Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, and other persons of prominence in that state, who will participate the next day in the ceremonies attending the dedication of the monument erected on the field in memory of the New Jersey soldiers who fell in that battle.

The president received several callers today with some of whom he discussed financial legislation. As guests at luncheon he had Robert Dudley Winthrop, who resides in this vicinity; George R. Sheldon, of New York, and Alfred Cooley, a member of the civil service commission. With Commissioner Cooley he talked over matters pending before the commission. He discussed financial matters with Mr. Sheldon. Later, the president received a call from J. C. Myers, a member of the Ohio legislature, and his wife.

John L. Shepard, president of the Commercial Travelers' Sound Money league, accompanied by a committee of that organization, paid his respects to the president and on behalf of the league urged him to impress upon congress what the organization regards as necessary remedial legislation.

MINES RESUME WORK.

Cripple Creek, Col., Sept. 8.—With military protection the Findley, Strong and C. K. & N. mines were reopened today, giving employment to eighty men. The managers of these properties say that they can obtain all the miners they need and will employ a large number tomorrow.

GAVE DEATH PARTY.

Dying Girl Entertains Friends at Social Gathering.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Miss Lena Scott Chaplin, the 10-year-old adopted daughter of William A. Chaplin, a traveling salesman of 1119 South Eleventh avenue, was buried yesterday in a white silk dress which she made herself for her funeral and wore three weeks ago at a farewell party which she gave to her friends when she found that she was suffering from consumption and could not recover. The party, which has since become known as the "death party," was attended by the young women of Miss Chaplin's class in the Methodist Sunday school, who were also present and sang today at the funeral. Miss Chaplin, who was a very handsome girl and a talented musician, was in failing health for a year. She had consumption. It finally became necessary to tell her that she was going to die, but instead of becoming morose she bore up cheerfully and began arranging her farewell party. She invited all of the young women of her acquaintance, and when they came she informed them that she had sent for them to bid them farewell. The guests felt hesitating about being jovial, but the hostess took the lead by playing some popular airs for them on her piano and treating them all to ice cream and cake. As the guests were departing they surrounded the big arm chair in which their hostess sat propped up and each kissed her goodbye forever. The scene was so affecting that nearly all the girls were in tears and the sick girl herself finally broke down and wept with the others, saying that she hoped to meet them all in heaven.

PROHIBITION COMMITTEE

Will Fix Place and Date For Convention.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Oliver W. Stewart, chairman of the national prohibition committee, issued the call today for that committee to meet at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, at 10 a. m. Wednesday, Dec. 16, to fix the time and place of the next national prohibition convention. The committee consists of two members from each state and territory and it is expected that all will have at least one representative present, while a large majority of them will have two representatives. Considerable rivalry has already developed for the convention. Applications have been filed, or notice given that they will be filed, by Minneapolis, Buffalo, Detroit, Indianapolis, Columbus and Kansas City, Mo.

SNOW AT BUTTE.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 8.—Snow fell heavily today and the thermometer has dropped to 50 degrees.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CIVIL CASES ARE TAKEN UP

Jury Trials Are Begun In the District Court.

This morning the petit jury assembled in district court and trial was begun of the civil actions on the September calendar. Only two cases of the thirteen on call today were reached this morning, but it was expected that a third case would be reached this afternoon.

As the jury empanelled did not comprise enough jurors to make up three jurles at a time, the court ordered a sspecial venire returnable this morning and the following were summoned to appear on the petit jury: James Cash, Thomas K. Hicks, H. R. Armstrong, William P. Lardner, William Mies, C. E. Van Bergen, S. C. Jackson, G. W. Boutin, W. G. TenBrook, F. S. Sleeper, G. J. Marlof, Richard Schell, Henry F. Flynn, C. R. Ash, A. M. Morrison, F. R. Leslie and J. A. Redfern.

The personal injury case of John Tischer against the Duluth-Superior Traction company has been taken up for trial in Judge Cant's room. This is an old case, having been started about two years ago and continued from time to time. Tischer had a wrist broken in a street car collision and asks damages in the amount of $1000.

In Judge Dibell's room a jury was drawn this morning for the trial of the personal injury action of Joseph Hebert against the Interstate Iron company. This is the second trial of the case, he having recovered a verdict of $1700 at the former trial, the verdict being set aside and a new trial being ordered by the court.

Hebert was in the employ of the company and alleges that while walking in a customarily traveled path across the company's premises he fell into a ditch and broke his leg.

Do You Want Something Good?

We Have
Lowne's Chocolates
Lyon's Chocolate Creams
Plow's Chocolate
Molasses Chips
Richer Butter Scotch

KUGLER,

Your Druggist,

108 West Superior Street.

DAMAGE ASKED BECAUSE OF LIEN

A. E. McManus Brings Suit for $3202 Against Engels & Co.

A. E. McManus, of this city, has brought an action in district court against Engels & Co., of Third avenue west, in which he seeks to recover a judgment of $3202. Of this amount $2500 represents the damage he claims has been done to his reputation and credit by the filing of a mechanic's and material man's lien against his property for $214, and for the publication of the same.

In his bill of complaint he states that on May 10, 1903, he entered into contract with the firm to paint and paper the walls and stain and finish the hardwood in his dwelling house in this city. He alleges that the work was so carelessly, negligently and incompetently done that he suffered damage and was at expense to have the decorating made right, and for this asks a judgment of $702 besides the $2500 claimed for alleged injury to his reputation and credit.

ADMITS HIS GUILT.

Frank Rentscheller Changes His Plea of Not Guilty.

Frank Reutscheller, against whom the grand jury returned three indictments charging forgery in the second degree, and who last week entered a plea of not guilty, changed his plea to guilty before Judge Ensign in district court this morning, and was given a reformatory sentence.

Reutscheller attempted to pass off three counterfeit time checks forged with the signature of the Scott-Graff Lumber company. The defendant is but 21 years of age, a cookee in a lumber camp by profession. He has been in this state about three years and claimed never before to have been arrested for a crime. Reutscheller was represented by C. E. Miller, of Adams & Miller.

It is expected that some of the men indicted last Friday will appear for arraignment this afternoon.

COLDS, HEADACHE, CATARRH

Relieved in 10 Minutes by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Rev. W. H. Main, paster of the Baptist-Emanuel Church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once" are his words. It is a wonderful remedy and will relieve any form of head pain in ten minutes and eradicate catarrh.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure helps the overworked heart.

Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

CONDITION OF CROPS

As Shown By Weather Bureau's Weekly Summary.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows: The weather conditions of the week ending Sept. 7 were generally favorable in the lake region and from the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys westward to the Rocky mountains in New York and New England, portions of the middle Atlantic states and in Florida, but in the Ohio and lower Mississippi valleys and generally throughout the southern states drought has prevailed, in some sections becoming serious, retarding growth and maturity and causing some injuries to crops. Rain is needed in Oklahoma and the southern plateau region. The weather of the week has been favorable on the Pacific coast, but more rain is needed in Washington. Light to killing frosts occurred in North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, portions of Ohio, the high districts in Utah, with little or no damage, except on lowlands in Wisconsin.

Early corn is maturing rapidly, some fields being safe from frost, and cutting is progressing in southern and central sections of the corn belt. Late corn has advanced satisfactorily generally in the great corn states, except Iowa, and under favorable conditions the bulk of the crop will be safe in two or three weeks. In Iowa it is maturing slowly and the crop needs rain in Kansas, Arkansas, southern Missouri, and the states of the upper Ohio valley.

Wheat harvest is nearly completed in the northern Rockies and threshing is general. Rains have again delayed stacking and threshing in North Dakota, and this work has been somewhat retarded by damp grain in shock in South Dakota, and by cloudy and damp weather in southern Minnesota, which has caused damage to wheat in shock and stack.

FULLERTON WILL DISBURSE.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The secretary of the treasury has appointed Robert Fullerton of Des Moines, Iowa, disbursing officer to disburse the $5,000,000 appropriated by congress in aid of the St. Louis exposition.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

The Breath of Autumn



The weather of the past week has brought to many minds thoughts of autumn wearing apparel — tho' we can expect a warm day — here and there, in spots, before the fall winds actually set in—autumn is really here for Duluthians.

The selling of New Walking Suits and Skirts — New Dress Suits and Skirts—Rain Coats—and Walking Coats has started in good earnest.

Everything that is safe to have this fall we have. New things are arriving daily, and the stock from day to day offers splendid buying opportunities for those who like to get the new things first—there's much to be gained by early selection—and our fitters and sewing people are not so rushed as they will be a few weeks hence.

Madame Leroy and Madame Longtin give all fittings their personal attention—which means that ready-to-wear garments leave our establishment better than the usual made-to-order work.

All of our special order work is done in the East, under advantages that can not be had in Duluth—the styles are absolutely correct and workmanship more perfect than we could hope to get it here—and the stock is so large—the styles so varied and the sizes so complete that almost any figure can be very easily fitted, even to the extra large—the very small—the very slender—or the very corpulent—a visit to our department will soon convince you of that—and we are more than pleased to have you come in and try on our superb garments!

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 8:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, "The Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.00 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

INTERESTING TO SHOPPERS

Herald's Progressive Advertisers Mention Things of Interest to Duluth Buyers In Tonight's Columns.

The Gray-Tallant company explains the good qualities and splendid values of their dress goods.

The Panton & White company open the season with a sensational sale of linens, sheets and cases.

Furs and wash goods form the subject matter of the Lightbody news column.

French & Bassett make an unusual piano offer and show some exceptional bargains in sideboards and jardinieres.

King Arthur coffee is always fresh. Roasted by the Carpenter-Love-Caldwell company.

Extra fine candies at Kugler's.

R. R. Forward & Co. offer big bargains in chairs of every kind.

Silberstein & Bondy company show a superb range of fine tailored garments for women.

The latest novelties in fine gold jewelry for ladies and gentlemen are shown by M. Henricksen Jewelry company.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

If we have served you well show it by using us more freely. We shall spare no efforts to give the best service possible. If anything should be unsatisfactory tell us why and how; we are glad to get friendly criticism and suggestions that will help us to please our customers.

We extend you a hearty invitation to visit us often.

Exceptional Values In Sideboards



Sideboards similar to cut —made of solid hardwood —finished in golden color —have silver drawers— large linen drawers—cupboard below — beveled plate mirror—carved front and top—the usual store would price equal values at $18—we sell them for—

$10.75

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Special Sale Jardiniers

The fall season—the time for potting plants—will soon be here. Do you need a new jardinier or two ? If so, this is your opportunity. The values offered below are great:

LOT 1—6, 7 and 8-inch Jardinieres—large assortment—for—
15 cents

LOT 2—7 and 8-inch Jardinieres in assorted colors—new shapes and rich colorings, for—
28 cents

LOT 3—7, 8 and 9-inch Jardinieres—a large assortment of beautiful effects, for—
88 cents

LOT 4—7, 8 and 9-inch Jardinieres — more elaborate than Lot 3, for—
98 cents

A large and beautiful line of Jardinieres in the Rookwood effects—8-inch size, **68¢**—9-inch size **98¢** — 10-inch size **$1.68.**

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Wrought Iron Jardinier Stands.

Artistic and durable—special sale this week—

Stands 12 inches high ---------- 48c
Stands 18 inches high ---------- 68c
Stands 24 inches high ---------- 88c
Stands 30 inches high ---------- $1.00

NOT BEING PUSHED

Law Providing For Larger Quart Not Yet Being Observed.

State Officials Think Raise In Milk Price Would Follow.

Otto Gafvert, the local dairy and food inspector, is back from St. Paul, where he went to confer with the heads of his department relative to the administration of the laws governing the sale of food of various sorts.

Mr. Gafvert said this morning that nothing had yet been done about putting into effect the new law regulating the size of milk measures, passed by the legislature last winter. This law increased the size of the quart measure in which beer and milk are to be doled out, about 22 per cent, but so far it has not been regarded by any of the milk dealers of the state.

The department is a bit in doubt as to whether it is just the best thing to push the law or not. It is figured that even if the size of the quart measure is increased, the milk dealers will very naturally increase the price of the contents accordingly, and perhaps they will push it up a little more to pay the expense of getting new measures. Because of this fact the department does not see just where the public is to benefit from the law. In fact, it is likely that it would lose, because the increase in the price of milk would be in a greater portion than the increase in the size of the measures.

George Staples, the barn expert of the department, will be here next week to look over the stables connected with local dairies and to report on their condition. He will be here long enough to make a thorough investigation of all the dairies in Duluth, and to make recommendations if any of them need to be improved to accord with the spirit of the law.

Mr. Gafvert, though the prosecutions for selling poisonous brands of whisky failed in Duluth, has been pushing them outside, and has just returned from a trip during which he secured the arrest and conviction of several sellers of bad liquor. In each case they paid fines rather than stand trials.

"In the tests of whisky made by the department from samples taken in this section," said Mr. Gafvert this morning, "there were found 43 parts in 100 in many cases of spirits of amyl, which is the principal ingredient of fusil oil. I understand that when whisky is manufactured in the proper manner it contains 3 or 4 parts of amyl, and that when it rests in bond for a year this drops to 1 part in 100. So you can readily see what assaults are being made on the stomachs of some of the liquor users of this county."

IS FINED FOR FUNERAL ROW

Chicago, Sept. 8.—"Leave this church. Your presence is defiling to the sanctuary."

With these words the Rev. John Kubacki of the Roman Catholic church of East Chicago suddenly stopped a funeral service Sunday and started an uproar which ended in his arrest on the charge of inciting a riot. He was fined later by Justice Henry Weaver.

The funeral was that of an old member of his congregation, and Father Kubacki objected to the presence of two members of the Independent Polish Catholic church, who were acting as pallbearers.

The eight men had borne the coffin to the altar and had set it in position when Father Kubacki detected the presence of two who had been excommunicated. Stopping in the midst of the office for the dead the pastor stepped to the bier and said:

"What are you doing here? You must leave at once. The service shall not continue."

Instantly there was confusion in the congregation. All knew the reason for their pastor's act, but some thought him rash in thus interrupting the service. Friends of the men berated arose in their defense. The two excommunicated pallbearers withdrew to one side, and their partisans rushed to them. The supporters of the clergyman marshaled their forces opposite, and for a time a clash seemed imminent. The factions had a verbal battle until the priest prevailed, and obtained silence. Then he repeated his declaration that the intruders must go. Friends of the two pallbearers urged them to leave, that the funeral might proceed.

After twenty minutes' delay Father Kubacki resumed the mass. After he had concluded he called to the front two men who had championed his cause and asked them to take the places of the pallbearers who had been expelled. As the procession left the church it was followed with the jeers and hoots of the faction which had left.

"Yes, I was fined the costs," said Father Kubacki. "The whole thing was too trivial for notice and I doubt whether any other court would take cognizance of it. My arrest was made on the complaint of the men whom I had expelled from the church, and I feel that no blame attaches to me. I paid the costs rather than fight the matter. I admit the language I used was severe, but it was not harsher than the occasion demanded."



THE POPULAR THEME

of conversation just now is our fine "MOOSE BRAND BEER," pure, foaming, strengthening and the best beverage for coolness, and a tonic. It receives higher praise from more people than any other brewing in the market. Beer time, like strawberry season, should be practically remembered by the daily consumption of what belongs to it.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Either Phone, 241. Duluth, Minn.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Flannelette remnants 5c yd

Wednesday we load up our bargain counter No. 1 with all our remnants of 8c flannelette, in light stripes and figures. You may have all you need at 5c per yard ---------- **5c** **5c**

Now for the fall campaign.

First sale Linens, sheets, cases begins tomorrow



Tomorrow you can save money for your linen closet, for we start in earnest on the fall campaign for your trade. We don't expect to get it by favor. We aim to *earn* it with better goods and better values than you can get anywhere else. So, if you withhold your trade from the Glass Block Store you will be a greater loser than we.

Our linens appeal to you this season more than ever. We have more. We have greater variety. We are more surely than ever able to undersell. Attend this sale tomorrow and see how well we please you. HOW MUCH WE WILL SAVE YOU.

Table damask and Napkins.

90-inch snow white, grass bleached table damask—**for round tables**—an excellent $2.50 quality. Buy it in this sale only at, per yard ---------- **$1.95**
¾ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $3.75
⅝ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $2.75

72-inch grass bleached snowy table damask, new and pretty patterns never before shown, a full regular $1.75 quality—buy it in this sale at, per yard --- **$1.59**
¾ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $5.00
⅝ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $3.75

72-inch dew bleached and pure white table damask in new patterns—our own exclusive designs you can get nowhere else. This is the best $1.50 quality. Buy it in this sale for, per yard ---------- **$1.19**
¾ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $3.75
⅝ napkins to match at, per doz ------ $2.75

72-inch and 66-inch dew-bleached pure white table damask, imported directly by us and patterns unobtainable elsewhere—the quality that uniformly sells at $1.25—buy it in this sale at—per yard, only ---------- **97c**
¾-napkins to match—per doz ---------- $3.49
⅝-napkins to match—per doz ---------- $2.49

The dollar quality of 68-inch bleached pure white table damask will go in this sale at—per yard ------ **87c**

The 50c quality of unbleached cream table damask will go in this sale at—per yard ---------- **39c**

Towels, spreads, cases, sheets.

TOWELS—18x34 inches, huck, red bordered and fully worth 12½c each. Will sell them in this sale at, per dozen 90c, each ---------- **8½c**

FINE TOWELS—Exceedingly high quality, and fancy hemstitched towels—size 22x41 inches and worth 50c—heavy, durable—in this sale ---------- **39c**

WASH CLOTHS—Extra special — your choice of all our 5c quality wash cloths at 4c each or ---------- **7 for 25c**

Grand bedspread values.

The best you've ever been offered in white crochet and Marseilles bedspreads.

$1.15 quality bedspreads for **95c**
$1.25 quality bedspreads for **98c**
$1.35 quality bedspreads for **$1.19**
$1.75 quality bedspreads for **$1.49**
$2.50 Marseilles bedspreads for **$1.98**

Pillow cases special values.

15c quality cases, size 45x36 inch **8½c**
18c quality cases, size 45x36 inch **12½c**
20c quality cases, size 45x36 inch **15c**

A special in made sheets.

The regular 55c quality sheets, torn and hemmed, size 72x90 —nothing like it for the money elsewhere—buy them at this sale for—each ---------- **39c**

OUR BLANKET AND COMFORTER DISPLAY IS FULL OF INVITATIONS TO SAVE MONEY, AND THE INVITATIONS ARE EXTENDED TO YOU.

THE VACATION OF STREETS

Council Likely to Act Finally On the Rice's Point Application.

The council this evening may take final action in vacating all rights of way for streets and alleys in thirty-six blocks of property on the easterly side of Rice's Point extending from the interstate bridge to Nelson avenue.

Every inch of property in the thirty-six blocks is represented on a petition asking for the vacation and there seems every likelihood that the matter will go through.

The idea of the property owners is to have a re-arrangement in the platting of this land so as to make room for grain elevators and mill slips.

It has been under consideration for about a year and a number of the owners have indicated their intention of improving the property with elevators and other industries in the near future if the council grants the petition for a general vacation of all city's rights, except such as are necessary to guarantee city docks and the like if the future growth of the Rice's Point district makes such docks desirable.

LIPTON TESTIMONIAL.

Duluth People Invited to Contribute to Fund.

Failing to lift the America cup, Sir Thomas Lipton will lift an entire silver service which Duluth money may assist in purchasing.

A national committee has been appointed to raise a fund by popular subscription for the purpose of giving the English yachtsman a silver service as a token of America's regard for his sportsmanship.

Mayor Hugo has been asked to look after the Duluth subscriptions, but he has delegated the American Exchange bank as his proxy for that purpose, and the bank officers say that all money donated for that purpose will be received there and forwarded to the Western National bank, of New York, which has been designated custodian for the fund.

Interested in this movement are such men as Gen. Joseph Wheeler, Commodore Frederick Bourne of the New York Yacht club, Mayor Patrick Collins of Boston, Col. Henry Watterson of Louisville, Commodore Robert C. Tod, of the Atlantic Yacht club, Senator Kearns of Utah, Timothy Woodruff, of New York, and Clifford Wayne Hartridge, of New York.

Local sportsmen and yachting men say the movement should be popular, and that in all probability Duluth will do its share in providing for a handsome testimonial.

Many a woman has found a husband in Ayer's Hair Vigor. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"How to Use the Chafing Dish"

By Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller, tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock, at Y. W. C. A. All proceeds go to association. Tickets, 25c.

SHOULD BE PERMANENT.

Ald. Sang Opposes Temporary Improvement to Subway.

Alderman Sang is opposing proposed temporary improvements to the Jensworld street subway.

He says this is not through any opposition to the traffic that goes that way but he considers the grades and curves of the subway too dangerous for teaming and street railway traffic together unless the improvements are made in a proper and permanent manner.

The merchants of West Duluth and the West End recently petitioned to have the subway surfaced in such a way that teams could use the subway as well as the street cars. Mr. Sang says the idea is all right but a more complete improvement than that contemplated is needed in order to guard against accidents.

WIFE MURDERER EXECUTED.

Ossining, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Patrick F. Conklin, a wife murderer, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison early today. Three shocks were given before the man was pronounced dead. Conklin shot and mortally wounded his wife on June 10, 1902, at their home at 447 West Sixteenth street, New York city. The couple had frequent quarrels and had separated several times.

BITTEN BY WOOD TICK.

Missoula, Mont., Sept. 8.—J. R. Brasservile, a well known Associated Press operator, whose home was in Washington, D. C., died tonight of spotted fever, a malady peculiar to this part of Montana. It results from the bite of a wood tick and baffles medical science. Mr. Brasservile was stricken on returning from an outing in the mountains.

IS DELAYED AGAIN

Wet Weather Stops Wheat Movement Just Getting Under Way.

Marketings on Saturday Were of Record-Breaking Quantity.

The wheat movement of the Northwest is ready to open up as soon as the weather will let it. Last week the weather was better and much threshing was done all over the Northwest. As a result, toward the close of the week the marketings of grain at country points were enormous. On Saturday the records for receipts were broken at many country points. The Monarch line of elevators of the Peavey system had the biggest day in their history. Other elevator lines report marketings that reach their records.

The wet weather of yesterday and Sunday will set the movement back several days more. Threshing will again be delayed until the wheat dries out.

The tendency this fall will be to rush wheat to market and to hold flax. This is because there is no carrying charge in wheat at the present time, the cash price being higher than the option price. In flax the reverse is true this year, the option price being higher than the cash.

Discussing the wheat situation, the small primary receipts, the light foreign demand, etc., the Chicago Record-Herald says:

"There was a slight decline last week on the September and a slight advance on the December and May wheat futures. The range was within 2 cents. Everything about the market, the timidity of the professional, the hesitancy of the outsider and the narrowness of the fluctuations illustrated the uncertainty of the situation. It is one of contrasts in wheat, as it has been for weeks, and no one feels certain which set of influences is entitled to the most consideration.

"The small movement continues the bull factor. Minneapolis and Duluth this week have shown the effect of the rainy weather of the previous week. Chicago, St. Louis, Toledo and Detroit have been getting very much less wheat than a year ago, and the receipts at Kansas City, which might be making up for the deficiency at the soft winter wheat points, are kept down by the crippled condition of the railroads in the Kansas City territory. The recent primary movement of wheat can hardly be a fair criterion of the supplies this year. For the ten weeks of this crop year the primary receipts of wheat are only a little over half last year's. Yet every authority assumes the wheat crop was about the same as last season's: No one is certain as to the explanation of this disparity between the crop and the movement. Naturally, with the small movement a fact and not a theory, it has a most decisive effect in the price making. No matter what the assumption as to wheat supplies back, the speculator who is relying on them is in a quandary as to why they do not show in the movement. If the bullishness of the farmer is the occasion for the small marketing, who is to decide when the mood of the farmer will change? If car scarcity, and particularly the embarrassments of the Southwestern roads, are responsible, who can tell when the cars will be in any better supply or when the Southwestern roads will have recovered from the effects of the great flood?

"The puzzle of so much smaller movement than last ear, with a crop presumably about as large, is only one of the speculators' troubles. The lack of foreign demand is just as much of a mystery. Every authority has been declaring the European wheat necessities this year would be greater than last. For weeks the weather in Great Britain has been of the worst sort for harvest. But there has, in spite of all the assurances from statisticians, been the most indifferent sort of foreign buying. Two months of the crop year have passed and Europe has taken wheat at a rate of 1,50,000 bushels less weekly than last season,. and last week the exports were 3,000,000 bushels less. France evidently assumes it needs no foreign grain for prices at Paris have declined sensationally since harvest began over there.

"There are many theories in regard to this disappointment as to exports as there are touching the small movement from the farm. One says the foreigner is not buying because he knows there is no wheat as yet to buy, and another that the foreigner has had enough from India and Argentine, Russia and the Danube at cheaper prices, to keep him aloof from the higher priced American grain.

"But the small foreign demand has, like the small primary movement, been a fact and not a theory. It still remains to bewilder the wheat man who believes the price obtainable for the surplus ultimately makes the price of the wheat crop and who likes to get his inspiration from the situation abroad.

"The opinion as to the wheat price has divided, as the speclator has been inclined to look at the small movement or the poor demand. Those who have known most about the railroad troubles in the Southwest have been least affected by the small movement.

"Those intercsts taking most part in the movement of the wheat are most certain it is a case of delay rather than of scarcity in the aggregate. The great winter wheat yields this year have been in the areas least available for transportation. Everybody admits the farmers' mood has had much to do with the slowness of the marketing. The fineness of the quality have been a notable factor."

MANHATTAN DIVIDEND.

New York, Sept. 8.—The regular quarterly dividend on Manhattan elevated railroad stock of one and one-half per cent was declared today.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best

In no other cut glass is found such crystal clearness, perfection of cutting, beauty of design and brilliance.

The name Libbey on every piece.

F. D. DAY & CO.
Exclusive Duluth Agents,
315 West Superior Street.

FOR LEAVING TEAM UNTIED

George Montgomery Fined After a Runaway Occurred.

A team of heavy draught horses left untied in front of a Michigan street feed store started out to do the town this morning, and furnished Superior street with one of the most exciting runaways in recent months.

They jogged east on Michigan street to Second avenue east and then ran up to Superior street. Turning west on Superior street the horses ran about as fast as a lumber team can run, dodging wagons and street cars down to Second avenue west, where they bumped into a carriage and put it out of commission.

The team was owned by George Montgomery, a lumberman living up French river. He was arrested by Officer William Terry and fined $7 for leaving the horses untied.

About every few weeks the police have to begin making arrests to impress on the minds of teamsters that there is such a thing as an ordinance requiring the hitching of teams in order to guard against runaways.

After a few arrests are made the teamsters become more careful and affairs run along smoothly for a few months until the drivers begin forgetting the ordinance. Then a few more runaways and a few more arrests result in another period of rigid observance of the ordinance for a month or two.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 43 W. Superior St.

A Royal Beverage!

King Arthur Coffee

Packed in 1 and 2-lb. air-tight cans.

Your grocer will furnish it to you.

Roasted and packed by

Carpenter-Love-Caldwell Co

The Only Coffee Roasters in Duluth.

THE WATER WHEELS

W. A. Brackinridge of Niagara to Confer With Power Company.

Will Determine Character of Water Wheels to Use Here.

W. A. Brackinridge, chief engineer of the Niagara Falls Water Power company, will arrive in Duluth this evening on the steamer North West from Buffalo. He comes to Duluth for a conference with the officials and engineers of the Great Northern Power company, with a special view to determining the character of the water wheels to be installed in the proposed power station on the St. Louis river.

Mr. Brackinridge has had a more extended experience along these lines than any other engineer in the country, having installed larger horse power in units of 5000 horse power each in the two plants on the American side at Niagara, and is now installing 100,000 additional horse power on the Canadian side in units of 10,000 horse power each. These are the largest units in existence and are composed of a single water wheel of 12,500 horse power, directly connected by vertical shaft to a 10,000 horse power electric generator, having an overload capacity of 25 per cent or 12,500 horse power, when running at full load.

The generating station of the Great Northern Power company on the St. Louis river has been designed for units of the same capacity as those now being built under Mr. Brackinridge's direction for the Niagara Falls Water Power company on the Canadian side, the only difference being in some details of design due to the greater fall on the St. Louis river, requiring both wheels and generators of smaller dimensions to develop an equal amount of power. These details will be determined while Mr. Brackinridge is here.

The generating station on the St. Louis river is designed for a total installation of 80,000 horse power in units of 10,000 horse power each with an overload capacity of 25 per cent, making 100,000 horse power when running at full load. It will be the largest single power house in the world in amount of power generated. The main building will be 51 feet in width by 325 feet in length and 80 feet in height, built of concrete and brick with stone trimmings.

Some 200,000 additional electric horse power and some 15,000 direct hydraulic power will be developed later on as may be required.

The first installation at Niagara some six years ago was for but 15,000 horse power, whereas there is now more than 500,000 horse power already installed or in process of development on the American and Canadian sides of the Falls. Fully one half of this is under the direction of Mr. Brackinridge.

AMONG THE LUMBERMEN

Developments at Some of the Mills In This Section.

John Owens, Nels Benson and Matt Willson have purchased the portable mill formerly owned by Cook & Turrish interests and have shipped it to the head of Lake Vermillion, where the plant will be located at what is known as Joyce's landing, in 62-18. The mill has a sawing capacity of about 25,000 feet per day and has been used to cut much of the square timber used in the construction of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road. It is claimed that the mill will be available to the settlers of the Little Fork valley. The interests back of the new project have considerable timber tributary to the head of Lake Vermillion.

The Maple Lumber company, of Superior, which is operating a mill for hardwood sawing near the town of Maple, Wis., will begin operations as soon as there is frost. Just at present the ground is too soft for the company to do work to any advantage and practically nothing can be done until the swamps freeze over. The company has a logging road that reaches well into the hardwood timber belt in Douglas county, and as soon as possible the timber will be cut and piled along near the track for removal to the mill. The company has enough timber in sight to keep the mill operating for two or three years. A shingle and lath mill will be operated in connection with the sawmill when it starts.

DeLong and Chamberlain, at Nickerson, Minn., are still operating their mill, but there is a prospect of a shut down in the near future owing to a lack of logs. The mill will start up later, however, for an all winter run. The logs will be cut on contract for the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, which is a heavy lumber shipper from Nickerson.

McCUNE SELLS INTERESTS.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 8.—According to the Tribune which says it has excellent authority for the statement, A. W. McCune, has sold his entire interest in the Consolidated Railroad and Power company which includes all the street car lines in this city, to the Utah Power & Light company. The transaction involves property valued at fully $6,000,000. For the past few years, Mr. McCune has devoted his entire attention to the building of railroads and the development of mines in Peru.

HAVE TRICHINOSIS.

Berlin, Sept. 8.—In Hamburg and its vicinity two hundred persons are suffering from trichinosis.

Sifter Stove Polish

5c AND 10c A BOX.

The housewife's delight. Saves work, time and money. Gives a bright, durable polish—and does it quick.

Sifter Stove Polish

Put up in a neat box with a perforated top—no dirt no danger—no odor. Simply sprinkle the powder polish on a damp cloth and apply. Polish with brush or dry cloth. It's done in a minute.

SIFTER STOVE POLISH CO.
Saginaw, Mich., U. S. A.

LITTLE IS LOST

Economical Methods Save Nearly Every Scrap of Lumber Nowadays.

Shavings and Small Stuff No Longer Go to Burner.

In speaking of the more economical methods employed by the mill men of the present day as compared with those of several years ago, when timber was more of a drug on the market, a lumberman who is interested in a local milling concern recently called attention to the various by-products of the sawmills and incidentally spoke of the by-products of the planing mills in the way of shavings.

Years ago the shavings were considered a nuisance about the mills and it was a matter of considerable expense to some to get rid of them. Shavings then had either to be burned or else hauled away by teams. In the present day shavings, instead of being a nuisance are a source of considerable profit.

The modern methods of baling shavings has created a demand for them especially from the cities where they are used for stables. Even at the present time loose shavings are not readily marketable and are a source of danger around any mill. There is pretty near as well an established business in baled shavings now as there is in baled hay and straw.

For some times after baled shavings began to find use in stables there was a prejudice against them on the grounds that shavings do not make a good fertilizer but this prejudice rarely is heard of these days owing to the convenience of the commodity for bedding. Even the large stock farms are using baled shavings in preference to straw not alone on account of cheapness but because they are a better absorbent, more sanitary and give better results as a fertilizer. The use of shavings in bales is said to be coming rapidly in vogue in the small towns and in the rural districts as well as in the cities.

These changed conditions were not brought about without some effort for the lumbermen had to fight a prejudice of long standing. A lumber manufacturer of ten years ago would probably have been laughed at had he made the prediction that a time would come, as it has, when the shavings from planing mills would be of sufficient value to afford the manufacturer an income, the jobber a profit and the railroad company a fair compensation for its transportation; yet all these conditions have come to pass.

A few years ago there was a waste product at the local sawmills, of a poor grade of lumber, short lengths that were not of marketable dimension and the accumulation of such stocks during a sawing season was no small matter. As a rule the sawmill men burned as much as possible of this dead stock to get it out of the way.

Times have changed, however, and there is scarcely a piece of sawed timber that comes out of the sawmill for which there is not some kind of a market. The growth of the boxmaking industry during recent years has opened quite a field to lumber manufacturers for the disposal of the short dimension and low grade lumber. Even that formerly went into the slab burner or was dumped into the bay to fill in and give additional yard acreage, is now picked out and sold by the load to fuel consumers.

There is even a market for a class of lumber sometimes called "pitchfork" timber, the inference being that it is of so shaky a nature as to be picked up on pitchforks.

Not alone in the sawmills are the economical methods of the present age noticeable, but in the woods and the slashings. When timber was plenty the loggers were more wasteful and went over a timbered country taking out only the best and that most easily reached. If after cutting down timber it was not easily reached by teams, they left it to rot away. Under those conditions the pine timber of the Northwest has been disappearing so fast that some of the men who years ago were inclined to be wasteful are now making quite a competency in going over the cut-over lands and sawing up the dead and down timber.

In recent years, too, a machine has been invented that will saw pine stumps off close to the ground and the butts thus obtained can be made to pay quite a revenue after going through a shingle mill. There are a number of localities in which the pine has been cut off in recent years where the shingle machine is being worked to advantage.

Even in the local sawmills the manufacturers are now sawing logs of a size so small that they would have been rejected a few years ago.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

Plans to Be Discussed For Taking Census of the City.

The first of the fall conventions of the Duluth Sunday School association will be held this evening in the Bethel on Lake avenue.

At this meeting will be discussed plans for the taking of a Sunday school census and the increasing of the general efficiency of the Bible class teaching.

The association is represented by all religious denominations in the city, the officers being as follows:

President, Dr. R. W. Bowden; secretary, W. A. Anderson; treasurer, Charles L. Rokowsky.

After the regular program the association will have a business session. Miss Ober, one of the prominent local Sunday school workers will open the discussion on the question of a better system in the work of the local Sunday schools.

The program for this evening is as follows:

Meeting of the Sunday school superintendents and officials of the association at 5:30; supper served at the Bethel at 6; musical program by the Y. M. C. A. orchestra, at 7:15; song service, led by Paul Gilbert, tenor, of the Y. M. C. A., at 7:30; "Rally Day," a talk by T. H. Hawkes, 7:45; discussion, 8; solo by Paul Gilbert, 8:10; "More Systematic Bible Study in Sunday Schools," an address by Miss Ober; discussion, 8:30; offering, 8:40; business, 8:45.

EXHIBITED THE FLOAT.

Painters and Decorators' Union Shows Handsome Creation.

The Painters and Decorators' union held its parade yesterday afternoon in spite of weather conditions.

This union had about as handsome a float as has been seen in Duluth and it was not disposed to hide the pride of the organization under the Garfield avenue viaduct all day.

Along toward 3 o'clock the float was taken out from shelter and paraded up and down Superior street. All that saw it were enthusiastic in its praise and the skill of the members of the union it represented.

The Labor day committee has abandoned the project of holding a parade some evening this week and will now devote all time and energy to making the Sunday picnic at Union Grove a tremendous success.

THE STAGE

Louis James and Frederick Warde were given a warm welcome by Duluth theater-goers last night at the Lyceum upon their presentation of "Alexander the Great," the vehicle in which Wagenhals and Kemper have sent them out to do battle with the season of 1903-04.

Surrounded by scenic environments which have rarely been eclipsed in stage productions, the stars made out of a play that is lacking in dramatic climaxes, and, really, rather weak, an entertainment that is thoroughly enjoyable, notwithstanding the fact that the historical points in the piece do not jibe in every respect with the facts as handed down since the day when Alexander found no more worlds to conquer.

From an artistic point of view, however, both as regards scenery and staging, and, as is taken for granted, the acting, the production is entitled to succeed. A fact that must also be taken into consideration is that the play is the work of Rupert Hughes and Collin Kemper, who as yet are practically unknown in the playwriting world. This is not any reason why the play should not prove successful, but probably accounts for the lack of effect in some of the climaxes. The company is rehearsing daily, and it is probable that within a short time the play will have undergone those changes which new productions must before coming anywhere near the stage where they may be proclaimed perfect.

As the title suggests, the story of the play begins in Macedonia just before the death of Phillip, Alexander's father, at the hands of an assassin who had been urged on by Perdiccas, Phillip's minister, as portrayed by Mr. Warde. Upon the death of Phillip, Alexander ascends the throne with the declaration that from henceforth he goes out to conquer the world. Mr. James' impersonation of Alexander might be termed perfect in so far as the piece goes. Throughout the entire play the work of Messrs. James and Warde was finished and artistic, the part of Perdiccas giving more room for display of dramatic art where facial expression rather than words surround the situations. At the time of Phillip's death there is at the Macedonian court an emissary from Egypt named Aghmes, who pleads with Alexander that he render assistance to his country. Alexander is smitten with the charms of Roxana, an Egyptian princess who accompanies Aghmes, but in his thirst for conquering he temporarily loses sight of the woman, who returns to her native land. The curtain goes up in the second act in the temple of Ammon, an Egyptian god, in which Ammon is made to bow acquiescence to the wishes of the high priest, Snefruchaf, by a clever system of ropes and hinges. Alexander, preceded by his minister, Perdiccas, and Cleopatra, a Macedonian character, both of whom are plotting against Alexander, arrives at the temple and is told of his love affairs by an oracle who is but Roxana, a priestess in the temple. She, to hold him for her own, and under command of Snefruchaf, warns him not to continue to carry on conquests, but to return to Macedonia. At this Alexander becomes enraged, and tearing her veil from Roxana's face, discovers her identity.

At this point he is surrounded by guards, who issue from secret closets, but he fights his way out of the temple. Alexander then continues his march to the East and the scenes depicted on the mountain tops, where a blizzard rages and in Parisian scenes are masterpieces of the scenic artist. All during the journey Perdiccas and Cleopatra continue to plot, but each time their efforts prove unsuccessful until the last act. In this Alexander, who has been followed by Roxana, who had learned of plots against her lover's life, makes her queen. Cleopatra, urged on by Perdicas, drops poison in Alexander's wine as he places Roxana on a temporary throne and he dies in her arms. While dying he commands Cleopatra to drink the wine remaining in the cup and she is forced to do so by Perdicas, who holds a sword against her breast. The play ends with the death of Alexander and the ascent of Perdiccas, the villain, to the throne.

The work of the company, as a whole, is good. Norman Hackett as Clitis, Wadsworth Harris as Phillip and afterward Snefruchaf, Miss Margaret Bourne as Roxana, Miss Engel Sumner as Cleaptra, did exceptional work in their respective parts and received generous applause from the audience.

"Alexander the Great" will be repeated at the Lyceum this evening, after which it will play Wednesday night at the Grand in West Superior.

* * *

"Faust," which was presented at the Metropolitan last evening, drew a great audience, standing room being at a premium. The production of the drama was one that reflected much credit upon the company and the standard which it had to reach was a high one, too, for Lewis Morrison and his companies have been seen here so often that theatergoers are accustomed to seeing strong productions of this play.

Mr. Forbes was a fine Mephisto, adding luster to his fame among local theatergoers and increasing his reputation for versatility.

To play the devil, make him diabolical, cruel and relentless, and yet present him in a somewhat fascinating light, is not an easy task, but that is what Mr. Forbes does. Miss Carter was a sweet and winsome Marguerite, playing the role sympathetically and with a fine appreciation of what was demanded of it. Louis Bean was the Faust of the cast and was excellent. He has just returned to the company and is a strong addition to it. Miss Marshall appeared as Siebel, a male part. Miss Arcourt was fine in the character role of Martha.

"Faust" will be given tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

* * *

Tomorrow and Thursday evenings, at the Lyceum, the Root-Gardner prize fight, said to have been the fastest fight in history, will be presented by means of the finest of moving pictures. A vaudeville show will be given in connection with it.

Saturday afternoon and evening "Two Little Waifs," with Stanley and Lolita Lamb, two clever children in the cast, will be given at the Lyceum.

BICYCLE RACE.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 8.—A six days' bicycle race of one hour each day, was started at the Salt palace track last night. Eight of the starters finished the first hour during which twenty-five miles and four laps were covered. The riders finished in the following order: J. F. Fisher, Chicago; Hardy Downing, San Jose, Cal.; Saxon Williams, Buffalo; J. F. Staver, Portland; N. C. Hopper, Chicago; E. Holway, Buffalo; W. E. Samuelson, Salt Lake; O. F. Emery, Salt Lake.

FOR THE WIRELESS EXHIBIT.

St. Louis, Sept. 8.—Twenty-five thousand square feet on a hill just east of the hall on the world's fair grounds, have been assigned by the exposition management as a site for a demonstration station for the Marconi wireless telegraph. From here wireless messages will be flashed during the fair across many miles of land and sea to far distant corners of the old world.

England to Try Again.

The English people seem determined in their efforts to recapture the cup which the Americans have held for so many years. To this end a new challenger is being sent over and the races next month will determine which is the better boat. The best medicine in the world for curing all stomach, bowel and kidney disorders is the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. During the summer it will be found very beneficial as a tonic, also to keep the bowels regular, without which you cannot enjoy good health. Be sure to give it a trial. It will restore the appetite, purify the blood, promote sound sleep and positively cure flatulency, nausea, headache, sour stomach, dyspepsia, indigestion and liver troubles. The genuine is for sale by all druggists.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Big Syndicate Is to Make Many Improvements at Detour.

Sault Ste. Marie—A deal recently took place at Detour that is certain to have an important bearing on the future of the eastern part of Chippewa county. This was the purchase of the Dawson property, which includes valuable water frontage and a large block of realty, by a syndicate of which the principals are W. D. Hitchcock, Detour; W. S. Johns n, Milwaukee, and George T. Arnold, Mackinac island. The transaction is significant inasmuch as with the holding of W. D. Hitchcock it gives the syndicate control of the entire deep-water frontage available for winter navigation between Detour and lower lake ports, about which much has been said in the past. Work has already been commenced on the construction of a dock that will have a frontage of 425 feet, which will be the largest on the river. It will be used for boat fueling purposes, as well as for general commercial business. However, the plans of the syndicate are much more comprehensive as they involve the establishment of large charcoal kilns, at which will be made not only charcoal but also the by-products, such as alcohol, tar and acetates. Detour is admirably located for this business w Vast tracts of hardwood are within easy reach on the mainland, and the forestry resources on Drummond and St. Joe Islands are of immense extent. The shipping facilities are unexcelled.

The Chandler-Dunbar company of the Soo has decided to put in an electric lighting plant at St. Ignace providing it can secure a satisfactory franchise. A plant to cost $22,000 and to have a capacity of 3000 16-candle power lights is proposed. It is figured that the plant can yield good returns from rates averaging half a cent per hour for each 16-candle power lamp in use, and local people are invited to subscribe for stock in the proposed enterprise.

Menominee—Marian Sibenaler, a 10-year-old Menominee girl, had a very narrow escape while playing on a raft in the Menominee river. She fell into the water and was going down for the third time when she was grabbed by Otto Heusimer, a young man who responded to the cries of a companion of the drowning girl and rushed to the rescue.

Calumet—Three dwelling houses and a barn were burned at 5 o'clock Monday morning in Florida addition. The loss is $5000, partly insured.

Iron Mountain—Andrew Bjorkman of Iron Mountain expects to commence his logging operations early this month. He has already arranged cut from his own lands 9,000,000 feet of mixed timber, 100,000 cedar poles, 20,000 cedar posts and at least 10,000 cords of pulpwood.

A new militia company has been organized at Iron Mountain and drilling has been commenced. Although it has not been officially announced which company will be appointed to fill the vacancy created but the mustering out of Company L the people of Iron Mountain are hopeful.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., and Return $4.00.

For the Northern Wisconsin state fair to be held at Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 15 to 18, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Sept. 14 to 17 inclusive at $4 for the round trip. Tickets good for return until Sept. 19, 1903.

City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.



Unusual Piano Event

TO INTRODUCE the elegant "Steger & Sons" Pianos and to call attention to this large and beautiful stock of Pianos we placed in our corner window on Saturday, September 5, the largest and handsomest style "Steger & Sons" Piano, the net price of which is $400, and shall reduce the price of it $10 a day until sold—thus making a rare opportunity to obtain a strictly high grade piano at a low price or as a gift if the instrument is not sold in forty days.

It will pay you to keep watch of this piano.

WHO WILL GET IT?

NOTICE:

Those who wish to buy this fine piano when the price gets low enough to suit them, or to receive it as a gift after forty days have passed, will register their names in a book provided for the purpose in our piano store.

TERMS:

This piano will be sold at any time at the reduced price on easy payments of $25.00 CASH AND $10.00 A MONTH. This instrument is strictly first class in construction, tone and action and you are invited to examine it in every detail.

Every Piano We Sell Is Fully Warranted.

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

NO PAIN

and perfect satisfaction when we do your work.



Gold or porcelain crowns or bridge-work $5.00
Full set of Teeth ..... $5 to $8
Gold Fillings ..... $1.50 up
Silver Fillings ..... 50c up
Painless Extraction 50c

All work positively guaranteed.

Dr. FERGUSSON, Dentist
Columbus Bldg., 1st Ave. W., Superior St.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence

PATENT LAWYERS,

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Our 42nd Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.
We have no representative in Duluth.

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PASSING OF THE INDIAN.

According to the views of Indian Commissioner Jones, it is but a question of comparatively a few years when most of the full-blooded Indians of the United States will disappear. A few will remain, but they will be reduced to roving bands like gypsies. Ultimately the government will sever connections with them, and that will be the end of national Indian affairs. Intermarriage with whites will cause this to a large extent. One of the erroneous reports recently stated that 400,000 Indians were involved in the scandals which Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock is now probing. As a matter of fact there are only 270,238 Indians in this country, according to the last enumeration. The Five Civilized tribes, embracing the Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Creeks and Seminoles, number about 85,000 members.

Commissioner Jones has collected some interesting information of a general character about the balance of 185,700 Indians. The extent to which civilized methods have been introduced will be appreciated when it is known that of the 185,700 Indians under the general charge of Commissioner Jones, 102,000 have adopted citizens dress wholly and 41,000 have adopted it in part, leaving only about 43,000 Indians who still cling to the blanket. One-fourth of the 185,700 can read and the Indians who can use English enough for ordinary purposes number 62,000. Considerable has been written about the great wealth of the members of the Osage tribe. There are only about 1800 of them and their per capita holding is said to be greater than that of any other nation. The government pays to these Indians over $500,000 a year as interest on trust funds in the United States treasury. In addition to this the tribe owns about 1,250,000 acres of as fine agricultural land as can be found anywhere in the United States. The full blooded Indians of this race are rapidly dying out and the mixed bloods are increasing, as is the case with other tribes. The men are so wealthy that they do not have to work and they lead a life of ease and idleness which begets fat and consumption. The latter disease carries a great many of them off. After all, probably the country will be better off when the Indian becomes extinct.

LIFE IN THE NAVY.

The scheme of the bureau of navigation to make the life of the enlisted men in the navy more attractive is to be commended. There is no doubt that the personnel of the navy has been falling off. There is not the sturdy element apparent that there was a decade or two ago. The men who are offering themselves are not of the same class as of old and the department sees the necessity of offering more inducements to the men to secure their attention. One of the things proposed to make life in the navy more attractive than at present is to erect recreation halls at all the navy yards and stations where men are recruited or on duty for any length of time. These halls will be fitted up with gymnasium appliances and facilities will be provided for indulging in sports of various kinds. The men will be encouraged to get up baseball and football teams. Reading and lounging rooms will also be provided, so that the jackies will not be required to resort to the saloons of the town in a search for amusement. Admiral Endicott has been requested to make an inquiry and ascertain what yards now have buildings that could be converted into recreation halls. It is proposed to ask congress for money with which to erect buildings where none exist that can be utilized at present. This is one of the schemes which the department has in hand for adding to the attractiveness of the service.

Enlistments are very slow at present, and are more than over-balanced by the expirations of terms of service. There are now about 3500 vacancies in the grade of enlisted men, and despite all the efforts of the department it has been impossible to fill the authorized quota. The department has been relieved of one source of trouble as a result of that spirit in the average American which inspires a love for adventure and danger. It was thought that difficulty would be experienced in securing crews to serve in the submarine boats, and it was proposed to create a special grade, with extra pay, in order to induce men to enlist for the under-water crafts. With the announcement that the first submarine boat was to be commissioned, the department was flooded with applications from enlisted men who wanted to make up the crew. The department now has a long list of volunteers who seek duty on these boats.

However, the men as a whole are growing more particular and want greater advantages, and the movement to supply them will doubtless result in more rapid enlistments.

The department of agriculture has made one demonstration of its usefulness. It has discovered a plant which is so obnoxious to mosquitoes that they will not remain in the same room with it. Why not fill New Jersey with these plants? That would prove a thorough test.

The sudden death of State Senator A. F. Ferris, of Brainerd, has caused much sorrow among a multitude of friends. Senator Ferris was one of the political leaders of Northern Minnesota and his loss will be seriously felt by the Republicans of Crow Wing county.

Another temperance argument: A Cleveland brewery wagon ran over a little girl and hurt her severely.

An Eastern man, 71 years, who married a woman of 30, for a joke, is not so merry now.

IRON ORE IN ONTARIO.

The complete returns of the mineral production of the province of Ontario for the past year show a continued gain in that field of industry. The total output of metallic minerals for the year was valued at over $7,002,499, and making deductions for the overlapping of the iron ore, pig iron, and steel statistics, there is still a total of $6,257,499. Nickel conspicuously holds the foremost place, with a total output valued at $2,210,961. For the previous year the total production was $1,859,970, and for 1900, $756,626. The iron ore output for the year was valued at $518,445, as compared with $174,428 during 1901. Steel production increased during the year from $347,280 to $1,610,031, and the pig iron output was valued at $1,683,051, a slight decrease compared with the previous year. The total value of the copper output was $680,283, and of this $616,763 worth was from the copper-nickel ores. The gold output of the province was $229,828, and the silver, $58,000, both showing decreases compared with the previous year. The non-metallic minerals make a new record of $7,134,135 as against $6,814,352 for the previous year. Common brick and building stone are both above the $1,000,000-mark, and the total output of Portland cement was valued at $916,221.

According to the Toronto Globe the iron ore situation of the United States is of special interest to the iron prospectors of Northern Ontario. If there is a shortage here, it believes that Ontario will be able to provide the necessary supply. According to the Globe's ideas the reserve in the Lake Superior district is estimated to contain 1,000,000,000 tons, and nine-tenths of this amount is under the control of the United States Steel corporation. The steel manufacturers outside this corporation have already experienced considerable difficulty in securing a supply of raw material. Of the 35,000,000 long tons of iron ore produced last year in the United States, 27,000,000 tons came from the ranges of the Lake Superior district, and such large drafts upon the reserves of ore explain the eagerness of the American magnates to purchase the iron deposits of Northern Ontario. There are good geological reasons for expecting an appearance of iron ranges in Northern Ontario corresponding to those which now give the United States Steel corporation supremacy, and, although it is not likely that ore bodies equal to the Mesaba will be discovered, there will soon be an urgent demand for ores far less rich and less conveniently situated. In spite of the continuous activity in prospecting for iron ore during the past few years, the country is still comparatively unexplored. The measure of success already achieved may not be sufficient to assure an important place for Ontario among the non-producing countries. But even if the famous ranges of the Mesaba and Vermilion regions do not continue into Ontario, the demand of the future will greatly increase the value of such deposits as are already known to exist.

There is one thing, however, that our Canadian neighbors do not take into consideration, and that is the constant discoveries of new bodies of ore. As a matter of fact it will be a long while before the United States will look to Canada for its supply of ore.

RESUBMISSION CAMPAIGN.

The prohibitory law in Maine is now assailed by a vigorous force that is likely to accomplish results. This is apparent from the recent meeting at Bangor of 700 resubmissionists who perfected an organization and inaugurated a campaign against the so-called "prohibitory" law. Although at this meeting, which was made up of representative citizens, some of them referred to the movement as non-political, it was evident throughout the proceedings that the resubmissionists will enter politics aggressively later if such a course should seem advisable in bringing about the repeal of the prohibitory amendment. The resolutions that were passed give an excellent idea of the feeling and purposes of the organization. They follow:

"In view of the fact that prohibition has been a part of the statute and organic law of the state of Maine for many years; and realizing that it has been and is a gigantic failure, so far as properly controling and regulating the liquor traffic is concerned, we, citizens of Maine, in convention assembled, hereby declare in favor of the resubmission of the constitutional amendment, to the end that the people of the state may be given opportunity of expressing their opinion thereon. We firmly believe that the legal and impartial regulating of the sale of intoxicating liquor will be far more effective in suppressing the evil of intemperance than the present system, which has been such a prolific source of hypocrisy, deceit and even perjury, and which has resulted in bringing about a wholesale nullification of the law on the part of officials and a general and wide-spread contempt for its provisions on the part of the people. For the purpose of obtaining the resubmission of the prohibitory amendment, we hereby pledge our individual and united efforts in securing the election to the state legislature of men who will vote in favor of this just and reasonable proposition. And we cordially invite the earnest co-operation of all citizens who believe in fundamental and statute laws and who desire to uphold the principles of honesty, decency and justice within the borders of our state."

It is evident that the prohibitory laws of the state will not be endured much longer. The insincerity of those who attempt to enforce the laws is apparent and a change is bound to come.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says there are unmistakable indications in Washington that strong political pressure will be exerted to prevent the publication of the report of the fourth assistant postmaster general, Mr. Bristow. It is hardly likely the president will yield to this pressure.

The directors of the Frances Willard Temperance hospital to be built in Chicago, propose to adopt an interesting experiment. They will form the staff of the institution of members of three schools of medicine, the allopathic, homeopathic and eclectic. It is safe to predict that discord will rule the staff.

War between Bulgaria and Turkey is now a strong probability. The Bulgarians are said to be eager for war, and if hostilities begin it may be regarded as a certainty that they are encouraged by Russia, as Bulgaria's policy has always been guided from St. Petersburg.

Where is Col. Henri Watterson, that he has failed to say something about the reception given to a negro by Newport society?

Arctic explorers think Peary stands a good chance of reaching the North pole this time. At least he will bring back another lecture, if not the pole.

The strangest thing about the death of a New York reformer the other day is that he died poor.

The "sick man" of Europe has grown much worse. Is it not time to adopt radical treatment?

HOTEL GOSSIP

Frederick Warde, who with Louis James shares the honors in "Alexander the Great" at the Lyceum, is known from one end of the country to the other as an all around entertainer. Whether it be on the stage or off Mr. Warde always appears to advantage and he has a fund of reminiscences which is inexhaustable. Mr. Warde, who is staying at the Spalding, last night told a few friends a story of how Joseph Murphy obtained the first dollar of a now large fortune and how he was enabled to save the life of Edwin Booth through the finding of the money and insomnia caused by eating a heavy meal on a starved stomach.

"I won't attempt to guess the exact date of Joseph Murphy's good fortune but it is sufficient to say that it was more than a few years ago. Murphy had been a blacksmith and from that had joined a minstrel troupe. With the company he landed on the Pacific coast, which event was shortly afterward followed by the stranding of the minstrels.

"Without money for food or lodging Murphy walked about the city of Sacramento looking for work and incidentally using up a great deal of physical force which he might have saved. The hours passed into days and Murphy still had nothing to eat.

"Physically enhausted he was toiling along one of the dimly lighted thoroughfares and failed to see a team attached to a carriage which turned at a street intersection just as he was about to cross. The near horse struck him and he was thrown to the side of the road. He might have been killed for all the occupants of the vehicle knew but they drove on.

"As he partially recovered his strength he raised himself from the ground. In doing so his hand felt something cold and closed around it. Staggering to a lamp post Murphy opened his hand and found a $20 gold piece. He has told me since that there and then he took a solemn oath that he would never again be without a dollar. He has kept his oath.

"But to continue. Overjoyed at finding the wherewithal to secure a meal and a bed Murphy hied himself to a restaurant. He ate and ate and ate more. He then kept on eating. After loading his weak stomach with all that it would possibly hold he secured a room and proceeded to retire.

"Rest was not to be his however and he suffered all of the reward for overloading one's stomach when it has been short on nourishment. After tossing in his bed he arose and started out for a walk. He cared little where he went and his feet took him towards the docks. He then started to walk along the river. He saw a dark form dying face downward at the edge of the water. Murphy at first thought the man, for such the form proved to be, was dead, as his face was in the water which was gently lapping the bank.

"Pulling the body up on the shore so that it was not in the water Murphy heard the 'corpse' moan and he ran to a saloon where he secured the assistance of several men. He returned with them and they carried him to a saloon. As they laid the body on the table Murphy noticed for the first time that it was Edwin Booth. He had apparently wandered to the river and fallen.

"Murphy turned away and did not let Booth know it was he that saved him. Booth went to his grave without thinking for a minute that his life had been saved by a member of the profession. Joseph Murphy has since then amased a fortune."

* * *

"You don't hear much around the country these days about dog fights and cock fights," remarked the old time traveling man reminiscently at the McKay last night.

"The time was when you couldn't get into a town without being invited to attend one or the other and some pretty good things were pulled off, that is if one takes a fancy to that kind of amusement. I remember one night that I put in down near Milwaukee and outside of the dog fight it was worth the $3 apiece that we paid for a seat to see the way in which the sports handled a humane society official who attempted to interfere with the event.

"A local man had a dog which was always heavily backed by Harry Gilmore, the Chicago boxer, and one night after supper one of the Milwaukee men who knew me asked me to go out to Hale's Corners to see a good fight. Having nothing else to do I went along in a big spring wagon and found myself in a barn with about two hundred others. A space had been reserved in the center for the dogs and the fight was about to begin when a man named Whitehead, a superintendent or something or other of the Wisconsin Humane society appeared. He immediately attempted to call everything off but the Chicago bunch did not see it that way.

"Instead of submitting to his edict they closed in on him and before he knew what happened they had taken his gun away from him and had him tied in a chair. Seating him at the edge of the ring, so that he might not miss any of the performance, they proceeded with the fight.

"After the entertainment they left the place without releasing Whitehead. He was found the next morning by the farmer who had leased his barn under the condition that he was not to know of anything that went on. The Humane society officer was so chagrined that he did not attempt to secure the punishment of those who had disregarded his authority. But that practically put an end to dog and cock fights in and around Milwaukee and I have not known of one there in years."

* * *

H. B. Van Bergen, clerk of the Spalding, who has been on the sick list for several days, has again assumed his duties.

* * *

Bishop A. R. Graves, of Kearney, Neb.; C. H. Plummer and W. A. Richardson, of Lake City, and the Rev. Mr. Lofstrom, of Wabasha, are at the McKay en route to Island lake, where they will camp. Bishop Graves is an Episcopalian and has jurisdiction over Wyoming and the western half of Nebraska.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: A. J. Thomas, Ely; E. D. Childs, Crookston; N. N. McFarren, St. Paul; B. G. Hardwicke, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. Gustafson, G. S. Welschons, Stillwater; George Leanna, Virginia; S. A. Anderson, P. J. McCann, St. Paul; Peter Spina, Stevenson, E. M. Farnham, A. Townsend, Princeton; Mrs. T. W. Bowles, Virginia; O. A. Nelson, Tower; G. J. Bowen, Stillwater; H. J. Henza, Wabasha; Julius Shandeling, Virginia; Olaf M. Frederickson, Grand Marais; P. F. Murray, Pine City; J. Adam Bede, Pine City; C. C. McCarthy, Grand Rapids; A. C. Scott, Hibbing; James Loftus, Virginia.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: V. K. Engstrom, Calumet; W. G. Rice, Houghton; A. L. Sibley, H. H. Wilkerson, H. A. Farnham, St. Paul; F. D. Orr, Minneapolis; Mrs. D. J. Aspen, Grand Rapids; W. G. Gangelhoff, Minneapolis; R. Zimmerman, Black Duck; T. J. Ryan, St. Paul; A. McLane, Aitkins, W. C. Burleigh, Minneapolis; Charles E. Mackean, St. Paul; J. E. Shapard, Calumet; M. McLeod, Wellington, N. S. W.; Mr. and Mrs. H. Cline, Ashland; W. J. Moore, J. D. Lamont, Virginia; Jack Stein, Virginia.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Robert Siebert, Stillwater; E. H. Jones, Amery; Mrs. A. Batting, Sarnna, Cal.; A. W. Sergeant, D. A. Erickson, C. H. Plummer, W. J. Richardson, M. Loftston, A. R. Graves, J. A. Smith, Minneapolis; W. L. Bonham, Mr. and Mrs. H. Skinner, Alex McDonald, A. E. Hansan, Two Harbors; C. B. Nye, Medford; Mr. and Mrs. William O'Rourke, Two Harbors; E. J. Kellay, Minneapolis; F. A. Wildes, Jr., Hibbing; E. A. Haugh, Minneapolis; George Loisander, St. Paul; James Miller, Bemidji; James Barry, Black Duck.

Useless Precaution.

Chicago Record-Herald: Mexico is busy erecting forts along the boundary line between that country and the United States. It isn't likely, though, that the American capitalists will let this fact keep them from ultimately annexing Mexico.

Pinching the Consumer.

Kansas City Journal: Some of the anthracite mines in the East have been shut down on account of the "overstocked market." Simultaneously an increase in the price of anthracite has been ordered in the West, presumably on account of scarcity of the product. And the trust did the ordering at both ends.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 8.—The northwestern low pressure area is central over eastern Saskatchewan. The barometer is also low in the Southwest and high over north Atlantic and north Pacific states. Light to heavy rains fell over the lake region, central valleys, and the greater portion of the Northwest. Generally it is somewhat cooler in the Northwest with heavy frosts in Wyoming. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk and southeasterly except southwesterly on extreme western Superior.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Medicine Hat	61
Battleford	69	Memphis	92
Bismarck	72	Miles City	71
Boston	68	Minnedosa	61
Buffalo	60	Modena	76
Calgary	56	Montgomery	96
Charleston	84	Moorhead	68
Chicago	86	New Orleans	92
Cincinnati	92	New York	70
Davenport	86	North Platte	76
Denver	72	Oklahoma	92
Detroit	61	Omaha	84
Dodge City	84	Pittsburg	74
Duluth	64	Port Arthur	54
Edmonton	58	Portland	66
El Paso	90	Prince Albert	56
Escanaba	60	Qu Appelle	68
Galveston	86	Rapid City	64
Havre	64	San Francisco	72
Helena	58	Santa Fe	72
Houghton	60	Shreveport	92
Huron	72	Spokane	66
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	86
Kamloops	64	St Paul	74
Kansas City	90	Swift Current	54
Knoxville	92	Washington	74
La Crosse	80	Williston	72
Lander	62	Winnemucca	68
Los Angeles	86	Winnipeg	60
Marquette	66		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with probably local showers. Slightly cooler. Fresh and brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Wednesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with probably showers tonight and in east portion Wednesday. Cooler.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with probably local showers. Slightly cooler.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday with probably local showers. Slightly cooler.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Slightly cooler in North Dakota tonight.

Upper Lakes—Fresh variable winds, mostly southeasterly. Partly cloudy and threatening with thunder-storms tonight and Wednesday.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Detroit Free Press: "It's hard to have a lot of debts that you simply can't pay."

"Oh, I don't know! It's worse to have a lot that you simply have to pay."

Somerville Journal: Only the rich man gets intoxicated. The poor man gets drunk.

Philadelphia Press: "Yes," said Miss Howells, after her solo, "I intend to go abroad to finish my musical education."

"Huh!" snorted Miss Growells, "why not finish it right now and save the expense?"

Chicago Tribune: "I hear that McJimes has come into the possession of considerable wealth. We'll have to admit him into our set now, will we not?"

"That doesn't follow. He came into possession of his wealth by working for it."

Lippincott's: Trembling Missionary—If, as you say, you are a peaceful monarch, why are all those human heads on your tent?

Cannibal Chief—Well, you see, this is my headquarters.

Indianapolis Journal: First Mosquito—Great New Jersey, but I'm having hard luck.

Second Mosquito—What's the matter?

"There's a plump girl wearing a peek-a-boo waist over there, but she keeps singing 'Hiawatha' all the time."

Philadelphia Ledger: "Well," grumbled the cranky woman, who was inspecting the new house he had recommended, "there are disagreeable features about the place that you didn't mention before."

"They weren't here before."

"What features are you referring to?"

"Yours."

New York Sun: Alexander had just received Bucephalus as a present.

"Do you think it's a fine horse?" asked the courtiers.

"No," he retorted, weeping angrily, "I want Lou Dillon or nothin'."

Spurning the gift, he sought for other worlds to lick.

Sir Thomas built a lovely yacht!
It cost, they said, an awful lacht.
Said he: "Ain't she an applacht?
She'll lift the cup, and rake the pacht."

But Iselin had a counterpacht,
He also built a costly yacht,
And though at times 'tis the gracht hacht
The cup stays in the same old spacht.
—Somerville Journal.

A TRUE INCIDENT.

'Twas only a child with quivering lip
Over a broken dish she had let slip,
But the look of fear in those sweet blue eyes
Filled my heart with a sad surprise.
Not much more than a baby she,
Surely not more than six could be,
Her heart should be light and free as air,
Not even a thought should she know of care;
But she looked at the pieces with shrinking dread,
Tears in her eyes and a drooping head.
I lifted her up and said: "Why cry?
We'll get a new one, you and I.
And then, you see, it will be all right."
But I could not banish that look of fright.
"Mamma will whip me," she whispered low,
"And I tried so hard to be careful, you know.
She says I am naughty and careless and bad,
And she loves little sister, not me." How sad
Came the words of grief from that baby heart!
I could feel the tears from my own eyes start.
How can a mother ever hear
To hurt a baby so small and fair,
A treasure sent to her straight from heaven,
The greatest blessing ever given?
How dear the touch of their clinging arms,
How sweet to shield them from all alarms!
Had that mother laid her babe away,
As I did, one sad summer day,
She would rule through love, and not through fear,
The heart of this innocent baby dear.
Perhaps when too late she will realize
That baby's love is earth's paradise,
And when no longer the little feet
Run so eagerly mamma to meet,
When no pleading arms 'round her neck shall clasp,
When naught but a memory's left to grasp,
She will wish she had wiped the tears away,
And only loving words did say.
I bought the dish, 'twas all I could do.
Kissed the sweet baby lips and said:
"Now you
Tell mamma you're sorry and next time will try
To be careful, and perhaps she won't whip you—goodby!"
—ESTELLE LENNAN in Boston Globe.

Stirring Up Bad Memories.

Chicago Inter Ocean: The British commission of inquiry into the conduct of the Boer war is out in a report which makes recommendation as to the lessons gained. Some of the British generals who were engaged in that conflict will not profit much by the commission's conclusions, as they have long been familiar with its lessons.

WHAT BLACK MIKE SAW

By W. W. Hines.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Because he was surly, the men called him "Black Mike" Riordan. Yet those who knew him best swore his heart was one of the kindest.

Whatever the verdict of others, it is convincing enough proof that he had his good side, in that Kittie Donoughue loved him better than all the world. They were to have been married just before Lent, and Black Mike wore his scowl no more. Kittie was never strong and a cold just snnuffed her life out, so Black Mike became blacker than ever before.

Some would have tried to comfort him, but his fireman, Dan Meagher, who knew him better than anyone else, said:

"Leave him be. He likes it best so."

And after a period of mourning, Black Mike, with a blacker scowl than ever, came back to work on the Central division. There had never been but one love in his life, that for Kittie Donoughue, who was dead, but there was a sincere liking for young Dan Meagher, who had been his fireman, and for engine 126, on which he had pulled the throttle.

With a silent hand-clasp Meagher welcomed him back, and he could feel that No. 126 was glad again to feel the touch of his hand at the throttle. So he climbed up on the right side of the engine and the Cannon Ball express pulled slowly out of the brilliantly lighted station, with its first stop ninety-eight miles away, and twelve minutes of time to be made up in the worst storm and the blackest night of the year.

Rain came in sheets, driving before the heavy gusts of wind and beating against the glass sides of the cab as though it would drive them in. Even in the yards it took sharp watching to make out the signal lights, but there was time to be made up, and even engineers have to take chances of the safety of their train in such an event. Schedule time is a sacred thing in the eyes of the men of the Central division.

On the whole, Black Mike was grateful to the storm. There was a wild tumult in it that struck a responsive note in his heart, where pain was eating like a live, mad thing, gnawing and rending.

The Cannon Ball express has the right of way over everything, and only accidents can detain her.

The dozing operator at Mertonsville was aroused as the Cannon Ball swept by, and walked to his instrument to report her as passed.

"M! M! M!" his station call, came over the wire, and when he signified that he was on hand, came the message from the chief train dispatcher:

"Flag express all hazards. Bridge down."

"Express passed before message received. Trying to report her when you cut in on wire," he answered.

There was no other station between Mertonsville and the bridge over Benson river, so the chief dispatcher had done all in his power to prevent the impending catastrophe. Immediately upon receipt of a wire from the operator at Ordway, on the further side of the Benson river, he had wired to Mertonville in the vain attempt to stop the express. The dispatch from Ordway read:

"Track walker reports bridge down. Cannot get flag man across."

With quick, sharp orders, the dispatcher had a special made up to carry doctors and nurses to the scene of the accident he now regarded as inevitable. They were ready to start in an hour, and a wrecking train was only a few moments behind them.

Picturing the track in his own mind, the dispatcher could see no escape for the express. There is a sharp curve and a heavy cut just before the approach to the bridge, and, with orders to make up lost time, Black Mike would be running at the utmost speed of which his engine was capable.

It was the fault of no one. Everyone had done his duty—but it is a horrible thing to sit impotently in a chair and feel that over a hundred people are approaching their death.

Darkness and storm around them, the beat of the rain against the windows of the cab drowning even the noise of the engine, Black Mike and Dan were both trying to keep a sharp look out ahead of them.

For a little distance the headlight half penetrated the rain and darkness, which closed in black and impenetrable a hundred feet away.

Black Mike is not on his seat. He is standing on the swaying floor of the cab, one hand on the throttle, the other on the air brake, and the reverse lever resting in the crook of his right arm.

In the intervals of throwing in coal, Dan climbed to his seat on the left of the cab and pressed his face against the glass.

Neither can hope to make out a danger in time to stop the engine, but there is an undefinable fear in the hearts of both. It is the schooling of engineer and fireman to take things on trust, but to keep on the alert. The Cannon Ball has the right of way, and there is nothing to fear except some accident to the track.

Of a sudden, Meagher looks across to see Black Mike with his face pressed against the glass. It is not the position of the engineer that arrests and fixes his attention, but it is the expression on his face. The face is as white as a sheet through the grime of coal and perspiration, and his eyes are blazing with a light that seems perilously akin to madness.

"See, lad! Look!" says Black Mike in a hoarse, unnatural voice.

But from his own side of the cab, the fireman can make out nothing save clouds of rain which drive across the path of light in front of the locomotive.

"I see nothing, Mike," says Meagher.

"Just look ahead, lad, moving with us, the shadow on the track. Look, lad, look and for God's sake tell me what it is!"

"Rain drops on the glass of the headlight, Mike; that's all."

"Nay, nay, lad. Look! It beckons us to stop. By the Mother of God, 'tis the wraith of Kittie Donoughue."

Releasing his hold upon the throttle, Black Mike throws the reverse lever over as far as it will go, and tugs at the air brake with all his strength. It is all done with one motion and, despite her tremendous weight and momentum, the express comes to a halt within a few yards. The jar breaks the glass in the cab, throws the fireman to the floor, and shakes up every one in the train.

Trembling as though from a chill, they carry Black Mike to one of the coaches and endeavor to make him swallow stimulants. To gratify what they think is a whim, they send a brakeman on ahead with a lantern, and discover that they have come to a stop within a hundred yards of the foaming Benson river, and that of the bridge there is nothing left but the pillars.

"'Twas Kittie, who wanted to save the passengers and to give me warning," said Black Mike, and in this belief he persisted. He would not take out another engine, and died within a week of heart disease.

"The engineer of an express train is particularly liable to the attacks of heart disease," said the company's doctor.

But Dan Meagher, who has an engine of his own now, never passes the spot where the Cannon Ball was brought to so sudden a halt without crossing himself, unostentatiously and in all reverence.

After the Vacation, Rest.

Chicago News: At this time of year, when summer vacations are closing and the incoming trains are daily bringing thousands of city toilers back to their work, it may be worth while pointing out that the advantages of the vacation custom are not merely physical. Theoretically, the returning workers should feel rested and refreshed and ready to plunge at once into their labors. As a matter of fact, many of them will feel less inclined to work than they did before the vacation term. Some who are not actually fatigued by overexertion will be enjoying that blissful condition of physical repose wherein they feel literally "too strong to work." They will agree heartily with W. D. Howells that the only time one really needs a vacation is the day after the vacation is ended.

Thousands suffer from a short, hacking Cough who might be cured by Piso's cure.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Tuesday, September 8, 1903.

Summer is over. No more playtime 'till Thanksgiving. We've tried hard to serve you in the past, but we'll add a lot of extra enthusiasm to our service from now on. We've much to be enthusiastic about. Such luxurious furs; such perfect tailor-made suits; such handsome coats; such rich silks, satins and velvets; such beautiful dress goods; such elegant dress trimmings; such satisfactory dry goods; were never before collected in our store, nor in any store in Superior, nor even in any store in Duluth. We make no claim to extraordinary bigness. That's unimportant.

In Wash Goods Department; south aisle.

You'll find things new in cotton waistings. Economical or expensive kinds, as you wish.

Fleeced Eclipse flannels, in plaids, stripes and figures. 34 inches wide and 45 different patterns. 12½ cents a yard.

Fleeced flannels in unusually pretty designs. Persian, floral and striped patterns. Light and dark colors. 15 cents a yard.

Heavy mercerized waistings, slightly fleeced on the back. Plain whites; stripes and figures on white, blue and red grounds. Guaranteed fast colors. 25 cents a yard.

Mercerized waistings and vestings as rich and lustrous as silk. Brocades, black and gray effects and canvas weaves. 50 cents to $1 a yard.

At Ribbon Counter; south aisle.

All kinds of wide ribbons for pillow ruffling and fancy work.

Such prices as these make our ribbon department popular.

Pure silk taffeta and satin taffeta ribbons; Nos. 5 and 7, 5 cents a yard; Nos. 9, 12 and 16, 10 cents; Nos. 22 and 40, 15 cents. All colors.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

Unfounded Fears.

Indianapolis Journal: The German press is expressing satisfaction with what it is pleased to consider as "the advent of the United States as a factor in the Turkish problem." Nonsense. The United States has no more thought of interfering in the Turkish problem than it has of reviving memories of the Schleswig-Holstein or the Alsace-Lorraine question. It is simply looking after American interests, as all nations do after their interests whenever they are threatened in any quarter.

Time's Merry Round.

Cincinnati Enquirer: The summer has about waned. Time will eat the lovely autumn months up almost before we know it, and then winter will "blow over" rapidly. Then will come spring and summer again, with the same old excursion advertisements; the same pictures of girls in scanty bathing suits, freckles, sunburn and holiday romances, and then again, the too rapidly disappearing autumn, etc. What an insidious, rapid and relentless automation the whirligig of time is, anyhow.

SCHOOLS

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Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in "FAUST" the first half of the week, and "SAPHO" last half of week.

GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.

Prices—Evening, 10c, 25c and 50c. Matinee, 10c and 25c.

New 'Phone 50. LYCEUM Old 'Phone 56.

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 7 and 8, Louis James and Frederick Warde, in

'Alexander the Great'

Prices—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.

Two nights, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 9 and 10, the hottest fight in history—ROOT-GARDNER pictures.

Prices—25c, 35c, 50c and a few choice seats at 75 cents.

Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

A Full Set of **The Best Artificial Teeth for $10**

We guarantee our work.



And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

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ZENITH 'PHONE 168. OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 10 TO 12 M.

FINE STATIONERY No need to send out of town for it if you see
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY
BOTH TELEPHONES. WE CLOSE AT 1 P. M. SATURDAYS..... **The Printers** Providence Building, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

TECHNICAL SCHOOLS

In Germany Have Great Influence In Developing Industries.

Bundy Time Clock Payment Held Up By Postoffice Department.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—It would be money excellently well spent if the state would provide for a careful and competent investigation of the methods pursued in the German technical schools. No people on earth have in recent years more splendidly demonstrated the practical benefits of education than the Germans. According to Deputy United States Consul General W. S. Hanauer, at Frankfort, technical education has done great wonders for the progress of the German empire. The consul writes as follows to the department of commerce and labor:

"The great influence of technical education in developing industries, increasing export trade and augmenting a country's wealth is shown by a report which the British consul at Stuttgart lately sent in to his government concerning the technical high schools of Germany. There are nine such created and conducted by the government. Two more are now being established. Besides these state institutions, many other private management, but subject to governmental supervision, exist in Germany, which turn out able engineers and scientifically educated craftsmen.

"The British consul points out that Germany, in consequence of its thorough and widespread system of technical education, has surpassed, within the last fifty years, all other nations, and now holds first place in chemical manufactures. He estimates the value of the chemical products annually made in Germany at 1,000,000,000 marks, or $238,000,000. A very large part of these (especially dyes made of coal tar) are exported to the chief manufacturing nations—the United States, England, Belgium, France, etc., as also to China, Japan, India, etc. There is scarcely a country in the world which do not use German chemicals of some sort. The transformation of Germany from a poor agricultural country to one of the first and richest manufacturing and exporting nations is, to a considerable part, due to German superior technical training. Some of the German chemical works have branch establishments in foreign countries. The German capital invested in these earns big profits and adds to the national wealth of the country."

* * *

No decision has yet been reached by the postoffice department officials as to the disposition of the $30,000 which is being withheld from the Bundy Manufacturing company for the time clocks furnished to the department by the company. It is understood that the so-called "contract," by which Masten and Beavers undertook to bind the department to the purchase of Bundy clocks for a period of four years, was merely a letter signed by Masten as acting first assistant postmaster general, accepting a "proposition" made by the Bundy company and was, in reality, no contract at all. The fact that Beavers and Masten undertook to drive away from the department the Dey Time Register company, of Syracuse, N. Y., whose clocks were favorably passed upon by a duly appointed board, by insisting on the existence of a bonafide contract with the Bundy company, has also operated against the company and the parties named. Now that the matter is before the grand jury of the District of Columbia, where efforts are being made to ascertain what became of the "40 per cent" difference between the price of the clocks as sold to the government and that quoted to outside purchasers, the postoffice department is considering the question of disposing of the $30,000 due on the "contract."

The alleged "contract" having been repudiated by the postmaster general, the validity of the purchase of the clocks, which have not yet been paid for, is questioned.

It is suggested that as there is no valid contract existing, the department can turn back to the company the surplus clocks, which were apparently purchased for no other purpose than to swell the bill, and decline to pay for them. This would save the government thousands of dollars. Another solution advanced, is that a compromise may be reached by which the government will pay the regular market price or less for the clocks, cutting out the "40 per cent" or $50 to $60 advance on each clock. In any event the Bundy company will get no more contracts from the postoffice department for some time to come.

PEARY HAS A GOOD CHANCE

Arctic Explorers Believe He Will Succeed In Reaching Pole.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Walter Wellman, in a Washington special to the Record-Herald, says: Peary should this time succeed in getting to the pole. This is the general opinion of members of the National Geographic society, especially those who have experience in Arctic work. At any rate he is believed to have the best chance of reaching the goal he ever had, and the best chance any man has had since Fritjof of Nansen's ship, Fram, luckily floated him to the 84th degree of north latitude and gave him a sledging base within 400 statute or 420 geographical miles of the pole.

The announcement that Peary is to try again was received with expressions of pleasure in scientific circles. All wish him the best of luck, and none have greater hope for him or greater confidence in him than his confreres of the Polar search.

Commander Peary is one of the pluckiest men in the world. His record shows that. He has tried again and again and failure and accidents have not daunted him. His courage and his persistency deserve the rewards of good fortune and of success, for it is generally recognized that in all polar efforts luck plays an important part.

The feat of marching with sleds from the most northerly base attainable to the pole and back within the limited season which natural conditions allow is just possible of achievement if everything goes well. A small accident—a breakdown of a sledge, an injury to a man, a storm of unusual severity—and it becomes impossible.

No man in the world is better fitted to attempt this most difficult feat than Commander Peary. It is true that he is rather well along in years—he is 47—and so far as this hard work and endurance of the sledging are concerned a younger man might be preferred. But Peary is in fine physical condition notwithstanding his age and his loss of several toes on his recent expedition. Besides, in polar travel, as in every other difficult work, experience counts for far more than strength.

Low One Way Rates West.

Commencing Sept. 15 the Northern Pacific railway will resume sale of colonist tickets to Montana and points west, including Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Ashland, Ore., for $25. For full information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.



Make **FITGER'S BEER**

Your Particular Star. It will never fail you. Telephone for a case.

A. FITGER & CO., DULUTH, MINN.

SEASON IS ENDED

Baseball Team Disbands and Post-Season Series Is Off.

Several Signed and More Reserved For Next Year's Team.

Vale the baseball!

The Duluth team disbanded unexpectedly last night and the post-season exhibition series is declared off.

Discouraging weather conditions and a desire of several players to take a whirl in fast company before the big league seasons close led Manager Van Praagh to take the step.

Five members of the team have signed for next year. They are Crippen, Wilkes, Shaw, Kennally, and Lagger.

Notice of reserve for next season has been served on Shepard, Quillan, Gehring and Mueller. These players did not care to sign now for next year's work and the notices were served simply as a protection to the local management.

* * *

George Shepard, the Duluth short stop, has good offers to join St. Paul and Indianapolis in the American Association.

During the last ten games Shepard has hit a stride at short field that no a single man in any of the big leagues can touch. He has accepted his last sixty-seven chances with only one error and it was questionable whether that one misplay was due to Shepard or the first baseman.

Shepard was out of condition at the beginning of the season and not having played ball for several years did not round to until about the middle of last month. If he keeps in condition this winter as he probably will it looks as if he would be too fast for Northern league company next spring. Should he join faster company the Duluth team will not be greatly handicapped as Willes has signed for next year. While he has been playing a phenomenal game in left field he is considered Shepard's equal at short and is probably faster on the bases.

* * *

Gehring, the quiet, steady pitcher, has received an offer from the Cleveland American league team and may be seen in the blue uniform of that city before the end of the present month. Fans that watched the development of Roy Patterson say that Gehring is a second "Pat" and predict good things for him. Gearing left for St. Paul yesterday.

* * *

Perry Sessions, the crack twirler of the league, had a long talk yesterday with Manager Kelly, of the St. Paul team and it looks as if he had agreed to go on with the Saints for a trial in the American association.

* * *

Indications are that "Demon" Shaw will wind up the season in faster company. He is pitching great ball and would prove a valuable find for some team that wants to make a strong finish.

* * *

Another Duluth player that seems about ripe for better company is Lee Quillan. His playing at third during the past month has been something terrific.

* * *

Wilkes is a wizzard in left and would fill in the season nicely for some American association team looking for a little faster outfield. His present plans, however, are to go to his home in Waupun.

* * *

Jack Lagger expects to go to Chicago where he will play right field in the city assessor's office all winter.

* * *

The Superior Telegram in remarking that Superior finishes at the bottom of the list, has a dull sort of impression that if there was anything lower than the basement job the bunch would be there.

* * *

Only one of the six Northern league games scheduled yesterday was pulled off. At Winnipeg the Champions and Crookston fought a nice draw, the score being:

	R	H	E
Crookston	1	0	0
Winnipeg	0	1	0

Batteries—Martin and Edwards for Crookston; Corbett and Rogers for Winnipeg. Umpire—Baker.

* * *

Manager Van Praagh is already negotiating for new material for next year's team.

TWO HARBORS WON.

Defeated the Strong Lake Nebagamon Ball Team.

Two Harbors, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The strong Lake Nebagamon ball team, the champion amateur team of Northern Wisconsin and the club that defeated Cloquet on their home grounds, met the local aggregation here Sunday and were served "as the carpets are in spring time." When the dust settled and the tallymen finished their work, the score showed up as follows:

Two Harbors.		Lake Nebagamon.
Wachtel	left field	McPherson
McAlpine	second base	Menice
Magson	third base	Berrie
Wagman	center	Luck
O'Brien	first base	Babcock
Gilmartin	right field	Hawkes
Bruitt	center field	Lemins
Peterson	short stop	Irwin
Carey	pitcher	Lahit

Lake Nebagamon ..0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0—2
Two Harbors .....0 0 2 4 0 4 0 4 x—14

Umpire, Hamm. Attendance, 800.

The Big Duluth team was to play here yesterday, but on account of rain the game was postponed.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 6; Brooklyn, 4.
Second game—Brooklyn, 3; New York, 1.
At Boston—Philadelphia, 8; Boston, 4.
Second game—Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
At Pittsburg—Chicago, 13; Pittsburg, 8.
Second game—Pittsburg, 7; Chicago, 6.
At Cincinnati—St. Louis, 2; Cincinnati, 1.
Second game—Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At New York—Boston, 4; New York, 0.
Second game—New York, 5; Boston, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; Detroit, 1.
Second game—Detroit, 1; St. Louis, 0.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 1.
Second game—Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 0.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 0.
Second game—Philadelphia, 3; Washington, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; Louisville, 3.
Second game—Louisville, 7; Indianapolis, 5.
At Milwaukee—Kansas City, 5; Milwaukee, 2.
Second game — Milwaukee, 9; Kansas City, 5.
At Minneapolis—St. Paul, 5; Minneapolis, 2.
At Toledo—Toledo, 9; Columbus, 5.
Second game—Toledo, 3; Columbus, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	121	83	38	.686
New York	123	74	49	.602
Chicago	121	71	50	.587
Cincinnati	119	62	57	.521
Brooklyn	119	60	59	.504
Boston	118	49	69	.415
Philadelphia	118	38	74	.339
St. Louis	123	41	82	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	118	77	41	.653
Cleveland	121	67	54	.554
Philadelphia	117	62	55	.530
New York	111	57	54	.514
Detroit	117	59	58	.504
St. Louis	119	56	63	.471
Chicago	118	54	64	.458
Washington	118	37	81	.314

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	122	81	41	.664
Louisville	127	77	50	.573
Milwaukee	124	71	53	.572
Indianapolis	127	68	59	.535
Kansas City	122	61	61	.500
Columbus	127	54	73	.425
Minneapolis	124	45	79	.363
Toledo	127	43	84	.339

WEDDED AT A GRAVE.

Eloping Couple Interrupted a Funeral Service.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8.—Elbowing his way through a crowd of mourners assembled at an open grave in Spring Hill cemetery near Danville, Ill., Samuel Smiley, of Beckwith, this state, stopped the funeral services with an excited request to be married to Mrs. Anna Wagner. Smiley explained to Rev. J. R. Greening, the Methodist minister who was officiating at the funeral that the relatives of the woman were in close pursuit, and asked that the marital knot be tied at once.

Mr. Greening was astounded at the request and looked at Smiley as though he thought him demented. The man insisted that the case was an urgent one and as he spoke he thrust the marriage license into the hand of the surprised clergyman. In the meantime the crowd of mourners had fallen back a few paces from the grave and seeing them giving a tacit consent to the proceedings he glanced at the license and then by the side of the open grave with the coffin which had just been laid into the box in plain view, Smiley and Mrs. Wagner were made one. As the groom led the bride away Mr. Greening resumed the burial service and the little crowd of mourners took their positions again around the grave.

SAN JUAN HERO

Is Charged With Robbing the Mail.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 8.—J. T. Carroll, an intimate friend of President Roosevelt and a former member of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, has been lying in jail here for two weeks pending an investigation by the federal grand jury on the charge of having stolen a mail sack from a railroad crane at Laurel, on Aug. 23.

Carroll is a member of the Order of Railway Conductors and Knights of Pythias and is well connected. While languishing in jail, however, he kept his identity closely concealed, and it was only after Missouri friends had secured his release on bail that he made a statement.

His discharge papers show that he was credited with distinguished services at San Juan Hill and other engagements. He says President Roosevelt gave him $50 one day in Washington, although he told him he was not "broke," the president saying: "It won't hurt you." He claims to be entirely innocent of the charge against him, which was made by Postal Inspector A. R. Rutler, of Portland, Ore.

Your Head
Need Never Ache
IF YOU KNOW
ORANGEINE
(Powders)

The Certain, Prompt, Beneficial Cure for **Bilious, Nervous, Neuralgic, Sick Headaches and Eye Strain.**

"It Hits The Cause."

Millions Use It. Millions Endorse It.

Mr. J. A. Waldron, Managing Editor, **The New York Dramatic Mirror**, says: "From my experience, I predict that the wonders of Orangeine are yet in their infancy."

L. W. LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.,
Distributers.

White Waistings.

Nothing you can purchase for a waist will be more in line with fashion dictates than a white wool waist, we are showing some handsome novelties as well as all the plain weaves 49c, 59c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Gray-Tallant Co

Read's Lansdownes.

A fabric whose popularity never wanes nor whose wearing qualities are ever questioned—light and dark shades and black and white—you should consider it when purchasing your waist—the yard $1.25.



For School.

You are now planning the school dress. We have great quantities of the durable weaves you will demand at 25c, 39c, 50c, 69c and 75c.

You'll Like Our Dress Goods Because of Their Dependable Correctness!

We desire to have you prove our statement of correctness in our showing of dress materials. Consult your latest fashion journals; note what Paris is suggesting, what New York is putting on, then allow us to show you these very fabrics. There is more of the novelty idea in dress goods this fall than there has been for many seasons. These we are sure you will delight in acquainting yourself with, and no one will show them more courteously than our salespeople.

Sangliers Cloth — Another new weave—it combines the desirable qualities of both the etamine and voile weaves—is very neat and is sure to be a favorite—navy, yale blue, green, brown and black—the yard $1.00 and $1.25.

Basket Etamines — A very reliable weave of a medium weight for winter wear—there is a richness about it possessed by very few cloths—brown, blue, red and black—the yard $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Scotch Suitings — the East is making much of this serviceable cloth for street wear—it is always neat and is popular because of its merits — splendid line of blue, brown, gray and green mixtures—$1.50.

Zibelines — the longer this cloth is in fashion the more popular it becomes—never a greater demand for it than there is this season—black and best shades of blue, green, gray and oxfords—the yard, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.

Wool Crepes — heavier than a voile or etamine, but has something of the same effect making it very popular with those desiring a medium weight material—navy, cadet blue, gray, light blue, cream, red, brown and black—95c.

Canadensis — a heavy serge-like material but much more in favor than a serge—there is a difference you will like—is 54 inches wide—black and the very best shades of blue and brown—$1.65.

Tailor Suitings—for the heavy skirts or suits—an assortment you will find pleasure in selecting from — plain and two-toned effects in cadet blue, navy, royal blue, green, brown, tan, light gray and oxford—$1.00 to $2 yard.

Crepe de Chine — for the evening gown—crepe de Chine will be largely worn this season—they deserve their popularity—few fabrics are as dainty yet as durable—splendid assortment of shades—including the champagnes—$1.00 and $1.25.

Bouretted Etamines—This effect is particulary desirable in that it carries the popular etamine effect with an added feature giving a most pleasing effect. Navy, green, brown and black—the yard $1.50.

Bouretted Voile—the plain voile in itself is very handsome but with the bouretted effect its desirability is greatly increased. There is no other material of the voile nature with its durability. Blue and black $1.39 and 50c.

Granite Etamines — a cloth with naught but merit—the weave is unquestionably correct and the granite cloth is without a peer as a durable fabric — blue, brown, green and black—the yard $1.25.

Canvas Mohairs — the lady that abhors a material to which the dust clings will greatly appreciate this fabric — mohairs are growing more popular every day—gray, blue, brown, green, black and mixtures—the yard $1.25

DASTARDLY ASSAULT

On Chicago Man Because He Was Driving Team.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—L. J. Thornton, the proprietor of a warehouse and van company, was assaulted yesterday during the labor parade because he was driving one of his own teams without having a union card in his possession.

Thornton hitched the horses to one of his vans in the morning and took a score of children out to see the parade. He attempted to haul nothing but his guests. For three hours he stood with his wagon at the corner of Jackson boulevard and Clark streets and watched the parade. When he attempted to drive away he was stopped by some of the teamsters in the parade, who asked if he had a union card. He tried to explain that he needed no card, that it was his own team, and that he was doing no hauling. Several hundred men gathered around the wagon and attempted to pull him off. An escort of police enabled him to get several blocks away, when a mob, numbering fully 1000, caught up with him. He whipped up his horses and for nearly a mile he was pursued, when finally the mob cut the harness of his horses into small pieces, beat the animals with canes, compelling them to run away, and then beat Thornton badly. Thornton employs a large number of teamsters, all of whom are members of the union, and has never had any trouble with the organization before.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Seven bodies have been washed ashore between Port Jefferson and Wadin river. It is supposed that they are those of sailors who were lost from a schooner that capsized in the storm of Aug. 25.

Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, fought six rounds Monday night with Kid Carter, of Brooklyn, at the Washington Sporting club at Philadelphia, and the former had much the better of the bout. Carter outpointed Ruhlin in the first four rounds, but in the fifth and sixth Ruhlin's weight began to tell and the Brooklyn man received much punishment.

Two men were killed and one fatally wounded by the wrecking of a train of small dump cars on the Newportage railroad, several miles west of Duncansville, Pa.

Dan Patch went a mile in 2:04, breaking the world's pacing record of 2:04¼ on a half mile track at Lima, O. Time by quarters: :31, 1:01, 1:32½, 2:04.

The Standard Oil company's steamer City of Everett, loaded with 12,000,000 gallons of oil, caught fire from an explosion Monday night, about 11:30 o'clock, and burned at the pier at Port Arthur, Tex. It looks as though it might be a total loss. The boat had cleared for New York.

William Hooper, of the firm of Hooper Bros., brick manufacturers, of Pittsburg, Pa., was shot and perhaps mortally wounded by an Italian employe Monday afternoon, who imagined, it is reported, that Hooper had done him an injury. The Italian was arrested.

Anxious to end domestic troubles, which has caused separation, Charles Brice, 24 years of age, of Washington, Pa., attempted to kill his wife and to take his own life. Mrs. Brice escaped injury but her husband is dying with a bullet wound under the heart.

During a severe wind storm Monday, at Anthony, Kas., Robinson's circus tent was blown down. An immense crowd of people were in the menagerie, and when the poles came down with the canvas, 100 persons were hurt. Price Joyner was probably fatally injured. Animal cages were overturned, some falling on people. None of the animals escaped.

MARRIES LIVERYMAN.

Bristol, Tenn., Sept. 8.—Miss Cloyetta Brownlow, daughter of Congressman W. P. Brownlow, of Jonesboro, Tenn., eloped with Mark E. Pitchett, a liveryman of Jonesboro, and they were married at Bristol. The attentions of Pritchett to Miss Brownlow are said to have been opposed by the congressman, hence the elopement. The young woman was a favorite in Washington society during the past season, when she made her debut.

POPE'S SISTERS

Came From Venice to Visit the New Pontiff.

Rome, Sept. 8.—The three sisters of Pope Pius X, who lived with him at Venice, arrived in Rome yesterday after a separation of about six weeks. A special carriage was provided for them by the railroad company, so that they traveled in a much different way from what they had been accustomed to in the past. They were received immediately by Pius and the reunion was most touching. The sisters tried to kneel, but were prevented from doing so by their brother, who took them in his arms and embraced them.

One sister in a tone of disappointment said: "How well you look, brother. You have not needed us after all."

The pontiff replied: "I am always your Beppie, but I am doing very well here."

An hour was spent in exchanging reminiscences and making plans for the future. The three sisters are now staying in a convent until an apartment at the San Angelo bridge is ready for occupancy.

IS ANGERED THE BEASTS

Animals In Zoo Did Not Enjoy Being Laughed At.

New York, Sept. 8.—The keepers in the Glen Island zoo yesterday tested the effect of laughter on various beasts and birds. The keepers wished to learn if animals are sensitive to ridicule. They stood before the cage in which Jack, the biggest lion, is confined, and laughed as if Mr. Depew were speaking after dinner. The lion flew into a terrible rage, and hurled himself against the steel bars in the attempt to smash the jocular ones and tear to pieces the offenders. The tigers were similarly affected. The puma showed his teeth responsively, but not in a laugh—he snarled angrily and glared at the keepers as if to say: "If I were out there you would laugh on the other side of the face."

When the keepers laughed at the big monkeys, those creatures huddled chattering together in the corners of their cages. A female monkey hid her face in her hands and acted as if made ashamed by the ridicule. The laughter had no appreciable effect on the hippopotamus or the alligator, whose hides are very thick, of course. The cinnamon bear climbed to the top of his tree trunk and looked down disgustedly, as if he would remark: "I'm blessed if I see anything funny."

The elephants trumpeted loudly when they were laughed at, and a parrot used language that might not be printed. The only beast or bird that joined in the laughter was the hyena, and, as usual, he did not know what he was laughing at.

INCUBATOR BABY DEAD.

Suit Begun Against Man Who Struck Mother.

New York, Sept. 8.—Luna Parks, incubator baby, is dead. The baby was born on Wednesday to Mrs. Samuel Gumbrinner. The father of the child began suit in the supreme court on Saturday for $50,000 damages against John Bond, a coal dealer of Rockaway, who Gumbrinner declares struck Mrs. Gumbrinner, causing the premature birth of her child.

When the little one arrived, Dr. W. P. K. Skenck suggested that it be sent to an incubator. This was done. Dr. Martin Couney and his attendants worked night and day to save the life of the smallest child ever known to live more than twenty-four hours.

"Of course the child was not sufficiently developed," said Dr. Couney. "No child weighing less than two pounds when born prematurely was ever known to live. If a post-mortem were to be made on the child it would be seen that his liver, kidneys and possibly his lungs were not fully developed."

Two hours after the death of the Gumbrinner baby another child prematurely born, weighing two pounds, was received at the incubators. It is expected to live.

MOODY MAY RESIGN.

Secretary of the Navy Desires to Retire.

Washington, Sept. 8.—There is a renewal in official circles here of the declaration that Secretary Moody will soon tender his resignation and resume the practice of law.

The intimation comes from high authority. President Roosevelt has been making efforts to retain all his cabinet ministers until after the next election. This purpose has been hindered by the insistence of Secretary Root, who will retire not later than Jan. 1. The action of Mr. Root in refusing to remain at the request of the president affords Mr. Moody an opportunity to resign.

There is an impression here that Secretary Moody is displeased at the action of the president in granting a three years' leave of absence to Lieut. Peary to make another dash for the North Pole after the secretary had refused his request. The president went over Moody's head.

THREATENED PRESIDENT.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 8.—John Miller, a German, was arrested yesterday afternoon at his home, and is charged with having threatened to shoot the president during his stay in this city.

Sunday evening the police learned that a man named Miller, living in the southwestern part of the city, had said that he would shoot the president while the letter carriers' parade was in review. They could find no trace of the man until late yesterday afternoon when he was arrested. He denies that he made threats against the president's life and says a woman, through whom the police learned of him, is lying. When questioned at police headquarters, he was unable to give a clear explanation of his whereabouts since Sunday morning. He is is held pending a more thorough investigation.

Blatz Beer

MILWAUKEE.

In the hot "old summer time" the utmost care should be exercized in the selection of beverages—that's for health!

Honest barley-malt and hops, cleanliness, aging and methods peculiarly original and scientifically perfected, are the composite factors in the brewing of Blatz—the logical summer beverage.

—Always the Same Good Old Blatz.

VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. Milwaukee

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. and Railroad St., Telephone 62.

We Only Advertise

"Commander Flour"

to get people to

TRY IT!

After that

It Speaks for Itself!

Every Package Guaranteed.

All Grocers.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Bad Backs

are found in every household. A back is a bad back when it aches or when it's lame and painful. Bad backs come from sick kidneys and warn you of serious trouble if the kidneys are not relieved.

Backache may not seem serious to you but it's an early symptomatic indication of dangerous diabetes, of dropsy, of Brights disease—Better cure it when it's only backache. Doan's Kidney Pills cure every kidney ill.



Tired Backs

come to those who are forced to overtax them in their daily duties. Ever realize that it isn't really the back that's tired but the kidneys? The kidneys are overworked, become congested, and when they "play out" the back will tell you.

Healthy people have strong backs.

Learn to be healthy through keeping the kidneys active. Doan's Kidney Pills keep the kidneys active, correct and cure infrequent or excessive urinary discharges, painful urination and all bladder and kidney troubles.

Duluth Proof.

Second Street.

F. J. Carr, of 621 Second street west, employed as a checker at the Northern Pacific railroad freight sheds, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone troubled with pains through the loins or in the kidneys. I was bothered on and off for two years with dull, aching pains through the small of my back, especially if I caught cold or strained myself. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended for such troubles, I went to W. A. Abbett's drug store, procured a box and began their use. I felt better after a few doses, in a short time the trouble disappeared entirely, and I have had no return of it since."

East Fourth Street.

C. Coons, conducting a meat market at 104 East Fourth street, says: "For three or four years there was a severe, heavy aching across the small of my back; I did not rest well at night and rose in the morning feeling tired and worn out; the secretion from the kidneys was irregular and highly colored and on standing deposited a heavy sediment. I felt generally run down and no energy or ambition left. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and having heard them highly spoken of, I procured them at the Duluth Drug company and commenced to use them. In a few days I noticed an improvement and the aches and pains soon left me. My appetite became good, I slept well and felt refreshed in the mornings. I began to gain weight, and in fact never felt better in my life."

A TRIAL FREE!

This coupon good for one free trial box of Doan's Kidney Pills. Write plainly Name and Address. Send to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and a free trial will be sent you promptly.

FREE TO READERS.



Name _____

Street and No _____

Place _____

State _____

Duluth Proof.

Third Street.

Mrs. William Lynn, of 120 Third street west, says: "I suffered a great deal for many years with pains through my back and kidneys. Especially if I caught cold or over-exerted myself. I tired very easily and often when working about the house my back hurt me so that I was obliged to sit down and rest myself. I tried many remedies, but could get nothing to relieve the trouble. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store and commenced using them. They acted like a charm and in a few days I was much better. I continued the treatment until the trouble was banished, and since then I have felt splendid.

Second Street.

M. McLean, of 122 Second street east, first mate on the steamship Bon Voyage, says: "There was a constant, dull aching through the small of my back, over the kidneys. The kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular and too frequent in action. I could not rest well nights and was generally run down. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so highly recommended that I concluded to try them and got a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store. They helped me from the very start and soon freed me from all aches and pains and rendered the action of the kidneys healthy and normal."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

RUSH FOR LAND

Fifty-Four Persons In Line at Federal Building, Cold and Wet.

John Desmond First In Line—Many Settlers In Township.

Fifty-four wet and shivering applicants were found grouped about the entrance to the federal building at 6 o'clock this morning, when Receiver Smith of the land office came down to open the dors.

The fifty-four dauntlesss ones were waiting to file on claims in the new township which was opened for settlement at the office this morning.

It is first come first served with the land officials, and each one of the fifty-four was anxious to gain first chance to pick his 160 acres from the 23,000 thrown open to settlement.

The crowd began to assemble about 7 o'clock last evening, and kept gradually growing until 6 o'clock this morning, when Receiver Smith came down and opened the doors. Immediately there was a rush for first place in the line. It was secured by John Desmond, who was given ticket No. 1 by Receiver Smith. The others received tickets numbered according to their place in the line, and dispersed to get breakfast. When they reassembled at the hour for opening of the land office, their applications were taken in the order of the numbers given them. Among the applicants were a party of fifteen from Afton Junction, Iowa.

The township which was thrown open for settlement is known as 58-7. It is situated in Lake county, about twelve miles directly north of Beaver bay, and about fifty miles from Duluth. The Baptism river runs through it. The character of the land varies greatly. Some of it is rough and stony, and practically valueless for either agricultural purposes or for its timber. There are, however, large tracts of good grazing lands, which would make good homesteads, and some valuable timber claims. Traces of iron have been discovered in some parts of the township, and many desire to gain possession of a tract to hold for a speculation.

It is for the timber claims, however, that the majority of the applicants are aiming, and those who have the first chance at the land will probably be able to pick out claims that will be worth considerably more than the price paid for them, $2.50 an acre.

An adjoining township, 58-8, will be thrown open for settlement tomorrow, and the rush of this morning is expected to be surpassed tomorrow, as 58-8 is believed to contain more valuable land than the adjoining township.

One Duluth timber locator is said to have a party of from fifty to sixty applicants whom he has located on the lands in 58-8, and who will be on hand tomorrow morning. The rush tomorrow will recall some of the old days in Duluth when the plat of New Duluth was thrown open for settlement and men were injured in the crush.

"We can dispose of about fifty applications an hour," said Receiver Smith this morning. "Not all who secure tickets file. There may be some 'padding of the line,' and then many find the claims they desire taken by the time their turns come."

Settlers have been in possession of claims in the new townships for five or six years past, and there are in the neighborhood of sixty settlers in the two townships at present, the majority of them being in 58-7. These settlers have a prior right to the land, if they can establish the fact of their settlement, after the opening of the township.

There are still a large number of unsurveyed townships in the Duluth district to be opened for settlement, but the plats have not yet been filed, and it will be several months at least before another chance is given to secure a claim in a new township.

BRINGS OUT WORMS.

Rains Drive Them on to the Walks.

The earth in and about Duluth has taken to giving up a new set of its inhabitants during rain storms.

Almost every warm rain, and some that are not warm, during the summer months in Duluth, brings out a horde of the worms known variously as earth worms, dew worms, angle worms and lumbricus terrestris, according to locality. In some parts of the country they are known as dew worms, in others as angle worms and earth worms, and in the dictionary they are known as lumbricus terrestris.

Of late, however, rains have brought out a new specimen. Slugs in immense quantities have swarmed out upon the walks after rains. This morning thousands of them appeared, to be trampled upon and ground into the walks. They are brownish beasts, an inch or more long, wider in the middle than at the ends, with a pair of horns at the head like those of a snail. In fact, the slug is a very close relative of the land snail.

The presence of these worms on the sidewalks after showers leads to interesting speculations and discussion. A large number of people firmly believe that they come down from the clouds, defying for a time the laws of gravity by maintaining their residence up in the sky somewhere. Others take the view—the correct one, of course—that they are brought out of their earthy homes by the wet.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

APPEARED AND DISAPPEARED

Theodore Shaffer Speaks at Poughkeepsie and Flits Away.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Theodore A. Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Workers, who has been missing from his home in Pittsburg, surprised the labor unions of Poughkeepsie yesterday at the Labor day celebration. He had been announced as the orator of the day, but owing to the published accounts of his disappearance, Herman Robinson, of New York, secretary of the New York Central Labor union, was invited to take his place.

Mr. Robinson was received by the committee and escorted to the Hudson River Driving park, where more than 1000 persons were assembled. Just before Mr. Robinson was introduced, Mr. Shaffer arrived in a cab and made his way to the platform, not recognized by the crowd. He looked pale and showed signs of exhaustion.

After Mr. Robinson's address, President Shaffer was introduced. In a husky voice, he said: "The thing I would most gladly do is to keep still and say nothing. Two years ago I made a mistake by trying to make 13,000 people hear me, and as a result of such efforts I am in a reduced physical condition. Nine months ago I made three speeches in one day and I will not again allow people to use me up in that way."

That was all the reference he made to himself, and he then proceeded with evident difficulty to make a brief speech. When asked to make a statement he said that he was anxious to make one and arranged with the reporters to meet them at the Nelson house at 7 o'clock last night. He was then driven away in company with John Bradley, a prominent local labor man. It was found that he had not been at the Nelson house at all, and a thorough search of the city failed to reveal any trace of either Mr. Shaffer or Mr. Bradley. It is believed that Mr. Shaffer hurried away from the city.

At 4 p. m. daily "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

STANDARD OIL

Accused of Scheming to Ruin Independent Companies at Beaumont.

Pumped Salt Water Into Wells, Destroying Product.

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 8.—The Fort Worth Telegram prints the most startling story that has ever come out of the Beaumont oil fields, and states that its informant is one of the most prominent men of Fort Worth, who returned from Beaumont Sunday. This man declares that the Standard Oil company has perpetrated a most gigantic swindle in the Beaumone fields, and that positively established details are just coming to light.

The independent oil companies of Beaumont are the victims, many of which have been wrecked by the Standard's work.

Recently some of the leading men of the wrecked or injured companies determined to investigate, and in two days they raised $27,000 in money with which to push the work. The developments, it is declared, are simply astounding. It is shown that the numerous wells that were apparently ruined by salt water were put in their bad condition by the Standard Oil company's conspirators.

As fast as a company went to the wall its property was bought in by the trust. By accident, it is claimed, the desperate work of the Standard company was recently discovered.

The Standard Oil company long ago built a pipe line from Beaumont to the gulf of Mexico. A pumping station was erected at Beaumont and another at the gulf. Oil was pumped through the pipe line to the gulf and thence shipped to various parts of the world. Suddenly many wells of the independent companies had salt water in them.

The ruin of the owners is part of the history of the field. One day not long ago one of the pumping stations got out of working order and oil-pumping to the gulf had to be suspended while repairs were being made.

Suddenly wells that had been giving out fully one-half salt water began flowing nothing but oil, good fuel oil, it is declared.

That put the investigation on foot. The investigators secretly at night slugged up the pipe line at the Beaumont end. They drove several miles into the country, dug into the ground over the pipe line, made a tapping into the line, and salt water gushed into the air nearly 100 feet. It is claimed that the pressure was from the gulf pumping station and that salt water was being pumped to Beaumont and into the wells that the Standard company's conspirators desired to wreck. There was no pressure from the Beaumont end, because of the plugging of the pipe.

The informant of the Telegram declares that a force of detectives is now at work in connection with the conspiracy.

IF WE FAIL TO CURE YOUR CATARRH

Of the head, nose, throat, lungs or stomach in any stage the treatment costs you nothing. If you have catarrh and want to be cured, you will find there is only one absolutely known cure for catarrh in America, and that is MEDERINE, the great Blood and Catarrh cure. It acts direct upon the mucous membrane through the blood, opens up the nasal passages, soothes and allays all inflammation of the affected parts, reaches the seat of the disease by filtering, cleansing and purifying the blood. It has revolutionized the treatment and cure of catarrh, and created the greatest sensation in medical circles.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

Price $1.00 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.00. Sent express paid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers. 50c a box.

Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin, complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.

Mederine Remedies are sold and guaranteed by All Druggists in Duluth and Iron Ranges.

Hints To Advertisers

In order to insure the insertion of your ad in The Herald's first, or Range edition, it is necessary to get your copy in the day before.

A disagreeable merchant can make a store as unpleasant as can a scolding wife a home.

Everyone consults The Herald's want page. You couldn't put an ad so small in the want columns that it wouldn't be seen.

White's Sayings: The man who uses "cheap" advertising suffers the same fate as the man who bought the air gun because ammunition was cheap—the bear treed him.

There is no business that can not be benefited by judicious advertising and there is none that may not waste money by poor use of space or the use of poor space.

Mahin's Magazine: A merchant pays premium for the "position" of his place of business. Then why not for the position of his advertisement?

Marshall Field: Courtesy is an abbreviation, a necessity, an indicator, an introduction, a recommendation, a passport, a lesson, an influence, an opportunity, an investment, a peacemaker, and a pleasure.

Advertising World: The average advertiser is prone to grow discouraged and feel his efforts do not yield what they should. This is unfortunate. Many advertising campaigns fall just short of success by the weakness of the man who is the initiative power. If more strength were a characteristic of the man in power there would be surer results and fewer failures. Keep it up to a successful issue and the satisfaction will be the greater.

Good advertising is the fuel of trade.

Some businesses are like steam engines. Many have expert engineers, keen of vision to see the clear track ahead, sagacious to take advantage of every opportunity in making time, i. e., gaining trade. A few are handicapped by worthless engines and others by poor fuel.

Is your engine an eighty-mile-an-hour express or a slow-going freight?

Your speed may be due to the fuel.

Profitable Advertising: Writing headlines for advertisements is an art in itself, and there are very few who are proficient therein. The special province of the headline is to interest the reader—a fact that is frequently overlooked. The average advertisement writer is prone to make his headings "smart" or resonant. This is all very well, providing they also interest and suggest; but smartness and resonance have little advertising value per se. In these days, with an enormous volume of advertising appearing daily, not every advertisement is read. Therefore, the effort of the advertiser must be to secure a reading, and the only way to do it is to tell the reader in the headlines that here is a proposition of interest to him. If he is interested by the headline he will look further; if he isn't he is pretty certain to pass on. Newspapers, recognizing the value of captions, employ men who are specially fitted to write them. Why should it not be a good idea for advertisers to have an expert in the preparation of headlines in the advertising department?

LONG ON THE BENCH.

Judge Mentioned For Governor of Illinois.

Alto Pass, Ill., Sept. 8.—Judge Monroe C. Crawford, of Jonesboro, who is being spoken of as the next Democratic nominee for governor of Illinois, has been in public life nearly half a century. He was admitted to the bar when only 19 years old, after having taken the degree of bachelor of law at the university of Kentucky. He is a native of Illinois and has lived in Union, the banner Democratic county of Illinois, since 1859. He was first elected to public office in 1856 as district attorney for the Southern Illinois district, succeeding John A. Logan, of whom he was a boyhood friend and fellow-student in a law office at Benton, Ill. He served as circuit judge twelve years and has been judge of Union county for twenty years.

In 1884 he was chairman of the state Democratic convention, also of the convention in 1895, and, although not present at the convention of 1896, was unanimously nominated for lieutenant governor. In 1891-92 he was grand master of the F. and A. M. lodge, of Illinois, and was president of the only congress of Masons ever held, which assembled in Chicago during the World's fair.

Regarding his position he says: "I have been a member of the Democratic party all of my voting life. I am a firm believer in its principles and policies. It does not need reorganizing; it is now well organized. Only a few deserted it because they could not control it, and they are now attempting to get back into the party as leaders, but they will not succeed."

Just Ask by Letter

And we will be pleased to send you by mail, prepaid, sample of Rea Bros.' Cascarin. It is an ideal liquid laxative for children, grown people and everyone. Cures after all others have failed. We know what Rea Bros.' Cascarin will do. It has cured thousands. Sold at druggists, price, 50 cents per bottle.

M'CHESNEY WINS RACE

Western Runner Takes Twin City Handicap at Sheepshead.

New York, Sept. 8.—E. E. Smather's McChesney, the pride of the West, won the Twin City handicap at Sheepshead Bay yesterday. McChesney was always a warm favorite, closing at 2 to 1. He equalled the track record for one and a quarter miles, made by Water Boy, July 2, this year, by covering the distance in 2:03¾. E. R. Thomas' Hermis, paying 8 to 5, was second, with the ousider, His Eminence, third.

The demonstration tendered McChesney as he flashed under the wire was probably the heartiest that has ever greeted a winner on the Eastern turf. The cheering began before McChesney had finished and continued until Fuller eased up his mount on the paddock turn.

Upon his return to the scales it was renewed, 40,000 persons joining in the cheering, while hats, canes, handkerchiefs and umbrellas were thrown in the air.

Although McChesney has only started twice in the East, his first attemut, while unsuccessful, was really a good performance and on the strength of that race he was made the favorite yesterday.

As the horses were at the post Smathers' money began to show itself. Smather's commissioners were busy and it is estimated he cleaned up something over $50,000.

The Twin City handicap is only a $3500 stake, but with McChesney and Hermis carded as starters, it drew one of the biggest crowds on a race track this year.

There were only a few moments delay at the post and they were off to a good start. McChesney was first to show, but Odom on Hermis immediately sent his mount to the front and making the paddock turn, opened up a gap of two lengths with Injunction second, the cry went up "Hermis is beaten." At the half-mile pole Hermis had increased the lead to four lengths and was going very easily. Injunction was second, a head in front of "Big Mac." Coming to the three-quarter pole Hermis was still leading, but here Fuller, on McChesney, began to make his run and quickly disposing of Injunction, set sail for Hermis. Ronding the far turn, McChesney slowly closed the gap between him and the leader and three furlongs from the finish he was right beside Hermis and gaining at every stride.

As the pair swung into the stretch the cry went up 'Hermis is beaten." At this point Fuller drew his whip and shaking it at McChesney, the Smather horse drew away and won easily by one and a half lengths. Hermis had to be ridden out to secure the place from His Eminence.

The Coney Island Jockey club yesterday announced that it would add $500 to the Omnium handicap to be run Wednesday, Sept. 9, McChesney and Water Boy to start, each carrying 134 pounds.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HARMLESS RHYME

Was the Cause of a Young Illinois Girl's Suicide.

Father's Rebuke Because of Sentimental Letter From Boy.

Lebanon, Ill., Sept. 8.—The body of pretty, unhappy Elsie Ducket, into whose life came far more of tragedy than a girl of 16 should know, was buried in College Hill cemetery, just back of McKendree college.

Among the pallbearers was William Croffley, of Bennett's Pit, whose boyish letter, ending with a quotation that was harmlessly, although perhaps foolishly sentimental, led to the censure from her father, after which she hanged herself.

"As long as the vine runs 'round the stump
Ill be your darling sugar lump."

Thus had the boy written at the end of a letter which contained his acknowledgment of her consent to an early visit from him. In her letter she had quoted:

"Rose's red and violet's blue—
Sugar's sweet and so are you."

Old quotations, both of them, and familiar to generations of boys and girls in all sections, whether rural or urban; but never, perhaps, the cause of suicide before this time.

When Croffley's letter reached the home of Jacob Ducket, Elsie was at work in the cornfield with her brother Elmer. She was cutting corn; for violent deaths had been the fate of three of her brothers, and she often did a boy's work about the farm. Her father and younger brother, Jacob, were in another part of the field, close to where the rural mail carrier left the letters that came to the family.

When young Jacob took the mail he told his father that one of the letters was from a boy and that it was for Elsie. The father ordered him to open and read it.

When the boy's voice repeated the quotation at the end, the father's anger broke forth. He firmly declared that he was going to "stop that foolishness," and straightway went to where Elsie was working, commanding her to refuse to see Croffley again, and to stop writing to or receiving letters from him.

The daughter said little, but her eyes filled with tears. She continued listlessly to cut corn. After a while she complained that her knife was dull, and said that she would go to a grindstone at the back of the house to sharpen it. She went alone.

An hour later, when she had not returned, her brother Elmer went to the barn. He found her body hanging from a rope about her neck. She was quite dead.

Dr. Vaine, acting for the coroner, held an inquest, and made a thorough investigation into the circumstances of her death. The parents, the brothers, young Croffley and various young people of her acquaintance were examined. Their testimony showed that there was nothing more than a casual friendship between her and Croffley, who was a friend of her brother Elmer, and that their correspondence began when Croffley wrote her a note asking if Elmer was still in Troy. Croffley says he thought perhaps Elmer might help him get a position there.

Elsie answered the note; there was another one in which he told her he was coming to the farm Sunday; her reply to this was an expression of welcome and the quotation; it was his answer that led to the censure and the suicide.

It developed that Elsie had been strangely affected by the deaths of her brothers, two of whom died within the past eighteen months. Walter, 9 years old, was accidentally shot by a negro with whom he was hunting, the negro failing and his gun being discharged; Raymond, 6 years old, died of lockjaw; another brother was drowned about two years before.

Elsie brooded deeply over these tragedies and seldom went to parties or picnics. She helped faithfully about the house, both at the housework and in the field. She had no beaus, and, seemingly, took little interest in the fact that she was admired for her beauty and grace by most of the boys and young men of the neighborhood. It did not develop that, aside from the childishly sentimental quotations in her letter to Croffley, she had ever given any of them encouragement to regard her as a sweetheart.

Croffley said he had gone to see her father as soon as he heard of Elsie's death and asked him what fault he found with the letter. Mr. Ducket, still stunned by the unexpected action of his daughter, told him that there was none, and that he only meant to advise the girl against sentimental thoughts until she was older. Croffley's friends say he was entirely blameless in the matter. He is deeply affected and wept at the grave.

The family and friends of the girl attribute her suicide to the fact that her grief over the death of her brothers had made her strangely sensitive, and that the criticisms of her father upon the letter from Croffley were greatly exaggerated as to their meaning in her mind.

BATTLE FOR LITTLE ONES

Ill Health of Mother Threatens to End Long Struggle.

Denver, Col., Sept. 8.—With failing health and a family of young children on her hands, Mrs. Martha Hershey, a German woman, finds herself confronting the world.

The habitation of this poor woman cannot be called a home by anyone but those who live there, for it is so humble. A few knotty poles over which is stretched a torn and weather-beaten rag that once was a tent is the only shelter the mother and her five children have to protect them. There is no floor under the tent, and the only pieces of furniture it contains are a wooden bedstead and a cot without bedding of any kind. Outside is a broken chair and a battered old trunk, and off to one side to a sort of pen is a cook-stove, where the family's meals are prepared.

The place is located out on the prairie not far from Riverside. Here this woman has struggled for existence for several years and bravely met adversity for the sake of her children. Never, while she had her health and could work, did hunger come to the little ones, but when continued exposure to the elements began to tell upon her and sickness interfered with her earnings, many a time she had nothing to give them when the children asked. And what makes it all the worse is that two of the children are sick. One of them, the oldest, who is about 15, has weak lungs and liver trouble. The only other one that is old enough to work takes care of a lawn, for which he receives a small sum each month, and which is the sole support of the family.

The children are all pleasant-faced and honest. The nearest neighbors say they are all exemplary boys and never steal, although in the direst need, nor will they beg.

The mother is afraid to ask charity from the county, saying that if she did so the authorities might take her boys away from her, and she had rather undergo any trial than that.

"Do not tell the authorities," she said to a caller. "They will take my children away and I will die. I will not live without my children. Six years we have lived, and some way we will live."

Such is the faith and love of a woman whose only clothing is a skirt and a waist.

The youngest child, a boy of 7, has as a companion a little puppy which some of the more practical of Mrs. Hershey's acquaintances regard as a luxury which the family can ill afford, but a kind woman who saw the pleasure the little fellow received from the companionship of the dog has offered to pay for the dog's keep and his license, too, if there be a collector in all the city who is mean enough to demand it.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

NEAR UNTO DEATH

Phase of Life at Cable Station In Pacific Ocean.

Courage of Native Boatmen Saved the Exiled Heroes.

Honolulu, T. H., Sept. 8—The completion of the Pacific commercial cable without serious mishap has been heralded abroad, congratulations exchanged, and the operations of the line begun with such complete freedom from untoward incident that already the civilized world has come to look upon the exchange of trans-Pacific messages as an everyday, commonplace affair. So far as the outside world has known, this great enterprise has been carried out without extraordinary danger to workmen and devoid of unusual interest.

Occasional mention, a passing thought is sometimes given the operators on the far-away sandpits of the Pacific, who keep a lonely vigil on specks of land that rise hardly above the level of the boundless ocean They have been quick to respond to the demand of business and commerce, but slow to recount their own trials and the dangers they have faced.

From far-off Fanning island comes a story of heroism and a life and death struggle with the winds and waves which, but for the timely and brave action of James Greig and his little band of native boatmen, would have resulted in a tragedy as great as any in the annals of the South Pacific.

The Fanning island station of the Pacific is possibly one of the most pleasant of the sand island landing places of the cable. The operators there at least have near neighbors in the Greig family, who, with the native workmen of a cocoa plantation, make up the population of the island.

While the first congratulatory messages were being flashed over the cable on the Fourth of July a band of Fanning island cable station men were battling for their lives in the gale that was blowing over the island.

Early in the morning on that day a number of operators with native helpers were at work on the big lighter used to transport goods and equipment from passing steamers to the station. The cable ship Iris was expected at any time, and the men yere busy making ready for prompt transhipment of supplies she was to bring. The rising gale caught the craft and steadily swept it to sea with its band of operators and natives. Seeing the plight of the men in the lighter, assistance was sent them from the shore in a small whaleboat. This boat as well became unmanageable, and the rising storm made the position of the men a most dangerous one.

James Greig, whose home is some five miles from the cable station, first knew of the predicament when, about 2 o'clock in the morning, he was surprised while sitting on his veranda talking with his brother and Mr. Cuthbert, of the cable force, by the arrival of a native messenger, who announced the difficulty into which the men on board the lighter had run, and called for assistance.

The first messenger had hardly completed his story when a second runner arrived and told of the dispatching of the whaleboat, which was now drifting to sea with those whom it had gone to aid. The seams of the lighter had opened, and the occupants were in imminent danger from drowning, to say nothing of the horrors of being swept beyond human aid by the fury of the gale.

The whaleboat, with eight men on board, had given up the impossible task of saving the lighter and were attempting to return to shore. Their boat could be seen as a speck on the horiozn, and from the action of the men it was feared that they had become exhausted and were at the complete mercy of the waves.

Immediately plans were discussed for the rescue. Greig, from his long life on the island, too well knew the danger which the drifting craft faced and was not unmindful of the dangers which must be met in accomplishing their rescue. Finally summoning the hardiest and most competent boatmen, James Greig launched his largest longboat and set out on his life-saving mission. Extra sails, three days' rations, compass and everything necessary for a long trip at sea were placed in the boat and within half an hour from the time the call came Greig and six husky Kanaka boatmen were hastening on their errand of mercy.

In half an hour they reached the cable station, where further information was given them on the drifting craft. Both were now out of sight below the horizon. When last seen through powerful glasses they were drfting in a westerly direction.

James Greig, in relating the story on his recent arrival in Honolulu, said: "Setting out from the cable station, we sailed directly with the wind, believing that we could thus most quickly locate the boats. We had sailed a long time—I did not keep the exact time, but we were out of sight of land and could only see the tree tops of the island palms—when we suddenly came upon a small skiff containing two white men of the cable station force. They were Mr. Toppings, senior operator, and Mr. Wallum, the battery man.

"They were both very much exhausted when we took them into our boat. We promptly set our boat adrift and continued on our way, assisted by their direction in locating the other boat. They told us that the natives had gone out to the whaleboat in the skiff and had succeeded in reaching it, but in such an exhausted condition that they could render no assistance. They had, therefore, changed places with the natives and attempted to keep the two boats together. The fury of the waves soon threatened to swamp both craft, and they had separated, the wind soon taking the whaleboat out of sight.

"The gale was increasing, we were out of sight of land and night was coming in. Our boat was a staunch one, and had we been on a less important mission we would gladly have turned to shore for safety. We kept on. The natives well knew the danger, but not one of them showed the white feather or suggested that we should return. We continued to sail with the wind, keeping a sharp lookout for any sign of a whaleboat as our craft rose on the crest of each tremendous wave. Our hopes for success were steadily growing less when one of the men spied a speck on the horizon that had something the appearance of a sail. We no longer thought of danger or of turning back. We made for the sail or signal flag or whatever it might be as fast as the wind could carry us.

"It was a long chase, but before dark we had made out the whaleboat and were as close alongside as safety for the boats would allow. The sorry spectacle that met our eyes is one I shall never forget.

"The majority of the occupants of the boat were completely exhausted. They were lying in the bottom in a state of semi-consciousness, having given up hope and become indifferent to their fate. There was but one man of the whole crew of eight able to move. He had tied his shirt to an oar and raised it at the side of the boat.

"That was the signal we had seen and which unquestionably saved the lives of the boat crew. We handed out our restoratives and soon the men were able to take care of themselves. Our arrival was particularly timely, for the way the sea was running it could only be a matter of a few hours when their boat would be overturned and all the men drowned.

"They told us that the whaleboat had succeeded in reaching the lighter which had been set adrift. With the additional load in the boat they were unable to make headway toward the shore and had finally given up with the expenditure of the last ounce of energy.

"We now had to devote our whole attention to our own safety. For a time we tried to tow the whaleboat, but this gave promise of dragging both boats down. We took the men aboard and with sixteen human beings that weight down the boat we were by no means in an enviable position. The sail was taken in and my native boys manned the oars for the long pull back to the cable station. It was a hard fight with the elements, but it was successful. At 10 o'clock that night we landed on the beach at the station and were met by the full force remaining and the natives, who, with shouts of thanksgiving, pulled our boat through the breakers.

"I have had many experiences during my lifetime on Fanning's Island, but have never come in contact with such a close call as that which the cable people had."

Greig says it was luck that saved the cable men, but the boys at the station have a very different story to tell, and it is certain that the bravery of James Greig and his band of natives will not soon be forgotten by the cable operators at Fanning.

FATHER'S PARDON

Asked By Girl From Governor of Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 8.—Application has been made to Governor Bailey for the parole of Henry N. Schell, who is serving a two-year term in the penitentiary for killing a man while he was marshal of Goodland. Schell killed John Frazier, a railroad fireman, and has served about half his term. Frazier had created a disturbance in the streets of Goodland, and when the marshal tried to arrest him he resisted and was killed.

The application for parole was made by Eva Schell, the eldest one of a family of seven children left by Schell. The girl's mother died soon after the father was sentenced, and the young woman has taken upon herself the duty of rearing the six children, the youngest of whom is only 3 years old.

To support the children Miss Schell has been driving a mail route from Goodland to Kirby. Every day she makes the trip and carries the youngest child with her. She told her story and laid no emphasis on the manner in which she has struggled to keep the family together since the father was sent to the penitentiary. The governor was much impressed with the story.



Miss Alice M. Smith, of So. Minneapolis, Minn., tells how woman's monthly suffering is permanently relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I have never before given my endorsement for any medicine, but **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has added so much to my life and happiness that I feel like making an exception in this case. For two years every month I would have two days of severe pain and could find no relief, but one day while visiting a friend I ran across **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,**—she had used it with the best results and advised me to try it. I found that it worked wonders with me; I now experience no pain, and only had to use a few bottles to bring about this wonderful change."—Miss Alice M. Smith, 804 Third Ave., South Minneapolis, Minn. —*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Many women suffer silently and see their best gifts fade away. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes the entire female organism healthy.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham will give every ailing woman expert advice entirely free. She has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

TALE OF WOE BY A POSTMAM

Wife Sold the Bed and He Wants a Divorce.

Denver, Col., Sept. 8.—Walter Hayden, a city mail carrier, filed suit in the district court for divorce from his wife, Emma Hayden. The complaint was filed by Attorney R. D. Rees and contains eighteen separate allegations of cruelty. From the sworn statements made by Hayden he must have been a patient and long-suffering man.

The complaint starts out on the eighteen counts with the allegation that "the defendant has done everything in her power to ruin the happiness and blight the life of the plaintiff, and to render him as miserable as possible at all times."

Then the plaintiff says that he bought three homes for the defendant, besides building her a home. She refused to live in any of these more than a short time. The first house she claimed was too small for her needs, and in order to secure peace and quiet Hayden says that he purchased a second. This one failed to please because the wife claimed it was too cold and uncomfortable. Again Hayden went out to look for another home. He found a house which he thought his wife would like. They moved into it and then came the complaint that it was too close to the houses on either side. The husband now decided to build a home at 116 South Grant avenue. He lives there now, but his wife has left him four times, being dissatisfied with the home and husband. On each of these occasions the complaint says that the young woman went to her mother, who, he says, harbors a malicious hatred for her son-in-law.

Again, the wife has refused to cook meals for her husband and, according to his story, ever since their marriage has forced him to carry a cold lunch to his work, stating that he had no business to spend money for a warm lunch down town. At night when he came home he complained that he was again forced to digest a cold meal because his wife would not cook for him. This, he says, has had a serious effect upon his health.

For years Hayden has not had any of his friends at his house because of the threat of his wife that if he brought them there she "would make it warm for them." Threats against his life have been made, and on one occasion, when the family was living at 1203 Pennsylvania street, Mrs. Hayden threw a tablespoon at her husband, which caught him on the cheek and inflicted a painful wound. For days at a time she has refused to speak to him. But the crowning offense of all is the complaint that she has frequently charged him with infidelity, when, Hayden claims, such charges were to her own knowledge, untrue.

The couple have one child, 3 years old. It is this child which has caused Hayden to exhibit so much patience. Each time his wife went away from him he entreated her to come back to their home because of the child. Hayden says that he is willing to give up property and every comfort for his child, but she has been taken away from his home by her mother. Immediately after the birth of the child Mrs. Hayden is said to have sold the bed in which she and her husband had slept for years, saying that she would no longer sleep with the plaintiff. Since that time, for a period of three years, he has been forced to sleep upon a lounge in all kinds of weather, and this is also said to have had its effect upon his health.

CAPT. JOHN R. RANDALL

Attended Reunion of His Old Michigan Regiment.

The old Eighteenth Michigan volunteer infantry held their thirty-sixth annual reunion at Adrian, Mich., last week. The reunion was attended by Capt. J. R. Randall, of Duluth, and he met his old comrades in arms for the first time in thirty-nine years and had a very enjoyable time renewing old acquaintances. He was captain of Company F, and was the youngest captain in the regiment, being only 22 when commissioned. Capt. Randall was called upon to speak at the reunion, and the Adrian Press reports his remarks as follows:

Capt. John Randall, of Duluth, Minn., who attended his first reunion, was warmly greeted. He said that he probably was one of those boys who had a little of the spirit of devilry in them. In fact, he had so much of it he expected the grand bounce, and one day when he was summoned to Col. Spalding's headuaqrters he was sure the time had come for him to pull off his lieutenant's straps. He reported and was dumbfounded to hear Spalding say: "Liuetenant, I want you to be captain of Company F." I was only able to say, "I will do my best." I have not met you in thirty-nine years and many supposed me dead, but I am a very lively corpse. I hope to shake hands with every one of my old comrades. I am pleased with the reunion, and with the cordial greeting given by the citizens, and am glad I came.

La Belle Creole

10¢ EVERYWHERE)



A Rare Blend of Mild Tobacco

Save the Bands

Merchants, Take Notice

The dark corners are full of money.

Every inch of dark space around your place represents a loss. Rent for the dark corners costs just as much as for the light ones. Light is the cheapest thing in the world, whether it is sunlight or artificial light, and the best and in the end the cheapest is electric light. Turn on your light and increase your sales immediately.

We are prepared TO and WILL furnish you with electric light so cheap that you can afford to light ALL of your store, so that you can exhibit all of your goods.

The Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart Vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Restores small, undeveloped parts. If a function lost get despondent, a cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 cents. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



Photographed from Life. 1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Traynor Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

PUTTING ON THE WEDDING RING

is a serious step.

It is more so to those whose nerves are weak from any cause.

Good health is a guarantee of married bliss.

Don't marry until your nerves are charged with the proper magnetism and vigor.

Take

PALMO TABLETS

They will do more for debilitated people, old or young, than anything else.

They feed the hungry nerves, and assist nature's vital forces for a lifetime of health and happiness.

Price, 50 cents, 12 for $5.00. Book free. Address, The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

TO WEAK AND NERVOUS MEN

THERE IS BUT ONE CURE FOR DISEASES

NERVO TABLETS

No mistake about this; no experimenting. Thousands afflicted with **Lost Vitality, Failing Health, Despondency, Sleeplessness, quickly relieved and cured,** when doctors' prescriptions and other remedies failed. **Nervo-Tablets** are sent prepaid in plain wrapper, **50c. a box** or 12 for $5, with guarantee cure or money refunded. Write for illustrated book, **"Man's Most Priceless Jewel of Happiness"** mailed in sealed wrapper free. SANDMAN MEDICINE CO., Duluth, Minn. P.O. Box 127. Write today and be Cured. Nervo-Tablets are for sale and guaranteed only by

LYCEUM PHARMACY, DULUTH.



Every Woman

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MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

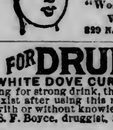
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed—giving full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.

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FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Safe From Summer Complaints



All mammas, and papas too for that matter, dread the heat of summer with it's danger for the little folks, especially the babies. It is simply heart-breaking to read year after year about the great death rate among children caused by the summer's heat. Yet it is easy to protect the infants against all summer complaints, because we know that all these fearful perils have their beginning in stomach and bowel troubles, and we have a perfect family medicine that will keep the delicate machinery in a child's body clean, regular and in healthy working order in the hottest weather—CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. The plump, bouncing, crowing baby shown here is a CASCARET baby. He feels that way winter and summer. Nursing mammas take a CASCARET at bedtime, and it makes their mother's milk mildly purgative and keeps the baby *just right*. Older children like to take the fragrant, sweet little candy tablet, and are safe from colic, gripes, diarrhoea, summer rash, prickly heat and all the mean troubles that summer brings with it.

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Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 553

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 25, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Anna Stang, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Charles H. Stang, administrator of the estate of Anna Stang, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 21st day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of August, 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 25, Sept. 1-8, 1903.

WHEAT IS LOWER

Freer Offerings of Spring Wheat Bring Decline In Price.

Wet Weather Prevents a Sharper Break—Flax Slightly Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 8.—The wheat market broke this morning but the opinion was general that the decline was not nearly so much as it would have been had the weather continued fine in the spring wheat states. Saturday the offerings of wheat were very heavy and about 300,000 bushels or more were sold here. Reports from the country were that the marketings were record-breaking in volume. Sunday and Monday, however, brought rains and these stopped the movement and will have the effect of delaying threshing for a few days which will again curtail the marketing. The weather was better today and the forecast was favorable.

Foreign markets continue steady, Liverpool and Antwerp being unchanged and Paris 2c higher. The weather in England since Friday has been unsettled and unfavorable to the harvesting of the crop and in France and Germany it has been good.

The foreign demand shows very little improvement and the seaboard today only reported five loads worked for export.

The decline was sharper in the Duluth market than any other, September falling off ⅞c and December ⅝c. In Minneapolis September fell ¾c and December ½-⅝c. Chicago September fell ⅝-¾c and December ½-⅝c. New York lost ⅝c for September and ½c for December.

The world's shipments of wheat last week were 8,964,000 bus., against 8,070,000 bus., the previous week and 11,276,000 bus., last year. Of this week's shipments America furnished 3,132,000 bus., Russia 2,248,000 bus., Argentine 455,000 bus., India, 1,168,000., Danube 1,960,000 bus. The amount on passage decreased 1,488,000 bus.

The visible supply last week increased 147,000 bus., and is now 13,350,000 bus., against 21,421,000 bus., last year.

Primary receipts were 2,245,000 bus., last year 1,325,000 bus. Shipments 175,000 bus., last year 625,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 641,000 bus. for four days.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 1541 cars, and at Chicago 400—a total of 1941 cars, against 1215 last year.

The world's shipments of corn last week were 5,481,000 bus. against 5,529,000 bus. the previous week and 2,357,000 bus. last year. America shipped 869,000 bus., Russia, 240,000 bus., Danube 461,000 bus. and Argentine 3,908,000 bus.

The amount on passage increased 756,000 bus. The visible supply last week increased 559,000 bus. and is now 6,447,000 bus., against 2,523,000 bus., last year. Primary receipts were 1,384,000 bus., last year 269,000 bus. Shipments 339,000 bus., last year 199,000 bus. Clearances were 125,000 bus.

Trading in wheat was very active. September opened unchanged at 83c, sold at 83¼c at 9:31 and fell to 82½c at 9:35. After that it held at 82½c and 82⅝c up to about the noon hour. It advanced to 82¾c at 12:15 and then fell off steadily to the close which was at 82⅛c, which was ⅞c below Friday. December opened unchanged at 80½c and that was its high point, the low being the close, 79⅞c, ⅝c below Friday.

Cash sales were 250,000 bushels. Prices were re-adjusted somewhat this morning. For No. 1 northern to arrive by Sept. 15, 1 cent over September is paid and to arrive by Sept. 20, ½c over.

Flax was quiet and slightly firmer, October and November advancing ¼c.

Oats fell off ½c and rye ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat: Old, No. 1 hard, 85⅛c; No. 1 northern, 85⅛c. New, No. 1 hard to arrive, 83⅛c; No. 1 northern, 82⅞c; No. 2 northern, 80⅛c. New, No. 1 northern, on track, 83⅛c; No. 2 northern, 81⅛c. Macaroni, No. 1, 60c; No. 2, 55c; September, 82⅛c; December, 79⅞c; May, 83c. Flax, in store, 99⅝c; on track, 99¾c; to arrive, 99⅜c; September, 99⅜c; October, 99⅜c; November, $1.00; December, $1.00; May, $1.0-½. Oats, on track, 36c; to arrive, 36c; to arrive in September, 36c. Rye, on track, 53½c; to arrive, 53½c; to arrive in September, 53½c. Barley, 40@57c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 274, last year, 838; oats, 27; rye, 33; barley, 172; flax, 25 last year, 132.

Receipts—Wheat, 16,796; oats, 10,197; rye, 8597; barley, 19,326; flax, 5902.

Shipments—Wheat, 28,754; barley, 12,810; flax, 117,114.

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Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.85
No. 1 northern, 8000 bus. to arrive in September	83¼
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus. to arrive September 15	84¼
No. 1 northern, 6 cars	81¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	83⅝
No. 1 northern, 36 cars	84
No. 1 northern, 4000 bus	83⅝
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus	83½
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	83½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	83¾
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus. to arrive September 15	83⅜
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	82½
No. 2 northern, 11 cars	81¾
No. 2 northern, 21 cars	81½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	81⅝
No. 2 northern, 11 cars	82
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	82¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	80¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	80½
Rejected, 4 cars	79½
Rejected, 1 car	80
No grade, 3 cars	81
No grade, 3 cars	80½
No grade, 1 car	80¼
Rye, 1 car	53¾
Barley, 3 cars	50½
Barley, 1 car no grade	41
Barley, 10 cars	52
Barley, 2 cars	50
Barley, 2 cars	48
Barley, 2 cars	53
Barley, 1 car	51½
Barley, 1 car	52½
Barley, 1 car	44
Barley, 1 car	45
Flax, 3 cars, in store	99½
Flax, 3 cars, in store	99⅝
Flax, 1 car, rejected	97½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Strong on Wet Weather Reports.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Wheat opened strong with wet weather in the Northwest as the leading influence. December was ⅛c to ¼c higher at 82½c to 82⅝c. There was a good deal of September and December for sale and the latter weakened to 82⅛@¼c. Duluth and Minneapolis reported receipts of 1541 cars for the last four days, which with local receipts of 400 cars, 19 of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 1941 cars, against 180 for Monday last week and 1215 a year ago.

The weakness that soon became apparent in the corn pit, had a marked influence upon wheat values, and with little rallying power prices continued to decline, the close being weak at the bottom, with December ½@⅝c lower than Friday's closing figure at 81¾@⅞c. Business was dull and of moderate volume.

Weather in the corn belt was reported excellent and the market opened weak, with December ¼c to ½c lower at 51¾c to 52c. The month suffered a further loss on general selling, dropping to 51⅜c to 51⅛c. Receipts for last four days 158 cars, 94 contract.

The market became weaker with little reassuring news, December declining to 50⅞c and closed with a loss of ¼c from Friday's close at 51c.

Oats opened steady to a trifle easier. December started at 37⅛c to 37⅝c, weakened to 37⅛@¼c in sympathy with corn, and held steady at about the latter prices. Movement was rather small. Receipts, for last four days 415 cars.

Provisions were quiet but firm. October pork opened 12½c higher, at $12.85. A fair demand for September lard, with very little for sale, caused an improvement in that option of 2½ to 10c opening at $8.80 to $8.87½. October ribs were 2½ to 5c better at $8.17½ to $8.20.

Close: Wheat, Sept. 80@⅛c; old, 80⅛c; December, 81¾@⅞c; old, 81⅞c; May, 84@¼c. Corn—Sept. 51c; December 51c; May 51c. Oats—September 35¾c; December, 37@⅛c; May, 38⅜c. Pork—September, $12.70; October, $12.87½; July, $13.10; May, $13.15. Lard—September, $8.95; October, $7.95; November, $7.50; January, $7.12½; December, $7.20. Ribs—September, $8.27½; October, $8.37½@8.40; January, $6.80; May, $6.95. Rye—September, 54½c; December, 56c; May, 58c. Flax—cash, Northwestern, $1.00; Southwestern, 94½c; September, 94½c; October, 96c; May, $1.03. Timothy—cash, $2.65@3.10; September, $3.26; October, $3.05; January, $3.22½. Barley—cash, 45@59c. Clover—cash, $9.15; October, $9.00. Cash wheat—2 red, 82¾c; 3 red, 80½@82c; 2 hard winter, 80@82c; 3 hard winter, 76@82c; 1 northern spring blank; 2 northern spring, 85@88c; 3 spring, 83@88c. Corn—2, 51½@¾c; 3, 51½@¾c. Oats—2, 34c; 3, 23½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market about ⅝ lower. Cables steady to firm, Paris being sharply higher. The cash demand is good wherever new wheat is moving except in this market. The price here suffers both on speculative dullness and on the continued lack of export demand. The weakness in corn was also a depressing factor. Speculators both here and Europe are evidently not contributing at all to the strength of the market. In their conception the price modifies their views of the future outlook. If the conditions of supply and demand, both present and prospective are as we see them, these views will have to change. We are unable to see anything attractive in the short side.

Corn—Market is heavy and sharply lower. The frosts which the bears feared and the bulls hoped for did not materialize. The weekly government report was rather bearish. These items made a good deal of selling pressure and cost the market about one and half cent per bushel in price. It is still a weather market. The weather through the west today is not favorable. The best informed people still disagree as to conditions and outlook. One thing, however, all agree upon and that is that good weather and absence of frost for some weeks are absolutely necessary. The cash situation is slow.

Oats—Market easier and about half cent lower. The weakness in corn was probably the principal depressing factor. There was no change in the cash situation, the receipts being moderate and demand good.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago.—The motive in wheat is going to be the Northwestern weather. They have had and are still having rain enough to do a lot of damage. The grade of this wheat will be considerably affected. Threshing and shipments delayed, this is likely to have some effect on their September contract. It would have more effect on ours if there was a better shipping demand. Southwestern weather has been better. Export demand continues moderate, better weather in France and Germany has greatly altered the situation in those countries.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

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MEMBERS:
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Liberal Advances.
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We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away

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If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.
General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office—220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 8.—Close: Wheat—December, 87½c; May, 88⅛c. Corn—December, 57¾c; May, 57c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—Close: Wheat—December, 80@⅛c; May, 82½@⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 85⅛c; No. 1 northern, 84⅛c; No. 2 northern, 82⅜@⅞c; No. 2 northern, 80½@81⅛c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	83¼	83	80¾-⅞	88
High	83¼	83⅛	80⅞	88
Low	82⅛B	82½	80	87⅜
Close	82⅛B	82⅝	80-⅛N	87⅜
Close, 4th	83	82⅞	80⅞	87¾
December—				
Open	80½	80⅞	82½-⅝	88¼
High	80½	81	82⅝	88¼
Low	79⅞B	80-⅛	81⅝	87½-⅝
Close	79⅞B	80-⅛	81¾-⅞	87⅞
Close, 4th	80½	80⅞	82⅜	88

	September— Close. Aug. 8.	Close. Aug. 4.	December— Close. Aug. 8.	Close. Aug. 4.
St. Louis	81⅛	....	85⅜	....

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	37⅛@37⅝	52@51¾	$12.87
High	37⅝	52	12.87
Low	37	50⅞	12.89
Close	37-⅛	51	12.87

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth Saturday, Sept. 5, 1903:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	9,659
No. 1 northern	2,339
No. 2 northern	11,222
No grade	18,996
Rejected	249
Special bin	150,848
Macaroni	1,155
Total	192,468
Increase during week	33,714
Stocks last year	548,371
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn (unchanged)	1,245
Oats	53,507
Increase	33,183
Rye	107,212
Increase	17,611
Barley	597,345
Increase	267,328
Flax	1,082,681
Decrease	195,297

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 8.—Close: Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red Western winter, steady, 6s 3d; No. 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures, quiet; September, 6s 6¼d; October, 6s 6⅛d; December, 6s 6¾c. Corn—Spot American mixed steady, 4s 7d; futures, quiet; September, 4s 6⅞d; October, 4s 6⅞d.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Tuesday, Sept. 8, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max*	Tempera're Min**	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	74	54	.56
Campbell	Clear	74	54	1.34
Crookston	Cloudy	68	54	1.94
Detroit City	Cloudy	68	54	1.69
Grand Meadow	Clear	80	56	.30
Minneapolis	Clear	76	56	.25
Montevideo	Cloudy	78	48	.98
New Ulm	Cloudy	78	52	.86
Park Rapids	Cloudy	66	54	1.42
Winnebago City	Clear	78	52	.64
Devils Lake	Pt cldy	64	46	.01
Langdon	Clear	62	44	.10
Larimore	Cloudy	64	50	.36
Pembina	Cloudy	60	48	1.31
Aberdeen	Pt cldy	74	48	.40
Millbank	Cloudy	76	54	.24
Mitchell	Clear	82	48	.70
Bismarck	Pt cldy	72	50	.0
Duluth	Rain	64	52	.68
Huron	Pt cldy	72	46	.26
La Crosse	Pt cldy	80	62	.36
Moorhead	Cloudy	86	54	.32
Pierre	Clear	72	60	.06
St. Paul	Clear	74	56	0.28
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	60	52	.06

Light to heavy rains fell. Generally cooler weather prevailed in the Northwest.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Cattle—Receipts 5000. Market steady. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.05; poor to medium, $4@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.20; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2@5; canners, $1.50@2.00; bulls, $2@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.75; western steers, $3.25@4.60. Hogs—Receipts today, 13,000; tomorrow, 25,000. Best strong, others slow. Mixed and butchers, $5.35@6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.65@5.90; rough, heavy, $5.20@5.60; light, $5.50@6.20; bulk of sales, $5.50@5.85. Sheep—Receipts 26,000. Steady to lower. Good to choice wethers, $3.25@4.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.00; western sheep, $2.75@3.50; native lambs, $3.75@5.85; western lambs, $3.75@5.25.

FARMER CUTS HIS THROAT.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 8.—Charles Skogen, one of the most prominent farmers in this part of the state, residing near Holmen, La Crosse county, last night went to a neighbor's house and after reciting his domestic troubles, pulled out a jackknife and cut his throat from ear to ear, dying instantly.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

After a Rather Strong Opening, Prices Began to Sag.

Market Closed Weak In Tone But Without Activity.

New York, Sept. 8.—Opening prices in the stock market were a little higher and business was in larger volume after the prolonged holiday. The tendency upwards was helped by the higher prices for Americans in London and strong local demand for the Pacifics.

Atchison resumed its recent leadership of the market and was again bought in large blocks, lifting the price above 68. Other standard stocks joined in the upward movement to the extent of a point or more, notably Rock Island, Canadian Pacific, Wabash pfd and a few less important stocks. Business fell off at the higher range of prices and toward 11 o'clock the market yielded slightly and became dull. Amalgamated and Reading reacted to a large fraction below last week's closing.

Large realizing orders in Atchison practically concelled its earlier rise and room traders hastened to let go their purchases of other stocks, causing a general wiping out of the morning rise. Pronounced pressure against Reading, Tennessee Coal and Louisville contributed to the heaviness and offset efforts to hold the market. A number of the active stocks sold a fraction below Friday's close, including Pennsylvania, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific and United States Steel pfd. The loss in Reading, Louisville & Nashville and Tennessee Coal reached a point. The bond market was dull and irregular at noon.

The usual midday dullness developed a better undertone to the market, despite the semi-stagnation prevailing. St. Paul advanced a point on its large increase in July earnings and some of the other favorites rallied to near the opening prices. North American gained 2¼ and Colorado Fuel 1½ while Consolidated Gas fell off 1¼.

The only fluctuations of note during the bulk of the afternoon trading were in stocks which usually do not exercise any influence on the general course of prices. The regular leaders were neglected but held pretty steady. Realty preferred advanced 2¼ on comparatively active dealings.

The sluggishness of the market induced some selling by the bear professionals in which Brooklyn Transit and the western stocks were the most affected. Brooklyn Transit sold off 1½. Smelting and American car preferred 1 and Atchison and Rock Island, which were among the early strong features, were forced a slight fraction below Friday's close. Third avenue dropped 2 and Peoria & Eastern 9⅝, and Norfolk & Western preferred jumped 3½. The closing was heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	49	48	48
American Sugar	115⅝	115½	115½
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	68⅛	66¼	66¼
do pfd.	92½	91¾	92
Baltimore & Ohio	83¼	82⅜	82½
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	45¼	43¾	43¾
Canadian Pacific	124⅞	124⅛	124⅛
Chicago & Alton	23	23	23
Chgo.-Gt. Western	17	17	17
C., M. & St. P.	143¾	142⅝	142⅝
C., R. I. & P.	143¾	142⅝	142⅝
do pfd.	30	28⅞	29
Colorado Fuel & Iron	43½	42⅞	42⅞
Erie, common	30¼	29¾	29¾
General Electric	162½	162½	162½
Illinois Central	134	133¾	134
Louisville & Nashville	106&	105½	105½
Manhattan Elevated	135½	135½	135½
Metropolitan St. Ry	113½	112⅝	112⅝
Mexican Central	14	13½	13½
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	56¾	56	56
do pfd	129	129	129
Missouri Pacific	94¾	95¼	93⅞
New York Central	123	122¼	122¾
Norfolk & Western	63¼	62⅞	63
Pennsylvania	125	124½	124½
People's Gas of Chic	94	93¾	93¾
Reading	54⅞	53⅝	54
Republic Steel & Iron	11⅛	11	11⅛
Southern Pacific	48½	45¾	45¾
Southern Railway	23¼	22⅞	22⅞
Tennesee Coal ⊙ Iron	42¾	41¼	41⅝
Union Pacific	76⅝	75½	75½
U. S. Steel	23⅜	23	23⅛
do pfd	71¾	70½	70¾
Wabash	21½	21½	21½
Western Union	84	83¼	83½
Wisconsin Central	19¼	19	19¼
do pfd	40½	40½	40½

Northern Securities, 89½ bid; 89¾ asked.

The total sales were 280,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was easier. A rally early seemed to bring moderate offerings of stocks in way of profit taking and the tone became easier. The bear traders are always looking for opportunities. General conditions unchanged. Stocks are selling on a good dividend-paying basis and there is nothing alarming in the financial situation. We think the market will react from any pressure it may be subjected to at present time, and that later higher prices are likely.

* * *

Ridgely to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There is no doubt whatever in my mind but what the general market will follow the lead of Atchison. How high will Atchison go? Really, I do not know. At a guess, somewhere in the 70s and eventually near 80. Probably some of the other roads would be a better buy now. If you have a good line of various stocks at lower figures, stand pat until we get three consecutive days of advancing prices, and then take your profits. I believe these letters stated a few days ago, when St. Paul was below 142, that it would sell 20 points up before 1 down, but it may be two months getting up there. However, it would be a buy now around 143 and should sell 160 before 142. Union Pacific and Missouri Pacific will have smart advances if the corn outlook improves. Tennesse Coal & Iron is cheap. Colorado Fuel & Iron should be bought outright and held for par. I still expect 60 for Amalgamated.

* * *

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market opened dull, but steady, with some little activity in Atchison and Rock Island for which there appeared to be a good demand. Otherwise the market was featureless and dull. Shortly before the close the floor traders sold stocks and the market yielded somewhat easily, more than losing the improvement of the day. There were reports of less favorable weather in the corn belt, which was probably the reason of the heaviness of the market at the close.

* * *

F. M. Dick to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been dull and heavy today with the trading wholly professional. After a rather strong opening prices began to sag and continued heavy until the close. Atchison and St. Paul were particularly heavy. Railroad earnings were favorable. The market closed weak in tone, but without activity.

* * *

Minneapolis to Coe Commission Co.: Twin City Rapid Transit earnings from January show an increase of $320,825. For the month of August the increase was $41,737.

The Soo earnings from July 1 increased $43,690; the month of August showed an increase of $46,237.

* * *

Hutton to Paine, Webber & Co.: In the early trading today the market showed fair activity and considerable strength. Atchison and Rock Island were the leaders, but there was practically no commission house business, and traders showing a disposition to hold aloof from the market on account of the Balkan complications, also to get a better line on the money situation this week. The tape indicates a higher market, but from the closing prices it looks as if there would be some reaction tomorrow.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	47⅞	48⅛
Anaconda	19	20
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	8½	9½
Allouez	5¼	6
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2¾	3
Bingham	25½	26
Copper Range	65⅝	66
Centennial	19½	20
Calumet & Hecla	460	475
Calumet & Arizona	105	125
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	100
L. S. & Pittsburg	.....	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	42	43
Mayflower	1	1½
Mercur Con	1⅜	1⅝
National	.....	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	10	11
Osceola	59½	60½
Phoenix	5½	6
Parrott	20	21
Quincey	87½	92
Santa Fe	1¼	1½
Franklin	8½	9
Tecumseh	25	75
Tamarack	90	100
Tri-mountain	.....	73
Trinity	7¼	7½
Tennessee Copper	29	31
Utah	27	28
U. S. Mining	20	20½
Victoria	3¾	3⅞
Wolverine	71	73
Wyandot	1⅛	1⅜
Winona	8¼	8½
Daly West	42	....
Greene Cons	19	19½
Calumet & Bisbee	.....	6½
Pittsburg & Duluth	.....	40
Higgins	5	7½
Bisbee Queen	5	6

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was extremely dull today, both here and in New York. We see nothing upon which to base operations for an advance except perhaps weakness of the corr market. Copper was unchanged in London and inactive in New York. The bears had the best of trading in Amalgamated and its weakness had more to do of a depressing influence on other coppers than anything else.

Range stockholders voted to take over Tri-Mountain on a share for share basis. In the late dealings coppers were heavy in sympathy with the general market. On good reactions think stocks should be bought.

Jersey City to Paine, Webber & Co.: At a meeting of the stockholders of the Copper Range Consolidated company it was voted to increase the capital stock from $28,500,000 to $38,500,000. President Paine was authorized to purchase for the company from A. C. Burrage, 70,000 shares of Tri-Mountain stock and to offer in payment 70,000 shares of Copper Range stock and to purchase any part of the remaining 30,000 shares, and to suffer in payment one share of Copper Range for each share of Tri-Mountain. Two hundred and fifteen thousand two hundred and thirty votes out of a total of 284,163 authorized capital stock were represented, all of which were cast in favor of increasing the capital and of acquiring the Tri-Mountain.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 8.—The cotton market opened firm with prices unchanged to 4 points up and trading active, but soon a very weak feeling developed under bear pressure and stop orders selling.

At the decline there was more or less covering on further bull reports from Texas, but on the whole crop and weather conditions were called a favorable average as sized up by the local contingent with the exception of needed rains in the Carolinas, Georgia and Mississippi. Trading during the morning was very heavy.

Spot cotton closed lower; middling uplands, 12.25; middling gulf, 12.50; sales, 3278 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; September, 10.38; October, 9.72; November and December, 9.56; January, 9.55; February, 9.53; March, 9.51.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $235,284,092; gold, $106,738,142; silver, $28,056,535; United States notes, $11,289,748; treasury notes of 1890, $157,130; national bank notes $19,786,466; total receipts this day, $2,530,552; total receipts this month, $10,269,761; total receipts this year, $109,094,014; total expenditures this day, $2,094,000; total expenditures this month, $9,470,000; total expenditures this year, $108,882,733; deposits in national banks, $156,374,788.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 8.—Close: Money on call, steady, at 2@2½ per cent; closing bid at 2 per cent; offered at 2½ per cent. Time money, nominally steady: sixty days, 4@4½ per cent; ninety days, 4½@5 per cent; six months, 5@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.45@4.86.50 for demand, and at $4.83.10 for sixty days' bills; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.85; commercial bills, $4.83. Bar silver, 56⅞c; Mexican dollars, 45½c. Government bonds, firmer; railroad bonds, steady.

ELEVATOR NOTICES.

Office of Consolidated Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.,
By M. J. FORBES, President.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Office of Globe Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31st, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed, received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, at the Peavey Duluth Terminal Elevator, the Globe Elevator, and the Belt Line Elevator, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel, storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.,
By E. N. BRADLEY, Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Great Northern Railway Co., Great Northern Elevators, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903:

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. T. SWART, Elevator Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Effect of Holiday Found In the Light Vessel Movement.

Three Large Passenger Steamers Due In the Next Few Hours.

The effect of the holiday is noticeable in the slender list of departures from the harbor today.

All of the ore, coal and lumber docks in the harbor were idle yesterday, to allow the men to celebrate the holiday, and although there is a large number of vessels in the harbor, only three were able to get away this afternoon and tomorrow morning.

The day will be an exceptionally busy one in the passenger business of the harbor.

In addition to the regular arrivals from the north and south shores, three of the large lake passenger steamers will arrive during the day.

The Huronic came in this morning from Sarnia, with a large list of Canadian excursionists, the Peerless arrived this morning with a large number of Chicago passengers, and the North West is due this evening, on her last trip of the season, with a good sized passenger list.

BUMPS INTO A DOCK.

The new Gilchrist steamer Louis Woodruff, which is in the harbor on her maiden trip, met with a slight accident yesterday afternoon. She collided with the end of No. 3 coal dock at West Superior, and jammed the plates on her port side.

This is the second accident the Woodruff has met with since leaving the dry dock. On starting up the lakes she broke two buckets from her wheel and was compelled to stop for repairs.

After the repairs to her plates are completed she will load ore for the lower lake ports.

CALL FOR BOATS LIMITED.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Even after three days of rest, shippers were in no greater rush to send grain forward than they were last Friday. The call for boats was limited, and not over 1 cent on corn was to be had.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Crete, Thomas, Yale, Fulton, Smelton, Briton, Manda; Cleared: Old Gratwick, Van Hise, New Gratwick, Kerr, Lake Erie; Fritz, Lake Michigan.

Ashland—Arrived: Plymouth, Scotia, Taylor, Cambria, Bacon. Cleared: Uganda, Colby, Manola, Lake Erie.

Marquette—Arrived: Sinaloa, Superior City, Venezuela, Grampian. Cleared: Gordon Campbell, Massasoit, Tonawanda; Fairbairn, Hundred Thirty-four, Cleveland.

Erie—Cleared: Australia, light, Superior.

South Chicago—Cleared: McDougall, Marsala, Superior.

Fort William—Arrived: Harlow, Lake Michigan.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Cranage, 9 last night; H. E. Packer, 12:10 a. m.; Baldwin and consorts, Curtis, 8:20; Osborn, 9:10; Todman (sailed), 11. Down: James Hoyt, 11 Monday night; Bradley and consorts, 11:40; Turret Crown, 1:30 a. m.; Tempest, Uranus, 2:30; Gettysburg and consorts, 3; Edwards, Gilden Age, 3:30; Orinoco, Chieftain, 4:40; Nicaragua and consort, 5; Wexford, 5:30; Havana, 6; Mars, Yukon, 6:20; Sonora, Siemens, Bell, 6:30; Ravenscraig, 7:30; W. P. Rend, 9; Muncy, 10:20; Trevor and whaleback, 10:30; Glasgow, Abyssinia, 11.

Up yesterday: Milwaukee, 11 a. m.; Rampao, 4 p. m.; Maryland, 4.30; Lehigh, 5; Starrucca, Pioneer and consort, Dongress, Holland, Paris, 6; Chicago, 7; Oceanica, 8.40. Down: Saranac, 8.10; Miami, Gebhart, Gilchrist, Majestic, 9; Bermuda, May Richards, 9.20; Nipigon and consorts, 9.40; Shores and consorts, 10; City of Rome, 11.40; Hill, Lagonda, noon; Naples, Northland, 12.20 p. m.; Rockefeller and whaleback, Lillian Smith 1.15; Sultana, 1.40; Huron, Olympia, 2; Stewart, 2.15; Deverеux, Heffelfinger, 4.30; Lake Shore, Plankinton, 5; Forest City, 5.30; Wells, 6; Fisk and consort 6.15; New Orleans, 6.30; Mohawk, 7.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Spokane, Roby, 9:20 last night; Hurd, 11:20; Falson, 12; Christapher, 2:30 Tuesday morning; Edenborn and whaleback, Rhoda Emily, Hattie, 4:30; Codorus, 5:30; Jenks, 6; Rochester, 7; Empire City, Martha, 8; Hurlbut, Smith, Augus Smith, Viking, 10:20; Northern Light, 11. Down: Oscoda, Corning, Filer, Yuma, 9:20 last night; Reed, 11; Manola and whaleback, Edward Smith, Iron City, 1 a. m.; Kennebec, 2:40; Saxona, 3:20; Mary Elphicke, 9; Troy, 11.

Up yesterday: Angeline, Frank Peavey, 11.30; Leafield, Italia, Polynesia, Ericsson, noon; Andastea, Kaliyuga, 12.30 p. m.; Gayey, Grammar, Crescent City, 1.20; Lucy Neff, Curulia, 4; Wawatam, 4.30; Northern Wave, 5.20; Sauber, 6.20; North West, 7; Rhoda Stewart, Grandy, Mather and whaleback, Selwyn Eddy, 9. Down: Athabasca, 11.20; Nye, 12.20 p. m.; Kanawha, 2; Presley, 3; Harvey Brown, 3.20; Theano, 6.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Onoko, W. D. Reis, Stephenson, Malta, Morse, light for ore, Lake Erie, Germanic, Bunsen, Arizona, A. B. Wolvin, Robert Wallace, T. W. Palmer, Neshoto, M. A. Hanna, coal Lake Erie; North Wind, merchandise, Chicago; Peerless, merchandise, Chicago; Huronic, passengers and merchandise, Sarnia; O. T. Flint, to finish cargo.

Departed—Caledonia, Ashland; L. C. Waldo, ore, Lake Erie.

LEAGUE IS MISSING.

Anti-Cigarette Organization Cannot Be Located.

New York, Sept. 8.—If there ever was a National Anti-Cigarette league it has dropped out of sight, says a Tribune dispatch from Philadelphia. The address given as the headquarters of the organization in this city is a vacant building, and persons employed in the vicinity are weary of telling inquirers that they know nothing of the league.

At the postoffice there is a stack of letters several feet high addressed to the league, and they are continuing to come at the rate of thousands daily. The postal authorities have tried vainly to stop the stream of correspondence, for which there is no claimant. Some one with an endless chain scheme to stop cigarette smoking is said to be responsible for the flood of letters.

BROKE HER NECK.

Mrs. Frances McGraw Killed In Driving Accident.

Hagerstown, Md., Sept. 8—Mrs. Frances McGraw, wife of Aaron K. McGraw, has been killed in a driving accident near Sharpsburg. She was a niece of Levi Z. Leiter, the Chicago millionaire, and therefore a cousin of Lady Curzon, wife of the viceroy of India.

Mr. McGraw, his wife and one of their children, drove out to view a New Jersey Antietam battlefield monument, about two miles from Sharpsburg. They started back to town and had gone but a short distance when the horses shied and the wagon was upset.

All three of the occupants were thrown out. Mrs. McGraw landed on her head and her neck was broken. The wheels of the wagon passed over the child, badly bruising it. Mr. McGraw was rendered unconscious but soon recovered. He was slightly injured about the head.

MOTOR CYCLISTS MEET.

New York, Sept. 8.—Motor cyclists to the number of eighty-seven, representing almost every state in the Union, have met at Manhattan beach, organized a national protective association, under the name of the Federation of American Motor Cyclists, and named R. G. Betts, of the New York Motor Cycle club, as president. The principal object of the organization will be to secure legal recognition of motor bicycle as a bicycle, and to free it from the restrictive automobile laws which now apply to it in some states.

CRAZED BY LIQUOR.

Rhinelander, Wis., Sept. 8.—Gus Newman, a bartender in the town of Sugar Camp, was found in a swamp in a dying condition Sunday night. He had been missing since Friday, having left the saloon in a crazed state, it is said, of excessive liquor drinking. A searching party discovered Newman sitting in a pool of water, feebly muttering to himself. His pockets were tightly packed with moss, and he had eaten considerable of it in his frenzy. Newman is about 40 years old, and single. He is not expected to live.

Baltimore, Md., and Return $26.00.

"The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore, Md., Sept. 17, 18 and 19, at $16 for the round trip, good for return Sept. 28, 1903. For full information call at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing: **9:30 A.M** Wednesdays for Port Wing, Cornucopia and Ashland. Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton **4:00 p. m.** All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:03	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:13
4:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:03	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:23	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m
* 11:15 p.m		* 6:20 a.m
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast.	* 6:43 p.m
* 8:30 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv.—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m. All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv.—LOCAL—Ar. †7:15 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 3:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	• Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†8:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
JAS. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
320 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.
Beautiful Rooms with Baths two blocks from Depots and Steamboat Landings.
RATES MODERATE.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

Midland Hotel,
H. W. HARGREAVES, Prop.
RATES $1.00 PER DAY.
210 West Second St., Duluth, Minn.

New Building. Modern in every particular
210-212 W. Superior St.
Cook's European Hotel
B. J. Cook, Manager.

BABE BORN ON LAKE

Miss "Huronic,' Gagynow Added to Passenger List of Huronic.

Born Abreast of Isle Royal —Is Now at Superior.

When the Canadian steamer Huronic left Fort William yesterday her passenger list consisted of ninety-three souls. When she arrived in Duluth this morning she carried ninety-four people.

The increase in the passenger list occurred last evening, about 9:30 o'clock, when the vessel was abreast of Isle Royale, and Miss "Huronic" Gagynow opened her eyes for the first time in the stateroom of the steamer tossing on the rough waters of Lake Superior.

The momentous event occurred when the steamer was very close to the border line between the two countries, and it will probably never be decided whether she was born an American or a Canadian.

Her parents are Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Gagynow, of Wallaceburg, Ont. They took the boat at Sarnia for Duluth. Mr. Gagynow has a brother in Superior, and Mrs. Gagynow and Miss Huronic are now resting at the brother's house.

Shortly after the evening meal had been served on board the boat, the news passed around in some mysterious manner that an event of importance was about to occur. A call had been sent out for a doctor, and when none responded, the cabin matron was pressed into service.

When the tidings of the addition in the passenger list were announced, its name was promptly chosen for the child by the father and the rest of the passengers.

Capt. Foote was presented with a new hat by the passengers for holding the honor of being captain of the first boat running into Duluth that ever increased its passenger list in such a manner, in mid-lake.

Meanwhile Miss Huronic is reposing in her uncle's house in Superior in blissful ignorance of the excitement she created among the passengers, and not worrying over the fact that she can never know whether she was born in the United States or Canada.

THIRD AVENUE WEST CURVE

Company Got Permission a Year Ago to Put It In.

Continuous and strenuous complaints are being made on account of the short curve in the new street car tracks at Third avenue west and Superior street.

It is claimed that there is likely to be a serious injury to some person on account of the body of the street cars swinging over the sidewalk when coming down hill.

Permission to make this curve was granted by the board of public works about a year ago, and it is announced that at that time a change in the sidewalk was contemplated.

It was proposed to have the sidewalk corner rounded like the curve and a sufficient distance away from the street car tracks to remove the element of danger that now exists. It is said this change in the sidewalk arrangement will be made immediately.

The curve, according to engineers, is made necessary by the large double-truck cars. City Engineer Patton, who has just returned from a business trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, says that he made an examination of the curves and there find that turns similar to that at Third avenue west exist in both cities.

He is also of the opinion that the shortness of the curve will not be noticed so much when the sidewalk is rearranged according to the plans of the board of public works.

Cases Transferred.

Two cases were transferred from the county court to the United States circuit court this morning.

The cases are those of Pasquale Gulla, administrator of the estate of Antonio Gulla, against the Drake & Stratton company, and Robert M. Stitt and Nellie Armstrong against the Rat Portage Lumber company.

The former is a personal injury case, in which the plaintiff asks for $5000 damages for the death of Pasquale Gulla, who was employed by the defendants in operating a steam shovel during stripping operations at the Stevenson mine, and met with injuries that resulted in his death.

The cases will be heard at the fall term of the United States circuit court.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.

Boston, Sept. 8.—The directors of the Daly-West Mining company have declared a dividend of 65 cents per share.

SIFT THEM OUT

Duluth Has An Immigration Officer to Inspect Arrivals.

Fred A. Lundberg Arrives From Quebec to Handle the Work.

For the first time in many years, Duluth has an immigration officer.

Fred A. Lundberg has arrived in the city from Quebec and assumed his duties of examining in-coming boats for undesirable immigrants.

For several years past, the vessels arriving in the harbor from foreign ports, have been met by the local customs' officials, and the work of inspection has been under the direction of Collector Willcuts. With the creation of the new department of labor and commerce the immigration department was transferred to this bureau, and the different immigration offices are now under the new department.

The immigration laws are being strictly enforced at the New York and Boston bureaus, and for some time past immigrants who were turned back at these ports have gone to Montreal and crossed the border from Canada. Some have come to Duluth, and not a few of them have been turned back from here, during the past year.

The work, however, was found to be too exacting to be properly attended to by the local customs authorities, in addition to their other duties, and the new office has been created for the purpose of seeing that the immigration laws are rigidly enforced. All vessels from the north shore or any Canadian ports will be met by Mr. Lundberg and examined. Any immigrants who are turned back by him, may appeal from his decision to a board of special inquiry which will be appointed from the local customs officials by the commissioner himself, who is the final court of appeal.

Mr. Lundberg has been employed in the immigration offices in New York, Boston, Quebec and other Eastern cities, and has had a long experience in the work. He has entered upon his duties at once, and will examine the steamer America today.

The new officer will act in conjunction with the local customs officials in the performance of his duties, and will have his headquarters in the local customs house.

GOVERNMENT FINDS TRUST

Bids on Wire Rope Are Practically All the Same.

The existence of a trust in control of the wire rope output of this country is well demonstrated in the bids which were opened today in the office of Charles L. Potter, government engineer for this district, for 3850 lineal feet of wire rope to be used in connection with the new pier work at Superior entry. With but two trifling exceptions the bids were exactly the same, although there were five bidders. It is considered a question if the bids would not be exactly alike in every particular if all the bidders had in mind the same quality of rope. The bids follow:

For 3200 lineal feet of five-eighths inch wire rope—Northern Hardware company, 7.98 cents per foot; Robinson & Cary company, St. Paul, 7.98 cents; G. B. Carpenter & Company, Chicago, 7.35 cents; Trenton Iron company, Chicago, 7.98 cents; Marshall-Wells Hardware company, 7.98 cents.

For 650 feet of three-quarter inch wire rope—Northern Hardware company, 10.25 cents per foot; Robinson & Cary, 10.23 cents; G. B. Carpenter & Company, 9.45 cents; Trenton Iron company, 10.26 cents; Marshall-Wells Hardware company, 10.25 cents.

STRIPPING CONTRACT

Winston Bros. & Dear Get Iroquois Mine Contract.

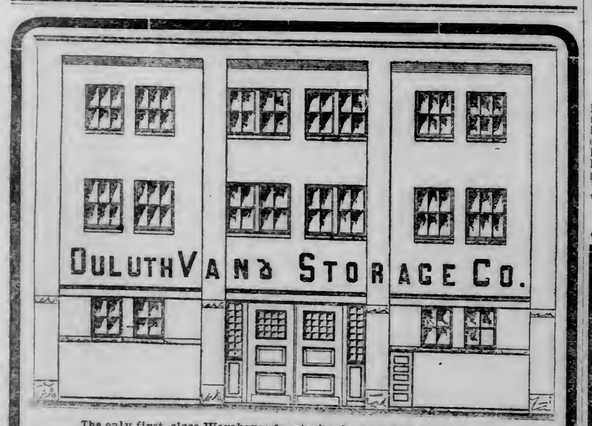
A contract for stripping the Iroquois mine at Mountain Iron of 700,000 cubic yards of material has been let by the Buffalo and Susquehanna Iron company, Rogers, Brown & Co., of Buffalo owners, to Winston Bros. & Dear. The contract was let through H. B. Sturtevant, agent of Rogers, Brown & Co., and is one of the largest stripping contracts ever made on the range. The average depth of the material over the ore deposits is seventy-five feet. Rogers, Brown & Co., have allowed their option on the Buckeye property to lapse, poor quality of the ore being the alleged cause of their action.

COMMISSIONERS ARRESTED.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Hitchcock received a telegram today from United States Attorney Speed of Oklahoma, announcing that two of the commissioners of Kiowa county, W. B. Poole and J. A. Blair, who were indicted last week for making false vouchers and certificates against the government in connection with the erection of bridges were arrested yesterday. The third commissioner is still at large.

CANDY MAKERS STRIKE.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Candy makers employed by sixteen factories struck today to enforce a nine-hour day without reduction of wages, and time and a half for overtime. Approximately 1000 men and girls are out.



The only first-class Warehouse for storing household goods in the city. Special Room for Pianos.

Warehouse: 510, 512, 514 East Superior St. Office: 210 West Superior St.

RETURNS A BUNCH

The Grand Jury Brings In a Number of Indictments.

Two Individuals Must Answer to Manslaughter Charges.

Two indictments for manslaughter in the first degree, three for assault in the first degree, one for assault in the second degree, two for robbery in the first degree, and one for grand larceny in the second degree, were returned by the grand jury, in district court this morning. No bill was returned against Thomas Hackett, charged with horse stealing.

This was the first return made by the grand jury since last Friday morning, there being no session of that body over Sunday or yesterday.

John Hekkala and Michael Lynch, two range men, are indicted for manslaughter in the first degree. The information against Hekkala is that July 4 last at Hibbing he feloniously assaulted Matt Ranta, striking him on the head with a large rock and causing an injury that resulted in his death July 8. The grand jury found that the assault was without excuse or justification, but was done without premeditation or deliberation, and not under conditions that would constitute murder in the first, second or third degrees.

Michael Lynch is charged with killing Franc Melander, at Buhl, June 29, by striking him on the head with a poker. The evidence at the time Lynch was bound over to the grand jury tended to show that there was a fight in progress in a saloon in which the defendant, fearing that he was about to be overpowered, seized a heavy iron poker and dealt his assailant a blow on the head that crushed his skull and caused death.

Willis Jackson and Peter Staples, two colored men are indicted for assault in the first degree, the information against them being that they assaulted another colored man, Frank Casey, with knives, having the intent to kill him. The fight took place July 21 down near St. Croix avenue, and was the direct outcome of jealousy. Casey was so badly carved that for some time his life hung by a thread, but he eventually recovered.

Chester Morrison, who is also indicted for assault in the first degree is alleged to have used a revolver on one Anton Kochevar, at Ely, June 11, with the intent to kill him.

Albert Lane is indicted of assault in the second degree. The information in his case is that he attacked and cut John Peterson with a knife, this city, July 21. Peterson was the wheelman on the steamer America and Lane worked in the dining room. The fight took place on the dock and is said to have arisen over the charge by Peterson that Lane had taken some money belonging to the wheelman's brother. While Peterson was getting the best of the fight Lane punctured him several times with a knife which he held in his hand.

Indictments charging robbery in the first degree were returned against Fred Miller and Charles Coombs. They are charged with holding up one Lewis Mattson, at Chisholm, July 6, and after severely assaulting him with a heavy club, stole his purse containing a silver dollar.

Matt Santa is indicted for assault in the second degree, it being charged that he attacked and cut Frank Mauer with a knife, at the Clark mine location, June 26.

Robert Harris is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. Harris is the young colored man who was bound over in Municipal court on the charge of stealing a gold watch and pin from Miss Laura Chandler, of 450 First avenue west, July 26, in the night time.

Harris was apprehended by Chief Troyer while he was attempting to pawn a watch afterward identified as belonging to Miss Chandler.

No true bill was returned against Thomas Hackett, who was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of horse stealing.

RICH LANDS IN SIBERIA

F. A. Brown Explores Concessions In Far Off Land.

Fred A. Brown, who has for several months been exploring a concession in Siberia granted to an Eastern syndicate, is expected to return to Duluth tonight. He lives at the St. Louis hotel. Mr. Brown was engaged by the syndicate, in which Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago, former secretary of the treasury, and other prominent financiers are interested, to proceed to Siberia and look over the property. Upon his arrival in Siberia he was met by a detachment of troops of the Russian government and was escorted to the concessions.

The lands are said to be rich in timber and mineral and to include rich placer diggings. Rich quartz reefs are also said to be on the property. The crude mining methods of the Russians have left the property practically undisturbed. The territory in which the concessions are located are peopled by a semi-barbaric race which has done little with the lands, being content to work just enough to eke out an existence.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Youngstown, O., Sept. 8.—Richard Brown, the pioneer iron manufacturer of the Mahoning valley is dead at his home here, aged 75 years. Mr. Brown was one of the organizers of the Brown Bonnell Rolling Mill company, now a part of the Republic Iron & Steel company. He was president of the board of trustees of Mt. Union college, Alliance. He leaves a widow.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 8.—Right Rev. Thomas March Clark, bishop of Rhode Island, and, by virtue of his seniority, presiding bishop of the Episcopal church in this country, as well as the oldest bishop in the Anglican communion, if not in the world, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Middletown. Bishop Clark was born in Newburyport, Mass., on July 4, 1812. He was graduated from Yale in 1831, and studied theology at Princeton until 1835, when on completing his course he received a license to preach by the presbytery of his native place. He left a daughter, Mrs. Eugene Sturtevant, and a son, J. Mitchell Clark.

Would your sudden removal by death make it harder for your family to get along..... ?

Why expose them to want and suffering when you can avoid it through The Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Philadelphia.

Call or write for particulars.

Geo. H. Prudden, Mgr.

310 LYCEUM BLDG.

STATE BOARD EQUALIZATION

St. Paul, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of equalization, having thoroughly done the fair, got down to business today and for the next three weeks will be busily engaged in adjusting the returns of the various counties of the state. The returns from 1903 show that there has been an increase during the past year in the total assessed valuation of personal property in Minnesota for practically $7,000,000. The county board returned a total valuation of $130,000,000 last year and the state board raised this to $137,000,000. This year the returns of the county boards total $144,000,000. This figure will be raised probably to at least $150,000,000.

The 1903 returns show that 259,000 people in the state are assessed on personal property. This is an increase of about 6000 names over the 1902 list.

Governor Van Sant addressed the board on its assembling at this morning's session. The governor said that this should be the most important meeting the board had ever held. Owing to the failure of the legislature to apply suggested remedies to meet taxation diculties, a greater responsibility than ever rested on the state board. "I said in my first message that one-half of all the personal property of the state escaped taxation. I believe that fully 75 per cent of personal property escapes taxation. I am not prepared to say that personal property does not begin to bear the burden which it should."

State Auditor Iverson delivered an interesting address, this being his first year's work with the board of equalization.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

Mme. Ferrier of 124 West Superior St., will be home and open for business after September 12.

After serving a ninety days' sentence Lizzie Buckley was released from the county jail Saturday night. She tried living according to W. C. T. U. rules and regulations for about three minutes and was then re-arrested. This morning she was sentenced to return to the county jail for a period of thirty days.

McLaughlin Electric company, T 1 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

The marriage of Miss Jessie Doty, of Superior, Wis., to Emmett McKay, of Minneapolis, was solemnized last Friday afternoon, at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. C. McLean, of 4509 McCullough street, Lakeside. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal church. Miss Lottie Snowden, of Minneapolis, was bridesmaid and Horace Emerson, of this city acted as best man.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Aid society will be held in the parlors of the First M. E. church, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

The Women's Missionary society of Pilgrim church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Charles W. Ericson, 101 East Third street.

David Stringer, living at 232 Sixth avenue West, reported a mysterious robbery this morning. When he retired last evening his trousers and other clothing were in his room not far from the bed. When he awoke this morning the trousers were missing. They were found outside and $35 was missing, despite the fact that other valuables were untouched.

Julia Porter, of 36 East Sixth street, had her husband, Edward M. Porter, arrested today charged with non-support.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleil D. Hibbard, of 1723 Jefferson street, entertained a number of friends last evening, the occasion being their fifth wedding anniversary. The rooms were tastefully decorated with flowers, the prevailing colors being pink, white and yellow. A very enjoyable time is reported.

Edmund Robinson has furnished bonds for the sum of $250 to the United States commissioner, and has been released from the St. Louis county jail, where he has been confined for the past few weeks. He will appear before the United States grand jury in the fall, to answer to the charge of selling liquor to Indians.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hoffer, who is giving a series of lectures on domestic science at the Y. W. C. A., will give a lecture tomorrow evening on "How to Use the Kosher Dish" and it will be for the benefit of the Young Women's Christian association.

The members of Oneota Methodist church will meet this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Merritt to give them a farewell before their departure for California, where they will spend the fall and winter.

PURELY PERSONAL

L. K. McConnell, traveling passenger agent of the St. Paul road, with headquarters at St. Paul, is in Duluth on business.

T. E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific road, who went to Portland, Ore., on a pleasure trip ten days ago, will return to Duluth Friday morning.

Mrs. Carl F. Rowe, wife of the traffic manager of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, has gone to visit friends in Marquette, Mich., and will return in about ten days.

Graham K. Mellen, son of C. S. Mellen, president of the Northern Pacific road, who has been employed by the company at Brainerd, will this week take a position in the office of General Agent Blanche. Mr. Mellen is a graduate of Yale, and has been in the railroad business but a short time.

Misses Ethel and Edna Ericson have returned from Chicago and Minneapolis, where they have been visiting friends.

R. M. Conwell and T. E. Haley, of Eveleth, were in the city yesterday.

William McEwen, Sr., leaves this evening for Colorado Springs, Col., to visit his son Murdo McEwen.

Mrs. Rosa Koors has gone to the Twin cities for a visit of about a week.

Dr. T. J. Pierce has returned from Mankato and the Twin Cities.

P. H. Levy, proprietor of the St. Louis hotel news stand, is spending a few weeks with relatives in New York City.

J. D. Coleman has returned from the Pacific coast and resumed his former position with Panton & White Co.

Mrs. D. O'Leary returned today from a trip down the lakes to Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stewart and daughter will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Holyoke, Mass.

L. E. Williams will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Detroit.

Mrs. A. N. O'Brien left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Des Moines.

C. J. Johnson left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Chicago.

F. A. Judson will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for San Francisco.

G. E. Wallin left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Fargo.

Mr. Mendenhall of Mendenhall, Penn., who has been visiting his son Edward Mendenhall in this city, left for his home this afternoon over the Omaha.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

JOHN C. WEST & COMPANY

69-71 W. Jackson St., - CHICAGO, ILL.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

MONUMENT UNVEILED

Is a Memorial to the Battle of Lake George.

Oration By Chauncey Depew and Letter From President.

Lake George, N. Y., Sept. 8.—In the presence of thousands of excursionists from all nearby towns, the governors of New York, Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut, stationed at the four corners of the battle monument today pulled the fastening which unveiled the bronze memorial of the battle of Lake George.

The oration of the day was delivered by Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who spoke as follows:

We have been celebrating for many years the centennials as they came along of the battles of the Revolution, of the Declaration of Independence, of the adoption of the constitution and the inauguration of our first president. These ceremonials have been of incalculable educational value for the present and coming generations. Material prosperity, commercial ambition, the rewards of promotion and discovery in a new country and the mad rush for wealth had caused the memory or knowledge of the deeds and men of the heroic days which made us a nation to pass almost into oblivion. We accepted the blessings of liberty as a matter of course without studying or thinking of or being inspired by the achievements and sacrifices of the fathers of the republic. Today we go back to the early time of preparation and discipline. From one hundred and forty-four to one hundred and fifty years ago the wilderness about Lakes George and Champlain was the field of struggle between the two strongest nations of the world for the control, ownership and government of the North American continent. A few thousand hardy pioneers and frontiersmen were fighting both for an empire and for the civilization and institutions which should govern it.

This colonial war, which lasted to within two years of the length of the struggle of the revolution, and whose issues were so tremendous, occupies only a few chapters in American and scarcely a page in European history. It is remembered in school books and popular recollection mainly by the heroism and death of Wolfe and Montcalm. It was marked by savage conflicts, Indian massacres, numberless deeds of valor, and countless episodes of marvelous adventure; but, in all great wars and civic contests time obliterates and eliminates until one name typifies the era and its outcome. All the actors are forgotten save to the student or the antiquary except William Pitt and Gen. James Wolfe, and the incident of Washington's heroism and hairbreadth escapes on Braddock's bloody field. Pitt and Wolfe have fitting memorials among England's mighty dead in Westminster Abbey, while Washington lives in the hearts of his countrymen.

The war which began with Washington's musket fire on the 28th of May, 1754, ended with the fall of Quebec the 13th of September, 1759. It continued on the ocean for three years longer and then, in 1763, its issues were settled by the treaty of peace of Paris. In that treaty France surrendered to England all her possessions in North America except Louisiana, and that territory she was obliged to give to Spain. The vast and fertile area now comprised in twenty-four of the most populous and prosperous states of the American republic and the whole of Canada were lost forever to France and her people.

The benefits of this war to the American people cannot be overestimated. It was the school of the revolution. It accustomed the colonies to act in concert where they had common interests. It brought their public men into familiar intercourse and established that strongest of ties among the people of the country, the comradeship of soldiers in the camp, the march and battle. Washington and most of the commanders in the continental army were trained during these five years by the ablest generals of Great Britain. In recurring recruitment by the termination of terms of enlistment a large proportion of the able-bodied youths of the various colonies had large and valuable experience in the art of war. They served with veterans of European campaigns and under famous generals of the Old World, and they fought soldiers of France who had seen service on many a continental battlefield. This horizontal view dissipated their dread of regulars, gave them confidence in themselves and a feeling of superiority for fighting in a new and undeveloped country.

The strength as well as the rights of the people of the colonies was demonstrated. The struggle stimulated a keen and widespread discussion of the relations of the colonies to the mother country, which ended in a fight with Englishmen at home in every guarantee of freedom and representation and a large and illuminating discussion of the fundamental principles of liberty, which were philosophical and political men of genius in France, but produced a tremendous impression upon the colonists.

If England and France had come to an agreement over their home disputes and then in a rough and ready way partitioned these far-away and poorly appreciated provinces, the fate of our forefathers might have been sealed. They could not have contended against Great Britain on the Atlantic, and this vigilant, aggressive and grasping enemy north of the headwaters of the Hudson and west of the Alleghanies. The clock marking the progress of American development in institutions and resources, would never have struck the jubilant hours of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

The harsh conditions of the treaty of Paris left France not only bereft of her magnificent empire in North America, but humiliated and vindictive. The tragic tale of the heartless outrage on the Arcadians gave fury to the passions of king and nobles which was shared by the army and navy and in peasants' cottages in every nook and corner of France.

They had no animosity against the Colonials. It was all for England. They impatiently waited for the time to strike. French monarchy, Bourbon and despotic, had no sympathy with the lofty aspirations of the American people for liberty upon the foundation of the charter framed in the cabin of the Mayflower and voiced in the burning phrases of the Declaration of Independence. But when we had demonstrated that with some assistance success would be assured, the French government saw that the hour of retribution and revenge had come. In making an alliance with the struggling, almost despairing, young Republic, and sending fleets and armies to our aid, the king and his cabinet entered upon the most popular war in the history of his house; to wrest from England those lost and bitterly lamented provinces and to build up a new power against her upon the soil taken from Fance under such profoundly mortifying conditions, made the contest a holy war. The motive of the government detracts in no measure from the gallantry of La Fayette and our gratitude to him. He and others opened the eyes of their country, but this youth of twenty could have accomplished little at Versailles, had he not been able by his rank and position, to secure a hearing and so arrest the frivolities of the court and voice the feelings of his countrymen by showing that the hour had come.

The fruits of the exasperation over the Treaty of Paris were gathered by us again nearly a half century later. Napoleon had regained Louisiana from Spain by the gift to a Bourbon prince of the bauble of a toy kingdom. He saw that with Great Britain's command of the sea it might be captured by her navy. To defeat her securing this vast territory, the control of the mouth of the Mississippi and a dominating influence in the Western hemisphere became part of his plan. He had inherited the national shame and resentment of 1763. To our commissioners who were endeavoring to make terms for the free navigation of the Mississippi, his answer was quick and peremptory: "You can have the whole territory." This splendid domain, which made possible our Western development, consolidated our Union and gave us so much of the wealth, power and happiness which we enjoy, is a legacy of the war to whose colonial heroes we here today dedicate this monument.

Rev. Charles Brugler, chaplain of the New York State society, offered the invocation. The address of welcome was by Frederick J. De Peyster, governor general of the Society of Colonial Wars, and chairman of the monument committee, and in turning over the monument to the New York State society, he referred to the fact that the object of the society is to restore 120 years to American history, the years intervening between the founding of the colonies and the battle of Lexington.

James William Beekman, governor of the New York society, in accepting the monument in behalf of the society, spoke of the endeavors of the society to keep alive the memory of the nation's heroes. Addresses were delivered by Governor Odell, of New York; Governor Chamberlain, of Connecticut; Governor McCullough, of Vermont, and Lieutenant Governor Guild, of Massachusetts.

A letter from President Roosevelt was read, as follows:

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 29, 1903.—"My Dear Mr. Ferris: It is with real regret that I find myself unable to be present at the dedication of the monument to commemorate the battle of Lake George. I very earnestly believe in the wisdom in this new country of ours of trying to live a sense of continuity with the historic past. It is a good thing from every standpoint to commemorate in striking form the deeds that made Lakes Champlain and George famous in colonial and revolutionary days, and again in the war of 1812. There is a peculiar appropriateness in placing a monument on the line of these two lakes which formed a highway of warfare, followed by the war parties of Indians, of colonial troops, of French and British, and finally of American soldiers.

"Hoping that you will have a thoroughly successful celebration, I am, very sincerely yours,

"THEO. ROOSEVELT."

"Mr. Morris P. Ferris, secretary Society of Colonial Wars, New York city, N. Y."

The Rev. Henry Hopkins, president of Williams college, delivered the closing address.

BY THE PRESIDENT.

A Number of Promotions and Appointments Made.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The president has made the following promotions and appointments in the diplomatic service:

John W. Riddle, of Minnesota, now secretary of embassy at St. Petersburg, to be consul general and diplomatic agent at Cairo, in place of John G. Long, deceased.

Spencer F. Eddy, of Illinois, now secretary of legation at Constantinople, to be secretary of embassy at St. Petersburg.

Peter A. Jay, of Rhode Island, now second secretary of legation at Constantinople, to be first secretary.

Ulysses S. Smith, of Pennsylvania, to be second secretary of legation at Constantinople.

BRYAN DENIES

Rumor That His Daughter Is Engaged to Hobson.

Cleveland, Sept. 8.—William J. Bryan arrived today from the East and sought a conference with Mayor Johnson. The latter was out of the city, however, and Mr. Bryan subsequently left for Toledo. Mr. Bryan predicted that Mr. Johnson would be elected governor of Ohio.

While here today, Mr. Bryan gave out the following written statement relative to a printed report that his daughter, Ruth, was engaged to marry Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson:

"There is no truth whatever in the reported engagement, and the newspaper men who sent out the report might have learned the truth by inquiring either of Lieut. Hobson or of our family. Mr. Hobson called on Mrs. Bryan when he lectured in Lincoln recently, and there met my daughter. The fact that such a circumstance is made the basis of the story printed shows how unreliable some of the so-called news is. W. J. BRYAN."

RUSSIAN GRAIN CROP.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—The finance ministry estimates the grain harvests in million poods (a pood is forty pounds) as follows: Winter wheat, 20; spring wheat, 480; winter rye, 1250; oats 65; barley 375. The harvests exceed the poor averages of the years 1897 to 1901, being about five-sixths of last year's yield, which was on improvement over past years.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Sewell Scott and Anna Elizabeth Weinberg, of Superior, Wis.

DEATHS.

PHILLIPS—Mary E. Phillips, wife of T. E. Phillips, a member of the Duluth fire department, died this morning at her home, 1029 West First street, after a brief illness. She was thirty-three years of age and has lived in Duluth for the past fifteen yars. Notice of funeral later.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A KISS OF SATIN-SKIN COMPLEXION Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c; flesh, white or brunet.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM FOR two gents, $8 per month. 19 First avenue west.

$3800 buys new modern eight-room brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

$1500 buys lot 50x140, West First street. All improvements.

$1000 buys one of the finest lots, 80x266, on Woodland avenue. City water and sewer. No cash payment required if purchaser will build.

$1100 buys a fine corner, 100x140, on London road. A bargain.

$1500 buys half a block, eight lots, 80x140 each, Lakeside. No finer lots in Lakeside and only four blocks from street railway.

$9000 buys 240 feet frontage on St. Croix avenue by 300 feet deep to dock line. Fine site for manufacturing or wholesale business.

$2500 buys a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, on St. Croix avenue.

$2500 buys lot 40x100, on Lake avenue. This price includes new sandstone pavement.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE.

A most excellent double dwelling house, stone foundation, nine rooms in each house, furnace heat, gas and electric light, in the best part of the East End, within half a block of the street cars, for sale at $8000. This is an exceptional bargain, as it would cost more than this sum to build the house.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

No. 1 Exchange Building.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.

300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses.



C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 8 West Superior St.

Articles of Incorporation —of— North Shore Abrasive Company.

We, the undersigned, do hereby associate ourselves together according to the provisions of Title 3, Chapter 34, General Statutes of Minnesota for 1894, and the amendments thereto, for the purpose of carrying on a manufacturing or mechanical business, and for that purpose have agreed upon, adopted and signed the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be "North Shore Abrasive Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to mine and manufacture abrasive mineral material and to market the same, together with such other business as may be incidental thereto. The principal place for the transaction of its business shall be at Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be September 1st, 1903, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of its capital stock shall be $50,000, to be divided into shares of the par value of $10 each, which are to be paid for in installments upon the call of its board of directors. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, is $50,000.

ARTICLE IV.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are: Donald D. McInnis, Walter L. Seaton, Henry A. Smith, Henry I. Pineo and John Jenswold, Jr., all of Duluth, who shall constitute its first board of directors and hold their offices until the first annual meeting.

ARTICLE V.

The stock, property, affairs and business of this corporation shall be under the care and shall be managed by a board of five directors, to be chosen annually by the stockholders at such time and place as shall be provided by the by-laws of said corporation, and who shall be stockholders, and shall hold their offices for one year and until others shall be chosen in their stead. The directors shall choose one of their number to be president, and shall also choose a secretary and treasurer, which last mentioned officers shall reside and have their place of business and keep the books of said corporation within the state of Minnesota; and shall choose such other officers as the by-laws of said corporation shall prescribe, all of which said officers shall hold their offices until others shall be chosen in their stead. The directors of said corporation, for the time being, shall have power to fill any vacancies which may happen for the current year.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto placed our names and affixed our seals this 22 day of August, A. D. 1903.

DONALD D. McINNIS, (Seal)
WALTER L. SEATON, (Seal)
HENRY A. SMITH, (Seal)
HENRY I. PINEO, (Seal)
JOHN JENSWOLD, JR., (Seal)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of
JOHN HEITMANN,
ETHEL DOUGLAS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

On this 22 day of August, A. D. 1903, before the undersigned, a notary public within and for said county, personally came Donald D. McInnis, Walter L. Seaton, Henry A. Smith, Henry I. Pineo and John Jenswold, Jr., to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

JOHN HEITMANN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial seal.)
My commission expires 1910.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, state of Minnesota, county of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record Aug. 25, 1903, at 9 a. m., and was duly recorded in book R of Misc., page 609.

M. C. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK, Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 28 day of August, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book F 3, of Incorporations, on page 454.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 8-9, 1903.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Bargains for Everyone!

$2300 Splendid eight-room house water up and down stairs, for two families or one, in fine condition. Second street, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1800 Seven rooms, city water, in perfect condition. Fronting Lincoln park.

$1700 Eleven rooms, fifty-foot corner lot, Twenty-seventh avenue West and Helm street. This is a bargain.

$1500 New seven-room house, hardwood floors, city water, all street improvements done, near Twentieth avenue West.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

4½% MONEY 5%
To Loan
Any Amount—All privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

PINE AND HARDWOOD TIMBERED LANDS
In Southern States. Any size tract desired.
SILVER BROS. & CO.
Suite 313-316 Torrey Bldg.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.
Mines and Mining Stock.
—SPECIALTIES—
Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

4½ PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN. 5 "On or Before"
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

Money to Loan
At Lowest Current Rates.
PENN. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Agent.
Providence Building.

$4800 for lot 50x140, Superior and Michigan streets, near Eleventh avenue West, with two houses, water and sewer connections; rented for $54 a month. Growing in value.

$750 A good lot on Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue East. Water in street. Good homes around it.

$550 for a lot on London road near Twenty-second avenue.

$3400 Nine-room house, stone foundation, cement sidewalk, water, sewer, electric light; 50-foot lot on Nineteenth avenue East.

$13 per acre for a good tract of land only six miles from Superior street. This is cheap.

D. W. Scott,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

FOR SALE
Nine-room residence in the East End, near 15th Avenue East, situated on upper side of street, has all conveniences—hardwood finish, nice plumbing and is in first class condition—lot is 50x140 feet in area—**Possession can be given at once**—owner leaving town—PRICE
$5250
For terms inquire of—
N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street, $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

Only from $100 to $200 for a first payment on a home at West Duluth.
Houses from 6 to 9 rooms, with city water.
See CHAN. SMITH at 100 Torrey Bldg.

Climax Building and Loan Association.

Has six parties who wish to borrow sums amounting to $5950, during the present month, to be secured by houses and lots valued at $19,650, with the buildings insured for $10,300.

You can invest any sum, from $1 up, at any time and be assured of a 5 per cent dividend-paying investment.

Office No. 100 Torrey Bldg.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — UMBRELLA AT CHESTER Park. Finder please return to 617 Ninth avenue East.

LOST—WATCH PIN FRIDAY AFTERnoon between Freimuth's and Panton & White's. Finder leave at 513 First avenue west.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2020 West Third street. New phone 1468.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1009 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendrickson, 233 West Michigan street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BOARD WANTED.

GOOD HOME FOR BABY BOY. 126 East First. 3 to 5 p. m.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1600. Also 50x140 and house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-513 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 63-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 701.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $2000 TO $3000, can double his money in a few months, this will bear thorough investigation. Confidential on both sides. Address Business, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

LINCOLN PARK.
A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 28, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the ninth Tuesday, September 29, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winner. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—AT ONCE, GOOD second hand trunk, medium size. K. 16, Herald.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 186, Hibbing, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—STORE OF CIGARS, CONfectionery and notions; nice store in good locality. A bargain. Owner cannot stand indoor life. L. E. T., Herald.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE—BEDROOM suite; kitchen cabinet and dining table; party leaving city. 428 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—ROLL TOP DESK; GOOD order; cheap. Z 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—$135 WALNUT UPRIGHT piano, used six months, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—A THREE-ROOM house at 911 East Seventh street, if taken at once.

$750 STEINWAY UPRIGHT PIANO, elegant condition, moving away on account of health failing, will sell for cash or monthly payments for $250. Address P 92, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SET OF DOUBLE harness nearly new; good pair coat sleds and double wagon. Apply 1426 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's McClure's Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—TEAM HORSES, SET OF double harness and dray, cheap if taken at once. 118 Fourth Avenue west.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $15—$5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. J. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

KNABE PIANO, BEAUTIFUL MAHOGany case, paid $650, will sell cheap if sold quick. Must realize $100 on it, balance can be paid monthly. Address L. N., Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $5; LARGE used organ, $18; large used organ, $20; large used organ, $25.00. Very easy terms. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. Address, J. 99, Herald.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. Competent and careful. Good references. Address G 97.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING, or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of; would do chamber work. Inquire at 1125 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH THREE YEARS experience in general office work desires position. Best of references furnished. F, 77, Herald.

A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS WASHING for two or more days in the week. West End preferred. Call at 1822 West Second street.

AN EXPERIENCED HOTEL COOK would like position. Address E. C., 521 Tower Avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—POSITION AS BARTENDer. 526 West First street. H. J. B.

WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED man, a position as collector. Address U 7 Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly competent all round office hand. Quick and accurate on figures. Address C. F., Herald.

POSITION WANTED AT ONCE BY thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and general office clerk. Good references. Address G 99, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out. 278 Third avenue East.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. A1 references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., G., Herald.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GOOD CHOCOLATE DIPper; steady work. Smith & Markus, 110 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GIRL clerk, with good references. Minnesota Candy Kitchen, 111 West Superior street.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO MAKE herself useful in sewing room. 12 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. Small family. 321 Tenth avenue East.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE, AT MISS Meining's, 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady in the kid glove department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED—GIRLS, 14 YEARS OR OVER, for running cash. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESSES IN OUR alteration department. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week, at home, without canvassing, write to The Commercial Co., Box 165, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople for our cloak and suit department; good positions for competent people. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL OR OLD lady for light housework. No small children. M. Z. Kassimir, 105 First Avenue west.

WANTED—DISH WASHER AND GIRL to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL house work. Family of three. Mrs. Smith, 1427 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in house work. 14 Fourth Avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age for nurse maid. Apply 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL. 313 WEST Superior street.

SEVEN FIRST CLASS COOKS FOR hotels. Fine cooks for boarding and fine hotels. 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

WANTED—GIRLS, AT LUTE'S LAUNdry.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 925½ West Michigan St.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office. 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — FIFTY MEN FOR railroad work at Columbia Falls, Montana; free transportation; ship Wednesday, 5 p. m. ANDERSON & BARRON, Employment office, 615½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND assistant bookkeeper; must be a good penman and efficient in stenographic work. Good chance for advancement. Address Fire Insurance, Herald office.

WANTED—STOCK BOY AND SALESlady in crockery department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople in our fur department; good salaries to people accustomed to handling fine furs. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WANTED—MEN WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week at home, write to The Zenith Commercial Co., Box 165 Duluth, Minn. No canvassing.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

$20 WEEKLY AND TRAVELING EXpenses paid salesman to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED— Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

YOUNG MAN AS TRAVELING REporter for Mercantile Agency. State experience, age and references. P 47, Herald.

MEN TO DELIVER, SCANDINAVIAN with experience preferred. Best wages, steady job. Zenith 'phone 717. Apply at once.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 615½ West Michigan street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED-- CONTINUED.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 1317 Harrison street, Superior. Bath, electric light, hardwood floors and finish throughout. Price, $20 per month.

FOR RENT—NUMBER 229 FOURTH avenue west; twelve rooms; all modern conveniences. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE; furnished; water, good cellar. Possession October 1st. Apply 1929 East Sixth street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — SMALL FURNISHED room; electric light, bath, steam heat; central; $7.50 per month. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Inquire at 509 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO PARTLY FURNISHed rooms for light housekeeping. 11 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, Hot water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 407 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD WITH A PRIVATE family, for two; all modern conveniences; East End. Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

WANTED — A CHILD TO BOARD— best of care given. 1125 West First street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your Druggis **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.**

LADIES CONTEMPLATING MARriage write me for particulars of how to get the best homes in the shortest time. Confidential. Address with stamp Z 14, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms; steam heated. Address C 98, Herald.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1308.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burt Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work ——. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 8. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always Welcome. Sept. 9, special work and drill by degree team. Harry Miles, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Filder, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.
MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MASSACRES FEARED FROM RELIGIOUS SECTS IN SYRIA

Bedouins Bring Word of Rising of Druses.

Reports From Beirut Show Situation Grave.

Paris, Sept. 9.—The following telegram has been received from Cairo, Egypt:

"Disquieting rumors are current in regard to the situation in Syria. Bedouins arriving here from the Arish desert say the Druses are in arms and fears are entertained of a massacre in Lebanon."

Official reports from Beirut show the growing gravity of the situation there. Another Christian was killed yesterday. The soldiers are making common cause with the Mussulmans during the attacks on Christians. A number of houses have been pillaged, one French shop was completely destroyed and the French residents, becoming terrified at these depredations, have abandoned their homes and sought refuge at the French college, between 400 and 500 refugees are now gathered. The American naval commander, it is asserted proposed to land marines at Beirut, but the foreign consuls believed the step inadvisable at this time, as it might lead to an increase of the excitement prevailing and precipitate a crisis. The vali of Beirut has proved himself to be weak and incompetent to deal with the situation, and, therefore, Nayin Pasha, the vali at Damascus, was ordered to assume the direction of affairs in Beirut. Nazim Pasha, who has already arrived at his new post, is displaying great energy. The consuls express the hope that he will be able to stem the disorder. The nearest French warship to Beirut is in the gulf of Volo, Greece, but unless Nesim Pasha speedily restores order and completely safeguards French citizens, France will act decisively by despatching warships from Toulon.

Constantinople, Sept. 9.—Consular accounts here from Beirut totally differ from the Turkish government's version of the recent outbreak there. The vali of Beirut was not on board the United States flagship Brooklyn when the first brawl occurred, but was in the country. Contrary to the official version the consular dispatches say the Musculmans first attacked the Christians and the troops which intervened sided with the Mussulmans. One of the pillaged houses belonged to a French citizen. Though there has been no further disturbance at Beirut since Sunday, great uneasiness, amounting almost to a panic, prevails among the Christians, many of whom have left Beirut and sought refuge in Lebanon.

The foreign consuls at Beirut met on Monday and decided to make serious representations to the local authorities looking to the preservation of order. They also decided to telegraph to their respective ambassadors or ministers at Constantinople demanding the recall of the incompetent vali of Beirut, and requesting that warships be sent for the protection of the Europeans.

Nazim Pasha, vali of Syria, was ordered from Damascus to Beirut, where he arrived yesterday.

The porte announces that Nazim Pasha was sent to Beirut with two battalions of troops to take temporary charge of affairs there. The vali of Beirut, it is also announced, has not been deprived of his authority, but he will 'probably remain inactive at his post" during the stay of Nazim Pasha at Beirut.

While the rioting was in progress, the Beirut advices further state, an appeal was made to Rear Admiral Cotton to land marines, but he replied that he could not intervene in a quarrel among Ottoman subjects. It is considered probable that France will send warships to Beirut and her example is likely to be followed by other powers.

Several of the diplomats here drew the serious attention of the porte on Monday to the situation at Beirut, demanding that measures be taken to prevent a further outbreak and insisting on the recall of the vali, who was in office when the outbreak occurred.

No further consular dispatches have recently been received from the vilayets of European Turkey. It is believed here that the rigorous repression exercised by the Turks in the vilayet of Monastir will result in uniting all the Christians against the authorities.

The porte intends to concentrate 50,000 to 70,000 troops at Adrianople.

It is said that 2000 insurgents have been surrounded at Kirk-Killisseh, thirty-two miles from Adrianople, and official circles here momentarily expect news of their surrender or annihilation.

Notwithstanding the large number of troops concentrated at Adrianople, the regiment of Haminieh cavalry, to which the sultan presented colors Sept. 4, will leave here this evening for Adrianople. It is alleged that the dispatch of these troops can only have on emeaning, namely, massacres in which the Kurds are destined to play the same part as the Circassians did before the Russo-Turkish war.

Sixty battalions of Redifs, on a war footing, are waiting at the different mobilization centers in Anatolia ready to start at a moment's notice.

The only news from the interior today is of the severe engagement with a strong insurgent band which occupied a position near Lake Aniatova, in the vilayet of Constantinople. The fight lasted until nightfall.

The Bulgarians who were arrested here on the eve of the anniversary of the sultan's accession, have been released.

Rome, Sept. 9.—A communication received from the Italian ambassador at Constantinople says the Turkish minister of foreign affairs has assured him that the most energetic measures will be taken to punish those who were responsible for the recent conflict at Beirut. The minister added that there need be no fear that any such incident would reoccur and asserted that the porte was confident that the insurrection in Macedonia would be "suppressed in one week."

WILL FORCE A WAR

Ottoman Subjects Will Compel Sultan to Fight Bulgaria.

Seriousness of Situation Manifest By General Irritation.

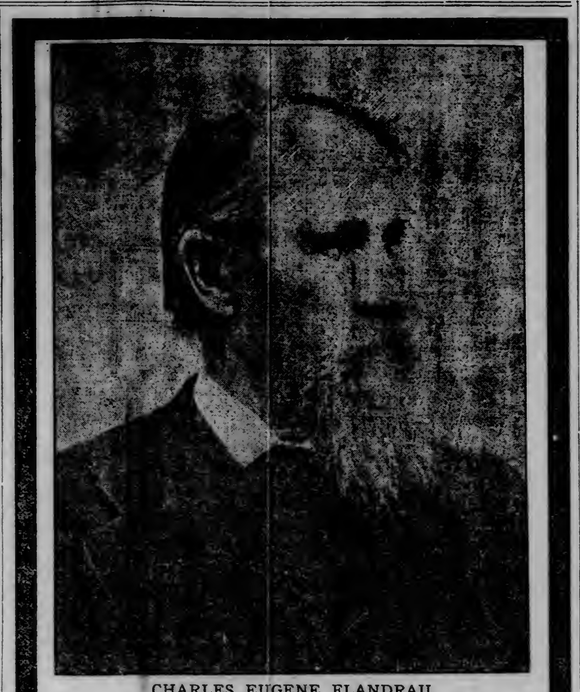
London, Sept. 9.—The official and press reports from the Near East today emphasize the seriousness of the situation there and confirm the belief of the authorities here that owing to the general irritation throughout European and Asiatic Turkey toward the Christians as a result of the Macedonian revolt the sultan may be swept by the uncontrollable sentiments of his Ottoman subjects into a war with Bulgaria, despite the unwillingness of the porte to precipitate such a conflict. The turkish officials express gratification at the Russian-Austrian proposal for coercive diplomatic action on the part of the powers at Sofia. They are confident it will be acceded to by France, but whether it is adopted or not the sultan's hand has already been greatly strengthened, as he is in a better position to act than hitherto.

There is no question in official circles here that the porte will take energetic measures to suppress any trouble at Beirut. The announcement is made of the arrival at Beirut of Nazim Pasha, the vali of Syria, who is expected by the Turkish officials to promptly restore order. That the task is difficult is shown by the fact that there have been further riots at Beirut. France may order warships to that point to protect her interests, but Germany has asserted that she will not do so. Great Britain, whose missionary interests in Syria are practically nil, has not as yet sent any vessels to Beirut, relying upon the American warships to protect the consulates. The high diplomatic authority repeated today that Russia has not dispatched, at present at least, any vessels of her Black sea fleet to Turkish waters. He asserted, however, that when Russia submits to the porte her proposals for the pacification of Macedonia she may dispatch her Black Sea fleet to Turkish waters and it may make a much longer stay there than did the Russian squadron at Inlada bay. He added that Turkey could not be expected to inaugurate new reforms until order was restored. The St. James Gazette this afternoon says an arrangement has been arrived at between Great Britain and Austria, which will come into operation under certain eventualities. The Turkish embassy issued another statement today, declaring that the reports of massacres emanate from the Bulgarian sheds and are purposely exaggerated in the hope of securing European intervention. It reiterates disbelief in the seriousness of the Beirut situation, and adds:

"The Turkish government, therefore, hopes the American warships will depart as speedily as possible, as their presence only tends to incite the people. From Constantinople the emassy is informed that there is no reason for the assembling of the American ships at Beirut."

Oyster Bay, Sept. 9.—President Roosevelt is watching the developments of the situation in Turkey carefully, but without serious apprehension. The reports made by Minister Leishman at Constantinople are not disquieting in tone. On the contrary, the minister is inclined to take an optimistic view of the situation so far as this country is concerned. The anti-Christian outbreak is serious, but it is not regarded as likely that, through it, American interests, or American citizens will suffer. Admiral Cotton at Beirut, in whom the administration has great confidence, is clothed with ample authority to afford such protection to Americans and

(Continued on Page 2.)



CHARLES EUGENE FLANDRAU.

Judge Charles E. Flandrau Dead at St. Paul.

Resident of the State For Half a Century.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Charles E. Flandrau, one of the most prominent pioneer citizens of Minnesota, died at his home in this city early today, after an illness extending over a period of some months.

For nearly fifty years Judge Flandrau was a resident of Minnesota, and although he was over 75 years of age, he was, until the illness which resulted in his death, in vigorous health, with elastic step and comparatively young appearance. With one or two brief intervals, Judge Flandrau spent his life and energies since 1853, the date of his arrival, in the upbuilding of St. Paul and the development of the state, which he saw emerge from a primeval wilderness to one of the greatest commonwealths in the country.

The active career of Judge Flandrau as a lawyer, a profession which he still practices with energy and zeal in this city, did not prevent him from taking a useful and spirited part in the politics of his city and state, and as a worker and counsellor in the Democratic party he could have been signally honored on more occasions than one had he so desired.

Judge Flandrau was born in the city of New York on July 15, 1828. His father, who was a prominent lawyer in the metropolis, having for many years been the law partner of Aaron Burr soon afterward removed to the District of Columbia, where the lad resided until he was 13 years of age. En passant it may be said that the mother of Judge Flandrau was the sister of Gen. Alexander Macomb, who was commander-in-chief of the United States army in the war of 1812, and who personally commanded at the battle of Pittsburg.

At the age of 13 he conceived a desire to go to sea, and being too young to go into the navy as a midshipman, which position was offered him, he shipped before the mast in the revenue service, where he remained for two years, afterwards making several voyages in

(Continued on Page 2.)

ATTORNEYS WOULD RECOVER FORTUNE FOR MRS. MAYBRICK

Proceedings Have Been Begun Against the Executors of Her Grandfather's Estate For An Accounting and Return of Money.

New York, Sept. 9.—Fighting to secure a fortune for Mrs. Florence Elizabeth Maybrick, whose release from an English prison is expected next July, counsel will today begin proceedings to recover more than $40,000. That is all that is left of the immense fortune of Darius Blake Holbrook, grandfather of the American woman now spending the last months of a 15-year term in an English prison.

Attorneys for Mrs. Maybrick will appear before a referee and ask an accounting from Hamilton B. Bradshaw and William H. Gardiner, of New York. They were the executors of the will of Mr. Holbrook, who left his vast estate to his daughter, now the Baroness Von Roques, and a resident of Rouen, France, with a reversionary interest to her daughter, Mrs. Maybrick.

Tens of thousands of that fortune went to save Mrs. Maybrick from the gallows, when she was sentenced to death in 1889 for poisoning her husband.

Darius Holbrook also owned 2500 acres of coal and iron lands in Virginia and West Virginia, and suits to recover them have been instituted. Should they be successful, Mrs. Maybrick may become one of the wealthiest women in the United States.

Mr. Holbrook was a capitalist of Mobile, Ala. He was associated with Cyrus Field in the laying of the first trans-Atlantic cable; he founded the town of Cairo, Ill., and was one of the promoters of the Illinois Central railroad. When he died in 1868 he was considered one of the wealthiest men in the South.

SMUGGLING SENSATION EXPECTED

Montreal, Sept. 9.—Sensational developments in connection with the passing of English tailor-made goods from Canada into the United States without payment of duty are expected shortly. Large consignments of these goods lately have been brought out from England and shipped in trunks to New York marked as having been examined by customs officials. There is a duty of 90 per cent on such goods brought from England into the United States, but the duty from Canada is 33 per cent less one-third from the preference by Canada to English goods. It is claimed that large quantities of such goods have been smuggled through to New York with the connivance of some customs officials, and an investigation will follow. Seizures of some of the goods already have been made at New York by order of the United States customs authorities.

VERY PROMINENT MAN WILL BE INDICTED IN P. O. SCANDAL

There Are Well Defined Rumors That a Man as Well Known as the Postmaster General Is In the Toils.

Washington, Sept. 9.—One of the persons indicted yesterday by the federal grand jury in connection with the postal investigation is George W. Beavers, formerly chief of the division of salary and allowances. It is understood that the charge is conspiracy. Another of the indictments is against August W. Machen on a new set of facts, involving him with Beavers. The charge is conspiracy.

While the officials refuse to disclose the names of the four remaining persons who were indicted yesterday, it is said that none of them is or has been connected with the postoffice department and that one is a man of some prominence. It was stated at the city hall today that the climax of the investigation is to come shortly when a person not connected with the department but equally as well known as the postmaster general himself, undoubtedly will be indicted for complicity in the postoffice frauds. The grand jury began hearing the evidence in this particular case today and it is stated that when a report is made it will in all probability conclude the investigation in Washington.

New York, Sept. 9.—Seventeen additional indictments against persons said to be implicated in the postoffice frauds have been turned over to Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, who has been retained by the government to aid in the prosecution of nearly two score of its employes. Mr. Bonaparte has just returned from his vacation at St. Andrews, N. B. He has received the formal drafts of indictments against George W. Beavers, August W. Machen, Congressman Edmund H. Driggs, Maurice Runkle, George E. Lorenz, George F. Miller and Thomas McGregor. He declared that the cases in which indictments are returned by the grand jury will be pushed as rapidly as the evidence at hand will permit.

A WRONGFUL ACCUSATION WILL CAUSE WOMAN'S DEATH

Resident of Chicago Suspected of Stealing While In North Carolina and Is Dying as the Result of Shock to Her Nervous System.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Mrs. Jane Boysen, the Chicago woman who was recently wrongfully accused of stealing goods from a merchant in North Carolina, is dying as a result of the nervous shock she sustained at the time. Mrs. Boysen has been suffering for the last four years from tuberculosis. Last January she went to Asheville to seek relief. Last week she was staying in White Springs, when a robbery occurred. Through a misunderstanding, suspicion fell on Mrs. Boysen, and her apartments were searched. She sustained a severe nervous shock, from which she did not recover. This experience aggravated her disease to such an extent that word was received at her home last night that she could not survive till morning.

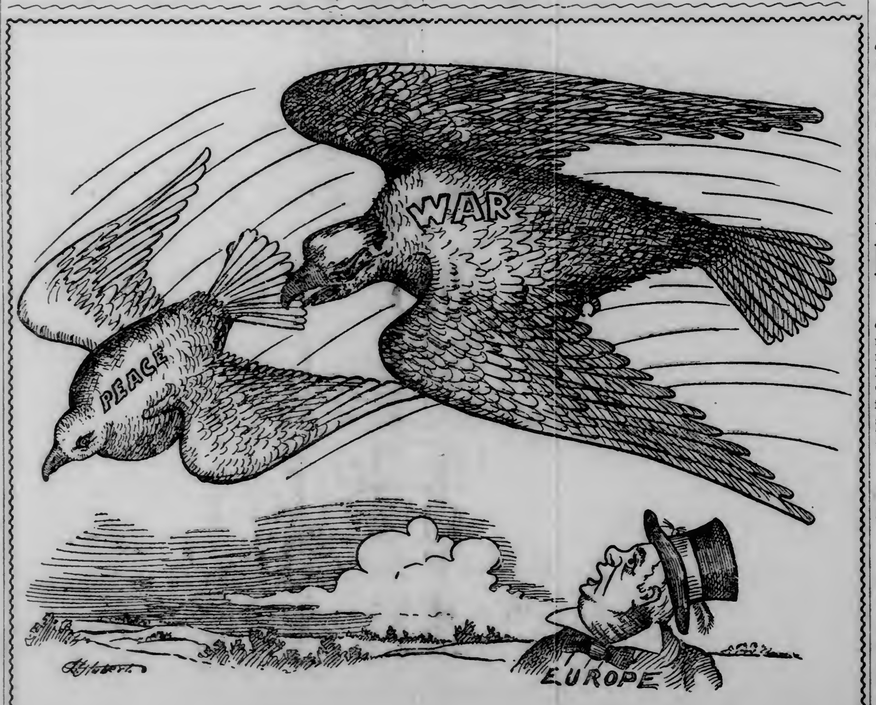
Mrs. Boysen has been a resident of Chicago for many years, and is prominent in North Side club circles. She has written many songs and poems.

PUGILIST BADLY HURT IN FIGHT

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—Joseph Riley, aged 23 years, a local bantamweight pugilist, is in a critical condition at a hospital from a boxing match last night wth Griffith Jones, of New York, at the Southern Athletic club. Jones is under arrest. After the bout Riley fell insensible in his dressing room and has since remained unconscious. Special policemen have been assigned to the case, with instructions to arrest all those who were concerned in the bout. The physicians have been unable to determine the exact nature of the pugilist's injuries.

THE COLOR LINE DRAWN IN LONDON

New York, Sept. 9.—London has begun to draw the color line, says a Herald dispatch from that city. Complaint has just been made to the magistrate at Marlborough street police court by a negro of gentlemanly appearance, who said that he and some friends had been refused refreshments by a publican simply because of their color. The publican refused to know whether he and his friends were from different parts of the British dominions, were to be treated little better than wild beasts. The magistrate said: "I sympathize with you and think the publican's refusal a very foolish and unkind act, but I cannot alter the law as it stands." The magistrate then entered into a long explanation, the gist of which was that, while a publican was bound to supply any one with food or refreshments as a traveler, there was nothing in the law to compel any one to sell anything to anybody. The negro thanked the magistrate for this precise information and withdrew.



THE DOVE OF PEACE IN DANGER.

ST. PAUL MAN DRINKS CARBOLIC ACID BY MISTAKE AND DIES

John T. Connolly, a Restaurant Manager, Drank Poison Thinking He Was Taking Medicine—Physicians Summoned But Could Not Save Life.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—John T. Connelly, 43 years old, of 128 East Cook street, at 10 o'clock last night drank from a bottle containing carbolic acid in mistake for his regular medicine. A physician was called, but he was too late to render any service.

Connolly managed a restaurant at 319 St. Peter street and had been in poor health for some months. He had been under charge of a physician, and had medicine at his home and in the restaurant. The medicine at his home was on a shelf above a small table. A bottle of turpentine and a bottle of carbolic acid were on the same shelf. The lamp in the bedroom was turned low when he was about to retire last night, and Mr. Connolly reached for his medicine. As soon as he had taken a swallow of the acid he cried out: "Mother, this burns my mouth."

Mrs. Connolly ran to the lower part of the house and procured milk and water to relieve his suffering. His condition got worse and a doctor was called, but when he arrived Mr. Connolly was dead.

NEGRO RESCUED FROM LYNCHERS

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Under a fusillade of bricks and stones, policemen last night rescued John Brinkley, a negro murderer, from a mob of would-be lynchers. Brinkley shot and killed Charles McCarthy, a plasterer, almost in the presence of the latter's wife, who stood in the doorway holding her baby. The killing grew out of a quarrel in which McCarthy had accused Brinkley of stealing chickens from his premises. Following the shooting the negro was captured by a mob after a chase of several blocks. He was being terribly beaten, and there were cries of "lynch him" when the police arrived. The officers, with a vigorous use of their clubs, fought their way through the mob to arrest the murderer. At police station Brinkley fainted from terror, and when revived begged to be locked up where the mob could not get at him.

A GUARD AT VICTOR IS ATTACKED

Victor, Col., Sept. 9.—An attack upon a militiaman acting as guard at the Taylor and Brunton sampler aroused the officers commanding the troops and within a few minutes every available man in the camp was patrolling the hills. Shortly after the guard had been placed at the sampler he noticed a man prowling about a building. He ordered the man to halt, which order was not obeyed. The guard fired at the figure and started in pursuit, firing as he ran. As the soldier passed the building he was felled by a rock thrown by a second man. The shooting aroused other sentinels, who arrived just as the men disappeared over the edge of Bull hill. A volley was fired at them, but they escaped beyond the range of the muskets. The injured infantryman was picked up and medical aid summoned. He was not seriously injured, though unconscious when found, but soon revived.

The mine owners have notified the officers of the militia that a number of threats have been made against both property and the guards, and at a number of places the guards have been doubled.

The finding of the body of an unidentified man with a bullet through his heart, about a mile from Clyde, has caused excitement.

YOUTHFUL VANDALS

Enter Vacant Buildings, Damaging Them In Pure Wantonness.

Much Complaint From Agents and Owners of Buildings.

Juvenile vandals are causing property owners throughout the city a great deal of expense and annoyance.

Last night they invaded the new Fowler building at 116 West First street and, in stealing 50 cents' worth of lead pipe, they did at least $25 worth of damage to the plumbing system.

Vacant buildings throughout the city are made a special object of vandalism, windows are smashed, bath tubs ruined, stoves stolen and the walls defaced.

The East End has the majority of complaints on this account. Realty agents say a house cannot be vacant two days without youngsters throwing rocks through the windows and otherwise defacing the property.

One instance is reported in which the agents expended considerable money putting a house in repair, with the understanding it should be occupied within a few days. On Sunday and Monday last something like $12 worth of glass was broken by boys, and the paper in several rooms literally smeared over with paint, making it necessary to repair two rooms that were papered only last spring.

In another East End house recently cleaned from top to bottom for occupancy in a short time, boys broke basement windows and apparently had a cigaret smoking contest. The house was dirtied up from top to bottom in the most repulsive manner.

Another instance is reported in which the vandals simply punched holes through the bottom of a metallic bath tub, for no other purpose than destruction of property.

Fortunately there are but comparatively few vacant houses in Duluth at present.

Owing to the limited number of policemen in the city the residence districts can not be afforded the service required to apprehend these vandals, but it is probable that a rather severe example will be made of several boys whose names are now in the possession of the authorities.

Sent to Asylum.

Joseph Seller, an Austrian laborer but a year and a half in this country was found insane, before Judge of Probate Middlecoff, this morning, and was ordered committed to the state asylum at Fergus Falls. Seller has made his home at Ecelch, being a relative of Max Shapiro, a well known merchant of that place. He is troubled with delusions and the fear of personal injury about to be afflicted and has been under hospital care for two months at Superior, Wis., growing worse instead of better in his symptoms.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED.

A Sample Bottle Sent FREE by Mail.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles, rheumatism and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cure of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney liver, bladder or uric acid trouble you will find it just the remedy you need.

If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this great kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, and a book that tells all about it and its great cures, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. When writing, be sure to mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Daily Herald. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

FORTUNATE COINCIDENCES

Combination of Them Save Engel's Art Store From Burning.

A fortunate coincidence probably saved the Engel's Art store, on Third avenue west, from a serious fire last night.

During the severe lightning storm a distributing box on one of the Zenith Telephone poles located in First alley just east of Fourth avenue west, was set on fire.

This caused an extra current on all telephone lines of that particular circuit. In the Eangel's store two desk telephones had their cords crossed. The foreign current over the Zenith line set fire to the insulation on the cords and the store room was quickly filled with smoke.

A young lady clerk employed in the Art store just happened in to get an umbrella and discovered the fire almost as quickly as it started. At the same time the fire department was returning from the fire in the alleyway and was summoned from the street. Very little damage resulted but the consensus is that a bad fire would have resulted had the discovery been delayed a few moments.

DEWITT'S IS THE NAME.

The pure unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best Salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. Beware of Counterfeits. Sold by all Druggists.

MANY BARGAINS FOR SHOPPERS TOMORROW

Here Is an Attractive List of Middle-of-the-Week Bargains That Should Interest All Readers.

A matchless showing of new fall suits, skirts and waists is announced at Freimuth's.

Panton & White company offer special Thursday bargains in go-carts, dress goods and bed coverings and announce the display of new tailored garments.

Lightbody's news column tells of the newest things in dress goods.

A. B. Siewert & Co. announce their fall display of hats, skirts and underwear.

Fancy eatables at cut prices at D. O'Leary's cash grocery tomorrow.

Duluth Music company quote some "hurry-up" piano prices.

You can secure extra values in boys' school clothes at the Big Duluth.

Silberstein & Boudy company offer particular values in new fall tailored suits.

M. S. Burrows shows a fine assortment of boys' school clothing at specially attractive prices.

DECISION OF UMPIRE WRIGHT IS A VERY IMPORTANT ONE

That Portion Relating to the Discharge of Men Will Either Bring Permanent Peace or Open War on the Part of Miners.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 9.—Coal operators of the Wyoming region look upon the decision of Umpire Wright, giving them the right to discharge employes, as an important one.

The officials of the United Mine Workers claim that the privilege given employes is apt to be abused by mine foremen, who, acting upon instructions from headquarters, can make it unpleasant for the men who were active in the last strike.

The superintendent of one of the large coal companies says the decision is far reaching, and will either bring permanent peace in the anthracite region, or open war upon the part of the union miners. He points out that 90 per cent of the petty strikes that have taken place since the strike commission made its award were caused by the discharge of some employe for cause. In order to have him reinstated all the employes of the mine would go out.

WHEN INTEREST BEGINS!

Savings Deposits made on or before next THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, will draw interest from September 1.

Duluth Savings Bank

216 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

PAYS 3% ON DEPOSITS!

Banking Hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Saturdays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m.

THE BANK'S AFFAIRS

More Particulars as to Commercial Bank's Bankruptcy.

Details of Assets—Some Notes Pledged to Another Bank.

Creditors of the Commercial bank will be interested in the details of the schedule filed late yesterday afternoon by Charles F. Leland. The totals, as given yesterday by The Herald, are: Assets, $228,483.66; liabilities, $282,403.18. The schedule is as follows:

LIABILITIES.

Wages	$ 90 60
Secured claims	20,646 43
Open accounts, depositors	190,757 55
Certificates of deposit	58,395 65
Paper rediscounted	4,512 90
Accommodation paper	8,000 00
Total	$282,403 18

ASSETS.

Real estate	$ 31,000 00
Cash on hand	12,344 61
Money in banks	10,278 23
Notes	100,348 65
Furniture and fixtures	1,000 00
Household furniture	1,000 00
Overdrafts, including Johnson's shortage	49,615 75
Stocks	19,452 50
Cash value of life insurance	693 85
Contract with W. C. Sherwood	1,000 00
Exempt property	1,000 00
Interests held for Leland by others	550 00
Total	$228,483 66

The deposits include those of the Bank of Cloquet, in which Mr. Leland is an equal partner with Thomas H. Martin, and in which he claims only half the liability.

Among the secured creditors appears the American Exchange bank, which holds sixteen notes, aggregating $22,895.94, securing an indebtedness of $10,972.48. Opposite this item, in the sechdule, is this explanation: "Debt contracted at Duluth June 25, 1903. My demand note for $30,000 was given for money borrowed." The notes held by the American Exchange are also included in the list of assets. Some of them have been paid and a number of the notes published yesterday have also been paid since the United States marshal made his report, on which the list used yesterday was based.

The City National bank has $500 in its own stock and 400 shares of Yaqui mining stock, claimed to be worth $7000, to secure an indebtedness of $5075, and there is a mortgage for $4000 on lot 89, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division.

The real estate includes wild lands in Douglas county, placed at $2200 in value; lots 201 and 303, block 55, Duluth proper, Second division, placed at $20,000, and lot 89, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division, placed at $3000 and incumbered by a $4000 mortgage.

As to the transfer of the $20,000 property to Thomas H. Martin, Mr. Leland says in his schedule: "Deed delivered to George W. Martin, Aug. 12, in the understanding that he would consult my attorney and the attorney of Thos. H. Martin as to whether Martin has any interest in the deed by virtue of negotiations had about July 25. There was no agreement that the deed should be held as security or that the title should pass at the time of delivery. The deed was to be disposed of as the attorneys decided. Mr. Martin, through an oversight, neglected to lay the matter before any attorney and recorded the deed."

Mr. Leland puts his holdings of stock in at $19,452.50, and they are as follows:

Parry Sound Copper Mining company, 10,000 shares, put in at $1000.

Orelands Mining company, 25 shares, put in at par, $250.

Lake Superior and Pittsburg Development company, 30 shares, $1000.

Zenith Telephone company, 23 shares, $1150.

People's Telephone company, 4 shares, $240.

Lake Shore Telegraph and Telephone company, 35 shares, $1750.

Alaska Central Railway company, 100 shares, $750.

Duluth Zinc company, 125 shares, value unknown.

La Porte Consolidated Gold Mining company, 18,240 shares, par value $18,240, actual value, nothing.

Consolidated Copalquin Mines company, 95,000 shares, par value $47,500, value unknown.

Yaqui Copper company, 450 shares, $7875.

City National bank, 50 shares, $5000.

Yaqui Copper company, half interest in 25 shares, $437.50.

Following are the depositors on open account and certificates of deposit, whose deposits are $200 or over, the list including the deposits of the Bank of Cloquet, only half of which Mr. Leland is liable for:

Alford & Hunt	$1,726 39
F. D. Beveridge	1,536 58
N. A. Bergstrom	1,067 14
E. C. Case	2,697 24
Carney Bros.	1,232 57
Duluth Brownstone Co.	1,102 94
Duluth Zinc Co.	1,402 67
M. A. Fedje	2,037 22
Daniel Horgan	2,040 97
Modern Samaritans, Imperial council	1,429 72
Independent Ferry line	2,488 72
Alfred Johnson	1,230 55
A. Lamont	1,663 87
J. J. McDonald	1,421 18
P. McDonnell	11,213 92
George W. Martin	1,330 31
J. T. Michaud	1,045 97
J. B. Middlecoff	3,915 67
Mrs. A. M. Miller	4,184 15
Theodore Nauffts	1,505 51
Pearson & Fawcett	1,972 35
H. H. Phelps	1,181 75
M. V. Porter	1,129 23
St. Louis county	9,115 23
Steamer Newsboy	1,572 83
Smith & Vokes	3,309 37
T. W. Wahl and M. Roberts, trustees	594 28
Susan Wade	1,247 90
W. C. White	1,031 83
W. H. Wilson	1,075 94
W. C. White, treasurer	1,389 78
Commercial Banking Co., Carlton	36,936 12
New Duluth bank	2,324 78
Bank of Cloquet	6,697 30
Mary Dalghisch	1,000 00
Anna Burg	1,000 00
J. J. Hibbard	2,000 00
David Hood	1,000 00
Emile Peterson	1,000 00
Elks' lodge	1,500 00
Jennie Augel, Two Harbors	1,647 75
Capt. John Shea	3,500 00
Charles Benson	270 37
Burkquist Bros.	851 02
Ole A. Berg	311 13
Bloom & Co.	313 14
T. S. Brown	210 00
Mrs. R. W. Bowden	789 95
J. J. Butchart	786 43
A. E. Carlson	740 19
California account	591 50
J. H. Clarke, agent	257 05
Carlson Bros.	354 61
F. H. Chandler, agent	234 38
F. H. Crowley	333 71
J. Q. A. Crosby, trustee	525 36
R. L. Cochrane	386 61
F. H. Curl	265 14
Dexter Investment Co.	216 13
J. N. Dennis	500 21
Dibbell-Guyer Livery Co.	363 46
E. W. Dibbell	228 57
Duluth, Van and Storage Co.	398 36
A. H. W. Eskstein	376 47
J. H. Flaaten	309 83
L. Fox	583 94
John Flood, trustee	286 35
James Foley	446 86
Flood & Horgan	686 73
B. F. Forrestal	863 85
D. Forshner	336 27
I. Garon	314 80
C. V. Greer	640 97
Jennie L. Gillman	511 20
P. J. Hartnett	203 96
Mrs. C. J. Hagberg	280 21
H. C. Helm	476 42
B. F. Howard, treasurer	321 79
Hotel McKay	933 98
Interstate Land & Investment Co.	962 91
Ideal Beer Hall	994 65
W. C. Ives	590 45
S. C. Jackson	209 81
Jarrell & Webb	779 24
L. G. Jachen, treasurer	598 60
Sophie Johnson	397 90
Joseph Bros.	211 49
John Johnson	213 17
M. H. Johnson	243 58
J. P. Johnson, trust fund	910 37
William J. Johnson	263 32
Knauf Sisters	686 34
E. Kenner	642 10
Christian Kristenson	473 70
S. M. Kelly	547 26
A. LeRicheux	212 66
C. F. Leland, treasurer	293 00
Ernest LeDuc	552 82
M. H. McMahon	244 47
E. McKay	234 83
O. McDonnell	244 73
Marine Iron Works	283 20
E. C. Maxfield	322 29
Louis Oreck	534 25
J. J. O'Brien	835 26
Catherine Page	584 22
A. A. Page	584 22
Emile Peterson	589 94
Frank Provinski	265 72
L. Polinsky	264 91
L. and C. M. Polinsky	570 63
J. L. Prosser	278 60
J. A. Roberts	296 26
J. W. Rowley	600 89
Aaron Starktrum	594 83
James Sharpe	809 76
E. J. Strayer	221 46
Albert Salter	498 65
Chas. R. Stai	429 05
Michael Schmartz	398 32
D. D. Rush	531 34
Cornelia Sherwood	359 61
J. G. Seecamp	612 90
Capt. John Shea	208 35
Seward Transfer Co.	650 04
H. O. Swain	756 35
Spirit Lake Land & Grain Co.	233 39
Smith & Vokes	3,469 39
D. N. Summerfield	885 85
I. O. O. F. Picnic Association	211 10
C. M. Tenbrook, treasurer	312 05
Anna Thomas	530 00
J. M. Tuffe	780 77
Geo. L. Tyler	368 25
J. A. Waterworth	2,000 00
T. W. Wahl & Co.	740 68
J. L. Washburn, trustee	424 25
O. K. Weinman	586 86
S. S. Williamson, Agt.	440 91
E. J. Williams	314 97
D. E. Woodbridge	492 93
Con Winter	247 47
W. E. Wilppie, Admx.	238 79
S. Weinburg	263 42
Y. M. C. A.	240 24
Zenith City Telephone Co.	438 98
L. D. Campbell	700 00
J. L. Cromwall	500 00
F. H. Chandler	573 50
Schuyler C. Bant	615 00
Albert Whiteside	200 00
D. J. Smith	299 77
Minnesota & North Wisconsin R. R. Co.	257 90
Olson & Elm	317 77
Chas. Edmonson	500 00
J. C. Ecker	511 25
Frank Elm	700 00
N. C. Folger	1,200 78
John Gustafson	585 00
Nell Mack	400 00
Thomas Jones	458 86
Mrs. L. Davis	200 00
Dan Moen	300 00
Carrie Sheets	450 00
N. Spiner	280 00
Mike Horgan	775 00
Olive Johnson	210 00
H. Van Blarcom	388 26
Nell Mack	220 00
August Larson	335 00
Peter Ryder	318 24
John Berg	600 00
Minnie E. Johnson	500 00
James Curran	250 00
Geo. M. Smith	1,000 00
Chas. E. Carry	285 35
Chas. W. Kendall	400 00
Malcolm McLeod	400 00
Hendrick Neilson	500 00
J. G. Patrick	500 00
John Carson	200 00
J. J. Frey, trustee	200 00
James Price	500 00
Paul Lahn	1,500 00
Henry Evans	1,955 00
J. L. Stenurg	400 00
Margery McNeil	400 00
F. H. Chandler	225 00
E. Ingalls	200 00
L. Picotte	200 00
O. G. Hulberg	500 00
Knauf Sisters	700 00
John Eggon	275 00
J. D. Larson	1,250 00
John Berg	412 18
Jane West	400 00
Mrs. O. L. Olson	200 00
N. O. Rice	525 00
James Curron	232 50
Fred Walsh	450 00
Gus. Frick	750 00
J. P. Murphy	500 00
Edwin Ward	550 00
Mamie E. Jackson	300 00
John Williams	200 00
Mrs. M. J. Oldham	518 14
Mrs. J. T. Culbertson	350 00
J. D. Morgan	200 00
Matilda Grover	1,000 00
North Star Lodge, K. of P	300 00
John Hotts	450 00

DAVIDSON MAY DIE.

Manitoba's Provincial Treasurer Is Very Low.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 9.—A dispatch from Neepawa, the country residence of J. A. Davidson, provincial treasurer, says that Manitoba's finance minister is hovering between life and death. His vitality is at the lowest ebb since he was stricken by paralysis about two weeks ago and unless a change soon takes place for the better, he cannot long survive. His brother George arrived yesterday from St. Paul.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

"Something just as good" is not the kind of merchandise to build up a business on.

Fall Goods { Hats, Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery

Haberdashery "up-to-date."

A. B. Siewert & Co., Hatters and Furnishers.

Now About Your Boy's School Clothes!

Perhaps you have thought about them before this—if you have n't, it 's time you had, because school begins next Monday. We are ready for the boys, and "ready" here means perfect selections.



Three-piece Suits, $3.95 to $10.00 | Novelties in Children's Overcoats, $4.95 to $10.00 | Sailor Blouse Suits, $2.45 to $7.50 | Handsome Reefers, $4.95 to $8.50 | Two-piece School Suits, $1.95 to $7.50 | Fall and Winter Overcoats, $4.95 to $18.00

Lower prices than ours mean lower quality—higher prices mean exactly the same quality—not better—you can't better The Big Duluth quality, simply because it is the highest.

Shirt Waists, Sweaters, Shoes, Stockings, Underwear, Hats, Caps, Odd Trousers and other Togs for School Wear.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

Williamson & Mendenhall. Duluth.

125 and 127 West Superior St.

LEADING MINNESOTAN JOINS THE MAJORITY

(Continued from Page 1.)

the merchant service. After some exciting experiences, he entered the law office of his father at the age of 18, and at the age of 21 he was admitted to practice in New York, where he remained with his father until 1853.

In this year his adventurous spirit again asserted itself, and he started for the West, in company with the late Horace R. Bigelow. On reaching Illinois he was admitted to the bar of that state by Judge Canton, an old friend of his father, but he soon started north, stopping for a brief interval in Iowa, and arriving in St. Paul Nov. 3, 1853.

In company with Mr. Bigelow a law business was started in St. Paul, but before the winter was over Judge Flandrau was engaged to explore the Minnesota valley, and this led him to locate for a while at Traverse de Sioux, then an Indian post and missionary station. He remained here for several years, during which time he gained the confidence of both the Indians and the federal and state governments, and was intrusted with a number of important missions.

In 1856 he was appointed by the president of the United States Indian agent for the Sioux, of the Mississippi, then the most important agency in the country, and in 1857 he was elected to the constitutional convention. While a member of that body he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court of the territory, a position he held until the admission of the state, in 1858, when he was elected associate justice of the state supreme court for a term of seven years. This position he held until 1864, when he resigned to go to Nevada, and remained away about a year. In 1866 he was nominated by the Democracy for governor, and later on he received another nomination for chief justice, having also acted as chairman of the state Democratic committee.

One of the interesting and exciting episodes of his career as a jurist, Indian fighter and soldier, occurred in 1862, when he was on the supreme bench. In this year when the Sioux Indians rebelled he proceeded to the frontier with a company of volunteers and took possession of the border town of New Ulm. While he was commander-in-chief of the assembled forces a desperate battle was fought, with the result that the savage foes were routed and vanquished, and as a mark of appreciation he received the thanks of the state. The monument erected on the battlefield to commemorate the event bears a medallion of his face in bronze.

A few years ago he was appointed by the legislature as one of the commissioners to write the history of Minnesota in the civil and Indian wars. Two valuable volumes were produced, and they now form an indispensable part of every important library. In this work Judge Flandrau confined himself to the history of the Indian wars, of which he gives a graphic and accurate account.

It may be said that during his long and busy life, filled with the peril and adventures of savage warfare, Judge Flandrau found time to cultivate the peaceful arts, and to develop literary habits and tastes of no mean order. This is attested by his most recent important public act as an historian, the publication, in 1900, of an interesting and valuable volume entitled the "History of Minnesota," supplemented by a series of tales of the frontier, which, taken together, form the most comprehensive and satisfactory history of the state ever given to the public.

In referring to his political career as above given, the fact was omitted that Judge Flandrau was made judge advocate of Minnesota by Gen. Sibley, the first governor of the state, and that he served during his administration, in 1858-9.

Among the numerous thrilling narratives in his "History of Minnesota," Judge Flandrau gives a graphic account of the Spirit Lake massacre by Inkpa-du-ta's band in March, 1857, while he was United States Indian agent.

The massacre, which resulted in the death of forty-two, and the captivity of four women, was brought about by the merest accident. During the month named one of the Indian band, while hunting near the Rock river, was bitten by a dog belonging to one of the settlers. The Indian killed the dog, when the owner of the animal assaulted him and beat him severely. This so enraged the Indians that they marched to the settlement at Spirit Lake and commenced to massacre the settlers, killing all of the men, together with some women, four of the latter being carried into captivity. Their names were Mrs. Noble, Mrs. Marble, Mrs. Thatcher and Miss Gardner.

The massacre was first discovered by Morris Markham, one of the settlers, who was absent at the time, and who returned only to find all of the settlers dead or missing. He at once went to Springfield and reported what had taken place.

Judge Flandrau received the news of the massacre from two young men who had come on foot through the deep snow, and he at once made a requisition on Col. Alexander, commanding at Fort Ridgely, for troops. Capt. Barnard E. Bee of the Tenth United States infantry, and his company were detailed to go in pursuit of the Indians, and, after a most arduous march, the camp fires of the Indians were discovered, but as they were several days old the pursuit was finally abandoned.

In the meantime Judge Flandrau devised plans for the rescue of the women and, while thinking the matter over, an event occurred that opened the way to a solution. A party of his Indians, who had been hunting on the Big Sioux, learned that Ink-pa-du-ta was encamped not far distant, and that he had some white women prisoners. Two brothers of the peaceful tribe visited the camp and succeeded in purchasing Mrs. Marble, and in bringing her to the Yellow Medicine agency, whence she was brought to Judge Flandrau, who learned that two of the other captives were still alive.

A large force of Indians was organized to rescue the remaining women, and they were provided with horses, wagons and all sorts of trinkets, which were to be given in exchange for the captives. It was the intention of Judge Flandrau, after the women had been rescued, to move on the enemy with United States troops and utterly annihilae them. Plans to this effect were fully matured, but this part of the program was frustrated by an order which commanded the garrison to embark for Utah to join Gen. Albert Sydney Johnson's expedition against the Mormons.

However, Judge Flandrau's Indians reached the hostile camp, where they found that Mrs. Thatcher and Mrs. Noble had been killed. Miss Gardner was rescued and brought to St. Paul and delivered by Judge Flandrau to Governor Medary on June 23, 1857. She was afterwards married and became a widow, and resides in the house from which she was abducted by the savages forty-four years ago. The Indians who rescued her were paid $400 each for their service. To the brothers who brought in Mrs. Marble Judge Flandrau paid $500 each.

As he could raise only $500 at the agency, he resorted to a novel method, which consisted in issuing a bond, without authority. As it was the first bond ever issued in what is now Minnesota, the two Dakotas, Montana and, in fact, the Northwest, a copy is herewith given in full:

"I, Stephen R. Riggs, missionary among the Sioux Indians, and I, Charles E. Flandrau, United States Indian agent for the Sioux, being satisfied that Mak-piya-ka-ho-ton and Si-ha-hota, two Sioux Indians, have performed a valuable service to the territory of Minnesota and humanity, by rescuing from captivity Mrs. Margaret Ann Marble, and delivering her to the Sioux agent, and being further satisfied that the rescue of the remaining white women who are now in captivity, among Ink-pa-du-ta's band of Indians, depends very much on the liberality shown toward the said Indians, who have rescued Mrs. Marble, and having full confidence in the humanity and liberality of the territory of Minnesota, through its government and citizens, have this day paid to said two above-named Indians, the sum of $500 in money, and do hereby pledge to said two Indians that the further sum of $500 will be paid to them by the territory of Minnesota or its citizens within three months from date hereof.

"Dated May 22, 1857, Pa-ju-ta-zi-zi, M. T.

"Stephen R. Riggs, missionary, A. B. C. F. M. Charles E. Flandrau, United States Indian agent for Sioux."

To recite in detail the many thrilling events and interesting experiences in which Judge Flandrau figured during his long and active sojourn in Minnesota would require pages of space and would be in itself a compendium history of the territory and state.

WILL FORCE A WAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

American interests as he may deem necessary. This fact, coupled with the assurances of the porte that United States property and people in Turkey are quite safe, has tended to relieve the minds of President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay from apprehension of serious consequences. The vigilance of the United States authorities will not be relaxed, however, and every precaution will be taken to insure the safety and protection of American interests.

Card of Thanks.

L. M. Linnell and relatives wish to convey their sincere thanks and appreciation to all Masons, ladies of the Eastern Star and friends for their sympathetic expressions during my late wife's recent illness and death, which only the human heart can feel.

L. M. LINNELL, Husband.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"

J. Frank Burrows

24 Third Ave. W. Up-to-date Tailor.

JAPANESE ARE HOPEFUL

That War Clouds Are Lifting In the Far East.

London, Sept. 9.—The Japanese legation here sees in the Russian concessions regarding Manchuria the lifting of the war clouds in the far East. No confirmation has been received of the London Times' Pekin dispatch, saying that the Russian minister there, in his note to the Chinese foreign office, engaging that New Chwang and Moukden shall be vacated by the Russians on Oct. 8, undertook that China shall be permitted to resume administrative right in the three provinces of Manchuria ,under certain conditions, but the report is regarded as well founded.

The Japanese legation says: "These events, if the reports are correct, have occurred which are calculated to simplify the situation, namely—the Russian terms which M. Lessar has apparently presented, mark the abandonment of the proposals which the powers found objectionable; Russia has announced her withdrawal from Manchuria next month, and we believe she is sincere and negotiations are progressing between Japan and Russia for a definition of their respective rights in Manchuria and Corea. These are secret and it is impossible to foretell the outcome, but we are hopeful that the results will be satisfactory to both governments."

SEVERE PUNISHMENT

Asked for Murderers of King and Queen.

Belgrade, Sept. 9.—The Servian army officers recently arrested succeeded today in publishing a new proclamation, calling on all the officers to stand together in demanding the most severe punishments for the murderers of King Alexander and Queen Draga. The officers declare that either they or the murderers must leave the service. The proclamation concludes with calling for cheers for King Peter.

The Servian public now openly takes sides with the arrested officers, and demands their release.

Great dissatisfaction prevails on account of the appointment of Gen. Gyniekis, one of the chief conspirators, to command the division of Nish.

BAD FIRE AT PIQUA, O.

Piqua, O., Sept. 9.—Fire in the Sexton livery stable, located in the business section of the city, destroyed property worth $150,000 last night. Half a dozen business houses were wiped out or gutted. This was the second disastrous fire in the business portion of the city within a few months.

POSTMASTER AT ST. PETER.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The president today appointed Henry C. Muller, postmaster at St. Peter, Minn.

Duluth's representative Grocery.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,

15 E. Superior Street.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Good Things to Eat:

The best qualities ever at the lowest prices in Duluth. We want your trade and will get it if good service, low prices and best goods will secure it.

Choice Cal. Plums, per case---95c
Wild Plums, per case 16 quarts 95c
Michigan Peacher, per basket 35c
Michigan Peaches, per bush. $2.00
Home Grown Tomatoes, bush. 75c
Home Grown Potatoes, bushel 65c
Home Grown Cabbage, per doz 50c
California Freestone Peaches—Buy them now at, per case--------90c
O'Leary Dairy Butter, per lb---18c
O'Leary Creamery Butter, lb---22c
Three Cans Tomatoes --------25c

Our 'Phone 1991 Use it.

Boys' Clothing



Never a time like now while the stock is new and the selection complete. Never a place like "The Great Eastern" to correctly and cheaply clothe the youngsters.

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

$3.00

and up as high as you care to go for good clothes.



Dugan & Hudson School Shoes $1.50!
They never seem to wear out.

M. S. BURROWS.
Correct Dress for Boys.

RAISE IN RATES

Zenith Telephone Company's Request to Be Publicly Discussed.

Advance on Business Phones Agreed to But Not on Residences.

At a public meeting to be held in the council chamber this evening the aldermen will attempt to sound public sentiment on the question of permitting the Zenith City Telephone company to raise rates.

A similar meeting was called for last Wednesday evening, but the fire in the Alworth building proved too strong a counter attraction and only one or two disinterested persons attended.

The arguments advanced by the telephone company are strong, and, while there is a general impression that the aldermen will agree to a raise in rates of so per year on business telephones, the company apparently wishes to go farther and secure an amended franchise permitting a general advance on a sliding scale system, subject to the number of subscribers of the telephone company.

The Zenith company officers say it is impossible to extend the service at present rates as the source of revenue is limited while each new subscriber adds to the cost of maintenance and operation.

In this respect they say the telephone business differs from practically all other lines of commercial endeavor and that a fixed maximum rate such as is established in the present Zenith Telephone company's franchise is a handicap to the growth and good service of a public utility.

The council extends an invitation to all citizens interested to appear this evening and be heard on the subject. The company will be represented by officers and attorneys who will make an extended explanation of the conditions that have led them to ask for this increase in rates. The meeting is called for 7:30.

AT WEST DULUTH

The Acme saloon, at 322 Central avenue, has been seized by the Duluth Brewing company, which owned the fixtures, and the proprietor, J. L. Wirtz, has not been seen for two or three days.

Wirtz was one of the depositors in the defunct Merchants bank, and the failure of that institution is believed to have had something to do with his failure to meet the demands of his creditors.

A number of West Duluth merchants claim to have accounts against him.

His present whereabouts are not known, but it is thought he has returned to his old home in Appleton, Wis.

The fixtures and the stock are now in the possession of the brewing company, which furnished the capital for Wirtz.

POISONED WITH ACID.

Ole Leyden was brought to the Red Cross hospital yesterday afternoon, suffering from muriatic acid poisoning.

The poison was doubtless administered to him in whisky during a Labor day spree. He remembers asking for whisky and claims that the "dope" was given to him in the drink, although he cannot remember where he secured it. He told his story in an incoherent way, and the authorities could not learn anything further than the fact that he had been in a saloon and had asked for whisky.

He was treated for the poisoning, and is reported to be somewhat improved, although suffering considerably.

MASONIC PICNIC.

West Duluth Masons and their wives and children, to the number of 160, left this morning on the steamer Newsboy to spend the day at Fond du Lac.

It is the occasion of the annual picnic of the West Duluth lodge, and a very large turnout resulted.

Baskets of lunch were taken along by the ladies, and the mid-day meal will be eaten on the picnic grounds. A program of sports has been arranged for, and with fine weather all the conditions favor a very enjoyable outing.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The fourth quarterly conference of the Oneota M. E. church will be held this evening in the pastor's study in the church. Rev. E. C. Clemans, the presiding elder of the Duluth district, will preside at the meeting.

The funeral of Berenice Cassidy, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cassidy, was held this morning at 8 o'clock. The services were held in St. James' Catholic church, and interment was made in Calvary cemetery.

James Sullivan has returned from a business trip to Washburn and other Wisconsin points.

Work was commenced today on the tracks of the street railway on Central avenue. New joints are being put in place and the tracks levelled and straightened.

Alfred Merritt and family will leave this week for Pasadena, Cal., where they intend to spend the winter. Mr. Merritt has recently purchased a handsome new residence in that city.

Joseph McNulty arrived from the Soo yesterday for a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

Skins of three large rattlers killed in the Indian territory, were sent home yesterday by William Spencer, who is at present engaged in business in that country. One rattler was seven feet and two inches in length. All three were killed by Mr. Spencer since his return to that country after a short visit with his family in West Duluth.

Miss Myrtle Katharine Trevitte, read and impersonator, will give an entertainment in the Oneota M. E. church Friday evening. The affair will be under the auspices of the larger Boys' club. Admission, 25 cents. Children, 15 cents.

REGULAR DANCES
—AT—
OATKA
Every Wednesday and Saturday During September.

LITTLE TYPHOID IN THE CITY

Health Department Anxious Nevertheless to Guard Against It.

While typhoid fever is unusually prevalent all around Duluth, this city is comparatively free from the sickness that made it famous in the early "nineties."

The Duluth hospitals at present have an unusually large number of typhoid patients, but virtually all of these are from towns and villages of the northern part of the state, and it is said that many of them are due to impure drinking water.

The Duluth water is of the best and it has become as much a matter of pride among physicians that when a case of typhoid fever develops here they make it a point to try and determine the source.

It is claimed that practically all of Duluth's few cases of typhoid come from sections of the city not supplied with drinking water through the municipal system. In these districts the physicians advise boiling the drinking water.

It is claimed that Duluth's greatest danger from typhoid would come from outside milk that is shipped in here. Locally the milk, stables, and stock are so thoroughly inspected that the possibility of disease from this source is pronounced at a minimum.

Improper plumbing and sewer connections are also said to be very dangerous, but Duluth doctors say they can see no reason why an epidemic should be feared at this time.

Of nearly thirty cases of typhoid now in St. Luke's hospital only one or two developed in Duluth. The others were brought in from other communities in order that they might have the benefit of Duluth's hospital service.

Oatka Tonight.
Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Drosse. Extra car service.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY
Prof. Ourat will reopen for the season Monday, Sept. 14, at 8, for adults; Saturday afternoon, Sept. 19, at 2:30, for juveniles. Private lessons by appointment. For information address 123 West Superior St. Office hours at hall from 3 to 5 Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, after Sept. 1.

BOARD'S ACTION IS MOST UNJUST

Insane Step By State Board of Equalization.

Boosts Personal Property Fifty Per Cent.

Through the influence of Governor Van Sant and State Auditor Iverson, the state board of equalization yesterday perpetrated an act that is the crown piece to the mass of injustice that makes up the personal property tax.

Under the pretense of correcting an injustice, the board devised an injustice that is far beyond the limits of reason and intensifies the ills of the old system a thousand-fold.

The board decided to raise the assessment of all personal property in the state 50 per cent.

That appears to be the effect of the resolution, which provides that assessments shall be 50 per cent instead of 33 1-3 per cent of the cash value of the property. Such an increase would mean a jump of 50 per cent flat on all personal property in the state.

The action of the board was published this morning in terms calculated to give the impression that it had decided to make increases of 33 1-3 to 50 per cent. As telegraphed from St. Paul, however, the interpretation given before seems to be the proper one.

This appears to be about the wildest piece of injustice ever perpetrated in this state in the way of taxation.

It is notorious and undenied that the personal property tax is a farce and an injustice.

The man who has little has it all in sight, where it cannot be hidden from the view of the assessor. He has it in horses and cows and sheep and pigs and chairs and cooking stoves. He is bound to get an assessment, while the man who has much has most of it out of sight, and the assessor gets it only by accident, if at all.

That is where the injustice comes in.

The state administration has been shrieking its head off because of this condition, and now it has aggravated it many fold by increasing the assessment on what has already been assessed, instead of digging up the property that has not been assessed. The only way to remedy the injustice of the personal property tax system is to devise some means of getting intangible property on the tax rolls at fair valuations. To make a raise of 50 per cent in the assessment of household furniture and farm implements and stock is to make a deeper cut into the farmer and mechanic and the laborer, whose property has always paid a grossly unjust proportion of the personal property tax, because their poor belongings have had to pay not only their own share, but that of the rich man whose stocks and bonds never get to the eye of the assessor.

The board of equalization now proposes to take some of the burden from real estate and heap it upon the already overloaded shoulders of the poor possessor of tangible personal property.

The idea is so preposterous that it is almost unbelievable. It may be that the wires have slipped in transmitting the news to Duluth. On no other theory can the sanity of the board of equalization and of State Auditor Iverson be believed in.

This hits particularly hard at the farming communities and at Duluth, where the personal property valuations are already high. Duluth got a raise of 25 per cent in its personal property taxes at the hands of the assessors. To add the raise proposed by the board of equalization would be little short of ruinous.

The merchants of the state would be heavily burdened by the iniquitous proposition of the state board.

They, too, have all their property in visible, tangible form, and they are unable to conceal it from view and keep it off the tax rolls. To raise them 50 per cent would in thousands of cases over the state be burdensome enough to swamp merchants.

It is inconceivable that the hideous plan of the state board will be carried out. It is the grossest instance of taking from those that have not to give to those that have that has been recorded yet.

What the condition of the minds of the members of the board was that they should figure on righting an injustice by committing one a thousand times more gross it is hard to imagine.

Real estate is bearing an unjust share of the tax burden, as State Auditor Samuel G. Iverson said in his address to the board. But the personal property that he asked the board to raise was being much more unjustly treated. The fault is in the intangible property that is not assessed. It cannot correct the evil to increase the burden on property that cannot escape.

The resolution embodying this action was introduced by J. E. Cooley, of Duluth, and his friends here are much surprised at his action.

The tax officials of St. Louis county and of the city of Duluth will enter a vigorous protest before the state board of equalization against the board's action.

Arrangements will be made some time today between County Auditor Halden and City Assessor Olafson to go down to St. Paul and take the matter up with the board, asking for a reconsideration of the resolution.

The local tax officials are very much disappointed over the action of the board, especially the part taken in the matter by J. E. Cooley, of this city, declaring that the measure will work a great injustice to the "little fellows," while some of the "big fellows" will escape almost entirely.

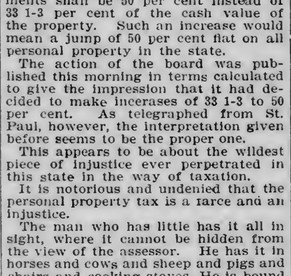
County Auditor Halden says that the protest will not come only from St. Louis county, but that the state board of equalization will probably hear from other counties of the state. City Assessor Olafson, who was present at the meeting of the state board when the resolution for the raising of the assessment figures for personal property was passed, says that Governor Van Sant also appeared before the board and declared that the personal property of the state was not assessed in proportion to the realty assessments, and urged the board to take the action that it did.

"It is a rank shame," said County Auditor Halden this morning, "that the state board, just because there is some personal property outside of bank stock that cannot be reached, should go ahead and declare a policy of assessing still higher that class of personal property here that is already assessed higher than it should be.

"The figures of the city assessor show that the personal property assessment in Duluth is 25 per cent higher this year than last, and now the state board comes along and says that this must be raised still higher. It is the little fellows that are going to suffer from this resolution. The fellows that are already paying a big assessment on their stocks of household furniture, etc., the merchants who are paying realty more than they should on their stocks, are to be squeezed a little harder because some of the fellows that have money, stocks and bonds outside the banks cannot be reached. The trouble will be that this measure to raise the personal property tax assessment will not affect the very interests that it should, but will only increase the burden laid on the interests that have already all they can stand.

"I believe that it behooves the county and city tax officials to protest against this measure, for if they don't do something, there is a time coming when the people will call them to account for it.

"It has been the usual custom of the state board of equalization, before it passed a resolution or measure that would so seriously affect any par of the state, to set a date of hearing when those interested might appear with arguments. I am surprised that the board has taken such summary action without at least giving us a chance for a hearing."



Try our $1.25
School Shoes.
EVERYBODY
Sells School Shoes at $1.00 to $2.00, but
PHILLIPS'
Are the best wearing of them all and cost no more.
PHILLIPS & CO.
218 West Superior St.

TO RAISE WAGES.

Conference Committee Allows More Money to Firemen.

At a meeting of the municipal conference committee yesterday it was decided to raise salaries in the fire department to the level of the wages paid in the police department.

Thirty 3-year firemen will get a raise of from $70 to $75 a month. Nine captains will get $85 instead of $80. Ten lieutenants will get $80 instead of $75 and four engineers will get $83.33 instead of $80.

The raise will increase the fire department appropriation for next year about $3,139.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Man Arrested on Information Furnished By Wife.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—On information furnished by Alice Stayton, colored, Essex Stayton, her husband, was today committed to prison accused of murder. Mrs. Stayton visited a magistrate's office to procure a warrant for her husband's arrest on a charge of assault and battery. While telling her story she declared Stayton had shot and killed Abraham Little, his brother-in-law, in March, 1902, at Grimesland, North Carolina. When arraigned, Stayton said he had quarreled with the man and in self-defense had shot him.

ON A SPECIAL MISSION.

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, Sept. 5.—United States Minister Powell arrived here today. He comes to San Domingo on a special mission to see that the government carries out in afull the agreement made in 1902 in connection with the settlement with the Improvement company, Sala and Rio claims. Congress has authorized the government to borrow $120,000 to pay urgent interior debts. The loan will be raised here and will be guaranteed by additional export dues on cocoa. The country is quiet.

New Fall Styles
In boys' suits, ready-made suits, at $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95 to $7.00.
C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

New Fall Tailored Suits, $19.50 $25.00 and $27.50 values.

Lines that were especially made up for us from short lengths of materials that our makers could not re-order from the cloth mills — suits from some of the same materials have sold in our stock at $25 and $27.50 and you'll pay that or more for the less particular kinds at any other store. We have marked them all at one price for tomorrow—$19.50. The clothes are fancy materials in the new autumn shades—and the rich plain Panne Zibelines in navy, brown, Oxford, dark olive and black—coats are silk or satin lined throughout and come in a variety of styles and lengths.

Beautiful Fall Suits, $25
$35 and $37.50 Values.

Beautiful materials—Homespuns, fine Cheviots, fine Panne Zibelines, and Novelty Cloths of many kinds—Purchased with the other lot, but of better grades—complete sizes in the lot, but not of any one kind.

$35 and $37.50 values at $25—tomorrow.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

DISORDERS CONTINUE

Consuls at Beirut May Call on Cotton For Protection.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—A delayed dispatch from Constantinople to the Lokal Anzeiger (which sometimes prints official news) says: "Telegraphic consular reports received here today (Monday) say that the murder of Christians in different parts of Beirut continues. Disorder prevails and traffic is destroyed.

"At a meeting of the consular corps it has been decided to ask for the recall of the vali, Recvard Bey, through the embassie at Constantinople, and to replace him by the vali of Syria (Nazim Pasha), now at Damascus.

"The consuls also decided to call on Rear Admiral Cotton for eventual protection of the foreign consulates, which he later agreed to furnish. It is considered that the American could land 500 men. Some Americans, it is believed, have already landed. The American ships are cleared for action. Other warships are expected.

"The tension between the Mohammedans and Christians in Syria has prevailed for a long time, but it is not connected with the Macedonian movement."

The German foreign office approves of Admiral Cotton's intention to land a guard to protect the United States consulate at Beirut if necessary, and of his holding a landing party in readiness to protect the foreigners there.

OPENING OF HIGH SCHOOL

Examinations For the Entrance and Back Work Set For Friday.

All examinations for the high school, both for those who enter and for those who have back work to make up, will be held at the building on Friday only. Following is the program of examinations:

8:30 to 9:40: Algebra, all; plain geometry, solid geometry.

9:45 to 10:55: Latin, entrance; Latin I, first semester; Caesar, first semester; German I, first semester.

1 to 2:10: French I, ancient history, first semester; mediaeval history, physiology, botany, zoology, commercial arithmetic, commercial geography, United States history, entrance; physics, second semester.

2:15 to 3:25: Ancient history, second semester; modern history, English history.

COLORADO HOUSES SHAKE.

Denver, Sept. 9.—Specials from northwest of here tell of earthquake shocks felt in Boulder, Loveland, Longmont and Fort Collins. No damage was done. The shocks caused doors and windows to rattle and at Boulder the houses shook quite perceptibly.

PREPARING A STATEMENT

For Stockholders of Consolidated Lake Superior Co.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—Officials of the Consolidated Lake Superior company say they are today preparing a statement covering all the phases of the difficulty between the company and certain stockholders. The statement will be made public tomorrow. Vice President Sambon today stated that counsel for the protesting stockholders had received the information they desired. Counsel for the company declared that the attorney for the stockholders when he visited the office yesterday to examine the books was given all the facts he wanted. He asserted also that the corporation's books had been removed from this city to Canada four months ago when the general offices of the company were transferred from Philadelphia to Sault Ste. Marie, and two months before the stockholders demanded an investigation of the accounts.

"The consuls also decided to call on Counsel for the stockholders on the other hand asserts that he was informed that the books had been removed after the first demand.

GUESTS OF PRESIDENT.

Quite a Number Entertained At Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 9.—The president entertained at lunch, Paul Morton, of Chicago, vice president of the Santa Fe railroad system; Francis E. Leupp, of Washington, and Lieut. Gordon Johnston, of the army, who was a member of the president's regiment of Rough Riders. Mr. Leupp, who is a Washington newspaper correspondent, was appointed by the president several months ago as a commissioner to make an investigation of alleged Indian frauds in the Oklahoma territory. He has completed his work and today made his report to the president.

Later in the day, Archbishop Harty who will sail very soon for Manila, paid his respects to the president and talked with him about the situation in the Philippine islands.

BUT FEW STRUCK.

Seattle Union Likely to Be Disrupted.

Seattle, Sept. 9.—All but ten of 160 street cars usually run by the Seattle Electric company are in operation today, notwithstanding the decision of the executive committee of the Street Car Men's union early this morning to declare a strike. When the order to strike was given out this morning, a great majority of the employes discarded their union badges and went to work as usual upon the promise of President Furth that he would treat with a committee of men in an endeavor to reach an agreement. It is believed the effect of this will be the disruption of the Seattle branch of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Employes.

LOW WILL ACCEPT.

New York, Sept. 9.—The Evening Post today says: "The positive information was obtained this morning that Mayor Low will accept a renomination, and that the fusion conference will tonight place him at the head of its ticket by a unanimous vote."

LIFE CONVICT DIES IN PRISON

Inflammatory Rheumatism Carries Off Thomas Swidonski at Bismarck.

Bismarck, N. D., Sept. 9.—Thomas Swidonski, a life prisoner at the state prison, sent up in 1896 for the murder of Mrs. Myron R. Kent, at Mandan, died at the state prison this morning, after a year's illness, of inflammatory rheumatism.

Swidonski confessed to having committed one of the most sensational murders in the history of the state, and charged Kent with having instigated the crime and paid him to do the deed. Kent, whose real name was Pancoast, was twice tried for the murder, and both times convicted and setnenced to death. His sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life on the eve of his executiion by Governor Allen. The murdered woman was formerly Julia Laird, of Minneapolis, and Attorney Frank M. Nye and Detective Hoy were both active in the prosecution of Kent. So far as known Swindoski made no statement before his death, although the officials have expected that he might throw some further light on his connection with the crime. He was the first life prisoner to die in the penitentiary.

FAMINE AT CAPE DE VERDE.

New York, Sept. 9.—A shipping firm here has received reports from its correspondent at Praia, capital of Santiago, Cape Verde islands, telling of great devastation in the islands through famine caused by crop failure. The population of about 19,000 is stated to be perishing at the rate of 19 a day. The islands are controlled by the Portuguese government

CALIFORNIA'S ANNIVERSARY.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—The fifty-third anniversary of the admission of California into the union is being observed today. Several cities of the state are celebrating the event on a large scale, but by far the largest gathering is at San Jose, where the Native Sons of the Golden West are holding their annual celebration.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.
Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at all druggists.

Music Lessons Free.
The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.



Top Notch

Butter Scotch

A new kind of butter scotch, made in a new way; a better butter scotch than you ever tasted. Better because it is nutritious as well as delicious; better because it's *pure, wholesome.* Try the following recipe and test its real goodness.

One cup of Karo Corn Syrup, one cup of granulated sugar, one-half cup of fresh butter. Boil until a small quantity dropped in cold water becomes hard and snappy. Do not stir while boiling. Add butter just before candy is done.

Karo

CORN SYRUP

is decidedly preferable to any other syrups, which come to the consumer with all the dirt and dust the syrup measure has accumulated since its last use. Karo Corn Syrup is protected by airtight, friction-top tins, which preserve its purity, insure its cleanliness, guarantee its goodness. 10c, 25c and 50c, at grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO.,
New York and Chicago.

FIFTY-FIVE FILE

Another Crowd Has Long Wait on Federal Building Steps.

Wallace P. Welbanks Gets First Choice of Land In 58-8.

After waiting thirteen long tedious hours on the steps of the federal building, during a great part of which time he stood holding the knob of the east door of the building, Wallace P. Welbanks, who is employed in the office of the United States engineer, was rewarded with ticket No. 1, which entitled him to first chance to file on land in township 58-8, and first choice of the unsettled claims in that township.

The second chance went to a woman, Mrs. Margaret Seymour, whose husband held the place for her during the night, to be relieved by her at 5 o'clock this morning.

The crowd began to assemble at about 5 o'clock last evening, or an hour earlier than on Monday night. Mr. Welbanks, who secured No. 1, however, was on the ground shortly after 5 o'clock.

By 7 o'clock, over forty people had assembled, and this number was gradually increased during the night.

The crowd sat patiently through the electrical storm that swept over the city about 10 o'clock, although few had provided themselves with means of protecting themselves from the weather, and they were thoroughly drenched by the downpour.

The majority of the applicants brought camp stools or empty boxes with them for seats, and also provided themselves with light lunches of sandwiches and fruit, which they ate during the night.

The time was passed by smoking and conversation, acquaintances being easily struck up among the different members of the party.

About 5 o'clock further additions were made to the party, ten or twelve ladies coming to take their places. Many of these had a brother or a husband in the crowd who had held the place for them during the night, and surrendered it to them upon their appearance, while others were content to take their place at the rear of the line, and take their chances with other late-comers.

About 6 o'clock this morning Receiver Smith of the land office opened the doors for the tired crowd. Instantly there was a rush that threatened to tear the doors from their hinges, but four sturdy representatives of 'Duluth's finest' guarded the entrance, and saw that there was no undue disturbance.

As the applicants filed through the door, Receiver Smith passed out numbered tickets, which assigned to each his or her order in line of applicants, and the filings are taken according to these numbers.

Fifty-five applicants in all were present this morning, when the doors opened. This was one more than the number that attended yesterday morning, when fifty-four numbers were given out.

It was expected that the number this morning would be considerably larger than yesterday, but the long wait outside the building must have discouraged many, who decided to take their chances on a claim after the first rush was over.

Township 58-8 is adjacent to township 58-7, which was thrown open yesterday morning. It is situated in Lake county about twelve miles north of Beaver Bay, and some fifty miles from Duluth.

All reports of this township seem to indicate that it contains rather better land than 58-7. The reports of those seekers who have visited the district of late are very favorable. They claim that there are large districts of farming land, which is "just as good as any that lies outdoors." The timber, however, is the main object of the applicants, nearly all of whom will file timber and stone claims. There are a number of claims in the township which, with the present high price of timber, will yield the applicants excellent returns for the money paid the government for the land, $2.50 an acre.

OPERATORS IN CONTEMPT.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 8.—Judge Hazen today sentenced Mine Operators John Jack and John Bell to jail until such a period as they might conclude to answer the questions of the attorneys in the coal trust inquiry. The men had refused to testify on the theory that it might incriminate them. The prisoners will appeal to the supreme court.

A Marvelous Accomplishment.

A noted New York chief, in speaking on the subject a few days ago, said:

"Did you ever stop to think what it means to serve from fifty to 125 people a meal in a dining car? The necessarily small space in which the meal must be prepared, the rapid manner in which it must be served, the fact that all the time the train is running at a high rate of speed, and that the diners are moving in and out of the dining car, in the very limited space allotted for the waiters to serve the meal, all add materially to the difficulty of the situation.

"In looking over a dinner menu in use on the New York Central's Twentieth Century Limited, I was surprised to find that this dinner would cost, at any first-class hotel in New York, between $4 and $5. Of course, all of the dishes on the menu would not likely be ordered by any one person, but the fact that each patron has the entire menu to order from is the foundation for any estimate of what the dinner would cost in New York.

"Among the dishes served on the day I examined the menu were green turtle soup, shad, fresh mushrooms, spring lamb, teal duck, fresh tomatoes, strawberry shortcake, etc., etc."—From the Brooklyn Standard Union.

TWO CHILDREN ARE DESERTED

Heartless Case At Everett, Father and Mother Disappearing.

Everett, Wash., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the most heartless cases of desertion, and one which has puzzled local officials more than any to come to their notice, has just been brought to light through the commitment of Julia and Don Bailey to the Washington Children's Home society by Judge Strobridge.

It was on the day that Ringling Bros.' circus was here that Mrs. Bailey left the two little ones at a neighbor's house, saying that she would be gone but a short time, but she has not been seen since. However, the father was still here and he took the children to their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Don Hickok, 2907 Norton avenue, where they have remained until today, when committed to the home at Seattle.

In about three days after the mother of the children had left the city the father also disappeared, after disposing of all their household goods, including the baby carriage in which the youngest child, Don, aged 6 months, was wont to ride, and the supposition of officials is that the desertion of the little ones was deliberately planned and executed by the parents.

Since it was learned that the children had been left by their father and mother an effort to locate the latter has been made, but so far without avail, and it is anticipated that perhaps they have returned to St. Cloud, Minn., from which place they came here about six months since. Bailey was employed at the Clark-Nickerson mill, but aside from that very little is known of him.

A sister of Mrs. Bailey also lives here, being a nurse. However, neither she nor the grand parents seem to care for the little tots, and it was at their suggestion that they were committed to the home.

TO RAISE ASSESSMENT

On Personal Property to 50 Per Cent.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 9.—The state board of equalization decided to raise the assessment of all personal property in the state from 33 1-3 to 50 per cent of the cash value. This action was taken in accordance with the recommendation of State Auditor S. G. Iverson, who, in his address to the board, gave statistics to show that real estate is bearing an unjust share of taxation and that personal property is under-assessed.

The resolution making the change was introduced by J. E. Cooley of Duluth, who argued that since banks are assessed at 50 per cent of the value of their property as returned in sworn statements to the public examiner, all personal property should be assessed in the same basis. The resolution was strenuously opposed by some of the members of the board on the ground that farmers and live stock owners will have to pay more than their share of taxes.

Kickapoo Oil

An indispensable household remedy for cramps, colic, diarrhoea and disturbances of the stomach and bowels. A piece of flannel wet with Kickapoo Indian Oil and placed over the stomach and bowels will relieve the most acute pains in a few minutes, allay the inflammation and cure the cause. Only 25 cents a bottle at all druggists.

Kickapoo Oil

CURES SUMMER COMPLAINT

ORDER OF FINISH

Standing of Northern League Teams at Close of Season.

Duluth to Have Series of Eight Games With Winnipeg.

Here is the order of finish in the Northern league for the season of 1903, with the number of games played, won and lost and the percentages of each team:

	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Winnipeg	93	65	28	.699
Grand Forks	93	57	36	.613
Crookston	96	55	41	.582
Duluth	92	41	51	.446
Fargo	95	25	69	.275
Superior	89	26	63	.292

* * *

Winnipeg was given a fine exhibition of baseball yesterday in the closing games of the league's schedule. Each team played almost perfectly and honors were about even.

First game—

		R.	H.	E.
Winnipeg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	1	1
Crookston	0 1 0 0 2 0 0 2 *	5	8	0

Bartos and Rogers; Freeman and Edwards.

Second game—

		R.	H.	E.
Winnipeg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	6	0
Crookston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	1

Bemis and Rogers; Martin and Edwards.

* * *

Players of the Duluth and Grand Forks teams got together last night and organized for a post-season series. Beginning Friday, an eight-game series with Winnipeg will be opened at Athletic Par. After this series the team contemplates a barnstorming trip through the Copper Country. It will be under the management of George Shepard and the winning team is to get 60 per cent of the gate receipts in each game, the money to be divided equally among the players after deducting all expenses. This team will be made up as follows:

Catcher—Mullane, of Grand Forks.
Pitchers—Shaw, Noldin, of Duluth; Sessions, of Grand Forks.
First base—Kennally.
Second base—Brockway.
Third base—Quillan.
Short stop—Shepard.
Left field—Wilkes.
Center field—Lagger.
Right field—Harris, of Grand Forks.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 4; Brooklyn, 4.
At Pittsburg—Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 6.
At Boston—Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
Second game—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 1; Boston, 0.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; Chicago, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Kansas City, 0. Second game—Kansas City, 4; Milwaukee, 3.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Minneapolis, 5.
At Toledo—Columbus, 5; Toledo, 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	121	83	39	.689
New York	123	74	49	.602
Chicago	122	72	50	.590
Cincinnati	119	62	57	.521
Brooklyn	119	60	59	.504
Boston	120	50	70	.417
Philadelphia	114	39	75	.342
St. Louis	123	41	82	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	119	77	42	.647
Cleveland	122	68	54	.557
Philadelphia	117	62	55	.530
New York	112	58	54	.518
Detroit	117	59	58	.504
St. Louis	119	56	63	.471
Chicago	119	54	65	.45[illegible]
Washington	118	37	81	.314

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	122	82	41	.667
Louisville	127	77	50	.573
Milwaukee	126	72	54	.571
Indianapolis	127	68	59	.535
Kansas City	124	62	62	.500
Columbus	128	55	73	.430
Minneapolis	125	45	80	.360
Toledo	128	42	85	.330

ENJOINS THE BOND ISSUE

Residents of Nebagamon Attack Plans For Waterworks System.

The town of Nebagamon, Wis., has been enjoined from issuing bonds for the construction of a water works. The injunction was secured yesterday from County Judge Larson, of Douglas county, by Attorney T. L. McIntosh, who appeared for Richard Bennett, one of the taxpayers of the town. The hearing on the order has been set for Sept. 12.

In the petition for the order it is represented that a meeting of the town board was recently held at which a resolution was unlawfully passed ordering the construction of a water works system and giving notice of a meeting to be called to vote on the question of selling bonds to defray the expense of the plant.

It is further stated that the town clerk caused to be published a call for the election for the purpose of issuing bonds in the amount of $500. It is claimed that the order did not contain a copy of the resolution calling for the election, and that the election, therefore, is void.

It is also claimed in the petition that notices of the election were not conspicuously pasted about the town, and that the place of the election was so situated that it was difficult for more than one-third of the voters of the town to get to the election booth.

Carl M. Wilson, of Superior, is attorney for the town of Nebagamon. He claims that the water works proposition was not a scheme hastily rushed through, but that the majority of the citizens of the town want the system. He says the village of Nebagamon pays two-thirds of the taxes of the whole town, yet the people living outside the village objects to its having any fire protection.

Mr. Wilson denies the charge of insufficient notice and claims that the vote at the special election was only 14 short of the vote at the regular spring election.

SWAN RIVER LOGGING.

Will Cut Hundred Million Feet Next Winter.

J. F. Killirin, of the Swan River Logging company, who was in the city yesterday, says that the company will start in early this season on its logging operation in the territory tributary to the Hibbing branch of the Great Northern road. Some eight or nine camps will be put in and employment will be given to about 1000 men.

He estimates the log out of the company this season at about 100,000,000 feet, which is a little below that of previous years. The logging industry with the Swan River Logging company is now on the decline, the company having about timber enough to insure operations for another three years. Since it began operating along the line of what was formerly the old Wright & Davis road the company has cut about 1,200,000,000 feet of pine. The company's logs are delivered by rail at the Mississippi river and floated down to the mills.

ENTERTAINS A FRIEND.

Capt. Potter Has Gen. and Mrs. Hale as Guests.

Gen. and Mrs. M. A. Hale, of Denver, Col., were in the city yesterday, guests of Capt. Charles L. Potter, government engineer of this district, leaving on the steamer North West last evening for the East.

Gen. Hale and Capt. Potter are old friends, having been at West Point together and afterward in the Philippines. Gen Hale has been in St. Paul, attending the fourth annual reunion of the National Society of the Philippines. He entered the army during the Spanish-American war as lieutenant colonel of the First Colorado Volunteer infantry, and when he resigned after the war it was with the title of brigadier general. Capt. Potter was a lieutenant colonel of the volunteers during the late war.

NOBODY is as wise as everybody.

Numbers count, no matter what the problem.

The majority of hat wearing men have decided that the GORDON hat is their choice.

Why not join the majority?

SUITS, SKIRTS and COATS to order in our new Ladies' tailoring department.

Freimuth's | **Freimuth's**

SHORT ENDS OF RIBBONS at short prices—one-third to one-half off.

New Fall Suits, Skirts and Waists

A Matchless Showing.



Seldom has it been your pleasure to find such a grand assortment of chic styles thus early in the season. For the past week case after case has been crowding its way to the front. Such a vast array of pretty ideas, many of them confined to us, too. Really you'll find it a pleasure to spend an hour or so inspecting this splendid collection. For Thursday these leaders will help interest you.

Women's and Misses' Suits of novelty mixtures—new Norfolk jacket, lined throughout with satin—handsomely made—trimmed with buttons and straps of self goods—skirt 7-gored—plaited and kilted effect—in three shades—blue, oxford and brown—sizes 32 to 40—our leader at $17.00

Women's and Misses' Suits of high grade imported mannish mixtures—coat made double-breasted — box front—half-fitted back—27 inches long—collar and cuff trimmed with green velvet—belt to match — lined throughout with satin—perfect hanging skirt to match —a nobby style and a special value at $18.75

New Arrivals in Suits and Waists.

First Showing Thursday of a large shipment of handsome suits in Dress and Walking styles—new and exclusive ideas—a varied assortment that can not fail to suit even the most fastidious taste—all the favored materials are represented in styles from the best designers. Prices, too, are within the reach of all.

New Fall Waists—New arrivals within the past three days now ready for your inspection. Dame fashion says cotton, and cotton it surely will be. Pretty mercerized novelties with an added weight to withstand the blasts of fall and winter—and in a larger variety of pretty designs than were ever shown in flannels —prices range from ... $1.25 to $6.75

Two special leaders in the New Walking Skirts.

Among the recent arrivals in the new walking skirts we call particular attention to two special leaders, as follows—

For $5.00—New Walking Skirts of medium weight materials — in plain and fancy mixtures—9-gored—plain flared — trimmed with buttons and straps — you'll find no such splendid values anywhere—your choice, while they last, at $5.00

For $8.50—A grand assortment of the latest ideas in fancy mixtures — Panne Cheviot—light weight Melton Cloth—man-tailor materials—7, 9 and 13-gored styles—flared, plaited and trimmed with straps of self goods — habit or inverted plait back—see them at .. $8.50

Drapery and Curtain Specials for Thursday.

Dotted Swiss Muslins—best quality, regular price 12½c—for Thursday, per yard 10c

Sash Rods—extra heavy—special for Thursday only—each 5c, or ..... 6 for 25c

Brass Extension Rods—special for Thursday— 7c each, or ..... 4 for 25c

Heavy Silkoline—pretty coloring—36 inches wide— regular 10c values—Thursday, per yard 8c

Nottingham Arabic Curtains—regular $3.50 and $3.75 values—special for Thursday—per pair $2.75

Fine De Arabic Curtains—all new styles, regular $6.00 values—special for Thursday—per pair $5.00

Special Sale of Wall Paper.

New Fall Coverings at Factory Prices.

Bedroom Papers with 9-inch border to match— sells regularly at 6c—Thursday special, per roll 2½c

New colorings in Bedroom Papers—latest designs— worth from 10c to 12½c per roll—special at—per roll 5c

Parlor, Diningroom and Hall Papers—thousands of rolls— Empire, Heraldic and Colonial designs—sold everywhere at 20c and 25c—special Thursday—per roll 10c

*Pressed, embossed and varnished Gold Papers—choice de-*signs—thousands of rolls to select from—values up to 40c—on sale Thursday at—per roll 17½c

Room Moulding—75 different patterns to choose from—at ..... 1½c up

Advance Sale of New Fall Silks—Black and Colored Weaves Specially Priced—

Being silk headquarters at the head of the lakes, and notable for the large quantity and high character of the silks retailed, naturally gives us the prestige in buying. This year we've been unusually fortunate in our buying efforts, and as a consequence offer many special savings in the new fall weaves, and right at the time you want them most. Here's a few for Thursday and Friday—we've many more equally as good.

27-inch Peau de Soie—excellent weight for fall coats and waists—regular price $1.25—Advance Sale price $1.00

36-inch Black Taffeta—a splendid quality—real $1.50 value—special Advance Sale price $1.25

27-inch Black Taffeta—soft finish—regular price $1—Advance Sale price 75c

27-inch Paillette de Soie—new fall weave—finished like a Peau de Soie—a grand assortment of pinks, reds and blues—also cream—bought to sell at $1.25—special Advance sale price $1.00

*Shirt Waist Silks—a pretty assortment in heavy corded nov-*elties—with embroidered dots and stripes—very nobby for shirt-waists—specially priced at $1

New Fall Dress Goods.

A splendid display at little prices.

Black Cheviots—we have a wide range of widths— and prices of this popular weave—44 to 54 inches—at *58c to* $1.50

48-inch Boucle Cloth—a splendid weave for suits—worth $1.50—special at $1.25

50-inch Broadcloth—about 10 pieces—medium weight—black and colored— bought to sell at $1.50—sale price $1.25

PROVES EASY IN THE END

Deputy Treasurer Williamson's Investment In Souvenir Buttons.

After successfully escaping the gold brick men and the three-card monte men at the state fair last week, Deputy County Treasurer S. S. Williamson was finally bunooed out of a quarter, and the incident is proving a source of amusement to the other county officials at Mr. Williamson's expense.

Mr. Williamson had a fine time at the state fair and just before leaving for home thought it would be a nice thing to purchase a couple of the pretty souvenir buttons commemorating the event, for his children. He selected two which he thought were especially pleasing to the eye, from one of the numerous button fakirs. On his return home he placed the buttons under the napkins at his children's places at the table with the idea of giving them a pleasant surprise. It worked very nicely until the puzzled expression on their faces when they began to examine their gifts led Mr. Williamson to explain that he brought them the buttons that they might keep them to remember the greatest state fair Minnesota ever held.

Finally one of his little girls said she could not understand the reading and would her father read it to her. Mr. Williamson did so and discovered that the 'souvenir' was a button commemorating some sangerfest held in St. Louis, Mo., in June of this year.

About that time the other daughter remarked that she did not just see the connection her "souvenir" had with the state fair and Mr. Williamson, whose suspicions were now fully aroused, took the button and discovered that it commemorated some celebration way down in South Carolina in 1902.

The boys about the court house are now submitting all sorts of souvenir buttons to the deputy county treasurer with the hope of unloading on him all their old stocks.

DAVID EVANS BOUND OVER

Negro Who Stabbed Motorman Montgomery Taken Before Court.

David Evans, the colored man who stabbed Motorman Montgomery on an interstate car on Connor's Point, Superior, some days ago, was given a hearing in municipal court of that city yesterday and was bound over to the superior court.

Mr. Montgomery, though his injury was a severe one, is slowly recovering and is now able to sit up. The attending physician believes that he has now passed the danger point, though still weak from the loss of blood. It will be some time yet before he will be able to appear in court to testify against his assailant.

DEMAND TO SEE BOOKS

Stockholders Will Cause Trouble In Consolidated Lake Superior Co.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—That the Consolidated Lake Superior company, which has extensive interests on the Great Lakes and in Canada, and which is capitalized at more than $100,000,000, will be involved in litigation with some of its stockholders seems inevitable. These stockholders, headed by E. Clarence Miller, a banker of this city, want to know the names, subscriptions and details of the $11,000,000 underwriting stock syndicate. They claim that over $7,000,000 of these subscriptions are unpaid. Counsel for the stockholders last week threatened to bring mandamus proceedings and force the company to show its books. On Saturday an agreement was reached by which counsel for the stockholders were given to understand that the books of the company were open for their inspection. When counsel for the stockholders called at the company's office yesterday they were told that the books had been removed to Sault Ste. Marie, Canada. Counsel for the complaining stockholders will now begin suit against the company, and if they cannot reach the books through the courts of the United States, they declare they will apply to the Canadian courts.

SAVE THE CHILDREN.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Mrs. Henry Carter, 705 Central St., Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy is now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Sold by all Druggists.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longer, more obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Outings 5c on bargain counter No. 1

5c All the remnants of good 7c and 8c outing flannels in light and colored stripes—good lengths for wrappers, night dresses, children's wear—we continue them on sale Thursday on bargain counter—for they are bargains—and you may take them as long as they last at—per yard ---------- **5c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Wrist bags on bargain counter No. 2

The wonderful big purchase of real leather wrist bags which has drawn such crowds the past few days, will be continued Thursday on bargain counter No. 2.

25c, for 50c bags. **39c,** for 65c bags. **49c,** for 75c bags. **69c and 89c** for $1.00 bags. for $1.50 bags.

Let your eyes decide the style and your purse decide the price and you'll get your new suit here.



$1.25 corsets for Thursday at 89c

All our odds and ends of approved corset models will be on sale Thursday at one price—and that a bargain.

Kabos, W. B.'s and American Beauties—high and low bust, bias gored, straight fronts, coutil and sateen, lace and ribbon trimmed, grey, white and black—corsets worth up to $1.50 in the lot—choice of any corset Thursday at ---------- **89c**

Black silk petticoat special $5.75

A leader in the underwear section is our new purchase of black silk petticoats with double ruffled flounce. Good quality black silk, well made, full and just the thing to bring out the proper flare in the new skirts.

Come and see them. You are welcome. You'll not feel like resisting them when you note the quality and the price— **$5.75**

Last of the go-carts

Almost given away—must go.



The prices of last week sold about half our remaining go-carts. We need the room so badly we offer one more *final reduction* to sell every cart in the house

$12.00 go-carts now for ---------- $4.80
$14.00 go-carts now for ---------- $5.60
$16.00 go-carts now for ---------- $6.60
$25.00 go-carts now for ---------- $9.60
$30.00 go-carts now for ---------- $10.40
$ 9.00 baby buggies now for ---------- $3.80

Two dress goods specials selected for Thursday's shoppers

from among the hundreds of delightful and deserving exclusive styles with which our dress goods section is demonstrating its continued supremacy. Come for the regulars and you'll be satisfied. Come for the *specials* and you'll be delighted.

Jamestown fancies—The regular 50c quality—just the thing for children's and misses' school dresses. Can't be equaled for this purpose. Choice of 10 pretty check patterns—red and green, blue and white, green and brown, black and while, blue and green, green and white, brown and blue—Thursday we put this entire line on sale at, per yard ---------- **29c**

Zibelines—Shaggy, hairy and smooth zibelines—the most fashionable of all the fabrics for fall and winter—plain colors and bourette splashes in blue, green, red and brown. This is our regular 89c cloth and we will sell it Thursday at, per yard ---------- **67c**

Bed comforts and blankets appealing with price force.

Duluth's greatest and grandest flannel, blanket and comforter store opens the chilly season with prices to drive all chills away.

Cotton blanket special—White or colored cotton blanket, with blue and red borders—full size, 11-4—generous in every way and regular 98c value—Thursday for ---------- **79c**

Comforter special—Silkoline covered, filled with pure white cotton—choice of knotted or stitched style—full size and the regular $1.39 quality—Thursday for ---------- **$1.19**

There's no mistake about it. The fashion show for the Northwest is at the Glass Block Store and the committee of award is the great public, which, being present at the show will not fail to award intelligently. Compare Glass Block styles and Glass Block prices with all others. Your eyes, your judgement and your purse will all decide there's but one place to buy.



$16.50 is the price of one of our leaders—tailor-made pedestrian suit of brown and grey Scotch mixtures, 27-inch coat, with revers and tailor pockets satin lined, fitted back. Skirt gored and flared and stitched properly. Somewhere around $22.50 will be the best price elsewhere for similar suits.

$19.50 will buy another popular leader—suits of English tweeds and Scotch suitings—long coats with Prince Albert backs, snugly fitted. Collars of velvet or cloth, lining silk. Skirt with nine gores and full flare. $25.00 to $30.00 for similar suits at flexible price stores.

Exclusive suits—no two alike—only one of a pattern and that the only one made, so you'll not see another wearing the same—at $24.50 to $85.00.

THE NEW WAISTS OF VELVET, silk and brilliantine or mohair are coming and going very rapidly. The style show for waists is here. The price power to please you is here—$4.50 to $25.00.



Every remaining shirt waist in two bargain lots.

98c **On bargain counter No. 3**, main floor, we offer all our $1.48, $1.98, $2.48, $2.98 white shirt waists, of lawn, china silk, lace and embroidery trimmed and inserted, all this season's best styles. Come and see them—they'll appeal to you more strongly than a page of descriptions

All of our colored and black shirt waists for ladies and misses—waists worth 75c, 98c, $1.25 and $1.50—all sizes, fast colors—black satine, fancy ginghams, lawns and percales—These will be offered in the waist dept. second floor, and you'll miss a rare chance to save if you want a colored waist and fail to buy one of these at 25 cents **25c**

TO GO DOWN LAKE

Eight Minnesota State Senators Gather Here For an Outing.

Will Go Out on Steamer Gates—Go to Iron Ranges.

The Spalding hotel lobby last night looked very much like a glimpse of the lobby of the Windsor hotel at St. Paul during a session of the Minnesota legislature.

Eight state senators, and very prominent and representative ones too, came up from St Paul on a Great Northern train at 8:30 o'clock, and filed into the Spalding, where they registered to wait for a trip down the lakes in the steamer John W. Gates.

There were the following senators in the party: Hiler H. Horton, St. Paul; E. E. Smith and J. F. Calhoun, Minneapolis; F. E. Putnam, Blue Earth, Faribault county; Henry Morgan, Albert Lea, Freeborn county; Samuel Lord, Kasson, Dodge county; George W. Somerville, Sleepy Eye, Brown county and Daniel Shell, Worthington, Nobles county.

Every member of the party was a prominent member of the senate, and the party includes about all the leaders. Hiler H. Horton, of St. Paul, is the chief cicerone of the party, and Senator E. B. Hawkins, of DUluth, is assisting to entertain them during their visit and trip.

The Gates is expected to leave on her way down the lakes tomorrow or next day and in the meantime the party will pay a visit to the iron ranges, on which excursion they will be guided by Senator Hawkins. Lieutenant Governor Ray W. Jones was to have been a member of the party, but he was unable to come at the last moment. They left this afternoon, going up on the Missabe road.

Naturally the advent of the "push" of the senate caused suspicions to arise that "something was doing," and that during the lake trip plans political might be hatched out. But the senators one and all stoutly denied anything of this sort, and proclaimed that they were out for pleasure only, and that when they said that they did not mean to include, by any sort of mental reservation, political plotting under the head of pleasure, even though it might be classed that way some times.

When the suspicious aspect of the affair was presented to Senator Hawkins last night he laughed.

"No," he said, "there is nothing of that sort in the trip. Senator Horton was to have made the trip earlier in the summer, and when he came up here he was disappointed in getting the boat he expected. Senator Calhoun during the summer gave a fishing party to a number of the senators at the Wicklup club on Lake Ida, near Alexandria, and this trip was broached at that time."

Senator Lord, while always a strong and prominent member of the senate, aroused considerable interest last winter by rising to propose that as the legislature was wasting a lot of time and dawdling along spending the money of the people when it might accomplish just as much by hurrying through and going home, it would be a good plan, in his opinion, to have an early adjournment.

"It is nothing but a pleasure trip," he said last night, endorsing Senator Hawkins' remarks. "We are out for a boat ride, and there is not a bunch of citizens in the state as guiltless of politics as we are."

Senator Hiler H. Horton, of St. Paul, is one of the silvery-tongued members of the senate, being one of the most polished orators in either house. He is the father of the new capitol building, having introduced and fostered every bill appropriating money for its construction from the first one down to the one last winter, when $1,500,000 more was allowed, in spite of the opposition of many members of the house, who thought that all was not right.

"That will be the last bill for the financing of the capitol building," he said last night. "The building will be completed with the money now allowed for its construction. It will be a beautiful edifice, and a credit to the great state of Minnesota. Those who prophecied that it my bill last winter was passed there would be another one at the next session, need not be alarmed. The building will be completed and every member of the legislature that had a chance to vote any money for it will be glad of it all the days of his life."

* * *

J. H. Burns, of Lanesboro, Fillmore county, Minn., was in the city yesterday, a guest at the Spalding. Mr. Burns was a very prominent member of the last two state legislatures, and he spent some time yesterday in renewing his acquaintance with his Duluth associates in those bodies. He returned home today.

Mr. Burns has been mentioned as a candidate for railroad and warehouse commissioner, but he said last night that there was absolutely nothing in the report that he was to run.

"The only interest I have in the fight," he said, "is that I hope Commissioner J. G. Miller, of Lake county, will be renominated and re-elected."

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but are sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor, general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best medicine for all humors.

DAMAGE CASES BEFORE COURT

Hebert Case Against Interstate Iron Company Is Dismissed.

Personal injury cases occupied the attention of district court yesterday. In Judge Cant's room yesterday afternoon, the Duluth-Superior Traction company, which is being sued for $100 by John Tischer, for a broken wrist, received in a collision, moved for a dismissal of the case. The motion was made after several witnesses for Mr. Tischer had given testimony. The arguments took up a greater part of the afternoon, the court finally denying the motion.

The personal injury case of Joseph Hebert against the Interstate Iron company, which came on for a second trial, yesterday, came to an abrupt end early in the afternoon, the court dismissing the case. In the first trial Hebert obtained a verdict of $1700, but the court set this aside and ordered a new trial.

Another trial of the damage case of Julius Quade against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company was started in Judge Dibell's room yesterday. The case is one that has been on the district court calendars for some time. At the trial Mr. Quade secured a small verdict, but this was set aside and a new trial was ordered.

In the case of the village of Mountain Iron against the Finnish Mercantile company, the jury trial was waived by both parties, as questions of law are involved. It will be listed with the court cases.

The case of August Westlin, against John B. Peterson was dismissed as neither Mr. Westlin nor his attorney appeared when the case was called. The action was brought to recover money on a land deal in which Westlin claimed Peterson had defrauded him.

THE STAGE

The finest moving pictures ever seen in this country will be those of the Gardner-Root championship fight, which was held at Fort Erie, on July 4, when Gardner put out Root in twelve rounds. From the minute that the first picture is thrown upon the canvas, showing the animated scene in the ring before the fight, till the crowd disperses after congratulating the winner, there is something d in'g. The blows which Root's manager claims were foully delivered, on account of there being delivered in clinches, are shown in several rounds.

A remarkable thing about the fight was the way that Root took punishment, and after being knocked down four or five times, arose to his feet ready for more. Even after the knockout was delivered, he can be seen standing on his feet waen McBride's arm is falling on the stroke of the tenth count.

These remarkable pictures and a select vaudeville bill together with Jack Root, who will positively appear at every performance will be the pleasing attraction at the Lyceum tonight and Thursday night.

* * *

"Faust" is a strong drawing card and the Metropolitan company drew another large audience last evening. The production gave satisfaction and applause was frequent and enthusiastic. The play will be given its final production this afternoon and evening and tomorrow evening "Sapho" will be given.

* * *

Saturday afternoon and evening "Two Little Waifs" will be given at the Lyceum.

NO CHANGE IN PLATE GLASS.

Pittsburg, Sept. 9.—The annual meeting of the American Plate Glass association is in session here today. President E. C. Sherburne, of Boston, says no changes will be made in the price lists this year. The trade, he says, is not as good as usual and the outlook is far from encouraging. The strikes throughout the country have had much to do with the situation.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



"It was a good wagon, but it done broke down." She was a hard worker, but she couldn't stand the strain. That in a nut shell was the tale of many a household in the strenuous times before

GOLD DUST

made its appearance to brighten our homes and lighten our labors.

Gold Dust cleans every thing.

GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST: Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brasswork, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

GOLD DUST MAKES HARD WATER SOFT

QUALITY IS HURT

Rains In Spring Wheat States Lower Wheat By a Grade.

Most of Last Week Good But Sunday Rain Interfered.

Reports from the three spring wheat states of the Northwest almost without variance tell of damage to crops by heavy rains. The yields are heavier than expected and the berry is plump and would grade well with favorable weather conditions, but it is generally conceded that the rains in most places have taken at least one grade off the crop.

In North Dakota most of the wheat is in shock, and it is estimated that only about 10 per cent of the wheat in that state is stacked. This wheat in shock gets thoroughly wet, and unless the weather following is exactly right it cannot but be injured. It means, too, that the grain must in all likelihood be threshed while in a damp condition, and the thresher will not then blow out the dirt and smut as it would if the grain was dry.

In Minnesota and South Dakota more wheat is stacked than in North Dakota, and wheat in stack does not suffer from rain if the stacks are well made. As an illustration of what the farmer has had to contend with since the harvest began, the case of Aberdeen, S. D., is a good example. The rainfall there since Aug. 1 has been eight and a half inches.

The North Dakota crop report for the week ending Monday is as follows:

"The fore part of the past week was generally cloudy and cool, with light to heavy showers, followed by good weather until Sunday, when heavy rains fell again in nearly all parts of the state, with quite low temperatures. Frost was general on the 3d, 4th and 5th, in most sections being too light to do any damage, but in others it was hard enough to kill corn, flax and late vegetation, but as a rule but little injury was done.

"Grain cutting is practically over, although some few fields of late flax and in some places oats are yet uncut. In the northern part of the state considerable of the grain has been stacked, but in other sections most of it is in the shock, and has been damaged to some extent by the heavy rains of the past two weeks; in some places it is sprouting in the shock, and in others has been bleached by being wet, and will grade low.

"Threshing, which was suspended by the recent rains, was generally resumed the middle of the last week, most of the grain being dried out sufficiently to be threshed, but the rains of Sunday will put a stop to it again, and with a further prospect of showers today and tomorrow, the outlook is not cheerful.

"Haying still continues in the central and western parts of the state, and that now being put up is said to be better than that first secured. Considerable hay has been damaged by getting wet, especially that not well stacked.

"Potatoes are turning out a better crop than was first expected; they are usually large, but not as many in a hill as usually found.

"Corn still remains behind, and needs much warmer weather; it is still growing rapidly, on account of the heavy rains, and it will require about two weeks of bright, warm weather to fully mature it."

The Minnesota report for the same period says:

"The weather was dry most of the week in the northern half of the state till the 6th, when rains set in; in the southern half there was much cloudy and damp weather, with frequent light showers, though in Sibley and Blue Earth counties the showers on the 1st were heavy and accompanied by severe hailstorms. The 1st and 2nd were the warmest days of the week, the highest temperature being 84 degrees at St. Paul on the 2nd. The mornings of the 4th and 5th were cool, with light frosts in exposed places in northern and central portions, with slight injury to some corn and tender vegetables.

"In the northern half threshing from the shock, stacking and cutting late flax have progressed well, but in the southern half the damp weather and showers have delayed shock thrashing and stacking, and in the southeast the soil is so soft as to prevent the cutting of he flax and buckwheat with binders, and to stop the moving of thrashing machines. Reports of continued injury by dampness to wheat, oats, barley and flax in shock are coming in, and in some cases the stacked grain is said to be injured.

"Considerable plowing is being done, though in Stearns county rain is needed to soften the ground. The complaints of potato rot in southern counties continue. Some rye is being sown. Early corn in sandy and warm soils is about ripe, but unless there is good corn weather for about two weeks much corn will be injured by frost."

PASTORS APPOINTED

For Ashland District of the M. E. Church.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 9.—Following are the appointments for the Ashland district made at the West Wisconsin M. E. conference:

Presiding Elder, F. M. Hight, Eau Claire. Ashland, J. W. Irish; Barron, M. Benzen; Bayfield, W. J. Jones. Birchwood, to be supplied; Bruce and Ladysmith, to be supplied; Cadott, J. T. Bryan; Chetek and Cartwright, supplied by C. H. Towne; Chill and Lindsay, supplied by W. F. Grandy; Clear Lake, to be supplied; Colby and Unity, W. H. Lippott; Cumberland, J. A. Wiley; Downing, William Galloway; Drummon, to be supplied; Glenflora, D. E. Hill; Glenwood, J. W. Lebarron; Grantsburg, F. W. Court; Greenwood, W. W. Hurlburt; Hurley, to be supplied; Loyall, J. A. Hill, Marshfield; J. H. Benson, Medford, H. F. Star; New Richmond, L. B. Coleman; Odanah, supplied by C. H. Thomas; Osceola, supplied by T. Beggar; Phillips, supplied by S. W. Ingram; Prairie Farm, H. W. Beauford; Rib Lake, G. H. Willette; Rice Lake, to be supplied; St. Croix Falls, C. H. Keast; Shell Lake and Spooner, W. E. Kloster; Spencer, Harry Stewart; Frereick, to be supplied; Stanley, A. B. Soule; Superior, Cummings avenue, W. J. Hatten; Fifty-nintn street, supplied by T. O. Knudson; First church, J. D. Searles; Washburn, J. E. Cook; G. W. Heppe, chaplain states' prison.

Wholesale Paper, Stationery and Notions. Leading Commercial Stationers.

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Leading Commercial Stationers

Wrapping Paper and Printers' Stock. **DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO** "SUPERB" Pencils are Best.

WEDDING AND OFFICE STATIONERY
Artistically and Promptly Executed.
MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.
32 West First Street. Both Phones.

GRAND STAND FELL.

Fatal Accident at Fort Leavenworth Reservation.

Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 9.—A grand stand erected on a knoll on the Fort Leavenworth reservation gave way yesterday afternoon during a sham battle by regular troops, injuring twenty-four persons, three fatally.

Fatally injured: Mrs. John Mordaunt, left hip broken and back injured; Mrs. Charles Norby, left leg fractured and back injured; Mrs. C. H. Noble, injured internally.

Many of those injured sustained broken legs. The stand was put up yesterday morning. Fully 1500 people crowded on it when the stand went down with a crash, and many were pinned down under the boards. The confusion was indescribable, until the regular soldiers formed a line and kept all back not injured, or those caring for the injured. The soldiers began taking care of the injured and in an hour all were removed.

SHOT HIS LANDLADY.

Sleepy Eye, Minn., the Scene of Tragedy.

Sleepy Eye, Minn., Sept. 9.—Charles Kimball, late yesterday afternoon, shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Mike Toomey, and was in turn wounded by a deputy marshal and is now lodged in the county jail. Kimball, who is a barber, is said to have been enamored of Mrs. Toomey, with whom he boarded. On Sunday night he ordered her to turn out all of her other boarders. On coming to supper last night and finding that she had not obeyed his orders, Kimball at once shot the woman and then turned his gun upon the other inmates of the house, none of whom, however, was hurt. The town marshal deputized a tramp to assist him, and arming themselves with rifles, they started in pursuit of the barber. Several shots were exchanged, the deputy finally succeeding in bringing down the prisoner with a wound along the top of his skull. It is thought that both of the injured will recover.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Lirvetta, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

THE SOO SYSTEM

Is Formally Consolidated Into One Big Corporation.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 9.—Articles of incorporation of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway company, a formal consolidation of the four roads embraced by the Soo system, were filed with the secretary of state yesterday.

The consolidation of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, Minneapolis & St. Croix, Minneapolis & Pacific and Aberdeen, Bismarck & Northwestern is to have a capital stock of $21,000,000 divided in 210,000 shares, of which 70,000 shares are preferred and 140,000 shares common stock.

Stock in the consolidated company is to be exchanged for stock of the merging companies on the following basis: Soo stock, preferred and common will be exchanged evenly for preferred and common of the consolidation. The stock of the other companies will be taken three shares for one share of preferred and two shares of common in the new company.

The directors named in the articles are: W. D. Washburn, John Martin, Thomas Lowry, R. B. Langdon, H. E. Fletcher, C. H. Pettit, O. C. Merriam, J. F. C. Oswald, C. J. Martin, W. H. Eustis, M. B. Koon.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

For lightness and whiteness and perfect deliciousness

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"TAKES THE CAKE."

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RECIPROCITY OR REVISION?

An argument which should have a powerful effect upon those Republican leaders who are opposed to a revision of the tariff is made by the St. Paul Pioneer Press in an article telling why Minnesota is in favor of reciprocity with Canada. It is pointed out that Minnesota and the Northwest generally are today almost unanimously in favor of tariff revision, but that the majority of Minnesota Republicans would prefer relief through reciprocity to relief through revision and, moreover, they are fearful lest the refusal of the controlling element in congrss, the "stand-patters," shall drive the large independent vote into the arms of the Democratic party and give it enough seats to put it in control of congress. The opinion is also expressed that, if a favorable reciprocity treaty with Canada were negotiated and ratified, it is probable that the tariff revision sentiment would practically disappear in this section, for the reason, it is argued, that "a favorable treaty would not only throw open a large and rapidly growing market to the manufacturers and jobbers of Minnesota, but the lowering or abatement of our duties on the principal products of the Canadian Northwest would afford substantial relief to Northwestern consumers and would strengthen Northwestern industries."

Whether the St. Paul paper is correct in its assumption that securing reciprocity with Canada would wipe out the tariff revision sentiment altogether need not be discussed at this time. It is certain, however, that the establishment of freer trade relations with Canada would satisfy many Republicans who now demand tariff revision, and if the leaders of the "stand-patters" in congress are wise they will not endanger Republican success in the next congress by continuing to throw obstacles in the way of negotiating a reciprocity treaty with our northern neighbors. It would be a good political stroke on the part of the Republican leaders to do all within their power towards reopening negotiations for a treaty that would be mutually advantageous to Canada and this country. In this way they would satisfy the majority of the Republicans and independent voters in the Northwest, and probably prevent the Democrats from regaining control of congress on a tariff revision platform.

A BETTER CONSULAR SERVICE.

The recent change in the policy of the administration in regard to the consular service will meet with general approval. In brief it is to appoint men to the consular service, who have had experience and training in minor positions which render them the more capable of filling places of higher grade and greater importance. For many years it has been the practice to appoint men to different positions according to their political pull and without regard to any former experience they may have had in the service. President Roosevelt, however, takes a different view of the situation, and for some time past his appointments have been made with a view of fitness for the positions. It will be recalled when Ambassador White at Berlin resigned, Mr. Tower was transferred from St. Petersburg, Mr. McCormick from Vienna, Mr. Storer from Madrid and Mr. Hardy from Switzerland, each to the position regarded for climatic or social reasons, as next in line of promotion. Former Assistant Secretary Hill was sent to Berne from the state department and his place in turn was filled by F. B. Loomis from Portugal. Mr. Bowen's promotion from the consular service, where he had steadily advanced, to a diplomatic post in Venezuela, is a notable recent instance. When a vacancy occurred a few weeks ago at Manchester, England, Consul Bradley of Tunstall was promoted to it, while William P. Smyth, our consul at Hull, took his place. A new man, Walter C. Ham, of the Philadelphia Press, was sent to Hull. When Louis H. Ayme, of Mount Pelee fame, was promoted from Guadaloupe to Para, Brazil, George B. Anderson, consul at Prescott, was sent to take his place. A more recent instance is the appointment of John W. Riddle, formerly of St. Paul, to be consul-general at Cairo. Mr. Riddle has been in the diplomatic service for fifteen years and is now secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg.

Each promotion is virtually a new appointment, in that the nomination must be sent to the senate for confirmation. It follows that these consuls who render creditable service in whom senatorial interest is still sustained, will be the one promoted; this is a step toward betterment of the service. Where a man has command of the language of the country to which he is sent, his promotions will be generally be by transfers to other posts in that land or language belt, for an effort is making to have our consuls, as generally as possible, speak the tongue of the district to which they are assigned. The increase in the number of consular clerks in recent appropriation bills is another stepping-stone of the same sort.

There is certainly wisdom in this procedure. The day of a useless consul or minister, simply because he has political influence, is believed to have gone, and, it is to be hoped, never to return.

If Secretary Shaw can devise some way of expanding the currency, without affecting its soundness, he need not devote any time to providing for its contraction. There will never be too much money to handle the business of the country. The more money, the more business.

The co-eds at the Chicago university are angry because Dean Tufts made their ages public. It certainly was inconsiderate on his part.

THE TURKISH TROUBLES.

Advices from foreign capitals show that the powers are well aware that affairs in Turkey are approaching a crisis, and powerful warships are being hurried to the Mediterranean to be ready for emergencies. If none of the powers becomes involved in the affairs of Turkey the present trouble will doubtless be quickly solved, but the alliances and counter-alliances which are said to exist, may result in a mix-up of enormous proportions. Turkey is in no position alone to resist any demand that may be made upon her. None of the decadent powers of the world has such a pitiable navy as Turkey. It is small in numbers and its condition is worse than that of Spain in 1898.

Should Turkey become involved in a war or have a revolution to subdue, it would have to depend entirely on its wonderful army, for the navy is very much of a farce. Out of the entire list of ships belonging to the Ottoman government only three would be of any real service in a war, and these would all be useless in an immediate conflict. Turkey has a battleship and two cruisers, which, with a few months' preparation, could be converted into fairly effective vessels. The rest of the sultan's fighting fleet is made up of wrecks and antiquated hulks which have been tied up at dock yards for the past five or ten years, waiting for repairs that are never made. The one serviceable battleship is the Messudiah, a craft of 9000 tons, that had a speed at one time of 16 knots. She is now at Genoa, where she was sent two years ago to be rebuilt. It would probably be a whole year before the Messudiah could be put into fighting trim. The other two ships of value are the Medjidia and her sister ship, each of 3200 tons and 20 knots speed. The Medjidia is being built by the Cramps at Philadelphia, and was launched a few weeks ago. The finishing touches are now being applied, and in the course of a few months she will be ready for service. The Medjidia's counterpart is being built at Elswick, in England, and is not near completed. Four battleships are carried on the Turkish navy list, but none of them is of any value. They were built in 1865 and were rebuilt and modernized between 1890 and 1895. The last heard of them was an order to have them overhauled, issued in 1902. Turkey owns another small battleship of 5600 tons, built in 1868. It is now at Kiel, waiting to be repaired, and has been there for the past two years. Turkey has four cruisers of 2700 tons each, built originally in 1869-70 and overhauled once or twice since. Orders were issued a year ago to have them rebuilt, but nothing seems to have been done on them as yet. Two or three torpedo boat destroyers and about twenty torpedo boats complete the Turkish navy. These are all described as being utterly worthless, as the delicate machinery in them was long since wrecked by the blundering of engineers of the Turkish navy.

However, there is but little danger of Turkey waging war alone with any power. She seems likely to have to fight with Bulgaria, but outside of her internal dissensions she will yield to all demands unless supported by other powers.

GROWTH OF THE LUTHERANS.

In the religious world the Lutherans are much stronger numerically than is generally supposed. According to the Woman's Home Companion, in the United States, the Lutheran church ranks third among the Protestant denominations, with nearly 12,000 congregations and a membership of 1,800,000. Twenty-five theological seminaries, 43 colleges, 50 academies, 10 young ladies' seminaries, 22 hospitals, 52 orphans' homes, 20 homes for the aged, 8 deaconesses' houses, and 12 immigrant missions are controlled and directed by the various Lutheran bodies in this country. One of the principal works of mercy conducted by the Lutheran church is its orphanages, where the parentless of Lutherans and others are cared for. In this work, as in many other institutions of mercy, the church is indebted to the Rev. William A. Passavant, D.D., who in 1845 attended the sessions of the Evangelical Alliance in London and became interested in its work, and in 1849, on his return to this country, established an orphanage and hospital at Pittsburg, Pa. Space will not permit of the mention of each one of the 52 orphans' homes, but they are scattered from Boston, Mass., to Portland, Ore., and from Wellesly, Ont., to New Orleans, La.

In some cases directly connected with the orphanages, but in many separately, the Lutheran church has established in this country twenty homes for the aged. One of these is the National Lutheran Home for the Aged at Washington, D. C., with a splendid building and valuable property of twenty-seven acres of land. The home will accommodate twenty-five persons. Similar homes conducted on somewhat the same plan are to be found at Buffalo, N. Y.; Stoughton, Wis.; Chicago, Ill., and sixteen other points. The Lutheran church for many years depended on immigration for its increase in membership, and of the large number of German, Swedish, Norwegian and Danish Lutherans that landed in New York city, many were cared for before starting for their destination in this country by the Lutheran immigrant houses, to be found along State street and in other streets in the lower section of New York city.

The Passavant hospital at Pittsburg, Pa., is the oldest Protestant hospital in this country, and the first deaconess institution outside of Germany to spring from Theodore Fliedner's great work of mercy at Kaiserswerth. The second Lutheran hospital to be established in this country had its inception in the first German Lutheran congregation of St. Louis, Mo. In connection with this institution there is also a training school for nurses. The Milwaukee hospital at Milwaukee, Wis., has the most valuable property of any Lutheran hospital in the country, its cost being $250,000. The total value of the hospital property belonging to Lutherans in this country is about $1,250,000. In connection with a number of these Lutheran hospitals there are deaconess mother-houses and training schools. In its educational work the Lutheran church has done, and is doing, its full share, as the large number of seminaries, colleges and academies will attest.

The rapid growth of the denomination is astonishing and at the same time pleasing. It advances upon its merits and its people are among the best citizens of the country.

Those who are criticising the recent engagements of American heiresses to English dukes should remember that the surplus of wealth of this country must find an outlet.

Pacification is far from complete in the Philippines, according to recent reports. It will probably be many years before the uprisings are ended.

The Jeffersonville, Ind., woman who has just married for the fifth time, evidently thinks she knows how to be happy though married.

What is the use of a college of journalism, when every man knows exactly how a newspaper should be run?

HOTEL GOSSIP

"It was out in Iowa during the early summer," mused aloud the two-months-a-year-for-fishing sport as he strolled with two companions out of the St. Louis bar and squinted at the gathering shadows on Superior street last night," and I was headed for a place called Havendale. What they called the dinky hamlet that for I don't know, unless they thought that the Almighty could not get the range of the place with a cyclone. I cheerfully recommend the locality to all those who are troubled with the get-away-from-the-officers' habit.

"But I was out to do up the trout branch of the piscatorial tribe and was not particular about the companionship of the brand of two-legged animal life out there that the law protects by designating them as human beings. So I drove into town and put up at one of those dog kennel taverns.

"It was getting along towards night and as I sat taking a last smoke before retiring I turned to the proprietor, who was reading a paper which I had brought with me and which was the first he had seen since he went to St. Louis in 1901, and asked:

"'How's fishing about these parts now?'

"'Wal,' replied he, 'it useter be good bullhead fishing all around here, but since them government fish raisers got to filling up the water with them trout and bass, bullhead fishing ain't been worth a gol durn.'

"I stayed."

* * *

Frederick Warde stood before the Spalding desk and was opening letters from home. From an envelope containing a letter from his daughter, Miss May Warde, a sheet of paper fluttered to the floor. The actor picked it up and after reading it handed it to a friend. It was a bit of verse and although Miss Warde did not claim authorship it is supposed to have been from her pen. The verse, which might have won the prize offered a few years ago by an English publication for the best definition of a kiss, follows:

DEFINITION OF A KISS.

"'Tis something made of nothing, tasting very sweet.
A most delicious compound of ingredients complete.
'Tis something made of nothing that has the power to charm,
And often does great damage and leads to lots of harm.
It loses half it's value when it is bought and sold,
And like other merchandise, it isn't good when cold.
It's really very charming, this something made of naught,
And oftimes it's contagious, though it's very seldom caught.
It's very sweet and dainty, the same in every clime,
This something made of nothing that has stood the test of time."

* * *

She was young and pretty and stepped to the cigar stand in the McKay as if she had done nothing except purchase papers since she began her existence on this earth.

It was Tuesday.

She picked up a Sunday paper with its flaring "comic" supplement.

"Is this yesterday's?" she asked.

"It is," absent mindedly answered the clerk.

And then the seller and the purchaser wondered at the smiles of the men who were buying cigars.

* * *

With the countenance of one who has unremittingly sought the advice of those who deal out the past, present and future, at so much per deal, a woman whose age might have been somewhere between 25 and 40 or 50 years, stormed the newsstand in the Spalding lobby and secured a paper with a smile and five cents.

She stopped to glance at its pages and then took her departure. She failed to notice that she had left on the showcase her purse. The money carrier was duly taken care of by the damsel who assaults the cash register every time a sale is made and the customer has the cash. (If a customer has not the cash the assault is transferred to the card bookkeeping system.)

Three hours elapsed and the woman returned.

"Did I leave my pocketbook here?" she asked, with what she meant for a sweet smile.

"I believe so," replied the damsel of the cash register and the card system, "I think this is it."

"Oh, dear me, I'm so glad," was the exclamation. "Do you know," she continued, "I knew that I would find it because I asked the Lord to lead me to it. I know he has been punishing me today because in addition to losing my pocketbook I spoiled three kodak pictures. Can you tell me whether the fortune telling car is still in the city?"

Being assured that it was she lost no time in disappearing through the ladies' entrance.

And still some persons are so bold as to assert that religion is on the wane in this country.

* * *

G. S. Lowe, former superintendent of schools at Two Harbors, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

The Rev. J. V. Plunkett, an Episcopalian clergyman of Minneapolis, is at the McKay.

* * *

The party of state senators who are at the Spalding and who came here last night with the intention of taking passage on the freight steamer John W. Gates includes, E. E. Smith, J. F. Calhoun, Minneapolis; Henry Morgan, Albert Lea; Daniel Shell, Worthington; George Somerville, Sleepy Eye; Frank E. Putnam, Blue Earth City; Samuel Good, Karson; Hiler H. Horton, Edward de Baptiste, St. Paul; Carrie B Thomas, Mora, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Whitehead, Miss Eckich, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Potter, St. Paul; John A. Redfern, Hibbing; F. G. Jewitt, Hibbing; C. T. Fairbairn, C. B. Lenort, Virginia.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: W. Birsche, Minneapolis; D. J. McKay, Chippewa Falls, Mrs. Fred J. Steren, Grand Rapids; H. C. McNaughton, Holyoke; T. G. Moys, Hoton; F. Webb, St. Paul; H. B. Curtis, St. Paul; L. A. Requinot, Minneapolis; E. J. Kellay, A. F. Goodwin, Minneapolis; M. L. Cunningham, Burnett; E. D. Clough, Minneapolis; G. S. Lowe, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cable, Two Harbors; C. B. Nye, Medford, Mrs. W. H. Vaughan, Knife River; Mrs. E. T. Van Hook, Two Harbors.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: J. W. Irwin, Bemidji; H. H. Anderson, St. Paul; J. T. Gardner, Cass Lake; J. S. Christenson, St. Paul; J. N. Gayner, Litchfield; Peter Schaefer, J. A. Dinsmore, Ely; W. J. Henze, Wabasha; G. W. Booren, Stillwater; E. M. Farnham, A. Townsend, Princeton; P. J. Daley, St. Paul; W. J. Anner, Sault Ste. Marie; Patrick McClary, Eveleth; S. W. Campbell, Ashland; F. A. Keane, Hibbing; E. J. Goodell, Barnum; Peter Spring, Stevenson, Leo Brace, G. S. Cook, Ashland; Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Swain, J. H. Carlson, I. P. Lund, Hibbing; John W. Stein, Jr., Virginia.

Systems of Reading.

Leslie's weekly: Most people read, as they go to the theater, for the reasons which give solidity to a flock of sheep. They go with the crowd. Tell a man a play is successful, and he wishes to see it. Tell him a novel has reached a huge circulation, and the situation with him becomes what is sometimes called "a case of must." He must read it, as the sheep of average intellect must keep with the flock. The readers who select books because they know what topics and what authors they like are a minority. One publisher has gathered statistics which attribute 40 per cent of the purchasers to the class which accepts what it hears from booksellers or acquaintances; but we imagine that if the mere amount of talk floating in the air is added to definite recommendation, the percentage thus influenced is larger, and this without including those who weigh the characters and tastes of those friends who like the books spoken of. Reviews count less for the judgment expressed than for what they add to the general noise.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 9.—Occasional showers or thunder storms occurred in the lake region, Central valleys, and the Northwest during the past twenty-four hours, the rainfalls being heavy over Eastern Iowa and Eastern Missouri. Temperatures are somewhat cooler in the Northwest with heavy frosts in the far West. The barometer is low north of the Dakotas and over Kansas, and high over New England states and the far West. The winds in the lake region are light to fresh southwesterly with conditions favoring thunder storms.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Medicine Hat	54
Bismarck	68	Memphis	90
Boston	62	Miles City	62
Buffalo	72	Milwaukee	84
Calgary	60	Minnedosa	58
Charleston	84	Modena	82
Chicago	82	Montgomery	90
Cincinnati	94	Moorhead	74
Davenport	82	New Orleans	90
Denver	78	New York	66
Detroit	82	North Platte	78
Dodge City	90	Oklahoma	94
Duluth	74	Omaha	86
Edmonton	44	Pittsburg	84
El Paso	90	Port Arthur	72
Escanaba	70	Portland	70
Galveston	88	Prince Albert	42
Green Bay	80	Rapid City	66
Havre	60	San Francisco	82
Helena	54	Santa Fe	72
Houghton	80	Shreveport	92
Huron	76	Spokane	64
Jacksonville	96	St. Louis	78
Kamloops	64	St. Paul	76
Kansas City	84	Sault Ste. Marie	62
Knoxville	90	Washington	68
La Crosse	78	Williston	58
Los Angeles	90	Winnemucca	66
Marquette	80		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday. Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with possibly local showers tonight. Cooler tonight. Fresh to brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Local forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Light showers tonight. Thursday partly cloudy. Cooler.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight. Generally fair Thursday. Slightly cooler tonight.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday, with cooler in South Dakota.

Upper Lakes—Fresh variable winds, mostly southwesterly. Cloudy and threatening with showers tonight and probably Thursday.

WHITTLED TO A POINT.

Chicago Tribune: Medium (at spiritualistic seance)—Is Mr. Keezicks present? His deceased wife wishes to communicate with him.

Mr. Keezicks (in an agitated voice)—Tell her I'd rather not. I'm married again.

Washington Star: "Are you aware that you are being criticised for using money in politics?"

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "If you use money they criticise you, and if you don't they forget all about you."

Philadelphia Ledger: "Of course," said the boasting colonel, "there are some who might doubt my valor at Gettysburg, because I did not lose an arm or leg.

"Oh, don't let that worry you," spoke up little Richard; "I heard papa say you lost your head."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "There is something awfully generous about these coal companies."

"For example?"

"Here is one that announces that by paying for your coal in advance you can have it delivered later on."

Somerville Journal: Mrs. Browne—Mr. Tooter told me today that, in his judgment, our Tommy is a genius.

Mr. Browne (with a deep sigh) —Well, I guess I have got money enough to support him.

Yonkers Statesman: Mrs. Crimsonbeak (at the ball game)—What does it mean, John, when a man at the bat throws the bat down and retires to the bench?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Why, it means the same as when a woman leaves the room and slams the door after her.

Chicago Post: "I don't believe he has a friend in the world."

"Why, he has thousands"

"Name one of them."

"I'll name them all in a bunch—'Dollars.'"

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "They are saying you're just like all the other members of the house," remarked the newly elected legislator's close friend. "They say you have your price."

"That's a lie," declared the new member.

"I thought so."

"Yes, I haven't got it yet, but I have hopes."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: If you can't be a great man, try to be next to one.

Where there's so much temper there must be some fiery hair.

The man who takes himself seriously is a huge joke to everybody else.

They call him best man at the wedding because he gets the best of that bargain.

Nothing makes a woman feel so ashamed as to think how ashamed she was when she was first married.

Trusts and Bar Association.

New York Evening Post: Whatever may be said of the value of the specific recommendations in regard to trusts, made by the American Bar association's committee on commercial law, there is no denying the importance of any utterance from such a source. The bar association is still one of the most influential bodies in our national life and one of the most representative. When it is the unanimous opinion of one of its committees that the American bar should lead in the work of regulating the great combinations of capital which are now the striking feature of our industrial life, lawmakers and publicists everywhere must give their attention.

A Mistaken Assumption.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Some one has been calling attention to the passing of the lightning rod. It is true it has passed into innocuous desuetude as a means of protecting buildings from atmospheric electricity, but is still utilized quite as extensively as ever by politicians to attract attention to their fitness for office. The woods are everywhere full of men with their lightning rods up for every office from president to constable.

John Will Have to Get Busy.

Atlanta Journal: Unless John W. Gates busts another poolroom or two very soon the people of this country will begin to think he's not such a much after all.

JACK'S FRIEND

By Julia Truitt Bishop.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

David Longley, owner of the last pretty cottage in the line that ran out countryward on the Vardien road, had walked the house for hours every evening for the past week, debating something with himself. The truth of that something would not have been acknowledged by him if anyone had spoken it. Being a lonely bachelor, who worked silently in an office down-town all day, and sat silently on the cottage porch after the work was done, it could matter little to him whether the cottage next him were occupied or empty. While the Morrisons lived there the most that had occurred in the way of civilities had been a murmured "Good morning," and a polite lifting of the hat as one or the other passed. During the months when the house had been closed with the blue sign "For Rent" on the door, he had rather congratulated himself on the stillness, and on the fact that the Morrison dog was gone out of the neighborhood. And now that a new tenant had moved in, and it had once been ascertained that the tenant did not keep a dog, surely the owner of the last cottage might have settled down to undisturbed repose.

But it happened in the most incidental way that while he was passing the house a week ago, he chanced to look into the yard, and there, moving about among the neglected shrubbery, was the woman whom he had once called "Nell," when they were both younger than now, and when—well, no matter.

He greeted her frankly, holding out his hand across the hedge, and thereafter saw her every evening, and in all the leisure time that came to him he walked the house and the porch and the paths, holding bitter communion with himself. The outcome of which was that he sat opposite her on the little porch of her cottage, in the darkening glow of the sunset, while a smaller Nell, brown-eyed and sunny-haired as her mother had been in the old days, clambered over him remorselessly.

"Sit down there, little Nell," he said, with pretended severity, frowning darkly into the laughing eyes of the child. "What a little nuisance you are! Your mother and I are talking business. Loot at that star over yonder!—And as I was saying, Mrs. Burton, that was the last time I ever saw Jack. Good old Jack!—I wonder what he would have said if he could have looked forward to the time when you would be—would be working for your daily bread?"

"He wouldn't have cared," she cried, bitterly. "Or if he would, then that time is long past. Come to mamma, Nell—you are troubling Mr. Longley."

"Let her sit still—she couldn't trouble me," he replied, holding the child in a detaining arm. Jack wasn't very eloquent—he always used to say that he was a natural blunderer, and was continually hurting people when he didn't intend to. Do you remember the time we went down to the lake together, and he—he said something that made you angry—I have forgotten what it was, and no doubt you have, too. You went back alone, and without speaking to him—and poor Jack sat there on a log, puzzling over it, and trying to think what he had done that was wrong. And there were tears in his eyes. He said he would never be worthy of you, because he was such a slow, dull fellow, and you so quick—and he couldn't understand things that were like an open book to you. You would have felt sorry for old Jack if you could have seen him that night—but I haven't the least idea he ever told you anything about it. He couldn't, you know—he hadn't the gift of language."

"He never did," she replied, in a low voice. Her chair was in the light, and he could see how pale she had grown.

"He couldn't, you know," repeated David Longley, half musingly. "And yet, there never was such a fellow. I don't remember a time, in all our friendship, when Jack ever thought of himself. You remember that time at Dane's—you were irritated because he didn't come, as he had promised, and when he sent you word that he was taking care of a sick friend, I think you hardly believed it."

"I believed it afterwards," she said, her face sinking lower. "He never lied to me, at least."

"It wasn't quite true," said Longley. "He never had seen the man before. He was a stranger, who was taken sick at the hotel, and it turned out to be smallpox, and the doctor was trying to keep it quiet, for fear of a panic, and Jack was the only one who would nurse him. All that time when you wouldn't write him a line, because you were angry, he was in a miserable little shanty on the outskirts of town, nursing a stranger through smallpox and could not let you know."

He had not spared her. He saw that her face was quivering.

"True, Jack isn't at all 'swell,' as society goes," he went on reflectively. "He is rather blunt, and slow of tongue, and he wouldn't know how to turn a pretty phrase if his life depended on it. But you always knew where to find old Jack—and that's more than you can says of the majority of men."

The child was on her knees in his lap.

"Let me part your hair in the middle," she said coaxingly, working at it with ten busy fingers. "You'd look ever so much prettier."

"I don't like it in the middle," he said, holding her close for a moment; "and I couldn't look pretty under any circumstances. Suppose you run over to the house and ask Susan for two or three of those seed-cakes she baked this evening, and sit down on the grass to eat them. Susan bakes very nice seed-cakes."

Before he had finished there was a swift patter of feet in the direction of Susan and the seed-cakes, and he glanced at Mrs. Burton again.

"You think I am all to blame," she cried, twisting her fingers, helplessly. "Perhaps I might have tried to understand, too. We were wretchedly unhappy—and there was no other way but this. And having chosen one's path, there is nothing to do but go on. You are his friend—you see everything from his standpoint. You were never friendly with me. How do you know what I have suffered? We ought to have been happy—I thought at first we would be, after awhile—it was always after awhile. But we couldn't be happy—and so our paths have parted—and now it is too late."

David Longley was in a shadow of the vines. He did not speak for a moment. He looked anywhere but at her—at the swaying vine-tendril that he was winding about the balustrade—at the fading glow of the sunset—at the electric light that had suddenly sprung up at the corner—at a dim figure that had walked slowly past the gate, and then come as slowly back. There was no time for him to answer, for the figure came through the gate and up the walk.

"Beg pardon," said the figure, lifting a hat; "but will you tell me if Mr. Longley lives here?"

Then she started up with a little cry, and David Longley arose and took the hand of his friend.

"I don't live here, Jack," he said, cheerfully, "but someone else does—and I think you would both like to talk things over again. I'm glad you came so promptly, old boy."

He turned away, but not before he had seen her slender form sway and sink into Jack's extended arms, and he heard Jack cry with his heart in his voice:

"Why, little Nellie—little Nellie—I didn't think you'd ever forgive me! And now, look at this!"

Which, coming from a man who had not the gift of tongue, might be considered a sufficiently eloquent speech.

David Longley walked about the street and through the paths for an immeasurable time. When he came back at last, loming dark and silent in the dusk, little Nell was toiling up the steps, one hand filled with cakes for future reference, and a strange object held aloft in the other.

"Look, mamma," she cried in the shrill treble of childhood; "look what I found on Mr. Longley's table! A pischer of my mamma—an' ain't that funny?"

There was a moment's dismayed pause on the part of the man coming in from that last, lonely walk; then he came quietly on.

"That's one of your pictures that Jack lost," he said. "He dropped it out of his pocket, think, long ago."

Jack's wife was looking at him with startled eyes; but Jack had the child in his arms, holding her u- so that the light from the corner would fall upon her face.

"I don't remember it," he said. "She's going to favor her mother. I'm glad of that!"

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Wednesday, Sept. 9, 1903.

Dress goods worth telling about; worth looking at; worth buying.

We never expected to sell such good cheviots at 50 cents a yard. 45 inches wide and all the wanted colors. Better cheviots from $1 to $2.

Yard wide zibelines at 50 cents are all wool. At 75 cents they are 44 inches wide and have the rich finish of high priced goods. The $1.75 kinds are sheared, 52 inches wide, and very heavy and fine.

Granites start at 50 cents for yard wide goods. They go as high as $1.75 for 50 inch goods.

Neptunus cloth at $1.50 is one of the best all-weather cloths. It's waterproof and comes in most of the staple colors.

If our $1.25 dress goods were made in Europe, they would cost about twice as much. They're not quite so good as the imported, but good enough. Basket cloths with white dots; "mannish" striped suitings; "pepper and salt" worsteds; fancy mixtures.

Bannockburn tweeds betray their origin. You can't help knowing they are made in Scotland. Novelty plaids and fancy mixtures in combinations of three and four colors. Some with little nubs standing out all over the cloth, and some without. $2 to $3 a yard.

New suits keep coming. About 25 ranging from $20 to $40 came yesterday.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

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THE ST. JOHN'S MILITARY ACADEMY
(Episcopal)
THE AMERICAN RUGBY
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New 'Phone 50. LYCEUM Old 'Phone 56.
TONIGHT AND THURSDAY NIGHT
GARDNER-ROOT FIGHT PICTURES
VAUDEVILLE ACTS and JACK ROOT.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c, and a few choice seats at 75c
"Two Little Waifs" Saturday.

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in
"FAUST"
the first half of the week, and
"SAPHO"
last half of week.
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evenings, 10c, 25c and 50c.
Matinee, 10c and 25c.



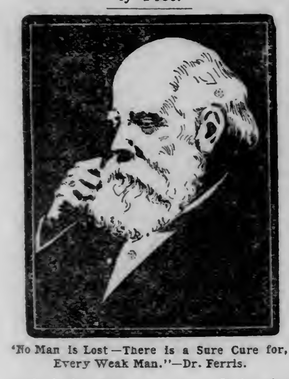
Don't throw your money away.
A First Class Baking Powder can be produced at a reasonable price—only half what you pay for a Trust-made Powder
HUNT'S PERFECT
BAKING POWDER
FILLS THE BILL IN QUALITY & PRICE

I SAVE WEAK MEN

I Have Discovered the Marvelous Secret of Perpetual Youth and Undying Manly Vigor and I Give It to You Free.

My Mysterious Compound Startles the World With Its Wonderful Cures—With This Marvelous Secret No Man Can Grow Old and It Is My Mission on Earth Henceforth to Bring All Jaded, Worn-out Men to This Fountain of Youth.

Send No Money—Simply Send Your Name and Address and This Marvelous Compound Will Be Sent You By Return Mail, Prepaid and Absolutely Free.



"No Man Is Lost—There Is a Sure Cure for, Every Weak Man."—Dr. Ferris.

tonic is known to me alone. It is mine to give to whom I will and my works go before me. Doubt not! I ask no man to believe me, but I give to every weak man free this priceless boon and it restores him instantly to the strength and powerful vigor of youth. With this marvelous, mysterious compound, which I have discovered only after a lifetime devoted to search through all the realms of science, and the archives of the ancients, it is possible for every weak man to have the glorious manly power, the untiring vigor and the long life of the

I have discovered the marvelous secret of perpetual life and vigor in men. To me it has been given to bring to the fallen, weary, worn-out brothers the knowledge of this priceless boon, and even to the uttermost ends of the earth I send my message of love and peace and hope and help. Unbelievers may scoff and cry "fake" but I heed them not. My work has just begun and I am saving men.

The secret of this mighty healing power this vieal life spark, this marvelous patriarchs of Bible times. With this mysterious compound the weak man will ever again be troubled with impotency, vital losses, nightly emissions, spermatorrhea, varicocele, prematurity, defective power or lack of vital energy.

Send me no money. It is my duty, guided by an Unseen Hand—it is my mission on earth—my life work—to lift up the fallen, heal the weak and cure the maimed or undeveloped; and to every man who has lost his vital power or finds it waning, I send my message of love and peace and health. I can save him and I will save him and restore him to many years of happiness and the impetuous vitality and vigorous manhood of perfect health and youth.

Remember, it matters not how old you are; it matters not how you lost your manhood, or when you lost it. It matters not what doctors or scoffers say. This is no ordinary drug or stimulating method of treatment, but it is the vital spark of life itself, and it matters not how many remedies and doctors have failed. I have repeatedly and instantly renewed the youth of old men. My secret compound never fails. I have often instilled into jaded men new vitality, health and strength. For worn-out men I have oft kindled in an instant, and to stay, the sparkling vitality of youth. My private address is Dr. C. Sargent Ferris, 51 Strawn building, Cleveland, Ohio, and I urge every weak man to come to me for I will give him undying strength, the supreme joy and happiness of perfect manliness. My wondrous discovery has startled the world by its miraculous effects, yet I seek not fame nor glory. It suffices me if I may be the humble instrubring all men into the enjoyment of bringing al men into the enjoyment of their true manliness and I do it free. In the time allotted to me here on earth I shall do all that in my power lies to give my fellowmen the benefit of this great secret and my reward shall be in the knowledge that I have done unto others as I would that others should do unto me.

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PATENTS

and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof

JAMES T. WATSON,

P. O. Box 573, or PALLADIO BUILDING, Duluth, Minn. Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.

Call or send for information.

Contracts. Licenses. Designs.

BROU'S INJECTION CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.

Sold by all Druggists.

(5190.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

To A. M. Kilgore, et al.:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot one hundred thirty-five (135), Seventh street, Fond du Lac, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the fourth day of May, 1898, bid in for the state for the sum of eighty cents ($0.80), pursuant to real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in and for the said county of St. Louis, on the 21st day of March, 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon real estate remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1898, for the said county of St. Louis, and was on the 17th day of July, 1903, sold and conveyed by the state of Minnesota for three dollars and fifty-six cents ($3.56).

That the amount required to redeem said land from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum of three dollars and fifty-six cents ($3.56), with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said July 17th, 1903, to the time of such redemption, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis county, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by law.

The amount required to redeem said land from said sale at the time of the issuance of this notice, and before any costs have accrued thereon is the sum of three dollars and fifty-eight cents ($3.58).

Dated Duluth, Minn., this 8th day of August, 1903.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota,
By L. A. MARVIN,
Deputy.

(Seal County Auditor, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-9, 1903.

PALLADIO SOLD

Superior Street Office Building Passes Into Other Hands.

New York Life Company Sells—Purchasers' Names Withheld.

After having been owned by several different persons and corporations since it was erected fifteen years ago, the Palladio building, at Fourth avenue west and Superior street, has been sold by the New York Life Insurance company. The deal was carried through by Whitney Wall, and the consideration was $115,000. The details of the sale and the names of the purchasers, who are outside people, will not be made public for several days.

The new owner or owners will make extensive improvements on the property upon the completion of which it will have all the appointments of a first class office building. The price paid for the building caused more or less comment in real estate circles last evening and today as the property represents an investment of more than $200,000, aside from the value of the lot, which, it is said, is worth in the neighborhood of $50,000.

Alterations costing thousands of dollars have been made on the structure since it was erected, but to have put it in shape for the class of tenants who wished offices in the building would have required an outlay of cash larger than the owners who have held it from time to time were willing to spend.

The Palladio building is eight stories in height, fronts on Superior street and runs to the alley on First street. It was erected by the Palladio Building company, a corporation composed of Chicago capitalists. At the time it was built, materials and labor were high, but even allowing for that the building itself is worth much more than the purchase price of the whole property in this last transfer.

The New York Life Insurance company came into possession of the property by a mortgage foreclosure and in 1897 it was purchased by a number of persons represented by Hansen Smith. Mr. Smith organized the corporation and retained four-fifths of the stock. After expending $5000 in improvements on the property, Mr. Smith transferred his stock to New York parties in 1900. The New York men secured Mr. Smith's release on the mortgage that was given the New York Life Insurance company as part consideration for the purchase in 1897.

It is said that the New York Life Insurance company has since acquired the equity in the property. For some time after Mr. Smith disposed of his interests, the owners were represented by R. B. Knox & Co.

Mr. Wall, yesterday afternoon, said that he could give no information regarding the sale of the property by the New York Life Insurance company. It is understood, however, that the deed will be turned over within ten days.

Mr. Smith, in discussing the sale today, said:

"While the purchase price is given at $115,000, I think that there must be some other consideration which is not made public. If it is true, however, that that is the straight price for the property, I think it is ridiculously low as the building itself is worth much more than that, to say nothing of the value of the lot which real estate men place at $50,000.

"The Palladio is a fine building if one has enough money with which to put it in the best of condition. At the time I controlled it, I spent $5000 in alterations and would have spent much more could I have spared it at the time. I suppose the reason the insurance company is selling is that it does not wish to keep improved real estate upon its books.

"If a few thousand dollars are put into the building, it can be made as good as any office building in this part of the country. I should say that the property, as it stands, is worth more than $200,000."

A Young Wife Dies.

Mrs. Charlotte Sharp, wife of Thomas D. Sharp, died Monday at the family home, 1820½ London road, age 25 years. The body was taken to St. Paul for interment. The St. Paul Dispatch said of the death:

"Mrs. Thomas D. Sharp, of Duluth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Sholberg, of 722 York street, St. Paul, died yesterday morning, in Duluth. Mrs. Sharp was formerly Miss Charlotte Shoberg, and she was married a year ago. She leaves a large circle of friends in St. Paul, and especially among the congregation of the Cook street M. E. church where she was for years a member of the choir. The funeral services will take place tomorrow at 2 o'clock from the Cook street church, and the interment will be at Union cemetery."

Christian Endeavor Rally.

The quarterly rally of the Duluth Union Christian Endeavor was held at the First Christian church last evening. The report of the Denver Christian Endeavor convention, held in July was read by Miss Blackmarr, who represented Duluth there. The annual election of officers was held and the following were elected to serve one year: President, Spencer Higgins; first vice president, Mamie Chambers; second vice president, A. C. Barthe; recording secretary, Belle Austin; corresponding secretary, Edna Schaller; treasurer, W. W. Wells. After the election punch was served by the young ladies of the church.

Lecture on Chafing Dish.

The young men who are dependent for their chafing dish delicacies upon some of those capricious girls who will some times make the fudge and some times wont, and what is more to the point, sometimes make it good and sometimes don't, need no longer be in a state of dependence, for tonight Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller will give a lecture on the chafing dish and its possibilities. Mrs. Hiller is conducting a class in domestic science under the direction of the Young Women's Christian association, and the lecture tomorrow evening is outside the course. The chafing dish has possibilities that even those who use it constantly do not appreciate and this evening they will be spoken of and demonstrated. The men are welcome to attend this lecture as well as the women, and the proceeds will go to the association.

FORESTERS IN SESSION.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—The high court of the Ancient Order of Foresters is in session here. The principal topic of discussion at the business session was a proposition to create a female court of Foresters. The matter was referred to the incoming executive council which will report on the proposed amendment to the constitution which will be required. The council is given until 1905 to make its report.

Not a Soap, but it Cleanses

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

The finest polish known
Cleans as well as polishes

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

ARE FEARFUL OF NEW YORK

President's Friends Are Not Pleased With the Outlook.

New York, Sept. 9.—Some of President Roosevelt's close personal advisers have been suggesting to him the advisability of the holding the next Republican convention in New York City. It is reported on good authority that the president is giving serious consideration to the suggestion. Probably a hint from the president to the powers that be, the national Republican committee, would settle the matter. Some of his New York friends have been endeavoring to persuade him that his political interests demand that he speak the necessary word. It has been pointed out that, while President Roosevelt is a native of New York, there probably will be no state in which the Republican line will need strengthening more than New York in the next national campaign. The reasons for this, it may be said, are entirely outside the question of Roosevelt's popularity with the people of his own state. They have to do rather with the organization of politics.

In the first place, the president's friends, say, in fact, that Governor Odell passed the state last fall by less than 9000 majority, and the fact that since his campaign there has been considerable friction in the Republican organization, should not be overlooked. It is undeniable, too, they say, as far as surface indications go, that the Democratic organizations in the state has not been so harmonious in years as at the present time.

The breach between David Bennett Hill, state leader, and the Tammany organization is apparently entirely healed. Then, too, there is a probability that the Democrats may select a New Yorker as a candidate for president. It is an open secret in political circles that the Republican leaders are clear that influences which center in the lower part of Manhattan island will not be over friendly to Roosevelt's election. This supposedly antagonistic influence, it is thought, will be more than counteracted by the popular enthusiasm aroused in the city and state for Roosevelt, if the convention were to be held in this city.

FICKLE FANNIE

Eloped With One Boy and Married Another.

Webster City, Iowa, Sept. 9.—Because little Fannie Thomas, of this city, who had eloped with Humbert Rullium and had gone to Cedar Falls to be married to him, lost her heart to another while waiting for a few days at a boarding house while Humbert could make enough money to wed her, the young man has returned to this city, has been forgiven by his parents and is again living with them.

Miss Thomas came to Webster City about a year ago. She was a country girl whose beauty had attracted Mattie Grant, the keeper of a house which bears none too good a reputation. The girl was enticed to this place, but after having found out the real nature of it she quickly left it. She secured a place at the Grand Central hotel, and it was there young Rullium met her. After a brief courtship the young couple planned to get married. The young man's parents objected to the match, however, and in order to accomplish their plans the two found it necessary to elope. This they did, going to Cedar Falls.

The young man hired out as a common laborer on the railroad. He and Miss Thomas stopped at a boarding house, and the landlady, who was short of help, took the girl as a table waiter. Thus things seemed to be going along in a manner which could but soon end in the happy union of the elopers.

The landlady had a son who was the means of destroying the romance, however. He cultivated the girl's acquaintance, had more time to devote to her than did Humbert, and the two were soon on the best of terms. Rullium, seeing the possible end of the affair, importuned the girl to marry him. She put him off, however, until it became evident that the lover with whom she had eloped had no place in her heart. A few days later Fannie and the other man were married.

RUINS OF CONVENT.

One Found In the Wilds of Arizona.

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 9.—Charles Milton, a mining man of Sonora, and W. R. Humphreys, a photographer, have returned to Douglas, bringing a story as startling as any tragedy ever brought out of that historical land.

Milton says that while prospecting with a companion, W. B. Walton, thirty-five miles west of Cos, he came upon the ruins of an ancient convent, which from its appearance had not known the presence of a man for a century. Surrounding it were the remains of an ancient pueblo.

In the course of their excavations they found a large number of skulls of adults and children, together with jewelry, beads and toys. They also unearthed two antique bells, composed largely of gold, a piece from one of which assayed $150 a ton. Upon these was the date 1770, A. D. Natives in the vicinity said that there was a tradition that the place was raided in the long ago by a band of Apaches, who left no one to tell the tale.

TO ORGANIZE MINERS.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 9.—District Organizer John Gehr, of the United Mine Workers of America, passed through Pueblo today on his way to Trinidad where he is going to complete organization so far as possible of the miners of that district preparatory to the anticipated strike for the eight hour day. It is estimated that if a strike is called fully 20,000 coal miners will go out.

Not tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Then you haven't tried Sarsaparilla! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

QUIET, BUT STEADY

That Is Condition of Copper Metal Market at Present Time.

August Output of Lake Mines Falls Off a Little.

George L. Walker finds the copper market quiet but steady in price, the metal selling at the same figures as in the previous week. He says:

Copper is quieter, but unchanged in price. Lake is selling at 13¾ cents, and electrolytic is 13⅝ to 13¾ cents. Casting is said to be relatively heavier, there apparently being a surplus of this grade of copper in the market at the moment. London quotations showed further strength early in the week; but after a good rally the market settled back to just about the level of a week ago. "Best Selected," which is the equivalent of what is in this country called casting, is selling in London on the basis of 13¾ cents per pound, or about half a cent per pound higher than here. This would indicate that export business is still being done on a fairly good scale.

Domestic consumers are said to have largely supplied their wants for a month or two in advance, and to be temporarily out of the market. Producers say, however, that every time Amalgamated copper stock advances a few dollars on the exchange there is a renewal of buying demand for the metal. So far as can be learned there has been oly a very slight decrease in consumption. Mills and factories are everywhere doing a most excellent business, though new orders are said not to be coming in as rapidly as they were a few months ago.

The reported output of thirteen Lake Superior copper companies for August shows a net decrease of 2½ per cent as compared with June, a month having the same number of working days. The Washoe smelter will probably remain idle for two weeks longer. Its shutdown will make the total output of the United States nearly 5 per cent less than it would have been had the smelter continued in uninterrupted operation. There are no surplus stocks of copper above ground at present, and there is no prospect that any will come into existence between now and the end of the year. The outlook favors higher rather than lower prices for copper.

COPPER SHARE MARKET.

Coppers have been dull and have shown few price changes this week. Practically all interest has centered in Copper Range, which has been relatively as active in Boston as Amalgamated has in the New York market. Its recent sharp fluctuations have advertised the copper shares, and there is a greatly increased public interest, which is manifesting itself in letters of inquiry to brokers and others concerning the market and the value and prospects of individual stocks. As the market increases in activity and prices advance this interest promises to crystalize into buying orders.

As has before been stated in these letters, copper occupies about the strongest position in the business situation. The producing companies are all prosperous, and the prospect is that they will continue to get good prices for their product for a long time to come. Copper shares have not furnished the basis of a speculative movement for a long time past, and are consequently in strong hands and in shape for a substantial advance. I expect to see the market higher before the present month is far advanced.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Supposed Wild Man Seen Near Calumet Is Dan Nicholason.

Calumet—The mysterious indivdual who has been frequenting the woods northwest of here and terrorizing the families of the fishermen and farmers, has been captured. He is Dan Nicholason of the Quincy mine locality. He is evidently insane.

Centennial Heights—John Sikkenen is missing and is believed to have been the victim of foul play. He drew $60 in wages from the mine office and it is feared he was murdered.

Ontonagon—The commercial fishermen who make their headquarters at Ontonagon report that fishing has been better this season than for several years. Lifts of four tons are not infrequent. Only a few whitefish are being secured, blue fins constituting the principal portion of the lifts. There is a ready market in the cities for the fish at good prices.

John Rowatt, deputy sheriff for Gogebic county, has received his commission as game and fish warden for that county, and will make it a part of his duty in the future to investigate all reported violations of the game and fish laws in that vicinity.

Manistique—Ex-Governor J. T. Rich, who visited Manistique a few days ago, was greatly surprised at the substantial improvements that have been made since his last visit there some five years ago, while the contrast between the present city and the small lumber town existing twenty-three years ago, when Mr. Rich first became interested in lumbering in the county, he found most marked.

Menominee—A partially grown sugar beet, taken a couple of weeks ago from a field of beets being grown for the sugar factory at Menominee, is on exhibition in the window of the First National bank. This beet will weigh fully five pounds and is probably not much over half grown. If this is a fair example of the beets growing in Menominee county, and as reports from all directions are flattering, the crop in that section will be good.

St. Ignace—Harry Monteith, of St. Ignace, found a tarantula in a bunch of bananas in his store a few days ago. The spider escaped, and in an effort to retake it it was killed. In its den—a mass of silken threads—were from 100 to 200 tiny descendants, just hatched out. All remaining in the web at the time of discovery perished under Mr. Monteith's heel, but some were found afterwards journeying up and down the stalk.

Munising—Some time ago Justice Johnson of Munising offered to marry free the first couple who applied. The offer still stands with no takers. The justice, however, is not discouraged. He is bound to promote matrimony in Munising, and with that end in view announces that not only will he marry free the first couple who present themselves but he will give the bride two pounds of the best chocolates made as a wedding present.

SHARED PRISON FOOD

With His Wife and Their Little Ones.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., Sept. 9.—A touching incident occurred at the county jail which showed the devotions of a prisoner to his destitute family.

Some time ago Cornelius Swango, of Aurora, was placed in the jail to lay out a fine of $25 and costs. Almost every day since his incarceration his wife, with her two children, has visited him.

Last Saturday night Sheriff Axby detected the prisoner in the act of slipping a small package into his wife's hand. The sheriff made an examination of the package and found therein two sandwiches. Upon being questioned Swango stated that his family had been reduced to practically destitute circumstances since his imprisonment, and he had been sharing the food allowed him with them.

The tender heart of the sheriff's wife was touched by the recital of Swango's story, and she speedily prepared a substantial meal, which the wife and children ate. When they left the jail for their home in Aurora their eyes were bright, there was elasticity in their step and the mother staggered beneath the weight of a large basket heavily laden with the necessaries of life, which had been furnished by the sheriff and his wife.

SAYS HELL IS FULL

Of Better Men Than Lynch Law Preachers.

Macon, Ga., Sept. 9.—Rev. J. L. Hillyer, the eminent Baptist minister, who last week preached a sermon to show that there is Biblical authority for lynch law, is receiving many threatening letters from the Northern and the Western states.

Some of the letters are couched in language which closely approaches a violation of the postal laws. One Cincinnati man says:

"I suppose it is also God's law for you dirty ministers to go around breaking up families, as you have done for years and are still doing. Any one who will mix Gods' law with the law made by one of your type should not be allowed to preach to decent people."

K. D. Marshen, of Niles, Mich., writes: "Who will use the Bible to justify lynching should himself be lynched. Hell is full of better men tha nthe minister who would preach such a sermon."

PROFESSOR

In National Science Will Operate a Restaurant.

Berea, Ohio, Sept. 9.—From the professorship of natural sciences in Baldwin university to the proprietorship of a restaurant at No. 229 Erie street, Cleveland, is the transition made by A. G. Raab this week.

Prior to his teaching in the university he was the proprietor of a restaurant in Berea. His partner will be Professor A. M. Mattison, for twenty-five years professor of Latin in the same institution and at present with West high school in Cleveland. Both men have prominent in Berea, both in church and social circles, and their departure is regretted by all.

BOGOTA GOVERNMENT

Tries to Calm the People of Panama.

Panama, Sept. 9.—Considerable surprise has been caused here by cable information from the national government to Governor Mutis Duran, informing him of his appointment as minister of finance in Bogota and naming as his successor Senator Domingo Obaldia, an isthmian.

This unexpected change was occasioned by the excitement in Bogota owing to the recent sensational publications of the American press, reproduced in Bogota, regarding the increasing secession feelings on the isthmus and fears that the United States found finally treat with Panama as an independent republic and sovereign owner of the isthmian territory.

Senator Obaldia, being a native isthmian, the Bogota government hopes his appointment will modify the isthmian feelings regarding a separation from Colombia. To move, however, it is generally believed, will have no practical results unless the canal treaty is adopted.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

ARMY CHANGES.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—Lieut. Col. R. D. Potts has been relieved as inspector general, department of California, and goes to Charleston, S. C., to take command of the artillery district at Charleson. Upon his return from the Philippine islands he was promoted to a lieutenant colonelcy, which took him out of the inspector general's department. Maj. Ira McNutt, of the ordnance department, has arrived from Governor's island and reported for duty as ordnance officer for the department of California. He will take command of the Benicia arsenal.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals for the laying of 17,556 feet of 10-inch cast iron gas pipe will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.

Specifications can be obtained at the office of the Board.

L. N. CASE, Manager.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners for hauling 500 tons, more or less, of 10-inch gas pipe, Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 p. m. Get specifications at the office.

HURRY-UP

PIANO PRICES!

Prices that make the consumers run for the Duluth Music Company's salesrooms and make the salesmen hustle to take care of the trade, and make the cashier dizzy to care for the receipts. Just think of it!

A GOOD ERNEST GABLER UPRIGHT PIANO—sent out in the pink of condition for..... $100

KURTZMAN UPRIGHT PIANO—genuine rosewood case, carefully put in order—price..... $100

HOLLENBERG UPRIGHT PIANO—good for a number of years' hard usage—the price..... $100

EMERSON PIANO—recently refinished and thoroughly overhauled—and the price only..... $160

AN ESTEY PIANO—recently refinished and put in first-class condition—the price only..... $148

JEWETT PIANO—beautiful walnut case—a bargain at twice the price we are asking for it..... $175

EMERSON PIANO—good as new, case slightly marred by accident in cartage—was worth $425—now only..... $300

KRANICH & BACH PIANO—elegant English walnut case, used in teacher's studio—was worth $425 one year ago—now.... $300

STEINWAY GRAND PIANO—worth new $1200, been used for concert purpose—the price..... $450

MEHTON GRAND PIANO—almost as good as new, worth $850, can now be bought for..... $450

Sold on Easy Monthly Payments—say $10 down and $5 monthly.

Our Guarantee accompanies every Piano we sell.

Duluth Music Co.

Corner Lake Avenue and Superior Street. F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

The Body of an Unknown Woman Found Near Sturgis.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sturgis—The body of an unknown woman was found Tuesday on the prairie sixteen miles east of here. It was away from all roads and lay on an alkali plain. Children discovered the body and the sheriff and coroner were notified and left at once to investigate. No one in the vicinity was able to identify the body.

Sioux Falls—A shrewd swindler succeeded in victimizing two Parker grain buyers by a scheme which is a new one in this part of the country. He introduced himself to the first of his Parker victims by declaring his name was Frank Wilson and that he was a farmer in Norway township, Turner county. He talked freely of the various farmers of Norway township, finally stating that he had 3000 bushels of oats which he wished to sell on contract. He demanded $70 to bind his agreement to sell all the oats to the buyer who had been approached. The buyer, never dreaming that all was not right, gave the swindler a check for $70. This was drawn on the First National bank of Parker and a few minutes later was cashed by the swindler, who then went to the railway yards and introduced himself to another grain buyer, to whom he told nearly the same story as the first, except that he lived south of Parker and had 2000 bushels of oats to contract. He demanded and received $60 from his second victim.

Madison—Tony Smith, who has been at work for Mr. Terwilliger, disappeared Aug. 30 and has not been seen or heard of since. All the old wells in that neighborhood have been searched, and many inquiries have been made, but to no avail. He was a man who drank a great deal of liquor, but at the time of his disappearance was perfectly sober, and it is not known that he had any amount of money in his possession. Officials will begin a closer search for him this week.

Watertown—Facts have just come to light in this city which disclose a secret wedding of prominent young people over a year and a half ago. On Feb. 3, 1902, William D. Rowe and Jessie A. Tanner were married by R. T. Warner, the only witnesses being Fred Engkesby, a druggist, and Lillian Rowe, the bridegroom's sister. Both bride and bridegroom spent their youth here and were lovers then. Miss Tanner removed to Iowa about ten years ago, but at the time of the wedding was visiting in Watertown. Meeting her former lover once more, the secret wedding was the result. So well has the secret been kept that the announcement was a great surprise. Mr. Rowe is a North-Western brakeman with headquarters at Huron. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Rowe.

A sensation developed in Watertown when Mrs. Al Johnson took two shots at her husband, the outcome of a domestic wrangle. Her marksmanship was poor, however.

Rev. J. M. Daniel, for three years pastor of the Baptist church, has gone to Sioux Falls to accept the chair of Greek in the college of that city.

Arlington—A. C. Hemway died at his home from injuries received last Friday in a threshing machine. A belt caught his sleeve and glove gauntlet while he was oiling a cylinder box, and hurled his head against the machine. He was about 35 years of age and leaves a wife and one small child. The A. F. & A. M. and R. A. M., of which he was a member, will be represented at the funeral.

Milbank—Mrs. W. D. Whitney of this city committed suicide this morning by shooting herself through the head. For some time she has been in poor health and at times was melancholy, and it is thought she was not in her right mind. She was 66 years of age.

Frederick—The village schools will open on Sept. 14 with Professor Ketchum of Riceville, Iowa, as principal; Miss Gorder of this place in the intermediate, and Miss Green of the Aberdeen normal in the primary department.

Salem—During a heavy thunder storm lightning struck a "setting of wheat" on the A. Wachholz farm and burned one stack. The grain was insured in a local farmers' mutual company.

Highmore—Professor W. R. Davis, superintendent of the Crow Creek Indian school, met his family here last night and this morning they departed for their new home.

Groton—Thieves broke into three stores here Sunday night and stole about $5 from the cash drawers. Nothing else was molested. Entrance was made through back windows.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—Margaret, the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James O. Coffin of this city, who was frightfully burned Saturday evening as the result of walking into a bonfire, died at 5 o'clock Monday morning. The little one never gained consciousness after the accident. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin left with the remains Monday evening for Hinckley, Minn., where the parents of Mrs. Coffin reside.

S. P. Green of Winnebago, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a gun carried by Frank Wilde, son of a farmer near Osnabrook, whom Green was visiting.

Jamestown—Dr. E. E. Martin, formerly located in Kensal, where he was engaged in the practice of medicine, returned to Jamestown from the east yesterday and states that he has decided to abandon the practice of medicine and engage in the ministry. Dr. Martin created a sensation in a hotel in Chicago by disappearing after writing a note in which he stated that if he should be found dead those who made the discovery could rest assured that he had gone to the Lord. He states that he will have charge of a flock at Cleveland, N. D.

W. C. Stafford was fined $25 or twelve days in jail for peddling watches without a license. He could not pay the money and was jailed.

St. Johns academy and the city schools opened yesterday. The attendance at the academy is larger than usual at this season of the year.

Reynolds—Ole T. Reinstad, a farmer living southeast and his son, 17, were smothered by gas in a well.

SALMON PACK DECLINES.

Government Declines to Declare a Close Season.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 9.—There is again acute difference of opinion between British Columbia's salmon canners and the fishermen of the packers of salt or frozen salmon. The former have demanded of the Dominion government the immediate declaration of a close season, as otherwise they assert that fish will not go up river in spawn, and as a result there will be a complete dearth of salmon four years hence, when the salmon of 1903 should reach maturity.

The fishermen, on the other hand, backed by the packers of salt and frozen fish, declare that though the run is very poor, it may yet somewhat improve, and meanwhile they should be permitted to catch and dispose of what fish they can. They also urge that though the salmon are slow in going up river, they will yet do so, and are simply later in spawning than usual.

The Dominion government refuses to declare the season closed, its officers stating that the salmon are not yet ready to go up river and spawn. It is, however, tolerably certain that the use of monster traps on Puget sound and the enormous increase of netting on the Frazer river have been depleting the fish, for this year there is only a pack on the Frazer to date of about 182,000 cases, instead of at least 500,000. Up north the pack is proportionately better and two-thirds of an average, being short 170,000 cases.

PULLED OFF UNINJURED.

Baltimore, Sept. 9.—The British steamer Ettrickdale, Capt. McKenzie, bound from Daiquiri for Baltimore, which went ashore in the channel yesterday afternoon, was pulled off by the tug Britannia and arrived in port apparently uninjured.

JETT TO BE TRIED MONDAY.

Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 8.—In the trial of Curtis Jett for the alleged assassination of Town Marshal Cockrell, which was called today, Judge Osborne overruled the special demurrer by the defendants and also their motion for a continuance, and the case was set for trial for next Monday, on account of the necessary absence until then of Judge Black, one of the defendant attorneys.

A McKINLEY STATUE.

Adams, Mass., Sept. 9.—The date of the unveiling of the McKinley memorial statue here has been fixed for Saturday, Oct. 3. The principal speakers will be ex-Secretary of the Navy Long, Governor Bates and Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, Jr. The statue is one of the first to be erected to the memory of President McKinley in this country, and is the result of public subscriptions.

WINS ST. LEGER STAKES.

London, Sept. 9.—Rocksand, this year's Derby winner, ridden by Maher, won the St. Leger stakes at Doncaster today. Selim Rufus second and King Edward's Mead third. The king witnessed the race.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. 2. phone 493.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

of $5.00 each to be given to the School Children of America

School Children's Competitive Advertising Contest No. 52



This sketch was made by Arthur Richards aged 11, Washington School, St. Louis.
We give a cash prize of $5.00 for any drawing of this character which we accept and use. **All school children can compete. Full instructions will be found on inside of each package of Egg-O-See, telling what to do to get the prize and how to make the drawings.**

EGG-O-SEE

The perfection of cereal food purity. Even the water with which the grain is moistened in the process of manufacture is carefully filtered in order to exclude every possible impurity. Delicious in flavor, digestive and strength building.

NOTE—**The Price of EGG-O-SEE is 10 cents for a full-size package,** such as is usually sold for 15 cents. The largest food mill in the world, with the most approved labor saving machinery enables us to make the best flaked wheat food at this lower price.

Made by the BATTLE CREEK BREAKFAST FOOD CO.
Battle Creek, Mich. Quincy, Ill.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE GREEN PACKAGE

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will send you a package, prepaid

Address all communications to Battle Creek Breakfast Food Co., Quincy, Ill.

SPEECH BY SHAW

The Principal Feature of the American Mining Congress.

Spoke on Mining Industry and Its Relation to Finance.

Deadwood, S. D.—Sept. 9.—At the American Mining congress yesterday much interest centered in the talk by Hon. Leslie D. Shaw, secretary of the United States treasury, who, however, did not speak until towards the close of the afternoon session. The secretary was given a warm welcome by the delegates who frequently applauded his statements and when he finished speaking gave him a rising vote of thanks and three rousing cheers. The congress also unanimously elected him an honorary member and appointed a committee of three to draft resolutions thanking President Roosevelt for his recognition of the congress in sending Secretary Shaw to represent him before it, an engrossed copy to be sent to the president.

According to the announcement, the secretary was scheduled to address the congress on the question of "the Mining Industry and its relation to American Finances."

He said he wished to correct the impression that he was to deliver an address, because he really did not know anything about mining.

"We make a mistake," he said "if we estimate the importance of our different industries according to their apparent relative products."

He referred to the necessity of increased markets for our products, saying he would rather have the market of the United States than all the markets of the rest of the world; would rather have the productive capacity of the United States than the productive capacity of nearly all the rest of the world.

He said we had to get some markets for our products. As to how many markets are to be created, he pointed to the countries lying to the south of the United States and said in his judgment the government could without paternalism encourage installation of great steamship lines in a way it had added two great railways to the Pacific coast and which would be a certain method for the increasing of markets for our products.

Alluring to that portion of President Richards' annual address in which he urged the creation of a department of mines and mining, Secretary Shaw said he was heartily in favor of the government doing everything it can, short of paternalism, in support of the mining industry of the country. He would not, however, have the gentlemen of the congress go away with the idea that he advocated the formation of a special department of mining with a representation in the cabinet, suggesting that its functions could be properly attended to through a bureau which should form a part of the department of commerce and labor and pointing out how other important industries had been taken care of in the same manner.

Secretary Shaw said in part:

It is an error to rate the importance of our many industries according to their relative productiveness. Our factories and workshops produce $13,000,000,000 gross in 1900; agriculture $4,000,000,000; forestry $2,000,000,000, and mines $1,000,000,000, about equally divided between metallic and non-metallic products. Yet it must occur to all that manufacture—apparently our greatest wealth producing industry—is dependent upon iron, copper, lead, since other metals, and equally upon coal and other non-metallic minerals. Our manufacturing interests would dwindle into significance but for our mines.

Manufacture is equally dependent upon agriculture for cotton, flax, wool and other products of the field and herd. Our commercial, industrial and financial supremacy is, therefore, not dependent upon any one fact, or interest, or condition, but upon all combined.

We produce practically 20,000,000 tons of iron ore—as much as any other two countries and one-third of the world's output.

We produce 40 per cent of the world's output of iron and steel. During the first half of 1903 we produced nearly 10,000,000 tons of pig iron.

We produce more coal than Great Britain, more than twice as much as Germany and nearly double that of all countries except Great Britain and Germany.

We grow three-fourths of the world's cotton fibre and our ability to produce this staple is far above the present product.

A people's prosperity is not measured by its capacity to produce more than by its capacity to consume, and this capacity to consume is in turn dependent upon the earning capacity of the individual is again dependent upon native and acquired ability. So if America be great, it is because God in his wisdom stored the mountains with the richest minerals, overlaid the valleys with a most fertile soil, and then gave it to people competent, in some slight degree at least, to improve their opportunities.

President J. S. Richards in his annual address said the ultimate aim of the organization must be to place the mining industry as a whole upon a plane commensurate with its importance. The congress must arouse so much interest throughout the whole country, must be the means of giving the public so much valuable information about mining, that the people will at least realize the importance and dignity of everything connected with the proper development and utilization of this great source of raw material; it must be the means of finally opening the eyes of the lawmakers to the necessity of a department of mines and mining coordinate in rank with the department of agriculture and the recently created department of commerce and labor. The logic of events, the irresistible force of a controlling tendency in human progress, must ultimately compel the proper recognition of the mining industry at the hands of this government as one of the necessities of governmental organization.

"It is common knowledge what the department of agriculture has done for the farmer. We say that the mining prospector has just as good a right to scientific information from the government concerning mineral formations, the character of various ores and their proper treatment, for he is the producer of the raw material that is a condition of all resultant production, and this co-operation on the part of the government may give him just the industrial chance that he needs.

"It is stated on scientific authority, that, even with all he improved processes lately invented and successfully applied, not more than one-fourth of the known valuable gold-bearing material in this country can as yet be utilized. Many extensive districts are still undeveloped, because the ore is too low grade or too refractory to be worked with profit. These problems will, of course, be solved, the necessary processes and treatment will be discovered, and in all probability this will be done by scientific experts in the employ of private capitalists who will thereby be enabled to tax such mining districts at will for years to come. I do not decry the enterprise of private capital; it is worthy of its reward; but I simply ask, why should not these researches and investigations in the field of mining, as well as in agriculture and horticulture, be prosecuted at the public expense, by the people and for the people, and the results achieved be made free to the people forever?"

At last night's session the following papers were read: Dr. J. E. Todd, state geologist, South Dakota, on "Geology of South Dakota"; Dr. James D. Irving, of Washington, D. C., on "Ore deposits of the Northern Black Hills," and James W. Abbott, Denver, on "Good Roads for Mines."

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—S. Erskin left yesterday on a business trip to Aitkin, Brainerd and other points.

Henry Hammond left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Butternut and Milwaukee.

Joe Kutchka having disposed of his interest here left yesterday for Duluth, where he will visit friends for a few days, and will leave on the 15th of this month for Seattle, where he will purchase a small farm and make it his permanent home.

William Dunlap, of Scanlon, was a Cloquet caller yesterday.

Maurice T. Bywater, of Duluth, is in Cloquet this week.

The ladies of St. Andrew's guild met in the guild room of the church yesterday as the guest of Mrs. Maurice Erwin.

Mrs. W. M. Armstronng and daughter, Marietta, returned yesterday from an extended visit with friends in Toronto and other points in Canada.

Miss Bertha Forth, of Scanlon, was a Cloquet caller yesterday.

R. M. Weyerhauser was a Duluth business caller yesterday.

The marriage of Miss Rosanna Party and Dennis McNally took place Monday morning at Lady of Sacred Heart church Miss Laurina Party attended the bride as maid of honor. Joe Paranteau attended the groom. Rev. Father Giraux performed the marriage ceremony. The happy couple left on the 10:20 train for Duluth for a short stay and will be at home to their friends at the Cloquet boarding house, Third street.

Rev. Father Giraux will hold services at Scanlon for the first time on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Albert Loisel who has been ill, is now convalescing.

Alex Rithie returned on Sunday from his western trip.

Joe Rider returned on Sunday after spending a few days on his claim in Oregon.

Tom Morgan spent Sunday in Cloquet.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Basette and family, after spending a few days with Mrs. Basette's mother, Mrs. G. Grenier, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. J. C. Blanchette, of Dayton, Minn., is visiting her sister, Miss Morneau.

Miss Nellie McSweeney left on Sunday to attend the business College in Duluth.

Mrs. A. J. Grant and family returned home Monday after a few days' visit with friends in Minneapolis.

Evelin Blanchard of West Duluth, who has been visiting his uncle, Adam Brotherton, returned home Monday.

Mr. Vincent of Sixth street has purchased the residence of L. Lightfoot on Third street and will occupy the same.

Mrs. H. Zimmerman left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Chisago City, Minn.

Mesdames Watts, Dawson, Arnold and Ortzman, of Scanlon, were Cloquet callers yesterday.

SHAW RIDES ON PILOT.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 9.—Shooting through Spearfish canyon, on the pilot of a Burlington engine for a distance of twenty-five miles at the rate of forty miles an hour up and down steep grades and around many sharp curves, through all kinds of weather, encountering repeated flurries of snow, showers of rain and bright sunshine, a walk of seven miles up a steep, rough and muddy mountain road, and an inspection of the tin deposits were some of the features of Secretary Shaw's sightseeing on his last day in the Black Hills district.



The Three Ages of Man.

In childhood, middle life and old age there is frequent need of the tonic properties that are contained in

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine
TRADE MARK.

It is nature's greatest assistant—not a dark beer but a real malt extract—positively helpful, non-intoxicating.

Sold by druggists. Prepared only by the

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n
St. Louis, U. S. A.

REPORT OF UMPIRE

On Disputes Between Mine Operators and the Miners.

The Companies Are Sustained In Nearly Every Instance.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 9.—Hon. Carroll D. Wright, the umpire to whom was referred the five disputes between the operators' and miners' representatives on the board of conciliation appointed under the provisions of the anthracite mine strike commission, filed his findings yesterday with T. D. Nicholls, secretary of the board.

In dealing with the question of the employers' right to discharge men for any cause other than their connection with a labor union, Umpire Wright agrees wholly with the contention of the operators' representatives, and declares that the right of an employer to discharge without giving the cause of the discharge is sustained by the award of the commission.

As to the rockmen's dispute, the umpire says they do not come under the award. The complaint of Thomas Tanner is not sustained in regard to the allegations of discrimination on the part of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company and Coxe Bros. & Co.

He says that these companies should take back old men instead of putting on new men, in all cases where the old men are competent and have not been convicted, or are not awaiting trial for crime committed during the strike. The umpire's findings covers twenty-five pages of typewriting. The resume prepared by the conciliation board for the press reads as follows:

Grievance No. 17—Complaint of Thomas Tanner that he was receiving less wages for ten hours per day than he had received for a 12-hour day previous to the strike.

He received previous to the strike $1.88 per day for twelve hours. On April 1 his hours were reduced from twelve to ten and his wages to $1.77 per day. The $1.77 per day includes an advance of 11 1-9 of a per cent on his former hourly rate of wage.

The miners' representatives on the board claimed that he was entitled to the same day's wages for nine hours as he had formerly received for twelve.

The umpire decided that "no injustice had been done Mr. Tanner. His employers have in his case carried out the provisions of the award of the anthracite coal commission."

"The petition of Thomas Tanner, therefore, is not sustained."

Grievance No. 8—Claim of discrimination against Coxe Bros. & Co. by employes who were not reinstated when work was resumed as per agreement signed by the superintendent of the company.

Mentioning the complaint named Harry Brosslus, the umpire says: "I find that in the case of Harry Brossius, Coxe Bros. ought to give him employment."

Regarding the case as a whole, he says: "The opinion is therefore rendered that all the men employed by Coxe Bros. & Co., incorporated, at the time of the strike in 1902, except those who have been convicted for crime committed during the strike, or who are still under arrest, or to whom employment cannot be given on account of new machinery, or who are incompetent, ought to be preferred to new men in giving out work when they apply therefor."

Grievance No. 10—Complaint of discrimination and blacklist of employes in the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, who were not reinstated at the ending of the strike.

The umpire decided that it has not been shown that the men were discriminated against on account of membership in the union, but is of the opinion that discrimination existed against a small number of men and makes the statement: "What the motive of the discrimination has been it is impossible to decide, but I am clearly of the opinion as in the case of Coxe Bros. & Co. that the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company ought to give preference to all their old men—the employed prior to the strike—who have not been convicted of crime committed during the strike or are not now under arrest awaiting trial, or are not incompetent, or have not been guilty of misdemeanor to render their employment undesirable. The terms of the submission and the language of the award under it make this conclusion inevitable."

Grievance No. 45—Complaint of unjust discharge of William Mowrey, against the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company.

Leading up to the final award, the umpire says: "Taking the rulings of the court, the assertion of the anthracite coal strike commission, the clauses in the agreement made by and with the United Mine Workers of America and the admissions of the different members of the board of conciliation, whether on the one side or the other, there can be no doubt that a man has a right to quit the service of his employer when he sees fit, with or without giving any cause, providing he gives proper notice, and that the employer has a perfect right to employ and discharge men in accordance with the conditions of his industry, that he is not obliged to give any cause for discharging, but that he should, as in the reverse case, give proper notice.

"This right to discharge must therefore be sustained. Any other view of the case would result in compelling men to work for an employer when they did not wish to and thus enslave them, when on the other hand, it would compel employers to employ men whether they had work for them or not, and whether the men were incompetent or not and would thus stagnate business and work to the injury of all other employes."

He finally says: "That in the particular case of William Mowrey it would have been better and more judicious if the foreman had kept better control of his temper, and thus allowed Mowrey to behave more reasonably.

"All discharges as all quittals, should be made on a reasonable basis. The employer and the employe should treat each other with justice, and with a desire to preserve peace. In accordance with award, four attempts should be made in all such cases to adjust the matter between the employer or employes affected and a superintendent, and such attempt was not made in this case."

To this extent, therefore, there was a violation of award No. 4, by both the petitioner and respondent.

Grievance No. 2—Complaint of John Bowin and Richard Roderick, contractors for driving rock tunnels, etc., against the action of their employer under the award of the anthracite coal strike commission, the employes having gone on strike demanding a 10 per cent advance in wages as granted to contract miners. The umpire decides as follows:

"It is therefore decided that contractors driving rock tunnels, sinking shafts and other similar work, not being parties to the submission, nor having agreed to abide by the awards of the anthracite coal strike commission, are not parties under one award and have no standing before the board of conciliation, and that their employes are not among those employes affected by the award of the anthracite coal strike commission."

The board has now disposed of about thirty disputes. Two more questions on which it is deadlocked will be submitted to Umpire Wright. They deal with the nine-hour day in the Reading company's mines and the proper basis on which to compute the increase in wages awarded by the commission, the companies in the Lehigh and Schulykill regions contending that it should be on the net earnings, while the men contend it should be on the gross earnings.

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Something for nothing is a fallacy. We win under our motto:

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Watch Us Grow.

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110 W. Superior St.
BOTH 'PHONES.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Charles H. Murfin of Sleepy Eye, Minn., formerly of Minneapolis, committed suicide Friday night in Seattle, Wash. It is alleged that he was $1900 short in his accounts with A. H. Harrison, his employer, and also that he had contracted an irregular marriage with a young woman from Burnett, Wash.

The mystery surrounding the finding of 5-year-old Viola Cordes in the Allegheny river last Saturday evening at Pittsburg was partially cleared by the finding of the body of the child's mother floating in the same stream. From all accounts it is believed that Mrs. Cordes, who was about 24 years old, jumped into the river, carrying her child with her.

The Standard Oil company's steamer City of Everett is still burning at Port Arthur and the Texas company's oil derricks are entirely destroyed. The loss will amount to $250,000.

Judge Thompson has refused a new trial to the convicted rioters, at Danville, Ill., and sentenced them to the Chester penitentiary, except Bessie Armstrong, who was sent to Joliet.

Frightened by the black trimmings on the hearse at a funeral in Valverde, Colo., Tuesday, the team attached to the next carriage in line ran away, the carriage was overturned and nine persons were slightly injured.

Word has been received at Wichita, Kan., by Representative Granville Lowther, the Socialist lecturer, that he has been reinstated to the ministry by the conference of the Syracuse district of New York. In March, 1902, Dr. Lowther was convicted of heresy and expelled from the Southwest Methodist district conference.

A bold attempt to hold up the Bitter Root express just east of Stevensville, Mont., Tuesday morning was frustrated by the vigilance of the crew. A pile of ties had been placed on the tracks. The engineer slowed up and backed away as soon as he could. Three men concealed in the bushes, jumped out and ran after the train, but soon fell behind. The crew secured arms and returned and threw the ties to one side, after which the express went through unmolested.



Before YOU go home

"Just get The Delineator"

THE OCTOBER NUMBER, now on the news-stands, answers squarely the question of supremacy among the magazines for woman and the home. In your selection of a magazine you may choose from two classes—those you need and those you read for recreation—or else you take THE DELINEATOR and combine both.

If the word "necessary" is susceptible of a superlative, THE DELINEATOR is beyond all question the "most necessary" of all the magazines published for Woman. Nine hundred thousand families proved this to be so last month; and each month brings its new thousands of members into the ever-growing DELINEATOR FAMILY.

Among the fashions it is the "most necessary" because it is all the fashion magazines in one, with their mistakes eliminated—their exaggerations corrected, and the really successful novelties stamped with the seal of authoritative approval—for if it is pictured in THE DELINEATOR it is "good form."

It is equally the "most necessary" in the Nursery—in the Sewing-Room—in the Kitchen—throughout the whole house and out-of-doors in city and in country. The partial list of contents below can only hint at the interest underlying every line.

The Evolution of a Club Woman, by Agnes Surbridge, begins in this number. It is an autobiography and is the predicted success of the year. J. C. Hemment, the world-famed camera expert, begins one of the most remarkable series of photographic articles ever presented. They relate to his personal adventures at home and in foreign lands. The Silent Partner, by Lynn Roby Meekins; A Florida Cracker, by Virginia Frazer Boyle, are prominent among the fiction features, while the departments are fuller than usual of the good things, with special interest centering in the children's page.

If the "most necessary" of the magazines for Woman is that one which helps most in every hour of "her" day and brings its after-hour of fascinating leisure-reading when the day is over, then, surely, "JUST GET THE DELINEATOR." Of your newsdealer or any Butterick agent at fifteen cents a copy, or of the publishers, one dollar for an entire year.

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WE ARE AGENTS
For the Butterick Publishing Co. October Delineator Now In Stock at the Pattern Counter.

Freimuth's

CHARMED BY HER VOICE

Fell In Love With Girl Before He Saw Her.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 9.—A soft, winsome voice won a heart and home for Miss Martha Kelley, formerly a telephone girl in the long distance office of the Central Union company. She is now the wife of L. G. Preston, night operator for the American Press association, who fell in love with her long before he had seen her face.

Preston was a bachelor, with no thought of matrimony, when the night editor of the association called his attention to the fact that there was a new girl with a wonderfully sweet voice at the telephone exchange. He was not even interested until a few nights later, when the night editor again expressed his admiration for the soothing tones of the unknown, but accommodating telephone maiden.

"Let me talk to her," said Preston.

He took the receiver and the romance was started. Preston liked the voice better than any he had ever heard. When it was necessary to call long distance the next night he offered his services to the night operator. After that the romance ripened rapidly.

Preston was an ardent, though modest, wooer, but the night editor soon noticed that the telephone wire was carrying the old, old story. He was not surprised when one night the girl with the winning voice called him and asked if Mr. Preston was not one of the nicest men on earth. The inquisitive night editor learned that his associate had sent theater tickets and flowers that afternoon.

That was the beginning of the last chapter of the romance. They both worked at night, and it was so convenient to meet every afternoon. The night editor was not surprised when a few weeks after his associate came into the office with the announcement that he had married the girl with the sweet, soft voice. The marriage occurred several weeks ago, but the romance of the courtship was kept a secret by them and the night editor until today.

BOOM FOR HOWELL

For Vice President on the Democratic Ticket.

Gainesville, Fla., Sept. 9.—Clark Howell, of Atlanta, Democratic national committeeman from Georgia and a prominent figure in Southern political affairs, is being boomed for the vice presidency on the Democratic ticket.

The Howell boom was launched here last night by James E. Alexander, for many years the lieutenant of Senator Call, who is now a candidate for congress from the second district. In a speech before several thousand enthusiastic Democrats he devoted much time to Mr. Howell, stating that his services for the party demanded that he be given substantial recognition.

He predicted that no man could be found in the country who would strengthen to such an extent the presidential ticket. Mr. Alexander's suggestion was met with great enthusiasm. It is believed here that should the Georgian become a candidate for vice presidential honors he would have no trouble in getting Florida's vote in the convention.

Secret of English Ladies' Complexion

Year in and year out English families keep Beecham's Pills on hand for minor ailments, which are consequently checked in time to prevent severe illness. Women have peculiar weaknesses and ailments, and English women find Beecham's Pills combat and correct their troubles as nothing else will do. The secret is that Beecham's Pills keep their entire system in perfect working order and give nature the slight help needed.

Beecham's Pills

do the same for thousands of American women and are fast becoming as popular here. Health, strength and beauty follow Beecham's Pills whenever they are used. Happiness and comfort are within the reach of all. See special instructions with each box.

Sold Everywhere in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

THE SEARCH LIGHT MATCH

TRADE MARK

is the Perfect Match for Smokers.



Always Light Easily.

Extra Long Sticks
Extra Strong Sticks
Burn a Full Half Minute.

A valuable coupon in every box. Ask your grocer.

THE DIAMOND MATCH CO.

A STRANGE STORY

In Which Wealthy Oil King and Woman Are Principals.

Mystery of Babe's Parentage Becomes Matter For the Courts.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 9.—Is little Arvilla Bell a foundling or is she the illegitimate daughter of a millionaire?

Theodore N. Barnesdale, the millionaire in question, and one of the oil kings of Bradford, Pa., sincerely believes that she is his daughter, and is using his vast wealth to keep possession of her, resisting in the courts the efforts of the alleged mother, Mrs. Solomon Davis, to gain her custody.

Detective Garrett Fox, attached to the state fire marshal's bureau, declares that the child is a foundling, and was palmed off on Barnesdale by its putative mother, whom he knew as Cora Bell when she lived in this city under the protection of the millionaire. In his possession is the proof obtained in 1898 that the woman did not give birth to a child, as she alleges, and the other evidence collected at that time pertaining to the same end.

At the present time a suit is pending in the courts of Los Angeles, Cal., through the medium of which Mrs. Davis seeks to recover the child which is now being reared by the nuns in a convent on Pico Heights, outside that beautiful city on the Western coast. Mrs. Davis, in her petition, says that she was compelled to sign a petition for the appointment of a guardian for the little girl, which enabled A. A. Hopkins, who is in Barnesdale's employ, to secure and retain possession of her. The mother says that she loves the child and wants to get her back. The putative father is resisting the suit, and alleges that he is better qualified to care for the little one's future, which his wealth has assured. The story of the contested child's birth, as Barnesdale believes, is this: The millionaire, who lives partly in Bradford and in Marietta, Ohio, and whose business office is in the Tradesman's building in Pittsburg, has had domestic trouble, and some years ago sued his wife for divorce in the Pennsylvania courts. It was refused, and they have since been living apart, the wife and children receiving a handsome sum for support. In 1897, or thereabouts, Barnesdale met Cora Bell, whose home is in Peoria, Ill. He became infatuated with her, and they assumed close relations.

In 1898 she came to this city and took a house on East Long street, near Champion avenue, where Barnesdale visited her. It was furnished luxuriously and maintained lavishly. Mrs. Bell, as she called herself, was an enigma to her neighbors, who could learn nothing of her antecedents. At the stores she bought large bills, especially of household goods, paying one firm alone $1500. These repeated purchases excited some comment in the commercial world, although they were promptly met with checks on a local bank. The amount of goods bought formed a mystery, as it seemed that she could have no possible use for over $1000 worth of carpets alone. Mrs. Bell kept herself closely confined save when she went out on shopping excursions. She had as a coachman on the trips a local hackman known as "Red" Brokaw. Shortly after her arrival she called in Dr. Lawrence, of East Long street, and confided to him that she was shortly to become a mother. He accepted her commission, but noted at the time that there were no signs of such an event in the immediate future. One day he was called to the house and was told that Mrs. Bell had been delivered. He found a nurse in charge, and was told that the alleged mother had been forced to call in a midwife, not being able to reach him. On being shown the child he at once recognized the fact that it was several weeks of age. About this time matters began to become acute, and Detective Fox was assigned to investigate the house by Chief of Police Kelly, who made the detail at the request of a member of a firm of china dealers which had sold a large bill to the woman.

It was not long until Fox ran across the fact that the trained nurse in attendance was Olive Murray, who lived at that time at Branch Hill, Clermont county, about twelve miles from Cincinnati. This was one of the things that Dr. Lawrence could not discover. The detective also learned that on the night before the doctor was summoned to the Bell home a woman came from Cincinnati and went to the Corrodi hotel, on West State street. She carried a little infant. Late the same night that she arrived she was driven to the Long street house by "Red" Brokaw, who swore later that he thought the woman was merely carrying a bundle of clothing. Farther investigation revealed the interesting fact that the woman had come here from Cincinnati and from Mrs. Heffernan's lying-in hospital there, the number being 1251 John street. This fact was verified by Chief of Police Deitsch of that city, now dead. When Fox, in pursuit of information, called at the house and asked for Mrs. Bell, she came downstairs with all the airs of an invalid, stopping at the turn in the hall and asking him his business. On learning that he wanted information concerning herself she refused to come any farther, and languidly declared that she was sick and that he must leave. With the mention of his character as a police officer and the name of Barnesdale, she threw off her air of sickness and came down the steps like a wild animal. She demanded to know what the detective wanted, but he refused to tell her, being satisfied that she was acting a part.

A few days later he learned that she had left the city suddenly and the house was vacated. The household goods were shipped to Albany, N. Y., and reshipped from there, all trace being lost. The next chapter in the affair was the suing of Barnesdale for several thousands of dollars for the support of the child. Then came her marriage to Solomon Davis, who is a steel worker, and at one time was employed in this city. When the pair moved to California, Barnesdale went there and got possession of the child in the manner above described. Why Mrs. Davis should now be suing for the regaining of the control of the little one is a mystery. Dr. Lawrence is positive that she was not enciente when he was called, and also that the child that he saw was weeks older than was claimed for it. Detective Fox discovered that between the time that Barnesdale left here and returned to be told that he was a father several weeks had elapsed, giving her pleny of time to arrange the details of the alleged accouchement. At that time Fox was a member of the city detective force and his assignment by the chief of police to look into the case is a matter of record. From the little known of her during her residence here, Cora Bell was regarded as a very shrewd woman, whose strong mentality made up for her unattractiveness from the standpoint of personal beauty. Nothing was ever done in a legal way by the police, as she was simply placed under surveillance at the request of the merchant spoken of, who happened to be her neighbor also.

Rheumatism

Is Not a Skin Disease.

Most people have an idea that rheumatism is contracted like a cold, that the damp, chilly air penetrates the muscles and joints and causes the terrible aches and pains, or that it is something like a skin disease to be rubbed away with liniment or drawn out with plasters; but Rheumatism originates in the blood and is caused by Urea, or Uric Acid, an irritating, corroding poison that settles in muscles, joints and nerves, producing inflammation and soreness and the sharp, cutting pains peculiar to this distressing disease.

Exposure to bad weather or sudden chilling of the body will hasten an attack of Rheumatism after the blood and system are in the right condition for it to develop, but have nothing to do with the real true causes of Rheumatism, which are internal and not external.

Liniments, plasters and rubbing will sometimes reduce the inflammation and swelling and ease the pain for a time, but fail to relieve permanently because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism because it attacks it in the blood, and the Uric Acid poison is neutralized, the sluggish circulation stimulated and quickened, and soon the system is purified and cleansed, the aching muscles and joints are relieved of all irritating matter and a lasting cure of this most painful disease effected.

SSS

S. S. S. is a harmless vegetable remedy, unequalled as a blood purifier and an invigorating, pleasant tonic. Book on Rheumatism will be mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Bowling Green, Ky.

About a year ago I was attacked by acute rheumatism in my shoulders, arms and legs below the knee. I could not raise my arm to comb my hair. Doctors prescribed for me for over two months without giving me any relief. I saw S. S. S. advertised and decided to try it. Immediately I commenced its use I felt better, and remarked to mother that I was glad I had at last found some relief. I continued its use and am entirely well. I will always feel deeply interested in the success of S. S. S. since it did me so much good.

311 12th St. MRS. ALICE HORTON.

AWARDED EMPEROR

Given a Very Doubtful Credit In Sham Battle.

Halle, Sept. 8.—The emperor, who is attending the army maneuvers in this vicinity, passed last night under a huge asbestos tent. The emperor today led a cavalry corps, composed of sixteen regiments, on the Prussian, or so-called Red army side, against the Saxon army, otherwise the Blues. The empress and Princess Victoria Louise followed the operations in four-horse carriages.

The empress was in the field before 7 o'clock this morning. The 12,000 horses led by the emperor kicked up an immense amount of dust on the dry fields over which they passed, which betrayed the movements of the cavalry. The Saxons, who were entrenched and who have cleverly posted their artillery, received the attack with the fire of all their machine and other quick-firing guns in a way that in actual war could have quickly decimated the emperor's force. But the emperor galloped in a whirlwind of dust, penetrated the Saxon line, and the umpire decided that the Saxons were defeated and caused them to retreat across the Saale.

THE MINING CONGRESS

Welcomed to South Dakota By Governor Herried.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 8.—The American Mining congress got down to business of the sixth annual session today. The first meeting was called to order at the rink at 10:30 a. m.

Governor Charles N. Herried welcomed the delegates and visitors on behalf of the state, and Mayor McDonald welcomed them to the city of Deadwood.

Responses were made on behalf of the mining congress by President Richards and several delegates. Recess was then taken until 2:30 p. m., when President Richards delivered his annual address. Secretary of the Treasury Shaw spoke later.

COLLISION NEAR JOPLIN.

Twelve Persons Are Injured, Two Probably Fatally.

Joplin, Mo., Sept. 8.—A local passenger train ran into a freight train standing on the main track of the Frisco road near Baxter Springs this morning, injuring twelve persons, two fatally. The fatally injured are an unknown negress and an invalid white woman who were traveling with two small children.

The injuries of Hilary Taylor, Lyonville, Iowa, whose head was cut and who was badly bruised about the face is the most seriously injured among the twelve

LOCATED IN CANADA.

Leopold J. Stern Is Found at Toronto.

Washington, Sept. 8.—A dispatch to the postoffice department today announces that Leopold J. Stern, who was indicted several weeks ago for complicity in alleged fraudulent contracts for furnishing letter carriers' satchels to the government, has been located at Toronto, Can.

Stern has not yet been arrested, but officials expect news of the arrest within twenty-four hours. The extraditability of the offense is not yet certain. Stern was indicted for conspiracy to defraud the government. He was charged with receiving full price for sachels for letter carriers and letter collectors, including shoulder straps, despite the supply to him of these straps at government expense. In consideration of the supply of these straps to him, for which he was paid in full, he is charged with paying large sums to W. C. Long, of this city, and A. W. Machen, the deposed head of the free delivery service.

AGRICULTURALISTS

Meet at Chicago to Form National Association.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Fifty representatives of the Agricultural associations in a dozen or more states met here today to discuss plans for organizing a national body to fix prices of farm products regulating the marketing of crops and constructing grain elevators and cold storage warehouses for the use of farmers. The suggestion is made to amalgamate all organizations now in existence and to form associations in every county in each state under the direction of the national body.

PEGIMENT ROBBED.

Hanover, Prussia, Sept. 8.—The chest containing the silverware of the Thirteenth regiment of Uhlans in garrison here, has been robbed of 400 pieces of silver, among them being many cups which were gifts of Emperor William. No trace of the burglars has been found.

TO SETTLE DISHUTE

Ordinance Passed to Compel Making of Sewer Connections.

Districts to Be Created—Restaurants Present a Complaint.

The council last night:

Passed an ordinance designating districts for compulsory sewer connections.

Decided on dock right restrictions in vacating streets on Rice's Point.

Took preliminary steps compelling night lunch venders to pay peddler's license.

Requests all contractors to rush street and sewer improvements before winter sets in.

Appropriated $2500 to prepare Jenswold subway for teaming purposes.

Discussed a penalty of $4500 to be exacted from asphalt company for delay in executing contract.

Requested legal opinion as to city's power compelling removal of wires from Central avenue.

Received petition for fire protection from residents of Woodland district.

Ordered condemnation of alleyway through block 13, in Helm's addition.

Approved award of contract for resurfacing East First street for $13,110.

Deferred acting on telephone rate-raising ordinance until after Wednesday's public meeting.

* * *

Providing it meets with the approval of the mayor, a new ordinance will shortly grace the city statutes, designed and passed for the special purpose of abating nuisances and raising the standard of general sanitary conditions.

When it becomes operative, the city will be divided into a number of districts in which the city has the right to compel all property owners to connect their premises with sewers.

For years there has been a fight on between the health department and agents and owners for property in the down-town and in the residence districts over the question of sewer connections.

In a number of instances the property holders have successfully resisted the orders of the health department when told to make these connections, simply because the city lacked authority to enforce the order.

It is said that the present ordinance does not contemplate a wholesale campaign or a hardship on the property owner. The owner ordered to make sewer connections by the board of health has two separate and distinct opportunities to appear before the council with a protest after the connections are ordered by the health board.

If the council finds, upon investigation, that the sewer service is not required, or if it proves too expensive to the owner, it is within its power to countermand the order of the board.

* * *

In regard to the city's abandoning the right to streets and alleys in thirty-six blocks of property on the easterly side of Lower Rice's Point, it has been decided to reserve dock rights by not vacating streets running at right angles to Arthur avenue.

Arthur avenue runs parallel to Garfield avenue and just one block east of the main thoroughfare down Rice's Point. When the condemnation of this strip of land is ordered, the resolution will reserve all streets running out to the dock line of Duluth harbor, with the understanding that if any industry of the future requires portions of these streets, the ground desired can be obtained by subsequent condemnation.

* * *

Restaurant men have been complaining rather strenuously against the growing business of night lunches on the down-town streets at night.

The council has requested the chief of police to report if these men are operating without a license, and when the report is received at the next meeting it is probable that the council will request the licensing regulations to be enforced, although up to the present time it has not generally been considered that "red-hot" lunches were within the province of the peddling ordinance.

* * *

The city engineer has been requested to communicate with all contractors now having work on public improvements and urge that they complete the work before cold weather sets in, the city being opposed to carrying any of this year's improvements over to next spring.

Particular attention is to be paid to the contract for rebuilding the West Duluth street railway bridges. In this connection it is said that the delay at present has been due to failure to secure the necessary heavy timbers from the Pacific coast.

* * *

The Jenswold street subway is to be made passable for teams at a cost of $2500. This will only provide for filling in between the street car tracks, but the West Duluth and West End merchants and industries claim that it is absolutely essential that the thoroughfare be made passable for teams.

* * *

Mr. Carpenter, representative of the Barber Asphalt Paving company appeared before the council to protest against deducting a penalty from the company's final estimate for the paving of Superior street between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east.

The asphalt company allowed this contract to become 304 days overdue and the penalty for this delay, according to the city, should be $4500. The matter will come before the council for final action at some meeting in the near future.

* * *

The refusal of the General Electric company and the Bell Telephone interests to remove poles and wires from Central avenue, in West Duluth, on account of alleged danger of having too many wires in a narrow alley, has moved the council to ask an opinion of the city attorney as to the city's rights to compel these companies to take their wires off West Duluth's main business street.

* * *

Claiming that Woodland's only protection against crime, pestilence, famine and destructive elements is a poundmaster, the people of that suburb sent in a petition for the opening of the old fire hall out there and its proper equipment with fire fighting apparatus.

* * *

After more than a year's consideration the council has finally ordered the condemnation of an alley way through block 13, of Helm's addition. Seven and one-half feet of property will be taken off each lot. People residing in this block have petitioned for the alley and non-residents owning unimproved property there have made a hard fight against it.

* * *

The contract for resurfacing East First street, between Sixth and Twenty-third avenues east, awarded to George R. King, by the board of public work, was approved by the aldermen. Granite macadam will be used and the total cost will be $13,110.

* * *

At 7:30 this evening a public meeting will be held in the council chamber for the purpose of considering the proposition to allow the Zenith City Telephone company the right to raise rates.

In view of this meeting the proposed ordinance granting permission for a raise of $8 a year on business telephones, was not acted upon.

* * *

Joseph Sheehy was granted permission to conduct an employment agency at 512 West Superior street.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

A TERRIBLE SECRET CAUSED

Attempt of Young Indiana Woman to Kill Herself.

Otwell, Ind., Sept. 9.—Deep mystery surrounds the action of Mrs. Lou Dearing, who attempted suicide two weeks ago by shooting herself with a target rifle. It was believed until two days ago she might recover, but it is now believed her recovery is doubtful. Four days ago she received a letter from out West, which was opened by a member of the family, who began reading it, but suddenly dropped it and burst into tears. Finally a friend of the family, who was called in, glanced over it and decided to read to the wounded woman in the presence of one or two others of the family. The letter was read behind closed doors and immediately burned. Nothing is known of its contents except that those who heard it read say that it was the saddest affair they ever witnessed.

Mrs. Dearing at once became worse and requested the members of the family to remain near her as she wanted to divulge a secret to them just before her death. She said it would be the secret that drove her to her awful death. The family at once put notices at the doors, requesting no one to enter the house. The neighbors who go there out of kindness and sympathy are entertained in the yard and no one except those who are waiting for her dying message are at her side.

Shortly after the reading of the letter she passed into unconsciousness and has not yet been restored, and whether she will ever be able to tell her awful secret is a question that the whole section of the country is much interested in.

Mrs. Dearing and her son lived for years a few miles southwest of here, and, as she has always borne a spotless reputation, every one is at a loss to know what she has done to so haunt her that she decided to take her life and end her troubles.

Some believe that some person who took part in the Wrattan murder a few years ago divulged his secret to her and that the concealing of such an awful crime was too much for her, and she attempted to end her life and keep the secret to the last. Some also believe that the letter she received was from the party who divulged the secret to her, entreating her to keep it to the last, he having heard she had attempted suicide and failed.

NECK BROKEN BY ACCIDENT

While Stephen Nye Was Preparing to Commit Suicide.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 9.—Stephen Nye was accidentally killed while trying to commit suicide, and now his wife is wondering if she can collect the $5000 accident insurance he carried on his life.

Nye was a carpenter, and for several years had been employed in Mount Mora cemetery. He was in poor health and became despondent. Late one afternoon he went away after telling his wife that he would not return for several hours. The next morning Mrs. Nye found him dead in the woodshed with his neck broken.

A careful investigation by the coroner and others revealed the fact that Nye had been accidentally killed while trying to hang himself. The coroner and other physicians examined the body, and say there is no doubt that his neck was broken by the fall and not by hanging.

A demand will be made on the insurance company for the full amount of the policy. Lawyers have been consulted, and they say that the insurance company can be made to pay, although it may be shown that Nye was trying to commit suicide at the time he was accidentally killed.

NOTHING CROOKED

About His Actions, So Attorney Soper Says.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The department of justice has received from Pliny Soper, United States attorney for the Northern district of Indian territory, an answer to the allegations which have been made against him to the effect that he has been interested in leasing and releasing Indian lands, etc. Mr. Soper admits that he is connected with one company, the Tribal Development company, of Tishomingo, but says that it is not in his district, being in the Southern district. He denies that the company has done or is doing anything that is unlawful or in any way reprehensible.

The department has ordered still another special agent into the territory, and will investigate Mr. Soper's statements. It also will make an investigation of each of the federal officers in the four districts of the territory against whom any derogatory statements have been made.

EAT ALL YOU WANT.

Persons troubled with Indigestion or Dyspepsia can eat all they want if they take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and gives health and strength. Sold by all Druggists.

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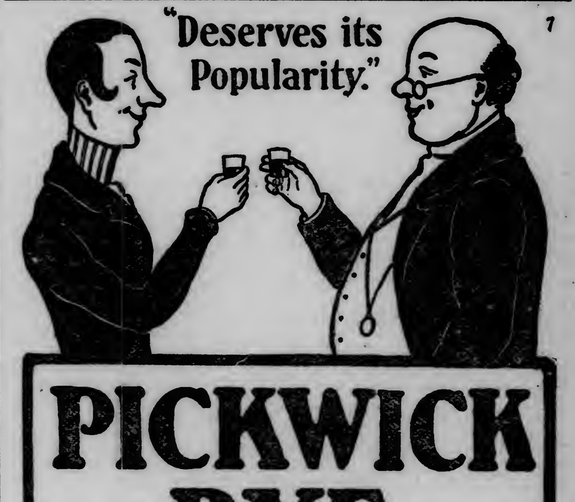
Before you buy it—
you know it by the band.
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you know it by the quality.

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

Sold here, there, everywhere

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PICKWICK RYE

"By many Summers Ripened.
By many Winters Mellowed."

Served by all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.

ST. PAUL GEO. BENZ & SONS. MINNEAPOLIS

DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. AND BALTIMORE, MD.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small, weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 5 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MOTT'S



PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

WHEAT IS HIGHER

Market Rules Dull and Advances About a Half Cent.

Northwestern Receipts Continue to Be Light —Flax Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 9.—The wheat market started out firm and slightly higher this morning, and prices kept within a narrow range up to noon. The opening steadiness was due to the firm cables, and the slight reaction which followed was ascribed to the improved weather in the Northwest. After the noon hour there was a bulge that carried the September option up about ⅜c and it was led by Minneapolis where there seemed to be something doing in that future. The wet weather of Sunday and the first of the week is making its effect felt in the small receipts from the Northwest. Minneapolis received more cars than a year ago, but figures have not yet settled down to a fair comparative business since the holidays. The weather in England is reported very unfavorable and the prospects for the crops are poor. Notwithstanding this, England does not seem in any hurry to buy wheat from here.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged as did also Antwerp and Paris was ⅜c to 1c higher.

The advance in Duluth was ½c for both options, in Minneapolis ⅝c for September and ½-⅝c for December; in Chicago ½-⅝c for September and ½c for December; in New York ¼c for September and ½c for September, and in St. Louis ¼c for September and ⅛-¼c for December.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,241,000 bus. last year 1,248,000 bus. Shipments 697,000 bus. last year 276,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 777,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 866,000 bus in the world's visible supply.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 638 cars, and at Chicago, 225, a total of 863 cars, against 328 last week and 547 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d to ⅛d lower. In the Chicago market December corn closed ⅜c higher and December oats ⅜-½c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 1,606,000 bus, last year 355,000 bus. Shipments 439,000 bus. last year 215,000 bus. Clearances were 244,000 bus. Shipments 439,000 bus. last year 215,000 bus. Clearances were 244,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 571,000 bus, in the world's visible supply of corn.

Trading in the Duluth market was light in volume. The range up to the noon hour was very narrow. September opened ⅛c up at 80¼c and sold up to noon at 82⅛c and 82¼c. After that it bulged upward, but without sales to 82⅞c bid and closed at 82⅝c. December opened ⅛c up at 80c and sold up to 80⅜c closing there.

Cash sales were 100,000 bus and prices continued on the basis established yesterday, 1c over September for No. 1 northern to arrive Sept. 15, and ½c over for No. 1 northern to arrive Sept. 20.

Flax trading was light and prices steady, showing practically no change all morning and closing without change.

Rye fell off ½c and there was an advance in oats of ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old No. 1 northern, 85⅝c; No. 1 northern, 85⅝c; No. 1 hard, to arrive, 85⅝c; No. 1 northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 northern, 80⅝c; new No. 1 northern, on track, 83⅝c; No. 2 northern, 81⅝c. Macaroni, No. 1, 62c; No. 2, 55c; September, 82⅝c; December, 80⅜c; May, 83⅝c. Flax, in store, 99⅝c; on track, 99⅝c; to arrive, 99⅝c; September, 99⅝c; October, 99⅜c; November, $1.00; December, $1.00; May, $1.03. Oats, on track, 36½c; to arrive, 36½c; to arrive in September, 36½c. Rye, on track, 53c; to arrive, 53c; to arrive in September, 53c. Barley, 40@57c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 153; last year, 166; oats, 7; rye, 7; barley, 55.

Receipts—Wheat, 74,072; oats, 4812; rye, 11,265; barley, 40,863; flax, 6164.

Shipments—Wheat, 56,720; barley, 27,291; flax, 49,725.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern, 14 cars	$0.83¼
No. 1 northern, 3600 bus. to arrive, Sept. 15	83¼
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	83⅛
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus, to arrive Sept. 15	83½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	81⅝
No. 2 northern, 7 cars	81¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	81¾
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	80¼
Rejected, 1 car	79½
Rejected, 1 car	79¾
No grade, 1 car	80½
No grade, 1 car	80
Macaroni, 1 car	63
Barley, 4 cars	52
Barley, 1 car	50
Barley, 4 cars	52½
Barley, 2 cars	53
Barley, 1 car	55
Flax, 1 car, in store	1.00
Flax, 1 car, in store	99¾
Flax, 1000 bus. to arrive	99¾
Flax, 1 car, rejected	97½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Steady, But Reaction Soon Followed.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Wheat opened steady at a slight advance on the firm tone of the cables, with December up ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c at 82 to 82⅛c. Weather reports were a little more favorable and receipts showed an increase inducing holders with profits to sell at the advance. A reaction followed with the December option selling off to 81¾@⅞c, but the decline was checked by commission house buying, the market steadying at a trifle better prices. Trade during the first hour was only fair. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 638 cars which with local receipts of 225 cars, only 7 of contract, made total receipts for the three points of 863 cars against 328 last week and 547 a year ago.

The market developed further weakness later on renewed selling, led by St. Louis houses, and December declined to 81⅝c. Late steadiness in the Liverpool market and reports of heavy shortage in the Russian crop, together with a stronger feeling in corn, brought about a better feeling and the close was firm with the early loss more than regained. December showed a net gain of ½c at 82¼@⅜c.

Lower cables and the failure of predicted frosts to appear in the corn belt caused an easier tone in the corn pit at the opening, December being unchanged to ¼c lower, at 50¾ to 51c. Country acceptances were fairly large and there was some selling against these early, forcing prices still lower, December declining to 50⅝c. Local receipts were 780 cars, with 49 of contract grade.

Excessive rains in the corn belt this morning and renewed predictions of frost tonight in Kansas, Nebraska and the Dakotas are responsible for a sharp rally in corn which showed strength after the first hour. December closed at the top, ⅜c higher at 51⅜c.

Oats opened dull and the early trading was featureless. The cash situation continues good with receipts moderate. December oats were steady, a shade lower to a shade higher at 37 to 37⅛c, but sold off during the first hour to 36⅞c. Local receipts were 259 cars.

Opening in provisions was slow, but prices showed a material advance on the stronger hog market and moderate receipts. October pork showed a gain of 10c at $12.97½, with lard up 5 to 10c at $8.00 to $8.05, and ribs 10@12½ to 20@22½c higher at $8.50 to $8.60.

Close: Wheat—September, 80⅝c, old, 80⅝c; December, 72¼@⅜c, old, 82⅜c; May, 84⅝c. Corn—September, 51⅝c; December, 51⅜c; May, 51½@⅝c. Oats—September, 35⅝c; December, 37½c; May, 39⅛@¼c. Pork—September, $13.40; October, $12.60; May, $13.50. Lard—September, $9.15; October, $8.30; November, $7.75; December, $7.40; January, $7.25. Ribs—September, $8.52½; October, $8.70; January, $6.87½. Rye—September, 54⅛c; December, 55¼c; May, 57⅜c. Timothy—Cash, $2.50@3.05; September, $3.20; October, $3.15. Clover—Cash, $9.15; October, $9.00. Barley—Cash, 45@59c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.01; S. W., 95c; September, 95c; October, 93½c. Cash wheat—2 red, 81½@82c; 3 red, 80@81c; 2 hard winter, 79@½c; 3 hard winter, 77@78c; 3 spring, 80@85c. Corn—2, 51@51¼c; 3, 51@51¼c. Oats—2, 33½@⅜c; 3, 33@33½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market is about half cent higher. Nothing of interest in local speculative operations. The dullness made pit traders bearish early and the strength in the outside news made them cover later. Foreign markets steady to firm. Broomhall cables that the weather in United Kingdom is still unfavorable. Cash wheat in the other markets continues strong under a good demand, which seems to be mainly domestic. The government report tomorrow is not expected to indicate much change. Our views on wheat remain unchanged. We see nothing attractive in the short side and very great possibilities on the long side.

Corn—Market closed higher. It is still an unsettled nervous market controlled almost wholly by speculative conditions and the weather. Opinions of well-informed people as to the conditions and prospects vary. There is no pronounced expectancy in regard to the government report tomorrow. It is not unlikely the condition will be raised some, but with the lateness of a large percentage of the crop this would have to be taken with an allowance. Cash situation so far as this market is concerned is not weak. Receipts are moderate.

Oats — Market is firm and higher. Strength in corn and wheat were factors but underneath the market is a good cash demand with moderate receipts. There was selling through brokers which is attributed to Patten.

• • •

F. P. Frazier, Chicago: I believe this wheat market has got to a point that you can buy it. The market is just dull enough and they have sold it to a standstill. The bulls have about all sold out on our floor and they are all waiting for something to happen. Just get right in and buy yourself some wheat and I believe you will make money if you only hold on.

• • •

St. Petersburg: The minister of finance estimates the total wheat crop of Russia at 780,000,000 poods (520,000,000 bus). The winter rye is 1,250,000,000 poods; oats 650,000,000 poods; barley 375,000,000 poods. The harvest exceeds the poor average of 1897 to 1901 being about five-sixth of last year's yield. The wheat estimate exceeds last year's by 36,000,000 bus.

Kalb, of Chicago, commenting on the above says: "The Tissue is wrong by claiming 780,000,000 poods Russian, to be equal to 520,000,000 bus. A pood is .6 of a bushel, which means a total Russian crop of 468,000,000 against 484,000,000 last year, according to the Red Book, this crop being the largest during the past eight years.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	82¼	82¾	80¼-⅛	81⅛
High	82⅞B	83⅝	80¾	87⅝
Low	82⅛	82½	79¾	87¼
Close	82⅝B	83¼	80⅝	87⅝
Close 8th	82⅛	82⅝	80-⅛	87⅜
December—				
Open	80	80¼	82-⅛	87¾
High	80⅜	80⅝-¾	82⅜	88-⅛
Low	80	80-⅛	81⅝	87¼-⅜
Close	80⅜B	80⅝	82¼-⅜	88A
Close 8th	79⅞	80-⅛	81¾-⅞	87½

	September— Close. Sept. 9	Close. Sept. 8	December— Close. Sept. 9	Close. Sept. 8
St. Louis	81⅞	81⅝	85½-⅞	86⅝
Kansas City	71	....	71¼	....

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	36⅞-37	50¾	$13.00
High	37½	51⅜	13.55
Low	36⅞	50⅝	13.00
Close	37½	51⅜	13.50

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 9.—Wheat–Spot, 2 red western winter, steady, 6s 3d; 1 northern spring, 6s 10d. Futures, quiet; September, 6s 6⅛d; October, 6s 6⅜d; December, 6s 6⅝d. Corn—Spot American mixed steady, 4s 7d. Futures, quiet; September, 4s 6⅝d; October, 4s 6¼d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 9.—Close: Wheat—December, 80⅝c; May, 83⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 85½c; 1 northern, 84½c; 2 northern, 83c; 3 northern, 76@82c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 9.—Close: Wheat—December, 88c; May, 89c. Corn—December, 58c; May, 57½c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, September 9, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max*	Min**	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	74	48	.18
Campbell	Clear	76	44	.12
Crookston	Clear	70	46	T
Detroit City	Clear	64	46	.49
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	78	51	0
Granite Falls	Pt Cldy	74	54	0
Minneapolis	Cloudy	74	44	.36
New Ulm	Cloudy	74	50	0
Park Rapids	Clear	72	46	.36
Winnebago City	Cloudy	74	44	0
Devils Lake	Clear	68	42	0
Langdon	Clear	64	42	0
Larimore	Clear	74	42	0
Lisbon	Clear	76	42	.16
Pembina	Cloudy	66	48	0
Aberdeen	Clear	78	44	0
Millbank	Clear	72	52	.02
Mitchell	Cloudy	78	46	.04
Redfield	Clear	74	42	.08
Bismarck	Clear	68	44	0
Duluth	Clear	74	52	.04
Huron	Cloudy	76	46	.01
La Crosse	Cloudy	78	60	0
Moorhead	Clear	74	46	.14
St. Paul	Pt Cldy	72	48	0
Winnipeg	Pt Cldy	76	52	0

Light to heavy rains fell. It is slightly cooler this morning in the Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 18,000, including 2000 westerns. Steady to strong. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.10; poor to medium, $4@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.15; cows, $1.50@4.40; heifers, $2@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.2@4.60; $3.25@4.60; western steers, $3.25@4.60. Hogs—Receipts today, 21,000; tomorrow, 20,000. Strong. Mixed and butchers, $5.40@6.15; good to choice heavy, $5.70@6.00; rough heavy, $5.30@5.65; light, $5.70@6.20; bulk of sales, $5.60@5.85. Sheep—Receipts, 25,000. Sheep and lambs steady to 10c lower. Good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.75@3.00; western sheep, $2.75@3.50; native lambs, $5.85; western lambs, $3.75@5.25.

INFANT STRANGLED.

Wrapped In Paper Bearing J. K. Jones' Name.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from San Francisco says: The body of a day-old infant has been found at North Beach with a cord about its neck, showing it had been strangled. The body was wrapped in a copy of the Buffalo Evening Times, on which was a yellow label reading: "Hon. J. K. Jones, Washington, Ark., Evening Bulletin." This was wrapped in a copy of a San Francisco newspaper. The police are trying to find who has arrived recently from Arkansas, and what connection the former chairman of the Democratic national committee has with the case.

SAVED BY CHILD'S CRIES.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—With a torch as his weapon, some person, supposed to be the agent of a secret society, sought revenge yesterday upon Joseph Bova, a saloonkeeper and endangered the lives of thirty persons. Their safe escape was due solely to Carlo Dairaghid, 3 years old, who, awakening frightened, aroused his mother. The alarm was sounded instantly, and the inmates of the blazing building escaped just in time. The building, a two-story structure of wood, was destroyed with its contents.

TO BUY TRI-MOUNTAIN.

New York, Sept. 9.—At a special meeting of the Copper Range Consolidated Copper Mining company, held in Jersey City, yesterday, stockholders voted to increase the capital stock from $28,500,000 to $38,500,000. They also authorized the purchase of 70,000 shares of the Tri-Mountain Mining company of Michigan, for which the company is to pay share for share in its capital stock and the purchase of the rest of the Tri-Mountain stock, 30,000 shares on the basis, after the increase of the Copper Range stock.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

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Liberal Advances.
Quick Sales.
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130 National Banks in Northwest.
Ask your Banker for our standing
COE COMMISSION COMPANY,
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NO INTEREST
We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away
COE COMMISSION COMPANY, Incorporated.
Capital and Surplus, $300,000.
Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds
Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.
Commission { Stocks, ⅛ Per Cent. Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.
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If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.
General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office—220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

Boys' Knee Pants.
Heavy assortment of knee pants in all sizes, at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 the pair.
C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

DULLNESS RULED

In the Stock Market, Which Was Lifeless At Times.

Not Enough Demand To Cause Material Price Change.

New York, Sept. 9.—The depression in the London market caused by the decline in consols and the disturbed eastern situation was reflected to a moderate extent in the local market at the opening. All international favorites except Atchison opened slightly lower but offerings were rather moderate. Atchison made a slight gain on short covering but did not hold it long.

Prices fell slowly on a renewal of yesterday's professional selling of the grangers. Liquidation also broke out in the iron and steel stocks, Amalgamated and Tennessee Coal lost 1 and Colorado Fuel 2 points. Losses in the railroad division were fractional aside from St. Paul and Denver & Rio Grande preferred which yielded a point each. Third Avenue and International Power fell 2.

Further inroads were made on prices before the selling ceased but none of the standard stocks was affected much. Buying of the local traction group started a rally but the general list did not recover fully. Metropolitan Street Railway advanced 2⅝, touching 115 and Metropolitan Securities gained 2¾. The bond market was quiet and heavy at noon.

Transactions were printed on the tape only at long intervals and these showed only trifling variations in most cases. Metropolitan street railway reacted 1¾ from its best price and Metropolitan securities 2½.

Stocks were held more firmly during the afternoon, but there was not enough demand to cause any material price change. The market averaged close to yesterday's final prices and some of the specialties showed good gains. Snuff preferred declined 4 and Locomotive and Erie second preferred 1.

Spasmodic covering of shorts stiffened prices during the closing hour and Atchison, Union Pacific, Pennsylvania, Amalgamated and New York Central were among the prominent stocks which sold a fraction above last night. Trading, however, was in very small volume and the buying movement soon halted. Westinghouse Electric and first preferred declined 5 points each. The closing was lifeless, but steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	48⅜	47⅛	48⅜
American Sugar	115½	115	115½
Atchison Top. & S. Fe	67	65⅞	67
Baltimore & Ohio	82¼	81⅞	82¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	44¼	43	44¼
Canadian Pacific	124	123⅝	123¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	33⅝	33½	33⅝
Chicago Great Western	17	17	17
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	142½	141¾	142½
Chic. Rock Island & P.	29⅛	28½	28¾
Rock Island pfd	65⅞	65⅛	65⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	43	40¾	41
Erie com.	29⅞	29½	[illegible]
General Electric	163	163	163
Illinois Central	132½	130¼	131¼
Louisville & Nashville	105½	105	105½
Manhattan Elevated	137	135	137
Metropolitan St. Ry	115	112¾	114½
Mexican Central	13½	13½	13½
..., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	56½	56	56½
do pfd	127½	127½	127½
Mo. Pacific	93⅞	93¼	93⅞
New York Central	123	121¾	123
Norfolk & Western	62½	62	62
Pennsylvania	125	124¼	125
People's Gas of Chic	94	93¾	93¾
Reading	54⅛	53⅞	54⅛
Republic Steel & Iron	11	11	11
Southern Pacific	45½	45	45½
Southern Railway	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	41⅜	40½	41
Union Pacific	75⅝	75	75⅝
U. S. Steel, ex. div	22⅛	21⅝	21⅞
do pfd	70⅞	70½	70⅞
Wabash	22½	22½	22½
Western Union	83½	83½	83½
Wisconsin Central	19⅛	19	19⅛
do pfd	40	40	40

Northern Securities, 89 bid; 89¾ asked.

The total sales were 188,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Brokers report very limited public buying following the long holiday. Those who expected an accumulation of orders to buy stocks during the three days in which business at the stock exchange was suspended are therefore disappointed. But the number of such sanguine brokers is small. The majority are alive to the most striking feature of the speculative situation, the absence of the public. But this is by no means a bad feature, say astute observers who argue that quietude is not incompatible with strength and that indications continue to suggest gradual though not animated advances unless frost hits the corn crop. The point is made that this crop has shown good progress the last few days towards safety, which for the bulk of it is Sept. 15. This, together with the belief that Secretary Shaw will continue to deposit funds in western banks as they are needed adds to the feeling of confidence in a bullish outcome for the market. It makes sentiment bullish on the grangers. This feeling is intensified by what is regarded as a remarkable statement of earnings by the St. Paul road for July. The increase of nearly twenty per cent in net is viewed as strong evidence that the roads are able to increase their profits despite higher wages and greater cost of supplies. Gossip has it that the bull pool in Atchison which is said to include Gates and D. G. Reid has been a considerable seller of the stock above 67. The question whether these operators will turn their attention to other stocks in which there is a large short interest is discussed with avidity by traders. It is known that in Missouri Pacific and Uunion Pacific, there is a large uncovered short interest which has viewed the rise in Atchison from 60 to 68 with no little anxiety. Observant brokers say if Missouri Pacific were put up to par and Pnion Pacific to 80, there would probably be a bear stampede in both. But it is not likely, judgin from the comments of the followers that the men who control the market movements of these stocks will squeeze the shorts merely for the fun of the thing. They believe that these and other dividend paying stocks will gradually advance on their merits.

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Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Weather reports from the crop districts are taken as favorable and the promise of forty millions from the treasury allays fear of a money squeeze. The technical signs favor a traders' market with slowly advancing trend with purchases indicated on weak spots of all the active stocks. If this is correct reactions should not carry prices within a point of following figures: St. Paul, 141, Atchison 65, Union Pacific 74, Missouri Pacific 92, etc. If they go down to these figures it would be safer to sell out and take no chances. I shall, however, be exceedingly surprised to see a reaction extending that far. In case the market should advance this morning stocks are likely to be a sale for a turn. But it is more probable there will be some weakness today which if it continues till Thursday morning stocks will be a buy.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 9.—Close: Money on call steady at 2@2½; closing bid 2; offered at 2¼. Time money steady; 60 days 4@½ per cent; 90 days 4½@5; 6 months 5½@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@½. Sterling exchange dull, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.85.40@4.86.45 for demand and $4.83@4.83.10 for 60 day bills; posted rates $4.84 and $4.87; commercial bills $4.82¾@⅞. Bar silver 57¼c; Mexican dollars 45½c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

NOTICE!
On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.
Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.
Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	48	48⅛
Anaconda	19½	20½
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	8½	9½
Allouez	5¼	5½
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2¾	3
Bingham	25½	26½
Copper Range	65	65⅜
Centennial	19	19½
Calumet & Hecla	455	465
Calumet & Arizona	105	125
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	100
L. S. & Pittsburg	.....	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	42	42½
Mercur Con	1⅜	1⅝
National	1	1¼
Old Dominion	8¾	9¼
Osceola	60	60½
Phoenix	5	5½
Parrott	20½	21½
Quincey	87½	.....
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1¼	1¾
Franklin	8½	9
Tecumseh	25c	75c
Tamarack	90c	1.00
Tri-Mountain	66	70
Trinity	7⅛	7⅜
Tennessee Copper	29	31
Utah	27¼	27¾
U. S. Mining	20	20⅛
U. S. Oil	11	11½
Victoria	3¾	4
Wolverine	71	73
Wyandot	1⅛	1⅜
Winona	8	8½
Daly West	42	42¼
Greene Cons	19	19½
Calumet & Bisbee	5	8
Pittsburg & Duluth	.....	40
Union Land	3⅛	3⅜
Higgins	5	7½
Junction	.....	15
Wolverine & Arizona	.....	7½
Bisbee Queen	5	6

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 9.—The cotton opened steady at an advance of 10 to 15 points on bull support. For the time shorts were nervous and covered. Later the market weakened rapidly under renewed and heavy active liquidation and in the face of rumors of a big storm in Texas, which was not, however, shown on the official map. A factor in the weakness that followed the opening call was the large showing made by Savannah as to receipts, these being 6026 against 4107 last year.

Cotton spot closed steady. Mid ups 12.225; mid gulf 12.50. Sales 5,165 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. September 10.72; October, 9.79; November, 9.68; December, 9.67; January, 9.65; February, 9.62; March, 9.60; April, 9.62; May 9.62.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Today's statement of the treasury: Available cash balance, $234,422,928; gold, $106,445,011; silver, $27,541,625; U. S. notes, $11,284,620; treasury notes of 1890, $143,307; national bank notes, $19,810,234; total receipts this day, $1,359,697; total receipts this month, $11,989,457; total receipts this year, $110,453,711; total expenditures this day, $1,220,000; total expenditures this month, $10,609,000; total expenditures this year, $110,103,733; deposits in national banks, $156,966,724.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	60	
Green onions, per doz	15	
Radish, long, per doz	15	
BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	21	
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Packing stock	11½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	12	
Twins, full cream, old	12½	
Full cream, young America	15	@ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	
Limberger, full cre'm, choice	12½	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	16	@ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	15	
Ohio, per lb	12	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60	
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	
Brazils, per lb	11	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@ 1 00
Plums, per crate	1 50	@ 1 75
Pears, per box	2 50	
Apples, per bbl	4 00	
Smyrna figs	1 00	@ 1 85
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@ 3 50
Me. lemons, per box	5 90	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oragnes	4 25	
Tomatoes, per cate	1 00	
VEGETABLES.		
Green corn, per doz	12½	
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75	
Carrots, per cwt	1 40	
Turnips, per cwt	1 25	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
Rest cucumbers	1 25	@ 1 35
Mint, per doz	30	
Potatoes	70	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruit juice	4 00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Chickens	13	@ 14
Hens	11	@ 12
Turkeys	12	@ 13
Ducks	10	
Geese	8	@ 10
Beef	7	@ 8
Lamb	10	
Mutton	9	@ 10
Pork loins	12½	
Lard	8⅝	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Butter steady; creameries, 14@19c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 16½@17½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 10@½c; twins, 9½@10c; Young Americas, 11@¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 9.—Butter receipts 17,484 packages. Firm. State dairy 14@18; extra creamery 20; packing stock 12@14½; creamery thirds to firsts 15@19½. Cheese receipts 12,087. Market firm; state full cream fancy small colored 10⅞; small white 10⅝; large colored 10¾; large white 10½. Eggs receipts 10,706 packages. Market firm; state and Pennsylvania fancy mixed 23@24; state and Pennsylvania seconds to firsts 19@21; western extras 23; refrigerated 18@20; western firsts 22; western thirds to seconds 17@21.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

MANY NEW BOATS

Unusual Number of Them Come Out This Year.

New Steamer Crearer, of Wolvin Quebec Line, Arrives.

The new steamer Crearer of the Great Lakes & St. Lawrence Transportation company arrived in port this morning on her maiden trip.

The arrival of the new vessel was the signal for salutes from the various craft in the harbor.

The arival of new vessels during the past season has become almost an everyday occurrence, and far less importance is attached to the event than during former years, when not more than six or eight new vessels were seen during the year.

This year the number has been unusually large. The Great Lakes & St. Lawrence company has put eight new boats into commission, and two more are nearing completion. The Provident Steamship company has added three or four new vessels to the list of lake steamers, the Gilchrist fleet has been increased by several new boats, and a number of other lines have placed from one to four new vessels in commission. About a score of new steamers have passed through the Duluth canal piers this summer, and several others are yet to come.

The Crearer, like all the other vessels of the Great Lakes & St. Lawrence company, is of the Welland canal size, and will be placed in the run between Duluth and Quebec.

A. B. Wolvin, of Duluth, is the managing owner.

The Crearer brought up a load of coal, and will take out a cargo of wheat.

LISTLESS AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The market is absolutely listless, although the dispatch at Lake Erie ports is not what was expected. The shortage of cars has bunched ore carriers.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie—Cleared: Republic, light, Superior.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Masaba, Mack, Crescent City, Stone, Armenia. Cleared: Pabst, Roumania, Crete, Fulton, Maida, Briton, Marcia, Lake Erie; Maunola, Lake Michigan.

Toledo — Departed: Coal — Runnells, Houghton.

THE JOHN DUNCAN MISSING.

Cleveland, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer John Duncan, which left Kelly's Island for this port last evening, is missing and there is some fear that she has foundered. The vessel carries a crew of eighteen men. It is said the boat was leaking badly when she started for Cleveland in a heavy sea.

QUIET AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—After yesterday's heavy placing of grain for a week to come by some shippers, it was quiet in the grain trade today and vessel agents found it difficult to place boats. Rates are nominally unchanged at 1 cent.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Otis, 10:30 last night; Hines, Wayne, Marvin, 5:30 a. m.; Linn, Madeira, Wacondah, 10:20. Down: Japan, 9:30 last night; Mariposa, Massachusetts, 11:30; Wallace, 12; Major, 2:30 a. m.; Colby, Livingstone, 3; Iroquois (steel), 5; Uganda, Sinaloa, 9:30; New Gratwick, Old Gratwick, Manitoba, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Myron, Peshtigo, Goshawk, Jenness, Madden, Mautenee, Noquebay, C. W. Elphicke, 11:30; Stafford, McWilliams, noon; New York, Saunders, 12:30 p. m.; Milwaukee, 1:30; Monarch, 4:30. Down: Fairbairn and whaleback, 1:20 p. m.; Watt and whaleback, 4.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Madagascar 11 last night; Runnels 11:20; Gates 12:30 a. m.; S. K. Martin and barge, 1:20; Capt. Wilson, Black, 4; Darius Cole (arrived); McVittie, 6:30; Marquette, 9. Down: L. C. Smith 9:15 last night; Syke 10; Reis, 10:40; Harvey Brown, 1 a. m.; Chemung, 3; Wallula, Panther, Langdon, Grover, Adriatic, Negaunee, 5; Theano, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Tionesta, 11:10; Wilkesbarre, noon; Newaygo, Checotah, 7:15 p. m. Down: Carnegie, 11:10; Oliver, Harper, 11:30; Lewiston, 11:50; Cuba, 12:20 p. m.; Layfayette, Plummer, 2; Holden, 2:50; Tecumseh, 4; Wissahickon, 4:30; Clemson, Lackawanna, 7:30; Mary Boyce, 8; Mauch Chunk, 8:15; Cadillac, Queen City and whaleback, 8:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Rensselaer, Bartlett, George Peavey, W. S. Mack, H. A. Hawgood, Grammer, Angeline, James Gayley, Aurania, Anna Minch, E. M. Peck, Leonard, Princeton, Krupp, Selwyn Eddy, Italia, Polynesia, light for ore, Lake Erie; Marina, Tom Adams, Pathfinder, D. Z. Norton, Richardson, Maruba, Crearer, coal, Lake Erie; Northern Wave, Iidia, mdse, Buffalo; North West, pass, Buffalo.

Departed—Maricopa, H. C. Frick, James B. Eads, Aurania, Corsica, Anna Minch, Helena, E. M. Peck, ore, Lake Erie; Huronic, pass and mdse, Sarnia; North West, pass, Buffalo.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Majestic, Liverpool; Graf Waldersee, Hamburg. Queenstown—Arrived: Teutonic, New York. Southampton — Arrived: Philadelphia, New York.

TO PROTECT SALMON.

Some Diplomatic Action Is to Be Asked.

Whatcom, Wash., Sept. 9.—State Fish Commissioner Kershaw has started for Washington, D. C., where he goes to urge upon Secretary of State Hay the necessity for diplomatic action between the Washington and Ottawa governments which would permit the state of Washington or the Puget sound cannery men in their private capacities to establish sockeye salmon hatcheries on the Frazer river, the exclusive spawning grounds of that fish, and which flows entirely through British Columbia territory.

The extremely short runs of the past two years have convinced American and British Columbia canners alike that the species has been nearly exterminated, and that artificial propagation alone will save it from complete destruction.

HUNTING FOR BURGLAR.

Ashland, Ky., Sept. 9.—Sheriff Hene with a posse is hunting a burglar who shot and seriously wounded Col. Mordeca Williams in his country home before daylight yesterday. Col. Williams, on discovering the burglar ransacking his house, fought him with a saber until the burglar shot him and escaped. Col. Williams is resting well today.

TO PROPOSE CANAL.

Berlin, Sept. 9.—The Prussian cabinet has decided again to propose to the landtag the construction of a great cross-country canal to connect the Rhine, Weser and Elbe, thus completing the emperor's proposed system of internal waterways.

Investments Paying Well!

$7000 For 2-story brick building on upper side Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue west. Store on first floor; seven-room flat on second story. City water, sewer, etc. Rentals $65.00 per month; mortgage $3000 on property at 5 per cent. Pays over 10 per cent net on cash payment.

Two neat five-room brick flats, centrally located, at a bargain; large lot; always in demand and will pay 10 per cent net on investment. Call and get particulars.

$1300 For twelve-room house and 25-foot lot on West Second street; city water. Rents for $19.00 per month.

$3200 For two-story and basement flat building on Fifth street, East End. City water, bath, etc. Stone foundation. Rentals, $42 per month. Pays big.

$3000 For two flats of 5 rooms each; bath, enameled tub, gas. Stone foundation, good cellar. Rentals, $38.00 per month.

$6800 For 40x100 feet on Third avenue east below Fourth street; two houses; very desirable; rentals $78.00 per month. Mortgaged for $2500 at 5 per cent. Will pay 15 per cent on cash above mortgage.

Above only samples.
Money to loan—lowest rates.
See our list of houses and lots at West Duluth.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS
BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE
H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing; Wednesdays for Port Wing, Carnucopia and Ashland; Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton **9:30 A.M.** **4:00 p. m.** All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:13
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:03	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m, * 11:15 p.m, † 6:20 a.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m, * 6:20 a.m, † 9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m, * 8:30 p.m, † 2:20 p.m	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg. Hibbing, Virginia	* 6:43 p.m, * 7:10 a.m, * 12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *8:30 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:15 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:50 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m, a 1:55 p m, a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m, b 6:10 p m, a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:48 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 24th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Jennie A. Antrobus, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Jennie A. Antrobus, deceased, late of the county of Wayne, state of Michigan, being granted to Frank W. Heimick;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 30th day of November, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-9, 1903.

MAY BUY BATTLEFIELD.

London, Sept. 9.—It is said that Andrew Carnegie is negotiating for the purchase of the famous battlefield of Bannockburn, near Stirling, Scotland, in order to save it from falling into the hands of builders.

GOVERNMENT WILL RESIGN.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 9.—The government of Queensland has decided to resign, owing to the slim majority which it received on its taxation proposals.

THE BANK CASE

Grand Jury Hears Witnesses In Commercial Bank Matter.

Indications That More Than One Is Being Investigated.

Much interest was manifested in the grand jury report returned this morning in district court, rumors being current that action might be taken in connection with the Commercial Banking company's failure.

Nothing of the nature was reported, however, although Walter Richards, cashier of the defunct bank, and George J. Mallory, deputy United States marshal, who has been in charge of the bank property since it was closed, appeared before the grand jury yesterday. They were called in the case against E. E. Johnson.

Three witnesses before the grand jury this morning were H. H. Phelps, P. J. Harnnett and A. C. Le Richeux. At least two of these men are known to have deposited money in the Commercial bank a very short time before it closed, and this fact gives rise to the suspicion that the grand jury is investigating the Commercial Banking company's affairs along other lines than those opened up by the defalcation of Ernest Johnson.

Fourteen indictments and two "no true bills" were returned in district court at 10 o'clock this morning.

In these Joseph Dion proved to be the most indicted man of the lot, three indictments being returned against him for burglary in the third degree, two for grand larceny in the second degree, and one for grand larceny in the first degree. With Dion, Robert Stewart and Fred Olson are indicted for grand larceny in the second degree, there being two indictments against Olson.

The charges against Dion of burglary in the third degree are based on information to the effect that Aug. 11 he entered the store of Ed Rudberg, at 2102 West Third street, also on the night of Aug. 3, with the intent to steal. Information against Dion and Stewart for grand larceny in the second degree is that on the evening of July 3 they stole a revolver, some copper coins and $1.60 from Peter Gallagher's store at 2031 West Superior street. The grand larceny charge against Dion and Olson is based on the information that they stole 100 postage stamps and sundry other articles from the store of Ed Rudberg on the evening of Aug. 11. The charge of grand larceny in the first degree is based on the charge that they stole $65 from the store of J. C. Eckman at 2091 West Superior street, the evening of July 3. One more burglary indictment against Dion alone charges that he entered Peter Gallagher's store the evening of July 3 with the intent to steal.

Henry Johnson is indicted for forgery in the second degree, the charge being that he forged Henry Carlson's name to a pay check at the Stevenson mine location, July 16 last. The account called for $55.52, due Carlson.

Dan Landry is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. It is alleged that he stole $15 from one Frank Turner, in this city, Aug. 11.

John Byers and Earl Renfert have two indictments against them charging grand larceny in the first degree, and James Moran has one indictment on the same charge. All three men are alleged to have been concerned in the sugar robbery from Jesse Norton's warehouse at the city docks about June 20. Byers is claimed to have taken away seventeen sacks of sugar valued at $80 at one time and twenty-one sacks valued at $110 at another. The same charge is made against Renfert, while Moran is said to have taken away twenty-one bags on the evening of Aug. 6, when the thieving was brought to the attention of the local police department.

Judson D. Sorrell is indicted twice for forgery in the second degree. The charge is that he forged William McCullough's name to two checks on the Duluth Savings bank, one calling for $8.50 and the other for $6.75, each payable to a different person.

No bills were returned against Dan Dougherty and Alex Laczky, the former charged with running a blind pig at Kelly Lake and the latter with running a similar institution in the town of Stuntz. Charges were made before the county board at its last session that the men whom the grand jury releases were selling liquor without a license, and because of the petitions of the taxpayers from the respective localities, both men were refused liquor licenses at the last county board meeting.

A MONUMENT TO HIBBING

Village May Honor Its Founder and Namesake's Memory.

Capt. John A. Redfern, of Hibbing, who has been summoned as a petit juror for the September term of district court, says that the citizens of Hibbing feel very much elated over the success of their anniversary celbration, even if the weather was unfavorable most of the week. Capt. Redfern states that the carnival cleared about $200 ovr and above all the expenses and the citizens are now considering seriously the project of using the money as a nucleus for a popular subscription to be raised to build a monument to Frank Hibbing, the founder of the village.

Capt. Redfern says that public sentiment at Hibbing and the vicinity is strongly in favor of this means of cherishing the memory of the sturdy pioneer of the iron country and that there now seems no doubt that the project will go through.

The only thing thus far in the way of the monument project has been the selection of a suitable place for its erection, as Hibbing has no public square laid out and there is the possibility that part, if not all of the town, must some time be moved to permit acess to the ore bodies underlying the corporation.

Capt. Redfern believes that there are two lots available at Hibbing that would make a good location for a monument and says that something is likely to be done in the way of acquiring them for that purpose.

When Mayor Hugo was in Hibbing in the event of the Commercial club's excursion to that village's anniversary celebration, his honor in a speech to the citizens strongly urged that they should keep a warm spot in their hearts and always in memory the man who founded the town, Frank Hibbing, who stood ready with his money to back it to the very last dollar.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

J. M. Gidding, of the Silberstein & Bondy Co., leaves this evening for New York to be present at the last days of the fashion show which ends at Madison Square Garden next Monday. The judges of awards are to make their final decision, and will make the Blue Ribbon and gold medal awards. The jury consists of thirty men selected from the representative firms throughout the United States and Mr. Gidding was made chairman.

Probate Judge J. B. Middlecoff was called upon this morning to perform another marriage ceremony, the second since yesterday afternoon. The bride in this case was Miss Ella Nealy and the groom was S. F. Few, both well known in the local colored circles.

C. A. Pidgeon, clerk of the state supreme court, has sent out notices to the district court clerks of the state that the last day for the filing of returns and notes of issue for the October term of supreme court will be Sept. 20.

The Silberstein & Bondy company will place on sale tomorrow, two important lots of fine tailored suits—one lot at $19.50 that are $25 and $27.50 values—and one lot at $25 that are $35 and $37.50 values.

Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

Kirby Thomas, postmaster at Superior, has assigned to the Muskeg Mining company, his option to mining lands in the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 29 and the east half of the northeast quarter and northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 31-59-11. The consideration is given as $10,000.

A quiet marriage service took place at the court house yesterday afternoon, Judge of Probate Middlecoff officiating. The contracting parties were Miss Anna Eliza Weinberg, of Superior, and Sewell Scott.

S. Herman was brought down from Hibbing yesterday to serve a thirty-day jail sentence for petty larceny.

The Maccabees will hold a special meeting this evening to arrange for an entertainment for the supreme commander, D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich., who will come here Sept. 15. State Commander I. N. Chellew will be here at the same time.

McLaughlin Electric company, T 1 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

The marriage of Miss Lidia Hebert, of Fort William, Ont., to William C. Barrett, of Duluth, was solemnized Tuesday morning at 7:30 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Guelet, of St. Jean Baptiste church. Refreshments were served at the home of the groom's sister, Mrs. A. Mather's, of 322 West Second street, after which Mr. and Mrs. Barrett left on the steamer Huronic for a wedding trip to Fort William.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Duncan Clow and Robert Gilchrist, natives of Canada, and Oscar Carlson, a native of Sweden, declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States before the clerk of the United States courts this morning.

K. H. Fagan, of Duluth, one of the fee owners of the Section 30 property, is in charge during the absence of George J. Lonstorf, of Milwaukee, who expects to be in Duluth a great deal during the drilling operations.

Frederick Warde, who with Louis James is starring in "Alexander the Great," delivered a lecture at 3 o'clock this afternoon before the Saturday club at the public library.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. James F. Hadley, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. H. McMahon for the past two months, has returned to her home in Cripple Creek, Col.

Dr. J. W. Bell, of Minneapolis, will read a paper before the St. Louis county Medical society Thursday evening. Dr. Bell's subject is "Myocarditis," and the meeting will be held at the Spalding.

Martin Adson, general agent of the South Shore, who spent Sunday and Monday shooting near Gary, has returned and says that owing to continuous rain he and his companions secured only two chickens.

E. M. Leblein, a merchant of Calumet, Mich., is spending a few days in Duluth. He will return to Calumet tomorrow.

E. J. Mahoney will leave tonight over the South Shore for Grand Rapids, Mich.

Miss Lillian Moffot, left today for a few weeks' visit at her former home in Sparta, Wis.

Miss Clara Lemieux and Miss Sadie Carr, left this morning for a few days' visit with friends in Hibbing.

C. W. Andrews will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

L. R. Hurd will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Milwaukee.

W. R. Miller will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

H. J. Wessinger will leave this afternoon over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Ishpeming.

Mrs. A. H. Grieser of Chisholm is in the city today. She will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Ottawa.

E. Y. Slocum, contracting freight agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, has returned from a week's visit in the Twin Cities.

State Senator Moore, of Mississippi, Mrs. Moore, and their daughter, Mrs. Armistead, were today entertained by Capt. Charles L. Potter, local government engineer, on the Vidette. A thorough inspection of the harbor and bay was made.

Judge N. O. Griswold, of Greenville, Mich., who since Monday has been visiting M. C. Palmer, register of deeds, will return home today. Mr. Palmer formerly lived in Greenville and was a practitioner in Judge Griswold's court.

OMAHA EXCURSION

Will Bring One From Baraboo, Wis., Friday.

The Omaha will on Friday run a special train from all points north of Baraboo, Wis., to Duluth, and has put in a rate of $4.50 for the round trip. Tickets will be good to return Saturday or Sunday. A poster setting forth the attractions of Duluth has been issued, and agents have reported a heavy sale of tickets. The special will leave Baraboo at 10:55 o'clock Friday night, arriving in Duluth at 9 o'clock Saturday morning. Tickets for the return trip will be honored only on the 5 o'clock p. m. train Saturday and Sunday.

Donnellan-Blowers.

At Newcastle, Pa., yesterday, Miss Anna Donnellan, of that city, and E. F. Blowers, of this city, were married. The wedding was a quiet one, only the intimate friends of the contracting parties being aware of it. Mr. and Mrs. Blowers left Newcastle on the 8 o'clock train Tuesday evening for Duluth. They will be at home at 206 East Fourth street the end of this week.

GIBBS IS ILL.

New York, Sept. 9.—Frederick S. Gibbs, member of the executive committee of the Republican national committee, who is recognized as the leader of he regular Republican organization in this city, is reported to be seriously ill of aneurism at Asbury Park, N. J.

Men's Up-to-Date Fall Suits

Just opened at prices that will interest you.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

A FORTUNE ASKED

Personal Injury Claimant In District Court Is Worth $35,000.

Father of Boy Who Was Hurt By Missabe Road.

The personal injury case brought by Wesley Pollock against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road is now under trial in Judge Ensign's room. The damages asked aggregate $35,000, which is the largest judgment asked in all the list of personal injury actions on the present calendar.

Wesley Pollock is the father of Charles Pollock, a boy about 13 or 14 years of age, who is claimed to have caught his foot between the rail and a broken plank at one of the railroad crossings in West Duluth, and while in this position was run down by one of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern company's engines, crushing the lad's leg so that it had to be amputated a little below the knee.

In the examination of the jurors which took place this morning, the attorneys representing the interests of the railroad company, indicated the policy of its defense to be that it was not the fault of the company that the boy received his injuries, nor would it be admitted that the crossing was in bad repair.

Mr. Pollock is represented by Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer, of this city, and W. P. Crawford, of Superior.

The railway company is represented by its counsel, J. B. Cotton and Frank Adams.

In Judge Cant's room the case of John Tischer against the street railway is still under consideration, Mr. Tischer not yet having introduced all his evidence.

The damage case of Julius Quade against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, for alleged trespass on his lands to build a railroad, is still quite a way from the jury.

After the jury was drawn in the case of Pollock against the Missabe road this morning the rest of the jurors not sitting were excused until tomorrow.

LAST TRIP OF SEASON

Steamer North West Says Good By Till Next Year.

The steamer North West last night cleared for Buffalo for the last trip of the season. During the summer she has carried fewer passengers than her sister ship, the North Land, running between Buffalo and Chicago, but she has turned in more money to the company, owing to the class of passengers who travel via the Lake Superior route. There is talk of the Northern Steamship company putting both boats on the Duluth-Superior run next year, and running through trains in connection with the boats from Duluth to the St. Louis fair.

The North West cleared last night with 100 passengers, booked from Duluth.

Cheap Eastern Rate.

Tickets are now on sale by the South Shore road for its semi-annual excursions to Buffalo, Detroit and intermediate points on the Detroit & Cleveland Navigation company's line. The first train leaves here Sunday night and the second Sept. 18.

The rates are $12 and $14 respectively to Detroit and Buffalo. The trains which leave Duluth in the evening connect with the D. & C. company's boat at St. Ignace, and additional sleepers will be put on the South Shore trains. The excursions are run each spring and fall, and it has been found necessary to make two excursions where all passengers formerly left Duluth on the same date.

Pretty Booklet.

Within an attractive cover the South Shore road has issued a booklet entitled "North Country Fishing and Hunting," which gives those in search o fsport or recreation all the necessary information regarding the territory traversed by the road. In addition to special articles by Maj. C. E. Belknap and Chase. S. Sanborn, the booklet contains a description of the different localities in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin which are shown to good advantage in a series of cuts.

LAST EVENING'S STORM.

Wind Reached a Velocity of Thirty-eight Miles.

The highest velocity reached by the wind during the short but violent storm last evening was 38 miles per hour, according to the record of the weather bureau.

"Doubtless considerably higher velocities than that were reached for very short intervals," said H. W. Richardson, the local forecast official, today. "The storm was of a very peculiar nature, the wind coming in short gusts, although blowing at a very high velocity during those short spells.

"There was nothing in the nature of a tornado about the storm, although the clouds were very black and the lightning most vivid.

"Duluth was not in the center of the storm, which was somewhat to the east. Only 4-100 of an inch of rain fell in the city, although rain continued to fall for nearly an hour. At the Apostle islands there was a very heavy hail storm, accompanied by considerable rain and high winds.

"The storm did not continue at its height here for more than four or five minutes. The highest wind velocity was reached about 9:25 p. m."

No serious damage resulting from the storm was reported in the city today.

RACES POSTPONED.

Milwaukee, Sept. 9.—The state fair races today were postponed, on account of rain.

THE MINING CONGRESS

Transfers Its Sessions to Lead and Hears Resolutions.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 9.—The American Mining congress transferred its sessions today to Lead, about four miles from Deadwood. The sessions were held in Miners' Union hall.

This morning, on motion, it was decided to read resolutions which are to be submitted by the congress for action. Among these was one, submitted by Edward F. Brown, of Denver, to petition congress to pass a law forming a department of mines and mining, which should have the same standing as the department of commerce and labor, to be administered by a head regularly appointed by the president and who should take his official place with other members of the president's cabinet.

A resolution was submitted by C. L. Dignowity, delegate from Pennsylvanitt, asking the mining congress to petition Andrew Carnegie to build a suitable and permanent building at Washington, D. C., for the exclusive benefit of the mining interests of America. The resolution was referred.

Reading of the constitution and by-laws to govern the American Mining congress, which were drafted by the executive committee, was called for. After the secretary finished reading the delegates voted to postpone discussion of these, and they were made a special order for Friday morning.

John Blatchford, of Terry, S. D., read a paper on "Ore Deposits of the Northern Black Hills," after which the congress adjourned to 7:30 p. m.

WOULD CHANGE NAME.

Mud Scow May Become Known As Marconi.

A warm tribute is being paid to the inventor of wireless telegraphy by a Duluth man.

Application was made today at the local customs office to have the name of mudscow number twelve changed to "Marconi."

The scow is one that has been built for a number of years and is engaged in carrying mud and sand about the harbor. Since its construction it has been known as "Number 12" and this has always appeared to be satisfactory to the owner, until recent achievements of the great inventor, when the owner decided to pay tribute to genius by changing the name of his boat.

No little red tape will be necessary before the name is allowed to be changed, and it is not likely that the request will, in the end, be refused.

The application, stating that Marconi is a much more "euphonious and satisfactory" name than "Number 12," was filed with the local collector of customs.

After it has been passed upon by the local office, the matter will be taken up with the secretary of labor and commerce, and should he grant permission to change the name, it will be necessary to publish notice of the change in the daily papers for several days, before the scow can finally be labelled "Marconi."

Applications for a change of name are very infrequent at the local customs house, owing to the trouble and expense incident to the action.

WATER FOR ITHACA.

Gushing Artesian Well Will Aid the Supply.

Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The new pumping station which, as a sequel to the typhoid epidemic, was built in connection with the new filter plant to supply Ithaca with pure water, has caught fire from a gasoline tank. Cold water forced through the pipes prevented serious damage being done. Coincident with the fire, the city has developed a gushing artesian well which flows 50,000 gallons a day. This makes certain that Ithaca will, in only a few weeks, have an entirely new water supply which will not need to be filtered and which cannot be contaminated.

TOWN WIPED OUT.

San Miguel In Yucatan Is Totally Destroyed.

New Orleans, Sept. 9.—Steamship advices of the destruction of San Miguel, a town on the east coast of Yucatan, by a hurricane, have been received here. The town was wiped off the face of the earth, not a building being left standing. The steamer Breakwater, which passed San Miguel on her way from New Orleans to Belize, found the place in ruins and not a living being in sight.

San Miguel was the oldest town in Mexico. It was the place where Cortez landed when he discovered Mexico, and there he established his headquarters. He married the daughter of an Indian chief in the little stone church, the battered ruins of which is all that is visible from the decks of steamers.

From the deck of the Breakwater the ruined village could be plainly seen. The hurricane caused immense damage along the Mexican coast and many lives were lost.

NATIONAL TROPHY

Is Prize For Which Riflemen Are Striving.

Seagrit, N. J., Sept. 9.—The pick of the riflemen from ten states of the Union, the District of Columbia and three branches of Uncle Sam's fighting service are striving here today to capture the coveted trophy provided by congress in the national match. Today the marksmen began the second half of the competition, ten shots by each man at each of the long ranges, 80, 900 and 1000 yards. The morning was cloudy and cold.

As was the case yesterday all other target work at Seagrit is suspended today, the national match having the right-of-way. Hundreds of spectators are at the firing point, carefully following the progress of the contest. The personnel of the several teams is, of course, precisely the same as yesterday. Six of them will receive prizes. The team finishing in the lead will take the national trophy of $500 in cash, the second, the Hilmon trophy and $200, and the third team the Soldier of Marathon trophy and $200, and the fourth, fifth and sixth teams respectively $150, $100 and $50. A medal will be presented to each member of each of the prize winning teams.

Massachusetts has entered a protest against New Jersey, asserting that Hidson, of the latter team, is a regularly enlisted member of the Ninth New York regiment.

KILLED IN FREIGHT WRECK.

Milwaukee, Sept. 9.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Waupaca, Wis., says: Thomas Kildort and John Lox were killed in a freight wreck which occurred on the Wisconsin Central road in this city. No material damage was done to the equipment. The men were stealing a ride.

Boys' and Children's Suits.

Broken lots of children's suits at exactly half price.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

TWO WOMEN MURDERED

A Double Tragedy Occurred At Spring Green, Wis.

Milwaukee, Sept. 9.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Spring Green, Wis., says: According to a story told by the 12-year-old son of George Brandt, who reached here this morning, Mary Murphy and her daughter, Mary Brandt, were murdered at their home about six miles south of here in Iowa county last night. Mrs. Murphy is about 60 years old and her daughter 32. The latter is the divorced wife of George Brandt, they not having lived together for several years. Brandt makes his home north of Spring Green, on this side of the river. The boy says that last night about 8 o'clock, his father came to their home and shot his grandmother, who was sitting in the doorway reading, and then went to the barnyard, where Mrs. Brandt was feeding calves, and shot her through the back. The boy's story has been confirmed. Brandt was captured in a barn near the scene of the tragedy and confessed the crime. He gave no reason for the deed. Brandt attempted suicide by shooting, but failed.

CHURCH TO FIGHT UNION

Catholic Priests to Refuse Absolution to Typographical Members.

Milwaukee, Sept. 9.—The Journal today says: The slogan for what promises to be one of the bitterest contentions in which organized labor has been engaged, one with the Catholic church, has been sounded by Father M. J. Ward, of Beloit, who has declared that neither he nor any other priest of the Roman Catholic faith will give absolution to those who have taken the oath of the International Typographical union. The oath of this union requires that the member's allegiance to his union shall have priority over every obligation, religious or otherwise.

Father Schinner, administrator of the archdiocese, said today that Father Ward was altogether justified in making such a statement and that he would himself say the same thing.

Father Schinner's name is included in the list forwarded to the pope for a successor to the late Archbishop F. X. Katzer.

SHEVLIN IS RELEASED

Courts of Wisconsin Have No Jurisdiction Over Him.

Racine, Wis., Sept. 9.—In the circuit court this morning, Judge Belden rendered a decision in the case of Edward Charles Shevlin, a Minneapolis lumberman, who had been reported insane by Walworth county physicians, and who demanded a jury trial and was turned over to a deputy sheriff pending the trial on Sept. 21, by stipulation. Judge Belden decided that Shevlin should be released for the reason that he is not a resident of Wisconsin and that the Walworth county court had no jurisdiction. Attorney Simmons asked for a stay of proceedings until he could take the matter to the supreme court on a writ of error. This motion was overruled and exception taken. Shevlin went from the court room a free man.

WOMAN'S GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Match Play Begins at the Exmoor County Club.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The first of the match play rounds of the third annual Western Womans Golf championship started today at the Exmoor country club. The pairing for today's play are: Miss J. A. Carpenter-Miss M. Warrent Miss Mabel Higgins-Miss L. Parker; Mrs. W. A. Alexander-Miss S. Ainslee; Miss Congdon-Mrs. P. Manchester; Miss Morris-Miss M. Ainslee; Mrs. A. T. H. Brower-Miss E. Robertson; Miss Anthony-Miss E. Young; Miss F. Everett-Mrs. C. S. Dering.

The results in the first round of match play which began this morning were as follows:

Miss Mabel Higgins beat Miss L. Parker 5 up, 4 to play; Miss Anthony beat Miss E. Young 4 up, 3 to play; Miss Carpenter beat Miss M. Warren 7 up, 6 to play; Miss Everett won from Mrs. Dering 2 up, 1 to play; Miss Congdon defeated Mrs. Manchester 2 up, 1 to play; Miss S. Ainslee beat Mrs. Alexander 4 up, 2 to play; Miss M. Morris beat Miss M. Ainslee 1 up in 19 holes. Mrs. Brower beat Miss Robertson 1 up in 19 holes.

BULGARIAN LEADER DEAD.

Salonica, Sept. 9.—The famous revolutionary leader, Capt. Zoyan, was killed in the fight at Lake Aniatovo, in the vilayet of Constantinople. Three other Bulgarians were killed and many were wounded. A quantity of war munitions and a number of rebel proclamations were captured by the Turks on that occasion. One Turk was killed.

The large insurgent band which was reported Sept. 7 to have been surrounded near Ostrovo, thirty miles from Monastir, by twelve battalions of Turkish troops, escaped to the Kaimakchalan mountains where they are now again surrounded by the twelve battalions and six guns.

Reports of the recent fighting at Sedmir Kapu, 62 miles from Salonica, agree in saying that the Bulgarians lost heavily.

STERN SURRENDERS.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—Leopold Stern surrendered himself to the police this afternoon. It is understood that he will fight extradition proceedings. He will appear before a magistrate later in the day.

ROBBED A PAWNBROKER.

Carey Snyder Arrested By Detectives At Columbus.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: Carey Snyder, alias George Savage, was arrested at Columbus last night by detectives of Kansas City on a charge of highway robbery committed in Kansas City.

The crime Snyder is charged with is having held up a pawnbroker and his wife in Kansas City a little over a year ago, while the couple were returning from the theater, robbing them of $7000 worth of jewelry. Snyder was arrested at that time, but after being held four days, the complaining witness refused to appear against him, and he was turned loose. Later the complainant swore out a warrant for Snyder's arrest and the officials have since been looking for him.

MYSTERY SOLVED

Of Dozen Robberies At Hyde Park, Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The mystery of half a dozen robberies in the houses of wealthy residents of Hyde Park and other parts of the city have been solved, and Charles F. Stout, a railroad ticket broker, and Henry Moe, a jeweler, have been arrested and charged with receiving the stolen property.

The man charged with committing all the robberies is Samuel Smith, a negro. He was arrested and confessed that, attired as an electrician or janitor, he had gained admittance to the houses of families in their absence and robbed the places at his leisure.

LOST THEIR BALLOON.

German Maneuvers Somewhat Disturbed By Wind.

Halle, Prussia, Sept. 9.—A severe wind and rain storm during the army maneuvers today tore away the balloons and made wireless telegraphy impossible. Emperor William, in command of two Saxon army corps, this morning attacked the opposing army corps with ferocity, stormed several of the latter's batteries and compelled the Prussians to retire.

UNIONS CLASH.

Rival Housesmiths Have Trouble In New York.

New York, Sept. 9.—The rival Housesmiths' union clashed today for the first tolme since the organization of the new union when the members of the old union employed on the Butterick building on One Hundred and Fortieth street went out because the sub-contractors put members of the new union at work on the same building. Later Walking Delegate Sam Parks called out the housesmiths at work on a building at Fourteenth street and Sixth avenue, which with the Butterick building is being constructed by the George A. Fuller company.

EMPLOYES LOCKED OUT.

Fourteen Candy Manufacturers In Chicago Closed.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Acting upon the advice of the Chicago Employers' association, fourteen candy manunfacturing concerns closed today and between 1500 and 2000 persons were thrown out of work as the result of the strike action taken by the Candy Makers' union yesterday. The employers say that the lockout will continue until the candy makers dissolve their union and return to work as individuals.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC

Will Hold Its Annual Meeting Oct. 15-16.

New Yok, Sept. 9.—Arrangements are being made by the local committee of the Army of the Potomac for the annual meeting, Oct. 15 and 16 next, when the Sherman statue is to be dedicated. Gen. Miles is the chairman of the committee, which includes many other well known army officers. The exercises attending the unveiling of the Sherman statue are under the direction of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee. These will be held Oct. 15, when there will be an address by President Roosevelt, an oration by Former Speaker Henderson and remarks by members of the Armies of the Potomac, the Cumberland and the Ohio, which also meet here during the week.

Gen. Daniel Sickles will speak for the Army of the Potomac. On the evening of Oct. 16 there is to be a joint banquet of all the army societies.

NOVEL FLYING MACHINE.

E. I. Horsman Flies Kite Against the Wind.

Monmouth Beach, N. J., Sept. 9.—"We have clearly demonstrated that it will be possible to construct a soaring flying machine with power attached, to fly either with the wind, across, or against the wind."

So spoke E. I. Horsman concerning an experiment made with a nine-foot eddy kite here. The kite was sent up at an angle of 60 degrees and so weighted with sand bags that after it attained a height of 200 feet it sailed back against the wind to the feet of the promoters.

Mr. Horsman said that had the wind been strong he could have taken a small boy up as ballast without difficulty. It is the aim of Messrs. Kimball and Horsman to continue the experiments until practical results are assured. Mr. Horsman is more than pleased with the demonstration.

"I have been conducting these experiments for a long while," said he, "but this demonstration marks a new era in kite flying and clearly demonstrates what can be done when conditions are right."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

S. F. Few and Ella Nealy.

BIRTHS.

DORVALL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Dorvall, of 203 West Ninth street.

PECK—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Peck, of 1814 North Lake avenue.

OLDER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Older, of 1114½ West Second street.

DEATHS.

PHILLIPS—The funeral service of the late Mrs. Mary E. Phillips, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the family residence, 1029 West First street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED, winburned, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Face Powder.

WANTED—A MAN TO BUILD A BRICK sistern. Call at 916 West Fourth.

A STRONG WOMAN TO MAKE BREAD. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake Avenue Bethel.

WANTED—A STEAM PILE DRIVER engineer. Western Employment office.

PROF. LEROY, THE EMINENT CLAIRvoyant and Palmist, has returned. He gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles, and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 9 daily, except Sunday. Parlors, 508 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

Articles of Incorporation —of— North Shore Abrasive Company.

We, the undersigned, do hereby associate ourselves together according to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of Minnesota, for 1894, and the amendments thereto, for the purpose of carrying on a manufacturing or mechanical business, and for that purpose have agreed upon, adopted and signed the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be "North Shore Abrasive Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to mine and manufacture abrasive mineral material and to market the same, together with such other business as may be incidental thereto. The principal place for the transaction of its business shall be at Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be September 1st, 1903, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of its capital stock shall be $50,000, to be divided into shares of the par value of $10 each, which are to be paid for in installments upon the call of its board of directors. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, is $50,000.

ARTICLE IV.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are: Donald D. McInnis, Walter L. Seaton, Henry A. Smith, Henry I. Pineo and John Jenswold, Jr., all of Duluth, who shall constitute its first board of directors and hold their offices until the first annual meeting.

ARTICLE V.

The stock, property, affairs and business of this corporation shall be under the care and shall be managed by a board of five directors, to be chosen annually by the stockholders at such time and place as shall be provided by the by-laws of said corporation, and who shall be stockholders, and shall hold their offices for one year and until others shall be chosen in their stead. The directors shall choose one of their number to be president, and shall also choose a secretary and treasurer, which last mentioned officers shall reside and have their place of business and keep the books of said corporation within the state of Minnesota; and shall choose such other officers as the by-laws of said corporation shall prescribe, all of which said officers shall hold their offices until others shall be chosen in their stead. The directors of said corporation, for the time being, shall have power to fill any vacancies which may happen for the current year.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto placed our names and affixed our seals this 22 day of August, A. D. 1903.

DONALD D. McINNIS, (Seal)
WALTER L. SEATON, (Seal)
HENRY A. SMITH, (Seal)
HENRY I. PINEO, (Seal)
JOHN JENSWOLD, JR., (Seal)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of
JOHN HEITMANN,
ETHEL DOUGLAS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

On this 22 day of August, A. D. 1903, before the undersigned, a notary public within and for said county, personally came Donald D. McInnis, Walter L. Seaton, Henry A. Smith, Henry I. Pineo and John Jenswald, Jr., to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

JOHN HEITMANN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial seal.)
My commission expires 1910.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, state of Minnesota, county of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record Aug. 25, 1903, at 9 a. m., and was duly recorded in book R of Misc., page 609.

M. C. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK, Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTment of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 28 day of August, A. D. 1903, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book F 3, of Incorporations, on page 486.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 8-9, 1903.

ORDER TO HEAR PETITION FOR LICENSE TO SELL LAND OF MINOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 25, 1903.

In the mater of the guardianship of Vivian Sang, Minor.

On reading and filing the petition of Harriett J. Lees, guardian of said minor, representing, among other things, that the said Ward, seized of certain real estate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said Ward the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from said Petition, that for the benefit of said Ward said real estate should be sold;

It is ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court, on Monday the 21st day of September A. D. 1903 at ten o'clock A. M., at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any may be), why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said Petition.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of August, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-9, 1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 8, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Greenleaf C. Steele, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Greenleaf C. Steele, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Carrie W. Steele.

It is ordered, that 6 months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 14th day of March, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 8th day of September, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 9-16-23, 1903.

Indiana and Ohio Homevisitors' Excursion.

Very low rates will be made on Sept. 1, 8, 15, Oct. 6. Return limit thirty days, via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, to Louisville, Cincinnati, Sandusky, Columbus and all points west in the states of Ohio and Indiana. Information on request. W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., 365 Robert street, St. Paul.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1850 Two houses and lot on East Sixth street. One house has six rooms, water, sewer and closet. Rent, $15. One house has five rooms. Rent, $7.

$3300 House and lot, very central, on upper side Fourth street. House has city water, is in good condition. Rents at $45 a month.

$4200 House and 50-foot lot on East Third street, west of Twelfth avenue. House has stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, furnace, barn. Rents for $44.

$5250 House and 50-foot lot, very central, on upper side of Fourth street. House of nine rooms, stone foundation, cement cellar, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Beautiful lawn and trees.

$2.25 Also 160 acres good farming land—$2.25.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady stenographer. Address F. 44, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK. 412 LOWELL block.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL DO plain or children's sewing at homes. Inquire 218 Lowell block, after 6:30 p. m.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. Competent and careful. Good references. Address G 97.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING, or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of; would do chamber work. Inquire at 1125 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH THREE YEARS experience in general office work desires position. Best of references furnished. F, 77, Herald.

A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS WASHING for two or more days in the week. West End preferred. Call at 1822 West Second street.

AN EXPERIENCED HOTEL COOK would like position. Address E. C., 521 Tower Avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—POSITION AS BARTENDer. 526 West First street. H. J. B.

WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED man, a position as collector. Address U 7 Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly competent all round office hand. Quick and accurate on figures. Address C. P., Herald.

POSITION WANTED AT ONCE BY thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and general office clerk. Good references. Address G 99, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out. 218 Third avenue East.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. Al references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

119½ 10th Ave. East

7-room, modern flat, steam heat and janitor service.

Per month, $33.50.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

HOUSE FOR RENT!

221 East Fourth St.
(References Required.)

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Agt.
14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, I WILL UNDERsell any legitimate competition. My advise is buy. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2926 West Third street. New phone 1448.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES.—Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

CHEAP HOMES on EASY TERMS.

$700 for good house of four rooms, with barn on alley; lot 25x140, easy access, small cash payment, easy terms.

$900 for eight-room house, good well, cellar, lot 25x140, on Seventh street; good location; easy terms.

$1000 for seven-room house on East Seventh street, near Second avenue, good well, cellar, lot 25x140; terms very easy.

$1000 for a good seven-room house near Lake avenue and Eighth street, well rented, in good condition; lot 25x140 to alley. Terms easy.

$1600 for seven-room house with stone foundation, furnace heat, well finished and a bargain. Must have cash. Is in East End.

$1700 buys a ten-room house on beautiful Nineteenth avenue East, with all assessments paid; water up and down stairs; house well rented; lot 25x105; small cash payment, balance monthly.

$2000 for six-room house on East Fifth street; water, sewer, bath, lot 38x140 to alley; small shed barn; house will be put in first-class condition.

We have a lot in Endion that must be sold and will go for less than its real value. Inquire about it.

We have half a block of the prettiest lots in East End, right where the best people are buying and building. This half block is on the upper side of the street, has water and gas and macadamized street. Can be sold at less than its real value, but must all go together. Call in person and let us show you this.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1000. Also 50x140 and house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
623-625 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and repayment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, X 319, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $2000 TO $3000, can double his money in a few months, this will bear thorough investigation. Confidenital on both sides. Address Business, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

THE

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OF DULUTH,

HAS EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES FOR SERVING YOU ALONG ANY OF THE LINES OF MODERN BANKING.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—TWO SINGER, TWO DOmestic, one American, one Wheeler & Wilson; machines from $5 to $20; all in good condition; worth twice what we ask. Also needles and supplies for all machines. We rent and repair machines. White Sewing machine office, 129 West Superior street. Both telephones.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—$45 SEWING MAchine. 510 Eighth avenue east.

FOR SALE—STORE OF CIGARS, CONfectionery and notions; nice store in good locality. A bargain. Owner cannot stand indoor life. L. E. T., Herald.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE—BEDROOM suite; kitchen cabinet and dining table; party leaving city. 428 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—ROLL TOP DESK; GOOD order; cheap. Z 17, Herald.

FOR SALE—$135 WALNUT UPRIGHT piano, used six months. $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$750 STEINWAY UPRIGHT PIANO, elegant condition, moving away on account of health failing, will sell for cash or monthly payments for $250. Address P 92, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SET OF DOUBLE harness nearly new; good pair coat sleds and double wagon. Apply 1426 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's McClure's Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $15—$5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. J. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

KNABE PIANO, BEAUTIFUL MAHOGany case, paid $650, will sell cheap if sold quick. Must realize $100 on it, balance can be paid monthly. Address L. N., Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $5; LARGE used organ, $18; large used organ, $30; large used organ, $25.00. Very easy terms. French & Bassett.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmond, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2908 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

FIFTY SUGAR AND YELLOW PINE timber claims in California. Cut two to three millions. Minutes $1500.00 per claim. Address Ellsworth Benham, Room 75, Worcester block, Portland, Oregon.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECONDhand steam boiler, with fittings. Call or write, F. H. Rockwood, 2419 Elmira, Superior, Wis.

WANTED TO BUY—AT ONCE, GOOD second hand trunk, medium size. K. 16, Herald.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 186, Hibbing, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 807-5.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—HEART-SHAPED MOON STONE pin, set in pearls, last Thursday, on Third street, between Second avenue west and Second avenue east. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—MONDAY AFTERNOON OR evening in Duluth or on D. M. & N. train between Wolf and Duluth, small black pocketbook, containing $25 currency and sundry papers. Finder please return to R. H. Pearce, First National bank. Reward.

BOARD WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES ROOM AND board in private family. References exchanged. P. 92, Herald.

GOOD HOME FOR BABY BOY. 15, East First. 3 to 5 p. m.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY FAMILY COOK. Bon Ton aBkery, 25 west Superior St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; best wages. 1508½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD SEWING GIRLS AND apprentice. Room 4, over Big Duluth, 123 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Two in family. Good wages. 1505 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 931 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL OR OLD LADY FOR light housework. No small children. M. Z. Kasimir, 105 First avenue east.

WANTED—A WAIST FINISHER, AT 202 Masonic Temple.

WANTED—GIRLS TO SEW OVERALLS, shirts and jumpers. Inquire F. A. Patrick & Co., South Fifth avenue west. Sixth floor.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND ASsistant bookkeeper; must be a good penman and efficient in stenographic work. Good chance for advancement. Address Fire Insurance, Herald office.

WOMAN WANTED TO SELL A NECessity to mothers. $12.00 a week clear. Dept. M, Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED — GOOD CHOCOLATE DIPper; steady work. Smith & Markus, 110 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GIRL clerk, with good references. Minnesota Candy Kitchen, 111 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. Small family. 321 Tenth avenue East.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE, AT MISS Melning's, 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady in the kid glove department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED—GIRLS, 14 YEARS OR OVER for running cash. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESSES IN OUR alteration department. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week, at home, without canvassing, write to The Commercial Co., Box 165, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople for our cloak and suit department; good positions for competent people. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL, BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED—DISH WASHER AND GIRL to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

SEVEN FIRST CLASS COOKS FOR hotels. Fine cooks for boarding and fine hotels. 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD SHOEMAKER. EHLE, 7 East Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAK at once. John Rindal, 1911 West Superior street.

WANTED—DEPUTIES FOR NORTH Dakota to organize Modern Samaritan councils; references required. Call 703 Palladio building or write J. H. Stenersen, state organizer, Wahpeton, N. D.

BOY WANTED—ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age to take orders and deliver groceries. Apply a 202 West First.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN THE photograph business; good opening; must make himself useful around studio. Zweifel.

WANTED—GOOD FINLANDER CLERK for employment office, who can talk English, Swedish or Norwegian. Address, Z 16, Herald.

WANTED—STOCK BOY AND SALESlady in crockery department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople in our fur department; good salaries to people accustomed to handling fine furs. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WANTED—MEN WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week at home, write to The Zenith Commercial Co., Box 185 Duluth, Minn. No canvassing.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 505½ West Michigan street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED-- CONTINUED.

WANTED—A GOOD BOOKKEEPER. Give age, references and salary wanted. Permanent position to a good man. Address Z. 15, Herald.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 1317 Harrison street, Superior. Bath, electric light, hardwood floors and finish throughout. Price, $20 per month.

FOR RENT—NUMBER 229 FOURTH avenue west; twelve rooms; all modern conveniences. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE; furnished; water, good cellar. Possession October 1st. Apply 1929 East Sixth street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 21.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOUR UP-STAIRS ROOMS FOR RENT. 206 West Sixth street.

MODERN ROOMS—GAS, HOT WATER heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred, B. 37, Herald.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room; central location; modern conveniences. References exchanged. Apply B. 97, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms with gas range, electric light, steam heat and bath. 1322 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, with all modern conveniences, at 410 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — SMALL FURNISHED room; electric light, bath, steam heat; central; $7.50 per month. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT ROOM, FOR one or two, at 529 East Third street. Gentleman preferred. References required.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AND FURniture for sale. 102 East Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat; will allow light housekeeping. Inquire at 409 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO PARTLY FURNISHed rooms for light housekeeping. 11 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, Hot water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 407 Mesaba avenue.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 105 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CITY water and sewer. Inquire Massachusetts Real Estate Co., Phoenix building.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD, BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue west.

ROOM WITH BOARD, FOR TWO, IN a private family. Apply at 319 West Fourth street.

ROOM AND BOARD WITH A PRIVATE family, for two; all modern conveniences; East End Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

WANTED — A CHILD TO BOARD— best of care given. 1125 West First street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your Druggist **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.**

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—HOUSE, SIX TO EIGHT rooms, within walking distance of court house. No children. Address, A. T. P., Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms; steam heated. Address C 98, Herald.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1305.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 229 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work ——. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 8. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Sept. 9, special work and drill by degree team. Harry Miles, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. D. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.
MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

GOVERNOR OF BEIRUT HAS BEEN REMOVED

Owing to Strong Demands Made on the Porte.

Successor Has Restored Quiet Among People.

Berlin, Sept. 10.—A dispatch received here from Constantinople says that Nazim Pasha has been formally appointed vali of Beirut, in place of Reshid Pasha, who has been dismissed.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Minister Leishman cabled the state department from Constantinople that the French ambassador had demanded the removal of the governor of Beirut and that other foreign representatives probably will do the same. Mr. Leishman is vigorously urging the sublime porte to replace the governor by some one more capable of preserving order and of giving more efficient protection to American citizens and interests. In this course he has the approval of the state department. Nothing is said in his cable of further disorders at Beirut.

The navy department has received a cablegram from Rear Admiral Cotton, dated Beirut, yesterday, stating that the arrival of the Turkish governor general from Damascus has restored confidence. The governor general has warned the local authorities that he will hold them responsible for disturbances. Admiral Cotton says that the city was quiet Tuesday night and that business was improving.

Constantinople, Sept. 10.—United States Minister Leishman has presented a demand to the Turkish government for the dismissal of Rexshid Pasha, vali of Beirut, on the ground that so long as he is retained in office the lives and property of Americans in Beirut are insecure. The porte has not yet replied to the demand, nor has there been any dvlopment in connection with other American claims. The dispatch of Nazim Pasha to eBirut from his post at Damascus is considered to be a preliminary step toward a settlement. Nazim Pasha received an enthusiastic reception upon his arrival at Beirut, a crowd at the railroad station cheering him repeatedly. The town was then perfectly tranquil.

According to the latest telegrams, however, the consuls continue to transact their business with Reshid Pasha, vali of Beirut.

Beirut advices received here late yesterday stated that uneasiness still prevailed among the Christians there, and that the exodus to the mountains continued, but no fresh disturbances had occurred. Rear Admiral Cotton confirms the reports that he can land 500 marines and blue jackets from the Brooklyn and San Francisco in case of urgent necessity. Nothing is known here about any arrangement made by other powers for sending warships to Beirut.

Private advices from Kirk- Kilisseh state that while the Turkish regular troops are conducting themselves well, the Albanians are insubordinate and are pillaging and burning villages and are even threatening their own officers when they are ordered not to plunder.

Up to Sept. 7, twenty-seven battalions of troops had been concentrated in the Kirk-Kilisseh district. An imperial irade has been issued, ordering the repair of reconstruction of the fortifications of Adrianople, Chatalja, Erzeman and the Bosphorus.

Paris, Sept. 10.—Advices received by the French foreign office from Beirut say that Nazim Pasha the vali of Syria, is making a thorough investigation of the causes of the recent disorder at Beirut, and that he has given assurances to the foreign consuls that he will severely punish the guilty. Under the circumstances, it is added, the French, British and Italian consuls have decided not to ask for the landing of American marines as (contrary to the Constantinople advices t)he excitement has subsided and the Christian refugees who fled are returning to their homes. The investigation thus far made into the outbreak has shown that the police participated in looting the shops and houses, the former vali, Reshid Pasha, being unable to control the police.

London, Sept. 10.—"Europe is standing on the edge of a precipice," said a diplomat today who is participating in the international negotiations in connection with the Balkan question, "and no one can tell but what tomorrow will see Turkey and Bulgaria plunged in war in spite of all the efforts to prevent it, and though the powers separately have made strong representations to Bulgaria to desist from aiding the insurgents and are on the eve of making a joint demand for the observance of a policy of strict neutrality. In the meantime, Turkey is becoming encouraged by the attitude of the powers towards Bulgaria and there is a strong feeling among the Mohammedans that the opportunity is at hand to take summary vengeance on the Bulgarian people.

"The porte has been warned against engaging in war and we believe he hesitates to embark upon a move which may result in the armed intervention of Europe. The only encouraging sign is the understanding between the powers, all of which we are sure, are upholding Russia and Austria in their efforts to maintain peace."

All the advices, official and otherwise, received here agree in saying that the Turkish government has now restored quiet in Beirut and that the porte appreciates the necessity for taking action in the matter, as shown by the removal of the vali of Beirut, as demanded by the United States minister, Mr. Leishman.

A special dispatch from Athens quotes former Premier Zaimis as saying that the Greek government is determined to co-operate with the porte in the suppression of the insurrection in Macedonia, though Greece is fully in favor of the institution of reforms after order has been restored. He denounced the attitude of the Bulgarians, saying that their aim is to destroy all the Greek Christians and to prevent Macedonia from becoming independent.

Sofia, Sept. 10.—A private dispatch from Rilopan announces that in an engagement fought Sept. at Yeltepe, in the Perim district of Razlog, 500 Turkish troops were completely routed by Macdonian insurgents, who, it is added, were everywhere received by the population with enthusiasm. The Turks fled.

FINANCIAL LAWS

Will Remain Practically Unchanged By the Next Congress.

So Says Beveridge, Who Recently Visited the President.

South Bend, Ind., Sept. 10.—The seventh annual convention of Indiana bankers yas addressed today by United States Senator Beveridge. The report of the secretary showed 646 banking institutions in the state. Senator Beveridge has but recently returned from a visit with the president at Oyster Bay, and his positive assertions with regard to the action of the coming session of congress were given all the more weight. He said:

"The coming session of congress will not enact any radical or sweeping financial legislation. Except in great emergencies, moderation is the word in all financial legislation. The stability of financial legislation even though imperfect is more desirable than sudden and comprehensive changes even though those changes are toward greater perfection.

"Some moderate financial legislation which will relieve the periodically recurring money stringency in the money center is probably desired and may be enacted by the country. No legislation, if enacted will be simple in its nature and will not disturb or alarm business interests of the country. No legislation, if enacted will be simple in its nature and will not disturb or alarm the business interests of the country. No legislation is possible at the coming session of congress which will radically affect our entire currency system and cause the business world to pause in our present prosperity until it is seen how such legislation is going to work.

"The maintenance of credit is the only great financial question and always must be. And credit is only another name for confidence. Confidence is reserved by reasonably permanent adjustment of business to any given lines of financial and commercial policy more than by all other things put together.

"I do not mean that there should not be gradual changes in all of our laws as those laws here and there become out of date. But I do mean that it is better for business to steadily adhere to some settled line of policy than to suddenly and radically change it. Our whole financial and industrial legislation should be steady and not spasmodic.

"Within banking circles themselves all contention should cease. There is no natural antagonism between Eastern and Western bankers. Naturally their interests are the same. Bankers East and West are the financial servants of a single people under a single flag. If Western bankers when they do not need their money make loans to the customers of New York bankers for example, as is universally done, and when they need their money again, take it away and require the entire financial necessities of business in the East to be cared for by Eastern bankers whose territory they have invaded, Western bankers should not object to a measure which will relieve the local Eastern stringency which the Western bankers themselves have caused. On the contrary the Eastern bankers should not invade the territory of Western bankers when Eastern money is plenty and thus invite reprisals in their own fields by the Western bankers. There should be mutual consideration, each section taking care of the financial necessities of its own people as long as it has the money to do so and believing the necessities of another section only wherever they are not able to take care of themselves. There never was a period when the tide of prosperity has risen so high as now; and its highest point is not yet reached.

"But upon the shoulders of the bankers of the country more than upon any [illegible] of business men depends the continuance of this fortunate condition. If without reason the bankers indulge in vague apprehensions, they will themselves [illegible] the very thing which they fear. If the bankers begin to exercise cowardice instead of prudence, if without any reason except timidity they begin to contract their loans and reduce their credits that confidence upon which all business rests and of which the bankers themselves are the beneficiaries will be imparied. But this will not occur. The bankers of the republic are too intelligent, too brave, too patriotic."

SECURED HIS RELEASE.

Abdul Kedermathaney Comes Out of Turkish Prison.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Minister Leishman has cabled the state department that he has secured the release of Abdul Kadermathaney, a naturalized citizen of the United States, born at Tripoli, Syria, who soon after returning to his native country, in 1901, committed an offense for which he was sentenced by the consular court of the United States, at Beirut, to a term of six months in the Smyrna jail. In the early part of the current year he was arrested and condemned by the local court for the same offense to three and a half years' imprisonment. Minister Leishman promptly protested against this violation of the rights of an American citizen.

BRINGING BODIES HOME.

New York, Sept. 10.—Bearing the bodies of 300 soldiers who sacrificed their lives in the Philippines, the transport Kilpatrick is expected here hourly from Manila.

BUILDINGS WERE BURNED.

Marseilles, Sept. 10.—A number of buildings on the outskirts of this city where suspected cases of bubonic plague had been reported, were destroyed by fire today. The sanitary officials used sulphur in the disinfection of merchandise in the buildings and the flames communicated to the buildings themselves. Only the walls were left standing.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Princess Irene, Genoa. Liverpool—Arrived: Teutonic and Carpathia, from New York. Havre—Arrived: Ethiopia, New York. Havre—Arrived: La Lorraine, New York. Hamburg — Arrived: Patricia, New York.

'HOPPERS DESTROY CROPS.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 10.—Grasshoppers have destroyed the crops of the Picuris Indians in Taos county.

LAUDANUM ROUTE

Was Adopted By George Ruprecht, Who Committed Suicide.

Was Found Dead In Room at the St. Louis Hotel.

Financial troubles caused the suicide of George Ruprecht, for a number of years prominent in the Duluth lumber business.

Day before yesterday he pawned his watch for $2.50 and spent 25 cents of that for two ounces of laudanum.

Some time yesterday—presumably in the forenoon—he went to his room in the St. Louis hotel, drank the laudanum and dropped into a deep sleep, from which he did not awaken.

The body was discovered this morning when a chambermaid tried to get into the room to fix it up for the day. Mr. Ruprecht was stretched out on the bed with all his clothing on, except the coat, and death was apparently without pain.

The empty bottle of poison and dry laudanum sediment in a glass at the side of the bed were adequate evidence of premeditated self-destruction.

On Tusday, after pawning his watch at the City Loan bank, on the Bowery, the man went to the Lyceum drug store and purchased the poison, claiming that he wanted it for a sick horse.

When found this morning his body was badly discolored from resting in a heated room for nearly twenty-four hours after death. He could scarcely be recognized.

Coroner Boyer and a number of Duluth friends were notified of the suicide by the hotel authorities and the body was removed to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, on Second avenue west. Without any local service, the remains will be forwarded to Menominee, Wis., for burial.

No person can be found that remembers having seen Mr. Ruprecht yesterday, though he was out of his room early in the morning, the chambermaid at the hotel having arranged his room about 8 o'clock in the morning while he was away from it.

Physicians say that he probably went to the room shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning and drank the poison. The dose was something enormous, being equivalent to twelve grains of morphine or forty-eight grains of opium, while one-fourth grain of morphine and one grain of opium is considered an ordinary dose.

From appearances, it is thought that he remained alive for six hours or so after taking the poison. The potion, according to physicians, put him to sleep, this sleep kept getting deeper and deeper and the respiration slower and shallower until it was not sufficient to supply the necessary amount of oxygen to the blood, producing death by asphyxia and at the same time allowing carbolic acid to accumulate in the blood, poisoning it.

Mr. Ruprecht has been staying at the St. Louis hotel for two or three months. It is said that during the past few weeks he has had reverses that discouraged him and caused him to drink a great deal.

On his person were found a number of accounts that were evidently being pressed for collection and this is thought to have deepened his despondency, as the fact that he had to pawn his watch to buy the poison, would indicate that he was absolutely without funds to meet the bills.

Mr. Ruprecht was a man of about middle age and unmarried.

CYCLING AT THE FAIR.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—Cycling will form an important part of the Olympic series at the world's fair. The representative riders of foreign countries have already signified their intentions of competing. Automobiling and motor driven vehicles will be substandially recognized in the department of physical culture at the fair.

SAM ALLOWEDD TO LAND.

New York, Sept. 10.—Under bonds furnished by friends, Sam Hosang, the wealthy Chinese merciant, of Demerara, has been allowed to land here. Hosang is a British subject and was born on the island but was held up by immigration officials under the Chinese exclusion act. He was detained on shipboard nearly a week.

DESPERATE FUGITIVE TERRIFIES POPULACE

WALL FELL ON THEM

Death and Injury Follows Fire at Nashville, Tenn.

Prominent Physician Was Killed and Eight People Hurt.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 10.—Fire here today resulted in the death of one man, the injury of eight others and damage to property to the extent of $125,000.

The dead:

DR. WILLIAM H. SMITH.

The injured: Assistant Chief Joseph Weaver, scalp wound and probable fracture; Capt. Robert Burke, spine broken; George Ferris, rib broken and internally injured; Samuel McHenry, colored, injured internally and legs temporarily paralyzed; S. S. Wharton, Charles Meadows, Stith D. Erickson.

Dr. Smith and Mr. Wharton were in consultation in the office of Smith & Bro. when the walls fell and were caught in the mass. Dr. Smith was smothered before his body could be extricated. Wharton sustained a severe scalp wound.

The fire started in the wholesale grocery house of Coleman, Tompkins & Co., and spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings occupied by the Broadstreet Stove and Tinware company and the wholesale drug house of Dr. W. H. Smith Bro. The flames were extinguished and the firemen had returned to their stations, with the exception of several, who were left to guard against another outbreak, when the walls fell.

LOWER COURT IS SUSTAINED

St. Paul, Sept. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. Y. Merrill, of Minneapolis, yesterday received word from Denver to the effect that the United States court of appeals had decided the "dead-and-down" case which he defended in favor of his clients. The ruling is an important one and places the terms "dead" timber in a new meaning.

The United States authorities proceeded against a Minneapolis firm, charging that they had cut timber which was not "dead." The inspectors found a number of green logs marked with the firm's brand and brought an action against the firm. The case was won by the lumber company in the lower court and the federal authorities appealed, but the lower court has been sustained.

According to the definition laid down by the federal court of appeals, all down timber, as a matter of course, can be milled.

By "dead," the decision says, does not mean trees that have rotted or are completely dead and starting to decay, but trees which a wise and prudent man would cut in his own forest to preserve the land.

That is, if the trees had ceased to grow or improve in size or value, or are starting to decay, or have lost their energy, they are "dead" so far as the law is concerned, and can be taken. Under the decision the finding of green logs where "dead and down" logs have been taken is not prima facie evidence that the law has been violated.

Murdered Father-in-Law at Waterloo, Ill.

He Now Threatens to Kill Two More People.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Waterloo, Ill., says: William A. Hoffman, a young farm employe living near Maeystown, Ill., twelve miles southeast of Waterloo, called his father-in-law, Dr. William Brandt, to the door of his house last night and shot him dead. Then he rode back to his home, told his wife that "he had killed the old hound, her father." Gave her $2 which he said he wanted her to spend on the christening of their four-weeks-old daughter, Mary, kissed her and their four children and rode into the woods.

"There are two men I must kill before I kill myself," he said to his wife before leaving.

The family of Dr. Brandt offers a reward of $300 for Hoffman's capture. Sheriff Thomas Ruche and a large posse are searching for him and expect at any time to have a pitched battle with him. He is armed with a shotgun and revolvers. Just before killing his father-in-law he purchased fifty rounds of cartridges.

Hoffman is a good shot, strong and athletic. The officers believe he was driven to recklessness by whisky and his imaginary troubles. Before he murdered Brandt he told Herman Papes: "In one hour there will be a warrant out for me. But look out. I will shoot you or Tom Ruche or anybody else who tries to arrest me." Hoffman's wife says that as he left he declared, "I must kill two more people, then myself. If the sheriff or his deputies try to arrest me I must also kill them."

Sheriff Ruche thinks Hoffman is hiding in the woods near his home at Rock Cliffs. He and his deputies are armed and ready to shoot the fugitive at sight. This entire section of Monroe county is excited, as the fugitive is regarded as desperate. It is not known who are the other two persons he intended to kill, and both men and women are so badly frightened that many will not leave their homes without arms. It is supposed that Hoffman's motive for killing his father-in-law was that the old gentleman refused to increase his weekly allowance. Dr. Brandt was quite wealthy and had been practically supporting his son-in-law and family. He gave Hoffman a certain amount of spending money each week.

COMPANY'S BOOKS REMOVED IN INTERESTS OF ECONOMY

Vice President of Consolidated Lake Superior Company Makes Statement Concerning the Criticisms Made Against the Management By Stockholders.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10.—E. H. Sanborn, vice president of the Consolidated Lake Superior company, today made public a statement answering the criticism of the company's action in removing the books of the corporation from this city to Sault Ste. Marie, Canada. The officials of the concern gave the stockholders permission to examine the books, but when counsel for the stockholders visited the company's office here he was informed that the accounts had been transferred to the company's office at Sault Ste. Marie. Mr. Sanborn's statement is, in part, as follows: "When Mr. Shields was elected president of the Lake Superior company, in April last, one of his first steps was to close the expensive offices in this city and transfer all of these accounts to the works at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. There was no secrecy nor mystery about this removal as it was announced in the papers at least two weeks before the change was made, and was commented on several times, as a commendable move in the direction of a more economical administration of the company's affairs. This action of five months ago has been ingeniously distorted into a surreptious spiriting away of records within the past few days."

COMPASS USELESS NEAR SKAGWAY

Stanford University, Cal., Sept. 10.—Samuel Jackson Barnett, assistant professor of physics, has returned to the university after several months spent in survey work along the Alaska coast. Professor Barnett left here last May to take charge of a party sent out by the United States coast and geodetic survey to make accurate surveys of the northern country along the coast line. The party made a special investigation in the peculiar magnetic disturbances which have made navigation difficult in certain localities. Near Skagway these disturbances are very severe, the deflection of the needle being so great that the compass is rendered almost useless in that vicinity. It was found that this strange state of affairs was due to the abundance of magnetic rock in the locality. This rock is present in immense quantities on Douglas Island and on the mainland and near Skagway it is especially abundant. Professor Barnett says that there was almost a perfect magnetic pole at that point. He will prepare a full report on the subject for the government.

MINERS FEAR TO WORK IN MINE

St. Paul, Sept. 10.—A special to the Dispatch from Gem, Idaho, says: All miners employed at the Frisco mine, one of the leading producers of the Couer D'Alene district, walked out today and the mine is closed. The reason given by the men is that they are afraid to work in the mine because of explosions and earthquake shocks. Many say they would not return to work in the mine at any price. The trouble seems to be below the 1600-foot level, where the men say some peculiar force keeps up a continual bombardment, hurling rocks from slope to drift. Some of the explosions are heard and felt in town and are taken by many for earthquakes. Mining engineers say the explosions are caused by cracking rock, and that there is no danger.

RIFLEMEN CONTINUE THEIR SHOOTING AT SEAGIRT RANGES

Many Individual Contests as Well as Team Matches Mark the Day Following Completion of Shoot For the National Trophy.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 10.—The day following the completion of the national trophy match is an unusual one at the Seagirt range. First in order this morning was the opening stage of the trio competing match, in which teams of three members each from any organization of the National Guard, naval reserve, United States army and marine corps, were eligible to compete. Each man was required to fire five shots at 200 yards and five shots at 500 yards. The next event was the first stage of the carbine match, open to teams of five men each, from any military organization armed with the carbine of the army. National Guard or any foreign government. The distances are five shots each man at 200 yards and five shots at 500 yards. An hour later the veteran organization of the National Guard of any state was started. Each man was required to fire ten shots at 200 yards. The inter-club match, for the rifle championship of the United States, open to teams of five men each from any rifle club or association, was also an interesting event of the day. Each man was required to fire ten shots at 200 yards.

The company team match, begun last Monday, was concluded today. It was open to teams of five men each, from organizations of the National Guard, the army, navy and marine corps of this or any other country. Each man was required to fire seven shots at 200 yards and seven shots at 500 yards.

The firing at the final stages of the tyro company team match and the carbine team match was in order during the afternoon, as was squaded practice, preparatory to the competition tomorrow for the Dryden trophy. Firing was scheduled to start shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon, with the idea of completing the Leech cup match, begun last Monday, but not concluded that day because of the large number of competitors. The match is an individual contest, open to everybody, the distances being 800, 900 and 1000 yards, seven shots at each distance. The weather conditions are much more agreeable than for several days past.

STRONG TALK OF A REVOLUTION

New York, Sept. 10.—Representatives here of strong interests of the isthmus of Panama are reported to be considering a plan of action to be undertaken in co-operation with men of similar views in Panama and Colombia to bring about a revolution and form an independent government in Panama opposed to that in Bogota. There is much perturbation on the isthmus on account of the failure of the canal treaty, which is ascribed to the authorities at Bogota and the natives of Panama think it is to their best interest for a new republic to be formed on the isthmus, which may negotiate directly with the United States a new treaty.

AMATEUR ATHLETES GATHER AT MILWAUKEE FOR CONTEST

A Great Array of Young Men Meet For Two Days' Series of Championship Tests In Various Feats of Strength and Endurance.

Milwaukee, Sept. 10.—The greatest array of amateur athletes from throughout this country and Canada ever assembled in the West are in Milwaukee today, the ocasion being a two-days' meet for athletic honors under the auspices of the National Amateur Athletic union. Today's card consists of the junior events, the senior contests being on tomorrow's program. The junior contests are for athletes, who have never won a national championship or a first at an intercollegiate meet. The track and field selected for the championships are located at the state fair grounds, a few miles west of the city. Much work has been done during the past two weeks to make the conditions the best possible, but owing to yesterday's all day rain, the track is soft and no breaking of records is looked for. Early in the day the weather was cloudy with indications of celaring up. President Ligginer stated that in the absence of rain the day's events would surely be pulled off.

In the 100 yards dash, Molson, of Montreal, Robertson, of the Greater New York Irish Athletic association, and Stevenson, of the Milwaukee Athletic club are the favorites. Robertson and Stevenson are also picked to win in the 200 yards dash. In the 440 yard run Hillman, of the New York Athletic club and Pettit, of the First Regiment Athletic association, Chicago, are looked upon as winners. Cahill, of the university of Chicago, and Bacon, of the Greater New York Irish Athletic association are among the favorites in the 880 yard run.

McEacheron, of the Milwaukee Athletic club, looks good for the one and two mile runs. Poage and Helmholse, of the Milwaukee Athletic club, and Bailey, of Central Y. M. C. A., are likely material for the 220 yard low hurdles. In the high hurdles, Saridakis and Helmholse, representing the Milwaukee Athletic club, and Bailey, of the Central Y. M. C. A. are the chief contestants.

In the discuss throw, Webster, Martin and Maddock, of the First Regiment Athletic association, and Speik and Parry, of the university of Chicago, will strike for the honors.

The broad and high jumps and other weight throwing contests promise to be hotly contested. Martin, of the First Regiment, is a favorite for pole vaulting. It was close on to 2 o'clock when the first event was called.

SOLDIERS SHOOT DOWN A THIEF

Pittsburg, Sept. 10.—William Crowley, of Monaepa, was shot in the groin today by a soldier at the United States arsenal. He was removed to the West Pennsylvania hospital in a serious condition and a dispute is now on between the police authorities and the commandant at the arsenal concerning the arrest of the soldier who did the shooting. Thefts of copper and lead from the roofs of the barracks have been frequent of late. It is alleged that Crowley, with several others, were detected removing the copper. Crawley refused to halt when commanded to do so, and the soldier shot him. The others escaped. The police authorities demanded the arrest of the soldier, but the commandant barred the gates and refused to surrender the man.

CHAMPION HAIR CUTTER IS DEAD

New York, Sept. 10.—Luca Francia, who for nearly a quarter of a century defended his title as champion hair cutter of the world, and did shave the chins of dukes and princes, has been buried in a Long Island cemetery after an imposing Masonic funeral. Francia was a thirty-third degree member of that order. Francia was born in Naples. After learning to be a barber he became attached to the staff of a pasha at the siege of Alexandria and later served the duke of Connaught, Prince Leopold, of Russia, and other royal personages. His record for cutting hair was seven minutes.

WAS GOOD TO THE POOR.

New York, Sept. 10.—In a gloomy, old fashioned house in Dean street, Brooklyn, the police who battered down the door have found the body of Mrs. Margaret May lying on a bed in an upper room. At her feet lay the body of a fox terrier dog. Until recently the old house had been a mecca for the poor of that quarter. Since the death of Mrs. May's husband, who was quite wealthy, the woman has distributed charity to all who applied.

IS AFTER MEN

Commander Wadhams of Navy to Open Recruiting Office Here.

Will Be Here Until Tuesday—Several Already Enrolled.

Commander Albion V. Wadhams, United States navy, who is in charge of the naval recruiting and hydrographic offices in Chicago, arrived in Duluth this noon and will tomorrow open a recruiting office in the federal building. The office will remain open until Tuesday, by which time Commander Wadhams believes he will be able to enlist a number of men who will, in the future, be of worth to the United States navy.

Surgeon A. M. Moore, Chief Yeoman C. W. Force, Chief Gunners Mate M. E. Wagner and Hospital Steward H. A. Daley, who will arrive tomorrow, will complete the personnel of the recruiting party.

Commander Wadhams has already enrolled five landsmen and one electrician through the branch hydrographic office in the Torrey building. The party will enlist those who can pass the necessary examinations and wishes to secure landsmen for training, electricians, artificers and seamen. The men enlisted will be sent to Norfolk, where they will receive their first instructions on a training ship.

Commander Wadhams, with Mrs. Wadhams, is staying at the Spalding and when seen this afternoon said:

"In traveling in the Middle West enlistment parties have been very successful as regards the class of men whom they have recruited. Those taken from Chicago and the various other cities in the Middle West are among the best in the navy. They are intelligent, learn quickly and without exception take an interest in their work. Many of them have advanced rapidly and on the whole the navy department is well pleased with the results of the work of its recruiting officers.

"Naval officers are well disposed towards men coming from the West, not only because of the locality, but from the fact that we have not yet found it necessary to take any but a fine class of men. An instance that I might mention, which is only one of many that makes the Western man stand out prominently, is that of a young man who three years ago enlisted at Chicago at $16 a month and his board and clothes.

"He is now receiving $60 a month, and during his three years of service he has become so proficient in marksmanship that during the last few weeks in the Indiana he broke the world's records with the biggest guns used in the navy, the 13-inch guns.

"This is the first time I have been in Duluth on a recruiting tour, but think that we shall be able to get good results. We will close our office Tuesday afternoon and return to Chicago."

Sunday afternoon Commander Wadhams will deliver an address at the Y. M. C. A., before branches of which association he has frequently appeared on the platform. The subject of his address Sunday will be "Some Elements of Success From a Sailor's Standpoint."

REFUSE TO SELL WINES.

London, Sept. 10.—The Westminster Gazette says an offer, believed to amount to over $60,000,000 was received from an American syndicate for the pottery clay mines of Dorsetshire and Devonshire, which the owners are said to have refused to sell.

INDICTED FOR PERJURY.

Louisville, Sept. 10.—A special from Cynthiana, Ky., says: The Harrison county grand jury today returned indictments against "Tricky Jim" Back, George Bollinger and H. C. Adams for perjury. They testified in the recent trials here attempting to prove an alibi for Jett. Warrants have been issued.

Duluth's representative Grocery.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,

15 E. Superior Street.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Good Things to Eat:

The best qualities ever at the lowest prices in Duluth. We want your trade and will get it if good service, low prices and best goods will secure it.

Choice Cal. Plums, per case---95c
Wild Plums, per case 16 quarts 95c
Michigan Peacher, per basket 35c
Michigan Peaches, per bush. $2.00
Home Grown Tomatoes, bush. 75c
Home Grown Potatoes, bushel 65c
Home Grown Cabbage, per doz 50c
California Freestone Peaches—Buy them now at, per case---------90c
O'Leary Dairy Butter, per lb---18c
O'Leary Creamery Butter, lb---22c
Three Cans Tomatoes --------25c

Our 'Phone 199! Use it.

SOME WINNERS

In Athletic Events Pulled Off at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Sept. 10.—Trainer Bentner of the First regiment, Chicago, filed a protest against Ellsworth, university of Chicago, entered today in the athletic sports, on the ground that he played baseball against a professional team on April 2, 1902.

Referee Sullivan rules that he will be allowed to contest under protest. The referee would not give an opinion.

It was after 2 o'clock before the contests were started, the officials wishing to give the track a chance to improve under the bright sunshine.

Final 120 yards high hurdles—L. C. Bailey, Central Y. M. C. A., first; J. Wengierski, Central Y. M. C. A., second; F. Saridakis, Milwaukee A. C., third. Time, 21⅘ seconds. Only three were entered therefore no preliminary heats were run.

100 yards dash—P. Molson, Montreal A. A. A., first; George C. Poage, Milwaukee A. C., second; L. B. Stevens, Milwaukee A. C., third. Time, 11 1-5.

Pole vault—Ralph Morris, Central Y. M. C. A., first, 10 feet; E. W. Miller, University of Chicago, second, 9 feet 6 inches; F. A. Martin, First regiment A. A., third, 9 feet.

Mile run—J. A. Lightbody, University of Chicago, first; C. H. Buechler, Central Y. M. C. A., second; G. B. Rudolph, Company I, First regiment, St. Louis, third. Time, 5:32 4-5.

Discus throw—E. A. Spelk, University of Chicago, first, 109 feet 2 inches; H. Webster, First regiment A. A., second, 105 feet 9 inches; E. E. Parry, University of Chicago, third, 99 feet 1 inch.

CONCERNING CEMETERIES.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The convention of the Association of American Cemetery Superintendents was brought to a close today. The session has been devoted mainly to the presentation of papers on cemetery subjects. New officers were elected today as follows: President, John C. Cox, Cleveland, vice president, James Norton, Boston; secretay, Bellet Lawson, Paxtang, Pa. It was decided to hold next year's convention in Chicago.

INCENSED AT NEWSPAPERS.

Belgrade, Servia, Sept. 10.—A mob made a great demonstration last night against the newspapers which have defended the army officers recently arrested. The crowd attempted to proceed to the Turkish legation, but was dispersed by the police. Many persons were slightly injured.

ELKTON MINE RESUMES.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 10.—The Elkton mine resumed work this morning with twenty-three men, the property being guarded by troops. President Kennikin of district union No. 1 was refused admission to the company's property by the guards. A permanent military camp of forty-five men was established at the Elkton mine today.

McGILL'S JUBILEE.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10.—Distinguished prelates of the Roman Catholic church today participated in the ceremonies attending the celebration of the golden jubilee of Very Rev. James V. McGill, C. M., provincial of the Eastern province of the congregation of missions.

JUST THE THINGS THAT YOU NEED

Are Placed Before You This Evening By the Leading Merchants of Duluth In Herald Ads.

Basement bargains predominate at Freimuth's tomorrow.

Some wonderful values in home furnishings and horse and stable fittings at Panton & White's.

Gray-Tallant Co. offer special remnant bargains.

Lightbody's news column quotes some good things in ladies' suits and dress goods.

Good things to eat at cut prices at D. O'Leary's cash grocery.

Formal opening and sale of new autumn waists at Silberstein & Bondy Co.'s tomorrow.

French & Bassett offer exceptional values in sideboards and lamps.

Your grocer will furnish you with King Arthur coffee. Always fresh.

Kugler speaks of his prescription department.



The only first-class Warehouse for storing household goods in the city. Special Room for Pianos.

Warehouse: 510, 512, 514 East Superior St. Office: 210 West Superior St.

INDICTMENT FOR LELAND

Grand Jury Brings Criminal Charge Against Him.

Receiving Deposits, Knowing Bank's Insolvency.

Charles F. Leland, proprietor of the Commercial Banking company, has been indicted by the grand jury.

At a late hour this afternoon the indictments had not been made public, but that he has been indicted there is no doubt, and also that a bench warrant has been issued and that he will soon be in custody.

It is a fact well known for the past day or two that the grand jury was investigating the Commercial Banking company's affairs and depositors who had put money in the bank during the day or two before it closed are known to have been witnesses before that body. There is no doubt that the charge against Mr. Leland is that of receiving money for deposit in the bank when he knew that it was insolvent.

H. H. Phelps, who was one of the witnesses, made a deposit on the final day and it is understood that P. J. Hartnett, who was also a witness, was in a similar position.

WILL BE NO STRIKE

Grievances of the B. & O. Employes Will Be Adjusted.

They Refer Almost Entirely to Minor Division Matters.

Baltimore, Sept. 10.—General Manager C. S. Sims of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad specifically denied today that the company had received an ultimatum from its employes. The employes and officials resume their sessions this morning," he said, "and will consider the grievances as presented last week. Not one of them is considered important in the general sense of the word. They refer almost exclusively to minor division matters, and there will be no difficulty in arriving at an amicable settlement. During the entire negotiations the best of feeling has prevailed and the committee themselves are exceedingly annoyed through the strike rumors should be given credence. We do not expect a strike and am positive that none will occur."

The committee on grievances at the head of which D. F. Cottman, chairman of the general committee of the Brotherhood of Railwa Trainmen is in closed session this morning. The members of the committee decline to make a statement, but will probably do so later in the day.

The demands of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad employes, as submitted by the committee on grievances, are 100 in number 127 of which are of minor importance, and will either be granted by the company or not insisted on by the men.

The three chief demands are, first, that when switching during overtime the men shall be paid both the amount specified in the agreement for switching and for overtime as well; second, that an extra wage scale shall be applied to all double heading, that is when one crew is compelled to handle the freight cars of a train pulled by two engines Third, that it be no longer compulsory on them to join the relief department, the men objecting to the insurance terms offered. These are the grievances which are being jointly considered today by the railroad employes committee and the company officials which include Assistant General Manager Haas, General Superintendent Loree of Pittsburg, General Superintendent Fitzgerald and Superintendent Foley of the Chicago division.

SEARCHING FOR ASSAILANT.

Omaha, Sept. 10.—A posse of officers and citizens is searching the river bottoms south of the city for an unknown man who today assaulted the 11-year-old daughter of Edward Kroeger. The child was on her way from school and was accompanied by a small brother who gave the alarm. The girl was seriously injured.

EACH MEMBER OF A FAMILY, MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD, SHOULD HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IT REQUIRES ONLY A DOLLAR TO START ONE. BOOKS GIVEN AND INTEREST PAID BY THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over Eleven Hundred Thousand Dollars.

SELECT A SAFE PLACE

CELEBRATED STONES.

Two diamonds which have played an important part in the love and intrigues of France in modern and ancient times have just been brought to New York, says the New York Press. Probably no other precious stones in this city have had a more varied career or are of greater historic interest. They are innocent enough looking. A little larger than a vest button, they are square cut in the shape of "pendant drops." In age they rank well up with Methuselan, if tradition is to be believed. They came originally from the old Golconda mines of India, which, about the time of the Third Crusade, when Richard Coeur de Lion was traveling around the Eastern border of Asia, were producing diamonds that subsequently proved to be among the finest in the world.

These mines went out of business more than 400 years ago, but now and again a stone from one of them bobs up in some famous collection, and when it does it is quickly grabbed up by the wealthy connoisseurs or collectors for museums. European nobility and royalty probably possess more diamonds from the Golconda mines than from any other.

The stones which just have been brought to New York served for many years as crown jewels for various French kings, and finally, about the year 1709, came into the hands of Napoleon, who, at the time of his separation from Empress Josephine, presented them to her as a partial recompense for his desertion. At that time they ranked among the most beautiful and famous diamonds at the French court. Upon the death of Josephine they mysteriously disappeared, and nothing more was heard from them for more than a century.

It is thought they were stolen from Josephine's effects by one of her maids, but despite the strenuous effort made to recover them, they remained concealed until about 1840 or 1845, when they appeared one day in the show windows of a fashionable though not over-scrupulous jeweler on a prominent boulevard of the French capital, and were purchased by a French banker.

After the failure of this banker several years later they again appeared for sale in a Paris jewelry store. On account of their historical value the price of them had been raised exorbitantly and no purchaser for them could be found until Mme. Humbert, who recently gained notoriety through her implication in an extensive swindling scheme, came upon the scene. Price never troubled Mme. Humbert, and she cheerfully purchased the stones, obtaining the money on a Paris banking house on notes. She paid 1,500,000 francs for them, or about $300,000.

Mme. Humbert kept the jewels about five years. At the end of that time the banking firm had become so urgent in its demands for the repayment of the loan that she was forced to surrender the diamonds. It is said that the inability of the banking house to dispose of the diamonds, in which it had tied up a large amount of capital, caused its failure.

The famous stones next appeared in the hands of a London banker, who had been one of the heaviest creditors of the Paris firm. This bank kept them for two or three years and then sent them one day to Cristie's, the famous London auction rooms, to be sold. About this time, however, Mme. Humbert's safe, which had been locked for years, and which, she said, contained papers that entitled her to royal wealth, was discovered to be as empty as a drum, and the creditors everywhere began clamoring for all the assets of the woman that were in sight.

Because of this the London auction firm feared they might be attached by some of the Humbert creditors if they sold the diamonds, and returned them to the London banker. He, being unable to dispose of them, kept them locked up in his safe until David C. Townsend, of Neresheimer & Co., No. 170 Broadway, New York, visited London and took the stones off their anxious owner's hands. Mr. Townsend returned to New York with them a few days ago, and now they are reposing quietly in morocco cases in his office.

Although the diamonds weigh only 50 carats, they are of that peculiar blue variety which makes them of great value. Only three or four stones of their color and size are known to exist. They are members of the "Great Mogul" family, the famous stones taken from Golconda mines centuries ago, which weighed in the rough 787½ carats and was of such peculiar shape as to make necessary its being broken up into smaller parts before being cut. Some of these parts are now among the English crown jewels.

Deadwood, S. D., and Return $31.65.

September 2nd to 6th inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Deadwood, S. D., at $31.65 for the round trip, good for return until and including Sept. 30th, 1903.

City Ticket Office, 405 West Superior Street.

THE CROP REPORT

Average Condition of Spring and Winter Combined Is 74.7.

Below Ten Year Average —Corn Average Is 80.1.

The government report on grain under date of Sept. 1 was issued this afternoon at 3 o'clock. It deals principally with corn, but gives averages for spring and winter wheat.

The average condition of harvest of spring and winter wheat combined is given as 74.7 against 80 a year ago and 82.8 the same date two years ago. The ten year average is 78.3, so that this year's average is below.

The condition of corn on Sept. 1 is shown to have been 80.1 as compared with 73.7 Aug. 1, 1903; 84.3 Sept. 1, 1902; 91.7 at the same date in 1901 and a ten-year average of 79.3. These figures as well as those on other crops indicate the condition on Sept. 1, and no attempt is made to anticipate the results from future weather conditions.

JUDGE MINER DEAD.

Norwich, Conn., Sept. 10.—Judge Miner of Richmond, Va., died here today of Bright's disease. He had been judge of the superior court of Virginia and had served in the Confederate service during the civil war.

COOLING HOUSES.

Institutions In New York That Will Be Comfortable.

"It is going to cost you a whole lot more in fuel to cool a building in summer than it does to heat it in winter, you can count on that every time!" With this paradoxical statement, Alfred Wolff, engineering expert and specialist in heating and ventilating, wound up his explanation of why, when practically every building in New York has its heating plant and the question of heating and ventilating is duly considered by every architect in planning a building, practically none of them have cooling plants, and the question of cooling and ventilating does not enter at all into the architect's calculations, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

Charles M. Schwab is considering the introduction of a cooling plant in his new house—his Fifth avenue, Millionaire's Row, mansion, at Seventy-third and Seventy-fourth streets. Mr. Wolff is even now at work on the plans and specifications. If the steel magnate decides to have it, his will be the first private house in America to be equipped with a cooling plant. But Mr. Wolff admits that it will cost a pretty penny—such a very pretty penny that even C. M. Schwab may think twice before he makes up his mind to have it. So far there is just one building in Greater New York that has such a plant, and that one is the new Hanover National Bank building, and just one other building that is definitely going to have it, and that is the new stock exchange.

Mr. Wolff has given the subject of cooling much thought and study, but he says frankly that he sees no way, and expects to see no way, to do it cheaply. Asked about the "ice stores" which are occasionally brought forward, he said: "I have not examined into them individually, but I don't believe they'll work. Years ago, when I engineered the Carnegie Music hall, an attempt was made to cool the air by passing it over ice. I put in great ice racks there as an experiment, but the experiment failed. The idea was to send in currents of air by means of fans, and make them pass through these ice racks on the way in. It cooled the air all right, but the hot air passing over these racks of ice absorbed such quantities of moisture that the air in the music hall was cool enough, but damp and moldy as a cellar. So the scheme was abandoned.

"Then, again, it is easy enough to cool the air in any given space, or to heat it, if you are content to use the air that is in that space, but to keep the air moving, a continuous current of fresh air from outside passing through a space, sweeping out and replacing the dead air, and yet maintain an equable room temperature—say 68 or 70 degrees—all the time is a different proposition. And it is much harder to keep it cool and fresh than warm and fresh. The system at the Hanover National bank has accomplished this, and the same system will be applied to the stock exchange if the strikers ever get through striking long enough to let us get any work done. But it is expensive—very expensive. The first cost is big and the cost of operating is big. It will cost the stock exchange something like $200,000 to install the plant, and the running of it is a continual expense and a heavy one.

"The first principle of the system is the cooling by ammonia evaporation is the principle that has been used commercially in cold storage plants, in big breweries, in certain manufactories, notably in the making of candy and chocolates, but, except in the Hanover bank, where it is already working, and in the stock exchange, where perhaps the strikers may allow us to get it into operation by Christmas, it has never been applied for purposes of luxury—and so far ahead as I can see it is not likely to be, because of the expense. It may, and I hope will, be applied in the hospitals of the future, at any rate to certain rooms or wards, where it is a matter of health, of life itself in certain cases, to keep the patient in a reasonably cool temperature. And some of the proprietors of theaters might find that to them it justified itself as a commercial investment. And such tremendously wealthy corporations as the Hanover bank and the stock exchange may find it worth the price; but in private residences—even in hotels—it would hardly pay. And even if it did, it cannot be applied to "any old building." The installation of such a plant must enter into the original architectural plans, and the engineers' calculations.

Roughly, the system requires cells of pipes filled with brine—brine rather than fresh water, to eliminate the danger of freezing at a lower temperature than fresh water. These pipes, pass through ammonia chambers, where the brine is thoroughly cooled by evaporation. They pass and are coiled in front of an electric fan which is drawing the air in from the outside, and sending it hot as it is against the icy coldness of the brine filled pipes. It warms the pipes, losing its own heat in the process, and a good deal of its own moisture, which condenses in contact with the cold pipes and forms in frost outside of them. Say the brine enters the first coil at 30 degrees. It is warmed by the contact of the blast of hot outside air so that by the time it reaches the last coil on its way back to the ammonia chamber it has reached a temperature of 60 degrees. It has absorbed 30 degrees of heat from the atmosphere, and lowered its temperature by just that much.

"In the stock exchange plant brine is circulated through 17,000 feet of 1¼-inch pipe. The average summer temperature is say 85 degrees and the humidity 85 per cent. The air supply for the stock exchange is cooled to about 55 degrees and about 5½ grains of water removed from each cubic foot of air, aggregating for the board room alone a removal of 2200 pounds of water per hour. The air supply, after passing the cooling coil, is conducted in ducts and flues to the ceiling of the board room, slowly and at a degree required to maintain the room at the desired temperature. In summer, with the external temperature at 85 degrees Fahrenheit and with 85 per cent of moisture, the air is cooled down to 53 degrees Fahrenheit at the cooling coil, and being somewhat heated in transit enters the room at 65 degrees Fahrenheit and maintains a temperature of about 75 degrees Fahrenheit, with about 55 per cent of humidity.

"Of course, the brine in the pipes having been heated, must be cooled off again and fresh cold brine kept continually flowing through the coil. In order to eliminate this heat of absorption, the overflow water must be pumped back through generators, condensers, rectifiers and various other technicalities into a brine cooler again. These brine coolers are five feet in diameter and ten feet long, and contains 1600 square feet of coil surface. From the cooler the brine is pumped back into the coil for cooling the air supply, and so a perpetual circulation, a heating of the brine and cooling of the air is kept up so long as the weather requires it.

WHEN A POUND IS NOT A POUND.

A brief item published in Wednesday morning's Herald in regard to the dropping of a bag of silver half dollars has called forth a number of inquiries in regard to the exact weight that the messenger was carrying, says the Boston Herald. According to the story there was $1000 in silver pieces, all of half-dollar denomination,, and it was stated that there was, therefore, about seventy pounds of the precious metal. One of our correspondents in questioning this statement mixes up troy and avoirdupois pounds, while a second starts with the erroneous assumption that two silver half dollars weigh as much as a standard silver dollar. This is not the case. There is more silver in a standard silver dollar than in two silver half dollars. The weight of the subsidiary coin was reduced in the old days when silver was at high value in order to prevent the melting up of subsidiary coin. The standard silver dollar weighs, according to law, 412.5 grams, and one-half of that would be 206.25 grams while the actual weight of the half dollar is, according to law, 12.5 grams. As the gram is equal to 15.432 grains, this would make the weight of the silver half dollar 192.9 grains, or 13.35 grains less than half the weight of a standard silver dollar. The weight of 2000 half dollars fresh from the mint would theoretically be, therefore, 385,800 grains.

As there are 5760 grains to the troy pound, that would make the weight of $1000 in silver half dollars equal to 66.9 troy pounds, or, as was stated in the original story, about seventy pounds Possibly, in measuring a burden, however, this would give an erroneous impression, for the pound troy, which is the proper pound with which to measure the weight of precious metals, is lighter than the pound avoirdupois, the pound which would be used for measuring the weight of ordinary burdens. The avoirdupois pound contains 7000 grains or 1240 more than the troy pound. Therefore, the weight of these 2000 half dollars, or 385,800 grains, would amount to only a little over 55.1 avoirdupois pounds. While, therefore, the messenger was carrying almost sixty-seven pounds of silver, he really had a burden equal to only a little over fifty-five pounds of lead or iron, or, in fact, any commodity other than gold, silver or precious stones.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

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69-71 W. Jackson St., - CHICAGO, ILL.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

PROMINENT PHYSICIANS USE AND ENDORSE PE-RU-NA

C. B. Chamberlin, M. D., writes from 14th and P. Sts., Washington, D. C.:

"Many cases have come under my observation, where Peruna has benefited and cured. Therefore, I cheerfully recommend it for catarrh and a general tonic."—C. B. Chamberlin, M. D.
Medical Examiner U. S. Treasury.


Dr. L. Jordan.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan, Medical Examiner of U. S. Treasury Department, graduate of Columbia College and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow-sufferers, Peruna will cure you."—Dr. Llewellyn Jordan.

Geo. C. Havener, D. D., of Anacostia, D. C., writes:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"In my practice I have had occasion to frequently prescribe your valuable medicine, and have found its use beneficial, especially in cases of catarrh."—George C. Havener, M. D.

Catarrh is a systemic disease curable only by systemic treatment. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what Peruna does.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



AILING WOMEN



Women with sallow complexions, bad stomach, constipated, all out of sorts and nervous,

REA BROS.'

CASCARIN

cures to stay cured. The best prescription that medical science has been able to put forth. Cures after all have failed and we guarantee it. Sold by druggists. Price 50c or sample sent free. Rea Bros., Minneapolis, Louisville, New York.

Dr. PIERCE

Room 6, 131 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. 5000 CASES TREATED ANNUALLY.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never-failing success.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life-long experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES—Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 a. m.

NO PAIN

and perfect satisfaction when we do your work.



Gold or porcelain crowns or bridge-work ---------- $5.00
Full set of Teeth ------ $5 to $8
Gold Fillings ---------- $1.50 up
Silver Fillings ---------- 50c up
Painless Extraction ---------- 50c

All work positively guaranteed.

Dr. FERGUSSON, Dentist
Columbus Bldg., 1st Ave. W., Superior St.

POLLOCK CASE

Boy Who Was Hurt Tells a Straightforward Story.

Stands Severe Cross-Examination In a Sturdy Manner.

The damage action brought by Wesley Pollock against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road to recover $35,000 for injuries received by his 11-year-old son, Charles, who had his leg cut off by a train at the State street crossing, in West Duluth, June 12 last, is attracting much attention in Judge Ensign's room and there has been a large crowd of spectators present at the trial yesterday and today.

This morning, after all of the Pollock witnesses had testified, J. B. Cotton, counsel for the railroad company, moved for a dismissal of the action on the grounds that sufficient evidence had not been introduced to prove a case, that there was absence of any proof to show contributory negligence on the part of the company that Charles Pollock was guilty of contributory negligence in that he was a trespasser on the company's right-of-way and was loitering on the tracks, thus assuming the risk of being injured.

The motion was denied.

Mr. Cotton then moved that the jury be granted the privilege of visiting the scene of the accident at some convenient time, should they so desire. The motion was granted.

Mr. Cotton then outlined the defense preparatory to the examination of a large number of witnesses this afternoon. He said that while the accident was unfortunate and distressing, the company claimed and would prove that it was in no way negligent in the matter, as the fault lay entirely with the boy. He said the evidence showed that the boys of the neighborhood had been in the habit of "flipping trains" at the State street crossing, to the great annoyance of the railway company and its employes.

Mr. Cotton further said that the company would prove that on the date in question the Pollock boy, with his companions, attempted to catch on the rear end of a train of empties going up the hill and missing his footing fell under an ore car, the wheels of one truck passing over and crushing his leg. The lad crept into a ditch and was holding his injured limb with both hands when assistance arrived.

The defense will be based, so stated the counsel, on the testimony of two other boys, who claim to have seen the accident and who will swear that they saw Charles Pollock attempt to climb on the train and fall, a few minutes afterward being found in the ditch with his leg crushed.

Counsel said the crew would testify that they were in their accustomed places on the day of the accident and that it would have been impossible for them not to have seen the boy had he been on the track in front of the engine. The big engines employed on the road and trains equipped throughout with air brakes, could easily be stopped on the up-grade within nine or ten feet.

Antoine Ness and Willie Gilmore, both of whom were with the Pollock boy when the proposition was made to catch the ore train to go up the road to the swimming hole, testified to getting on the train themselves, but neither saw Charles Pollock get on.

One witness was called to testify as to measurements made at the crossing Aug. 31, in which the distances between the plank and the rail where the Pollock lad claims his foot was caught was from two and one-quarter to three inches wide.

The Pollock boy himself was called to the witness stand yesterday afternoon and his cross-examination had not finished when the court adjourned last evening.

He made an excellent witness in his own behalf, one of the best for his age that has appeared in district court in some time. He was straightforward in his replies, and his story was practically unshaken by the cross-examination.

He related in a boy's own language how he happened to be at the railroad tracks with some companions who were bound for the "swimmin' hole," and who thought to expedite matters by catching a ride up the track on an empty train. Charles testified that he did not attempt to catch on the train, having been warned by his parents, and said that after the other boys had gone he stood between the tracks and counted the loaded ore cars on a downbound train. The lad said that he had counted about fifteen or sixteen cars, when he happened to turn around and saw an engine with a load of empties coming up on the lower track. He testified that the train was at the cattle guards, and but a short distance from him when he started to make the crossing and get outside of the tracks, believing it dangerous to stay between the tracks. As he was going over the crossing in a direction at an angle to the outer rail, his foot slipped between the rail and a plank in the crossing and he was unable to get it out.

Graphically he related how he leaned out from the track and tugged in the vain effort to release himself, how the engine pilot struck him and he was pushed over backwards, the heavy wheels passing over and rushing his foot and leg. He told of his attempt to get on his feet as he rolled out from the engine, how his injured leg gave way and he rolled down the embankment into the ditch and "went to sleep."

He related how he "woke up" and saw some of his young friends, the surgeon, a policeman and other men standing around him, and recalled the names of several of these. During all this time he said he did not make one cry, although he was in great pain.

Counsel for the railway company tried to shake his testimony by questions that were intended to lead to an admission that the boy was attempting to catch on the cars when he fell under the wheels, but Charles did not depart from his own version of the accident.

Cases on call tomorrow are—Nos. 69, 70, 71, 72, 73 and 75.

A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

This Shield on the Box

WELSBACH MANTLE MANUFACTURERS WELSBACH CO. WELSBACH QUALITY

We make less profit on the Yusea Welsbach mantle than on the others—but we make more customers. All Dealers.

28

GOES TO ASHLAND.

C. R. Lonergan Made Northern Pacific Agent There.

C. R. Lonergan, who for the last three years has held the position of traveling freight agent of the Northern Pacific road with headquarters at Duluth, has been appointed agent of the road at Ashland. The appointment will take effect Sept. 15.

The Northern Pacific road at present, maintains a joint agency at Ashland with the Northwestern, but the business has grown to such proportions that the management deemed it advisable to establish a separate office and the appointment of Mr. Lonergan is the result.

T. E. Blanche, general agent of the road at Duluth, will return from Portland, Ore., tomorrow, at which time he will appoint Mr. Lonergan's successor.

Mr. Lonergan was formerly connected with the old St. Paul & Duluth road at Minneapolis. He was then transferred to Duluth and remained with the St. Paul & Duluth until he took the position he now holds. During his service with the Northern Pacific Mr. Lonergan has handled that part of the business pertaining to the ranges and the copper country and is one of the best posted railroad men in the territory which he has covered.

NOTICE.

Anna Stang Hive No. 61, L.O.T.M. will give a dime social and raffle a sofa pillow at Kalamazoo Hall, Friday Evening, Sept. 11.

NOT DULUTH LINE.

St. Paul Paper Sells Local Telephone System.

A St. Paul evening paper yesterday contained an item to the effect that Arnold Kalman, of St. Paul, associated with a number of prominent business men from other cities of the Northwest, had purchased the "People's Telephone company, of Duluth."

Inquiry of William Harrison, attorney for the Zenith Telephone company of Duluth and the People's Telephone company of Superior, developed the fact that the item is wide apart from the facts.

The plant purchased is that of the People's Telephone company of Detroit, Mich., which has been bought by interests associated with the Stromberg-Carlson company, the manufacturers of the telephones used by the independent lines.

There is no People's Telephone company of Duluth, of course, though the item in the St. Paul paper might give many the idea that either the Superior system had been purchased or that a slight mistake had been made in the name in confounding it with the Superior system.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 8:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, the "Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.00 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

GETS A VERDICT.

John Tischer Gets $350 In District Court.

The jury in the personal injury case of John Tischer against the Duluth-Superior Traction company, returned a verdict this morning of $350 for Mr. Tischer. The trial was finished yesterday afternoon, the case going to the jury shortly after 4 o'clock. An agreement was reached some time during the night and the sealed verdict was opened when court convened this morning.

The damage action of L. R. Martin against Carney Brothers is being tried today in Judge Cant's room. Mr. Martin sued to recover for some ties to which he claims title and which he alleges that Carney Bros. appropriated. H. B. Fryberger and Baldwin, Baldwin & Dancer appear for Mr. Martin and J. A. Murphy and R. A. Wilkinson, of Superior, appear for Carney Bros.

MANY SOLDIERS SICK.

Halle, Prussia, Sept. 10.—The very great number of men on the sick list due to the over exertions of the first days of the army maneuvers in this vicinity, and the continuance of the storm, caused Emperor William to stop the military operations today after the troops had been two hours in the field, especially as wireless telegraphing and balloon signalling were impossible.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.

TO DISCUSS IRRIGATION

Duluth Will Be Represented at National Irrigation Congress.

Duluth and the Commercial club will be represented at the eleventh National Irrigation congress, which will be held in Ogden, Utah, Sept. 15 to Sept. 18, inclusive. A delegation comprised of Col. C. H. Graves, J. H. Upham, Capt. Ray T. Lewis, Oscar Mitchell, M. E. Cullom and R. V. Eva, was appointed today to represent the local interests at the national meet.

The delegation will leave St. Paul on a special through car, in company with delegations from the Twin Cities, Saturday evening, at 5:30 o'clock. The return trip will be made Sept. 21, the special car reaching Minneapolis at 2:45 p. m. The questions that will be discussed before the national irrigation congress are some of vast importance to the interests of the Northwest. In fact, the irrigation question is considered one of two most important to this part of the country, the other question being that of reciprocity with Canada.

Mr. Mitchell, who will go with the Duluth delegation, will represent Mayor Hugo, as the latter is unable to leave the city at this time.

AFFAIRS MORE QUIET.

W. W. Browne Says Ranges Are Duller.

According to the statements of W. W. Browne, of Biwabik, who is staying at the Hotel McKay, the range is quiet now compared to what it was a year ago, and there is not as much money being paid out. In speaking of the general conditions in the neighborhood of Biwabik, Mr. Browne this morning said:

"Owing to the fact that the forces at work on the range have been thoroughly organized during the last year there is not as much doing there this year as last. At that time the systems of operating the mines had not been completed and more money was spent for labor. Now everything is running smoothly and there are few if any surplus workmen employed.

"This in a measure reduces the business done at Biwabik and the merchants there feel the loss of the extra sales. Aside from the facts I have mentioned, all appear to be doing a fair business."

GIRL HAD TO PUT ON SHAWL

Before Carrie Nation Would Appear on Same Platform.

New York, Sept. 10.—Carrie Nation and Florence Burns appeared together in Morrison's theater, Rockaway. It was the last night of the season, and it was decided to put Carrie and her hatchet on with the girl who became famous after the mysterious murder of Walter Brooks.

When the Burns girl came upon the stage Carrie gave a glance at the low-cut gown and declared that she would not appear with any woman in that kind of dress. It was not until a shawl had been put around the Burns girl that Carrie would go ahead.

"You are a faker, that's what you are," said Miss Burns.

"Maybe I am, but I'm no woman to appear with such a woman with no more clothes on than one of the park statues," said Carrie, as she waved a Bible.

The audience listened to the lecture of Carrie, for which Carrie got $50.

While waiting to go on Carrie had a talk with Lottie Gilson.

"You are a nice girl," said Carrie. "Don't ever marry a man who smokes cigarettes."

"If I do he will buy his own. He won't get any of mine," said the actress. "It costs enough to buy smokers for one's self."

"Do you smoke?" shrieked Carrie.

"Yes, when I feel like it." was the reply.

"Take me out of here," yelled Carrie to her manager, and she was led away. "Some of these vaudeville folks will be drinking in my presence in a minute. Ain't there no laws in the land to protect women from whisky?" Carrie asked as she was led around to the rear of the theater, where she listened to the surf of the ocean until the time came for her to go on.

CANNOT SEE HER CHILD.

Order Issued By Court Against German Actress.

Berlin, Sept. 10.—The Berlin court before which the suit for divorce was brought some time ago by Count Minotti formerly of the Italian diplomatic service, against Agnes Sorma, the most noted actress of the German stage, accusing her of misconduct with Harry Walden, who created the part of Prince Karl Heinz, in "Old Heidelberg," has issued an order, pending the hearing of the case, that the count shall have the custody of his 12-year-old son and has forbidden the mother, who is still in the sanitarium where she was taken about four months ago, to see the boy. Agnes Sorma was wealthy when she married Count Minotti, but it is alleged that he lost most of her fortune by gambling. It is said that the actress will never reappear on the stage as her health is completely broken.

HANNA WILL SPEAK.

Cleveland, Sept. 10.—Senator Hanna today denied a printed statement that he had decided not to speak at the dedication of the McKinley monument at Toledo, next Monday, because, as reported, he feared that he would be overcome by his feelings and fail to do the subject justice. Mr. Hanna said he had no idea of cancelling his engagement to speak upon the occasion mentioned. Prominent Republicans from all parts of the state were visitors at Mr. Hanna's today.

Ask your doctor if Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured his hard cold.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Formal Opening and Sale of New Autumn Waists Tomorrow



This means that every woman at the Head of the Lakes, who is interested in this season's fashions, will be here—

The Marquise



We are the exclusive sellers of "Marquise" Waists for Duluth—a Waist that is known from coast to coast as being one of the very best made and is handled by the most important houses of the large cities.

The showing includes—Waists of Granite Cloths, Prunella Cloths, Madras, Cheviots, plain and fancy Vestings and imported Matlasse Cloths—also some very new and beautiful styles in Silk Waists.

We shall place them on sale tomorrow morning.



Silberstein & Bondy Company.



A PERILOUS ENCOUNTER

By Edith Morgan Willett.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Two lonely hours to face and then that brother of hers would be here.

Ah! there were those sounds again! The girl sprang to her feet, thereby considerably upsetting the equilibrium and dignity of the yellow cat.

"What a goose I am!" she declared, resolutely returning to the arm chair.

"It's only the 'Post,' with its account of the Wilson robbery, that has filled my mind with burglars. I won't look at the horrid paper again."

Yet notwithstanding she was no sooner comfortably settled than she took up that identical sheet and with true feminine inconsistency proceeded to read certain glaring head-lines word for word.

"Burglars make a clean sweep," crowned the page in large type, then below followed the details of one of the most noteworthy robberies of the season.

"Silver, jewelry and other valuables made way with. Detectives on the lookout for 'John Bull' as he is known in housebreaking circles, who is believed to be at the bottom of this and other daring burglaries. A reward of $5000 is offered for his capture."

The girl's eyes, horribly fascinated, traveled to the bottom of the sheet where a description of the notorious British burglar was presented in large letters. "Age about 30. Height over six feet. Figure athletic. Complexion fair. Looks like a gentleman."

Was it only her absurd fancy that was fitting a latchkey to the outer door?

Her hands gripped the sides of the chair. What was to be done? She thought of the dinner gong yearningly, and with sudden inspiration of Tom's pistol in his top drawer upstairs. With these trusty weapons at hand how safe she would feel.

The gong was easily procured from the dining-room, but it took a lengthy search amid a troubled sea of handkerchiefs and neckties in Tom's top drawer to discover his pistol. This wasn't loaded, fortunately for her, but held in the proper masculine attitude would do beautifully, and down the stairs she fled, the little steel revolver held aloft at full cock, her forefinger on the trigger.

But on the bottom step she came to a full stop—for something strange and familiar confronted her in the shadow of the library door. At first she joyfully thought it was Tom's valise standing there nicely strapped but inconspicuous, but a second glance removed that possibility.

The girl stood irresolute on the staircase trying to think clearly. Of course his first object would be the silver in the dining room, he must be there now, in which case her refuge should be the library.

She reached that conclusion and the door simultaneously, pulled back the portiere with a jerk and drew up panting on the threshold, for before her, standing with his back to the fire, in the act of examining a bejeweled paper weight, which he must have picked up from the table beside him, was the burglar.

At her approach he turned a startled face, and for a moment the little repousse ornament trembled in his hands—the next he had replaced it on the table.

"Miss Haversham, I believe," he said, coming to meet her with what she felt was a pitiful attempt at nonchalance.

The girl only stared at him. Her dazed eyes were taking note of his height, the athletic, gentlemanly figure. The close cropped, blonde hair. The unmistakably English face.

Her inventory tallied exactly with the original. Was it possible that before her stood the great notorious John Bull himself?

But a sudden laugh from the man brought her back to her senses.

"May I ask," he was inquiring deferentially enough, "if those two alarming objects you are holding are intended for me?"

The pistol and the gong! of course! how absurd she must look! The girl flushed with annoyance.

"It's just because I'm the only person in the house," she began in self-defense and then stopped abruptly.

What a thing to tell a burglar!

His twinkling eyes only increased her confusion.

"Not that I am alone in the house," she went on desperately. "My brother, of course—I—I—" How she was going to truthfully end that sentence she had not the least idea, but the burglar saved her the trouble.

"Oh, yes!" he interrupted, with a brazen effrontery that astonished her. "I'm afraid you won't see your brother for another hour. He's been detained in Boston on business."

"So you came on ahead and took possession," she rejoined, with a biting little laugh.

The villain, he had timed his visit well. No wonder he felt secure with only one defenseless girl to cope with.

With swift decision she seated herself in the arm chair. If he could be delayed, diverted, engaged in conversation.

"Won't you sit down?" she asked, with an inviting smile.

"Now, let's have a plain talk together," she began confidentially. "I assure you I'm quite to be trusted, and I want to ask you a lot of questions. In the first place, are you the genuine John Bull?"

The burglar regarded her inquiringly. "Well, yes," he said slowly. "I think I can aspire to that distinction."

She could not resist clapping her hands. "I knew it! I knew it!" she declared triumphantly. "You see, I read all about you in the Post this very evening, and now to actually see you." She drew a long breath and eyed him critically.

A queer expression crossed the burglar's face. Was it embarrassment or amusement?

She contemplated him with gravity. "You see," she said, earnestly, "I can't help being sorry for you when I think of the dangerous life you are leading, the awful risk you ran. To think (she clasped her hands excitedly) that at any moment you may be captured. Haven't you found out that you are a tremendous catch?"

The burglar raised his eyebrows a trifle. "I confess," he began lightly, "that thought never occurred to me before."

How careless and incredulous his tone was! Her heart beat fast and thick. Could it be possible that he did not realize that he was a hunted man, a prize on his head? The girl rose to her full height.

"Don't you know," she blurted out, "that the whole country is on your track, your name is in all the papers and a full description of you has been cabled all over the United States?"

But the man only stared at her blankly a moment and then burst out laughing.

"Now you are chaffing me," he declared. "You're not in earnest. I can't believe that you Americans would make such a fuss over a mere title."

His "title?" Did he mean his sobriquet, his alias?

"Ah well," she said, repressing an inclination to laugh, "you're a notorious character, you know."

"I am afraid you were hard up," she continued, hesitatingly. "I know nothing but pressing need of money would have brought you here tonight, and I want you to let me help you out. Yes," she continued emphatically, warming to her scheme, "I'm going to make you a fair and square proposal. I'll give you the things, instead of your—er—taking them! These rings, for instance" (she was stripping her bejeweled fingers) "and this bracelet ought to be worth something in ready money." She held them out to him with an inviting smile, but the burglar recoiled, his face working strangely.

"Are you mad?" he said in quick, staccato tones," or is this one of your American jokes?"

"Of course, it isn't," the girl protested, indignantly. "I'm in dead earnest, and this isn't all, nearly all that I want to give you. We've some old family silver, hideous but valuable, and lots of other things that I'm going to get this very minute."

She was moving rapidly towards the door, as she spoke, but the burglar made no attempt to follow her this time, he only stood rooted to the carpet, his face expressing utter bewilderment.

Suddenly his heel crushed something that rustled crisply. He stooped down with an exclamation. It was only a newspaper in a crumpled heap by the arm chair, and he was about to replace it carelessly on the table when a certain paragraph caught and riveted his eye.

One instant he stood staring at it in silent amazement, the next a peal of deep bass laughter rang through the room. Surely the burglar seemed like one possessed. He hugged himself mirthfully, chuckling like a schoolboy, and staggering about in spasms of uncontrollable laughter. These lasted only for a few moments, however, for a light footstep in the hall recalled his self-possession.

The girl came towards him breathlessly, her arms laden with a varied collection of silverware which she proceeded to place on the table one by one.

"I'll just stow this ere in my valse right hoff if you'll allow me." He fetched it from the hall forthwith and proceeded to pack away each article with great care. The girl watched him with wondering eyes. A change sudden and unmistakable had come over him in the last few minutes. She supposed it was the sight of the silver that had turned the gentleman into the burglar, and a cockney at that, for now that he was off his guard a lack of "h" was painfully evident.

She turned on him impulsively.

"Tell me, have you never done any honest work in your life?"

"No mum," he confessed, "I've never done a stroke of honest work in my life."

"Perhaps," she suggested, "I might get you a position in some good livery stable, where you could drive hacks and that sort of thing. There must be lots of openings and—who knows—you might end by owning a cab yourself."

It was an alluring prospect, but her enthusiasm awakened no response. The burglar only looked distinctly depressed.

"It ain't no use miss," he said, gloomily. "Them chances fall to luckier chaps than me."

The girl smiled at him encouragingly. "Ah, well," she reminded him, "perhaps it's best to be satisfied with less. Don't mind starting from the very beginning. Think"—it cost her a certain effort to say it—"how your wife is probably breaking her heart for you."

The man started, then he eyed her inscrutably. "Beggin' yer pardon, miss," he said, "I'm unfortunately not a married man."

The statement gave her a not wholly unpleasant shock, but she saw her duty plainly before her.

"Oh, but you must get married," she began, forcing a brisk and enthusiastic manner. "A good wife would be the saving of you" (her cheeks crimsoned beneath his steady, disconcerting gaze, but she went on bravely with her set little speech). "Now, take my advice, and be on the lookout for a nice, thrifty young woman, some one who'll take care of you and look after your savings."

"Thank you, mi'am," said the burglar. He stopped abruptly, his words cut short by the distant shriek of an engine that suddenly filled the room.

"The 11:30 express!" ejaculated the girl. "Tom has arrived."

"Your brother!" repeated the burglar incredulously, "already?"

"Yes!"—she was feverishly consulting her watch—"he'll be here in five minutes—no, ten at the latest." Her voice shook a little. "Aren't you going now?"

"No," said the burglar. He had crossed the room and now stood facing her, his broad shoulders set against the door.

"No," he declared emphatically, "I've about decided to stay and give myself up."

"But," she stammered, her eyes looking appealingly in his, "I—I want you to escape this time."

The burglar started perceptibly. "Hi escape?" he ejaculated. "Hi couldn't 'ave 'eard you rightly, mum; you didn't use that word?" She was standing by the window, her hands pressed tightly together. "Yes," she said determinedly, "escape right away—by this window. I insist upon it."

He got up on the sill. "Well, ma'am," (thus reproachfully), "it's not my wish you houghtn't to 'ave tempted a repentant burglar from following after 'is converted conscience."

She hastened in sudden recollection to pick up his bag from the floor. "Don't wait another instant," she warned him. "Here's your valise. Now go."

He swung himself out of sight.

The girl watched a moment by the window listening intently, but not a sound was to be heard. He must have gotten away safely. Five minutes passed, ten. "I need not have hurried him away so fast," she thought in sudden disappointment.

But a sudden slam of the door cut short her meditations. "Hello, Sis," rang a big voice, and running forward, the girl threw her arms around a stalwart individual in an ulster.

"Yes, here I am at last," he announced cheerfully. "Was detained unexpectedly by my lawyer in Boston, so I sent on Jack ahead, by the way (his voice sunk to a whisper), he's my ranching chum, whom I've brought back with me; awfully nice fellow. Gave him my latchkey and told him to make himself at home. I knew you'd look after him all right." (He broke into a laugh.) "And yet in spite of all my directions, I'm blest if the old chap didn't reach the house just as I did. Come in, Jack, and explain how you lost your way!"

"I'm afraid there was a mistake somewhere," confessed a well-known voice.

The girl gave a great start. In the doorway, behind Tom, topping even his tall shoulders, appeared an unmistakable figure in gray tweeds.

He was coming towards her. As in a dream her hands were taken in a firm, friendly grasp. "So glad to meet Tom's sister," said a familiar voice. "I really feel as if I knew you already."

"So do I," she faltered, her eyes meeting his in swift appeal, "and yet I don't even know your name."

"That's so," broke in her brother. "I'll have to make a formal introduction. Mildred, allow me to present to you Lord Huntingdon, captain of Her Majesty's Life Guards and the earl of Deerfield."

Webster's dictionary helps you spell a word, but The Herald will take the word to the people.

Catarrh is not a Luxury

OR A NECESSITY.

Catarrh makes a man ridiculous—it makes him an offensive nuisance and it makes him dangerously sick. It is pretty sure to bring on consumption, pneumonia, or at least a throat affection. You can not afford either, but you can afford the cure for it. It is Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It relieves a cold or catarrh, or cures a headache in 10 minutes. Don't hawk and spit and disgust your friends, but cure yourself by the use of this remedy.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves Eczema in a day—35c.

Oldest Bank at Head of the Lakes. Incorporated 1879.

The AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,

DULUTH, - MINN.

Capital ----------$500,000

Surplus and Profits $250,000

Deposit Your **SAVINGS** in our Interest Deposit Department

Books given and interest paid on Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. If out of town send your money by mail or express with signature and address.

Open Saturday Evenings 6 to 8 to accommodate those who cannot come during the day.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Cor. First Street and Third Ave. W.

Exceptional Values In Sideboards



Sideboards similar to cut—made of solid hardwood—finished in golden color—have silver drawers—large linen drawers—cupboard below—beveled plate mirror—carved front and top—the usual store would price equal values at $18—we sell them for—

$10.75

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

"Our Partial Payment Plan" Means Just This:

That in the event that you should want credit when buying Furniture, Carpets and Stoves—that you can have it, and pay a little down and a little each month.

All prices are marked in plain figures at prices lower than any other Duluth store. You are not charged anything extra for this accommodation—it is simply a convenience for those who want it.

OUR TERMS:

$5.00 a month on a	$25.00 purchase.
$6.00 a month on a	$35.00 purchase.
$7.00 a month on a	$50.00 purchase.
$8.00 a month on a	$60.00 purchase.
$7.00 a month on a	$75.00 purchase.
$10.00 a month on a	$100.00 purchase.

Lamps.

The new ones are here—and such a showing of beautiful new lamps you never set eyes upon. Come—look them over—there certainly ought to be one among the assortment to interest you—specially priced.

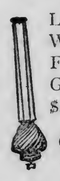
Parlor Lamp



Beautiful decorated Parlor Lamp—round burner, new style, regular $3.50 value, special at—

$1.68

Hall Lamp



Like cut—with Wrought Iron Frame—Pink Globe—regular $2.00 value for—

98 cents

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

DISPOSAL OF LAND

Gen. Andrews' Views In Regard to Timbered Sections.

Remainder Should Be Sold to Manufacturers By Measurement.

St. Paul, Sept. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gen. C. C. Andrews, chief (forest) fire warden of Minnesota, gave the following interview today on the disposal of government pine lands.

The Chippewa Indians, of whom 7000 are living in a much better condition than they were ever in before, once held possession to all of the northern Minnesota forest. They from time to time parted with their title to the United States. Under the homestead law an actual settler may take 160 acres of any vacant public land for his homestead whether timbered or not if it is so suitable for agriculture. It is often the case that valuable pine timber is found standing on a quarter section (160 acres) mixed with birch, maple and other hardwood trees; and where a settler clears and cultivates such land nobody can object if he is lucky enough to acquire some valuable timber. Every such settler has to take oath that he takes the land for cultivation and not for speculation. Land which is covered wholly with pine timber and the soil of which is sandy cannot in good faith be taken for cultivation.

If the United States had managed its pine timber lands on forestry principles, it would have had the timber sold at a fair valuation, to the highest bidder, just as the state of Minnesota is today selling the pine timber on its school lands. If the government had pursued that course the manufacturers of lumber would have had a fair chance to purchase timber in a legitimate way and the lumber would have been furnished to the public at cheaper rates than now prevail.

Congress, however, did not authorize the government to pursue such a policy. Up to about forty years ago the practice was to sell the pine timber lands at public sale to the highest bidder at the various land offices. After the lands had been offered so many days the practice was to discontinue the public sale and allow the lands to be purchased at $125 per acre at private sale. The theory was, and it looked well on paper, that purchasers would honestly compete, but it was found in practice that they would have an understanding among themselves not to buy much land at public sale, but wait and obtain it at private sale at $1.25 an acre. In this way people obtained pine lands at $1.25 an acre, which were worth $5 or more per acre.

This system was finally discontinued and new ways of disposing of the pine lands were adopted neither of which have proved legitimate. One way was the location of Indian "scrip"—certificates authorized by congress to be issued by the interior department to certain Indians or mixed bloods that the holder or his substitute had a right to select and hold eighty or more acres of vacant public land. The certificates being transferable were purchased at so much an acre and could be used in payment for pine lands.

Another way to obtain such lands was the use of "scrip" issued to people who had settled within areas taken for forest reserves and who were thus allowed to take any other vacant public lands in lieu of what they held in forest reserves.

While another way is under the stone and timber act by which any citizen can purchase 160 acres and no more of pine or any other timber land of the United States at $2.50 an acre. Some of the best tracts of pine land in Northern Minnesota contain from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 feet board measure of standing pine on 160 acres and of the value, at $4 a thousand, the present average price of from $8000 to $12,000. What the United States receives for such a tract under the stone and timber act at $2.50 an acre is only $400.

The purchaser under the stone and timber act has to make oath that he does not purchase the land for speculation. Remember that he can only purchase 160 acres. What does he want it for unless for speculation? He would not buy a mill and undertake to manufacture it himself. On an average the purchasers of pine timber land under the stone and timber act clear each a thousand dollars or over which profit is thus taken out of the timber before it comes into the hands of the manufacturer. This profit must come out of the consumer.

I submit that it would be very much better for all concerned if the remaining public pine lands in Minnesota could be sold direct to the manufacturer according to measurement at their proper value and in such quantities as he desires.

EDITOR'S HOME DYNAMITED.

Berne, Ind., Sept. 10.—The home of Fred Rohers, editor of the Berne Witness, was almost entirely demolished by dynamite early this morning. The family was taken from the ruins with slight injuries. Rohers' paper has been leading the opposition to licensed saloons.

DISCUSSES DRAMA

Frederick Warde Addresses Saturday Club on That Subject.

Speaks of Its Origin, Evolution and Its Accomplishment.

Yesterday afternoon Frederick Warde addressed the members of the Saturday club and their friends at the club room of the library. Mr. Warde spoke of the origin, evolution and accomplishment of the drama, and also spoke of the greatest dramatist, Shakespeare. He said:

"To say that I will speak of the origin, evolution and accomplishment of the drama sounds as though I were to be severe and formidable, but I shall endeavor to be nothing of the kind. Of all the forms of amusement provided for man's enjoyment the drama is the most loved and popular and has the strongest hold on the people and the reason is that the dramatic instinct is inherent in man.

"The first dramatic performance was given by Thespis, in Greece, about 600 years before Christ. Before this a form of entertainment was given, with choruses, but at this time an individual appeared with replies given by the chorus. Later, with the dramas of Sophocles and Euripides, companies were formed and the plays presented. Of course there was no scenery or accessories to help out the presentation. The plays were often given with nature as the background. In this twentieth century we have gone back to the outdoor performance, and often the most effective are such performances as 'As You Like It,' presented with nature itself as the setting.

"The power of the drama was now acknowledged, and the church took it under its wing, for its effect upon the auditors was not to be ignored. So one is not so very far wrong in saying that the first stage was the altar, the first actors the priests. Then the church became fearful of the power of the play, and it was banished from the altar to the door, from the door to the yard, from the yard to the fields beyond, and there it has thrived and become one of the greatest forces in its civilizing influences.

"Then there came a time for it in England during the Britain supremacy when it was condemned as a baneful influence and was little seen. Following this, however, came what might be called the renaissance of the drama under its patroness, Elizabeth, when such minds as Shakespeare, Green and Fletcher produced their great works. Then came a period when the freedom of expression of the drama brought it into disrepute and this was a blow which the purifying and refining influences following had to work hard to mitigate.

"The object of the drama is to instruct, refine and elevate. As Shakespeare himself tells us the object is "to hold the mirror up to nature." Critics have said that the drama and acting is not art, but the criticism is gross injustice. A work that must combine the arts, of painting, music, sculpture, and the art and work of the architect must be art of the highest kind. The dramatic instinct is inherent in all of us. A child displays it from its earliest life. Observe a little girl. Almost her first plaything is a doll, and she will dress it and cuddle it and fondle it in direct imitation of her mother. Dramatic instinct. Then a boy will, with a cap and stick, play a soldier. Direct imitation. Then later the girl will put on a long skirt and do up her hair—acting again, you see. Later, when she gets into society—but then we all know how much acting there is in society. The boy from playing soldier goes to running around with a false face, scaring his small sister. Acting again, pretending to be something he is not, and so it goes."

The influence of a number of single individuals in patronizing the good in the drama and discountenancing the vulgar and poor was dwelt upon. A number of Shakespearian quotations were given in Mr. Warde's charming manner, and his talk, which has nearly become an annual affair, becomes even more popular with the women of Duluth.

La Belle Creole

10c. ALWAYS EVERYWHERE



THEY ARE MILD

Save the Bands

AT WEST DULUTH

The pleasure seekers who attended the annual picnic of the West Duluth Masons yesterday, were treated to a spectacle that was not included in the program.

On the return of the boat from Fond du Lac, a wagon belonging to H. R. Patterson and driven by Thomas Bowen, was waiting for the picnickers to relieve them of their baskets and other belongings. As the boat drew up at the Merrill & Ring dock, the crowd from the boat crowded the horse too close to the edge of the dock, and he was in some manner backed off into the water.

The wagon and driver followed and instantly the crowd was in a commotion. Aid was immediately rendered the man, who narrowly escaped drowning before he could be reached, and then a number of men attempted to save the horse, which was struggling frantically in the water.

Ropes and pulleys were secured and a line was passed under the horse. Just as the animal was pulled to the top of the dock, however, the noose slipped over his head and he fell back into the water. He had now become thoroughly exhausted by his struggles and before another line could be fastened about his body, sank.

The wagon is still lying in the slip, but it will be taken out this afternoon.

TROUBLES MULTIPLY.

Misfortunes Pile Themselves Upon Richard Fitzgerald.

Misfortunes and sorrows have multiplied themselves over the head of Richard Fitzgerald in a manner that seldom falls to the lot of a man.

Mr. Fitzgerald is a former resident of Duluth, but is at present living in Buhl.

He came to West Duluth for the purpose of having his hand treated for blood poisoning, which set in as the result of an accident recently sustained. When he left the train at Proctorknott, he was greeted with the sad tidings that his sister, Mrs. Frank Kelley, was dead. The news had been telegraphed to him, but the telegram had not reached him.

Upon the examination of the poisoned hand, Dr. Graham pronounced an operation necessary, and Mr. Fitzgerald will be compelled to lose his hand in order to save his life.

At his home in Buhl, his wife and child are both lying ill, and it is feared that the latter will not be alive to greet him on his return.

Mr. Fitzgerald has many friends in West Duluth who are doing all within their power to aid him in his trouble.

DEADLY FLY PAPER.

John Hanson, of Seventy-second avenue west, is minus a valuable bird dog as the result of a peculiar accident.

For the past few months Mr. Hanson has been training the dog preparatory to taking him out this fall on a hunting trip. The animal learned quickly and was one of the cleverest bird dogs in this portion of the city.

Yesterday, however, he lost his life on account of his fondness for peculiar smells. Mrs. Hanson had thrown out some fly paper of the variety that is placed on a plate and covered over with a liquid preparation. The dog discovered the paper and decided to sample it, with the result that within a short time he was lying in the yard a corpse.

Mr. Hanson had recently refused an offer of $50 for the dog.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

W. W. Clark, of Minneapolis, is in West Duluth today, registered at the Phillips hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hempton, the former proprietors of the Phillips hotel, will leave tomorrow morning for Minneapolis, where they intend to make their home in the future.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Holm, of Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Strongest have returned from their wedding trip to St. Paul and Chicago, and will take up their residence in West Duluth.

Miss Jule Martin has returned from Brainerd, where she has been visiting friends for the past few weeks.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thomas, of 318 Fifty-seventh avenue.

Radiant Home stoves are the best made. We sell them. Wieland & Wade.

Guns and ammunition, all kinds, at lowest prices in the city at Wieland & Wade's.

Heath & Milligan paints guaranteed for five years. Sold by Wieland & Wade.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Burglar Taps Tills While Watchers Are Busily Eating.

Houghton—L. Hennes & Co., wholesale and retail merchants, have missed sums of money from the cash register for several weeks. The clerks remained in the store after closing hours awaiting the thief, and while they were lunching on crackers and cheese the burglar entered through the cellar door, tapped the till and was ready to leave when his presence was discovered. He escaped, leaving a battered hat in a fusillade of revolver shots. The only damage was to various canned goods, the shelving and the ceiling. The burglar is said to be a former employe.

Munising—The Munising branch of the Carpenters and Joiners' union of America considers that it has been insulted by Secretary L. H. Butterfield, of the Michigan state fair, now in progress at Pontiac.

Recently the union wrote to Mr. Butterfield, protesting against the fact that a non-union band had been engaged to furnish music at the fair. In reply thereto it has received the following: "Relative to band music at the state fair, we did engage a band without reference as to whether it was union or non-union. As to the patronage of the Munising union, I do not think it ever gave the fair any patronage or ever expects to do so." The tone of the secretary's letter is much resented by the union men and there is talk of carrying the matter further.

Calumet—A love affair, which brought Miss Sadie Evans from Cornwall, England, to the Copper Country, culminated in the office of Justice Fisher, where she was married to Richard Heather, a miner employed at the Baltic mine. The two fell in love with each other in England, but Heather was poor and decided to market a start in this country before marrying.

The linemen of the Houghton County Street Railway company have struck. The men asked for a 20 per cent increase in wages, which was refused. The result is that the men have stopped work and say they will not return until their demands are granted.

Marquette—Charles Hebard & Son, Philadelphia lumbermen whose mills are located at Pequaming, Baraga county, have awarded a contract to Joseph Gauthier, of Baraga, which calls for the cutting of 22,000,000 feet of pine and its delivery at the mouth of a stream flowing into Lake Superior.

Hancock—The $10,000 necessary to redeem the property of the Portage Lake Young Men's Christian association from the mortgage has been pledged by Houghton and Hancock business men.

Ontonagon—But for the timely assistance of his mother, the 5-year-old son of R. L. Adams, of Ontonagon, would, it is believed, have been fatally burned a few days ago. The youngster and a companion, John Spotten, were playing in the woods near the Adams home. In some manner the Spotten boy got his clothes wet and the youngsters decided to build a fire to dry them. Young Adams went to his home and procured matches. A blaze was soon started and he evidently got too close to it, as his clothes caught fire. He tried to put it out, but was not successful. He started for home, screaming at the top of his voice. Fortunately it was only a short distance and Mrs. Adams, alarmed by the youngster's distress, went to meet him. As soon as she detected his peril she wrapped her apron around the boy and succeeded in smothering out the fire. A physician was summoned and it was found that the boy's hand and right arm were badly burned.

MILLINERY

Now and complete line of the latest patterns in fall and winter millinery, just received. We can suit you. Call and be convinced.

MISS S. LINDGREN,
321 FIFTY-FIFTH AVE. W.
Building formerly occupied by Miss Palmer

Needs Attention.

The manner in which the lots at the corner of Eighth avenue east and Superior street are being filled in has led to considerable comment among those who have noticed it. A creek run through the property, and the fillings threaten to fill up its bed, as the banks of dirt are washing down with the rains. A heavy rainstorm might cause the culvert under the street to fill up and then great trouble would be made by the torrent of water which would be rushing down the creek.

HUNTING FOR MONEY.

Carter Funds Thought to Be In Connecticut.

Stamford, Conn., Sept. 10.—The mysterious arrest and subsequent release of four young men near Woodside park, has led to reports that several detectives are seeking to locate in the vicinity a large sum of money alleged to have been secreted after the exposures leading to the imprisonment of Capt. Carter at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and the flight to Canada of Capt. Greene and John F. Gaynor.

MINER MISSING.

Was Important Witness In Colorado Assault Case.

Victor, Colo., Sept. 10.—Michael Rogers, a miner living at Cameron, has disappeared, and his cabin has been burned. He is the only man who saw the assault on James M. Stewart, the carpenter, ten days ago.

Rogers has since protested that he did not recognize any of the men who accompanied Stewart from his home on the night when he was left at the roadside for dead.

The man found dead near Clyde has been identified as Patrick Burns, a railroad laborer. Whether he was murdered or accidentally shot is undetermined.

Cured of Asthma

After 35 years of Suffering.

It will be gratifying to Asthmatic readers to learn that an absolute cure has at last been discovered by Dr. Schiffmann. That the remedy is an effectual one cannot be doubted after perusal of such testimony as that of C. W. Van Antwerp, Fulton, N. Y., who says: "Your remedy (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure) is the best I ever used. I bought a package of our druggist and tried it and one box entirely cured me of Asthma, and I have not had it since. I can now go to bed and sleep all night with perfect comfort, which I have not done before for 35 years and I thank you for the health that I now enjoy. I hope that you will publish this letter, that others may learn of its wonderful virtues."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 891, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

Circle One Silk and Volga Shoes—a good pair to draw to——

Freimuth's

We fit the hard to fit in Cloaks, Suits and Skirts in our Ladies' Tailoring Dept.

Busy Underprice Friday Bargains

Shirtwaists further reduced—We've still about 8 dozen summer shirtwaists to be closed—so for Friday we take a still further loss, and offer you choice of any summer style in white and colored lawns, madras and cheviots—regular $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 values—for Friday 59c

Children's School Shoes—Strong and durable—made of box calf—with heavy extension sole—city heel—laced—new fall last—regular price $1.75—sale price Friday, per pair $1.25

Women's Turnover Collars Standard make, of fine linen lawn, with hand drawnwork and Irish Point lace tabs, new up-to-date styles—regular 45c and 50c values—special Friday, at each 25c

Poster Pillow Tops—fancy lithographed heads to be covered with gauze—scores of new subjects to select from; regular 50c value—Friday, each 35c

Women's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs with small embroidered initial and wreath—hemstitched hem—laundered—regular price 15c—sale price Friday, each 10c

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs with hand embroidered initial and hemstitched hem—large size—excellent value at 25c—Friday special, each 12½c

Women's Flannelette Gowns of excellent quality striped flannelette—trimmed with fancy braid, regular price 65c—special for Friday, only 50c

Basement Bargains.

A new line of fancy baskets—work baskets, waste paper baskets, silk lined covered baskets, etc. **Special**—A lot of assorted shades, silk lined baskets, worth 50c—choice 25c

Long handled fine feather ceiling dusters, worth 39c, at—each 23c

Japanese dinner pails, worth 39c—each 25c

Japanned folding lunch boxes, worth 25c—at 15c

Good quality steel axes, worth $1.00—tomorrow's special—each 69c

Clothes pins—6 dozen for only 5c

Soap—good laundry soap—12 bars for 25c

Good quality Dust Pans worth 8c—each 5c

Sponge Cake Pans worth 8c—each 4c

5c Pie Tins—special—each 2½c

10 quart Dish Pans worth 30c—at each 21c

Crispy Bread Pans, single worth 39c—each 25c

Crispy Bread Pans, double worth 65c, each 48c

Best quality Wash Benches, sold the world over for $1.50—special—each 98c

Seidlitz Powders—put up in tin boxes—powders wrapped in tin foil—ten powders in box—regular price 25c—special for tomorrow at—per box 15c

Talcum Powder—perfumed—in sprinkler top cans, regular price 10c—Friday our price only 5c

Huck Towels—sizes 18x36—have fancy fast color borders—exceptional value at 15c—special for Friday 10c

FINE STATIONERY
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.
No need to send out of town for it if you see

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY
The Printers
BOTH TELEPHONES. WE CLOSE AT 1 P. M. SATURDAYS.....
Providence Building, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

ODD AMUSEMENT DEVICE.

From time to time we have described in these columns various forms of apparatus which are used at seaside resorts for the attraction of the multitudes that congregate there in the hot summer months, and which display a degree of mechanical ingenuity and understanding of physical laws that in some cases might well have been applied to better advantage in other directions, says the Scientific American. To the "loop-the-loops," "scenic railways," "shoot-the-chutes" and other contrivances with equally vivid and enticing names must now be added an apparatus fully as ingenious as these and fully as competent to tickle the sluggish sensations of the blase New Yorker. This apparatus is intended to furnish the delightfully horrible experience of a head-on collision, without, however, killing or maiming the passengers who are seated in the railway cars employed. The railway system by means of which this end is attained is the invention of Mr. P. K. Stern, a New York electrical engineer. His system is remarkable chiefly for the daring conception which it expresses and for the exceptional skill shown in devising mechanism absolutely safe in its operation. In Mr. Stern's railway system a single track is used on which railway cars are caused to travel either in the same or opposite directions. When one car meets another, it simply rides over the roof of the opposing car on specially provided rails, gently rolls down on the other side of the track, and proceeds upon its way as if it had never left the roadbed.

The cars, although they run upon wheels, are really traveling bridges with overhanging compartments for the accommodation of passengers. Over the framed structure of the cars thus constituted, an arched track is carried, securely fastened to the car and serving the purpose of providing a roadbed for the sliding car. The superimposed track is built in accordance with well-understood principles of bridge construction. The other ends of the superimposed track are designed to form with the surface of the roadway an overhead switch provided with specially formed pilots and with a horizontal axis and a vertical axis. Upon each horizontal axis the respective outer portions of the arched track can swing vertically, and upon the vertical axis the track can swing to a limited extent from side to side. The pilots of the superimposed track are automatic in their operation. When they strike the car ahead they immediately travel up the inclined superimposed way of that car to which they are themselves attached. After the superimposed car has passed over the car below it, the rear pilot as it descends, will be lifted and will gradually drop by gravity to the roadbed.

In the limited space at our disposal, it is impossible to give more than a general idea of the construction and operation of the remarkable construction and operation of this remarkabl railway system. A few features should, however, be specifically mentioned. The permanent roadbed upon which the cars normally travel and the superimposed track on each car are of different gages. The wheels of the car resemble those which were one used on old-fashiond cable railways, formed as they are with a broad middle flange traveling in a centrally grooved track, with lateral portions of smaller diameter sustained by flanges which flank the central groove of the track.

The passengers will find accommodations in the car bodies arranged along each side of the traveling structure, and provided with a removable roof and sides in order to permit ready means of ingress and egress. The top of the rail is only six feet above the base of the rail. In actual practice the cars will be run at a speed of about ten to fifteen miles an hour, which will be quite sufficient for amusement purposes. The inclined tracks with which each car is provided form a gradient of 25 per cent. The actual power to mount such a grade is possibly less than that required to send many a railway train around a sharp curve. The peculiar, arched structure which surmounts each car, when considered in connection with the permanent track itself, forms an undulatory roadway upon which the cars travel with a motion very much akin to that of a boat riding on a billowy sea. The motorman is to take his seat on the roof of each car at about the middle, at which point he will have a clear view of the track ahead and behind him. When in operation a central idol will be used through which a plow works, which will take up the current for transmission to the motor. The rails will be used as a return.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

We want you

to assist us in building up the largest Drug business in the state. Our prescription department and work is perfect.

Kugler
Your Druggist
108 W. Superior St.

OF COURSE if a trial shows—
"Commander" Flour
To be the best you have ever used
YOU WILL HAVE IT AGAIN.
Every Package Guaranteed. All Grocers.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GRAFT IS GOOD

Bakers Like It So Well That They Continue at It.

Now Collecting For the "Orphanage" In Iowa and Illinois.

Mrs. J. S. Baker ,formerly of Duluth, recently convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses at Hudson, Wis., is still working the graft game in connection with the so-called "Baker Orphanage."

Her headquarters have been transferred from Duluth to Alma, Wis., and as the fake orphange has been pretty generally exposed throughout Wisconsin and Minnesota, she is seeking fields in Iowa and Illinois.

A Mrs. J. A. Welty, of Davenport, Ia., was recently engaged by the Bakers to work through Illinois and Iowa as a collecting agent. As soon as she found the "orphanage" was not a correct institution, she returned to Davenport and gave some of her experience with the institution and Mrs. Baker, as follows:

"In Burlington Mrs. Baker told us to say that an orphanage would probably be located there. I collected over all my expenses and salary, and these amounted to a large sum, as I was obliged to stop at the hotels and pay railroad fare, $21 in one week. The surplus amount I turned over to Mrs. Baker. I have reason to believe that other women who were working for her did equally well.

"I detected an error in her statements in regard to the children at the home. A woman came down from Alma, Wis., and joined us at Burlington, who told us that two of the children whom we had been telling were at the institution, and whose photographs we had, were not at the home any more at all.

"While Mrs. Baker was with me she mentioned the name of Police Matron Hill of Davenport many times as a reference, and said that she was the agent for the society in Davenport and recommended the institution."

Mrs. Hill when seen said that she knew very little about the Baker orphanage, nothing in fact but what she had been told by Mrs. Baker herself. She said that she had not authorized the use of her name in connection with it, and had not recommended it to anyone. After hearing Mrs. Welty's story Mrs. Hill wrote to Mrs. Baker warning her not to use her name to further her interests at all.

"I asked Mrs. Baker if the institution had been incorporated," said Mrs. Hill, "and she told me that it had not. I asked her how she expected to do business and did not receive a satisfactory answer. Later, when Mr. Baker was here about a week ago I asked him the same question, and he said something about not being able to do a corporate business in Wisconsin the way they wished to. He said that they were thinking of locating the institution either in Davenport or Burlington, Iowa."

The Bakers now refuse to give up two of Mrs. Welty's children, and she has placed the matter in the hands of an attorney.

Prohibition and Local Option.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Your leader, headed "Prohibition or Local Option," in The Herald on Sept. 8, may be taken for what it is worth, but I think it is nothing but fair that you should give us both sides of the question. You, with your contemporaries, only a few months ago, announced with apparent exultation the overthrow of prohibition in Vermont and Newhampshire, giving the impression that it was the spontaneous reaction of the people of those states, as a consequence of the failure of the system, while the real facts were, that it was the result of a well laid plan of the liquor sellers, or "would-be" liquor sellers, through both the old political parties, to defeat the law. One party offered high license, the other high license and local option. The people were thus, as it were, between the devil and the deep sea, and being afraid the Prohibition candidates could not be elected, they adopted the foolish plan of choosing the least of two evils, viz.: "local option." But be that as it may, have you nothing to tell us regarding the benefits and blessings that have accrued to the people of those, thus so highly favored states, as a result of the changed conditions? We are led to wondering if all means of communication are cut off between you and those states. Else why have you not told us of the marvelous improvement in the conditions there, i. e. in the localities that have voted in the license system; of the tremendous boom in business; beyond anything experienced there in more than fifty years; how that the saloons were unable to supply the demand for the elixir of life, and in more than one instance had to close before closing time, because the business got too heavy for them; how that these previously sleepy towns got waked up, so much so that in several places, it was unsafe for women to be on the streets after nightfall, lest they fall over on in some unpleasant way come in contact with the saloon's finished article; how that one unfortunate woman did to her sorrow, and was prostrated for some time afterwards in consequence; how that the demand for labor got a boom, as the police force had to be doubled, and evening sessions of the police courts had to be held to dispose of the extra business in consequence; how men were in demand to build additions to the jails or build new ones; how the poor relief boards got more work than they had ever had before in caring for the families of those who had banked their hard earnings with these new institutions.

This and more is the undisputable history of the past few months. The increase of poverty and crime through drunkenness is unprecedented, and even the newspapers and large numbers of the business men who favored the change are now appalled and shocked at the results and have declared that they would be glad to reverse their vote if they could, but for two years will be obliged to endure it. But to return to your leader, we mutually agree that the non-enforcement of law—encourages criminality and begets contempt for law, but that the law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors, is in any measure to blame I emphatically deny. The law is simply so much inanimate paper and ink, and quite irresponsible, but the culprit with whom the guilt lies is the perjured officer who swears to obey and enforce all the laws of the state and of the United States, that come under his jurisdiction, and who proceeds henceforth either to violate them himself or allows others to do so with impunity, often as every one knows for a consideration (what do they call it, "graft.") What we want is clean men to form clean political parties, that have the fear of God before their eyes, that will take their religion into their politics, that will no be unequally yoked together with unbelievers, that will not vote the same ballot as the brewers and saloonkeepers, that will be true to their church resolutions, that will raise a new standard, i. e., a man is worth more than gold, and that which debases the man cannot be legalized without sin.

Mr. Editor, I could fill your pages full of data demonstrating that prohibition is a success even in the hands of its enemies, supported fairly well by public opinion compared with license, high or low, and that in the hands of it friends comparisons are odious. Yours for justice and fair play,

G. HOOD THOMPSON.

Duluth, Sept. 10.

Homefitters' bargains Friday and Saturday

Much of the hardship of furnishing the home is relieved by the Glass Block system of low prices. These specials make home fitting still easier. Will you join the happy home makers?

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT



Housefurnishings department.

Everything for the modern kitchen at little prices. It will pay you to visit this busy department every time you are in the store—we are always adding new and desirable things to make the housework easier.

CHAFING DISHES — Our new fall stock for the holidays is now on sale—these useful articles have come into such general use we have put the price very low to be within the reach of all—gas, electric and alcohol burners—we show the new "M. B." alcohol burner on many of these dishes—twice the heat with half the alcohol. Prices run $3.75, $5.25, $5.75 up to the complete outfits (tray, spoon, fork, toaster, cutlet pan and chafing dish, at— each..... $31.95

New Five O'Clock Tea Kettles, Pudding Dishes, etc., now on sale in the basement.

We will demonstrate our new alcohol stove for chafing dishes Friday and Saturday.

OIL HEATERS—The new oil heaters with patent non-smoking, non-smelling burners— impossible to make them smoke—stand three feet high and will heat a large room in the coldest weather—

Japan finish—each... $4.75
Nickel finish—each... $5.25

Cages of all kinds—mice, bird, parrot, robin, breeding and squirrel cages.

STOVE PIPE—Best quality smooth steel pipe, regular 6-inch size, at—per length..... 12½c

ELBOWS—same quality —each..... 10c

VELOCIPEDES—for girls—last call—just four left—two each size —were $3.39 and $5.25—yours if you get here early enough at $2.25 and $1.18

CUSPIDORS—full nickel plate—with loaded bottom—will not spill over—each..... 25c

Crockery and lamp department.

Lamps! Lamps! New fall line now on sale —better than ever before, and lower in price too. We control the output for Duluth, America's best lamp factory.

PARLOR LAMP— Stands 19-in. high, with famous "Royal" center draft burner, lift-out brass fount, brass base and nicely decorated and tinted body, with 9-inch globe to match—price complete—special..... $1.95

PARLOR LAMP—stands 18-in. high, with No. 2 burner complete with decorted globe and body, brass foot, special- each..... $1.25

Others at $2.75, $3.50, $4.50, $5.50 to $45.00, and every one a bargain.

GLOBES— 9-inch globe, neatly tinted and decorated, at— each..... 50c

GLOBES—10-in. globe, with solid decorations, in green and pink, worth $2 at any retail store, special each... $1.25

Others at $1.75, $1.95, $2.25, $2.50 to $19.75.

COLONIAL GLASSWARE—Another shipment just opened—if you have not started using this popular pattern this is a good chance to begin while the line is complete—

Colonial tumblers a doz.... 90¢
Colonial goblets a doz.... $1.10

OUR NEW BIRD DEPT. is now at your service. Another consignment of Hartz Canaries just received. 100 Hartz canaries—every bird guaranteed a singer—every bird strong, healthy and well, each..... $2.50

Females at each..... $2.50
Cuban parrots at each... $5.00
Mex. Redhead parrots.. $5.00
Mex. double yellowhead Parrots each..... $10.00

Money saving sale—blankets and comforts

The blanket combine is boosting the prices but so far we have the best of them and until they beat us you need pay no advance. So you'd better buy early if you have a blanket need. This sale is your friend.

COMFORTERS — We've bought more in quantity and variety than ever before and can give you exclusive patterns in pretty silkoline and sateen coverings with fillings of all pure white cotton. You'll save money on all these opening sale prices.

79c, 89c, 98c, $1.25, $1.48, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50

BLANKETS in half wool and all wool, including camping, ornamental and robe blankets—very complete showing includes the Buffalo Mills, North Star Mills and Pendleton Mills and all our prices will be found considerably lower than others.

From $2.50 to $19.00 per pair.

BUFFALO BLANKETS at the old price—check patterns in blue and white, pink and white, lavender and white, tan and white, black and white, grey and white, red and black. Also solid colors with colored borders—

10-4 size $3.75 | 11-4 size $5 | 12-4 size $5.98

Horseowners! Look to your savings in our harness department--third floor.

Horse and stable fittings bought in our grand new harness shop will save every horse owner from 25 to 50 per cent. You can pay more than Glass Block prices but you can get no better. Come and see. It's worth proving.

Stable sundries.

Whips from 10c to $15.00.
Saddles from $6.75 to $50.00.
Bridles from $1.20 to $6.50.
Curry Combs from 5c to 80c.
Brushes, wood back, 19c to 98c.
Brushes, leather back, 19c to $4.00.
Sweat Pads, 21c to 59c.
Frazer's Axle Grease, 7c.

STRAP WORK of all kinds—Halters, bridles, breast straps, martingales, hame straps, tugs, etc.

HARDWARE for harness — Snaps, buckles, bits, rosettes, terrets, spreadrings, hame trim rings, cinches, housings, reinholds, horse boots, etc.

OILS—Dressings, preservatives, and all necessities for proper care of harness.

Harness.

SINGLE BUGGY HARNESS, with breast collar, double-stitched trace— Others ask $7.50—our price only..... $4.95

SINGLE BUGGY HARNESS for which others ask up to $10.00—1¼ inch traces, double stitched, Japan trimmings, felt terret and loop— our price..... $7.50

SINGLE BUGGY HARNESS with buckle breast collar, XC trimmings, 1⅛-inch tug, double stitched breeching and belly band—Others get up to $12.00—our price..... $8.75

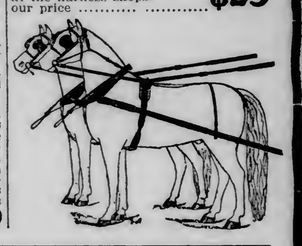
Single buggy at $12.50, $16.00, $19.75, $26.75, $29.50, $32.50 and up to $59.75.

SINGLE SURREY HARNESS at a third less than harness shop prices— $21.50, $25.50, $59.75, $65.00 and $75.00.

SINGLE EXPRESS HARNESS, always at a big saving—$16.95, $18.95 and $25.50.

DOUBLE HARNESS — HERE'S A BARGAIN AT ONLY $16.00 — Traces 1¼ inch, double stitched, with hame tug, XC trimmings, 1⅜ inch skirts single strap, 7 lb. XC hames, ½ inch spread strap with ring. Bridle has ⅝ cheeks, pressed box loops, round winker braces and 3-buckle overcheck. It's as good as any $25.00 double harness you can buy in Duluth— our price only..... $16.50

ANOTHER DOUBLE AT $25.00 — 1¼ inch trace to hame, patent leather ends, 7-lb. Japan band, nickel terret and draft eye hames, saddle 1¼ inch pad with nickel Oxford hook and terret. Patent leather beaded housings. Bridle ⅝ check, pressed loop overcheck. Lines 1 inch front, 1¼ inch hand part, patent leather collars. Couldn't buy a set as good for less than $37.50 at the harness shops— our price..... $25

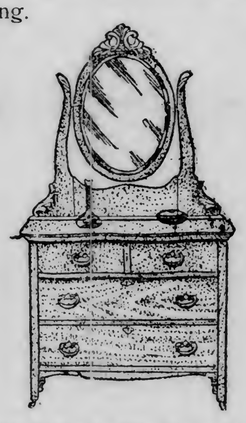


Our furniture hurts only the trust prices.

We offer only the dependable qualities, but we undersell most radically. Come and look around. You'll be astonished at the money we can save you on furniture and bedding.



$4.25 rocker like this — solid quartered oak, handsomely carved, oak seat— only..... $2.98



$14.75 dresser like this—solid oak, bevel mirror, brass trimmings, ball bearing castors..... $9.95



$18.00 sideboard like this—solid oak, bevel mirror, lined silver drawers, brass trimmings... $9.98



$12.50 buffet or side table, table, similar to this—quartered oak, finely polished —only..... $8.75



$1.95 center table similar to this — 24x24 top — solid oak, turned legs, extra heavy and strong.. $1.35



$2.75 bed similar to this, steel rods, heavy malleable joints, enameled in any color..... $1.85

$16.50 MATTRESS—positively the best felt—weight 45 lbs.—French art ticking, one or two parts. Our price, only..... $12.95

$6.50 MATTRESS — Made of pure rattan, fibre center and thick outside layers of white cotton felt—our price..... $4.95

$3.75 WIRE SPRINGS—Heavy frame, woven wire with coil spring support—will not sag—our reduced price, only..... $2.50

GOVERNMENT TO FILIBUSTER

Isthmians Will Be Encouraged to Rise Against Colombia.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Recent developments in isthmian canal affairs indicate that this government will soon be presented with a program of territorial plausibility. Many public men of prominence are privately expressing themselves as in favor of instigating the Panama revolutionists that if they will maintain resistance long enough to be respected, this government will see to it that they are not run over by the superior forces of Colombia.

This is believed to have been in Secretary Hay's mind when he instructed Minister Beaupre to inform Colombia that if the treaty was not ratified unamended, this country would take action which would be a source of regret to all true friends of Colombia. The officials at the state department have discovered a way in which this government can legally aid and abet a revolution on the isthmus.

The treaty of 1846 with Colombia, which makes it our duty to maintain order to the extent of keeping transit open on the isthmus, greatly facilitates this program. No warfare could go far without involving the transit line. The substitution of the Hay-Pauncefote for the Clayton-Bulwer treaty eliminates Britain and leaves the United States single-handed in anything that it may do at the isthmus, and the nations of Europe are so desirous of seeing the canal built with American money that it is believed they would make no objections.

The Colombia senate committee advises the negotiation of a treaty embodying the following provisions:

First—The United States is to pay Colombia $20,000,000 outright for the privileges specified in the Hay-Herran treaty, with the exception that Colombia shall retain absolute sovereignty over the canal zone, including the administration of the law.

Second—The United States to pay Colombia an annuity of $400,000, to be increased 25 per cent at the end of each century.

Third—The new Panama Canal company to pay to Colombia $10,000,000 for the privilege of selling its concession to a foreign power, this privilege not having been granted thus far by Colombia.

Fourth—The reversion of the Panama railroad to Colombia.

Even Dr. Herran, the Colombian minister here admits that these conditions are impossible.

IRON TRADE QUIET

As Contrasted With High Pressure Conditions of 1902.

Business Compares Well With That of Ordinary Times.

Cleveland, Sept. 10.—The Iron Trade Review this week says: The Iron Trade still presents strong contrasts to the high pressure conditions of 1902, yet the volume of business will compare favorably with what have been rated ordinary times. Resistance to any pressure that would carry prices measurably below the present level is apparent in both pig iron and finished material, yet there is no positive development to give assurance that the present level can be maintained. Contract buying is of such small proportions as to give little clue to the requirements of consuming interests. The efforts of the southern furnaces to secure a reduction of 50 cents in freight to the Ohio river was unsuccessful, the railroads answering that the time had not yet come for such a concession. Similar freight reductions would have been asked from northern roads. At present, central western furnaces are quoting under the $11.75 Birmingham basis for No. 2 foundry, sales at Pittsburg being reported at $15.85, which would mean $11 at furnace for southern competitors. This may have given rise to the reports of $11 southern iron. No such sales can be traced, however, though 3000 tons of southern iron have been bought in the week by the leading agricultural machinery interest, and 2500 tons by an Ohio cast iron pipe foundry, on a basis equivalent to $11.50 Birmingham. Gray forge iron has declined further and Pittsburg sales are reported at $15. Purchases of Bessemer iron by the United States Steel corporation for the fourth quarter are still delayed. Steel has been sold by independent producers below the $27 Pittsburg basis established by the pool and a meeting of the steel billet association is expected in the near future to consider prices.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best
Brilliant, Sparkling, Exclusive Designs—Awarded Highest Medals
The name Libbey engraved on every piece
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—Exclusive Duluth Agents.—
315 West Superior St.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 1.
At Brooklyn—Boston, 1, Brooklyn, 0.
Second game—Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 1.
At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 18; St. Louis, 5.
Second game—Cincinnati, 3; St. Louis, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 0.
Second game—Cleveland, 2; St. Louis, 1.
At Boston—Boston, 9; Washington, 4.
Second game—Boston, 3; Washington, 2.
At New York—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 0.
Second game—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Louisville—Columbus, 17; Louisville, 1.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 13; Toledo, 2.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 11; Minneapolis, 10.
Second game—St. Paul, 10; Minneapolis, 9.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	123	83	40	.675
New York	123	74	49	.602
Chicago	123	73	50	.593
Cincinnati	121	64	57	.529
Brooklyn	121	61	60	.504
Boston	122	51	71	.418
Philadelphia	114	39	75	.342
St. Louis	125	71	84	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	121	79	42	.653
Cleveland	124	69	55	.556
New York	114	60	54	.526
Philadelphia	119	62	57	.521
Detroit	117	59	58	.504
St. Louis	121	57	64	.471
Chicago	119	54	65	.451
Washington	120	37	83	.308

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	125	84	41	.672
Louisville	128	77	51	.602
Milwaukee	126	72	54	.571
Indianapolis	128	69	59	.539
Kansas City	124	62	62	.500
Columbus	129	56	73	.434
Minneapolis	127	45	82	.354
Toledo	129	43	86	.333

WILL KISS THE BRIDE.

Drawing Card of Big Ball In St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—All the men may kiss the bride at Liederkranz hall on hallowe'en. A marriage ceremony will be the drawing card of a big ball. The couple, Walter Myers, and Miss Sadie Bohl, will appear on the stage before the dancers and be united in wedlock by a justice of the peace. Already there is great rivalry among the justices, all coveting the honor of performing the ceremony. The couple are to receive $100 in gold, the only condition being that the fair Sadie permit herself to be made the central figure in a kiss fest. The groom has stipulated, however, that each man shall be limited to one kiss.

STILL BOOMS GROVER.

Brooklyn Eagle Has Not Yet Abandoned Hope.

New York, Sept. 10.—Commenting on the advocacy of Grover Cleveland for the presidency, the Brooklyn Eagle says:

"The election of Grover Cleveland would reassure the world of business. It would be a policy of insurance against such gratuitous and dangerous interference as was swithessed when the soereign rights of the state of Pennsylvania were whistled down the wind.

"Every executive act would be anticipated with certainty for the reason that law, conservatism, caution, respect for vested interests would dictate its performance. Also another term for Grover Cleveland would signify that the Democratic party has passed from the entrance to the exit of its mystic maze."

PARRY TALKS ON UNIONISM

Calls Attention to the Recent Lawlessness In Chicago.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 10.—Commenting on the speech of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, delivered here Labor day, President Parry of the National Association of Manufacturers said it was high time some one charged the unions with lawlessness in the carrying out of their policy of force and he was quite sure that events of the past year justify the charge. He then referred to the assault on a citizen by union men at Chicago yesterday simply because he did not have a union card, and continued:

"Such incidents as these are enough to inspire fear in the minds of every law abiding citizen. The case is not exceptional, as every thoughtful citizen knows. Such cases merely reflect the prevailing feeling of enmity among union men toward those who do not belong to the organization. It also reflects the consciousness of unbridled power which gives the license to commit high handed acts. Think of a man noth being permitted to drive his own horse and his own wagon without being set upon by a crowd of ruffians operating under the name of organized labor.

"Crimes innumerable have been committed under the cloak of unionism during the past year. The sentiment of indulgence for the deeds of ignorant men and the fear of inviting personal injury to themselves have held many citizens back from voicing a protest. The neglect and refusal of municipal authorities to enforce the law against men connected with powerful organizations of labor has also confirmed the vicious and ignorant elements of unionism in their behalf that they are a law unto themselves.

"My offense in the eyes of Mr. Gompers is that I have called the attention of the country to the criminal practices so frequently indulged in by unionists. It is true I use strong language. I have tried to talk straight from the shoulder, as there has been so much can't political humbuggery and cowardice in dealing with organized labor on the part of public men that unless plain language is used, no attention would have been paid to what I had to say.

"I think the American people are tired of the crime of violence which seems to be part of the organized labor movement, and unless trades unionists revise their creed, public sentiment will place its seal of condemnation upon the further development of the movement. If what I have said about lawlessness should assist in bringing organized labor to its senses, then I shall feel that I am sufficiently rewarded. I care nothing for the commendation or the obliquy of trades unionists themselves."

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

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A GUARANTEE CURE
For All Poisons of the BLOOD!

Contagious blood poison is a cruel and imperious master; it heeds not the cry of mercy or the voice of prayer. You may have just contracted Blood Poison, or its lingering taint is still in the blood. You are not cured. The old symptoms return. There is only one cure in the world for Blood Poison in any stage—MEDERINE. It searches out the impurities, cleanses and purifies the system, invigorates the whole constitution, beautifies the complexion, renders the skin soft and velvety.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

Price $1.00 per bottle—6 bottle for $5.00. Sent express paid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers. 50c a box.

Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin; a complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.

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JUDGE CHARLES E. FLANDRAU.

With the passing of Judge Charles E. Flandrau, of St. Paul, Minnesota has lost one of the most distinguished of her pioneers. For nearly half a century Judge Flandrau has been a resident of the state and has been distinguished as citizen, soldier, jurist and historian. His was an admirable character, and no man of prominence in Minnesota was more highly respected, had more friends or fewer enemies. Coming to the West when Minnesota was a territory, he took an active and leading part in the framing of the state constitution and when Minnesota was admitted to the Union he was one of the first justices of the supreme court. On his retirement from the bench he resumed the practice of law and became widely known as one of the leaders of the Minnesota bar, retaining that position until the illness which terminated in his demise. At the same time Judge Flandrau took an active part in politics, and in 1867 was the Democratic candidate for governor.

Prominent among the many thrilling events in Judge Flandrau's long and busy life was the leading part he played as an Indian fighter in 1862. He was then an associate justice of the supreme court. The Sioux broke out into a fierce rebellion about New Ulm, which was seriously threatened by the blood-thirsty redskins. Judge Flandrau left his judicial duties, organized a company and marched at once to the scene of action. Reaching New Ulm, he was chosen commander-in-chief of the volunteer forces. A desperate fight with the Indians followed, which lasted forty hours, when Judge Flandrau and his force routed the savages and saved New Ulm from devastation and its women and children from massacre. In that fight he won lasting fame as a brave soldier and resourceful general, and for his gallant services he received the thanks of the state, while a medallion of his face in bronze is borne on the monument which was erected a few years ago on the battlefield to commemorate the event.

Judge Flandrau found time during his busy career as a lawyer to write many interesting articles for the press relating to the early history of the state and he was also the author of two volumes on the Indian wars, prepared at the request of the legislature, and of a "History of Minnesota," published three years ago, which is regarded as the most complete and interesting ever compiled. A collection of frontier tales further enhanced his reputation as a historian. Judge Flandrau's name is indissolubly linked with the history of the Northwest, and Minnesota will ever hold him in honored remembrance.

OUR INTERESTS IN TURKEY.

It is somewhat difficult, in view of the contradictory reports, to learn just what conditions exist in the different parts of the Turkish empire. All seems to be quiet at Constantinople, and since the outbreak of Sunday there has been no disturbance at Beirut. So Admiral Cotton cables, and he is the best authority the United States has. There is no doubt that serious outrages have occurred in Macedonia on the part of both Turk and Bulgarian, but this country is not as much interested in the internal dissensions as long as the lives and property of Americans are not jeopardized. American interests in Turkey are larger than most Americans are aware. The first American mission in Turkey was established in 1819. The people of no other nation have expended money for Christian missionary labor in Turkey as liberally as those of the United States. American real estate holdings in Turkey reach the impressive aggregate value of $6,500,000. These properties are used for educational and religious purposes. In many parts of Armenia and Syria American schools are the only schools that exist. Millions of dollars are invested in business enterprises of American firms in Turkey. American trade with Turkey has been increasing at a rapid rate for several years, and its total value at the present time exceeds $20,000,000 annually.

The demands which the United States will make upon Turkey, emphasized by the presence of the Brooklyn and the San Francisco at Beirut, will no doubt receive, under the circumstances, attention which they have so far been denied. They are unofficially summarized as follows: 1. Recognition of the American educational institutions in Turkey, such recognition already having been granted to the similar institutions of France, Russia, Germany, Italy and England, and persistently withheld for a long time only from American institutions. 2. The full protection of the law for all such institutions, so that the Turks will never again invade their precincts to arrest their professors and to try to set fire to them. At Harpoot, the senior professor of the faculty, Mr. Tenekedjian, has been in prison since June, on ridiculous, trumped-up charges. 3. Full reparation and instant punishment of the perpetrators of the attempt upon the life of the American vice consul at Beirut.

As has been stated in these columns, there is not much doubt but that the American claims will be phomptly met. And when they are, American interest ceases, unless American lives and property should again be endangered.

The old question of wooing by post has been improved upon. Oscar Messler, of Berlin, has invented an apparatus combining the phonograph and biograph so as to produce a speaking biograph. All that the ardent suitor has to do now is take the picture of his Saccharissa, place it on the center-table or the sofa, and make his plea for happiness in front of the device. By express he can send the record of his passion, and my return train receive a cylinder which, introduced into the machine, will complete his bliss or drive him to thoughts of self-destruction.

ILLOGICAL AND UNJUST.

The board of equalization of the state of Minnesota has certainly distinguished itself in a manner that should make it famous in every corner of the land. Its action in deciding to increase personal property tax assessments to 50 per cent of the cash value of the property deserves to rank with the doings of a people of childhood rhymes who sank a chest in the water from a boat and then marked the spot in the gunwale of the boat so they could find the chest again when they wanted it.

There surely never could have been an instance where a public body took so illogical a tack as did this one. For several days the members of the board had been hearing from the governor and the state auditor that only a small proportion of the personal property of the state was being taxed. This was no new idea, for it has been the case ever since the personal property tax came into being, that visible property had to bear all the tax while the more valuable property that was not visible escaped wholly.

Then this brilliant body undertook to remedy the evil by making a large increase in the assessment of the property that has not been escaping, without making any attempt to disclose that which has been concealed.

Of course, it is clear to the most immature mind that this simply intensifies the injustice of the system. The kind of property that cannot get away and is always taxed is almost invariably stuff on which the living of comparatively poor people depends. It consists of farming implements, horses, cattle, pigs, sheep, stocks of merchandise, manufacturing implements, manufacturers' supplies and manufactured material, household furniture, etc.

The kind of personal property that does not bear its share of the burden is the most valuable, of course. Franchises, money, stocks, bonds and kindred kinds of wealth are taxed very lightly, because it rests with the honor of the owner to see that they are returned for assessment. If a man has his money in the bank or in bonds or stocks, it is not taxed, because the assessors cannot find it. If he puts it into a farm, a shop, a store or a home it immediately becomes visible and subject to taxation, so that in effect the system imposes a penalty on enterprise.

Because this valuable, but invisible property is escaping taxation, real estate is paying an unjust share, and the visible personal property is also paying more than it should. This evil called to its attention, the profound state board of equalization gravely proceeds to correct it by throwing a still heavier burden upon the visible personal property.

It is easy to see where this bears most heavily. The farmer, the small manufacturer, the small merchant, the mechanic, the citizen whose only property is embarrassingly visible, must stand the additional burden. Already they were paying more than their share, and it was apparently in their interests that the board was asked to take action. It is inconceivable that a state administration should have gathered together an aggregation of men with perceptions so blunted as to make them believe that this was the remedy.

It is as though a physician, perceiving that a patient was suffering from a dose of poison, should gravely proceed to administer more poison.

THE FARMER IN CONGRESS.

There has been a popular impression that the farmer has not been well represented in the halls of congress. This, however, seems to have been a mistake, judging from the statistics of the members of the legislative body of the country. Speaker-to-be Cannon of the popular branch is from a country district. Mr. Cannon, in fact, takes pride in his farmer phrases, and all his illustrations and personal interests savor of a rural bringing up. The chairmanship, which Mr. Cannon resigns—perhaps the most important in the house, that of the committee on appropriations—falls to James A. Hemenway, who comes from one of the most rural districts in Indiana. It embraces the famous county of Posey, also Pike, Gibson and Spencer. Hemenway himself comes from the village of Boonville. The house committee on foreign affairs has long been presided over by Robert R. Hitt, of Mount Morris, Ill. He is a native of Ogle county, and represents one of the richest farming districts in the Mississippi valley.

Other men whose names are familiar to the public—and that is a fair test of influence in congress—are the following named representatives of essentially country districts: Payne, of Auburn, N. Y., chairman of the ways and means committee, and floor leader of the party; Richardson of Tennessee, leader of the minority; Littlefield of Maine; Tawney, of Winona, Minn., an independent spirit of the committee on ways and means, who may perhaps be a member of the committee on rules in the coming congress, and Hepburn of Iowa, who is a potent influence.

This list might be easily multiplied. Few of the more conspicuous figures in public life in this generation have come from the great metropolitan centers. McKinley, Blaine, Reed and Dingley were all sent by rural constituencies. The New York city delegation emphasizes the story. Those in the last congress were: Storm, Fitzgerald, Bristow, Hanbury, Wilson, Lindsay, Lessler (of naval scandal fame), Creamer, Goldfogle, Swann, Sulzer (better known), McClellan, Belmont, Douglas and Ruppert. The delegation from Chicago, with the exception of Mann and Henry Sherman Boutelle, is notoriously weak. Its other members were Feely, Wilson, Foster, McAndrews and Mahoney. There are exceptions, of course, to the rule that a city member does not count for much, but they are not overpowering. The farmer has no reason to complain of his share of representation in congress, either in senate or house.

Thousands of residents of the great cities do not know the number of their district, or who their congressman is; in the country every farmer has more or less of a personal acquaintance with his congressman, through the receipt of packages of seeds and tariff speeches. The country districts, as a result of this familiar acquaintance with their congressman, keep him in Washington long enough for him to work up to a position in the legislative organization where he has some power. The cities, passing around the honor as a reward to members of political "machines" are practically not represented. No man is allowed to remain long enough, even if he has ability, and it must be admitted that in a majority of instances the city member is no match for his rural colleagues in education or native talent. After all, the congressman who represents the rural districts is the man who becomes a power in the legislative halls.

The state board of equalization would remove the inequalities of the tax assessment system by increasing the inequalities. Truly a brilliant idea!

The surplus of cotton, wheat and corn in the United States will be large enough to ensure at least one more year of prosperity for the people.

Signs of approaching winter renew interest in the coal trust.

HOTEL GOSSIP

In these strenuous days Napoleons of finance are usually found in bunches or if not bound together by articles of agreement they at least have understandings that weld their interests almost as securely as though tied together by due process of law.

But one of these same Napoleons has appeared in Duluth who apparently has no business ties with his associates, and even though he has not yet accumulated a fortune up to date he will either do that or land in jail if he continues as he has begun.

This financier is one of the newsboys who stand in front of the Spalding. Last evening a guest at the hotel strolled out of the entrance and his patronage was immediately solicited. He purchased a paper and tendered to the boy a fifty-cent piece. The young Napoleon looked dubiously at the coin and then dug into his pocket for change.

He finally counted up all the change and found that he had but thirty-nine cents. The purchaser already had the paper when the boy sort of shoved the thirty-one cents towards him and said:

"Mister, this is all the change I have."

"How much is it?" asked the man.

"Thirty-one cents."

"No, my boy; I cannot pay nineteen cents for a paper. That's too much."

"All right, mister," replied the urchin, receiving the paper and at the same time putting into the man's hand the thirty-one cents.

The Napoleon then started across the street and had reached the middle of the car tracks before the stranger realized that he was out nineteen cents on the deal and had not even secured a paper.

He called back the boy, who grinned as he reluctantly gave up the half dollar for the change.

The youngster ran away only to return a minute later with the change. The hotel guest thereupon purchased a paper and in order to encourage honesty gave the lad ten cents for the sheet.

* * *

There are men who would think several times before spending money for the purpose of getting a chance to say good night to the little ones at home. Samuel Johnston, of Minneapolis, district manager of an insurance company, is not one of these, however, and if he is in a country that has telephone connection with Minneapolis he never fails to say good night to his youngsters.

"Do you know," Mr. Johnston said last night as he emerged from a telephone booth at the Spalding, "if I did not say good night to the babies I think that they would organize a searching party and start to look for me. It makes no difference where I am, I always talk with them at night if I am within long distance telephone range of them.

"Of course it usually costs but twenty-five or fifty cents, but a short time ago I was in New York and it cost me a few cents short of $9 to speak to them. And," he concluded, "it was worth the money."

* * *

"There are all kinds of fiends," remarked a traveling man at the St. Louis, "but the fiend who perpetually is looking at hotel registers is the animal in it's worst form.

"Of course there are times when a person likes to look at a register to see if any acquaintances are in the same town, and there are some who business requires that they should know the arrivals at hotels. But in addition to these there is the man who enjoys nothing better than standing at the desk running his finger up and down the pages for no other purpose than to impress those who are waiting in line for a chance to put down their signatures, of their importance.

"I started out from Chicago a few days ago and when I struck Madison, Wis., I found a man blocking the way to the register. I recognized the species and pushed my way to the book. During the two days I stayed there Mr. Fiend might have been a statue in front of the desk as he rarely moved away from it.

"I left Madison and went to Eau Claire. He was there ahead of me. After a day I jumped to LaCrosse. He was standing in front of the book as usual. Imagine my surprise, therefore, when I reached Duluth this afternoon to find him picketing the St. Louis desk. I am beginning to think that he has stolen one of my route cards. I guess I'll fool him this next jump, though, for the firm has just hired me to get to Fargo instead of Crookston."

* * *

"For those who want a chance to lose their money with dispatch I recommend Hemidji," said a mining man at the Mc-Kay last night. "A person need not go on a still hunt for any kind of a game and in fact nearly all of them are run wide open in the hotels. A few weeks ago a relative of mine began working for me. I did not know that he enjoyed throwing his money to the birds until we struck Bemidji.

"As we were waiting for dinner the rattle of chips was heard in the lobby and looking through a door we saw all kinds of games going. This was too much for my relative and he wanted to play with the tiger. I demonstrated and he insisted. Finally I said that I wanted to teach him a lesson and would stake him to a hundred just to show him how foolish he would be in attempting to get ahead that way. He played roulette, stud poker, draw poker, craps and faro and lost the hundred. Thinking that he might have a streak of luck and, of course, to make the lesson stronger I gave him another hundred. He lost that.

"He played no more but for three days we watched the games during our idle moments. There were lots of losers who dropped from $50 to $100 but a winner who got away with $20 was apparently a wonder. My relative is, I think, cured of the chip handling habit."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Coffman of Virginia are stopping at the McKay. Mr. Coffman is a civil engineer employed on the Rainy Lake road and is now working on the line between camp No. 6 and Pelican Lake.

"We will stop operations for the year when we get to Pelican lake," said he last night. "The country up there is going to be a great agricultural territory in the future. A great deal of that through which the railroad runs is practically cleared but up around Pelican lake there is a world of timber. It is good timber, too. I do not think the country will remain unsettled any length of time after the railroad gets in operation."

* * *

W. J. Campbell, a lumberman of Oshkosh, Wis., who is identified with the Diamond Match company, and Mrs. Campbell are staying at the Spalding.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: Mr. and Mrs. George Munroe, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Hages, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. T. P. McGuire, St. Paul; J. Garceau, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hay, St. Paul; George C. Main, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. John Costen, Jr., Virginia; H. L. Moore, Minneapolis; F. D. McAnulty, H. F. Conn, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: M. Glassberg, Minneapolis; M. D. Kelly, J. M. Averiel, Albert Goodman, P. J. McCann, St. Paul; Edward H. Coleman, Chippewa Falls; H. E. Reed, Cass Lake; Iver Amundsen, Two Harbors; E. Neldon, Cumberland; August Bowen, George W. Bowen, Stillwater; H. F. Renge, Wabasha; E. M. Farnham, A. Townsend, Princeton; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; George E. Reasing, Two Harbors; L. A. Johnson, Tower; E. M. Smith, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: A. C. Bierman, Joseph O'Neill, Miss Tessie O'Neill, Fargo; C. C. Carlson, Ashland; Mrs. John Muzzy, Virginia; R. S. Black, Oshkosh; C. O. Brownell, St. Paul; A. E. Woolett, Minneapolis; W. W. Browne, Biwabik; Charles V. Smith, J. A. Smith, Minneapolis; G. H. Pearce, Mountain Iron; Mrs. Grace Le Bell, Grand Forks; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Roach, Winston; Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Coffman, Virginia; J. D. G. McKay, Chippewa Falls; Mrs. Fred J. Stevens, Grand Rapids; H. C. McNaughton, Holyoke.

Must Be a Magazine Poet.

Baltimore Herald: Just what the Columbians expected Minister Beaupre to say that he didn't say, and what they did not expect him to say that he did say, is a mystery.

It Will Be Extremely Brief.

Washington Star: Mr. Hill's declaration that monopolies are opposed to the teachings of Holy Writ is likely to start an argument in young Mr. Rockefeller's Bible class.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 10.—Showers fell over the lake region, central valleys and extreme northwest; heavy at Kansas City, Davenport, Milwaukee and Chicago. It is cooler over the lake region and states from thence southwest. High pressure areas overlie Kansas, Oregon and Atlantic states, while the barometer is low over Alberta and Lake Superior. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk southwesterly with partly cloudy weather

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	92	Medicine Hat	62
Battleford	50	Memphis	92
Bismarck	60	Miles City	64
Boston	72	Minnedosa	52
Buffalo	80	Modena	70
Calgary	58	Montgomery	90
Charleston	84	Moorhead	62
Chicago	76	New Orleans	88
Cincinnati	90	New York	80
Davenport	68	North Platte	70
Denver	68	Oklahoma	90
Detroit	84	Omaha	64
Dodge City	96	Pittsburg	86
Duluth	68	Port Arthur	62
Edmonton	50	Portland	74
El Paso	92	Prince Albert	46
Escanaba	78	Qu Appelle	48
Galveston	86	Rapid City	66
Green Bay	74	San Francisco	92
Havre	62	Santa Fe	74
Helena	56	Shreveport	92
Houghton	68	Spokane	54
Huron	72	St. Louis	84
Jacksonville	84	St. Paul	70
Kansas City	66	Sault Ste. Marie	70
Knoxville	90	Swift Current	50
La Crosse	94	Washington	74
Lander	64	Williston	56
Los Angeles	86	Winnemucca	72
Marquette	70	Winnipeg	56

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Friday. Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with local showers. Slightly warmer Friday. Fresh westerly winds probably shifting to easterly Friday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Local forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Friday. Slightly warmer Friday.

Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Warmer Friday and in west portion tonight.

The Dakotas: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with local showers in North Dakota. Rising temperature.

Upper Lakes: Fresh variable winds, mostly southwesterly to westerly. Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with showers on Huron tonight.

HIS HIGH IDEALS

By Dinwiddie Jones.

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Raymond McIntosh was a man of high ideals and when he went into politics he was powered not only by a personal ambition, but also by the keenest desire to serve the people faithfully and to do his full share toward raising the standard of political ethics. He fought the "bosses" tooth and nail and his voice and pen were ever ready to attack jobbery and corruption.

Before he took any part in the great political game he had talked it all over with Mary. She approved entirely of his ideas and plans, bbut was doubtful of the advisability of a man attempting to stand up against the flood of corruption and self-interest which dominate politics.

"Are you strong enough, Ray?" she asked gravely, and then at the expression of his face hastened to add: "I mean is the risk worth the while?" Will you not achieve higher success, and much easier in your profession and not risk blunting your ideals and perhaps searing your soul in the fierce fire of politics? You know how strong is the desire to win once in a contest and I suspect the temptation to use any available methods will become almost irrestible in the fierce fights of the political arena."

But he laughed at her fears. "He who is warned is thrice armed," he said, "and I reckon I have the nerve and courage to maintain my convictions. Besides the law and politics go naturally hand in hand and both lines of activity help the other. I am going to try it anyway, and some day I will make you mistress of the White House."

"I hope so," she said quietly, "but you must do it without stahning your honesty or honor."

And so McIntosh went into politics and he soon made the politicians know he was there. He did not go in for an office, but took the most active interest in every campaign. His stand always was for the highest ideals and his intelligent analysis of and vigorous opposition to every scheme and every piece of jobbery gave him high standing with the people and made him a vertiable thorn in the sides of the politicians.

"For heaven's sake let's take him in and shut him up! Infernal clatter," exclaimed the major one day in disgust at a conference over sime spilt milk chargeable to McIntosh.

So, as the major was the head of the organization, it was decieed to take him in. Accordingly he was invited to the inner conferences of the leaders and given a prominent place in the conventions and on the stump. Also was he offered any sort of a nomination he desired that lay in the gift of the "machine."

To all this he listened with great good nature and considerable pride, but he was not deceived.

"I thank you, sir," he said to the major, when the subject was broached to him, "and the other fellows as well, and I will be glad to identify myself with the party organization and do all I can to help things along; but it must be distinctly understood that in taking this position I do not give up any part of my freedom of action. I will continue to oppose those things which I deem wrong and to insist that the party take only the highest moral stand in all matters."

"Certainly, all that is understood," replied the major, suavely. "That is understood. Every man has the right of his opinions. We are working together for the common good."

But McIntosh did not succumb to the ordinary methods. He could not be tricked into becoming sponsor for doubtful schemes, nor be silenced by being placed at the head of committees. He was nearly as offensive to the politicians on the inside as the out. Finally the situation became intolerable and the major set his long head to work on a solution. McIntosh had never displayed any anxiety for office. He was doing fairly well in his practice, his prominence in politics aiding him by bringing him before the public. Still his practice was not lucrative enough so he could go to Mary with the words that burned ever in his heart, and ask that she set the day.

As the result of the major's cogitations there appeared in the various papers suggestion that Raymond McIntosh be nominated for member of the state board of equalization. These suggestions grew to a demand. It was pointed out that this board which had to do with fixing the taxes of the great corporations and specially the railroads, was under the gravest popular suspicions as to probity and there was crying need of men of the unimpeachable integrity of McIntosh. Citizens were interviewed and there became a popular demand that Raymond McIntosh be nominated and to the end that he turn the fierce battle of his analysis and eloquence upon the iniquities of the taxing body.

McIntosh was highly flattered at the movement, which came so evidently unsolicited and unsuggested by the politicians. The silence of the machine leaders also pleased his vanity. They evidently accepted the inevitable, although it was impossible to suppose that they willingly let go of this plum, considered the most desirable in the district. He went to Mary highly elated.

"See how it is working out," he said, "I tell you the people are honest at heart and rally naturally to a leader who shows them he is trustworthy. Now with the salary from this office, I think we can manage, don't you, dear?"

"Not yet Ray," said Mary, softly. "I want to see you tried first. You know you have not been against the trials and temptations of actual power. It is one think to talk high ideals and another to do those things which make for them and especially leave undone those things which injure and stifle them. Let us wait a while longer. I do not want to depend on the emoluments of so delicate a public office for our happiness. I do not want to be the burden that may make it seem necessary to keep the position or to misuse it."

"Oh, pshaw!" he replied, nettled. "You have no faith in me."

"I have the greatest faith," she replied, "and I want always to keep it. It would kill me to lose it."

McIntosh was duly nominated and elected, and attended a meeting of the board at the state capital. He went armed to resist all sorts of bribes or entangling alliances and was somewhat surprised as the days went on that not the slightest advances of any sort were made to him; not only in the way of offers of money or advantages to conserve the interests of corporations, but even arguments regarding the matters pending. In fact he could detect not the slightest sign of the lobby so much talked of in the newspapers. The discusion was wholly business-like and resembled more the meeting of a board of directors of a corporation than the deliberations of a political body. Every matter was taken up and discussed entirely upon its merits and from a business standpoint. And try as he would he could not detect the slightest hint of the grave scandals of which the newspapers talked so much. He returned home mystified and disappointed and told Mary about it.

"I don't see any chance to do anything down there," he said. "Why, it's simply a matter of bookkeeping and figures. I might as well get a job in a bank. If they're robbing the people there certainly are no signs. Way the few suggestions I made were listened to with as much consideration as I could desire and figured over and in most cases acted upon. In the exceptional cases I was shown so clearly that I was in the wrong that I gladly withdrew all opposition. It looks to me to be the honestest thing I ever saw."

"I'm glad of it," said Mary, "but don't be off your guard."

Some months later McIntosh was given the biggest case he ever had. It was from a great corporation in the city and accompanied by a substantial retainer, together with the promise of a fee if he should win it, that made his eyes bulge. He worked hard on the case and was frequently called to the city to consult with the attorneys and officers of the corporation regarding the matter. He was treated with the greatest consideration, his bills paid at the hotels, was taken to lunch at the most exclusive clubs and was treated altogether as a person of distinction. When the case came up he was given full swing, although the home attorney for the corporation was present. He won the case and within a week received a check in four figures to cover the fee, the being a substantial bonus added to the amount promised "for the excellent manner in which this important matter was handled."

He took the check to Mary exultantly. She was highly pleased, remarking that "It was much better than politics."

A few weeks later McIntosh received a call from the general counsel of a great railway sytem. He had met him several times dining at the clubs during his recent conferences in the city, and knew him to be a lawyer of high standing and ability and an ex-judge.

"Mr. McIntosh," said the visitor, "we are going to make a change in our local attorney here. We have been watching your work in the Creosote company case and we have decided that you are the man we want to represent us. The fees have been running from $1200 to $2000 a year and I have reason to believe they will increase rather than decrease because of some matters that are coming up in this vicinity. Are you inclined to listen to the offer?"

McIntosh's heart leaped to his mouth. The position besides settling his financial difficulties, would give him a standing worth much more than the actual fees. Then flashed across his mind the suggestion that he was getting tangled up with railroads in a way that would embarrass him in his duties to the board of equalization. He hesitated a moment and then swept the temptation aside, mentally resolving, however, to get off the board at the earliest possible moment and to take no more offices that would handicap him in the practice of his profesion.

"I am a member of the state board of equalization, Judge," he said, "and it would scarcely do for me to act as attorney for a railroad."

"Dear me, is that so?" replied the Judge, looking perplexed and disappointed, "I did not know it. But really I do not see how there would be any conflict. Your duties with us would be purely legal. You would see nobody except myself and my assistants. The tax matters are wholly in the hands of the tax department. I assure you, sir," growing suddenly cold and dignified, "that I am not here for the purpose of offering you a bribe," and the railroad attorney picked up his hat and arose stiffly.

"I beg your pardon, sir," cried McIntosh, red and warm, and feeling exceedingly cheap. "I did not mean to suggest that I was only thinking of the position I was putting myself in."

"Well, well, let it pass," replied the Judge, still standing still and dignified. "I have told you the conditions. I cannot see any reason why you should not accept our offer in perfect honor, but if you are afraid of newspaper criticism—"

"I'm not afraid of anything," replied McIntosh hotly, "excepting dishonor. I will accept your offer, but I warn you that I shall let it in no way sway my action as a public official."

"Right, quite right," said the judge cordially.

When he told Mary about it a queer little frown came into her brow. "I don't quite like it," she said. "No, I don't blame you," she went on, as he broke into a wild protest, "but I don't quite like it."

His new alliance took McIntosh much to the city and he was there thrown more and more in contact with the great attorneys—the men who represented vast interests. They were not cheap bribers or grafters, but men of splendid talents and high mentality. The atmosphere about him was always surcharged with the ideal of the protection of the property interests. The cases he had were along that line, and naturally he was continually reading the law in that direction and arguing to courts and juries from that standpoint.

And other cases from great corporations poured in on him. He made more money than he had ever dreamed he could.

At the board meetings he maintained his independence, but unconsciously he began to look at all propositions from the standpoint of the corporations. It was natural. It was his daily bread, the air he breathed.

Then came a great scandal. The newspapers unearthed it. A great corporation had stolen hundreds of thousand of dollars in taxes. Raymond McIntosh was recorded as voting with the boodlers. It nearly broke his heart. He took the first train home and went straight to Mary.

"I was honest," he said, pacing the floor. "It seemed the straight and square thing to do," and he went on and explained the situation.

"Ray," said Mary, putting both hands on his shoulders and looking straight into his eyes, "you are playing with fire. They are buying you, just the same as though they paid you for your vote; only it is worse because they are warping your mind and soul. Give it up. You are in politics now and you must stay. I will marry you the day you resign your railroad attorneyship and promise me to take up no more corporation cases. I know you are honest. I will trust you with my life, my soul, my future—but you nor no man can stand against the influences they have placed against you."

Raymond McIntosh resigned all his corporation business the next day. One month later the wedding took place. He is now governor of the state and slated for a senatorship. And his wife—high-browed, steady-eyed and calm—still is his mentor, conscience and counselor.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: An old maid should be well shaken before taken.

It takes a woman to marry a man just to see what kind of a husband he will turn out to be.

Most men begin to economize on their own spending by cutting down their own allowance.

A man can make up his mind that he loves a woman a good deal quicker than he can that he wants to marry her.

A man can pull another woman's pair of gloves out of his pocket and thrill all over, when it wouldn't even interest him to pull out his wife's stockings.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has cured Coughs for forty years. It is still on the market.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Thursday, Sept. 10, 1903.

You should see the "Martha Washington" suit. It's entirely new and there's nothing common about it. Made of imported fancy mixed zibeline, it is a most effective costume.

Fancy mixed dress goods at $1 are very similar to the high priced Bannockburn Tweeds. Zibelines at the same price in mixtures of black and white, brown and white and blue and white.

Fleeced flannel waistings at 12½ cents a yard are the same as most stores sell at 15 or more. They came in stock just a day or so ago.

Mercerized waistings, 25 cents to $1 a yard.

You'll find things different from all others in our stock of laces and dress trimmings. It's one reason why our business is growing.

New linens came yesterday. Table damasks, napkins, doilies and towels. Yesterday's arrivals were mostly the soft German linens.

Interstate cars pass our store.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,

11th Street and Tower Avenue, Superior.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Houston Post: Jack—Does your mother object to kissing?

Carrie—I don't know, I'm sure; but if she does you might try grandma.

Smart Set: Miss Homely—I find this balm excellent for preserving the face.

Miss Cynic—But why do you wish to preserve your face?

Philadelphia Record: When a mule kicks he generally accomplishes something, which is more than can be said of a lot of men.

St. Louis Lumberman: "Wot makes yer so sad, Bill?"

"I'm so sorry fer de people in dis town. Ev'ry place I go dey tell me dey ain't got a t'ing in de house to eat."

Chicago News: "I have known but two women who were really perfect," said the charming widow.

"Indeed!" exclaimed the chronic bachelor. "That's one more than most women know."

The boy stood on the burning deck
Because he was afraid.
He could not swim to save his neck,
And that was why he stayed.
—Philadelphia Press.

Philadelphia Ledger: Mamma—No session of the cooking school class today?

Daughter—No, ma'am; the teacher's sick.

Mamma—What's the trouble?

Daughter—Indigestion.

Kansas Independent: "I see that someone is advocating the project of a newspaper printed in a compact tabloid form like a book," said Mr. Torque.

"The very idea!" cried Mrs. Toque; "it's simply ridiculous."

"In what way?"

"Why, such a paper would be simply useless to put under a carpet."

Boston Transcript: Insurance Examiner—I'm afraid we shall have to decline to take a risk on your life, madam. If you'll excuse my saying it, you are fairly well along in years, and your heart action is not what it ought to be. You are a widow, I believe?

Applicant—Yes; my husband died twenty years ago. He was a sailor, and I have since been the recipient of a pension.

Examiner—Oh, indeed! That's different. So you are a pensioner, eh? Ought to have mentioned that before. The company will be glad to take your risk for any amount you care to name.

And About as Successful.

Washington Post: Mr. Addicks has formally announced his intention of making another effort to lift the Delaware senatorial cup. He is as game as Sir Thomas.

Haven't Got That Far Yet.

Kansas City Star: The sultan's greatest consolation is that neither J. Pierpont Morgan nor John D. Rockefeller has expressed any desire for the annexation of Syria.

SCHOOLS

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"Two Little Waifs" Saturday.

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METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,

Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in

"SAPHO" Three Nights and Saturday Matinee.

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WORSE AND WORSE

Advance In Personal Tax Grows In Iniquity When Studied.

Valuation Increased Fifty Per Cent and Tax More Than That.

The article in last evening's Herald on the action of the state board of equalization in making 50 per cent of the actual value the basis for assessment of personal property aroused much discussion in the city, and while the state board seems to have been singularly blind to the effect of what it did, almost everyone in Duluth realized how illogical its action was.

The plan hits rather more severely at Duluth than at any other portion of the state, because the city assessors this spring thought to improve things a little by increasing a good many personal property assessments. This increase was about large enough without the action of the state board.

An odd feature of the discussion was that a number took exception to the statement that when the board decided that 50 per cent instead of 33 1-3 per cent should be the basis of assessment, it amounted to an increase of 50 per cent in the assessment. These debators took the position that it was an increase of 16 2-3 per cent. This view is, of course, entirely wrong. The increase would be 16 2-3 per cent of the actual value of the property, but it would be 50 per cent what the former assessment was.

This can be arrived at by figuring an example. If a man owned personal property actually worth $1000, according to the calculations of the state board, it would be assessed by the local authorities at $333.33. The action of the state board, however, would raise it to $500. The increase is $166.66 2-3, which is 50 per cent of the original assessment. It is 16 2-3 per cent of the actual value of $1000.

The advance of 50 per cent in the assessed valuation of property means an advance of more than 50 per cent in the amount of taxes paid. As an illustration: Suppose the man referred to owns his $1000 worth of property in Duluth. With an assessed valuation of $333.33, he pays taxes on $321.33, there being an exemption of $100 under the law. The rate in Duluth is coming year will be 2 per cent in all probability. That means that his tax will be $6.29. Under the advance he will pay taxes on $480, and at 3 per cent that will be $12, which is more than 70 per cent higher than $6.99.

One way in which the increase would work a peculiar injustice in this county would be on the assessment of the stockpiles at the iron mines. They are now assessed at 50 cents a ton, and the increased assessment would be 75 cents a ton.

There has always been a grave question which the iron men have never tested, as to whether or not this is not double taxation and void anyway, the ore having been taxed as real estate before it was mined and became personal property.

But the effect of the increase might be the cessation of stockpiling which would work great hardship to many of the mining towns. By working during the winter to get stockpiles ready for the spring shipments the mines keep their men employed. If they did not do this a large proportion of the population during the winter, and that would mean the ruin of every mining town would be an exceedingly serious blow. Should the authorities proceed to make a tax on stockpiles that was considered too large, the miners might shut down their winter operations and quit making stockpiles.

THE STAGE

Jack Root, who until he was put to the mat on July 4, at Fort Erie, Canada, was coming steadily to the front in the light heavyweight class, last night presented to the Duluth public at the Lyceum moving pictures of the battle in which Gardner ran off with the long end of the purse.

Had the man who operated the machine which threw the pictures on the curtain exercised ordinary care in preventing the powerful rays of the lamps from escaping, except through the films, the patrons would probably have been well entertained. He did not appear concerned about this end of the performance, however, and the result was that the pictures were dim!" seen by the audience.

The theater was comfortably filled and Mr. Root, who is personally managing this show, should see that the men in his employ pay more attention to the conditions under which the pictures are shown if he wishes to retain the good will of the public.

When Mr. Root first put on the pictures at the Star theater in Milwaukee two months ago, the films were imperfect. They have been subjected to extensive repairs, but could even now be improved. It is to be hoped that Mr. Root will remedy the defects in last night's performance before the curtain goes up tonight.

In addition to the pictures Mr. Root appears in a bag punching stunt that reflects credit upon his ability as a pugilist. A vaudeville program is also on the bill and an additional number will be put on tonight, when Mr. Root will spar four rounds with Charles Miller. One of the numbers on the program is Miss Deda Walker, "phenomenal baritone," who was well received and who shows a remarkable range and quality of tone in her singing.

The show goes to Hibbing tomorrow, where Mr. Root will indulge in a four-round bout with Jim Arno, of that city.

* * *

"Faust" closed a remarkably successful run at the Metropolitan last evening and this evening and for the balance of the week, with the usual Saturday matinee, "Sapho" will be given. Mr. Forbes and Miss Carter will play the leading roles.

* * *

"Two Little Waifs" will be presented at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening with Stanley and Lolita Lamb as leading features.

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STERLING

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THE CASES OF SETTLERS

On Northern Pacific Indemnity Lands to Be Appealed.

St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 10.—Lindbergh & Blanchard and J. E. C. Robinson, attorneys for the settlers living on the so-called Northern Pacific indemnity lands in Morris, Crow Wing and Todd counties, have decided to appeal all the cases to the secretary of the interior and if necessary still higher.

There are probably 125 of these settlers, many of whom have been living on the lands for as much as ten years. Originally the land was worth $1.25 an acre, but with improvements added are now worth $10 to $15 an acre. Some of the lands have already been deeded to the Northern Pacific.

Originally when now Judge Vandeventer of Missouri was land commissioner all cases appealed to him were decided in favor of the settlers, the local land office in all cases having refused to receive a homested application. After his removal or promotion to a judgeship in Missouri, the new commissioner has decided all case, on apparently exactly the same evidence, in favor of the railroad company.

The attorneys took all the cases on a contingent fee of $200 per quarter section and an adverse decision means the loss of some $25,000 to them, while in the case of the settlers who have lived on and improved the land for years it will work a decided hardship.

LOST HIS MIND

Under Strain of Caring For Insane People.

New York, Sept. 10.—George Gambling 28 years old, who for the last month has been an attendant at Manhattan state hospital for insane wards of the island, has been taken to the psychopathic ward at the Bellevue hospital for an examination into his sanity. Contact with persons of diseased minds appears to have affected Grambling's mind.

He has acted strangely for several days, and, it is aid, has been confused, and constantly misunderstood orders. Three months ago he came to this city from Savannah, Ga., seeking employment as tenographer. Failing in this, he secured a position as hospital attendant at Bellevue hospital. The authorities say that with a few days' rest and proper treatment, Grambling will return to his normal condition.

AN IOWA CITY

Receives $200,000 For a Public Library.

Webster City, Iowa, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Young of this city died Monday morning in the sanatorium at Battle Creek, Mich. By her death the city comes into possession of $200,000 for a library to the memory of Mr. and Mrs. Young.

Young died in 1898 and by his will left his whole estate to the city, which, however, was not to come into possession of it until the death of his wife. The estate is to remain intact except $25,000 which is to go toward the building of a fireproof building upon the beautiful lots owned by the estate on Wilson avenue. Only the income from the remainder of the fortune can be used for library purposes.

Through the generosity of Mr. Young, however, the library was established in the old Young home in 1898, although all the funds which could be used toward it were simply what Mrs. Young did not use personally out of her allowance. She was saving though and the city has a fine library. Mrs. Young's funeral will be held from her former home.

HUNTERS SHOOT ELK.

Animals Were to Repopulate the Adirondack Region.

Utica, N. Y. Sept. 10.—Four of the five elks which were placed in the Adirondacks last year have been killed by unknown hunters within the past two days and the permanent residents of the Adirondacks and summer visitors as well, are highly wrought up over the outrage.

Last year the herd of elk was placed in the woods by the Browns Tract Guides' association with the expectation of again populating the woods with this splendid game. They had become very tame and were frequently seen by Old Forge visitors and guests. Sunday one of the herd was killed near Clearwater and Tuesday the big bull and two cows were found dead at First lake near the Bald Mountain house. As there is but one elk left this practically wipes out the herd. The el were protected by a special act making their killing at any time a misdemeanor. For each killing there is a penalty of $100.



"A Woman at the Bottom of It"

They say of every criminal case tried in the courts. There is a woman at the bottom of it often, too, when you see a case of MOOSE BRAND BEER going into the house, as this refreshing and invigorating beer is a favorite with weak women as well as men. If you don't gain strength right away when using it, try it again.

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RECOGNIZE EFFORTS

West End Business Men Show Gratitude to C. O. Nelson.

Led In the Fight For Freight and Passenger Restoration.

C. O. Nelson, the West End business man who has figured so prominently for a long time past in the fight made by that part of the city against the abandonment of the Twentieth avenue station and rail road freight facilities, by the Northern Pacific railway company, has been presented with a fine oil painting of himself, from the business men of the West End, as an expression of their appreciation of his efforts.

The presentation took place at Mr. Nelson's store at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street, S. W. Hill making a few remarks in its connection. Mr. Nelson was very much surprised, but responded feelingly to the congratulations and felicitations of his fellow business men.

The fight which has finally resulted in the re-establishment of the West End station and freight depot and the running of passenger trains through that part of the city on the old St. Paul & Duluth route, as well as the re-establishment of the passenger depot on Central avenue, West Duluth, after the company had moved it way down on the bay front, is one of long standing and fraught with many discouragements to the interests that have been working for a train service to which they believed the West End and West Duluth were rightfully entitled.

The West End men took the initiative from the very start, and Mr. Nelson was foremost in getting them to act and was made chairman of the committee of business men, to protest against what they termed an injustice to their part of the city. He has worked hard and unremittingly on the case up to the time the railway company conceded the things that the interests of the western end of the city have demanded. When others of the committee were discouraged and ready to give up the fight, believing that the corporation's influences were too strong to get their rights, Mr. Nelson stuck to it undauntedly and only worked the harder to collect evidence for the counsel that were fighting the railroad. It was almost mainly through Mr. Nelson's efforts that the railroad and warehouse commission took up the matter and after three trips, Mr. Nelson kept in close touch with the situation and furnished such information as was needed showing the local conditions.

The West Duluth business interests took an active part in the campaign against the Northern Pacific company later, but their interest in the fight were not developed for months after Mr. Nelson began his fight.

The business interests both of the West End and West Duluth have concessions made by the railway company and the re-establishment of as good a passenger and freight service as those portions of the city enjoyed before the company began sending its Twin City trains by way of West Superior, cutting out the West End entirely and giving insufficient accommodations at West Duluth.

BLAMES KUGLER.

Cloquet River Farmer Is After the Commissioner.

Some one of the farmers on the Cloquet river road has evidently become tired of the red tape proceedings of the board of county commissioners to get bridge repairs, and has written an anonymous letter to Commissioner Kugler in which he says that it is reported that Mr. Kugler has been disposed to turn down the interests of the farmers of that section because they did not vote for him. The writer also says that the bridge over Cloquet river should be repaired at once or the county will have some damage actions on its hands, that several people have had narrow escapes from injury because of its defective condition.

Mr. Kugler in a general comment on the character and weight to be given anonymous letters says that the accusation against him is unjust and without foundation, that he has ever been in favor of anything right and proper for the Cloquet river road farmers. He says the board has routine methods of disposing of the matters that come before it and the bridge will receive attention in turn, that the commissioners already know of the condition of the bridge and have taken steps to repair it.

MILES-BARNARD.

Wedding Interesting to Duluth Takes Place at Minneapolis.

The wedding of Dr. Francis Barnard, Jr., of this city, and Miss Gwendoline Miles, of Minneapolis, but formerly of Duluth, took place yesterday in Minneapolis. The Journal reports it thus:

"Gethsemane church was the scene of a wedding, charming in the simplicity of its appointments, at high noon today, when Miss Gwendoline Miles, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Miles, of 1705 Park avenue, and Dr. Francis Barnard, Jr., of Duluth, were married. Gr at clusters of golden glow were on the altar. Mr. Marshall played the nuptial music and preceded it with a short program as the guests were seated by the ushers, Brayton Byron and Walter E. Field. The bridesmaids, Misses Susan L. Barnard and Margaret J. Quilliard, both of Duluth, wore green mousseline de sole and carried white asters. Miss Janie Miles, who was her sister's maid of honor, was in pink with pink asters. The bride walked with her father. Her gown was of white mousseline de soie, tucked and shirred. She wore a veil and carried white asters. The bridegroom and his best man, Percival Barnard, of Duluth, met the bride at the chancel steps. The service was read by Rev. Irving P. Johnson.

A wedding breakfast was served at the Commercial club and covers were laid for twenty-five. The table decorations were white asters. Dr. and Mrs. Barnard will make their home in Duluth.

The out of town relatives present were Mr. and Mrs. John Laughland and Mrs. J. C. Lindsay, of Omaha; Mr. and Mrs. Francis H. Barnard, Miss Nellie Barnard and Mr. and Mrs. John Miles, of Duluth."



Hay Fever Sufferers

"Stay at Home—Go anywhere"

BUT TAKE

ORANGEINE POWDERS

During the past five years thousands of former sufferers have, through Orangeine, found

Quick, Lasting Relief

which they could not find at any Hay Fever resort.

Note—Orangeine Powders are sold by all progressive druggists, 10c (2 powders); 25c (6 powders); 50c (15 powders); $1 (35 powders). Write us for sample, full information, composition, and far-reaching human results.

Address: "ORANGEINE, CHICAGO."

WITHDRAWS AS COUNSEL

R. R. Briggs Will No Longer Represent Mrs. Mueller.

R. R. Briggs, who represented Mrs. Katherina Mueller in the famous Mueller case, has filed a letter of withdrawal as Mrs. Mueller's counsel. This action is in line with Mr. Briggs' avowed intention expressed some time ago. He acted in the capacity of local counsel for Mrs. Mueller with Attorney Thomas Hislop, of Detroit, who will appear for her when the case comes up in the supreme court.

Mr. Briggs bases his withdrawal on conditions which he characterizes as intolerable, but does not care to make a statement as to what he means. It is generally understood, however, that Mrs. Mueller, who is not acquainted with the methods of court procedure of this country and has made it unpleasant for her attorneys on occasions, has made violent demonstrations toward them when things did not go to suit her, charging them with being in league with the other side.

Mrs. Mueller is expected to arrive from Detroit, Mich., within the next few days.

Next Saturday is the day set by the court for the filing of the bill of exceptions by Mrs. Mueller's counsel and the transcribed testimony must be ready by that date in order that the court may have time to consider the bill and the district court clerk may go over the testimony and certify to it before Sept. 29, which is the last date for the filing of notes of issue in the state supreme court.

ALLOWED SMALL AMOUNT.

Julius Quade Fails to Get Sum Sued For.

Julius Quade was yesterday afternoon awarded a verdict of $180 against the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company. He sued for $800 claiming the amount as damages for timber which the lumber company is alleged to have cut on his land in clearing a right of way for its logging road. Mr. Quade claimed he did not give the company permission to go on his land and entered objections when they did so. He owns a farm in Gnesen.

The action of Rosalie LeDuc as administrator of the estate of her husband, William LeDuc, against the Northern Pacific Railway company, was called for trial in Judge Dibell's room at the conclusion of the Quade case, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. LeDuc seeks to recover $5000 for the death of her husband, who was killed while in the employ of the railroad company.

TRACKS OF MAMMOTH

Seen By Scientists In the Arctic Regions.

San Francisco, Sept. 10.—Dr. J. P. Frizzele, a government employe, who has been in the arctic regions a number of years, said last night that while he did not wish to make himself ridiculous to the scientific world by stating that at least one living specimen of the supposedly extinct mammoth family is still roaming at large on the American side of the arctic regions, yet it was a fact that he had seen comparatively fresh tracks in the island of Uplak, about four miles from the mainland.

WEDS AT EIGHTY-FIVE.

Grandchildren of the Bride Shower Couple With Rice.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Eighty-five years of living have not dissipated the romantic illusions of Josiah G. Forman, of Woodstock, Ill. With as youthful a heart as in the days when he was one and twenty he placed a wedding ring on the finger of Mrs. Helen M. Gates, of this city, Tuesday night and took her away on a honeymoon trip, heedless of the pounds of rice showered upon him by the grandchildren of his bride.

Forty-five cents pays for Duluth's up-to-date paper, The Herald, for one month, delivered to any part of the city or suburbs.

Don't miss this Friday Department Sale

Gray-Tallant Co.

Dress Goods We center our efforts in the Dress Goods Department tomorrow and specialize upon the weaves desirable for school wear. Every yard offered will be a rare bargain.

4 tables of the very best weaves from our Dress Goods stocks at prices away below their regular value for one day's selling. A fine selection in each lot.

At 19c A large assortment of 25c, 35c and 39c plaids, plain and fancy dress goods—each piece well suited for the school girls' wear—Friday, during our dept. sale—19c.

At 39c We will show a very large line of most desirable weaves for school wear—not one piece in the line worth less than 50c, many sell regular at 59c and 65c, Friday at 39c.

At 50c granites, melrose, serges, plain and fancy mohairs, and a host of other serviceable weaves for the school girl. Every yard sold below value for this day only. 59c, 65c, 69c values at 50c.

Remnants A great quantity of them for Friday's selling—the weaves you wish, the lengths you wish at the prices you wish. This will make a great saving possible on the school dress. Be sure you see them on the sales-tables in the right aisle tomorrow. They are for the one day's selling only.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Desperate Negro Robs Three Stores at Turton, S. D.

SOUUTH DAKOTA.

Watertown—Deputy Sheriff Frank Elkins arrested Charles Turner for the robbery of the three stores at Turton, S. D. Monday night. Turner is a negro and when arrested had some money and the stolen goods on his person. He is a desperate character. Sheriff Tearst, of Redfield, took him back to Spink county.

Lead—The skeleton of a man was found in White Tail gulch, near the old Cheyenne trail, two miles from Lead, by C. S. Gilhousen, while hunting. Murder is apparent. The skeleton was lying face downward, the head drawn over the eyes. In the skull was a bullet hole, found in the hat. The man is believed to have been dragged from the old trail up the hill after the murder. The address of Sam Klopfenstein, Box 23, Victor, Col., was found written on a deposit slip of the First National bank of Cripple Creek, Col. Three handkerchiefs were found, one bearing the intials "J. H. E.," and two empty purses were found in the clothing and an empty telescope valise was near by. A gold filled watch case bore the number 2217606, and the works the number 6902093.

Redfield—Norbeck & Nicholson company, deep well drillers, has just completed a flowing well in Campbell county on the H F. Hunter ranch, at a depth of 2020 feet. The well flows strong and clead and with the water comes a strong flow of gas. This is the deepest flowing well in the Dakotas, and marks a new era in deep well drilling. The work was done in less than thirty days.

Madison—The police are kept busy running out the gamblers and soiled doves, who drift in attracted by the large crops and consequent generous supply of money. Hardly an east bound train but some of these classes are not started east or west on the train, with a promise to steer clear of the city. Many of the best towns of the state are bothered in this way.

Huron—Mrs. Anna Hull of Beadle county was arrested on complaint of W. P. Smith, who charged her with carrying a weapon and threatening him. It is said the difficulty resulted from a misunderstanding between two administrators of an estate.

Salem—Another heavy storm visited this part of the state. John Middleton had his cornerib blown over and carried fully 100 feet. All through the neighborhood, stacks were blown down, and other slight damage done.

Sturgis—An unknown woman was found dead on the prairie. Sheriff Brown and Coroner Sparks were notified and immediately went out to investigate.

Huron—The vein of oil struck in the artesian well being put down at the court house, and which caused a little excitement on Friday, proves to have been of little consequence. As the drill went down the flow of oil diminished and on Tuesday had about disappeared.

Changes made in the running of passenger train on the Chicago & North-Western are far from satisfactory on the Hawarden-Oakes division.

Sheriff Kerr returned from a trip to the nortrern part of the state Tuesday, where he struck the trail of Dawson Burgess, alias Bert Dawson, the much-married man wanted in Clay county, Illinois, for forgery, and in Beadle county, South Dakota, for running away with mortgaged property and for bigamy. Burgess had succeeded in crossing into the Canadian country.

Belle Fourche—The city council has called a special election for Sept. 24 for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing $7000 in 5 per cent refunding bonds, payable in twenty years, to take up the outstanding city and village warrants. These warrants are drawing 7 per cent interest and are purchased by capitalists for 80 cents on the dollar. County warrants are selling for 95 cents and school warrants of the Belle Fourche district at 98 cents, and the people are asking why city warrants should only bring 80 cents.

The fall meeting of the Northwestern Stock Growers' association has been called at Belle Fourche for Sept. 16. This will be in connection with the annual Butte county fair. The fall round-ups will be arranged and other business transacted.

H. A. Gilbert has been appointed county judge of Butte county to succeed R. Mullenger, deceased.

Deadwood—A verdict of guilty was returned in the United States court in the case against Joe Black Pipe, a Rosebud Indian, charged with introducing liquor on Indian territory.

Indictments were returned against John A. Percival for selling liquor without a special license, and against Severn Nelson, Hiram Woodbury, D. A. Hunter, Roan Eagle and Charlie Hawk, for selling liquor to Indians.

J. W. Post, who has been route agent for the American Express company, has returned to Rapid City, having resigned his position with the company.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Professor E. E. Kaufman, director of farmers' institutes in this state, announces that with the appropriation by the last legislature it will be possible to hold more meetings this fall than in former years. He thinks arrangements can be made for at least forty. He has sent out circular letters requesting the localities desiring the institutes to make application. Sections not reached last year will be given the preference.

The farmers of the state are thinking of organizing against the hunters. The men with guns and dogs raid the farms and get the finest hunting while the farmer is so busy with harvest and threshing that he hasn't time to indulge in the sport. By the time he gets ready to shoot the birds are either all killed or so wild that he cannot get them. Aside from that the hunters destroy a lot of property.

Fargo officials have returned from the Northern Pacific grade between Edgeley and Dawson with P. A. Young, charged with the burglary of Saindon's barber shop and Erickson's photograph gallery here a week ago. They traced the fellow to Edgeley, but the marshal there failed to arrest him. Later the marshal discovered Young had stolen a watch in Edgeley and one up on the grade. Young resisted arrest and barricaded himself in a shed and held the officer at bay with a rifle. Chief Regan and Capt. Gowland of Fargo succeeded in landing the fellow after he put up a big bluff as a bad man. Young is a nice-appearing fellow with a good address and was at the Webster hotel in this city some time under the name of Frank Marrine.

F. H. Coughlin was brought in from Everest in this county on a charge of forgery. He is also thought to have been passing some of the New Jersey State bank money that has been unloaded in many localities in this state.

The coroner's jury in the Clara Zuelsdorff suicide case decided that she came to her death by her own act. McDermott was on the stand, but refused to answer any questions that might incriminate him. He may be prosecuted, for the girl was under the age of consent, but he cannot be held in connection with the suicide.

Cannonball—The United States geological survey, has completed its preliminary work on the Cannonball river. It did not find much land available for irrigation, and will not recommend any irrigation work in this vicinity.

Hundreds of Indians from Sisseton, Poplar River, Crow Creek and other reservations are arriving in wagons and by rail. There is to be a big meeting of the Congregational church here on the tenth and there will be two thousand Indians here.

The military post at Fort Yates will not be finally abandoned until next month. The company is under orders to go to Fort Riley, Kan.

SOUTH DAKOTA CROPS.

Report Shows Fair Progress In Grain Threshing.

The crop report for South Dakota for the week closing Monday is as follows:

"There was considerable cloudiness during the week. There were occasional showers, mostly light, except that a generous rain occurred over a portion of the Black Hills region in the middle of the week.

"As a rule, stacking and threshing made fair progress, though somewhat retarded by grain in shock being damp from rains of the preceding week. The yields of wheat are reported as variable, but mostly good, and of other grains generally good.

"There were several days of good corn weather, with afternoon temperature above 80 degrees; but the nights were cool. Corn made fairly good progress, on the whole. Considerable early corn is reported as practically past danger of injury from frost in the middle and northern James and Missouri River valley counties, where some is being cut, and a little of the early is elsewhere considered safe. The crop is, however, very much in need of warm and dry weather and steady sunshine. Reports indicate that most of the late corn will require favorable weather until Sept. 20th, or longer, to mature.

"Flax cutting progressed favorably. Some late flax in the northern counties is still green. Where any threshing has been done, the yields and quality are reported as good.

"There is still some local report of potatoes rotting.

"The bulk of the hay crop has been secured, and generally in good condition, but haying is still being pushed. The yields have been good in the southern and light to fair in the northern counties. Cutting progressed fairly well.

"Millet cutting is far advanced. The crop is mostly good, and in some counties is heavy. There is some local report of millet in bunch being injured by the rains of the preceding week.

"Pasturage continues good. Reports indicate that grass on the ranges is curing well for winter grazing and that range live stock is in good condition.

"Fall plowing is progressing favorably, especially in the southern and middle counties."

Chippewa Falls, Wis., and Return $4.00.

For the Northern Wisconsin state fair to be held at Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 15 to 18, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Sept. 14 to 17 inclusive at $4 for the round trip. Tickets good for return until Sept. 19, 1903.

City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals for the laying of 17,556 feet of 10-inch cast iron gas pipe will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.

Specifications can be obtained at the office of the Board.

L. N. CASE, Manager.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners for hauling 500 tons, more or less, of 10-inch gas pipe, Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 p. m. Get specifications at the office.

When You Say to Yourself, "I WANTthe BEST" You say you want what we furnish; the best

INSURANCE and BONDS

Manley-McLennan Agency,

Torrey Bldg., First Floor, Telephone 165.

Steel Ceilings

ARE THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN.

We make them and carry a large stock. Call and see the handsome patterns or write for our ceiling catalogue.

Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.

Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,

126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.

ALL GROCERS.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence

PATENT LAWYERS,

Established 1861. Washington, D. C.

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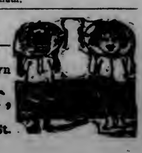
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The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years.

We grind our own lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN,

8 West Superior St.



Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phisical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

☞ We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured. ☜

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

HISTORIC WALLS

Of Manila Not to Be Demolished by the Government.

Senatorial Drive Has Been Made at the White House.

Washington, Sept. 10.—It is not the intention of the government to demolish the historic walls of Manila, as is generally believed by the people of this country. A report has been received at the war department on this subject which shows the walls will not be disturbed. Some months ago the Philippine commission adopted a law providing for the removal of part of the city wall for the purpose of securing a much needed addition to the water front on Pasig river for the accommodation of the rapidly growing interisland maritime trade.

When it became known in the United States that such a step was being considered a number of protests were filed against the destruction of the only city walls within the territory of the United States, and the officials of Manila were requested to make a full report on the subject.

It appears, however, that part of the wall that was to be taken down is not an ancient or historical monument. The most ancient part of the wall is that forming Fort Santiago, which is perhaps 300 years old. Next in point of age is the wall which lies on the sea side of the city, extending from Santiago to Bastion, opposite the Legaspi monument. Then as it extends around the east and north sides of the city it becomes more recent until the part to be taken down is reached. This was built as late as 1850, and therefore has no historical interest or architectural beauty.

The civil governor invited an expression of opinion from the Spanish chamber of commerce, the municipal board of the city of Manila, the city engineer of Manila, Property Owners' association, and the assessors and tax revision boards of Manila. All these bodies presented reports, and every one urged the demolition of the part of the wall in question. They are of the opinion that the filthy moat surrounding the wall is a breeder of pestilence, and that it should be drained and filled.

* * *

Among the numerous changes in the White House and grounds completed since the departure of the president and his family for Oyster Bay there is perhaps none of greater importance than what is termed "the senatorial drive," from the fact that it was suggested to the president by a number of senators last winter. When visiting the president at his new office building, the senators were compelled to leave their carriages at the foot of the stairway leading from the White House grounds into Executive avenue, a distance of several yards. This caused discomfort when the weather was stormy. The new driveway was started before the president left Washington, and is entered from the northwest gate on Pennsylvania avenue and leads directly to the office door.

This route also serves others having business at the White House including the dairyman, the baker, and, in fact, the tradesmen of all sorts who formerly drove up to the north front of the house and carried their burden down a stairway into the basement. It was often a matter of much embarrassment and deprived the White House functions of their dignity to have the marketing of tradesmen landed at the front of the house simultaneously with the noted guests to be presented in the blue room or during one of Mrs. Roosevelt's afternoons. A stairway was ordered by the president at the northeast corner of the White House, leading into the wing next to the treasury, which will be a saving of much time and annoyance to tourists. This entrance will be used at official receptions this winter as well as the entrance next to the treasury.

* * *

After a work of twenty-five years, the weather bureau has compiled information of great value to shippers and people generally regarding the storms over the great lakes, and by a study of which many shipwrecks may be avoided in the future. A perfect record is shown of all disastrous storms which took place from 1871 to 1901. Each storm is illustrated by four charts covering, from thirty-two to forty-eight hours of its history, the object being to present the typical like storms during each month of sufficient intensity to be dangerous to traffic, life, or property. November leads with the worst record in all the years, and has had forty-five severe storms within twenty-five years. October and December next, and are followed by September and March. A pretty good record is shown for the other months. There are 768 charts of a comprehensive character to the ordinary student. The storms are classified as southwest storms, which are the most destructive of all, storms from the Middle West, northwest storms, and storms of tropical origin.

POINTS TO CRIME.

Discovery of Human Skeleton May Reveal Murder.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 10.—The discovery of a human skeleton near the old Cheyenne trail, along White Tail gulch, two miles from Lead, is believed by the coroner to point to a murder. C. S. Gilhousen made the discovery while hunting in the brush. The skeleton is that of a man 5 feet 5 inches tall, well dressed in a suit of brown worsted, with heavy underclothing.

It lay face downwards, 110 feet above the trail, where it had evidently been dragged after the murder. The hat was closely drawn about the eyes, and in the hat was found a battered 38-caliber bullet. There is a bullet hole through the skull, entering and emerging over the ears on opposite sides. On a deposit slip issued by the First National bank, of Cripple Creek, Colo., was found the address of Sam Rupensen, Box 23, Victor, Col. Other writing in a pass book could not be made out. Two empty purses were found in the clothing. A gold-filled watch case bears the number 2,218,060, and the works 6,302,098.

LIKES AMERICA.

Captain Winge of Shamrock to Become a Citizen.

New York, Sept. 10.—Capt. Robert Wringe, who sailed Shamrock III in her races against the Reliance for the America's cup, yesterday announced that he had decided to make this country his home in the future and to become a citizen as soon as the law allows. As a result of this Sir Thomas Lipton may feel obliged to modify his recent statement that he will challenge again, provided he can find a designer. Besides a designer he will now have to find a skipper, if he still holds to the opinion that Capt. Wringe is the best handler of big single stickers on the other side.

AWFUL CRIME

Of a Mother Crazed By Religious Enthusiasm.

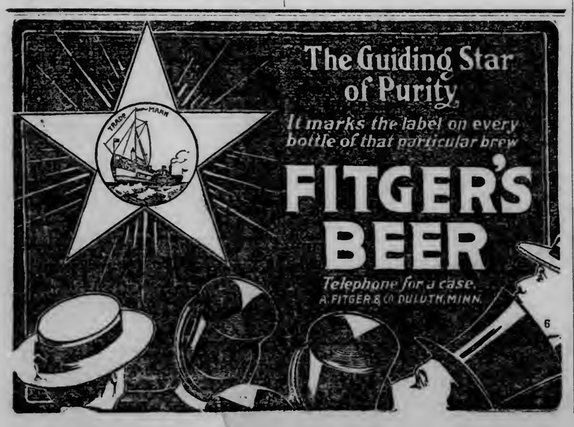
Columbia, S. C., Sept. 10.—A case of infanticide attributed to religious fanaticism, is reported in Broadway township, Anderson county.

John Graffenreid, a negro, and his wife, had been attending a "holiness meeting" and had become greatly wrought up over tes excitement attending it. They went home from the meeting and spent the greater part of the night praying. Just before daylight, Graffenreid says, his wife awoke him and asked him which he loved the best, his wife or his baby, a child about 16 months old. She said the Lord was going to take one of them.

He replied that if it was the Lord's will he would rather give up the child. He says the woman then took the child in her arms and declared she was going to offer it as a sacrifice. He says he was standing by her trying to quiet her, when suddenly she exclaimed:

"Here, Lord, take this child."

She then threw the baby against the wall, fatally injuring it. His wife then attempted to choke him to death. Both are under arrest. The wife is a raving maniac in her cell.



A RAISE OR DIE

Telephone Company Announces That as the Present Situation.

Advance of $8 on Business Phones Claimed Insufficient.

Before a very slim audience the matter of the readjustment of the rates of the Zenith Telephone company was again taken up last evening.

Messrs. William M. Hubbard, William Harrison and J. B. Mindlecoff were present in the interest of the telephone company.

Shortly after 8 o'clock Alderman Wing called the meeting to order, and an informal discussion of the rate question followed.

J. H. Brigham, who was present, made a brief address, speaking in favor of the city taking over the plant at the expiration of five years from the formation of the company, which is provided for in the contract.

"The company would not object to the city purchasing the plant," said Mr. Hubbard, "but who is going to carry the burden until the necessary legislation is secured?

"If we allow the business to drop for a month the plant won't sell for scrap iron by the time you have secured the required legislation.

"If I were manager of the rival company, such an attempt at a purchase by the city would be exactly what I should desire. During the time that the legislation was being secured I could then so far gain an advantage over the Zenith company that it could never regain the lost ground.

"It is now a question of sink or swim with us. We cannot go ahead or we will do business at a loss. We cannot stand still, for with the present keen competition, if we attempt to stand still we must go back, as every subscriber gained by the other company, and not gained by us, is so much of a loss and gives the other company a certain leverage over us.

"I would like to give a few reasons why we were able to sign the contract four years ago and are not able to keep it now.

"In the first place there has been an enormous increase in the cost of labor and of material.

"Secondly, the city has failed to keep its implied agreement and remove the rival company from the field.

"Thirdly, new patents have meant increased cost of service, instead of reducing the cost, as most patents do.

"The fourth reason is the immense amount of free long distance service we are compelled to give. You can telephone from New Duluth to Itasca without toll.

"These are but a few of the reasons for our applying for permission to increase the rates. The $8 raise in business 'phones would not place us on a paying basis. Even if we secured all we asked for in the way of a sliding scale of rates, we would have to secure 350 subscribers before we would be able to pay interest on the money invested."

C. E. Evens thought that a clear statement of the exact condition of the company should be circulated among the subscribers, and believed that if such action was taken there would be no objection to the company raising the rates to a point where it could pay interest on the money invested.

Mr. Hubbard replied that the committee of the council had made a thorough investigation of the books, and that all citizens were at liberty to do so for themselves, but he did not believe that a long detailed statement of the company's affairs would be read by those to whom it was distributed.

Owing to the small number present no action was taken in the matter, and the meeting adjourned sine die shortly after 10 o'clock.

BANK ACCOUNT OF THE CITY

Report of Treasurer Voss Shows Half Million on Hand.

Duluth has plenty of cash in the municipal treasury.

Treasurer Voss' financial statement for the month of August shows cash aggregating $545,976 in all funds. The balances in the several funds are as follows:

Interest fund	$ 52,216 60
Sinking fund	90,271 76
Fire department fund	32,576 33
Police department fund	22,613 86
Light fund	10,280 75
Water fund	12,273 03
Public works fund	37,061 23
Health department fund	3,906 85
Municipal court fund	4,691 66
Salary fund	15,213 47
Printing and supply fund	2,701 80
Library fund	2,944 65
Park fund	6,548 70
Water and light plant fund	27,306 01
Permanent improvement fund	27,484 97
General fund	30 937 98
Improvement revolving fund	167,546 48
Total	$545,579 59

DEPOSITED.

First National bank	$226,579 59
American Exchange bank	231,012 16
Duluth Savings bank	74,940 02
Cash and checks in safe	414 38
Total	$545,976 18

IS ON HIS RETURN.

J. J. Moe to Be Home From Europe Very Soon.

J. J. Moe, of the firm of Johnson & Moe, is expected home from his European trip within a few days. Letters received by his friends in the city, state that he left Norway, August 28, and expected to arrive in New York, September 8. He will spend a week in New York and other Eastern points, in company with his buyers, and will purchase a very complete stock of fall goods.

He reports a very enjoyable trip but says he is looking forward eagerly to his return to Duluth, from which he has been absent several months. During his absence, Mr. Moe has visited Germany, Norway, and several other European countries.

BOTH GOES TO THE FOOT.

Vancouver Barracks, Wash., Sept. 10.—The findings in the court-martial proceedings against Lieut. Col. C. A. Booth, of the quartermaster's department, U. S. A., were made public yesterday by Brig. Gen. Funston, commanding the department of the Columbia, who reviewed the case. Col. Booth was in charge of the quartermaster's stores at Fort Davis, Alaska, and was tried by general court-martial on charges of irregularities in his department. The court held Booth guilty of mismanagement and negligence, and sentenced him to remain at the foot of the list of lieutenant colonels during the rest of his eleven years of active service. Gen. Funston, in reviewing the sentence, reduced the time to five years.

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ROUGH RIDER IN TROUBLE.

Cousin of Former President Jumps Board Bill.

Nies, Mich., Sept. 10.—Capt. Harry McKinley, of the Rough Riders, said to be a cousin of President McKinley, is under arrest here for "jumping a board bill" in Kalamazoo. May 2 he registered as "Capt. H. McKinley and wife, Denver, Colo." He remained at Kalamazoo about a week and then left, but retained his apartments at the hotel. During this period his wife was not seen, though it was stated that he often was visited by a woman.

After an absence of about two weeks the captain returned with his bride. He made vigorous efforts to introduce his wife into society and spent large sums of money to establish his position, but the social leaders refused to accept the beautiful wife of the captain. After amassing large debts Capt. McKinley and his wife announced that they were going to spend a week at Gull Lake. They went to Detroit and from there were traced to Niles.

PUGILIST DIES

From Injuries Received In a Sparring Bout.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10.—Joseph Riley, a bantamweight pugilist, died shortly after midnight at St. Agnes' hospital. Riley Tuesday night engaged in a six-round bout with Grif Jones at the Southern Athletic club. The fight ended in a draw and Riley seemed in good condition at the conclusion of the fight, but shortly after reaching his dressing room he fell to the floor unconscious and was removed to St. Agnes hospital. He never, thereafter, regained consciousness.

Grif Jones, William Hohl, proprietor of the club, and the several seconds of the two men in the bout, are under arrest.

ILLICIT STILL RAIDED.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—An illicit still, perfectly equipped, was raided last night by United States officers, at 75 Evergreen avenue. Samuel Barron, alias Marcus, alleged owner of the "plant," was arrested, and Samuel Levinson and his wife, Rebecca, who, it is alleged, knew of the existence of the still, were kept under guard by the government officers. Officers remained in charge of the house throughout the night. All three prisoners are Russian Jews, who have lived at the place for ten months, the moonshining plant having, it is alleged, been started directly after the trio came to Chicago from Russia. More than 800 gallons of whisky were seized.

Send The Duluth Weekly Herald to your friends in the East. The cost is but $1 a year to any postoffice in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

SETH LOW ENDORSED.

New York, Sept. 10.—At the fusion conference last night the name of Seth Low was endorsed as the candidate for mayor to be presented at the fusionist convention by all the bodies affiliated with the fusion movement, except the greater New York Democracy and the Kings county Democracy. The conference was held at the headquarters of the Citizens' union. Edward M. Grout was endorsed for renomination for comptroller, and Charles V. Fornes for president of the board of aldermen.



Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period—how they can avoid pain, suffering and remove the cause.

"I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds and feet wetting.

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment and was cured a month later. I am like another person since I am in perfect health."—MISS AGNES MILLER, 25 Potomac Ave., Chicago, Ill.
—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of woman's health. Fifty thousand letters from women prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regulates menstruation, and makes those periods painless.

A STUDY OF WILLS

Of Presidents of United States Filed In Capital.

Interesting Side Lights on Character of Early Executives.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Interesting side lights on the characters of the early presidents of the United States are revealed by a study of the wills made by those distinguished individuals. The originals or copies of the last testament of six of our presidents are on file in the dingy rooms of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia. All the labor involved in searching the records to locate them is fully repaid by the revelations disclosed in perusing their musty pages.

The original of the will of President James Monroe is on deposit with the local register of wills, who is also the custodian of copies of the last testaments of Presidents Washington, Madison, John Quincy Adams, Jackson and Pierce. The copies are all duly certified and were filed here in order to make good the titles to real estate described in them. Among the original wills deposited with the local register are the famous declarations of the Polish patriot, Thaddeus Kosciusko. They are three in number and there was litigation for upward of forty years, the fight for the property involved being carried to the United States supreme court before it was finally decided. One of the instruments was made in 1798 at Albemarle, Virginia, and named Thomas Jefferson as the executor. The latter was charged to employ the whole of Kosciusko's estate in purchasing the freedom of negroes and in giving to them "an education in trades or otherwise, and in having them instructed for their new condition in the duties of morality which may make them good neighbors, good fathers or mothers, husbands or wives in their new duties as citizens, teaching them also to be defenders of their liberty and that of the country."

Another will made in 1817 gave the bulk of his property to the daughters of a Swiss family with whom he resided for fifteen years. The fight was to establish the validity of this will.

The last testament of James Monroe is a short instrument, written on cheap brown paper, which now shows the marks of time. It covers but a single sheet of paper, which is pieced in a number of places to prevent it falling apart. The signature is that of a man apparently weak and faint from a long illness, or possibly approaching death. It runs up hill, at an acute angle, and while the word James is clear and distinct the Monroe is scarcely legible, ending in an indefinite wave, the whole being badly smeared. President Monroe had a comparatively small estate to dispose of, and it did not require many words to bequeath it. He made provision for an equal division of his estate among his daughters, charging his son-in-law, Samuel L. Gouverneur with the preparation and publication of "the works in which I am engaged,' and giving the Gouverneur one-third of the profits from the sale of the book for his trouble. One of the witnesses to this will was Zinch Ringgold. By far the most interesting will of the early presidents was that left by George Washington, and besides throwing into the character of the man may be gained by reading it, and any one doing so is sure to be profoundly impressed by the pure and lofty sentiments which actuated our first president not only in his active life, but in his later years. It is a remarkable document for two reasons. First, because of the great detail, almost wordy detail, with which he described every bequest and the manner of its bestowal; and, secondly, because of the fine feelings and elevated thoughts of the testator which are reflected in every line of the will. The original is now in a glass case at Fairfax Court House, Virginia. It is a voluminous instrument, covering some twenty-four pages of manuscript. It provides first that "all my debts, of which there are but few, and none of magnitude," are to be paid. His whole estate, real and personal, was bequeathed to his "dearly beloved wife, Martha Washington," with certain exceptions. General Washington required that after the death of his wife all his servants should receive their freedom, and he gave the following reason for not freeing them at once, "To emancipate them during her life (his wife's) would, though earnestly wished by me, be attended with such insuperable difficulties on account of their intermixture by marriages with the dower negroes as to excite the most painful sensations, if not disagreeable consequences from the latter while both descriptions are in the occupancy of the same proprietor."

Washington gave immediate freedom to his body servant, William (calling himself William Lee), and a life annuity of $30 monthly because of his "attachment to me and for his faithful services during the Revolutionary War." He left a donation to the town of Alexandria in the shape of twenty shares in the Bank of Alexandria.

A characteristically patriotic declaration was made by General Washington in connection with the custom of certain parents of those days of sending their boys to Europe to be educated, a custom that worried Washington greatly.

He protested against this practice of sending our boys abroad "even before their minds were formed, or they had imbibed adequate ideas of happiness of their own, contracting too frequently not only habits of dissipation and extravagance, but principles unfriendly to Republican government and to the true and genuine liberties of mankind which thereafter are rarely overcome." He desired to establish a university in the central part of the United States to which the "youths of fortune and talent from all parts thereof might be sent for the completion of their education in all the branches of polite literature." For this purpose he bequeathed fifty shares of stock in the Potomac company for the endowment of such a university.

General Washington then proceeded to tell how he come into possession of those shares. "Whereas, by the law of the commonwealth of Virginia, enacted in the year 1785, the legislature thereof was pleased, as an evidence of its approbation of the services I had rendered the public during the revolution, to present me with fifty shares of $50 stock in the company for the opening to navigation of the River Potomac, the acceptance of which although the offer was highly honorable and agreeable to my feelings, was refused as inconsistent with a principle which I had adopted and had never departed from, namely, not to receive pecuniary compensation for any service I should render my country in its arduous struggle with Great Britain for its rights, and because I had evaded similar propositions from other states in the Union." This stock had been kept in the name of Washington, and he turned it over to the establishment of a national university of learning.

General Washington made to many of his friends bequests of his personal belongings. His nephew, Bushrod Washington, received all papers relating to his civil and military record. To his brother Charles he gave his gold-headed cane given to him by Dr. Franklin explaining: "I add nothing to it because of the ample provision I had made for his issue." "To the acquaintances and friends of my juvenile years Lawrence Washington and Robert Washington I give my other two gold-headed canes; and to each I leave one of my spy glasses which constituted part of my equipage during the late war." To General Lafayette "I give a pair of finely wrought steel pistols taken from the enemy in the Revolutionary War." A great many minor bequests were also made, such as releasing relatives from debts and other obligations.

Another strikingly characteristic will is that of "Andrew Jackson sr." as he described himself. Old Hickory was reduced to comparative poverty in his last days through the extravagance, or bad business speculations of his adopted son, "Andrew Jackson Jnr." This is made apparent in the opening paragraphs of his will which is decidedly Jacksonesque. "Being impressed with the great uncertainty of life and the certainty of death, and being desirous to dispose of my temporal affairs so that after my death no contention may arise relative to the same I," etc. It appears that his preceding will was made in 1833 and his last one in 1843. Since the date of his first will he explained "my estate has become greatly involved by my liabilities for the debts of my well beloved and adopted son Andrew Jackson, Jur." He continued: "I bequeath my body to the dust whence it came and my soul to God who gave it, hoping for a happy immortality through the atoning merits of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Saviour of our world."

General Jackson made arrangement for the payment of certain debts of his to his old friend, General J. B. Planche, who had advanced money to the hero of New Orleans in times of financial adversity. The entire balance was to go to his adopted son, to whom he bore no malice or hard feeling because of his extravagance. The only exceptions to this rule were the distribution of a number of swords and other trophies to personal friends. To each person receiving a sword the fiery Jackson gave injunction not to hesitate to use it in the "support and protection of our glorious Union and for the protection of the constitutional right of our beloved country should they be assailed by foreign enemies or domestic traitors."

James Madison had only a small estate to dispose of. He left all his property to his wife, charging her at the same time to see that the report made by Madison at the Philadelphia convention in 17-7 should be published.

DEFENDERS OF LYNCHING

Denounced By Bishop Chandler of Southern Methodist Church.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 10.—Bishop Warren A. Chandler, of the Southern Methodist church, one of the most prominent men of the South and for many years president of Emory college, in a stinging rebuke to those men of the South who have been speaking and writing in defense of lynching declares that mob law is nothing more or less than anarchy and that those who are attempting to excuse it are only doing so to sell their writings or speeches. He says in part:

"It is the duty of all good people in every part of our country to unite in putting down the mob. For let us be well assured that the good people will put down the mob or the mob will put down the good people. When a lynching occurs the law is more truly lynched than is the victim.

"It is an outburst of anarchy and an eruption of generous indignation against atrocious crimes. In defense of lynching it is sometimes said 'stop the outrages that provoke lynching and the lynching will cease,' but pray tell which outrage is meant. If reference to the horrible crime of assaulting women is intended it is enough to say in reply that it is not the cause of one-fourth of the lynchings which occur in the United States. Two years ago for example, the figures for a year showed only sixteen cases of assault against 128 lynchings.

"This evil strikes at the very heart of our civil institutions. If unchecked it will increase and eventually become unendurable by the vicious even. Men will grow so weary of it that they will welcome any sort of strong hand which will undertake to put it down, even the hand of tyranny.

"The 'Chautauqua season' is a very dangerous period of the year, especially during those years when the congress of the United States is not in session and the thrifty statesman who is deficient in a sense of responsibility for his words is 'out for the stuff' and when platform managers, who have an eye for gate receipts only, are out hunting for 'drawing' sensationalists. What a pity that these men undertake to handle matters so serious and so complex—yea, what a peril. Adventurous sportsmen discharging firearms in a powder house would not be a greater menace to good order and security."

Have you laid you want before the readers of The Herald?

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, it was voted to hold the Twenty-second International Christian Endeavor convention in Baltimore, July 5 to 10, 1905.

The first heat in the contest for the Franklin Walker cup, held Wednesday under the auspices of the Country Club yachtmen, was won by the Little Shamrock, of the Columbia yacht club of Chicago. The Little Shamrock easily outclassed her competitors, the Taffyu and the Finnesse, of Detroit.

A three-cent fare ordinance was passed by the Cleveland city council, the first of its kind in Cleveland. Mayor Johnson is said to be interested in the new bill, which, according to the conditions of grant, must be inoperation by the first of April, 1904.

Mrs. Ferrell and her two-year-old baby, were killed in a storm at Wichita, Kas., Wednesday. They sought shelter in a school house, and the building was demolished.

Gov. Nash, of Ohio, was overcome by heat while attending the fall festival at Cincinnati, Wednesday. He was removed to a hotel and recovered sufficiently to attend the night performance at the festival grounds.

Prof. Langley's airship was disabled again Wednesday afternoon by the wrecking of the starboard propeller, which broke under pressure of its own velocity about the middle, one of the blades dashing against the framework and doing considerable damage.

Major Delmar, in an attempt to lower the record of Cresceus, 2:02¼ on the New York state fair track Wednesday afternoon, broke the record, making the mile in 2:01½. This is the fastest time ever made by a gelding on any track.

British experts familiar from long experience with the South African gold regions, who have visited the recently discovered gold fields in the districts of Mexico and Michuchan, assert, after a careful examination, that there is no comparison between them and the fields of South Africa, and that Mexico will soon be one of the greatest producers of gold in the world.

Judge Lochren filed in the United States circuit court Wednesday his final decree in the case of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company. The case was decided some time ago, but the final decree was not handed down until Wednesday. The decree dismisses the bill of the plaintiff, and allows the defendants to apply to the court for an order allowing the costs of the case.

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Well Served Dinner

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Packed hot in 1 and 2-lb. air-tight cans.

Your grocer will furnish it to you.

Roasted and packed by
Carpenter-Love-Caldwell Co
The Only Coffee Roasters in Duluth.

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MILWAUKEE.

The purity of "Blatz" has never been questioned. Its very taste forbids doubt on that score.

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MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, Druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.



THE ONE WITH THE IMP—How in the world do you keep your baby so quiet and happy this dreadful trying weather?

THE ONE WITH THE CHERUB—Why it's the easiest thing in the world. I take a CASCARET Candy Cathartic every night at bed-time. It makes mother's milk mildly purgative, keeps the baby's bowels cool and regular, stops sour curd and wind colic. They work while you sleep, you know—greatest blessing for nursing mothers. 564

SPIRIT OF HUSBAND

Told Her, Between Caresses, He Had Been Murdered.

A Friend of Mrs. Funck Had a Similar Dream.

Lebanon, Pa., Sept. 10.—Messages from the dead in the guise of dreams inspired Mrs. J. Marshall Funck and her husband's closest friend, Eli Attwood, to institute an investigation into the death of Funck, which climaxed in the arrest of Constable John L. Fisher on a charge of murdering the lawyer in his private office in Cumberland street on July 6.

"I am as sure that we are proceeding in this matter under the direct guidance and inspiration of my husband," said Mrs. Funck today. "as I am that he is no longer on earth. Mr. Attwood shares this belief. Our dreams were almost alike. Save for a few details they did not vary. The burden of both dreams was that Mr. Funck did not kill himself, but that John Fisher had a hand in his death. When this thought was suggested to Mr. Attwood he coincided.

"I could see Mr. Funck as plainly as I see you," continued Mrs. Funck. "Our conversation was as rational and connected as it well could be. Before I had the last dream I had dreamed of him several times, but there was something between us—something that prevented us from conversing. He would look at me pleadingly as though he wanted to tell me something. At last one night Mr. Funck appeared.

"'Why,' he said to me, 'what are you doing here?' He clasped me in his arms and kissed me and I was so happy that I cried. I knew that he was dead, but it was so pleasant to be with him again. He asked me about various things—business affairs. I told him I had done the best I could. 'You know,' I said, 'You were not here to do them for me.'

"'No,' he replied, 'but I should have been if it had not been for what was done to me. You never believed that I killed myself, did you?'

"'I told him, 'No, never.'

"'But Ray did,' 'didn't he?' he said, meaning L. Raymond Reigert, his friend and secretary.

"'Yes, I am afraid he did,' I replied.

"'Well, I didn't, and you must not imagine that I did,' said he.

"'I knew who did do it,' I told him.

"'Be careful, don't be hasty,' he cautioned me. 'John Fisher did it.'

"When I told Mr. Attwood about the dream he listened intently, then he in turn let me know that he had had a similar dream—several of them, in fact. They closely correspond. Fisher was the man indicated in each."

Not until the substance of the dream had taken possession of Mrs. Funck did she permit her husband's body to be disinterred and examined.

"He was always averse to anything of the sort," she said, "and I would not let them do what should have been done before until I was satisfied that it would meet with his approval.

"I am so glad that I was won over. You know what they found, that his poor head was wounded and that he had not strangled. All this I have told you—my dream, I mean—and I realize fully that it is no evidence suitable to be admitted in trying a man for his life, but I know it is all true."

Mr. Attwood acknowledged that his dreams concerning the fate of Funck had coincided with those of Mrs. Funck in all important particulars. His attitude in discussing the matter was no whit less sincere than that of Mrs. Funck.

"I have faith in dreams," said he, "and I am not reluctant to admit it. I am so thoroughly convinced by my dreams that Marshal Funck was murdered that I have spared no exertion to bring within the reach of the law the man whom I think did the deed.

"Let me tell you, I have never dreamed the same thing three times in one night that results of some sort did not follow.

"When Marshal Funck was killed I was in Atlantic City. That night I dreamed that he and I had together killed a man. This chain of incidents was repeated three times. Each time I woke up, then fell asleep and dreamed again. I mentioned the occurrence to my family, and so impressed was I that it was the forerunner of some evil tidings or accident that I would not remain in the surf or allow my family to. That day I was called from the dinner table to the telephone and was told that Funck was dead.

"It was a physical impossibility for a man, drunk or sober, to hang himself with a belt in the manner that they say Marshall did. I wear the same size belt as his. I have tried to noose it about my neck and fasten the end to the catch in the office window. It was beyond my power. But it was possible for some one else to noose the belt, tie it to the catch and then put my neck through the noose.

"The belt was not drawn around his neck tight enough to indent the flesh. His mouth, eyes and tongue showed none of the typical evidence of strangulation. The blow at the nape of the neck ended his life, nothing else did. We should have had a confession from Fisher before this had not our plans miscarried. He was placed in a cell last night with a man who was there ostensibly as a prisoner. Fishers' attorney heard of what was going on, and warned him not to talk.

"Here is a bit of evidence to consider. Mellman Miller, the policeman, who admits that he accompanied Marshall and Fisher into the office, has told several persons that while he was in the outer office he heard a thud in the private office. But after hearing it he says there were voices within. It was his duty as an officer of the law to find out what was going on, but he did not do it."

Four detectives from Perkins' Union Detective agency in Pittsburg, have been in Lebanon working on the Funck case for several weeks. All of the evidence against Fisher was gathered by these men. Their leader said that the accumulated weight of circumstances constituted a fabric of strength and substance that would tell in favor of the state when the trial is on.

WILL USE STEAM.

Peary to Abandon Sails on Polar Expedition.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The expedition in quest of the North Pole which Lieut. Peary is to conduct next year will be unlike any of its predecessors. Steam will take the place of sails. A staunch wooden craft, with a powerful set of machinery, will be used.

"The only man I positively have selected to be in the last dash," said Lieut Peary, "is Matthew Hensen, the colored man who has been with me on former expeditions. He is a good shot, a good man at the oars, and one of the bravest fellows I ever knew. I would not think of going without him. He is now in New York serving as a valet.

"I feel more confident of success than I felt in any of the other trips. Think I have the experience needed to find the pole if any mortal is to discover it."

The money for the enterprise has not been raised, but President Roosevelt and Acting Secretary Darling are such good friends of the project that their influence will be put back of the efforts of the explorer.

Lieut. Peary will call his vessel the Charles H. Darling, in honor of the acting secretary.

NEW YORK WINS

The National Rifle Shooting Trophy at Seagirt.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 10.—The name of the first winner to be engraved on the national rifle shooting trophy, provided by the congress of the United States, will be that of New York. In a spirited competition, in progress two full days, the New York team of twelve uniformed men, captured the trophy handily, finishing with a lead of 86 points over its nearest competitor, New Jersey. New York's total was 2088 out of a possible 2000. In addition to the national trophy, valued at $1000 which will be held by the winning team only one year, the New York team won a cash prize of $500. New Jersey, which scored the second highest aggregate total of 2002, receives the Hilton trophy, to be held one year, and $300. Massachusetts was third with a total of 2883, and will carry home the "Soldier of Marathon" trophy, to be held one year, and $200. The District of Columbia, fourth, with a total of 2875, receives $150; Ohio, fifth, with a total of 2753, receives $100 and the United States marine corps sixth, with a total of 2772, receives $50. A medal will also be presented to each of the twelve members of each of the six winning teams.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

DIRECTOR OF MINT

Tells Mining Congress Silver Has Seen Its Worst Days.

Believes It Will Soon Reach and Maintain Staple Value.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 10.—Three sessions of the American Mining congress were held yesterday and each was full of interest. Today was given up to sightseeing to enable the delegates, members and other attendants at the congress to inspect the mines and mining plants in and near Lead and to visit Bald mountain, Ruby basin and Spearfish canyon. Three more sessions will be held in lead on Friday and then the congress will go back to Deadwood, where it expects to conclude its work on Saturday afternoon.

The attendance yesterday was enhanced by the arrival of nearly 100 delegates from Oregon. These delegates were delayed by a railroad accident. They will invite the congress to Portland next year.

The principal speakers of yesterday's three sessions were George E. Roberts, director of the mint; John L. Webster, Omaha, and E. W. Parker, of the United States geological survey, Washington.

Each was given a rising vote of thanks for honoring the congress.

Mr. Roberts, just before concluding, referring to the recent increase in the value of silver, said he believed silver had seen its worst days and that it would before long reach and maintain a staple standard of value. This statement was received with applause.

This reference by the director of the mint to silver, lead a Deadwood delegate to submit a resolution against "any further legislation by congress tending to restrict the further coinage of silver as real money or to depress its value on the market. The resolution, the reading of which elicited some applause from the delegates, was referred to the committee on resolutions. Mr. Roberts said, in part:

"The output of gold, which received a temporary check by the war in the Transvaal, will mount this year to a new record, and next year in all probability to another new one, for the Transvaal will not fully recover its position until then and all of the important gold-producing regions of the world are promising enlarged yields. The ore deposits in sight, the advance made in metalurgy and the abundance of capital seeking investment in the industry, combine to give assurance that the yield will not decline for a long time to come. Down to twenty years ago the world's supply of gold came mainly from placers. Professor Suess, the Austrian geologist, based his famous argument for bimetalism in 1874 upon the theory that placers were and always would be the chief source of supply and that as the world had been nearly all explored the annual yield of gold in the future must be a diminishing one. The metalurgical discoveries of the last twenty years, the new processes of reduction, are to be credited with the new golden stream.

"The people who are counting on stagnation and liquidation to follow the present era of prosperity may not be giving due importance to this annual addition to the monetary stock of the world. A period of enterprise and free investment exhausts the fund of liquid capital on hand as is ordinarily necessary until the fund is replenished by savings. The process may be identified by a ruse of interest rates and a fall in the value of investments that yield a fixed rate, and its influence of course is to put a stop to the latter. Every addition to the bank reserves at such a time has a direct bearing on the situation, and a flow of $250,000,000 of new gold every year into the financial centers of the world will be a factor not to be overlooked. Its accumulation in the banks will naturally force interest rates down, which in turn forces the value of fixed investments up and the result is a stimulus to enterprise until the new supplies are absorbed, when the process is reputed."

The address of Mr. Parker, which had nothing to do with gold, seemed to be somewhat of a novelty to the majority of the members, but was followed with evident interest. He said:

How many of you are aware that in 1901 the United States produced practically 40 per cent of the entire world's supply of pig iron, and 44 per cent of the entire output of steel? In 1902 this country added nearly 2,000,000 tons to the pig iron product of 1901 and reached a total of nearly 18,000,000 long tons. How produced almost double the amount of pig iron made in this country in 1892, ten years before, and about four times that made in 1883? How many of you are aware that in the first half of 1903 the furnaces of the United States turned out pig iron equal in amount to that produced in all the other countries of the world in a similar period for 1901? The great development is due in large part to coal. Our vast depoits of iron ore would lie unprospected and undeveloped but for the coal reduces them to workable iron and steel. Without the coal the steel would not be made for our railroads nor would there be the locomotives to draw the trains. It is coal which moves the world today, not gold. Gold lubricates the wheels, and that is very important, I grant you, but coal makes the power.

Now what are we doing in the development of that power? We look at the statistics and we see that our coal mines produced in 1902 a total of 293,300,000 short tons of coal. We are accustomed to talking in millions now-a-days and consequently these figures may not sound impressive, but let us see what sized mass this product represents. If this one year's product were gathered in one heap and measured it would make a mountain containing 7,360,000,000 cubic feet. If put in a column with a rectangular base 100 feet on each edge (nearly a fifth of a mile) it would reach an altitude of 1.4 miles. The holes left in the ground by this excavation would contain a city two and three-tenths miles square, whose buildings averaged fifty feet in height.

How our coal mining industry has grown is shown in the record of the last thirty years. Those of us who remember as far back as 1871, thought we were doing some business at that time notwithstanding the fact that we were just recovering from the effects of the civil war. We produced in that year a little over 40,000,000 tons of coal. In 1881 we mined 80,000,000 tons, less than half that of our industrial rival, Great Britain; in 1891 our product had increased to nearly 17,000,000 tons, almost double that of 1881, while 1901 we came within two per cent of reaching 200,000,000 tons, 50,000,000 tons, and exceeding Great Britain and all her colonies by over 25,000,000 tons. The United States is now contributing more than one-third the entire world's supply of coal.

In order to show how our coal mining industry indicates the great strides that we have made in manufactures we may compare the statistics of coal production with those of our population. If coal mined in the United States during the past thirty years had merely kept pace with our increasing population the production in 1901 would have been considerably less than 100,000,000 tons, whereas it reached nearly 300,000,000 tons. In 1870 we had a population of 38,558,371 persons, and our total coal production amounted to 35,896,560 tons, showing a per capita consumption of less than one ton. In 1880, with a population of a little over 50,000,000 we produced 71,,481,369 tons of coal, or one ton and 860 pounds for each inhabitant. At the end of the next decade our population had increased to 62,622,250 and our coal production to nearly 158,000,000 tons, making 2½ tons of coal to each person. And in the last year of the last century, when our population was a little over 76,300,000, we mined nearly 270,000,000 tons of coal or more than 3½ tons per capita. In other words, while our population in 1900 was not quite double that of 1870, the coal production was 7.4 times as large.

It is but just that an industry upon which so many other industries, we might say the commercial life of the nation itself, depend should have proper representation at the St. Louis exposition.

A large space has been reserved in the mines and metallurgy building for the display the exhibits representing the coal mining industry. This will be divided among the states according to the extent of their exhibits, and as nearly as possible according to geographical location.

Some of the interesting features of this coal display will consist of large relief maps of some of the principal coal fields of the country. These maps will show practically, in miniature, the country represented. They will show the hills and the valleys, the plains and water courses, the roads and railroads, the towns and mining camps, and the location of each mine in the region represented. They will also show the surface and structural geology and the entire area underlaid by workable coal seams; and where possible the portions of the region available for farming purposes and the sections covered by forest growths of economic importance.

Another interesting feature will be maps of two or three typical mining towns or camps illustrating the character of such communities in the different states. These maps will also show the tipple and other buildings connected with the operations of the mines and miners' houses, etc. It is, of course, evident that the scale upon which such maps are constructed is very much larger than the scale upon which the relief maps can be constructed. It will mean, in reality, showing in detail certain features indicated on the relief maps.

Then on a still larger scale, will be shown models of working mines in the different states and illustrating, so far as possible, typical conditions existing in those states.

The method of utilizing bituminous coal in the manufacture of coke will be shown by models of coking plants. In connection with this will be shown specimens of coal used in coke making and specimens of different grades of coke male from such coal. Also in connection with the codels of coking plants will be shown working models of crushing and washing machinery illustrating the matter in which coal is prepared for coke manufacture, where such preparation is necessary.

Other addresses at the afternoon session were delivered by C. W. Merrill, of Lead, on "The Metallurgy of Homestake Ores," and by Dr. C. C. O'Hara, of Rapid City, S. D., on "Geology and Mineralogy of the Black Hills."

The chief feature of the evening session was the address of John L. Webster, of Omaha, who spoke, in part, as follows:

There is more in the civilization of the West than the mere search for gain or the conquest of wealth. There are in it ideals of life as characteristic of the people as is their progressive spirit.

No class of people recognize better than we do, and none are more sensibly touched by the thought that we are all parts of one common country, and that whatever shall add to the prosperity of the whole nation wakes the strongest appeal to our high sense of duty and strengthens in us the loyal bonds of patriotism and duty. We are lovers of education, broad in purpose, ennobling in character, sweetening and broadening the lives and work of men, which is the distinguishing feature of American national life.

I wish I could have our Eastern friends understand how boundless are the opportunities in that area of country between the Missouri valley and the Pacific and how enterprising and progressive the people that built up the empire of the West since the discovery of gold in California.

Decades in the life of a nation are as nothing. This republic, grand and glorious as she is, has just started on her career. The future for her is vast, dim and immeasurable. Nature is omnipotent, nations must float with the tide. But whether she is passing through the darkness and storms of uncertain conflicts, or moving under all the splendor of the golden sunshine of peace and prosperity, the West and the East shall be forever one."

Dr. A. H. Elfton, Silverton, discussed "The Gold Ores of San Juan County."

TO POSTPONE EVACUATION.

Yokohama, Sept. 9.—A Pekin telegram, which is semi- officially confirmed at Tokio, says the Russian minister has proposed the postponement of the evacuation of the Kirin and Amur districts of Manchuria, set for Oct. 8.

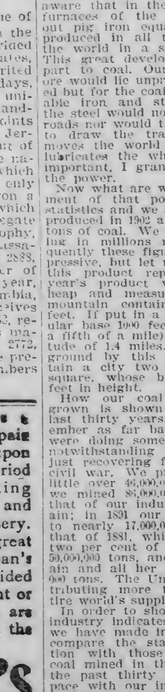
FAST WOMAN CYCLIST.

Boston, Sept. 9.—The world's cycle record for women for 1000 miles has been broken by Miss Sadie Knowlton, of this city. Today she finished a circuit of that distance, made in 96 hours 5 minutes. The new record is 3 hours and 15 minutes lower than that held by Miss Margaret Gast.

LaBelle Creole

10c.

ALWAYS EVERYWHERE



THEY ARE MILD

Save the Bands

THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine—Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine- Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine- Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE



TO ASK FOR RECEIVERS

Minority Stockholders of Consolidated Lake Superior Company Anxious.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10.—Minority stockholders of the Consolidated Lake Superior company, headed by E. C. Miller & Co., W. W. Kurts & Co., and Brice, Monges & Co., bankers, have started a movement with a view of asking for the appointment of a receiver for that concern. They have sent out a statement to the stockholders of the company today in which they say:

"The management of the Consolidated Lake Superior company having refused our just demands, made upon them through counsel for the names of the subscribers to the $11,088,400 contract of subscription to preferred stock of the company upon which the company report of June 30 1902, admits that a balance of $9,239,100 was then due and unpaid, and having failed also to give any reason whatsoever for not having enforced the payment of said subscriptions, it is important that immediate steps should be taken for the protection of our rights as stockholders.

"As the best means for accomplishing the desired result it is proposed to apply for the appointment of a receiver or receivers for the corporation this being regarded under the advice of counsel as the most effective course to pursue."

The statements asks all stockholders, "Who are determined to assert their rights to ascertain the true financial status of the company before accepting blindly any proposed scheme of reorganization" to join in the movement for the receiver. The banking concerns mentioned above represent $5,000,000 of the stock of the company. The Lake Superior company is a Connecticut corporation and the application for a receiver will have to be made in that state. The laws of the state require that not less than one-tenth the total capitalization of the company must assent to the application before the court can receive it. The Lake Superior company is capitalized at $102,000,000.

Vice President Sanborn of the Consolidated Lake Superior, made a long statement yesterday, in which, among other things, is set forth the contention that the books of the company were not spirited away to Canada. He justifies the removal on the ground that it was President Shields' first step along the line of an economical policy and says the removal was made in April last, when the principal offices of the company was transferred to Sault Ste. Marie, Canada.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ST. PAUL MAN KILLED.

Henry Nicols Evidently Accidently Shot While Alone.

St. Paul, Sept. 10.—Henry Nicols, a prominent wholesale merchant, member of the firm of Nicols, Dean & Gregg, was shot and instantly killed at home, 139 Summit avenue, late yesterday afternoon. The shooting is believed to have been accidental, as there was no reason known why Mr. Nicols should have committed suicide. No one was present when the shooting occurred. Mr. Nicols was in his own room, preparing for a trip to Florida. Suddenly a shot was heard and upon his room being entered, Mr. Nicols was found dead on the floor, a revolver by his side and a bullet hole in his temple. It is supposed that while Mr. Nicols was examining the revolver, the weapon was accidentally discharged, the bullet entering his head and causing instant death.

Merchants, Take Notice

The dark corners are full of money.

Every inch of dark space around your place represents a loss. Rent for the dark corners costs just as much as for the light ones. Light is the cheapest thing in the world, whether it is sunlight or artificial light, and the best and in the end the cheapest is electric light. Turn on your light and increase your sales immediately.

We are prepared TO and WILL furnish you with electric light so cheap that you can afford to light ALL of your store, so that you can exhibit all of your goods.

The Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior Street.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church, and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Consumption, Stops Quickness of Discharge; Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Rejuvenates small, unbalanced organs. Don't get dependent, a cure is at hand. 50 CENTS. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



Photographed from Life. THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

REVIVO produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Traynor Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

VIGOR

depends upon the nerves.

When they are exhausted, the mind and muscles suffer.

Strong nerves mean strong bodies and clear brains.

No matter from what cause the nerves become debilitated,

PALMO TABLETS

will restore them to a healthy, vigorous condition.

If you can not sleep, or if your memory is failing, take this gratis advice—use Palmo Tablets.

50 cents a box, 12 for $5.00. Valuable book, free.

The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS



For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.

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WHY GIVE UP HOPE WHEN NERVO-TABLETS

Renew Wasted Brain and Nerve Cells—bring sunshine and happiness into the lives of Weak Men and Women. They make new blood, strengthen the whole system, from the soles of your feet to the crown of your head. Nervo-Tablets are sent prepaid in plain wrapper 50c. a box or 12 for $5, with guarantee cure or money refunded. Write for illustrated book, "Man's Most Priceless Jewel of Happiness," mailed in sealed wrapper free. Sandham Medicine Co., Duluth, Minn., P. O. box 227. Write today and be Cured. Nervo-Tablets are for sale and guaranteed only by

LYCEUM PHARMACY, DULUTH.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Lower, Largely In Sympathy With Slump In Corn.

Northwestern Markets Are Firmest—Flax Has Small Advance.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 10.—The wheat market declined and the weakness eemed to come from Chicago and was attributed as much to a sharp slump in the price of corn as anything else. The loss was greatest in the December option price. The Northwestern markets were stronger than Chicago on the September option, the decline in Duluth being ⅛c and Minneapolis ¼c as compared with ¼c in Chicago. This is due to the light receipts in the Northwest, which while more liberal today, were nevertheless considerably below what they ought to be. In Duluth December lost ⅜c in Minneapolis ½-⅝c and in Chicago ⅝c. St. Louis showed an advance of ⅛c for September and a loss of ¼c for December while Kansas City was off ⅞c for December. New York declined ⅝c on both.

A slightly better demand from the foreign buyers was reported from the seaboard sales for export being 17 loads. The Liverpool market was up ⅛d and Paris ¼c.

The weather during the past twenty-four hours was generally favorable. No frosts were reported and the Northwest had no rain. Reports received today indicate that threshing is again general and that large receipts may be looked for within a few days. Minneapolis is bidding strongly for wheat and as a result is getting a large part of the Northwestern receipts. Today that place reported 698 cars against 240 a year ago. While Duluth had 118 against 402. Chicago reported 151 cars, against 113 a year ago. The total for the three points was 967 cars against 755 last year.

A feature of the cash market this morning and one which gave much satisfaction to commission men was an advance in the price of macaroni wheat. A price of 67c was made on No. 1, an advance of 7c and 65c on No. 2, an advance of 10c. The cause for this is a better inquiry for the wheat from abroad. France made offers for the wheat which indicate that a market for some may be found there and the United Kingdom was also inquiring for it and the millers there have apparently found some place where they can use it.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,296,000 bus., last year 1,065,000 bus. Shipments 384,000 bus., last year 589,00 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 42,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged to ⅛d lower. In the Chicago market December corn closed ⅞-1c lower and December oats ⅛c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 817,000 bus., last year 355,000 bus. Shipments 691,000 bus., last year 51,000 bus. Clearances were 28,000 bus.

On the Duluth board trading in wheat was fairly active but the range was very narrow. September opened unchanged at 82⅝c and sold all morning between 82¾c and 82½c and closed at the latter price. December opened unchanged at 80⅝c. That was its high point. The low was 80c at which price it closed.

Cash sales of wheat were 100,000 bus., and prices were unchanged at 1c over September for No. 1 northern to arrive by Sept. 15 and ½c over for No. 1 northern to arrive Sept. 20.

Flax was dull and ruled all morning ¼c higher, close being with an advance of that amount on all active options.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old, No. 1 hard, 85½c; No. 1 northern, 85½c; new No. 1 hard to arrive, 83½c; No. 1 northern, 82½c; No. 2 northern, 80½c; new No. 1 northern, on track, 83½c; No. 2 northern, 81½c. Macaroni—No. 1, 67c; No. 2, 65c; September, 82½c; December, 80c; May, 83⅛c. Flax—In store, $1.00; on track, $1.00; to arrive, $1.00; September, $1.00; October, $1.00; November, $1.00; December, $1.00¼; May, $1.03. Oats—On track, 36½c; to arrive, 36½c; to arrive in September, 36½c. Rye—To arrive, 53c; on track, 53c; to arrive in September, 53c. Barley—40@57c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 118; last year, 402; oats, 9; rye, 1; barley, 35; flax, 8; last year, 74. Receipts: Wheat, 131,215; oats, 9991; rye, 5095; barley, 28,700; flax, 7610. Shipments: Wheat, 19,934; barley, 25,000.

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McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.84¾
No. 1 hard, 14 cars	.83⅜
No. 1 hard, 5 cars	.83¾
No. 1 hard, 1 car old	.86¾
No. 1 hard, 7000 bushels	.83⅜
No. 1 hard, 1 car to mills	.84
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	.81¾
No. 2 northern, 5000 bushels	.81¾
No. 2 northern, 12 cars	.81⅞
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	.81½
No. 2 northern, 5000 bushels to mills	.82¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	.80¾
No grade, 1 car	.81¼
No grade, 1 car	.80¾
Oats, 1 car	.36¾
Oats, 12,500 bushels	.36½
Oats, 2 cars	.36
Barley, 1 car	.49½
Barley, 2 cars	.50
Barley, 4 cars	.52
Barley, 2 cars	.51
Barley, 1 car	.53½
Barley, 2 cars	.53
Flax, 2 cars in store	1.00
Flax, 1000 bushels in store	.99¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Higher But Soon Sold Off.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Wheat opened steady and a fraction higher, but soon sold off ¼c on offerings by local houses. There has been no rain in the Northwest during the past twenty-four hours and the weather was the influence. December started at 82¼@⅝c to 82⅜@½c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 916 cars, which, with local receipts of 151 cars, 6 of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 1067 cars, against 310 last week and 858 a year ago.

There was liberal selling later, attributed to packing house interests and values suffered a further decline, December going to 81⅝c. Receipts in the Northwest were liberal and general news bearish. There was a little better feeling during the last half hour when corn showed a better tone and the close was barely steady at a loss of ⅝⅜c for December at 81⅝@¾c. Trade was of moderate volume.

The non appearance of predicted frosts was responsible for an easier tone in corn, which opened ⅛c to ⅜c under yesterday's close. December at 51c to 51¼c. There was plenty of the cereal for sale and the price declined to 50⅞@51c, holding at about that price during the early session. Receipts, 121 cars, 36 contract.

The market lacked strength throughout the session, the weather being the main influence. December sold off to 50⅛c on unloading by disappointed buyers of yesterday, but the closing trades showed a better tone on covering by shorts, December firming up to 50⅜@½c, a net loss of ⅛@1c.

Oats opened steady and a fraction higher, with December unchanged to ¼c better at 37½c to 37¾c. Excessive rains in the middle states produced a bullish feeling and the price bettered slightly, holding between 37⅝c and 37⅞c. Receipts, 136 cars.

With a light run of hogs at the yards, provisions opened slow, but firm and higher. October quotations were as follows: Pork, $13.80; lard, $8.45; ribs, $8.77½@8.80. Prices eased off a shade to 7½c during the opening hour. January lard was active, opening 7½c to 15c up and dropping to $7.30.

Close: Wheat—September, 80⅛c; old 80⅛@¼c; December 81⅝@¾c, old 81¾c; May 83⅞@84c. Corn—September 50⅞c December 50⅜@½c; May 50¾@⅞c. Oats—September 35⅝c; December 37⅝c; May 39⅛c. Pork—September $13.65; October, $13.80; January, $13.25; May $13.45½. Lard—September $9.47½; October, $8.47½; November, $7.85; December, $7.47½; January $7.37½. Ribs—September $8.65; October, $8.80; January, $6.95. Rye—September 54½c; December 55¼c; May 57¾c. Flax—Cash N. W. $1.01; S. W., 98c; September 95c; October 96c. Timothy—Cash $2.50@3, September $3.20; October, $3.15; January $3.22½. Clover—Cash N. W., $9.15; October, $9.00. Barley—Cash 45@58c. Cash wheat—2 red, 82c; 3 red 81c; 2 hard winter, 79¼@½c; 3 hard 77@½c. Corn—2, 50¾@51¼c; 3, 50¾@51¼c. Oats—2, 33½@34c; 3, 33@½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market acted a little heavy and closed lower. The weakness in corn was factor and primary receipts a little in excess of last year. Cables steady to firm. Government report is an uncertainty and its expectation did not help the market. Export business reported for the day rather light. Cash markets are steady and no lower. Weather in the Northwest still threatening. There was a small outside trade and pit traders are bearish. We see no change in general conditions.

Corn—The market lost about a cent today. The expectation of a bearish government report was the principal influence. There were heavy rains through the corn belt and while this did not deter short selling nor prevent considerable liquidation, still it is not a bearish factor. Country offerings are only moderate and the local cash situation is firm. There is just as much variance in news regarding crop position and outlet as heretofore. There is a large active outstanding in both sides of the market.

Oats—Market unchanged. It is expected that the government report will show a further reduction in its estimate of the crop. The cash position unchanged and consists of moderate receipts and good demand. The speculative operations are unimportant at the moment.

* * *

Seattle, Wash., wires: "In fourteen years wheat was never so thoroughly cleaned out in the inland empire as it was last season. Harvest is about a month late this year and many mills have large contracts for September delivery. The result is the mills are fighting each other for wheat and are forcing the price up far beyond a figure at which milling will be profitable.

"'Last year by September first,' said Moritse Thompson, president of the Centennial mills, "I had purchased 600,000 busnels of blue stem. This year at the same time I had but a fraction of that amount. Last year I paid 66 cents, this year as high as 87½ cents and 88 cents has been paid at coast terminals.'"

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: The corn crop is in a more assuring position. Two billion bushels is reasonably certain and probably more. The wheat situation is unchanged, oats are falling below expectations. The movement of wheat and oats is light and corn fair.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

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328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.
307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.
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222—224 West Michigan Street.
Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

Ship Us Your Grain

Liberal Advances.
Quick Sales.
Prompt Returns.

References:
130 National Banks in Northwest.
Ask your Banker for our standing

COE COMMISSION COMPANY,
Minneapolis. DULUTH. Chicago.

NO INTEREST

We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away

COE COMMISSION COMPANY, Incorporated.
Capital and Surplus, $300,000.

Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds

Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.

Commission { Stocks, ⅛ Per Cent, Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.
Margins Required { Stocks, $2 a Share. Grains, 1c a Bushel.

If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office—220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Thursday, Sept. 10, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max*	Min**	Rainfall—inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear	68	42	T
Campbell	Pt cldy	70	36	.04
Crookston	Pt cldy	62	50	.0
Detroit City	Clear	68	38	.02
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	..	48	T
Minneapolis	Clear	68	52	.0
Montevideo	Pt cldy	72	38	.0
New Ulm	Clear	70	44	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	68	48	.0
Devils Lake	Cloudy	58	36	.0
Larimore	Pt cldy	62	36	.0
Lisbon	Cloudy	70	56	T
Pembina	Clear	62	36	.0
Aberdeen	Pt cldy	78	40	T
Millbank	Clear	72	48	.02
Mitchell	Clear	72	52	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	72	36	.01
Bismarck	Cloudy	60	44	.0
Duluth	Clear	60	44	T
Huron	Cloudy	72	40	.0
La Crosse	Clear	64	54	.02
Moorhead	Cloudy	66	40	.0
Pierre	Pt cldy	74	46	.0
St. Paul	Clear	70	50	.0
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	56	38	T

Generally fair weather prevailed over the Minneapolis district, elsewhere there were showers with heavy rains over the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys. Temperatures are cooler.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	37¼@37¾	51¼@51	$13.80
High	37⅞	51¼	13.80
Low	37¼@⅜	50⅛	13.70
Close	37⅝	50⅜-½	13.80

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKET.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	.82⅝	83B	80⅝	87⅝
High	.82¾	83⅜	80⅞	87¾
Low	.82½	82⅞	79⅞	86⅞
Close	.82½B	83	80⅛	87A
December—				
Open	.80⅜	80½-⅝	82¼-⅜	88
High	.80⅝	80¾-⅞	82⅜-½	88
Low	.80	79¾-⅞	81⅜	87⅛-¼
Close	.80B	80-⅛	81⅝-¾	87⅜A

	September— Close. Sept. 10.	Close. Sept. 9.	December— Close. Sept. 10.	Close. Sept. 9.
St. Louis	.82	81⅞	85¼-⅜	85½-⅝
Kansas City	..	..	70⅜	71¼

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 10.—Wheat—Spot, 2 red western winter, steady, 6s 3d; 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures, quiet; September, 6s 6¼d; October, 6s 6½d; December, 6s 6¾d. Corn — Spot American mixed, steady, 4s 7d. Futures quiet; September, 4s 6⅝d; October, 4s 6⅛d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 10.—Close: Wheat—December, 80@⅛c; May, 82⅜c; on track, 1 hard, 85¼c; 1 northern 84¼c; 2 northern 82¼@½c; 3 northern, 78@81c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 10.—Close: Wheat—December, 87¾c; May, 88⅜c. Corn—December, 56⅞c; May, 56c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Cattle receipts, 10,000, steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.05; poor to medium, $4.00@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.15; cows, $1.50@4.60; heifers, $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.55; Western steers, $3.25@4.60. Hogs receipts, 16,000; tomorrow, 15,000; market 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.50@6.20; good to choice heavy, $5.75@6.10; rough heavy, $5.35@5.75; light, $5.80@6.25; bulk of sales, $5.65@5.90. Sheep receipts, 24,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $3.00@3.65; fair to choice mixed, $2.00@3.00; Western sheep, $2.75@3.75; native lambs, $3.50@5.85; Western lambs, $3.50@5.20.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 10.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 1@9 points on a demand from shorts following reports that the late bear leader had turned bull and on better cables than expected and a more bullish quality of crop news. Following the opening call there was a slight rally, the upward movement being checked, however, by over night selling orders for the account of eleventh hour longs. Toward noon business tapered off considerably.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 12.25; middling gulf, 12.50; sales, 3216 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; September, 10.77; October, 9.84; November and December, 9.73; January and February, 9.72; March, April and May, 9.73.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances: Available cash balance $225,157,518; gold $106,635,358; silver, $27,384,581; U. S. notes, $11,383,866; treasury notes of 1890, $132,149; national bank notes, $19,445,816; total receipts this day, $2,412,940; total receipts this month, $14,402,397; Total receipts this year, $112,866,651; total expenditures this day, $2,040,000; total expenditures this month $12,730,000; total expenditures this year, $112,142,733; deposits in national banks, $156,128,813.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 10.—Close: Money on call, steady, at 2@2½ per cent, closing bid 2, offered at 2¼; time money, steady; 60 days, 4@4¼ per cent; 90 days, 4½@5; 6 months, 5¼@¾. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½. Sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.10@4.86.15; for demand, and at $4.82.70@4.82.80 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83@4.84, and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.82½. Bar silver, 57⅝c. Mexican dollars, 45½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

SELLING OF STEEL

By Leading Operators Attended By the Old Rumors.

Weakness of United States Steel Affected General List.

New York, Sept. 10.—Moderate buying orders were executed in the western stocks at the opening and Union Pacific, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and St. Paul responded with good fractional advances. Atchison was bought heavily, but fluctuated narrowly. The specialties were neglected outside of a few transactions in the local traction stocks at unimportant price changes. Norfolk & Western advanced a point.

Unexplained weakness in Brooklyn Transit depressed it 1⅝ and impaired the markets good tone. There were no material set-backs, however, until the U. S. Steel stocks commenced to react sharply on large sales. U. S. Steel preferred declined 1⅛ and the common 1. Other metal stocks gave way in sympathy, Tennessee Coal losing 1½. Railroad stocks reacted to about yesterday's final prices or below. Pennsylvania and Louisville & Nashville lost nearly a point and an early rise of as much in Wabash preferred. Norfolk & Western and Metropolitan Securities was not retained. Lackawanna advanced 2.

Standard stocks showed more steadiness during the second hour, when offerings slackened. St. Paul and Brooklyn Transit rallied large fractions, but the general list was held in check by the continued selling of U. S. Steel. The large sales of U. S. Steel by leading operators was attended by the old rumors which do service every time the stock is sold heavily. Colorado Fuel advanced 2; Smelting preferred and Sloss-Sheffield Steel lost 1 and New York Air Brake 4 points. Bonds were dull and irregular at noon.

Dullness was the chief characteristic of the midday market. The abondonment of the early selling movement in the railroad list led to some covering and after this was completed the market fell back into its recent rut. The United States steel stocks hugged the low level closely, but were considerably less active. Metropolitan Street Railway fell off a point.

Late selling of Atchison forced it to 66¼. The drive had no influence on other Western stocks and they harlened later to the best. Gentral trading was pretty much at a standstill and efforts to promote a following in any one stock were futile.

Blocks of from 1000 to 6000 shares of the U. S. steel shares were liquidated in the final hour, driving the common stock down to 20⅛. The weakness of these stocks permeated the general list and there was a reaction to about the lowest prices of the day. The movements in the railroad list were not of much importance, most of the effective pressure being directed against the specialties. The close was dull and weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	48¼	47½	47⅝
American Sugar	115¾	115	115¾
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	67½	66⅜	66½
Baltimore & Ohio	82¼	81⅝	82
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	44¼	42½	4 ⅞
Canadian Pacific	124⅛	123⅜	123⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	33¼	33¼	33¼
Chicago Great Western	17	17	17
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	143⅛	142⅜	142¾
Chic. Rock Island & P	29¼	28⅝	29
Rock Island pfd	65¾	65¾	65¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	42½	42½	42½
Erie Common	29¾	29½	29½
General Electric	163½	163½	163½
Illinois Central	133⅜	132¾	133¼
Louisville & Nashville	105½	105	105
Manhattan Elevated	137	136½	137
Metropolitan St. Ry	114½	113½	114
Mexican Central	13½	13	13
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M	56½	56	56½
do pfd	129	129	129
Missouri Pacific	94¼	93⅜	93⅝
New York Central	123	122⅝	122⅝
Norfolk & Western	63	62	62
Pennsylvania	125	121⅜	121⅞
People's Gas of Chic	94	93¼	93
Reading	54½	53⅞	54
Republic Steel & Iron	11	11	11
Southern Pacific	45½	45⅛	45¾
Southern Railway	22¾	22¼	22¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	40¾	39¼	39¾
Union Pacific	76¼	75⅜	75⅝
U. S. Leather	8¼	8	8¼
U. S. Steel	21¾	30⅛	20⅛
do pfd	70⅝	69¾	69¾
Western Union	83½	83½	83½
Wisconsin Central	19	19	19
do pfd	39¾	39¾	39¾

Northern Securities, 89½ bid; 89⅞ asked.

The total sales were 284,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co: Wall street continues to await crop and monetary developments which according to ancient theories will determine the course of prices for the next few months. Any one can make a pretty close guess as to the corn crop. Being two or three weeks late it is bound to be affected by frost in some districts. But the planted area is fully seven per cent above any previous year except 1902 and is spread over such a wide extent of territory that general damage from so local an influence as frost is most unlikely. Allow a fair average and we will get fifty to sixty per cent of normal crop, a result long since discounted and providing no base for either a bull or a bear movement. The unknown quantity is the Balkan war developments and these were not reassuring. However, it is likely that trouble will remain localized until spring at least. I still think we are in simple a traders market with gradual upward trend. There is no reason for stocks to go materially lower barring extreme complications in Europe.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: Asolutely no new developments. The market is awaiting the government crop report. A favorable one is generally expected and a yield of 2,000,000 bushels of corn is looked for. Trading is confined to the room and price fluctuations will probably continue slight until something turns up to give the market an impetus one way or the other.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: According to large operators who are bullish, there is no signs of an immediate break in the stock market. Professional traders are generally bearish, but are not able to force liquidation. On the other hand when pools bid up prices they meet enough long stock after a point or two advance to discourage such efforts. The result is stagnation though the opinion is still held by shrewd operators that whenever there is a pronounced movement the market will go up. The talk is that if tomorrow's government report on corn proves favorable there will be a rally and that shorts may cover before the report apears if there is a confident feeling that the report will point to a good crop. It is thought that this would be good for an up turn of couple of points. There is no reason for any decline in United States Steel, and purchases at lower levels should prove profitable in the near future. The price movement for all stocks during the next two weeks will be governed by the varying news of the crop and weather reports.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is easier. There has been considerable pressure on some of the industrials, particularly steels. It is still a dull market and the bluk of selling is being done by bear traders. Now that Wall street sees that there is nothing to worry about in the money situation they are beginning to surmise that the banking situation in other cities is not so favorable. We think there is nothing in it. Holders of stocks are not liquidating to any extent. On any breaks we are inclined to think investors will come into the good dividend paying stocks. All declines from these prices we think will do to buy on.

* * *

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was influenced by Steel which was very weak and sold off easily. There was little or no commission business and traders did hardly anything. There was no news of importance and everyone awaits the government crop report.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consumated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co, 306 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	47⅝	47⅞
Anaconda	19½	20
Adventure	5¼	5⅞
Atlantic	8½	9
Allouez	5	5½
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2¾	3
Copper Range	63	64
Centennial	19	19½
Calumet and Hecla	440	460
Calumet and Arizona	115	125
Calumet and Pittsburg	..	100
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	42	43
Mayflower	1	1½
Mercur Con.	1⅜	1½
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	8½	9
Osceola	60	60½
Phoenix	5	5½
Parrot	20½	21
Quincey	87½	90
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1	1¼
Franklin	8¼	9
Tecumseh	25c	75c
Tamarack	90	91
Tri-Mountain	66	70
Trinity	7⅛	7¼
Tennessee Copper	29	31
Utah	27½	27⅞
U. S. Mining	19¾	20
U. S. Oil	11	11½
Victoria	3¾	4
Wolverine	73	74
Wyandot	1	1½
Winona	8	9
Daly West	41	41½
Greene Con.	19¾	20
Calumet and Bisbee	5	8
Pittsburg and Duluth	..	40
Union Land	3⅛	3½
Higgins	5	7½
Junction	..	15
Wolverine and Arizona	..	10
Bisbee Queen	..	6

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Coppers weakened further in sympathy with the decline in the general market. Amalgamated was under pressure all day but in view of the persistent selling it showed very good support. Range declined nearly 2 points recovering half of its loss. Other coppers were dull. There is no bearish news to explain the weakness. We do not think the market will decline materially. Good stocks, especially coppers should be bought on the reactions.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	60	
Green onions, per doz	15	
Radish, long, per doz	15	
BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	21	
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Packing stock	11½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	12	
Twins, full cream, old	12½	
Full cream, young America	15	@ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	
Limberger, full cheam, cheese	12½	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	16	@ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	15	
Ohio, per lb	12	
Maple Syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60	
Medium, hand picked, bus.	2 25	
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocanuts, per doz	50	
Brazils, per lb	11	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@ 1 00
Plumbs, per crate	1 50	@ 1 7[illegible]
Pears, per box	2 50	
Apples, per bbl	4 00	
Smyrna figs	1 00	@ 1 85
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@ 3 50
Me. lemons, per box	5 00	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oranges	4 25	
Tomatoes, per crate	1 00	
VEGETABLES.		
Green corn, per doz	12½	
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75	
Carrots, per cwt	1 40	
Turnips, per cwt	1 25	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
Best cucumbers	1 25	@ 1 35
Mint, per doz	30	
Potatoes	70	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruite juice	4.00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Chickens	13	@ 14
Hens	11	@ 12
Turkeys	12	@ 13
Ducks	10	
Geese	8	
Beef	7	@ 8
Lamb	10	
Mutton	9	@ 10
Pork loins	12½	
Lard	8⅝	

IN NEW YORK.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Butter, steady; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 16½@17½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 10½c; twins, 10@½c; young Americas, 11@¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 10.—Butter receipts, 5260 packages. Market firm. State and dairy, 14@16c; extra creamery, 20c; packing stock, 12@14½c; creamery, thirds to firsts, 15@19½c. Cheese receipts, 7457 packages. Market firm. State, full cream fancy, small, colored, 11c; small, white, 10⅞c; large, colored, 10⅞c; large, white, 10⅝c. Eggs receipts, 9266 packages. Steady. State and Pennsylvania, fancy mixed, 23@24c; state and Pennsylvania seconds to firsts, 19@21c; western extras, 23c; refrigerated, 18@21c; western firsts, 22c; western thirds to seconds, 17@21c.

It pays to advertise in The Herald, because everybody reads it.

BLOCKADE AGAIN

Coal Boats Are Coming Too Thickly For Dispatch.

Some Have Been Waiting For Six to Eight Days.

For the third time this season there is a blockade of coal boats in the harbor, and vessels are lying at anchor waiting for an opportunity to reach the docks and unload their cargoes.

The first blockade lasted for nearly two weeks, and the second was of somewhat shorter duration.

The blockade today is partially due to the double holiday of Sunday and Labor day, although the arrivals here have been very heavy during the past three or four days, and doubtless delays would have been experienced irrespective of the holiday.

Four vessels are at present lying at archor in the lower bay waiting for docks, and this number may be increased before night.

Some of the vessels now in the harbor have been in port from six to eight days, owing to the delays in unloading.

Ore shipments have also been very heavy, thirteen ore-laden vessels having left the harbor during the past twenty-four hours.

Two Canadian vessels arrived in the harbor yesterday afternoon, to load grain for Kingston. The boats are the Rosemount and Sitka of the Montreal Transportation company.

A ROUGH TRIP.

Ashtabula, O., Sept. 10.—The steamer John Duncan, owned by J. H. Pauley, of Milwaukee, and reported overdue, has arrived here following a most eventful trip. After being sunk in a storm off Harrisville on Aug. 29, half a mile from shore, and having part of her cargo thrown overboard, she was raised by means of a steam wrecker. On reaching Lake Erie she again had a rough experience in a gale. Her deckhouse was wrecked, her hatch coverings were torn off and she shipped considerable water. Steam pumps were kept working on the boat and it is said she is still leaking. After discharging her cargo she will go into drydock at Cleveland.

The Duncan had a three days' struggle with wind and wave. She was towing the schooner Aberdeen when overtaken by the northeast storm Sunday, and after dropping her consort had a hard fight to keep afloat. The Duncan did not abandon the Aberdeen until both boats were rolling so hard that it was dangerous to attempt to stay together. They were then in the south passage, where the Aberdeen rode out the storm in safety and was picked up by the tug Goulder last night and towed to Ashtabula. On leaving the schooner the Duncan ran for shelter at Kelly's island, where she staid until early yesterday morning.

GRAIN FREIGHTS UPSET.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grain had a stroke of paralysis today on account of the announcement of a reduction of a cent a bushel on grain by rail between Buffalo and the seaboard, which goes into effect Sept. 16. Vesselmen with boats to charter found it impossible to place them as shippers were bent on holding off until the rail reduction went into force. While lake trade will be materially benefited in the end by the action of the American railroad lines meeting Canadian competition yet for a few days there will be nothing doing.

"If railroad officials understood lake business better," said one vesselman, "they would not announce so radical a reduction so long in advance. What's the use of upsetting everything with us this way? Three or four days' notice would have been ample time to have protected shippers and we would not have been tied up, waiting for the new rates to go into effect."

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Shrigley, Shawnee, Tionesta, 10 last night; W. L. Brown, 11; Gates, 6 a. m.; Capt. Wilson, 7; Embury King, Johnson, Congress, Holland, 8:40. Down: Cambria, 9:30 last night; Maricopa, Corsica, 1 a. m.; Fulton, Maida, 4; Roumania, Crete, Taylor, 5:30; Aurania, Ira Owen, Anna Minch, 7; Frick Andaste, North West, 8.

Up yesterday: Jay Gould, 11:20; Alberta, 2:30; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Oregon, Foster, 5; Osborne, 7:30. Down: Donnaconna, 11:30; Kerr, Oglebay, Tyrone, Gordon Campbell, Massassoit, noon; Maunloa, Caledonia, Ashland, Van Hise and whaleback, 1; Bessemer, Fritz, 2:20; Superior City, 2:40; Ellwood, Jennie, 3:30; Kaliyuga, 4; Turrett Court, 6:40.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Mary Boyce, 10:30 last night; Hill, 10:40; Albright, 2 a. m.; Langell and consorts, 2:30; Gilbert, 4:20; Turret Crown, 4:40; Presque Isle, 6:20; James Hoyt, 7:15; Chamberlain, Bloom, Sligo, 8:10; Brazil, Adella Shores, Nyanza, 8:20. Down: Manola and whaleback, 12:40 a. m.; Fairbairn and whaleback, 2; Pawnee, barges, Watt and whaleback 3; Presley, 5:20; Cormorant and consorts, 8; Iroquois (steel), 9.

Up yesterday: Harvard, 12; Shuck, Vega, 2:15; Winnebago, 3; Cumberland, 4:30; Pentland, 5; Monroe Smith, 6; Mariska, 7; Forest City, Wilbur, 8; Miami, 8:40. Down: Eliza Strong and barges, 11:15; Alaska (steel), Philip Minch, 2:15; Yuma, Troy, Saxona, 2:30; Fitzgerald, 4; Appomattox, 4:30; Mary Elphicke, 5:15; Conemaugh, 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie — Cleared, light: Moore, Duluth; Watson, Pretoria, Superior.

Toledo — Cleared, coal: Mary Boyce, Duluth. Light: Gilbert, Duluth.

Buffalo — Cleared, coal: Craig, Zenith City, Superior. Light: J. B. Ketcham, Duluth.

Ashland — Arrived: Kalkaska, Oak Leaf, Fryer. Cleared, ore: Strathcona, Point Edward; Palykl, Midland, 130, Mather, Wawatam, Lake Erie.

South Chicago— Cleared, light: Magna, Poe, Manila, German, Houghton, Cornell, Superior.

Fort William — Arrived: Sevona, Aztec, Miztec. Cleared, light: Rosemount, Selkirk, Hutchinson, Superior.

Ashtabula — Cleared, coal: Brower, Portage. Light: Presque Isle, Duluth.

Cleveland — Cleared, coal: John Owen, Abyssinia, Duluth; Monroe, Smith, Fort William. Light: Frontenac, Amazon, Brightie, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Christopher, J. M. Jenks, Selkirk, H. W. Smith, Viking, Vinland, coal, Lake Erie; Edenborn, 111, Empire City, Thomas Maytham, Parker, light for ore, Lake Erie; Northern Light, Codorus, Portage, Wilwaukee, Rochester, merchandise, Buffalo; J. T. Hutchinson Rosemount, light for grain, Buffalo; Moore, Easton, Bradshaw, passengers and merchandise, Lake Superior ports.

Departed—Onoko, Bartlett, Morse, Admiral, S. J. Murphy, Whitworth, Colonel, Malietoa, Selwyn Eddy, George Peavey, Nottingham, W. D. Rees, George Stephenson, ore, Lake Erie; India, Buffalo; North Wind, merchandise, Buffalo; Sitka, Northern Wave, light, Lake Superior ports.

New Opening of an Old Country

On Aug. 23, the Big Woods Country of Minnesota was opened to passenger travel by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, completing its new road St. Paul to Mankato. It is now the Short Line between Mankato and the Twin Cities with two up-to-date trains each way, running through to Wells.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing; **9:30 A.M.** Wednesdays for Port Wing, Carnacopia and Ashland: Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton **4:00 p. m.** All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
[illegible]:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m * 11:15 p.m † 6:20 a.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m * 6:20 a.m † 9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m * 8:30 p.m † 2:20 p.m	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg. Hibbing, Virginia	* 6:43 p.m * 7:10 a.m *12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv.—LOCAL—Ar. †7:15 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m b 8:00 a m	Ashland and East " "	a 11:15 a m b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m 8:40 a m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m b 1:55 p m a 11:10 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m b 2:10 p m a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

Midland Hotel,
H. W. HARGREAVES, Prop.
RATES $1.00 PER DAY.
210 West Second St., Duluth, Minn.

New Building Modern in every particular
210-212 W. Superior St.
Cook's European Hotel
B. J. Cook, Manager.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
JAS. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
320 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.
Beautiful Rooms with Baths two blocks from Depots and Steamboat Landings.
RATES MODERATE.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

ARMY OF RODENTS.

From Calhoun county, Michigan, there comes to the Smithsonian institution a sensational story of the invasion of that county of an army of 5000 rats in one pack, says the Washington Star. A big gray rat is said to be leading the vast array of rodents. Michigan papers devote considerable space to the peculiar occurrence, and some Battle Creek citizens who have become interested in the migration have written to the Smithsonian Institution for an explanation, if possible. The story of the rat raid as told in Michigan papers is that about twelve day ago, about a hundred large rats were crossing a highway three miles east of Tekonsha village, Calhoun county. They are said to have been under the leadership of a large gray rat of venerable and dignified aspect, and this leader seemed to have some definite object in view, for he marshaled his forces in a most authoritative manner. A few days afterward a farmer in Clarendon township, in the same county, was aroused about 3 o'clock in the morning by a squealing noise of great magnitude, such as might be made by a score of litters of young pigs. As the sound continued to grow in volume, the farmer arose, hastily put on his clothes and went out doors. The air seemed filled with the strange sounds, and the man climbed his wind mill to see if he could discover the cause. He could see a dark wave rolling across a field toward his barn, it is said, and as it approached nearer he could see that it was composed of hundreds of rats, squealing loudly as they ran. Into the barnyard they came, halting infront of the barn. Then a large gray rat seemed to select about twenty husky rats from the bunch and led them into the building. When they emerged ten minutes later they were accompanied by about one hundred of the Clarendon man's rats. They took their places in the ranks and the procession moved on again across the fields. When last seen the horde is said to have been crossing the highway east of the village of Tekonsha. It is claimed a traveler had to wait nearly five minutes for them to cross the road, and he estimated their number to be not less than 5000. They were still under the leadership of a big gray fellow who appeared to be a walking delegate in the most extensive strike in the history of Redentdom.

Caters to Your Slightest Wish.

A Herald Want Ad Is Always Your Obedient Servant.

Does Exactly What You Want It To Do.

A PROTEST FILED

England Objects to Seizure of Islands Off Borneo.

Representations Have Been Made to Washington on Matter.

London, Sept. 10.—The British foreign office is said to have made representations at Washington anent the recent seizure of two or three islands off the northeast coast of British North Borneo by the United States gunboat Quiros. These islands are not connected with those off the coast of Sandakan (capital of British North Borneo) over which the American flag was recently hoisted.

The Quiros is stated to have lately visited a port on the northeast coast of Borneo, and to have thence steamed to Darvel bay, an important center in Borneo, 150 miles southward. There the seizure is said to have occurred. The islands, which have been under British administration for twenty-five years, were originally infested by pirates, who were driven out by the chartered company of Borneo. The action of the Quiros was brought to the attention of the foreign office, which then took the matter up.

It is asserted at the foreign office that the whole question of the islands is now under consideration at London and in Washington, and that when the foreign Secretary Lansdowne returns, arbitration will be suggested.

PICKEREL WAS TRICKY.

Stole Watch and Returned It in Amazing Way.

One day, the time I was running the Trumpet Blast of Freedom for the ignorance, enlightenment and elevation of the 'way-back constituency of Geeville and parts adjacent," said the citizen who has since made a reputation in a more extended sphere, according to the New York Sun, "a comfortable-looking native came into the office and remarked:

"I s'pose you wouldn't object to a few jottin's from the Old Passadanky Deestrict, would you?"

"I assured the visitor that the Trumpet would be only too glad to print the news from Old Passadanky, etc.

"All right," said he. "Make the first jottin' somethin' like this: 'Them Old Passadanky pickerel is fierce and alarmin.' You mowt put that in big type, 'cause them pickerel is with it. You put it in that Jim Bodle has found his watch. The third jottin' you kin string along so's it'll read: 'There comes pooty dern nigh to miracles bein' done, up on the Old Passadanky.'

"'Them's about all the news I brung in this time, but they'm enough. You mowt head 'em: 'Old Passadanky Ag'in All Creation,' and say that they was brung in by Obadiah Colbraith, landlord of the Old Passadanky Tavern, where he is prepared to entertain man and beast at all times o' day and night with the best the market affords, terms made known on application; special rates to them that comes by the week or month, and satisfaction guaranteed. You mowt string that in ahead o' the jottin's as an evidence that they can be took in good faith and that I ain't foolin' you with no news that ain't so."

"I nodded, and referred back to the jottings.

"'As to the one about the pickerel,' I said, 'that, of course, explained itself, but the finding of Mr. Bodle's watch and the jot about the miracles—seems to me, Mr. Colbraith that there ought to be more in those than the mere mention.'

"'Them pickerel explains themselves,' exclaimed the bringer-in of the news from Old Passadanky. "Why, Great Sloppin' Si Sheoun, man! Them pickerel can't explain themselves. There ain't nothin' on top o' earth kin explain them Old Passadanky pickerel. Anybody can lose a watch and find it, and if miracles is goin' to be did there ain't no better place nowhere where they mowt be did better than they mowt at Old Passadanky. But them pickerel explainin' themselves. Why—

"He paused and looked around the office as if he were seeking the possibility of finding words sufficient to express how absolutely absurd the idea was that those pickerel could explain or be explained, and failing to find any he turned to me and said:

"'Bein' mebbe I'd better say a few remarks about them pickerel?'

"I declared that I would be glad if he would. And he did.

"'In the first place,' said he, 'I'd like to have you come up and try them pickerel some day; but you want to look out: They'r actin' particular bad just now. And in the second place, Jim Bodle's watch wasn't lost, it was stole.

"'When Jim came to the tavern and told me his watch had been stole I felt terrible sorry for him, 'cause he had been sayin' up a considerable while to git it, and 'twan't likely that he'd ever git another one. But when he told me who stole it I jest b'lied over, fer 'twas only the week before that the only pig Jim had was stole by a bear, and a hawk stole nine chickens, and now when it come to a pickerel raisin' up and stealin' his watch, it was more than I could stand.

"'"Dingnation take it," says Jim, "it ain't safe to be in this bailiwick no more!" says he.

"'"Of course, it ain't, Jim," says I, "and he looked so desolatin' low down and dumpy that I give him two good sniffits, and half pint to take home with him.

"'And Jim wan't out after pickerel, neither. He was out dilly-dallin' with the bass, some o' them old sockmdoodlers that lays low fer things along the Big Slippin' Rocks o' the Old Passadanky. Jim was standin' jest above his knees in the water, playin' a bass he had jest hooked, when "plunk!" come somethin' ag'in his stomick that knocked the wind outen him and doubled him up like a jack knife.

"'Now, s'posin' that you had been winded and doubled up like that by a plunk in the stomick, and when you come to, and looked down to see what in Sam Hill had done the windin' and doublin', and had seen that it was a tremondous, glarin', grindin' big pickerel had done it, and that the pickerel had grabbed your watch chain and was tuggin' and yankin' at it like mad, wouldn't you been su'prised?'

"'I said I would.

"'I thought mebbe you'd more than likely say so,' said my visitor, 'cause it'd be funny if you wouldn't. And, of course, Jim was su'prised when he seen that setch was jest what was happenin' to him. And before he got all o' his wind back and could hitch some o' that doublin' out of him, the pickerel had snapped the watch outen his pocket, yanked the chain outen Jim's buttonhole, and was divin' back into the water ag'in with its plunder. And Jim said the pickerel was mean enough to stop when it was half under and wiggle its tail at him the aggravatinest kind.

"'And yit you say that them pickerel explains themselves! Why, Jiggling Joe Jaggers, man, what be you thinkin' about?'

"I admitted that I was wrong, and Mr. Colbraith continued:

"'Well, sir, yisterday Jim come into my tavern, and he was jest a-whoopin' and a-yellin'. I thought sure that the losin' of his watch had druv him crazy, fer he had been ponderin' on it like all-possessed.

"'"Obadiah," he hollers, "I've found my watch!"

"'"Jim," says I, soothin'-like, sure now that he was crazier than a loon. "Jim," says I, "don't let it work on you like that. Ding it, Jim," I says, "I'll buy another watch myself," I says.

"'"But me another un!" hollers Jim. "What do I want with another un when I've got my own watch back?" he says, and pulls out his watch and chain that the rampagin' Old Passadanky pickerel had riz up and stole from Jim.

"'"Jim," I says, holdin' up my hands, and feelin' skeery. "Miracles?"

"'"Pooty dingnation nigh!" says Jim, and then he told me all about it.

"'Jim's cousin Ben Lippincott, lives three mile below the Big Slippin' Rocks. Ben is the all-pervadinest best pickerel ketcher on the Old Passadanky, cause he ain't afear of 'em. When a feller hooks on to one of them pickerel and hauls in and gits one sight of him comin', and don't cut the line and let the pickerel go, then that feller ain't afeared to tackle his weight in wild cats.

"'Ben Lippincott he's jest that kind of a feller, and he'll go all alone and tackle them pickerel any time. Well, day before yisterday Ben thought he'd go out and skeer up a fight with 'em, and he went. He hadn't trolled long before he got a strike that sort o' even made him shiver.

"'"Belshazzar's Ghost!" says Ben, "I bet a hoss there ain't no percedent on the Old Passadanky fer setch a strike as that," says he. "That pickerel's from the deepy, deep waters," says he, "and he's madder than a trapped bear."

"'And Ben was right, too. It ain't wuth while fer me to tell you how Ben had to fight and tussle and sweat and swear before he got the pickerel ashore, but he landed 'em. Yes—two of 'em. But only one of 'em had Ben's hook in its mouth. T'other un had to come along, jest the same, 'cause he was fast to the hooked pickerel by a chain—a watch chain at that!

"'Ben said it was the most su'prisin' thing he ever see. One end o' the chain was fast in one pickerel's teeth tight as wax, and the other end was some'rs down in t'other un's innards. Ben felt that he ought to investigate. He knocked the two pickerel in the head and ripped t'other pickerel open. He found a watch fast in its gullet.

"'Ben danced for joy over the prize he had took, but pooty soon he stopped and turned pale. He reco'nized the watch as his cousin Jim Bodle's. Ben hadn't heerd nothin' about Jim's havin' his watch stole, so there was only one thing he could think of, that had happened.

"'"Them pickerel has waylaid Jim and gobbled him!" says Ben, "and all that's left of him is there here watch and chain."

"'Ben didn't lose no time, I tell you, gettin' up to Jim's folkses with the news. Well—but of course you know what the upshot must 'a' been, and what a livety time there was to Jim's. One o' them pickerel had stole the watch from Jim, and t'other pickerel had tried to steal it from that pickerel. In the tustle fer it they got into a scrape, and Jim found his watch. But it was toler'ble close on to miracles—toler'ble close!

"'Them pickerel of Old Passadanky explains themselves, do they?' Well, now, you see that they don't; and you jest put it in the paper in big type that they're fierce and alarmin', and then jot it along that Jim Bodle has found his watch and that there comes pooty dern nigh to miracles bein' done up on the Old Passadanky. And don't forgit to string it in that them news was brung in by Obadiah Colbraith et settery, and then mebbe I'll 'scribe for your paper some day, and you kin come up and dicker it out at the Old Passadanky Tavern.'

"Then Mr. Colbraith went away, and whether he liked the way I put 'them news' in the paper I never knew. Perhaps he didn't, for he never 'scribed for it.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for **Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds,** all sores of long standing. Positively pays: falls. Cures also **Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Chilblains, Abscesses.** For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Indiana and Ohio Homevisitors' Excursion.

Very low rates will be made on Sept. 1, 8, 15, Oct. 6. Return limit thirty days, via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, to Louisville, Cincinnati, Sandusky, Columbus and all points west in the states of Ohio and Indiana. Information on request. W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., 365 Robert street, St. Paul.

BUILDING FALLS

Ancient Structure On Lake Avenue Gives Up the Ghost.

Falls While Being Raised —Permit to Repair It Issued.

One of the first buildings erected in Duluth became tired of standing today and laid down.

For thirty-five years it has been a landmark of the lower Lake avenue district and at one time was a leading place of business having been occupied by the A. Booth Packing Co.

The structure was a two story affair and located on the east side of the avenue between Buchannan and Morse streets.

When Lake avenue was graded ten or twelve years ago the building was about four feet below the surface of the new grade, and recently it was decided to repair it. A permit for repairs was granted by the building inspector and on the strength of this permit the contractor sought to raise the old building.

When it was raised the top story slid off into an adjoining vacant lot and the remainder of the building collapsed. An unknown woman, one of the tenants, was in the building when it went down and might have been killed. When she heard the cracking she ran into a corner and barely saved herself.

The contractor says that had she been in any other place than the spot she selected she would have been seriously injured, to say the least.

Building Inspector Robinson says that the building should never have been raised. It has stood for so long that the timbers are rotting away and collapse was almost certain if any attempt should be made to move or elevate it. He said the permit he issued simply gave permission to make repairs.

A great many people visited the old building today to see the wreck. Some of the older residents were of the opinion that it was the oldest in the city, but others claimed there was another building a little further down the street that was put there at least three years earlier.

Considerable household furniture belonging to tenants that neglected to move their personal property, was ruined by the collapse. The building was owned by George Wolvin, of this city.

OFFICERS CONVICTED

For Shamefully Abusing Privates In the German Army.

Berlin, Sept. 10.—Paragraphs similar to the following appear almost daily in the provincial press:

"Cologne—The court-martial of the fifteenth division has sentenced Sergt. Schott to a year's imprisonment and degradation for flogging privates and horsewhipping and kicking them. Twelve artillerymen were sentenced to short terms for assisting him."

There have been eighty convictions of sergeants for abuse of privates during the last three months, and about 200 court-martials are pending.

The administration of the army is making the most determined efforts to stop these brutalities, which Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, detailed in a ferocious three-hours' speech in the reichstag in the spring. The weak reply of Gen. Von Gossler, on the following day ,probably cost him his place as minister of war.

It has long been the theory of military men that a little rough treatment was good to privates and cultivated manhood in them. The emperor never shared these views nor countenanced the cruelties practiced in nearly every regiment.

He issued an order forbidding the ill-treatment of privates, and ordering the prosecution and severe punishment of those guilty of such ill treatment.

ESCAPED TWICE

And Sues Institution For the Feeble Minded.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 10.—An unusual suit was filed when Joseph F. Fleming, aged 26, instituted an action for $10,000 against Dr. G. A. Doren, superintendent of the state asylum for the feebleminded.

Fleming's complaint is that he was detained in the institution in face of the fact that he was possessed of all his faculties. He says he was kept in the asylum from 1892 until 1902. Subsequently he was captured and without process of law returned to the institution. Although not sick he was confined to a bed in a room accompanied by insane and patients suffering from tuberculosis.

He says he again escaped in March, 1903, and since that time has eluded the authorities. Fleming is now in the employ of a lumber firm, and is said to be making his way in the world as well as the average man.

England to Try Again.

The English people seem determined in their efforts to recapture the cup which the Americans have held for so many years. To this end a new challenger is being sent over and the races next month will determine which is the better boat. The best medicine in the world for curing all stomach, bowel and kidney disorders is the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. During the summer it will be found very beneficial as a tonic, also to keep the bowels regular, without which you cannot enjoy good health. Be sure to give it a trial. It will restore the appetite, purify the blood, promote sound sleep and positively cure flatulency, nausea, headache, sour stomach, dyspepsia, indigestion and liver troubles. The genuine is for sale by all druggists.

WILLOUGHBY, O., BANK FAILS.

Willoughby, O., Sept. 10.—The bank of Willoughby failed to open today and a notice of suspension was posted on the door of the banking room. The suspension is said to be a direct result of the failure of the Mexican Clay Manufacturing company for which a receiver was appointed yesterday in Cleveland, with debts aggregating $1,000,000. The bank held much of the Mexican company's paper. No statement of the bank's assets and liabilities has yet been made. The Citizens Savings & Trust company of Cleveland, has been appointed receiver.

FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Resolutions Passed By British Trades Union Congress.

Leicester, Eng., Sept. 10.—The trades union congress at its session here today adopted, by a large majority, the following resolution:

"This congress declares that the time has arrived when the hours of labor should be limited to eight per day in all trades and occupations in the United Kingdom, and that this be made a test question at the next parliamentary, London county council and all municipal elections and instructs the parliamentary committee to introduce a bill into the house with a view to getting the eight-hour day to become the law of the country."

ONE KILLED

In a Fatal Automobile Accident Near Bordeaux.

Paris, Sept. 10.—A fatal automobile accident occurred yesterday at Barbe, near Bordeaux. A car conducted by an American, whose name was given as Martin, said to be a hotel man in New York city, and who was accompanied by a party of guests, became deranged and the vehicle dashed into a ditch. One of the occupants had his back broken and was killed instantly. Martin had a shoulder injured, but the other two occupants of the car escaped uninjured.

New York, Sept. 10.—It is believed here that the Martin mentioned in the Paris dispatch is J. B. Martin, proprietor of the Cafe Martin at Twenty-sixth street and Broadway.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

Dancing at Lester Park tonight.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

McLaughlin Electric company, T 1 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

Cards have been issued announcing the marriage of Miss Esther Zurovsky, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Zurovsky, 429 Third avenue West, to Harry Wilz, of Hibbing, Sunday, September, 13, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The ceremony will take place in the Hebrew synagogue in this city and will be followed by a large reception at Hunter's hall.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

The next regular meeting of the Commercial club will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 23.

PURELY PERSONAL

J. O. Goodsell, of Omaha, Neb., traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific roads is in Duluth on business pertaining to passenger traffic of both lines. He will leave tomorrow.

O. W. Lodgett, a prominent lumberman of Bay City, Mich., is a guest at the Spalding.

S. E. Helps, Timothy Shea and R. C. Lasch, of Eveleth, came down from the range this noon and are staying at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Richardson are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson, of Lester Park. The Richardsons are brothers in a family of eight boys, all grown to manhood. T. J. Richardson recently returned from a two months' sketching trip to Alaska, it being the fourteenth trip to our northern territory, as he makes a specialty of Alaska scenery in water colors.

Messrs. Louis Larson and Matt Prettner, of Eveleth, were in the city Thursday.

George A. Bell, a merchant of Hibbing, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, claiming assets of $6269 and liabilities of $11,-013.81.

The Misses Genevieve and Adelaide Parsons have returned from a visit with relatives in Iowa.

C. W. Andrews, manager of the coke department of the Zenith Furnace company, left yesterday afternoon for the East.

J. O. Goodsell, traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific, is in the city.

W. O. Root will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

W. C. Taussig, district passenger agent of the Pere Marquette route, at Toledo, is in Duluth today.

J. D. Zien will leave this evening over the Northern Pacific for Milwaukee.

J. E. Emuist, general traveling freight agent of the Burlington road, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Faull, of Tower, passed through the city today on their way to Birmingham, Ala. They left over the Omaha this afternoon.

C. Buglet left this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

Miss Tibbitson, of Chicago, who has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble, returned to her home today over the Northern Pacific.

THANKS FOR SHAW.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 10—At the state bankers' convention, which opened here today, L. Schlesinger, president of the Mechanics and Traders' bank of New York city, offered the following resolution, but action will not be taken until it comes up in the regular order:

Resolved, That the thanks of this convention be tendered Secretary Shaw, and that his wisdom in depositing the revenues amounting to $40,000,000 in the banks be approved."

THE LYNCHBAUM CASE.

Indianapolis, Sept. 10.—The hearing of the habeas corpus proceedings before Judge Baker of the federal court, in the attempt of the British government to extradite James Lynchbaum, was postponed until this afternoon at 2 o'clock. United States Marshal Pettit has filed his answer to the petition for habeas corpus. Charles Fox, the British consul in New York, is expected to arrive this evening.

NEGRO EXECUTED.

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 10.—Wilfred Roseborrow, a negro, was executed at Statesville, N. C., today, for assaulting and killing Mrs. Adolph Beavers, in Iredell county, some weeks ago. He confessed.

SAYS LEO DIED OF CANCER.

Rome, Sept. 10.—Prof. Cadaetti, the eminent physician, who is a member of the senate, publishes in the Rivista D'Talia today a long article to demonstrate that pope Leo XIII died of tuberculosis cancer or right hydrothorax.

EWEN'S LIFE THREATENED.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 10.—B. J. Ewen, the witness in the Jett-White trials, who is in this city, has received a letter from Jackson advising him to leave Lexington, stating that his enemies at Jackson have made renewed threats against his life.

The SAFEST and BEST place on earth to deposit your SAVINGS is in an ENDOWMENT BOND of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Philadelphia.

Deposits the same for both ladies and gentlemen.

Investigate and be convinced.

Call or write for particulars.

Geo. H. Prudden, Mgr.

310 LYCEUM BLDG.

GRAIN RATE IS CUT

Wheat Traiff From Buffalo to Seaboard Reduced One Cent.

Adds to Advantage of the Seaboard Over Northwestern Millers.

A dispatch from New York today announces that at a meeting of traffic managers of the trunk lines a reduction of one cent per bushel on grain from Buffalo to New York has been authorized to take effect Sept 15. This will bring the rate down to 4 cents for wheat, 3¾ cents for corn, 3 cents for oats and 3½ cents for barley. The reduction is said to be the result of protests by New York grain merchants against the high rates current to this port, which were, it is claimed forcing the bulk of the grain exports through the gulf ports and Montreal.

The reduction in the rate from Buffalo to the seaboard will not affect export business from Duluth. It will simply mean that the route via New York will be on pretty nearly the same basis as the Canadian route via the St. Lawrence river. At the present time shippers of grain to foreign ports pretty generally use the Canadian route because of the better rates. With an American route on a par it will be simply a choice of routes.

Shippers who sell grain to eastern millers may find the reduction of some advantage because it will, of course, decrease the cost of getting wheat from Duluth to the seaboard.

On the other hand, the reduction means that it will be just that much harder for the Northwestern millers to compete with the seaboard mills. Wheat is now transported to the seaboard at a much cheaper rate than flour and here is another cent to be added to the burden which the Northwestern millers have against them.

AS IN ANTE-BELLUM DAYS.

Interesting Old Southern Home of Gen. Clay's Niece.

While spending a few days recently at historic Charles Town, in the beautiful Shenandoah valley, a cosmopolitan wayfarer drove out one morning to Altona, the ante-bellum home of Mrs. Davenport, the granddaughter of Gen. Greene Clay of revolutionary fame, and the niece of the late Cassius Clay, says the Washington Star.

Altona, which is about a mile from the town, is located upon the top of a knoll and commands a magnificent view of the surrounding valley and the Blue Ridge beyond. It is one of the best preserved and most interesting old-time Southern homes now extant. While kept in thorough repair there are no modern innovations, and as it now stands represents an ideal interior of the plantation home of days gone by. There still remains the enduring but most picturesque stone fence, winding here and there like a blue-gray serpent, dividing and sub-dividing farms and pasture lands; the arched gateway, festooned in graceful profusion with the clematis and rose; the long, shady, shaded avenue of lindens leading from the highway to the dismounting stone just to the right of the house; the quaint rose garden where the Martha Washington of pristine glory mingles its fragrance with the American Beauty of today; the tall trellis richly embossed with royal purple and gorgeous scarlet clematis, intended to screen the back premises from the prying eyes of the too inquisitive. A few yards to the rear of the house still stands the generously proportioned but impregnable smokehouse, and not far distant the dairy, laundry, blacksmith shop, while beyond these in a separate inclosure are yet to be seen the old slave quarters, where those servants in attendance upon the immediate home were domiciled. Back of the row of small but comfortably constructed houses is the old orchard, under whose trees the pickaninnies were wont to gather the golden checked pippins, the juicy pears and the red heart cherries. And he old-time well with its swinging crane is there, too.

If you desire admission into this interesting mansion you have but to lift and let fall the ponderous brass knocker which adorns the massive oak door. In the broad hallway you will find invitingly awaiting you the typical hair cloth sofa, with its superfluity of spindle legs. The furniture in the parlor is upholstered with black broadcloth, embroidered in bouquets of gorgeous roses, which testify to the skill and industry of the mistress of the home. A cabinet in the corner is filled with souvenirs and curios gathered from almost all parts of the globe by different members of both branches of the family. We especially noted a dainty china cup decorated with the coat-of-arms of the house of Lorraine, from which the Davenports are directly descended. Among the family portraits which decorate the walls is a splendid likeness of General Cassius Clay, taken in the full prime of manhood.

Upon the walls of this historic mansion also hangs a modestly framed script which is of even more interest than those old portraits with their family legends. It is one of the original certificates of membership to the Society of Cincinnati granted to Henry Bedinger, Esq., of the commonwealth of Virginia and signed by George Washington, president, and Major General Knox, secretary, the society being formed for "the laudable purpose of inculcating the duty of laying down in peace arms assumed for public defense and uniting in acts of brotherly affection and bonds of perpetual friendship the members constituting the same."

The certificate which hangs upon the walls at Altona entitles to membership the son of Major George Michael Bedinger, an officer of unquestioned courage and daring, who rendered valuable service during the revolution as an Indian spy. Henry Bedinger himself was our representative to Denmark, and his daughter, who married Mr. Davenport, came into possession of the certificate by right of inheritance.

All the objects of historic interest with which this old home is replete are not, however, confined to the interior of the dwelling is a row of white mulberry trees, the like of which are possibly nowhere to be found in this country. They were planted by the original owner of Altona at the time when the first experiments in silk raising were being so enthusiastically attempted throughout the country. Mr. Davenport succeeded in successfully raising a large number of the cocoons and even shipped a quantity of raw silk to Europe, but as there was some trouble in disposing of it satisfactorily the industry was abandoned and the mulberry trees allowed to attain their present magnificent proportions undisturbed by future depredation of the humble little spinners.

By following for half a mile the pike which sweeps up the knoll is to be seen the remains of St. George's chapel, one of the most interesting and remarkable ruins of which our new country can boast. In an open field, bespecked with blue thistle, stands the ivy covered walls of what at one time was accounted a grand structure. Its foundation antedates the memory of the oldest inhabitants of the valley, but the site is generally believed to have been donated by Lord Fairfax. The walls, twenty inches in thickness, were constructed of blue limestone quarried in the vicinity, while the other material was brought presumably from England. The window and door frames were of cedar and the high-back pews and projecting pulpit of oak elaborately carved. Scattered here and there through the church yard are still to be found fragments of tombstones which once marked the graves where the "forefathers of the hamlet sleep." Doubtless President Washington and his brothers have often worshiped in this chapel, as it was unquestionably the first Episcopal church erected in the Shenandoah valley. This venerable pile stands just as it did half a century ago, defying alike time and the memory of man.

There are likewise interesting historical associations of a later date connected with the broad acres constituting the fields and pasture lands of this ante-bellum home. For during the Civil war both Federal and Confederate forces bivouaced on the grounds. Jackson's signal corps was encamped nearby, and upon the top of the knoll, to the right of the dwelling, Patterson's cavalry awaited the result of the battle of Bull Run.

It took years of untiring industry and good management to repair the havoc and devastation of those four years of warfare. But it has been done, and now Altona, converted into an experimental stock farm, is successfully supplying the Southern markets with Western beef. Where once marched and countermarched the troops in blue and the troops in gray now peacefully graze the cattle upon the thousand hills.

NOT A CANNIBAL.

A fat man walked into the restaurant and, after knocking down a few hats while hanging up his own, sat as much of himself down as the only vacant seat in the room would hold.

He grabbed a piece of the bread that had come with his right hand neighbor's order and began to munch on it.

Then he looked for the bill of fare. The ministerial looking man on his left was reading it. The fat man leaned over on him and began reading it too.

"How's them pork chops and apple sauce?" he mumbled between mouthfuls of bread.

The ministerial looking man said nothing and edged his chair a little farther away.

Just then the waiter appeared with a bowl of bean soup for a patron on the other side of the table.

"Hey, waiter," bawled the fat man, "bring me one o' them soups, and hurry up about it, will yer!"

The ministerial looking man heaved a sigh of relief.

"Thank goodness, sir," he said, turning to the fat man, "I was so afraid you were going to order pork. I detest a cannibal."

ARRANGED WITH TOMMY.

Owing to the illness of his regular office boy a Wall street broker recently engaged a new lad named Tommy, says the New York Press. Tommy was a jewel, and when Joe, the former incumbent, was convalescent the broker was loath to send Tommy away. But the other boy wanted to come back and pleaded hard for a reinstatement.

"Well," said his former employer, "you can have the position again if you can arrange with Tommy."

"Very well, sir, I think I can do that," was the joyous reply.

When the broker went to his office next morning, he met a sight he had not bargained for. The glass in the door of his private room was smashed, ink was spilled on the handsome carpet and chairs were overturned everywhere. Evidently there had been a tremendous struggle. But Joe came forward blithely, one eye blackened and his cheek swollen.

"Tommy's gone, sir," he remarked. "I've arranged with him."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William S. Hazelton, of Oakland county, Cal., and Julia V. Johnson.

BIRTHS.

KENLINE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Kenline, of 6002 East Grand avenue.

WILSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wilson, of 4015 Rene street.

SAMSKAR—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Samskar, of 2719 West Michigan street.

LOWE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George E. Lowe.

DEATHS.

PHILLIPS—The funeral of the late Mary E. Phillips, wife of T. E. Phillips, of the fire department, was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the family residence, 1029 West First street. Dr. S. P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, preached the funeral service. Six firemen from department headquarters acted as pallbearers. The interment was at Forest Hill cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FASCINATING complexion of a healthy face results from using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Face Powder. 25c.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS barber; good wages. R. P. Jentoft, 2065 West Superior street.

FOUR ROOM HOUSE TO RENT. 423 Nineteen and One-half avenue west.

WANTED!

Millinery Apprentice — Apply to Mr. Tallant, Gray & Tallant Company.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rufus C. Jefferson, Plaintiff,

vs.

John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre; St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Lelia Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph P. Winston, as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

NOTICE OF SALE IN PARTITION.

The order of the district court of St Louis County, Minnesota, bearing date of August 15, 1903, made and filed in the above entitled action, having been to us directed and a copy thereof delivered, requiring us as referees duly appointed by the said court to make sale of the property described in the complaint in the said action;

Now therefore, the undersigned, as such referees, do hereby give notice that pursuant to said order of the court and the statute in such case made and provided, we will on the 2nd day of October, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter and the west one-half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, all in section thirteen (13), in township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis County, Minn.

Sale is not subject to any liens except public easement in Wallace avenue.

Terms of the sale are 10 per cent cash at time of acceptance of bid; remainder payable upon confirmation of sale by the court and tender of proper conveyance by the referees.

Dated Aug. 20, 1903.

WM. M. PRINDLE.
E. D. FIELD.
G. G. DICKERMAN.
Referees.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-20-27-Sept-3-10-17-24-1903.

$3800 buys new modern eight-room brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

$1500 buys lot 50x140, West First street. All improvements.

$1000 buys one of the finest lots, 80x268, on Woodland avenue. City water and sewer. No cash payment required if purchaser will build.

$1100 buys a fine corner, 100x140, on London road. A bargain.

$1500 buys half a block, eight lots, 50x140 each, Lakeside. No finer lots in Lakeside and only four blocks from street railway.

$9000 buys 240 feet frontage on St. Croix avenue by 300 feet deep to dock line. Fine site for manufacturing or wholesale business.

$2500 buys a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, on St. Croix avenue.

$2500 buys lot 40x100, on Lake avenue. This price includes new sandstone pavement.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DWELLING FOR SALE

Number 426 East Third St.

Bargain for a quick sale.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
104 Providence Bldg.

Wanted To Buy 7 HOUSES:

One at $ 700.
One at $1100.
One at $1500.
Two at $2000 each.
One at $ 890.
One at $1200.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,

No. 1 Exchange Building.

$4800 for lot 50x140, Superior and Michigan streets, near Eleventh avenue West, with two houses, water and sewer connections; rented for $54 a month. Growing in value.

$750 A good lot on Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue East. Water in street. Good homes around it.

$550 for a lot on London road near Twenty-second avenue.

$3400 Nine-room house, stone foundation, cement sidewalk, water, sewer, electric light; 50-foot lot on Nineteenth avenue East.

$13 per acre for a good tract of land only six miles from Superior street. This is cheap.

D. W. Scott,

10 MESABA BLOCK.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

James Doran, Plaintiff,

vs.

Henry C. James, Frances L. James, J. C. Jaynes, J. C. Jaynes as trustee, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file with the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscribers at their office, Room 31 St. Paul Fire and Marine building, in the City of St. Paul, County of Ramsey, State of Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in said action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

HOW, TAYLOR & MITCHELL,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Room 31 St. Paul Fire and Marine Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

James Doran, Plaintiff,

vs.

Henry C. James, Frances L. James, J. C. Jaynes, J. C. Jaynes as trustee, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in the above named court by the above named plaintiff, against the above named defendants; that the object of said action is to determine any adverse claim which said defendants, or either of them, have to the real estate described in the complaint herein; that the real property affected by this action is situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and is described as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the west half (w½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the east half (e½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), of section numbered twenty-eight (28), in township numbered fifty (50), range numbered fourteen (14), according to the United States government survey thereof.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4, 1903.

HOW, TAYLOR & MITCHELL,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
St. Paul Fire and Marine Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—August, 13-20-27, September 3-10-17, 1903.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 9th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Henry F. Shea, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary A. Shea, administratrix of the estate of Henry F. Shea, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 12th day of October, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 9th day of September, 1903.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 10-17-24, 1903.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Lakeside and Lester Park.

20 HOUSES

From five to ten rooms each. Beautiful homes. Easy terms.

2000 RESIDENCE LOTS

At prices that will soon double. We loan you the money to build on them. Make your own terms.

1-2 BLOCK

150x400 feet. Large enough for CHICKEN RANCH. Only $950.

Loans and Insurance.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

Only from $100 to $200 for a first payment on a home at West Duluth.

Houses from 6 to 9 rooms with city water.

See CHAN. SMITH at 100 Torrey Bldg.

PINE AND HARDWOOD TIMBERED LANDS

In Southern States. Any size tract desired.

SILVER BROS. & CO.
Suite 313-316 Torrey Bldg.

4½ PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN. "On or Before"

R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

Bargains for Everyone!

$2300 Splendid eight-room house with water up and down stairs, for two families or one, in fine condition. Second street, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1800 Seven rooms, city water, in perfect condition. Fronting Lincoln park.

$1700 Eleven rooms, fifty-foot corner lot, Twenty-seventh avenue West and Helm street. This is a bargain.

$1500 New seven-room house, hardwood floors, city water, all street improvements done, near Twentieth avenue West.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.

Mines and Mining Stock.

—SPECIALTIES—

Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

FOR SALE

Nine-room residence in the East End, near 15th Avenue East, situated on upper side of street, has all conveniences—hardwood finish, nice plumbing and is in first class condition—lot is 50x140 feet in area—**Possession can be given at once**—owner leaving town—PRICE

$5250

For terms inquire of—

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER TO A widower with one or two children or to an old couple without children. No objection to leaving city. Can give best references. Flat 1, Miller block, 1831 West Superior street.

POSITION WANTED—BY NORWEGIAN, 26 years, as coachman or work around private place; has had experience; understands care of horses. P. A. K., 531 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS ASSISTANT engineer, fireman, or machine tiller, by foreigner with best of references. G. 55, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady stenographer. Address F. 44, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, 412 LOWELL block.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL DO plain or children's sewing at homes. Inquire 218 Lowell block, after 6:30 p. m.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. Competent and careful. Good references. Address G 97.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING, or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of; would do chamber work. Inquire at 1125 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS WASHING for two or more days in the week. West End preferred. Call at 1822 West Second street.

AN EXPERIENCED HOTEL COOK would like position. Address E. C., 521 Tower Avenue, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—POSITION AS BARTENDer. 526 West First street. H. J. B.

POSITION WANTED AT ONCE BY thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and general office clerk. Good references. Address G 99, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, I WILL UNDERsell any legitimate competition. My advise is buy. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S. Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2020 west Third street. New phone 1448.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 324 West Superior street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$600 Eight-room house, Twenty-third avenue West and Tenth street.

$900 Fine six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout, cost to build, $1300. Easy payments.

$1100 Well-built, seven-room house on Third avenue West, above Fifth street.

$5500 Seven-room house, fine condition, stone foundation, cellar and water; 100 feet frontage on London Road by 400 feet to lake. A perfect home and cheap.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1600. Also 50x140 and house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3000. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 40-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-523 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 336; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS

To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are low and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?

On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co,. 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO. THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. LEROY, THE EMINENT CLAIRvoyant and Palmist, has returned. He gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles, and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 9 daily, except Sunday. Parlors, 508 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4251.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — AT WHOLESALE PRICES two new delivery wagons, $55 apiece; one new express wagon, $110; two new inch and quarter grocery wagons, $60 apiece; two new inch and quarter drays, $75 apiece; one second-hand phaeton, in good repair, $30; one second-hand 2-horse delivery wagon, as good as new, $90. All above wagons will be sold from $15 to $25 cheaper now, than you can get them for in the spring. Call and see them and arrange for part time, or discounts for cash. Call 416 East Superior street. Perry Manufacturing Co.

DON'T PAY RENT! ARRANGE TO pay for a home of your own with the money you are now paying as rent. F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building. Phone 144.

FOR SALE—A TEA AND COFFEE route. Grand Union Tea company, 18 West Superior street.

FORT SALE—STOVES AND HOUSEhold goods, cheap. 2527 West Second street.

FOR SALE—DARK BROWN HORSE, Sept. 19, at pound, 408 East Seventh street. Poundmaster Ottinger.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—$45 SEWING MAchine. 510 Eighth avenue east.

FOR SALE—STORE OF CIGARS, CONfectionery and notions; nice store in good locality. A bargain. Owner cannot stand indoor life. L. E. T., Herald.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE—BEDROOM suite; kitchen cabinet and dining table; party leaving city. 428 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—$135 WALNUT UPRIGHT piano, used six months, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SET OF DOUBLE harness nearly new; good pair toat sleds and double wagon. Apply 1426 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's McClure's Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $15—$5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. J. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $5; LARGE used organ, $18; large used organ, $20; large used organ, $25.00. Very easy terms. French & Bassett.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2908 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

FIFTY SUGAR AND YELLOW PINE timber claims in California. Cut two to three millions. Minutes $150.00 per claim. Address Ellsworth Benham, Room 75, Worcester block, Portland, Oregon.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECONDhand steam boiler, with fittings. Call or write, F. H. Rockwood, 2419 Elmira, Superior, Wis.

WANTED TO BUY—AT ONCE, GOOD second hand trunk, medium size. K. 16, Herald.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 186, Hibbing, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADY'S POCKETBOOK, BEtween First and Fourth street, on Third avenue west, containing letter with owner's address. Return to Herald.

LOST—HEART-SHAPED MOON STONE pin, set in pearls, last Thursday, on Third street, between Second avenue west and Second avenue east. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms.. Address W 16, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Family of three. 1427 East Superior street. Mrs. Smith.

WANTED—DRESSMAKER, ABLE TO cut and fit, to go out sewing by the day. T. 42, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. 1007 East Third street.

WANTED—APRENTICE GIRLS AT Newell's millinery, 29 West Superior St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at once, 29 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE GIRL. Call, Room 8, over Big Duluth.

A STRONG WOMAN TO MAKE BREAD. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake Avenue Bethel.

WANTED—NEAT, ELDERLY WOMAN, white or colored, for light housework; three in family. Address, A. L., Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL, AT ONCE. Madame Warde's millinery store, 5 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY FAMILY COOK. Bon Ton aBkery, 25 west Superior St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; be t wages. 1508½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL OR OLD LADY FOR light housework. No small children. M. Z. Kassimir, 105 First avenue east.

WANTED—A WAIST FINISHER, AT 202 Masonic Temple.

WANTED—GIRLS TO SEW OVERALLS, shirts and jumpers. Inquire F. A. Patrick & Co., South Fifth avenue west. Sixth floor.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND AS-sistant bookkeeper; must be a good penman and efficient in stenographic work. Good chance for advancement. Address Fire Insurance, Herald office.

WANTED — GOOD CHOCOLATE DIPper; steady work. Smith & Markus, 110 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH general housework. Small family. 321 Tenth avenue East.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESlady in the kid glove department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED—GIRLS, 14 YEARS OR OVER, for running cash. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESSES IN OUR alteration department. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—LADIES WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week, at home, without canvassing, write to The Commercial Co., Box 165, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople for our cloak and suit department; good positions for competent people. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL, BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED—DISH WASHER AND GIRL to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS. DININGROOM. Dishwashers. general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MAN TO DISTRIBUTE cards. Dollar a day. Call 9 a. m. Room 3, Columbus building.

WANTED—BELL BOY, AT HOTEL McKay.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO KNOW THAT $8 per month will buy a $100 home with F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building.

25 BRIDGE CARPENTERS, 30 CENTS an hour; 100 Railroad laborers, $2 day; 50 station men; 100 woodsmen. E. Downie, 502½ West Superior street, Western Employment agency.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED— Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

$20 WEEKLY AND TRAVELING EXpenses paid salesman to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

WANTED—A MAN TO BUILD A BRICK sistern. Call at 916 West Fourth.

WANTED—BOY, ABOUT 16, TO WORK around farm; if suitable would hire for year. Address Robert Smith, Atkinson, Minn.

WANTED—GOOD SHOEMAKER. EHLE, 7 East Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAK at once. John Rindal, 1911 West Superior street.

BOY WANTED—ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age to take orders and deliver groceries. Apply a 202 West First.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN THE photograph business; good opening; must make himself useful around studio. Zweifel.

WANTED—GOOD FINLANDER CLERK for employment office, who can talk English, Swedish or Norwegian. Address, Z 16, Herald.

WANTED—STOCK BOY AND SALESlady in crockery department. I. Freimuth.

WANTED—A BRIGHT YOUNG MAN of 18 or 20 years, with some experience, in wash goods department. I. Freimuth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED-- CONTINUED.

WANTED—MEN WHO WANT TO make $10 to $12 a week at home, write to The Zenith Commercial Co., Box 165 Duluth, Minn. No canvassing.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

WANTED—BOY TO RUN PASSENGER elevator; must be over 16 years of age; steady position. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESpeople in our fur department; good salaries to people accustomed to handling fine furs. Silberstein & Bondy, Co.

WANTED, AT ONCE—BOY, ABOUT 18 years, to take orders and deliver meats. F. G. Sugg, Proctorknott. Phone 22.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DElivery man, at Gasser's grocery.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO OPERATE passenger elevator. Must be experienced and willing. Apply, Superintendent, Panton & White Company.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—A GOOD BOOKKEEPER. Give age, references and salary wanted. Permanent position to a good man. Address Z. 15, Herald.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—1907 EAST SUPERIOR street; modern nine-room house, $40 per month. Geo. H. Crosby, 105 Providence building.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 1317 Harrison street, Superior. Bath, electric light, hardwood floors and linen throughout. Price, $20 per month.

FOR RENT—NUMBER 229 FOURTH avenue west; twelve rooms; all modern conveniences. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS UPstairs. 724 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen. Phone service. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED, LARGE, front room, with grate; central. C. J., Evening Herald.

MODERN ROOMS—GAS, HOT WATER heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. B. 37, Herald.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room; central location; modern conveniences. References exchanged. Apply B. 97, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, with all modern conveniences, at 410 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat; will allow light housekeeping. Inquire at 409 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, Hot water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 407 Mesaba avenue.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CITY water and sewer. Inquire Massachusetts Real Estate Co., Phoenix building.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD, BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue west.

ROOM WITH BOARD, FOR TWO, IN a private family. Apply at 319 West Fourth street.

ROOM AND BOARD WITH A PRIVATE family, for two; all modern conveniences; East End. Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 8. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and first avenue west. Wednesday, Sept. 16, the supreme commander will be present and address the members on state of the order. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.

HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.

16 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

16 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

NAMES OF INDICTED MEN ARE MADE PUBLIC

Six Persons Held Under Different Charges.

Beavers Is Arraigned and Gives Bond to Court.

Washington, Sept. 11.—United States District Attorney Beach today announced that the six persons named in the indictments returned by the grand jury last Tuesday are:

George W. Beavers, former chief of the division of salaries and allowances, postoffice department; August W. Machen, former general superintendent of the free delivery system; James W. Erwin, former postoffice inspector, with headquarters in San Francisco; George W. Huntington and Isaac S. McGlehan, both of New York city, owners of the Columbia Supply company of this city, and Eugene D. Scheble, of Toledo, Ohio, a dentist, and interested in the firm of Maybury & Ellis, of Detroit, Mich., letter box manufacturers. Beavers, Machen and Erwin are named jointly in one indictment for conspiracy to defraud the United States. Another indictment is against McGlehan, Huntington and Machen for conspiracy to defraud the United States, and still another is against the same three for conspiracy to commit bribery, both under section 5440 R. S.; Scheble and Machen are indicted jointly for conspiracy against the United States and again for conspiracy to commit bribery. Another indictment is against McGlehan and Huntington for bribery, and the last is against Machen singly for accepting bribes under section 5501 R. S.

New York, Sept. 11.—George W. Beavers the former head of the department of salaries and allowances in the postoffice department, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock in the federal building today on a bench warrant issued in Washington charging him with conspiracy to defraud the government. Beavers furnished a bond of $5000 for his appearance on Sept. 25. He was recently arraigned on the indictment returned by the federal grand jury in Brooklyn.

Neither Mr. Beavers nor his counsel would discuss the nature of the charges, but gave notice that they would on Sept. 25 insist upon the government producing its complete evidence against the defendant. Assistant United States District Attorney Wise stated that if such a demand were made he would insist that the certified copy of the indictment returned against the defendant in another district was all the "evidence" the law required.

The copy of the indictment, Mr. Wise said, was of itself all the evidence the government intended to produce, and if the defense counted on forcing the government to bring here all of its witnesses and subject them to cross-examination by the defense, practically trying the case in New York, it would find itself mistaken.

The complaint against Beavers made in this district is based on the Washington indictment, and signed by Confucius I. Wayland, postoffice inspector. It is made on "information and belief."

The complaint charges that, according to an indictment returned in Washington, August W. Machen, general superintendent of the free delivery system, in company with George W. Beavers and James W. Erwin, did conspire together with divers other persons to defraud the United States by giving to and obtaining for the Postal Device and Improvement company (a corporation organized under the laws of California), in a manner contrary to law and the postal regulations, the exclusive opportunity for and business of furnishing to the free delivery service certain articles, supplies and equipments free from all competition at unreasonable and exorbitant prices far above the ordinary cost of manufacture.

The complaint further charges that the articles so secured were 100 of the indicated devices, and that Machen concealed from all other persons desirous of furnishing such supplies an opportunity to compete in the sale of the same, and that the exigency of the service did not demand the immediate delivery of the supplies mentioned. Machen further is charged with securing the approval and payment of all the bills of the Postal Device and Improvement company, though he knew them to be exorbitant and unreasonable, and with misinforming and deceiving the postmaster general and the first assistant postmaster general concerning these facts. It is charged that Beavers, Erwin and Machen divided between themselves and others the excesses of monies and the unlawful gain accruing the Postal Device and Improvement company in consequence of this conspiracy.

THE NEW GOVERNOR AT BEIRUT WOULD SETTLE THINGS AT ONCE

Nazim Pasha Is Proving Very Popular With Foreigners and Natives—Sublime Porte Is Thanked For His Prompt Appointment.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The following bulletin was posted at the navy department today:

"Admiral Cotton telegraphs from Beirut, Sept. 10, that the governor general of Damascus has been appointed acting governor general at Beirut and has expressed a desire to settle the case of the American vice consul satisfactorily to the United States government. Beirut quiet, business improving and confidence increasing."

The state department has authentic advices that Governor General Nazim, of Damascus, who has been appointed acting governor of Beirut, is a trustworthy and broad-minded man, and Minister Leishman has been instructed to advise the sublime porte that the Washington government is greatly pleased at the immediate granting of its request for the removal of the governor of Beirut and the appointment in his stead of a responsible person and one favorable to foreigners. A long cablegram reached the state department from Minister Leishman on the general Turkish situation which has not yet been made public. The prestige of Mr. Leishman, at Constantinople, has greatly increased since the appearance of the European squadron off Beirut and the scope of his representations to the porte have also increased in the last few days. It is understood that our government will push to an early conclusion all its pending claims against Turkey.

Chekib Bey, the Turkish minister, was an early caller at the state department today, bringing further reassurances that a "condition of absolute peace has been established at Beirut."

The minister received, overnight, a cablegram from his foreign office confirming the news of disturbances at Beirut, stating that eight were killed and about fifteen wounded. Of the killed it said four were Christians. The cablegram stated that the disturbance had no other bad results and that a "condition of perfect calm has been established."

The cablegram further stated that the reports sent out by some of the foreign consuls at Beirut, who got their information from excited persons, had been greatly exaggerated.

It also confirmed the news of the appointment as acting governor of Beirut of the governor general of Damascus.

"I know the governor general of Damascus," said Chekib Bey to an Associated Press reporter, "and I am sure he will prove a power. He is an admirable character, popular with foreigners and will handle the situation at Beirut with a firm hand. He is respected throughout Turkey."

TRAIN WAS FLOATED FROM TRACKS

Kirksville, Mo., Sept. 11.—General Manager Brimson and Superintendent Stoneburner of the Iowa & St. Louis railroad have arrived in Kirksville, after an exciting experience a few miles north of Novinger, Mo., where Mr. Brimson's special train overturned because of the overflowing of the Charlton river. The tracks were under several feet of water, which caused the train to be carried from the roadbed. Trainmaster Warren was pinned beneath the engine and only rescued after several hours' hard work. He was taken to Novinger, where several doctors are in consultation on his case.

FORBES KNOCKS OUT M'FADDEN

Boston, Sept. 11.—Harry Forbes, of Chicago, the ex-bantamweight champion, has knocked out "Kid" McFadden, of San Francisco, in the tenth round of their fight before the Tammany Athletic association here. Forbes forced the fighting from the start and had all the best of it. In the tenth round a left to the face sent McFadden to the floor for a count of seven. Then he jumped to his feet only to be sent down again by a terrific left to the jaw and a right to the stomach. Amid wild cheering he staggered to his feet and raised his hands to defend himself. Forbes sent him down for the last time with a fusillade of lefts and rights.

A FRENCH FLEET

Ordered In Readiness to Sail For the Levant.

Affairs at Beirut Are Reported to Be Quiet.

Paris, Sept. 11.—The commander of the French Mediterranean squadron at Toulon has received orders to hold in readiness to leave for the Levant, a naval division, consisting of the battleship Brennus, the armored cruiser Latouche Reville, the second class cruiser Du Chayla and the third class cruiser Linois, under the command of Admiral Jaureguiberry.

Reports received by the foreign office here from Constantinople say there is renewed agitation among the Mussulmans within the city, and fears are expressed of a possible Mussulman attack on the Christian population.

This agitation followed the appearance in the Turkish papers of accounts of the Bulgarians dynamiting trains and blowing up the steamboat Vaskapu. The government considered that official sanction of the publication of the news was the best means to avoid exaggerated stories of the explosions. As the government had rigorously suppressed any mention of explosions during the past twenty years, the recent publications caused widespread agitation. The official report says the Mussulmans are eager to avenge the outrages, and states that the feeling is so intense that if the Bulgarians commit any further destruction the Mussulmans are likely to take redress by attacking the Christian population. Earnest representations on the subject have been made to the porte which has given assurances that all precautions will be taken, and has reiterated its confidence that it will be able to control the situation.

Constantinople, Sept. 11.—An official dispatch received here announces that the imperial troops recaptured Vasilik, on the Black sea, on Sunday last, after the insurgent force occupying the place had been attacked by 2000 Turkish troops with two cannon.

The release of Abdul Kader, the naturalized citizen of the United States, from imprisonment at Tripoli, Syria, and the dismissal of Reshid Pasha, the vali of Beirut, are taken to indicate that the granting of the other demands of Minister Leishman will not be long delayed.

The American consul at Beirut reports that the situation is improving, thanks to the confidence inspired by Nazhim Pasha, who has succeeded Reshid Pasha. Rumors of fresh outrages continue to reach Constantinople, but these reports are deliberately spread with the object of creating the impression that the present situation at Beirut was provoked by the arrival there of the United States warships. As a matter of fact, a desperate state of affairs is chronic at Beirut. Insecurity has prevailed there for months—practically throughout Reshid Pasha's tenure of office.

The present grand vizier six months ago asked the sultan to remove Reshid Pasha, but the latter's supporters at the palace were to powerful. Reshid Pasha is alleged to have made a large fortune by corrupt administration. He owns extensive property in Cyprus. A fresh engagement occurred at Klisura.

Albania, Sept. 11.—A strong band of insurgents attacked the Turks, who were occupying the town. Reinforcements were speedily sent to Kilsura, and the insurgents were repulsed after a sharp fight. Both sides lost heavily.

A consular report from Salonica says 300 insurgents at Zelenitz, district of Kastoria, who surrendered after they had been surrounded, were massacred by the Turks.

The Hamidieh (Kurdish) cavalry regiment was called back as it was entraining for Adrianople. It is believed this was due to a protest against the employment of Asiatic troops made by one of the embassies.

COLOMBIAN GUNBOAT

Has Been Ordered to Sail For Panama.

New York, Sept. 11.—The Colombian gunboat Bogota, which has been stationed at Buena Ventura for some time, has left there for this port, says a Panama dispatch to the Herald.

The real object of the government in ordering the Bogota here is not known. It is thought she may be bringing a large number of Colombian troops as a precautionary measure, with the idea that their presence may be desirable because of the feelings of the isthmians on the canal question. She also may be coming for coal. The political situation on the isthmus appears to be normal. President Marroquin has left Bogota for a few days. He is expected to return about Sept. 15.

FAVORS ROOSEVELT.

Senator Platt of Connecticut Makes That Announcement.

New York, Sept. 11.—United States Senator Platt of Connecticut has announced that he favors the nomination of President Roosevelt as the head of the Republican national ticket. This is his first expression on the subject, says a Times dispatch from New Haven. The announcement was made in a speech at the annual banquet of the Young Men's Republican club.

A TERRIFIC GALE

Sweeps Over England, Leaving Destruction In Its Path.

Communication With the Outside World Largely Cut Off.

London, Sept. 11.—From all parts of the country come reports of destruction on land and sea by the terrific gale. The wind has now abated, but telegraphic and other communication with the outside world is only possible after much delay. In some cases the lines are entirely down. The suburbs of the metropolis are littered with trees and branches which have been blown down. The tents of the First army corps, which was under canvas preparatory to taking part in the maneuvers, were almost blown to pieces. It is possible that the whole force may be recalled from Aldershot.

The breakwaters of the new harbor in course of construction at Dover have been entirely swept away, involving a loss of many of thousands of pounds sterling. The channel steamers from France arrived late this morning, after perilously riding out the storm for six or seven hours. Many lifeboat rescues were made and several fatalities and many accidents were recorded. Much wreckage is being washed up along the coast.

NO CHANGE AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Sept. 11.—No change is reported today in the longshoremen's strike. No actual negotiations have been opened. The steamship agents decline to change their attitude and continue to divert ships bound for this port.

AUTOMOBILES PROVE A PUZZLE FOR BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of equalization yesterday abandoned temporarily an attempt to equalize the returns on automobiles. The ingenuity of the members had been considerably taxed in equalizing the assessments on cows, horses, oxen and sheep, but the difficulties encountered were nothing in comparison with the inequalities on the automobile list, where the machines were assessed all the way from $5 to $500. The board finally gave up the attempt and, on motion of J. E. Cooley, of Duluth, instructed members of districts having machines listed at less than $150 to ascertain from the assessors whether the vehicles were meant for automobiles, bicycles or motor cycles.

The board got through only four counties before it gave up the task. Anoka, the second on the list, had the machines listed at $10 each.

"Seven hundred per cent increase," shouted President C. M. Sprague, of Sauk Center. There was no objection, and the secretary made the entry.

Beltrami came next with seven automobiles listed at $13.57 each.

"That must be a mistake," said Secretary J. E. Cooley, of Duluth. "I'll wager that there's not a machine in the county. They're just bicycles. The people up there reckon that bicycles and automobiles are the same thing."

"Just listen to this," exclaimed J. G. Lawrence, of Wabasha. "I have a machine and my list assessed at $5. This is simply ridiculous."

"I'll venture that all of these machines are worth at least $600," said President Sprague of Sauk Center. "There's no use talking, we've got to know whether we are dealing with automobiles, motor cycles or ordinary wheels."

The list was passed over and the members will correspond with the assessors regarding the matter.

CROOKED WORK IN PENITENTIARY

Philadelphia, Sept. 11.—Alleged irregularities have been discovered in the cigar department of the state penitentiary in this city and, acting upon the suggestion of Inspectors Robinson and Hart, United States Internal officials are investigating the business methods of the institution. Warden Bussinger has been granted an indefinite vacation and Overseer Robert Armstrong, in charge of the cigar manufacturing department has been suspended. The institution has been placed temporarily in charge of Rev. Joseph Welsh, the chaplain. Internal revenue officials have closed the cigar department and have impounded all of the raw and manufactured material. It is stated by United States officials that so far at least 50,000 cigars are unaccounted for, and these at the minimum price of $30 per thousand indicate the loss to the states exchequer of not less than $5000. Inspector Robinson says each department is to be investigated.

MILK IS PROPOSED FOR PUPILS

Chicago, Sept. 11.—The children in the Chicago public schools will no longer have to drink impure water, if a proposal of the milk committee meets with the approval of the board of education. Pasteurized milk, on sale at a penny a bottle at every school, is the solution of the problem suggested by the committee. This plan has been outlined by Mrs. George M. Moulton, president of the committee, after seeing the popularity of the milk distribution among the pupils of the Thomas Hoyne school, where the Pasteurized plant is located. The water has been shut off from the building while some repairs have been in progress. The thirsty children were offered the pure milk at 1 cent a bottle, and more than 300 bottles were taken in the course of the day. Many plans have been suggested to provide pure water in the schools. Last winter it was planned to have plants put in to boil water, and filters have been recommended. All reforms thus far advocated have been discountenanced because of the expense.

ARREST CAUSED BY SMALL BOOTY

Portland, Ore., Sept. 11.—Edward Orpin has confessed to Chief of Police Hunt that since last April he has committed highway robbery seven times, and has set fire to at least as many buildings. His action in setting fire to different buildings, he says, has been prompted by no other motive than a desire to see the buildings burn. Dister satisfaction over the amount of booty secured from F. C. Fletcher, one of his victims, led to his arrest. He got only a dime from Fletcher, and several hours later he was heard declaiming bitterly against men who walk the streets with no larger sums than 10 cents in their pockets. His talk aroused the suspicion of one of his supposed friends, who notified the police.

RURAL MAIL CARRIERS ORGANIZE

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Rural letter carriers of the United States will meet in Chicago today and tomorrow to form a national association. There will be in attendance delegates representing 17,000 rural letter carriers, who daily supply 12,000,000 country residents with mail. They travel 500,000 miles every day, their routes covering two-thirds of the best farming districts of America. Better roads, more salary, fewer privations, holidays and numerous other improvements in their conditions are the hope for the rural carriers, who declare they travel over the worst roads in the world.

Hreretofore the rural carriers have had state organizations. Now it is the intention to have all the state organizations subsidiary to the national body. The organization will be known as the National Rural Free Delivery Letter Carriers' association.

ESTATE IS LARGE

Which Was Left By Isabella Clark Who Suicided.

Was Written In Hospital Just Before the Tragedy.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—Miss Elizabeth Clark, who committed suicide yesterday at Dr. McNutt's hospital, where she had been for some time undergoing treatment for nervous prostration, left a will bequeathing practically all of her property to her sister, Mrs. Grace Strohne, of Chicago. The will is a holographic one and appoints Dr. McNutt the executor of her estate, which is of great value. Miss Isabella Clark was one of the daughters of W. S. Clark, who came to California before the discovery of gold, acquiring much real estate in San Francisco, Santa Clara county, and other sections. Mr. Clark was one of California's earliest millionaires. Miss Clark's will was written during Wednesday night. It has not yet been filed for probate and its exact contents are unknown except as to Dr. McNutt.

FIVE MEN ARE KILLED AT PEAVEY ELEVATOR

Scaffold Gave Way and They Fell to Death.

Four Killed Instantly and Other Died Later.

THE LIST OF DEAD.

Andrew Anderson—Home in Minneapolis. Came here as foreman of concrete construction work for Peavey company. Boarded at 722 Garfield avenue. Widower. Survived by one son 16 years of age.

Helmer Anderson—Made his home at 1112½ Garfield avenue, living with relatives. He only came over from Sweden three weeks ago. Was 17 years of age.

Oscar Erickson—Came to Duluth recently from Ashland. Boarded at 216 Garfield avenue. Is survived by wife and one child. Was 30 years of age.

E. Benson—Lived with relatives at 347 Garfield avenue. He was 22 years of age and unmarried. Skull was crushed and died instantly.

William Watson—Residence unknown. Neither friends nor relatives located. Only man not killed instantly. Was taken to St. Luke's hospital, remained unconscious all night and died at 4:15 this morning. He was apparently 30 years of age.

Death came like a flash to four workmen at the Peavey elevator plant last evening.

A fifth workman died this morning without regaining consciousness.

It was one of the most horrifying accidents in the history of Duluth.

Each of the unfortunate workmen had his skull crushed in at least two places, and most of them had arms and legs broken.

They were working on a scaffold in the interior of one of the cylinders of the concrete system.

Without the slightest warning the section on which they were working gave way, dropping the men headlong through a gauntlet of projecting timbers to the bottom of the cylinder.

At the bottom of the shaft four of the men struck their heads on a heavy mixing box that fell with them, and death to these four was instantaneous.

The fifth man was imprisoned beneath the mixing box. He was taken out unconscious and hurried to St. Luke's hospital, where he died this morning shortly after daybreak.

Under the impression that there was still a chance of saving the lives of the injured men, other workmen moved the bodies into a small office building close by and summoned physicians.

Coroner Boyer was one of the first to reach the scene of the accident. After determining that each man was dead, he began a search among their personal effects to determine the names, each man being identified at his work simply by means of a check.

The first body the coroner turned to proved to be that of Andrew Anderson, the foreman of the working crew.

Dr. Boyer first pulled out considerable money. Turning to those in the little office, he asked if any person there knew the dead man.

"I do," said a small boy, whose head and shoulders were barely visible above the window ledge, despite the fact that he was standing on a box outside.

"Who is he?" asked the coroner.

"He's my father," replied the little fellow bravely trying to keep back the tears.

"Where do you live?" asked the doctor.

"At 2621 Seventh street south, in Minneapolis."

"Is your mother living?"

"No, only me all alone now." With that the boy broke down and ran away, and the authorities were unable to find him again until they went to his boarding house at 722 Garfield avenue.

It is said that the father and son were very much attached to each other, the boy always accompanying the father on trips away from Minneapolis, and being an unusually competent foreman in concrete work he was frequently sent away on outside jobs.

Oscar Erickson, another of the victims, is survived by a wife and one child. They are now boarding at 216 Garfield avenue, having but recently arrived in Duluth. They came from Ashland.

Helmer Anderson was a young man about 17 years of age. Although his neck was broken and his right thigh fractured, he did not seem, from outward appearances, to have been hurt at all.

Not one of the men was mutilated. With the exception of a rather profuse bleeding at the mouth and nose, they looked perfectly natural. The skulls were crushed, but not broken open as is usually the case in such accidents.

This shocking accident occurred in the second outside bin on the north side of the concrete system in which there are fifty concrete cylinders or bins.

During the past year two of these bins have broken, letting out great quantities of grain. These accidents led the Peavey company to conclude the concrete was not sufficiently strong, and a few weeks ago the company began a new lining of concrete on the inside of the bins for the purpose of adding strength.

The bin in which the accident occurred was on the opposite side from the regular elevator and machine house and on the opposite side from the first bin that broke last spring.

In putting in the lining the workmen used a scaffold, built round in form to conform with the interior of the cylinder. There were eight separate sections to this scaffold. As the work progressed it was possible to raise each section three feet by means of a ledger plank.

The five workmen, sixty feet in the interior of the bin, were preparing to raise one of these sections. All five were standing on one section working hard in their efforts to lift a mixing box weighing probably 350 pounds.

It is thought that in their efforts to lift the box they worked a ledger plank loose without noticing it. This plank occupied the same relation to the scaffold that a keystone does to an arch. When the ledger plank was displaced the entire section collapsed, and men, box and timbers went crashing through to the bottom of the bin.

The authorities have investigated the affair very thoroughly, and are satisfied that it was an accident which only those that were killed had any power to avert. They were so engrossed in their work that they did not notice the slipping of the ledger plank.

A CAR OF POWDER COLLIDES WITH TRAIN AND EXPLODES

Two Train Men Were Killed, Two Were Seriously Injured and Considerable Damage Was Done to Track and Rolling Stock.

Eldorado, Kas., Sept. 11.—A carload of powder set on a 'Frisco siding, near Beaumont by a freight crew, which did not want to handle it while switching, got beyond control and ran several miles on a branch line towards Winfield, colliding with a train which had left that station shortly before and exploded, killing two and injuring two more. The dead are:

MILTON PENNEFOCK, fireman, Enid, Okla.

J. N. HOLT, brakeman, Enid, Okla.

The injured are: A. H. Merrill, Atlanta, Kas., will die; Fred Orr, Atlanta, Kas.

In addition the explosion tore up several rods of track and dismantled a locomotive. The shock of the explosion shook the ground for miles around. People in Eldorado ran from their homes fearing that it was an earthquake and that buildings would collapse. Other towns in the vicinity were also shaken up.

BOOKKEEPER INHERITS FORTUNE

New York, Sept. 11.—After an absence from his old home in Germany for nearly half a century, Theodore Hamal, a bookkeeper, who lives in Jersey City, has been informed by a St. Louis law firm that a sister in his native land has bequeathed him nearly $2,000,000. Hamal ran away from home at the age of 18 and has not seen his sister or his friends since that time. When a youth he lived an adventurous life, serving as lieutenant in Maximilian's army in Mexico. A comrade who returned to Brunswick, Germany, told of seeing Hamal in St. Louis, where he formerly lived. This clue finally led to his discovery.

DYING KISS INNOCULATED FATHER

New York, Sept. 11.—Suffering from hydrophobia, Andrew Marks, aged 60, and Sylvian Marks, his son, aged 35, are on their way here from their home at Williamsbuort, Pa., for treatment. Clinton Marks was bitten by a dog three months ago. The wounds healed, but a month later hydrophobia developed. He died in terrible agony. The father, who was his constant attendant, kissed him as he was dying, and the foam around his mouth evidently inoculated the father. Sylvian was inoculated by treating a wounded leg with an instrument used during his brother's illness.



Get the Habit—Trade at

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

School Days Are Here

Vacation's over. Only tomorrow left to get your boy ready for the opening of school. Of course you want him to start with clothes spick and span new, so bring him to our boys store tomorrow. There never was a time when our juvenile stocks were so thoroughly complete so early in the season. We've labored hard for months past to produce and bring to Duluth the best values in the new fall styles in the widest variety—but that we are ready a visit will conclusively prove. A few of our bargains for tomorrow—

Boys' and Girls' School Shoes.

The Fall Styles are now ready for you.



Boys' School Shoes—Sizes 2½ to 5½; strong wear; best workmanship; perfect fitting; qualities, Dugan & Hudson's Ironclad's and Burrows' Wear Well school shoes, prices from ..... **$1.50 to $3.50**

Same in Youths' shoes, sizes 11½ to 13½ to 2 from ..... **$1.00 to $3.00**

Little Gents' Shoes—Sizes 8½ to 13 from ..... **89c to $2.50**

School Shoes for Girls—Sizes 11½ to 2, in plump vici kid and soft box calf or velour, light, medium or heavy soles, Dugan & Hudson's Ironclads and Burrows' Wear Well from ..... **$1.00 to $3.00**

Same in sizes from 8½ to 11 from ..... **89c to $2.50**

Hanan & Son's Shoes—for men and women at— **$5.00, $6.00, $7.00**

Burrows' Regent $3.50—shoes for men and women, all leathers and styles at **$3.50**

Burrows' Wear-Well at $2.50 firmest material, best workmanship, perfect styles, all leathers, at..... **$2.50**

Boys' Knee Suits at $5.00

Ages 7 to 16—double-breasted coat and knee pants. See them, and you'll admit they're the finest line of suits ever shown at this price here or elsewhere. Made from the most select qualities of Scotch Cheviots, Tweeds, Cassimeres and fancy Worsteds, in the newest and richest fall shades—coats perfectly tailored, with military shoulders—seams all taped and double sewed. Just chockful of style, service, durability—Burrows' price ... **$5.00**

Long Pant Suits at $6.50

For boys 15 to 20 years old—single-breasted, made from fall fabrics, in new and strikingly handsome color effects—cut in the most approved fashion, and finished with a high degree of care—suits that in any other store would cost you at least $8.50..... **$6.50**

Boys' and girls' Sweaters and Cardigan Jackets— **50c to $4.00.**

Boys' new Fall Hats and Caps at special prices— **50c to $3.50.**

Boys' Knee Suits at $3.50

Ages 7 to 16—double-breasted style—pure wool fabrics of the very strongest weaves—tailored with artistic skill—perfect fitting suits, with reinforced seams and every other feature of a first-class suit—Burrows' price **$3.50**

Kindergarten Suits at $2.50

For the little boys, 3 to 7 years old—the swellest line of novelty suits you ever saw—Sailor Norfolk, Norfolk, Vestee, Sailor and many brand new and artistic designs now shown for the first time at $2.50 to $10. Particular attention is directed to the line of chic little suits at.... **$2.50**

College Boys' Suits, $20, $25

As handsomely tailored as if made to order, at half the price. Wide range of styles and prices that enable him to be as economical or fastidious as he desires. Ages 15 to 20—Regular 'varsity broad-shoulder effect — choicest colorings, in new fall tweeds and cassimeres, thibets, serges and worsted cheviots—splendid values—up from ..... **$10 to $25**

Men's Hats—New Fall Styles

See them in our west window.



Burrows' Imperial $1.90 Hats—Full of merit, full of style and made especially for us by one of America's best hat manufacturers in the same shapes and models as $3.00 and $3.50 hats—50 styles—all new and up-to-date..... **$1.90**

Just Wright $2.59 Hats—Acknowledged to be the best hat in the world at the price—the equal of $3.50 hats sold elsewhere in this city—made of best quality materials—every size—every style—every color, at one price. **$2.50**

Young's New York Hats $3.00—Soft or stiff, in the same styles as shown by Young in his six New York stores—we show them in black and colors—the favorite Hat with young men. You can buy them nowhere else in Duluth..... **$3.00**

Burrows' Special $3.50 Hats—Are made of best fur stock direct to our order—the equal of any $5.00 hat sold in hat stores. We show 100 new distinct fall styles in black and colors—thousands have been sold by us and not one ever disappointed—one price and that..... **$3.50**

KNOX'S FAMOUS HATS—$5 to $10. Silk, Fedora, Derby, Crash.

Every Hat Sold is Fitted by Experienced Hatters.

Stein-Bloch Co. New Fall Suits for Men



First showing tomorrow of the new Autumn styles of Men's Clothing. As heretofore, the celebrated Stein-Bloch Co. clothing leads all other brands of fashionable apparel. This grade is Custom-tailored in all its features, and is known to fit as well as the best made-to-order garments. The fact that it sells for half the merchant tailors' prices is good reason for its wonderful popularity.

Stein-Bloch Co. and Burrows Form-Fitting Overcoats....

The best grade of clothes in the world—new fall styles—complete assortments ready for selecting. Prices range for these fashionable tailored garments at from..... **$15 to $50**

Men's New Fall Trousers.... An elegant showing of new patterns priced from..... **$2.50 to $9.00**

Everything in New Fall Furnishings Tomorrow

Men's New Fall Stiff-Bosom Shirts—A strong impressive showing of all the new ideas, new shape bosoms—new colorings—new and exclusive designs—decidedly smart creations—attached or detached cuffs—excellent $1.50 values elsewhere—tomorrow we place them on sale at..... **$1.00**

Men's New Fall Neckwear—Exquisite creations, made from $1.00 silks—a wide range of newest shapes in rich color blendings—irresistibly choice—your pick tomorrow for..... **50c**

Men's Fancy Half Hose—in all the up-to-date colors—the largest and best assortment shown—prices up from..... **25c**

Men's Camel's Hair Superweight Underwear—for fall wear—exquisite body fitting—French finish—shirt and drawers richly silk trimmed—pearl buttons—suspender tapes, etc.—strictly a high-class garment..... **50c**

New Fall Shades in Men's Dress and Driving Gloves—all of our own importation—new shades—new stitching—all the leading styles are represented—tomorrow we place them on sale at .....$1.50 and **$1.00**

Athletic Sweaters—We have the famous Inter-Collegiate in solid and combination colors—exceptional values at..... **$1.50**

SEABOARD RATE

Reduction May Again Cause Agitation of Rates By Millers.

The Railroad Commission Issues Circular on Distribution of Cars.

The result of the action of traffic managers of Eastern trunk lines in cutting the Buffalo-New York grain rate to 4 cents on wheat and a proportionate cut in the rate on corn, oats and barley may cause Duluth and other Western milling interests to again agitate the rate question.

For some time Western millers have been complaining that they are at a disadvantage when attempting to compete with seaboard mills, owing to the fact that the rates on flour, as compared with those on grain to seaboard points, have been unreasonably high.

Although the rate which has been announced and which will go into effect Sept. 16, places the rail rate at about the same figure at which grain has been carried on the Erie canal during the summer, it is thought that the canal carriers will now have to reduce their rates or go out of the grain carrying business.

While the canal route does not give a quick delivery seaboard millers can easily afford to acept their grain that way in order to take advantage of one cent a bushel in the cost of their wheat. Should the canal people make the reduction to obtain the business it will place a proportionate handicap against Western millers and will work harm to the seaboard business now being done by them.

What action will be taken in the East will be of great interest to Duluth and Superior milling interests.

DISTRIBUTION OF CARS.

Railroad Commission Quotes the Law Governing It.

The Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission is doing its utmost to prevent a shortage in freight cars in the state and with this end in view Secretary A. C. Clausen has sent to shippers circulars explaining the distribution of cars. The law quoted by the commission follows:

"Whenever any railroad company doing business in this state shall be unable, from any reasonable cause, to furnish cars at any railway station or side track, in accordance with the demand made by all persons demanding cars at such stations or sidetracks for the shipment of grain or other freight, such cars as are furnished shall be divided as equally as may be among the applicants, until each shipper shall have received at least one car, when the balance shall be divided ratably in proportion to the amount of daily receipts of grain or other freight to each shipper, or to the amount of grain offered at such station on side tracks."

The commission has no power to compel a railroad company to furnish cars upon the complaint that a shipper cannot get the cars he has ordered or which he requires to ship his product. It is only when a railroad fails to give a shiper his just proportion of cars that the commission has power to act.

The commission advises shippers to ascertain what proportion of cars they are entitled to and to make his demands upon the station agent accordingly.

TRAVEL IS HEAVY.

T. E. Blanche Finds More on Coast Than Here.

Thomas E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific railroad, returnd this morning from Portland, Ore., where he has been during the last two weeks.

"We have been doing a good passenger business in this part of the country, but it cannot be compared to that of being done on the coast. The railroads there have had all they could attend to and really could have been well satisfied with less passenger traffic.

"I think that the great travel is a good indication of the times for people do not run around the country unless they are making money. While not what you might call booming, that part of the West through which I travelled is certainly progressing at a pretty good pace."

Mr. Blanche said that the successor to C. R. Lonergan, who has been appointed agent of the Northern Pacific road at Ashland, will not be named for several days.

Are In Effect Now.

The new rates on lumber, coal and coke, which were recently ordered by the railroad and warehouse commission, and which show a reduction of from 8 to 15 per cent on coal and from 1 2to 15 per cent on lumber, are now in effect. This applies from Duluth and Superior to points on railroads throughout the Northwest.

VAN SANT WILL BE THERE.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor S. R. Van Sant will leave for Chicago this evening. The governor is to deliver an address tomorrow night at a banquet given by the Chicago Press club.

A GREAT SINGER.

Ernest Lachmund Plans Bringing Miss Bouton.

Ernest Lachmund is planning to bring to this city Miss Isabel Bouton, of New York city, one of the greatest singers of the country. She is a mezzo soprano whose voice has created a tremendous sensation and she has been engaged by Conreid, who succeeds Maurice Grau as director of the Metropolitan Grand Opera company of New York, to sing Wagnerian roles in the season of opera next winter.

Miss Bouton has been heard by George L. Tyler, Mrs. James McAuliffe and Gerrard Tonning of this city, and all unite in pronouncing her as a grand artist and a singer who cannot help but create a great sensation among Duluth music lovers.

The New York Herald said of one of her appearances there: "Miss Bouton's rendition of the aria from Wagner's 'Rienzi' was the feature of the evening."

Necessarily the bringing of such a singer to Duluth requires a considerable guaranty and subscriptions are being taken to assure this. They are being received by Gustave Fibaten, McDonnell block; Mrs. Emil Schmied, Metropolitan block, and Ernest Lachmund.

GLASS BLOCK SOCIETY.

Organization of Employes of Big Store Formed.

A meeting of the employes of Panton & White Company was held at the store last night, at which preliminary steps were taken toward the formation of a society or club to include all the employes.

The meeting was harmonious and enthusiastic. There was not a dissenting voice on the desirability of such an organization, and a committee was appointed to investigate the methods of similar organizations in the big stores of the large cities and, profiting by their experience to present a form of organization at an adjourned meeting to be held next Thursday evening.

The objects of the society will be to promote a feeling of friendliness and helpfulness among the 200 employes of the store, provide entertainments and relief from the "daily grind" of work, and also a sick benefit fund for the benefit of those who through illness may be placed in position to appreciate the assistance of their fellow employes.

The organization will include both sexes.

BAN PLACED ON COURTING

Beloit Priest Says That It Harms His School Pupils.

Marinette, Wis., Sept. 11.—"After twenty years' experience in the confessional I have come to some certain opinions on the question of dancing and courting among the young people. I know that the practice of "keeping company," as they call it among children below 18, promotes immorality and leads to intimacy that ought not to exist. Boys should be by themselves and girls also by themselves during their school days. They will attend to their studies much better."

So said Rev. Father Lochman, pastor of Our Lady of Lourdes church, in an interview regarding his recent sermon upon courting and dancing, which has caused a profound impression in the city and led to the publication in local papers of many expressions of approval.

"I have seen the young people going home," he continued, "the boys and girls hand in hand, thinking not of the things that ought to occupy their minds. These love affairs also disturb the work of the classes and generally have a demoralizing influence. There cannot possibly any good come of it. It is seldom that courtships formed in school result in marriage. The young people soon become tired of each other. All courting ought to be with the end of marriage in view. Therefore I do not believe the time of the young people should be taken up during their school days in the manner I have spoken of.

"And just as demoralizing is the custom of school children in attending dances. They ought not to be kept up late hours. The time they spend in the dance hall might better be put on their studies. It is my observation that many a young girl has been corrupted by the evil influence of the dance. It is soon enough for the young people to think of dancing after they leave school, and I believe they would be as well off if they never danced.

"If the mothers and fathers, who think their children entirely innocent, could listen to some of the things that come to my ears as a priest they would shed bitter tears. I have nearly 500 children in my parish school, and I intend to enforce to the letter the order that there will be no courting or dancing. The first one that breaks this rigid rule will be expelled without a hearing. I have taken this stand after a long consideration of the subject, and I believe it is one that will benefit the children most and assist in maintaining the discipline and scholarship of the schools. I am intrusted as much with the spiritual as the mental welfare of the children, and I am taking the action that I consider necessary.

"I believe that if the testimony of teachers in other schools was taken they would coincide with me, and lastly there is another practice which I condemn strongly, and it is that of school children running the streets after dark. They ought to be home at that time, and it is on the street that many of them learn the things which result in their moral downfall."

Among the children attending the parochial school are quite a number who go out socially, and there is bound to be more or less dissension on account of the new ruling. The reverend father started his congregation first last June, when he sent home from school a number of young ladies and several young men. The children themselves are the ones who object to the new discipline, and everyone is anxiously awaiting the result.

It is believed that his order in regard to dances will be obeyed almost to the letter, but the opinion is that he will find it difficult to stop courting among the young people who go out to parties and social affairs other than dances. It is the first time so far as known that a spiritual director has tried to put a stop to the practice of keeping company among the children.

Rev. Mr. Lochman is a determined man, and it is believed he will enforce his new rules to the letter.

AT WEST DULUTH

A very interesting program of lectures and addresses has been compiled by the members of the West Duluth W. C. T. U. for the coming winter.

The West Duluth organization has the largest membership of any branch of the association at the head of the lakes, and an energetic campaign has been planned for the coming winter.

Meetings are held every two or three weeks, at which papers are read on various subjects in connection with the work of the union, and discussions follow.

Twenty meetings will be held during the winter, at the homes of different members of the association, and at each of these meetings some live topic will be discussed.

Among the most interesting of the subjects to be discussed are the following: "Lady Somerset and Her Work," "International Conception of a Home," "What Constitutes a Healthy Diet," "Woman in Philanthropy and Reform," "Children," "Gambling," "Legal Status of Women," "The Menace of Mormonism," "The Liquor Problem," "Amusements," "The Need and Value of Recreation for Mothers."

On Dec. 3 a debate will be held, when the following subject will be discussed: "Resolved, that heredity has a greater influence than education upon character." The leaders will be Mrs. Ida A. Morrill and Mrs. N. C. Hendricks.

The next meeting will be held on Sept. 17 at the residence of Mrs. Meldahl.

At a recent business meeting of the society the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. G. W. Smith; vice president, Mrs. N. C. Hendricks; secretary, Mrs. C. R. Keyes; treasurer, Mrs. W. F. Bailey.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"

J. Frank Burrows

24 Third Ave. W. Up-to-date Tailor.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Northern Light lodge will give a social this evening at the residence of Mrs. D. H. Smith, Sixty-third avenue west.

Mrs. Thomas Grimes, of Proctorknott, has returned from a visit to Canada.

Lost—Black fox terrier dog, white ring around neck and breast. Strayed from National hotel. Reward to one returning to 217 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lauermann, of Grand Forks, are visiting at the home of J. J. Lauermann in West Duluth.

MILLINERY

New and complete line of the latest patterns in fall and winter millinery, just received. We can suit you. Call and be convinced.

MISS S. LINDGREN,

321 FIFTY-FIFTH AVE. W.

Building formerly occupied by Miss Palmer

Thomas Godfrey left today for Two Harbors.

Radiant Home stoves are the best made. We sell them. Wieland & Wade.

J. H. James, a former resident of West Duluth, was visiting friends in the city yesterday. He is now living in Chicago.

Mrs. Louis Foucault and sister left yesterday for a visit to Carlton.

Guns and ammunition of all kinds at lowest prices in the city at Wieland & Wade's.

The West Duluth Commercial club will hold its regular meeting this evening.

Preparations are being made to inspect the water used by the citizens of West Duluth for drinking purposes. The government chemist will make the inspection.

Fall styles of Regent $3.50 shoes have arrived at Lauermann's. Come in and look them over.

C. C. Whitney has returned from an extended trip to California and the Pacific coast.

Dr. Huntoon will leave Tuesday for California, where he goes in the hope of improving his health. He will be accompanied by his son Harry, who will attend medical school on the coast this winter.

Have you seen the new line of Budd's shoes for children? If not, they can be seen at Lauermann's.

Mrs. W. J. Lowrie is recovering from a severe illness.

Charles Brownrigg has returned home after a week's absence on the range.

Heath & Milligan paints guaranteed for five years. Sold by Wieland & Wade.

D. Butler will leave today for a short business trip to Carlton.

Fred Potter will leave today for San Francisco, where he intends to make his home in future.

Miss Myrtle Katharine Trevitte, reader and impersonator, will give an entertainment in the Oneota M. E. church this evening. The affair will be under the auspices of the Larger Boys' club. Admission 25 cents; children 15 cents.

George H. Carlton and E. M. Arthur, of Proctorknott, have returned from a trip to Roseburg, Ore., where they proved up on timber claims. They report a very enjoyable trip, having secured valuable claims, and enjoyed some fine mallard hunting.

ROCK MEN MAY STRIKE.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 11.—The rock men of this region who have called a meeting for next Sunday night, may decide to strike for ten per cent increase in their back wages. It is said the mine workers' officials will not attend the meeting.

DAMAGE BY DYNAMITE.

Cripple Creek, Col., Sept. 11.—Unknown persons exploded fifty pounds of dynamite on the Chance claim, just above the Moose property last night. Considerable excitement was caused and troops were hurried to the scene, but no damage was done.

ONE WORD HER VOCABULARY

"Advertise" Is All the English Lost Girl Knows.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—"How can we find your family for you, my girl?"

"Advertise."

"Quite right, but how do we know that your family can read advertisements any more than you can?"

"Advertise."

"Suzanna, what else can we do for you?"

"Advertise."

And Chief Matron Keagan of the Harrison street annex decided to take the advice so succinctly proffered by a dark featured Hungarian girl who is lost in Chicago, not two weeks since she left her native Buda-Pesth.

Where the girl learned the word, when she came by it, whether she caught it from the miles of sign boards as the train bore her to Chicago, or whether she absorbed it from the atmosphere as her primary impression of America, is not known. Certain it is, however, that the one word, "advertise," forms the vocabulary of Suzanna Mechner in English.

If you ask her how she feels she tells you to "advertise," and if you inquire casually what she thinks of America, she responds with a sigh: "Advertise."

Suzanna speaks Hungarian, Slavonic and German, but not in any one of them can she satisfactorily explain how she came into possession of the great American word. She merely knows that it is a word to which attaches a mysterious sort of magic by which Americans set great store.

The girl arrived in Chicago two weeks ago and was met by her uncle, Joseph Mechner, who works on a railroad somewhere in the vicinity of Jefferson and Eighteenth streets. He lives not far away, but just where Suzanna cannot remember. She wanted to work for her living, and so the uncle advertised in the want columns of the newspapers for a place as domestic. In this way she obtained employment with a family in Hyde Park, just where, again, she cannot tell.

Sufficient it was she was taken to the house by her uncle and that for a week thereafter she made Hungarian cooking famous in that household. The name of the family is Schmidt, Suzanna thinks, but when you ask her how you are going to find Schmidt without his first name she only replies, "advertise."

Last Sunday night she left the house for the first time to visit a cousin, Suzanna Meska, who lived in the same street, she thought. But she never found the house, and late at night she found herself wandering about Washington park without sense of direction.

A policeman rescued her and took her to the Hyde Park police station, where she kept Inspector Hunt busy for three days with her appeals to "advertise, advertise."

As a last resort Suzanna was taken to the Harrison street annex. There, through a Hungarian interpreter, she explained:

"I don't know what 'advertise' means—it is the only English I know, but I don't know where I heard it first. I only know it is a great thing in America—whatever it is. You do anything you want to and get anything you want when you 'advertise.'"

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

CHOLERA AT BIREJIK.

Constantinople, Sept. 11.—Cholera is reported to be raging fiercely at Birejik, Syria.

Small Accounts Welcome

It is not necessary that you should have a large volume of business in order to enjoy the benefits of a savings account at the

Duluth Saving Bank,

No. 216 West Superior St.

Pay 3% on deposits.

Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

THE MIGHTY ADVERTISING SALE AT THE VANGUARD CLOTHING CO.

Is drawing to a close. Only a few more days left. Be on hand tomorrow, Saturday, Sept. 12, to share the great bargains offered in the wind-up of the most successful clothing sale ever held at the head of the lakes.

TOMORROW WE ARE GOING TO MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP OF OUR ENTIRE STOCK, PRICES CUT LOWER THAN EVER.

We must diminish our stock in order to make room for the carpenters that are now at work remodeling the store. To convince you we mention a few of our prices:

FREE—The Pennies will be given to the closest guesser on Saturday, Sept. 19, at 9 p. m.

Men's working Shirts, just like those 50c garments—yours for..... **12½c**

Come and see the Van Guard if you want some of those big 10c Linen Handkerchiefs—only 50 doz left—at each..... **2c**

Hats that sell for $2.00—in all the latest styles and colors—will go at..... **99c**

UNDERWEAR.

Balbriggan underwear, plain and fancy, well worth $1.50—at per suit..... **21c**

All 10c Sox, now **3c**

50c Hose, fancy silk stripes.. **11c**

Summer Neckties..... **2c**

All the pants in the house at less than one-half the regular price—

A lot of Working Pants, worth $2.00—for..... **69c**

25c Suspenders for..... **14c**

Gloves, worth $1.00..... **47c**

Rubber Coats, worth $3.50 **$1.19**

Woolen Sox, worth 50c now **21c**

25c Cashmere Hose..... **12½c**

Men's fancy Dress Shirts, worth $1, at this sale..... **39c**

Stiff and soft-bosom shirts.. **39c**

$1 black Sateen Shirts go for **39c**

We have only 25 ladies' skirts left—all this season's patterns—worth $2.50—take them tomorrow for..... **47c**

Greatest snap ever offered in men's wool underwear—150 dozen imported Switz Conde and the Atlas strictly pure wool and finest grade goods—retail at $1.50 and $1.75 per garment—all sizes—choice tomorrow at..... **89c**

We have the D. R. Women's Health Corsets—worth $2—now..... **29c**

Only 35 left of the Men's Suits of all the latest pattern, and worth from $7 to $8, will be sold at..... **$2.84**

A lot of Suits that sold for $10.00—come early and take your choice..... **$3.89**

Look at the $14.00 Worsted Suits at..... **$5.61**

Imported Scotch Worsteds—latest styles—union made suits—worth $15, for... **$6.72**

A lot of Woolen, Serge, Worsted and Cashmere Suits, worth $16—for..... **$8.69**

H. Cohns & Son's union-made Suits—worth $18, will sell fast at..... **$9.72**

200 suits, worth at least $20—will go at **$10.98**

Those $22 Suits you have seen in the window the past two weeks will go at.. **$12.64**

Hahn's tailor-made, union label, imported English corkscrew and tweeds, worth $35—will go at..... **$16.50**

We have men's Shoes—heavy work shoes—worth $1.50—at this sale—per pair..... **59c**

Congress and Buckle heavy oil grain Shoes for men to work in, worth $1.75..... **99c**

We have a few satin calf leather Shoes, worth at least $1.75—per pair..... **89c**

SPECIAL TO THE HUNTERS and cruisers. We have closed out from a Chicago firm 150 pairs of finest Kangaroo calf 18-inch Cruising Shoes, which were made to sell for $6 per pair—any size you want—for tomorrow the price—per pair..... **$3.19**

All of our 75c and $1 ladies' shirt waists—choice tomorrow—all sizes at..... **19c**

All of the $2 dress and working Shoes will go at—per pair..... **$1.39**

All $2 and $3 Shoes, vici kid and calf, will go at—per pair..... **$1.48**

$3.50 Cordovan and fine vici Colt Shoes, a pair.. **$1.98**

35 pairs of Tan Shoes, worth $3.50 and $4.50, at **$1.59**

500 pairs Pat. Leathers, and all our $5.00 Shoes—your choice..... **$2.98**

SPECIAL—all the $1 Umbrellas Saturday, Sept. 12—will go at..... **48c**

We have just received 25 cases of fall and winter Overcoats, all-wool Sweaters, heavy Over Shirts, Mackinaw Jackets, and lumbermen's Rubbers, will be sold at Half Price during this sale.

If you need anything, go to the Van Guard—they have it. We give you dollars in value and get pennies in return. We do this, not for profit, but to advertise. Our prices will tell.

THE VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO

YOU CANT MISS IT. Next door to American Express Co.

407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

DAMAGES DESIRED

Personal Injury Cases the Feature of District Court.

The damage action of Rosile Le Duc against the Northern Pacific Railway company went to the jury this noon in district court and a verdict is expected some time this afternoon or evening. The action was brought by Mrs. Le Duc, as the administrator of her husband's estate, to recover $5000 on account of his death, caused by accident on the railway company's tracks.

The personal injury case of Helge Berglund against the Minnesota Land and Construction company was called for trial in Judge Dibell's room this afternoon. John Jenswold, Jr., is counsel for Mr. Berglund, and Washburn & Bailey represent the corporation.

In Judge Cant's room the damage action of L. R. Martin against Carney Bros., to recover for some ties alleged to have been taken from the property of Mr. Martin without his consent, is still a long way from the jury. Mr. Martin had not reached the end of his list of witnesses when the court adjourned this noon.

NAVAL RECRUITS

Party Here and Will Be In Torrey Block.

Surgeon A. M. Moore, Chief Yeoman W. C. Force, Chief Gunner's Mate E. E. Wagener and Hospital Steward W. H. Daley, who with Commander Albion V. Wadhams complete the recruiting party which will until Tuesday receive applications of those who wish to enter the United States navy as landsmen, artificers, electricians and seamen, arrived this morning over the Omaha road and are staying at the Spalding.

The naval recruiting office will be at the hydrographic office, 1001 Torrey building, instead of the federal building, as previously announced. The force will not fairly get down to business before tomorrow, but then and Monday will be examining applicants.

KILLED BY DEPUTIES.

Camden, Tenn., Sept. 11.—Alexander Lindsley and Joseph Dougherty were shot and killed last night by two deputies who were trying to arrest them on a charge of assaulting Daniel Stockdale, an aged farmer. Stockdale is in a precarious condition. Lindsley and Dougherty quarreled with Stockdale over a family matter.

WILL NOT SURRENDER MAN

Soldier Who Shot Thief Stil at Arsenal.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—No decision has been reached in the dispute between the city police officials and Lieut. Drury, commandant at the United States arsenal, over the custody of the sentry who shot and killed William Crowley yesterday, for the alleged theft of copper from the barracks' roof. Lieut. Drury still refuses to turn the man over to the civil authorities. He says he will not surrender him or give his name until he receives orders to do so from his superior officer.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.

Phillips & Co.,

No. 218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.



Fall Styles Laird, Schober & Co., and H. H. Gray's Son—

$5.00 —and— $6.00

The "Princess" Shoe for Ladies,

New Shapes, All Leathers. $3.50

Extra large assortment of Ladies' Shoes, light and heavy soles, all the new toes and heels—

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

FREE School Tablets with Every Pair of School Shoes.

School Shoes.

Our $1.00 Line—For little gents and girls—made of satin calf and vici kid—solid leather soles and counters. Little gents' sizes 9 to 13½; girls sizes 9 to 11, 11 to 2. Price, per pair..... **$1.00**

Little Gents'.

Box calf and valour calf shoes—warranted to wear—sizes 9 to 13½..... **$1.25**

Little gents' vici and box calf, mannish lasts—"good wear"..... **$1.50**

Misses' Shoes.

Made of vici kid or box calf, double soles, patent tips, sizes 11½ to 2..... **$1.50**

Misses' Shoes—vici kid or valour calf, made with heavy extension soles, mat kid tops, sizes 11½ to 2. Price..... **$2.00**

Boys'

Box calf, satin and kangaroo calf, heavy soles, regular cut or seamless—

$1.50

OUR PRIDE

Boys' box calf, heavy extension soles, solid as a rock, wear like iron, sizes 2½ to 5½—

$2.00

THE RIFLE TEAM

Two Duluthians Competing For Places on the State Team.

Maj. Resche Withdraws, Unable to Give More Time to It.

Duluth stands a good chance of being represented on the state rifle team that will compete with the best marksmen of the National Guard of Michigan, Illinois, Indiana and Iowa for the famous Washburn trophy.

Two Duluthians—Carl Anderson, of Company C, and E. G. Simpson, of the Third Regiment band, are now in a squad of twenty-five of Minnesota's best shots at Lake City, competing for the honor of representing the state in this important event.

Maj. F. E. Resche of this city, representing the field officers of the Third regiment, beat all competing candidates by 40 points in yesterday's shoot at Lake City, but business compelled his withdrawal from the contest.

After winning the regimental trophy permanently by defeating the other two regiments three successive years, the Third regiment team, of which Maj. Resche, Carl Anderson and E. G. Simpson were members, won the new trophy put up for competition among the regiments this year.

Anoka won the regimental company shoot of the Third, the Duluth companies being unable to get sufficiently strong teams together on short notice. It will be remembered that the Anoka men shot unusually well during the preliminary practice shooting in this city last week.

The squad of men now at Lake City will be kept in camp until Sept. 20, and will shoot every day that the weather permits. The scores will be kept each day and the state team will be selected from among the men averaging the highest.

A dispatch from Lake City states that there is general regret that Maj. Resche of Duluth could not remain in the squad of candidates for the Minnesota team, in view of his record of 315 points in yesterday's shoot.

PURELY PERSONAL

Wynne Hayden and Ed Van of the Eagle have returned from an outing at Middlebrook, Wis.

Miss Pearl Chalk has returned from a trip to Montreal and other eastern cities.

Mrs. J. H. Darling, Mrs. H. G. Inman and son Arthur, and Mrs. Hanson, and daughter Marie, returned to the city Monday evening from a two weeks' stay at Bay Lake.

P. W. Mayhew and Henry Mayhew, who have been spending several weeks in Duluth, will return to their home in Grand Marais today on the steamer America. They return much improved in health. The Mayhews are among the oldest settlers at Grand Marais, having traded there for more than thirty years.

Charles J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, accompanied by two nieces, the Misses Gertrude Miller and Emma Johnson, of Minneapolis, registered at the St. Louis today, en route for Grand Marais.

A. C. Titus, county attorney of Cook county, arrived in Duluth this noon and is staying at the St. Louis hotel.

Francis A. Cokefair and George D. Swift with a party, left yesterday for a 250 mile trip in the waters along the boundary. They will be gone about three weeks.

George B. Buell, of Charleston, S. C., a brother of F. L. Buell, of this city, and A. J. Myers, of Lake City, were guests of Mr. Buell this week and a portion of last, and spent three days with him at Grand Marais on the north shore.

Fred Engels sailed for Europe on Tuesday on the City of Rome from New York.

Rev. J. P. Thornton will leave this afternoon over the Omaha road for Chicago.

W. C. Brown will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Marquette.

J. H. Hearding, superintendent of the spending a few days in the city.

Master L. Ahron Dight left yesterday for a trip to Buffalo, N. Y. From there he will go to Baltimore, Md., for a short visit with relatives in that city.

Amos Shephard and O. B. Warren of Hibbing came down from the range this morning and are registered at the Spalding. Mr. Shephard is manager for Corrigan, McKinney & Co.

City Clerk Cheadle has received a very handsomely engraved invitation issued by the city of Chicago for the celebration in honor of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of Fort Dearborn. This celebration will extend from Sept. 26th to Oct. 1.

Secures Fine Collection.

F. A. Engels returned yesterday from New York, Boston and other art centers, which he has been visiting for the past two weeks. While away Mr. Engels met many of the most celebrated artists of the day, both European and American, and secured a fine collection of beautiful studies, which will shortly be placed on display.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

Dancing at Lester Park tonight.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

McLaughlin Electric company, T 1 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

The firm of S. T. Welch & Co., is a new one added to those doing business on the Duluth board of trade. S. T. Welch, the head of the new firm has been for years in the grain and stock brokerage business in this city, being with B. E. Baker, and then with the Smith-Baker Commission company.

G. A. Klein has returned from a two weeks' purchasing trip in New York and other Eastern markets, where he has been doing extensive buying of high grade jewelry for the fall season. His stock this season will contain a vast selection of beautiful and exclusive novelties, which will be placed on display in a very short time.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

Articles of incorporation of the Roy Iron company have been filed with the county register of deeds. The incorporators are T. J. Walsh, John Jenswold, Jr., Ethel Douglas and John Brennan. The capital stock is $100,000.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

Services will be held this evening in Temple Emanuel, corner of Second street and Seventh avenue East at 8 o'clock and will be conducted by Rabbi Friedmann of Milwaukee.

Fletcher Music Method

For Beginners.

MISS MAY BUTCHART.

Classes Opening Tuesday, Sept. 15th. Studio 1718 Superior Street East.

Apply 2 to 4 Afternoons.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

School Starts Soon.

Give the children a good start—a nice warm coat, not too heavy, is just the thing for cool mornings and afternoons—there's a splendid selection here now—all of the popular shades and styles, made from the most desirable fabrics, rough Scotch effects, Panne Zibelines, velvets, corduroys, etc., and one thing you may rely on—whatever you buy here, no matter how small the price, it will be good of its kind and thoroughly reliable.

Splendid Coats for children, 2 to 6—$3.75; for girls, 8 to 14—$5.00, that are exceptionally good values.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

STOCK SET ASIDE

To Forward the Interests of Postal Supply Company.

Most of It Given to Machen, Beavers, Et Al.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The indictments returned against Beavers, Machen, et al., are based on transactions relating to the supply of letter boxes and package boxes and devices. Some senational charges are made. The indictment against Beavers, Machen and Erwin alleges that the "Postal Device and Improvement company, of San Francisco, formerly the Montague Indicator and Letter Box company," was composed almost entirely of Western postal employes; that in 1889 it set aside 1000 shares of stock for "forwarding its interests," and that armed with this authority, its president, Daniel S. Richardson, and Inspector Erwin, came to Washington, saw Beavers, Machen, Heath and others and got an order for equipping 2089 letter boxes with their device.

The indictment says the company was systematically relieved of its obligations in the way of paying freight, crating, painting and printing cards for the device, and it was furnished. The indictment charged that Beavers and Machen own stock under assumed names. Most of the thousand shares set aside, the indictment says, went to different postoffice officials, and again President Richardson came to Washington and, following an increase in the contract price he got for the company, dividends were paid on the stock.

McGehan, principal owner of the Columbia Supply company, of New York, is charged with agreeing to pay Machen 50 cents for each dollar and a quarter paid on the package box contract by the government. Specific payments to Machen are cited in consideration of increased compensation and under the package box contract, ostensibly for attaching a different support to the boxes.

Scheble became interested in the firm of which Mayor Maybury of Detroit, Mich., is a member, and which furnished letter boxes to the government and Scheble and Machen, in a joint indictment, are alleged to have schemed to defraud the government by the supply of excessive quantities of boxes. The indictment says that Maybury and Ellis paid Scheble to the extent of the latter's interest of the company, and that he in turn paid large sums to Machen. In seventeen counts the indictmetn cites specific payments to Machen by Scheble. The other indictments involve practically similar transactions. Montague, whose name figures in the Montague Indicator and Letter Box company, is postmaster at San Francisco.

A number of other postal cases are now pending before the grand jury, which will resume its sessions here next Monday.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gustaf Adolph Ahlstrom and Naomi Marie Sandell.

Nicholai Kangas and Laura Ranma.

BIRTHS.

LUNDGREN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lundgren, of 521 Nine-and-One-Half avenue West.

BROWN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Brown, of Hermantown.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A CLEAR SKIN CAN BE CULTIVATED and plainest faces grow lovely using Satin-Skin Cream and Complexion Powder.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED CARLOAD Western horses, weight 1100 to 1200 pounds; some broken. Corner Grand and Central avenues, West Duluth. L. Mark.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR MESSENGER work. Apply by letter, giving age and references. First National bank.

WANTED—DRIVER AT D. O'LEARY'S grocery.

WANTED—TWO, THREE OR FOUR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; central. B. 34, Herald.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.



Time for Warmer Underwear!

The careful mind anticipates the wants for the comfort of the person—we're ready with a superb stock of fine Underwear for women, misses and children. Why not select what you need tomorrow? Every garment bought here is made to fit, besides being of the best material. There are many kinds—we sell only the best.

Women's white fleece-lined vests and pants, full silk trimmed. Pants have equestrienne top—50c.

Women's fine cashmere vests and pants, elegantly finished—vests have silk tapes and pearl buttons—85c a garment.

Howard mills fine Australian wool vests and pants—$1.25 a garment.

Luzerne natural wool vests and pants—$1.50 a garment.

"Merode" fine wool and silk and wool vests and pants, in natural and cream—$1.75 a garment.

"Sterling" all wool vests and pants, in natural blue and cream—regular made garments—$2.50 a garment.

"Sterling" all wool black tights, opened and closed—$3.00 and $3.50 a garment.

"Sterling" all silk vests and tights, in flesh color—$6.00 a garment.

"Sterling" all silk Union Suits, in flesh color—$12.00. Wool and mercerized in flesh, blue and white—$4.50. Silk and lisle, in white—$4.00. Natural all wool, heavy weight—$4.75. Natural and black, all wool, medium weight—$3.75. Blue, white and natural, light weight—$3.50.

"Oneita" merino Union Suits—perfect fitting, with gussited sleeves and ankles, full silk taped—at $1.50, $1.25, $1.00, 75c and 50c suit.

"Oneita" all wool Union Suits, natural—$2.00 and $2.50 a suit.

Fall Hosiery.

The warmer kinds for cooler days. New arrivals.

Fancy black cotton forget-me-not hose, embroidered with twisted silk—50c a pair.

Fancy onyx black lisle, with embroidered floral designs—50c a pair.

New granite hose, embroidered in black and white—65c.

Fancy lisle ribbed hose, latest embroidered stripes—65c a pair.

Onyx black lisle hose, with twisted silk embroidery—75c a pair.

New Scotch effects, in onyx, fast black with tapestry embroidery—75c.

Oxford lisle lace hose; jacquard—$1.50 a pair.

The "Golfer"—a new cashmere hose with twisted silk embroidery—$1.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

A Display Par-excellence.

Variety Unsurpassed.

The New Fall Styles in Women's Dress and Walking Skirts.

HANDSOME SUITS AT $19.50.

STYLISH COSTUMES AT $25.00.

Our magnificent stock has reached a perfection where one cannot fail to find just the costume they are looking for—many buyers prefer to "look around" before they make a selection. This frightens most stores, but we encourage the practice—look around, see everything that's worth seeing, then a few minutes spent in our suit department will tell its own story. Particular people require style, fit and fabric—we combine all three, besides giving you the service of two expert modistes and a score of tailoresses to insure you satisfaction. Costs you nothing extra, either, and your order made-to-measure if you prefer it. The prices are reasonable, as you will see.

The suits at $19.50 and $25.00 are very good—prices go up by small amounts to $35.00, $40.00 and $45.00—and so on. But come in early—come tomorrow, even if you're not ready to buy you can have it laid by. Then your suit will be ready just when you want it.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

AS OTHERS SEE US.

That some English people believe Americans capable of any sort of freakish notion under the guise of entertainment is attested by a paragraph in a recent issue of an English weekly, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The writer, a woman, says that an American friend tells her that "a new Yankee notion is a 'crazy social,' at which the idea is that everybody and everything should look and act as insanely as might be. The costumes, the women and the men should be eccentrically personified, and the food served must be arranged to match." According to this chronicler, at a recent "crazy social" the meats were served in jelly molds, jam pots or dust pans; the vegetables in cake baskets, the blanc-mange in a fire shovel, the ice cream in a stew pan, the wine glasses were filled with mustard, the jellies trembled in a saucepan lid, the cream was in a pickle bottle, the sugar in the salt-cellars and the salt in the sugar basins. The things which ought to have been roasted were boiled, and salt flavored food which is usually sweet. Attempts were made to eat clear soup with dessert forks, and ice cream with table knives.

Forty-five cents pays for Duluth's up-to-date paper, The Herald, for one month, delivered to any part of the city or suburbs.

DIFFERENT STORY

Defense Assails the Plaintiff's Testimony In Pollock Case.

Trainmen Say the Boy Climbed on the Train.

The defense, with a strong array of evidence, is assailing the story told by Charles Pollock in his damage action against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road.

When the lad was on the witness stand the first day of the trial he told a smooth story concerning his accident, in which he pictured so dramatically his position before the approaching engine, with his foot caught between the rail and a plank, and how the big locomotive pushed him over backward, crushing his left leg.

The railway company began yesterday to show that the boy was not in front of any engine, but that he received his injuries in attempting to steal a ride on the train of empty ore cars. Some of the most telling evidence for the railway company was introduced this morning when Andy Fingle, the fireman on the train of empty ore cars that passed over State street crossing the afternoon of June 12, testified positively that he saw three boys hurrying up State street to catch the train. He says that the two older boys were in advance of the smaller, and caught the train somewhere about the middle. Fingle was positive that he saw the younger lad catch on an ore car, then loosen his hold and fall to the ground. He testified that he told the engineer a boy had fallen from the train and might be hurt, but no effort was made to check the train and investigate. Fingle said that he told his wife about the "train flipping" episode when he went home that night, being unable to get out of his mind the impression that the boy must have been hurt. He identified Anton Ness as one of the three boys to "flip" the train the day of the accident.

Engineer Herbert Simpkins, of the engine for which Fingle was fireman, testified that he was in his accustomed place the day of the accident and did not see any boys at the State street crossing, nor did he see any catch on his train.

E. W. Green and Gordon Meldrum, from the stone crusher, who were among the first to reach the injured lad, testified as to his condition when they found him. Their evidence was corroborative of the claim of the defense that young Pollock was found immediately after the train bearing the two older boys had passed the crossing and was further on its way up the hill, and that the first train to pass that point afterward was the regular afternoon passenger train bound toward Duluth. Mr. Meldrum testified that while he held the Pollock boy in his arms on the ride to the hospital, he asked the lad if he was trying to catch the train, and the latter replied that he wanted to go to the swimming pole.

Schiller McIsaac, an 18-year-old boy residing in West Duluth, who was near the scene of the accident, was another strong witness for the defense. Young McIsaac testified that he had driven to the Fifty-seventh avenue west depot the afternoon of June 12, with his little brother James, to get some machinery that was to be put off the regular passenger train. He said that whiles they were waiting, a train of empty ore cars went up the hill and he caught on, riding to the end of the platform, where he jumped off. He said he stood watching the train go over State street crossing when he saw some boys catching on. McIsaac said the old boy got on all right, but a smaller boy fell back to the ground. Witness said he then sent his brother up the track to see if the boy was hurt and on learning that he was he hurried to the spot and found Charles Pollock lying in the ditch with his leg cut. McIsaac said Pollock told him his name and his residence and witness, leaving him in care of a man that had reached the scene, ran to the nearest telephone and sent for a doctor.

McIsaac will be cross examined this afternoon.

The crew of the train drawn by engine No. 349 testified to seeing the McIsaac boys on the depot platform. Yesterday afternoon the engineer and train crew of the train that Charles Pollock claim struck him, tetified positively that there was nobody on the State street crossing when their train went over it the afternoon of June 12. The engine crew and conductor testified that it would have been a physical impossibility for any person to have been on the track and struck by the engine without their knowing about it. Engineer Grimes declared he could stop his engine and train on the up grade within a space of six or eight feet.

The railway company is bringing evidence into the case, wherever possible, to show that the train schedules kept June 12 of the trains departing from the ore dock and those leaving Proctorknott downbound, preclude the possibility of any two trains so close to each other and passing as the Pollock boy testified the first day of the trial.

The Selection of Your Fall Costume

claims your attention just now—but whether it be a question of *supremacy in tailoring, in quality of materials used,* in attention to the hundred and one little things that go to make a perfect tailored garment, or whether it be a question of low prices alone—you've no need to go beyond this spacious cloak room. Our collection of suits, coats and waists is far in advance of anything we have ever shown thus early, and although not altogether complete is unsurpassed in the city. The varieties are practically unlimited, while low pricing prevails throughout. We call particular attention to the following Saturday leaders:



Misses' and Children's School Coats and Suits

Special School Sale Saturday.

Anticipate your future needs, and save money on these Saturday:

Children's Medium-weight Coats—just the thing for school—sizes 6 to 14 years—made of fine navy blue serge—double-breasted box effects, with military button—special values for Saturday at..... $3.25

Children's Medium-weight Coats—in cheviot and broadcloth, box coat effect, with or without cape—colors red, navy blue and royal blue—lined throughout—sizes from 6 to 14 years—special school price..... $4.98

Children's School Suits—in good quality homespun—colors tan, cadet blue and navy blue—neatly trimmed with bands of taffeta—jacket lined with mercerized sateen—a perfct hanging skirt, lined—special school price for Saturday..... $5.00

Children's Suits for School—made in fancy mixtures and plain cheviot—jacket blouse effect, with stole fronts, handsomely trimmed—skirt to match—entire suit lined throughout—colors red, blue and castor—special school price for Saturday..... $7.00

Children's and Misses Skirts—in venetian cloth—homespuns and basket weave material—beautifully trimmed with self material—perfect hanging—sizes from 8 to 14 years—colors gray, castor, light and dark blue—lined—special school price for Saturday..... $3.50

Women's tailor-made Suits

Women's Tailor-made Suits—new fall styles—made of extra fine quality cheviot—in black and blue—jacket, blouse Louis XIV style—with the new cape effect—trimmed with self goods and jet buttons—lined with satin—perfect hanging skirt—trimmed to match jacket—one of our splendid values $13.75

Women's New Fall Suits—made of high-grade fancy mixtures— three different mixtures to select from—blouse skirted jacket—beautifully trimmed with broadcloth and cut steel buttons—lined with taffeta skirt—7 gored—pleated and tucked effect—perfect hanging—another special..... $15.00

Women's Tailor-made Suits—made in the new mannish materials— jacket 20-in. long—double-breasted, box front, half fitted back—collar, cuffs and belt of green velvet—lined with satin—side pleated skirt—with the kilted bottom effect—a stunning suit for..... $18.75

Women's New Fall Suits—in panne or Lymansville cheviot—in black and blue manish mixed materials, or zibeline mixtures—all high-grade materials—Louis XIV style jacket—blouse or straight front corset effect—made to fit the sigure perfectly—dress or walking skirts—9, 11 and 13-gored—trimmed to match jacket—styles to suit every one—an elegant assortment to select from..... $25.00

New ready-to-wear Hats—



Pretty shapes in shades to match the new fall walk'g suits.

A splendid collection in the shaggy felts and beaver cloths—chic styles that are characteristic of the **Freimuth Millinery,** and all at reasonable prices See the special display Saturday.

Children's School Tams—of broadcloth or beaver—in reds, navy, black and white—we've a grand assortment from the inexpensive Flannel Tam at **25¢** to the Angora Wool Tams at **$1.50.** They're serviceable for school and street wear. You'll be pleased with this collection.

Underwear—hosiery

Special values in new fall weights.

With a full and complete line of the best makes at your disposal, these chilly Autumnal evenings to warn you, and these Saturday specials to tempt you, surely you cannot afford to overlook this underwear selling Saturday:

Women's Fleece-lined Vests or Pants—in gray and ecru color—silk fleeced, crochet around neck and down front—a regular 35c garment—special Saturday..... 25c

Women's Cotton Combination Suits, in natural color—silk fleeced and Florence style—buttoned across chest—silk crochet neck—the regular 75c garments—Saturday, each..... 50c

Children's shaped cotton Vests or Pants—Silk-fleeced—natural color—crocheted around neck and down front—medium weight—all sizes—regular price 35c—special Saturday, per garm't. 25c

Women's Fancy Stockings for fall—silver grays— in checks—fancy stripes and black, with colored clockings—hand-embroidered—also lace effects in plain black—the newest ideas for fall—reg. price 75c—special for Saturday—per pair... 50c

Women's Black Cotton Hose—high-spliced heel and toe—real maco thread—double sole—Hermsdorf fast black—special Saturday—per pair. 35c
Three pairs for **$1.00**

Boys' Heavy Cotton Stockings — just right for school wear—sizes 7 to 9½—reg. 18c value—special sale Saturday, per pair..... 12½c

Children's 1x1 rib Cotton Stockings—high-spliced heel, real maco thread—Hermsdorf dye—none better for wear—sell regularly at 29c—special Saturday—per pair..... 19c

Flannelette Gowns

Specials for Saturday.

Women's Flannelette Gowns—in pretty stripes— well made, regular 75c value—special for Saturday—per garment..... 50c

Women's Gowns of good quality outing in solid colors of pink and blue—also fancy stripes—regular 95c value—Saturday..... 75c

Women's Gowns of Twilled Flannelette—fancy yoke —some extra sizes—a regular $1.25 value—Saturday..... $1.00

Children's Gowns—of good quality outing— regular price 69c—Saturday..... 50c

Favorite Footwear for Fall

Special Leaders For Saturday—

In our efforts to obtain the best possible shoes for the least money we have spared no pains, and in looking over our new styles for fall you'll find them unexcelled for style, workmanship and low prices. Just now we call particular attention to the special offering in children's and misses' shoes for school wear. These for Saturday:

Misses' Dongola Kid Shoes—city heel— patent tip—new fall last, in sizes 11½ to 2—a real $2.00 value—Saturday—per pair..... $1.50



Misses' School Shoes—paten tip—city heel—laced—extra large size—2½ to 5—regular price $2.50—for Saturday..... $2.00

Children's Velour Calf Shoes—soft kid top—city heel—stock tip—size 8 to 11—bought to sell at $2.25—special for Saturday..... $1.75

Youths' Shoes of Box Calf—city heel— strong, heavy extension sole—great for school wear—sizes 10 to 13—reg. $1.50 value—Saturday... $1.15

Boys' School Shoes—of Box Calf, with very strong, heavy extension soles—city heel—sizes 2½ to 5—the reg. $2 kind—Saturday..... $1.50

Women's House Slippers—patent kid— two-strap, military heel, regular $1.50 value—Saturday—per pair.. 98c

Big Sale Royal Steel Granitewear

Every piece FIRST QUALITY. One-half car load just received and goes on sale Saturday at special prices. Don't miss this chance to lay in a supply—the reductions are just as quoted. For example—

No. 52 Rice Boilers, worth 85c at each.....	69¢	No. 25 Coffee Pots, worth 59c, at each.....	43¢
No. 53 Rice Boilers, worth $1.00, at each....	85¢	No. 35 Coffee Pots, worth 69c, at each.....	50¢
No. 32 Wash Bowls, worth 45c, at each.....	35¢	No. 45 Coffee Pots, worth 75c, at each.....	55¢
No. 4 Berlin Kettles, worth 59c, at each.....	48¢	No. 14 Sauce Pans, worth 25c, at each.....	17¢
No. 5 Berlin Kettles, worth 69c, at each.....	55¢	No. 16 Sauce Pans, worth 29c, at each.....	19¢
No. 6 Berlin Kettles, worth 79c, at each.....	65¢	No. 18 Sauce Pans, worth 35c, at each.....	22¢
No. 8 Berlin Kettles, worth 89c, at each.....	75¢	No. 20 Sauce Pans, worth 39c, at each.....	25¢
No. 40 Tea Kettles, worth 79c, at each.....	65¢	No. 22 Sauce Pans, worth 35c, at each.....	29¢
No. 50 Tea Kettles, worth 89c, at each.....	69¢	No. 24 Sauce Pans, worth 43c, at each.....	35¢
No. 112 Water Pails, worth $1.00, at each....	89¢	No. 14 Dish Pans, worth 75c, at each.....	58¢
No. 10 Tea Pots, worth 49c, at each.....	39¢	No. 17 Dish Pans, worth 85c, at each.....	65¢
No. 20 Tea Pots, worth 59c, at each.....	43¢	No. 22 Preserve Kettles, worth 39c, at each..	33¢
No. 30 Tea Pots, worth 69c, at each.....	50¢	No. 24 Preserve Kettles, worth 45c, at each..	35¢
No. 15 Coffee Pots, worth 49c, at each.....	39¢	No. 26 Preserve Kettles, worth 49c, at each..	43¢
		No. 28 Preserve Kettles, worth 59c, at each..	50¢

SEE THE NEW SCOTT PADS AT THE CORSET DEPARTME'T

Freimuth's

TRY THE DUPLEX SPONGER—Two operations in one—5c the yard.

Warmer Underwear for Men

New Fall and Winter Weights.

Oh! how good a little heavier weight underwear feels. There's a chill in the air these Autumn days that the rays of the sun hardly dispels. Our new stock is magnificently complete. It is also worthy of note that while prices have advanced all along the line, we are selling all our well-known high-grade makes at the old prices.

Ypsilanti Union Suits—the culmination of all the best environments that go to make a good wearing, perfect-fitting suit, at the lowest possible cost, is represented in this splendid line of Ypsilanti union Suits—we have them in three-quarters wool, in blue and natural color—an unusual value at—per suit..... $3.50

Men's heavy weight Shirts and Drawers—in natural gray wool—a first-class garment, and well worth $1.25—just one case of these—and they go at—each..... $1.00

Men's Flannelette Gowns—60 inches wide—in solid colors of pink, blue and white—trimmed with plain bands of flannelette, special value at $1.25—our leader at..... $1.00

NEW FALL NECKWEAR—for men—we've a splendid line now ready for your inspection—containing all the newest vogues in shapes and coloring.

Boys' School Sweaters—all-wool—in stripes and solid colorings—an economical and serviceable garment for school days—they all are hand made—splendid line from.....$1.50 to $1.00

Toilet Specials

Castile Soap in white or olive—regular price 5c—Saturday .....3 for 10c

Prophylactic Tooth Brushes—the world's best tooth brush—they preserve the teeth—regular price 35c—special Saturday each..... 25c

Ideal Hair Brushes—the famous rubber cushion base and Siberian bristle hair brush—regular $1.25 kind—special Saturday..... 89c

Hard Rubber Combs—in half fine and coarse teeth —unbreakable—the regular 25c kind—special Saturday—each..... 19c

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder—Cleans and pre-serves the teeth, reg, 21c a can, special at. 17c

Colgate's Violet Talcum Powder—regular 25c a can—special Saturday..... 15c

BORNEO BOUNDARY

May Be Determined By Appointment of Commission.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The appointment of a British-American boundary commission to determine the boundary lines of the coast of Borneo, separating the possessions in those waters of the islands belonging to the two countries, may be the eventual solution of the inquiry which the London government has addressed to the state department as to the sovereignty over certain of these islands. The communication received from the British charge d'affaires regarding the control to be exercised over these islands, which have frequently been a resort for pirates, is still under consideration at the state department, and Acting Secretary Adee will consult with the secretary of the navy before replying. So far as can be learned, there is nothing in the controversy over these islands which will call for arbitration.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

They Keep Coming Back for More.

There's a good sound reason—goods give perfect satisfaction.

Our $3 Siewert Derby Now Open.

Dunlap, Stetson and Heath

Make Our Hats

$2.50 to $10.

A Beautiful Assortment In

Neckwear, Gloves, Shirts, Underwear and Hosiery.

Canes, Umbrellas, Collars, Cuffs, Robes, Rain Coats, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

HATTERS AND HABERDASHERS.

NEW MILEAGE BUREAU'S PLAN

Western Passenger Association Gets Up a New Scheme.

From a report of the sub-committee which was recently appointed by the Western Passenger association to consider the question of establishing a new mileage bureau, which will have charge of all mileage business on roads which are members of the association, it is evident that the formation of the bureau will be accomplished much sooner than was expected. The committee drafted a complete set of rules and regulations for the use of the proposed interchangeable mileage book.

The rules provide for a book which shall be accepted by conductors without question as to the identity of the passenger. The conductors will present slips, which will be signed by the user of the book and turned in by the various roads to the bureau. The bureau will have the purchaser's signature, and the signatures on the slips received with the portions of the ticket will be compared with those in the office.

If it is shown that the signatures are not the same the bureau will notify the office at which the book was purchased not to allow the rebate.

Roads running into Duluth, with the exception of the Omaha, are not members of the Western Passenger association, and will enter into the agreement only between Duluth and the Twin Cities, this move being necessary to protect themselves against the Omaha road.

THREATENS FAIR WORK

Strike at Pittsburg May Tie Same Up.

Pittsburg, Sept. 11.—The strike at the East Pittsburg plant of the Westinghouse Machine company threatens to tie up important work on the St. Louis fair buildings. President O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists, has taken the matter up with President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor. It is claimed that the support of that body had been assured and that a meeting of the executive council of the A. F. of L. had been called to meet at Washington on Sept. 21, when the question of calling out all union men employed on Westinghouse contracts will be considered.

JUMPED FROM BRIDGE.

Geo. W. Bateman of St. Paul Commits Suicide.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—G. W. Bateman, 40 years old, of 340 East Sixth street, jumped from the north end of the Wabasha street bridge at noon, dashing himself to death on the rocks of the bluff beneath. The act was probably caused by Bateman's ill health.

That he fully premeditated the act was shown by a card in his pocket bearing the words, "This is my name: G. W. Bateman, 340 East Sixth street."



The Joke Is on You,

If you fail to avail yourselves of our fine stock of liquors, wines, cordials and liquers, and succeed in buying an indifferent or poor article. Pays best to get "good stuff," even if it costs a dime or two more. We stand by and back of whiskies, brandies, wines, etc., we sell.

Manhattan Wine House,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Zenith Phone 661. Long Dist. 1000. 15 W. Superior St.

J. H. LANGTON KEEPS RISING

Is Going to Open Spalding Hotel In New York.

The many friends in Duluth of John H. Langton, who have watched his hotel career in New York, will be interested to learn that he is to become a hotel proprietor on his own hook.

The new hotel is to be at the corner of Forty-third street and Broadway, and it is to be known as the Spalding, after the Duluth hotel in which Mr. Langton was employed for a number of years.

Mr. Langton has been the guide, philosopher and friend of Duluth travelers in New York ever since he left here. He is one of the most popular hotel men in the business, and he made many friends in Duluth during his service as clerk at the Spalding.

He went from here to become clerk at the Metropole, in New York, and later he went to the Imperial in the same capacity. Then he passed on to the Victoria, first as clerk and later as manager.

He has just resigned the position of manager of the Victoria, and will embark in the hotel business for himself as soon as arrangements already completed can be carried out.

GUESTS OF PRESS CLUB.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Western newspaper men and their wives will be the guests of the Chicago Press club tomorrow in an outing given to the non-resident members of the club. The program for the day includes a reception at the Auditorium Annex in the morning, an automobile ride through the parks and boulevards with a luncheon en route, a lake trip in the afternoon on the steamship Virginia, and a banquet in the evening at which Governor Van Sant, of Minnesota; Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana; ex-Governor Peck, of Wisconsin, and Medill McCormick, of Chicago, will speak.

Men's Up-to-Date Fall Suits

Just opened at prices that will interest you.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

BEST THINGS IN THE DULUTH STORES

Herald Advertisers Exhibit This Evening a Lengthy List of Saturday Bargains and Novelties.

Panton & White company offers sensational bargains in all lines of children's clothing and school supplies.

Freimuth has a special Saturday sale of steel granitewear, and displays a superb assortment of new fall costumes for women.

Silberstein & Bondy company offers very special values in ladies' dress and walking skirts and underwear for tomorrow.

Stack & Co. have a big sale of tailor-made suits and lace curtains.

Big Duluth offers special values in boys' clothing.

Brockton Shoe company explains the merits of the Brockton shoe.

Gately's announces the opening display of new fall and winter suits.

Gray-Tallant company has a special Saturday selling of school shoes.

Snappy styles of new fall clothing are displayed by Floan, Leveroos & Co.

Duluth Music company offers special Saturday bargains in pianos.

Johnson & Moe put the knife deeply into wash goods and embroideries.

Kenney & Anker offer some specially good things in their boys' department.

Malcomson Tea company gives special cuts in teas and coffees.

Rathbun has an inviting list of good things at cut prices.

D. O'Leary quotes reduced prices on fancy groceries.

"The most successful sale in progress we have ever held," says the Van-Guard Clothing company.

Phillips & Co. make a special reduction on children's school shoes.

A. B. Siewert & Co. show a fine line of hats, shirts, neckwear and underwear for men.

Wieland Shoe company displays new fall footwear for men, women and children at close values.

You can secure some splendid values in walking skirts at Charles L. Gray's tomorrow.

French & Bassett reduce the price of fine piano displayed in window $10 a day until sold.

A special sale of school boys' hats, clothing and shoes, and first showing of Stein-Bloch suits for men at M. S. Burrows' tomorrow.

The Famous continues its special sale of school shoes for boys and girls.

Scotland Woolen mills show the newest things of the season in suitings and overcoatings at one price.

Lightbody's news column quotes splendid values in bedding.

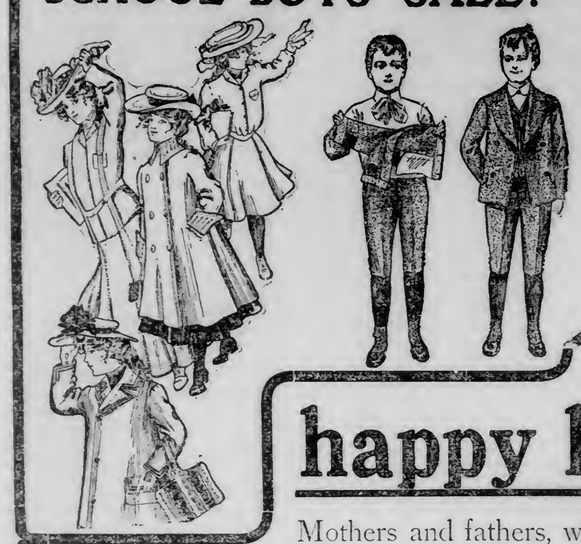
NEW NATIONAL BANK.

Washington, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The application of W. J. Smith, James Robb, H. J. Wessinger, F. R. Campbell and J. C. McGilvery to organize the Miners' National bank, of Eveleth, with a capital of $25,000, has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

A Herald want ad will help you exchange something you have for something you want.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

SCHOOL BOYS' SALE!





PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

SCHOOL GIRLS' SALE!



The children's favorite store invites all the boys and glrls to visit it on Saturday and to make themselves entirely at home in all departments. It's your day. We'll be glad to see you, and if, incidentally you need an outfit or part of one, no doubt we can save you money with our

happy hits for school children

Mothers and fathers, whether you've money to burn or must be saving in order to make all ends meet, **this is your store.** For the qualities are right, the prices positively the lowest of any store in the Northwest. Note the specials for tomorrow:

The boys!—bring them with you. We'll outfit them and save you money.

Double the assortment of plain and fancy suits we've ever before shown. Made by the best boys' tailors. Strong and serviceable Norfolk, single and double breasted suits and fancy trimmed sailor and Russian blouses for the smaller ones. Outfits from head to foot. Glass Block prices save you money on every item. If you pay more, you lose, for you can get no better.

$1.98 for suits worth up to $3.50—five hundred single and double breasted suits and Norfolk belted styles. Dark and medium colors, cheviots, cassimeres and Scotch mixtures and full of good wear for the romping school boy. For every-day wear no need to pay more. Sizes 6 to 16 years, all at the same price.

25c for knee pants worth 50c—good trousers, made of blue and black cheviot, with hip pockets and strongly sewed. These are the best values you'll find in Duluth for wear

$2.48 for blue chinchilla reefers—not a bit too early to provide a reefer for your boy. Any day may find it cold enough to wear, and better have it on hand to prevent a cold. Buy it before he catches cold, not after. A complete assortment of reefers and overcoats for 3 to 16-year boys.

$2.98 for blouse suits, sailor and Russian styles—blue, brown, red and grey serges, prettily trimmed with soutache braids, ornamented with stars, bars and chevrons. Will make a handsome boy out of a plain one. Couldn't buy them for less than $3.50 at the clothing stores.

$3.98 single and double breasted suits of worsteds, thibets and cheviots—blue, black and fancy mixtures, all wool, well made and lined throughout with serge. Two-piece and three-piece styles, to be worn with or without vests. Every suit a money saver.

$4.98 $5.98, $6.75 and $7.50 for suits that will cost you from one dollar to $2.50 more if you buy at the clothing stores, whose profit **must** be much bigger than ours because of their restricted lines. We'll suit your boy in style and value—he knows. We'll suit **you** in keeping down your expenses.

Underwear for boys, temptingly low priced. Regular price for these fleece lined shirts and drawers is 50c for the smallest size and 5c rise for other sizes. We'll give you Saturday silk fleeced, choice of any size from 24 to 34, at 48c. **48c**

A cheaper line of medium and heavy weight, fleeced lined shirts and drawers, ribbed and plain, natural and ecru shades, sizes 25 to 34 and a good 35c value—Saturday 25c. **25c**

Sweaters—large assortment, cotton and wool sweaters—all colors, plain and striped, and all sizes. We have the $1.50 quality at $1.00 and others as low as 50c and 25c. **25c**

Neckwear—windsors, tecks, strings and four-in-hands, worth 25c and 35c—Saturday at..... **19c**

Caps—a lot of new fall styles in all shapes and colors, on sale Saturday at..... **25c**

Shirts—stiff and soft bosoms bosoms of fancy percale, all sizes, good 50c values, at 3 for $1.00, or, each..... **35c**

Stockings—here's where we're strong—can save you money and darning, for we have the kind that resist holes. Fast black "Iron Clad," extra heavy weight, double knees and soles. Always sold before for 25c. Got ten cases of them we'll sell at 15c per pair. **15c**

"Pony" brand stockings for boys—the best stockings for the money ever knitted. Fast black, heavy cotton or fleece lined. All sizes Saturday 25c. **25c**

Piled on the bargain counter for all the children on Saturday

Everything for work and play. Bargain prices Saturday.

HIGH SCHOOL TABLET—This tablet is for ink; splendid paper and the best regular 5c tablet in town—special..... 3c

SCRATCH TABLETS—For pencil only. The largest, good tablet offered today by anyone..... 5c

WRITING TABLETS of the finer sort—10c to 35c.

LEAD PENCILS—All kinds—10c down to..... 1c

SLATE PENCILS—each..... 1c

ERASERS—1c, 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c, 10c, 20c.

PENS—Spencerian and Esterbrook—all the popular points—1c: per dozen..... 10c

PEN HOLDERS—1c, 3c, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c.

CHALK—White Crayon, 12 doz. in a box..... 15c

COLORED CRAYONS—Box, 5c and 10c

PENCIL BOXES—5c, 10c, 15c.

PEN WIPERS—15c, 25c, 29c.

RULERS—5c, 10c 75c.

SLATES—5c, 7c, 15c, 19c, 23c.

NOTE BOOKS—5c up to 75c.

COMPOSITION BOOKS—5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.

SCHOOL BAGS—25c, 39c, 50c, $1.25.

DICTIONARIES—

Webster's Handy Dictionary..... 19c

Webster's Primary Dictionary..... 48c

Webster's High School Dictionary..... 98c

Webster's Academic Dictionary..... $1.50

Webster's International reprint ed., leather bound, pub. at $10.00—price..... $5.75

Webster's International, leather bound, unabridged..... $9.50

Cassell's German-English, English-German Dictionary, cloth bound, pub. at $2.50—for..... $1.50

Lunch boxes.

Brownie fibre lunch boxes, 3 sizes at 12c, 10c and..... 8c

Folding Japanned tin lunch boxes, choice for..... 15c

Perfection folding lunch boxes, look like a camera—Each..... 25c

JUVENILE PERFUMES—Four assorted odors, in 25c box—for Saturday..... 17c

School shoes for boys, bought from a retiring maker, enabling us to sell very low.

Little Gents' shoes—are solid leather inside and out—city heels—the $1.25 values—sizes 9 to 13½—full widths—the stylish and durable shoe for the boy—price per pair..... **98c**

Boys' satin calf shoes—the $1.50 kinds—all solid leather—better values at $1.50 cannot be found—sizes 2½ to 5½—the price here Saturday—per pair..... **$1.25**

Boys' seamless shoes for rough hard wear, are made from heavy grain leather—extra stayed—rock oak bottoms—if nothing else wears, then buy these at..... **$1.50**

The girls!—such pretty things for them—so well selected—such very low prices!

Beautiful "Peter Thompson" effect dresses in gold, red and white chevrons, emblems, ensigns. Very nobby and rich—splendid wool dresses in checks and plaids with fancy yokes, ruffles, epaulets, collars, braid and button trimmings. Lovely pinafores and frocks, dashing caps and hats, serviceable shoes and stockings. Pay more if you will, you'll get no better elsewhere.

75c for fancy plaid school dresses. Red, blue and green effects in pretty plaids made with fancy yokes, trimmed with ruffles, braids and buttons—sizes 4 to 6 years. Would be good values up to $1.25 each.

$1.25 for 6 to 12-year girls' wool dresses in colored check effects and plaids also. Every color you can think of. Trimmed with gold buttons, velvet and braid trimmings. Just the thing for school wear and our price saves you at least 50c on a dress.

$1.98 and up to $6.00 Peter Thompson effects—those neat ornaments, stripes, cheviots, epaulets, in gold, red and white on arms and reveres—blue, red, green, grey, brown and mixtures. All wool cashmeres, serges and plaids. Our assortment is grand—styles are correct. You'll pay high prices for such dresses at the flexible price stores which charge according to prettiness rather than value.

25c for flannelette dresses for little girls of 1 to 4 years. Blue and pink stripes and fancies, prettily trimmed with soutache and embroidery. They are worth 39c regularly.

98c Special jacket sale—2 to 14 year sizes in blue, red and brown jackets and some ¾ coats that are worth up to $1.69—all very good and pretty, well made jackets at a great saving.

$4.98 for misses' $7.50 coats of fine, heavy tan covert cloth—length, 27 inches—fitted backs, Romaine lined—only a few of these and each is a bargain.

$1.98 gingham dresses—great bargain. All our gingham dresses formerly sold up to $6.00—splendid wash frocks, including the best and prettiest in the stock—all go at $1.98 each on Saturday.

Aprons—white pinafores, with bibs and shoulder straps, prices for Saturday 89c down to..... **29c**

Mackintoshes for girls and misses—former prices up to $9, choice Saturday for..... **$4.98**

Tams—50c values for 25c— Fine cloth 69c tams reduced specially for this sale to..... **50c**

Hats—trimmed and untrimmed —new styles, stitched cloth, scratch felt, all colors, every stylish shape, $1.50, $1.25 and **95c**

Ribbons—special school girls' sale—10c hat ribbons **5c**, 19c neck ribbons **12½c**, Louisine embroidered ribbons **7c**, 25c Louisines at **19c.** **19c**

Girls' Windsor ties—plain and fancy, including Persian patterns, plaids and stripes. Just the thing for school wear and will give Saturday our 35c and 50c values at 25c and 15c. **15c**

Handkerchiefs—boys' and girls' specials—pretty colored borders 5c—plain white hemstitched 5c—pure linen 3 for 25c—pure linen at 5c. **Special**—100 dozen fancy embroidered handkerchiefs, that are a good 10c value, Saturday sale, each 5c. **5c**

Stockings—imported cashmere —fast black—never before sold for so low a price. Fine heavy ribbed, fast black, made in England—strictly a girl's stocking and a special bargain Saturday at—per pair, only 25c. **25c**

Girls school shoes, bought from a retiring maker, enabling us to sell very low.

Misses' vici kid lace shoes—patent leather tips—$1.65 values—all sizes and widths—11½ to 2—special bargains for Saturday—per pair..... **$1.25**
Child's, same shoes, sizes 8½ to 11..98c

R. T. Woods' hand-welt shoes—selected stock—latest lasts—patent colt or vici kid stock—$2.25 and $2.50 grades—marked special for Saturday..... **$2.00**

Babies' 65c kid shoes, lace or button, turned soles, sizes 2 to 5—sale price..... **49c**

Infants' 50c soft sole shoes—1 to 4—fancy colors—all sizes, half price Saturday..... **25c**

SENTENCES PASSED

Four Prisoners Who Pleaded Guilty Hear Their Fates.

Long Term Given Two Years—McAllister Is Among Them.

Four men who have pleaded guilty to the indictments returned against them by the grand jury appeared before Judge Ensign late yesterday afternoon for sentence.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

Andrew Iverson, against whom there were two indictments for grand larceny in the second degree, received the severest sentence, two years in the state prison at Stillwater at hard labor.

Iverson has been in this country twenty-one years and is a miner and explorer, residing in the Mesaba mining district. He admitted to the court that he had once before been convicted of stealing a gun.

The information against him was that he, with a companion, went through the shacks of some miners at the Agnew mine location, while the owners were at work in the mine, and plundered them of wearing material, satchels, etc. When asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed on him, he asked for clemency.

Harry McAllister, a colored man who pleaded guilty to the indictment of grand larceny in the second degree, was given a term in the state prison of one year and two months. McAllister claims to be a barber and a porter by trade, working at one occupation or the other. He says he has a wife and family at Minneapolis that he has been supporting.

McAllister entered Kruschke's gun store some weeks ago and, making the pretense that he had left a ring there to be fixed some time before, got the entire clerical force searching about the store for it. While their attention was thus engaged he stole a revolver from a show case. The case, however, was connected with an electrical burglar alarm system, and when the bell commenced ringing the clerks rushed to the front. They saw McAllister hurriedly leaving the store and shortly afterward found the revolver missing. McAllister was arrested less than two hours later on a street car on his way to Superior, the revolver being found in his possession.

It was shown that McAllister had appeared in court on two former occasions on criminal charges, but had succeeded in getting acquittals.

Henry Johnson, who has been in this country since 1872, was sentenced to the Stillwater prison on the reformatory plan, on his plea of guilty to the charge of forgery in the second degree.

Johnson formerly clerked at Anoka and Cambridge, in this state, but in recent years has been employed as a common laborer. He found a statement showing the account of one Henry Carlson, at the Stevenson mine location, and, forging Carlson's name, attempted to sell the paper. It seems that the paper was not a negotiable one and that Johnson simply receipted it with Carlson's name.

Daniel Laudry, who came to the states from Canada some seven or eight years ago, was given a term at the state prison on the reformatory plan, on his plea of guilty to the indictment for grand larceny in the second degree. Laudry has been sailing on the lakes in the summer seasons and working in the woods in the winter. He snatched $15 in bills from the hands of one Fred Turner, just after the latter had a $20 gold piece changed in a Bowery saloon. Laudry ran with the money and was captured under the Seventh avenue west viaduct. He denied having the money, but it was discovered when he was searched at the police station. He claimed this was the first time he was ever in trouble.

Judson D. Morrel, a young man who has just attained his majority, was up for sentence on his plea of guilty to an indictment for forgery in the second degree, but as he has relatives who wished to make a plea for clemency in his behalf, the court postponed sentence until they could be heard.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure **Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles.** It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' **INDIAN PILE OINTMENT** is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, **50c** and **$1.00** per box. WILLIAMS MFG CO., Props. CLEVELAND, O

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

THE ASPHALT CLAIM.

Property Owners Reply to Barbers' Answer.

M. H. Stanford and others have filed specific replies to the amended and supplemental answers of the Barber Asphalt company in the suit which the former have begun against the asphalt company and the city to prevent the payment of the claims of the asphalt concern. The property owners deny information of the amounts of the estimates quoted by the company, deny knowledge of the amount of work done by the firm on East Superior street, and deny that there has been sufficient money paid into the permanent improvement revolving fund to meet the order drawn by the company.

After Range Joint.

Among the indictments returned by the grand jury yesterday afternoon were two against Paul Markey for conducting a house of ill-fame at Hibbing, and one each against Thomas Sly and Maggie Trask, for adultery. The complaining witness in each case was Frank Trask, husband of the Trask woman. The parties all live at Hibbing.

POULTRY IS ACTIVE

Becoming Feature of the Market and Will Continue So.

California Fruit Still on Downward Course—Eggs Going Higher.

Poultry is rapidly becoming a feature of the trade of the Michigan street produce and commission men.

"From now until Thanksgiving," said one of the Michigan street dealers, "the poultry trade will be very active. Shipments have been growing steadily larger after several months of great inactivity, and the demand is fully keeping pace with the supply.

"The price of poultry has fallen considerably during the past month. Spring chickens are now selling at 11 cents and hens at 10 cents per pound.

"Poultry promises to be very plentiful this year. Last year dealers throughout the West were complaining of a shortage of poultry, but this year, Duluth, at least, will be well supplied. An increased number of farmers have entered the poultry raising business, and they have met with better success than last year, when the cold and wet spring killed many of the young chickens and turkeys."

California fruit continues on its downward course in price. Plums have taken a considerable drop and are now selling at 60 cents to $1.50 per crate.

Apples have also dropped somewhat. The best early apples are now selling at $3.50 per barrel.

Fresh eggs have been steadily rising in price for the past month. The price has climbed from 14 cents to 19 cents by easy stages, and is now resting firmly at the latter mark. Butter and cheese prices remain unchanged.

The commission men all report a good week's business, although there are no new commodities coming into the market to stimulate trade, and the staple articles are the main source of business.

Meats remain unchanged in price, with the exception of pork loins, which are selling at 13 cents.

Lard, if it continues its present course, promises to touch the high-water mark reached last winter when it sold for 10½ and 11 cents per pound. During the entire summer it ranged around 8 cents, but it is gradually climbing back into its old position. It is now selling at 9¼ cents, a raise of about half a cent per pound during the past week.

Time Is Extended.

Judge W. A. Cant, in district court, has filed an order extending the time for filing the bill of exceptions in the appealed Mueller case from Sept. 12 to Sept. 15. The court also orders that the order to show cause in the action, dated Sept. 8 and made returnable Sept. 10, shall be heard next Monday afternoon. The matter of the settlement of the case is to come before the court at a special term, Sept. 19.

EXPLANATION IS DEMANDED

Commercial Club Is Inquisitive About Personal Property Increase.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Commercial club last evening, it was decided to extend an invitation to J. E. Cooley, the Duluth member of the state board of equalization, to appear before the next regular meeting, Sept. 23, and explain what is meant by the increase in the personal property assessment recently made by the board.

The club will extend to the National Prison congress, which meets a year from October next, an invitation to hold its annual meeting in Duluth. Delegates to the number of about 400 usually attend the meetings. The congress this year was held in the East. Warden Wolfer of the Minnesota state prison is president of the congress this year.

Arrangements are being made to have Albert Kelsey, a well known Eastern architect, deliver his lecture on "Municipal Improvement" in this city in the near future.

The regular club meeting, Sept. 23, will be followed by a smoker and social session, including a program.

CHARMING IDEA

Fuller Explanation of What Personal Property Increase Means.

Tax Increase Is Greater the Less a Man Owns.

The beauty of the personal property tax system as the state board of equalization has amended it is that the less a man has the greater the percentage of increase on his taxes carried by its plan of raising the assessments to 50 per cent of the actual value.

By taking out the exemption of $100 and applying the tax rate of 30 mills to assessments, at the rate of 33 1-3 per cent and 50 per cent, it will be found that as the amount of a man's property decreases, the percentage of the increase in his taxes waxes fatter.

A man owning personal property worth $100,000 is now assessed at $35,-333.33, and the board propose that he shall be assessed at $50,000. Taking out the exemption, the tax on his present valuation would be $996.99. On $50,000 he would have to pay $1497, an increase of a shade more than 50 per cent.

A man owning $10,000 worth of personal property, on the same calculations, would be increased from $96.99 to $147, an advance of 52 per cent.

A man owning property worth $1000 would be compelled to pay $42, as against $7 on the old valuation, an increase of 71 per cent.

A man owning property worth $500 would be increased in his taxes from $2 to $4.50, an advance of 125 per cent.

In other words, the board proposes to increase the taxes in an inverse proportion to the ability of the property owners to pay. The less they are able to pay, the greater their increase. Lovely scheme.

Carrying it out still further, a man owning a few household goods, worth $250, has been assessed at $83.33, which is less than the exemption, so he has not been taxed. He finds himself raised to $125, and becomes a taxpayer. His tax is small, 75 cents, but it is the price of fifteen loaves of bread, and it is as important to him as the larger amounts are to those who have more.

The directors of the Commercial club of Duluth took cognizance of the action of the state board of equalization yesterday, and passed a resolution inviting J. E. Cooley, the Duluth member of the board of equalization, to appear before the club and explain the case.

The matter has been the subject of a great deal of discussion in the city, and universal indignation has been expressed over it.

10c each for pillow cases that are worth 12½ cents.	**15c each** for the best cloth roller shades.	**7½c yard** for best quality soft finish sheeting.	**5c each** for large size roll cotton batting.	**50c each** for heavy sheets, size 72x90, worth 65c.	**8½c yard** for 32-inch heavy plain Domet, worth 10c a yard.	**39c yard** for good quality elderdown cloaking; all shades.	**10c yard** for fleeced Wrapper cloth, 12½c quality.	**3c each** for heavy Turkish wash cloths.	**9c yard** for double fold Plaids for school wear, worth 12½c.	**35c yard** for heavy black moreen for underskirts, worth 50 cents.	**25c** mercerized Foulard, handsome colorings, small, neat designs, fast color, worth 39c

STACK & CO.

Underw'r Dept.

50 dozen boys' fleece-lined shirts and drawers, made to sell at 25c a garment — tomorrow's price will be a record-breaker —each at **15c**

Ladies' fleece-lined vests and pants, in ecru shade, fine Egyptian cotton—the best value in town at **25c**

Ladies' wool-face, fine ribbed vests and pants—75c quality at, a garment ... **50c**

Hosiery Dept.

50 dozen ladies' fine quality black cotton hose, equal to what others show at 25c—our price, a pair..... **15c**

Two cases boys' and misses' all-wool stockings, 2x1 and 1x1 rib, with double knee—35c value at **25c**

Boys' extra good cotton hose—will wear like leather—20c value at **15c**

15c colored drop-stitch ladies' hose—a few dozen, to close out at, a pair..... **10c**

40 dozen misses' fine ribbed mercerized cotton hose—a neat, serviceable stocking on sale tomorrow at, pair... **15c**

Big Sale of Tailor Made Suits

A Sacrifice of the Season's Best Productions.

Walking and dress suits—A big variety of styles at prices away less than value. It is an old but often recurring story—we secured four Eastern manufacturers' samples at prices which will result greatly to the benefit of our patrons. The lot comprises everything known to the trade in all-wool materials—Cheviots, Venetian Broadcloths, Serges, Zibelines and Scotch Mixtures. The skirts are in walking and dress lengths and the jackets include the very latest, the mannish coat, plebian blouses, Norfolk jackets, etc. The sale will start in tomorrow morning and last until the entire lot is sold. It is well for you to remember there are always advantages to be gained by those who come early.

To emphasize the importance of this sale we are confident there is

A Saving in Every One of These

Sample Garments from

$5.00 to $25.00

$ 7.50 gets a suit worth $12.50
$10.00 gets a suit worth $15.00
$12.50 gets a suit worth $20.00
$15.00 gets a suit worth $25.00
$20.00 gets a suit worth $35.00
$25.00 gets a suit worth $50.00

Lace Curtain Dept.

Special Offerings for Saturday.

We place on sale 500 pair fine ruffled Swiss Curtains and Lace Curtains, at the following low prices:

Fine plain white ruffled Swiss Curtains, finished with panel of four tucks and wide ruffle—$1.00 value for **69c**

Nottingham lace Curtains, 3 yards long and full, with plain center and floral effects—the regular $1.50 value for **98c**

Ruffled Swiss Curtains, made of fine quality Swiss, some finished with pink and green panels; others with five rows of tuck and ruffle, finished with applique edge—regular $1.50 value—special **$1.00**

Buy Your Winter Supplies Here Tomorrow in the Way of Outing Flannel Blankets and Comforters and Save Money.

7½c yard for fancy Outing Flannels, worth 9c. Lot includes plain colors, fancy stripes in all the best shades. These goods are heavily fleeced and worth regularly, per yard, 9c.

5c yard for cream Domet, good heavy quality, full width—the kind others ask 7½c for.

89c each for Bed Comforts, full size, filled with good quality batting, silkoline lined; worth $1.25.

$2.50 pair for all-wool Blankets, 10-4 size, extra good quality; color, grey, with pretty fancy borders.

$2.98 for fancy Plaid Blankets, full 10-4 size; colors, pink and blue; the goods are worth regularly, pair, $3.75.

$1.50 each for elegant soft comforts, lined with pretty silkoline—a big assortment.

38c yard for heavy wool shirting and skirting flannels, in red, blue and white check.

Imperfect Cotton Towels

from a Philadelphia mill. The first time goods of this class were ever shown in Duluth—A big chance for hotels, boarding houses and private families to lay in a stock of cotton Turkish Towels.

10c Turkish Towels -----5c
20c Turkish Towels----10c
25c Turkish Towels----15c
50c Turkish Towels----25c

Linen Dept

60-inch heavy unbleached German Table Damask—65c quality at **48c**

Fringed Towels, fancy borders, knotted fringe—big value for, each **10c**

Yard-wide brown sheeting—good heavy L. L. brand; worth regularly 6½c a yard—for **5c**

Dress Goods Department

New English square and Oxford waistings, handsome colorings—

25c, 35c and 50c

44-inch Melrose cloth, black and colors; actual value 85c—special, yard **50c**

54-inch Zibeline — Heavy, durable and very stylish; worth $1.25—special ... **75c**

Thomas' Black Cat Ink, 5c bottles at **3 cents**	The Zenith, President, and other 5c tablets at **3 cents**	The American Pencil Company's 5c pencils, at **3 cents**	Safety pins, in sizes 2, 2½ and 3, best goods, a paper **2 cents**	Pearl buttons, manufacturers' seconds, a dozen **1 cent**	King's best sewing cotton, 200 yard spools, three for **5 cents**

Boys' wool pants, sizes 4 to 14 years, at **25 cents**	Men's heavy fall shirts, worth 50c each at **33 cents**	All silk Taffeta ribbons, Nos. 40 and 60, at per yard **10 cents**	Pictures others sell at 10c each, our price, two for **2 for 5c**	School handkerchiefs, plain white hemmed, very good at **2 for 5c**	2000 yards Imitation Torchon laces, 5c to 10c values, at **3½ cents**

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Italians Succeed In Getting Youthful Assailant Out of Country.

Bessemer—By being surreptitiously passed from one family of his countrymen to another the Italian lad who so seriously stabbed the young son of Peter Becker has escaped and is now safe in Italy. In a number of towns in Northern Michigan the boy was secreted by friends until, traveling mostly by night and by short stages, he reached Detroit and from that city the journey was made through Canada to the seaboard and thence to Italy. The father of the Italian's victim has begun action for the extradition of his son assailant. He proposed also to prevent, if possible the departure of the Italian boy's parents, who are now preparing to move, on the ground that they were accessories to the boy's flight.

Newberry—A few weeks ago the Newberry village fathers offered, as an inducement for citizens to lay cement walks, to pay half the expense and since then property owners have been building cement walks at a rate which threatens to bankrupt the village treasury. With the village paying half the expense it cost the property owners but a few dollars more to build a fine cement walk than it would to build a common plank walk, and people have not been slow to jump at the opportunity offered. At the present rate of construction, by next season Newberry will have cement walks on all her principal streets.

Ontonagon—Benjamin Robarge of Ontonagon has sold his cedar to the C. H. Worchester company. There are about 7000 piles in the lot and all are lodged in the Ontonagon river. As soon as the DiDiamond match company finishes its river operations Mr. Robarge will begin hauling the poles to the worcnester company's cedar yards at Ontonagon. It is said to be as fine a lot of poles as has ever been brought down the river.

Menominee—There have been over sixty estates admitted to probate in Menominee county since the first of the year, the largest number for any similar period in the history of the county. The value of the estates footed up $320,-000.

Manistique—The water in the river at Manistique this season is far above the mark of last year. Several times during 1902 the mills were compelled to shut down owing to lack of power; but this year they have had water in abundance.

Sault Ste. Marie—The school census at the Soo shows there are 3336 children of school age in the city, against 3345 last year, a decrease of nine. At Menominee the enumerator found 4400 children, compared with 4611 a year ago, a decrease of 202. Manistique ha 1491 children of school age, while at Iron River there are 543, a gain of forty-two over the number at this time last year.

MOTOR CAR

For Repairs Will Be Tried By Army.

New York, Sept. 11.—Equipped with horseshoers, saddlers, carpenters, and blacksmiths' outfits complete for use in the army a motor car will leave this city for the war department in Washington in a few days. After inspection by the department officials, it will be sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for test in actual service. It is the first car of the kind ever constructed and if it comes up to the expectations of its designers, any necessary repairs to the equipment or arms of the artillery, cavalry or infantry branches of the service can be made on the spot, or even while the forces are on the march.

IRON ORE SHIPMENTS

For August Were Greater Than Last Year.

Cleveland, Sept. 11.—The Iron Trade Review says: Intead of showing a large decrease for August, as compared with August of last year, the ore shipments show an increase of 25,900 tons. The totals were: 1902, 4,078,311 tons; 1903, 4,104,-211 tons. The shipments to Sept. 1 were:

	1902.	1903.
Escanaba	3,330,319	2,849,471
Gladstone	59,049	40,656
Duluth	3,698,999	3,705,020
Marquette	1,594,328	1,411,825
Ashland	2,299,229	1,950,659
Superior	2,568,229	2,384,757
Two Harbors	3,551,375	3,778,476
	17,051,530	16,420,854

The decrease for the season to date is 621,676 tons, or 3.65 per cent, the ports showing a loss being: Escanaba, 481,048; Gladstone, 18,393; Marquette, 283,094; Ashland, 348,580; Superior, Duluth and Two Harbors made gains. Many vessel are having trouble in getting cargoes and it seems certain that unless the shipments of grain are larger than expected, a considerable tonnage will be tied up, so far this year, vessels have depended almost entirely on ore and coal.

THE STAGE

The Metropolitan company presented "Sapho" last evening for the first time, and it made a strong impression. The play is one that has been dramatized in various forms and at least one of them created a sensation because of the realism with which the risque French novel was presented. The version used by the Metropolitan company is not such a one, however, and is much the same in character as that of "Camille," telling of the true love that comes to a wanton too late to redeem her.

The play is largely a one-part play, and Miss Carter found in it an opportunity for fine emotional acting and acquitted herself with much credit. Every variety of feeling is required to be expressed, and she does it with excellent distribution and tact. Mr. Forbes was Jean Gaussin, and though the role is not one that offers very much for him, he plays it conscientiously and correctly. The support is good throughout.

"Sapho" will be repeated this evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

* * *

"Two Little Waifs," one of Lincoln J. Carter's great plays, will be at the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon and evening. The story itself is full of strong heart interest. The villain, in order to win the love of another man's wife, breaks up the home and kidnaps one of the children. The mother is reduced to abject poverty, but in her direst need refuses aid from the man who brought trouble at the door of her home by his base plotting. The piece is full of pathos and tears, but is not without some good comedy.

"The Fatal Wedding" will be at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday.

Day & Co., Jewelers.

In order to give the public some idea of the prices we ask for strictly reliable goods, we mention today "Rogers" 1847 knives at $1.75 per set. We will not sell silver that is not worthy of our name.

WILL BE PLENTY OF ROOM.

Ogden, Utah, Sept. 11.—The local committee having in charge the arrangements for the accommodation of delegates to the national irrigation congress which convenes in this city next week, has issued an emphatic denial of the reports in circulation that there would be a lack of accommodations for the delegates. The committee says that the citizens of Ogden will see that all delegates are made comfortable.

KILLED HIS SISTER.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Stewart Johnson, aged 8 years, shot and killed his sister, Mabel, 16 years old, at their home last night. The boy had been given a rifle as a birthday present, and was playing with it, when it was discharged, the bullet entering his sister's heart. Stewart was overcome by grief. The police made no arrests.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Jamestown Man Killed By Accidental Discharge of Gun.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Alfred Denny was fatally wounded by the accidental discharge of a shotgun which he had in a cart in which he was riding. The gun slipped through the slats in the bottom of the cart and the trigger was caught. The charge lodged in Denney's left breast. He was a transient and was little known here.

Chris Whittmayer, a Goodrich real estate man, was arrested in Jamestown, charged with grand larceny. It is said he made off with a large sum of money belonging to a Goodrich man. He was searched here and $340 was found upon him. He will be taken to Goodrich for trial.

At a preliminary hearing, Enoch Russell, who shot W. W. Hamlin while attempting to make an arrest, was discharged from custody. Hamlin testified that Officer Russell had been thrown to the floor of a billiard hall by a drunken blacksmith named Sprague. Russell pulled a gun and Hamlin attempted to take it away from him. The revolver was discharged and Hamlin was shot. He admitted that he had no business interfering and said the officer was not in any way to blame.

Fargo—Barney McCarthy, who is employed on a farm near Tower City, broke into two jails in less than an hour and wound up in the county jail on an insanity charge. McCarty came to town on business and went to Moorhead, where he drank too freely and was jailed. He put up a cash bond and came to the Fargo side and in fifteen minutes was in jail here. Some hour later, when he was brought before the court, he was in such shape that he was sent to the county jail to see if a good rest would not restore his faculties.

Much criticism has been made of the poor quality of the live stock at the North Dakota experiment station, and the board has decided to improve the herd. Professor Shepperd purchased a Shorthorn bull at the Minnesota state fair, which Professor Shaw, of Minnesota, says is the third best owned by an experiment station in the United States.

A strange woman boarded a train on the Milwaukee branch line out of Fargo and purchased a ticket for Fairmount. She carried a baby. When the train reached Fairmount she requested another lady passenger to hold the infant, and she disappeared. It is supposed she caught the Soo train through Fairmount and so got away. The child was taken to Ortonville, Minn., and turned over to the authorities.

The second druggists' permit to be granted by the officials of this county went to Bateman, of Buffalo. The matter had been held up until the total number of the residents of that vicinity could be arrived at to determine if the petition was a representative one. Only one permit has been secured or applied for in Fargo.

The farmers were beginning to be alarmed over the condition of the potatoes after the recent heavy rains, but an investigation shows no damage has yet been done. A new factor has entered into the potato market here by the demand for seed potatoes for Nebraska. Heretofore the greater part of the crop has been shipped to Missouri, Illinois and Texas. Now Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas farmers want seed from the Red River valley. Only certain districts in the valley are thought to be most desirable, and the country immediately north of Fargo seems to be especially adapted to the highest perfection of the tubers.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Madison—The city is much excited over a cutting affray here. Two men, total strangers to each other, became engaged in a pitched battle on a prominent corner, with the result that one of them now lies in the Madison hospital with four knife wounds, and the other is in hiding.

Alfred W. Gray, of Kentucky, a threshing hand employed with the Randall & Johnson threshing outfit, is the cutter, and Thomas Raph, a harvest hand from Council Bluffs, Iowa, is the injured man. Gray made a quick get-away, and after Chief of Police McGovern had wandered through the mazes of all the cornfields surrounding the town it was discovered that a farmer had seen Gray hiking for the country in the direction of the threshing outfit where he was employed. His money and his clothes were there, and Sheriff Davis has gone out to get him this morning. Raph has a bad cut in the abdomen, one in the back, and two in the breast, and, while he is resting easily now, complications may ensue that will make his recovery doubtful. Both men were under the influence of liquor.

Lawrence Malone, of Ramona, and Miss Hattie Lawless, of this city, were united in marriage by Rev. Collins, at Hadus church, on Tuesday morning, and deported east for a wedding trip. Both are highly regarded here.

A Lake county farmer marketed a twenty-five-pound head of cabbage here and says he has bigger ones coming. This, with millet stalks five feet tall and wheat and oats over one's head, is good material for the South Dakota world's fair commission.

Canton—George King, formerly a railroad hand at the little town of Fairview, was convicted in the circuit court here of burglary in the first degree. He broke into a car and stole a quantity of clothing. He will go to the penitentiary for five years.

Oskar Birkeland, a resident of Klondike, Iowa, is a fugitive from justice on two charges. He made a brutal attack upon James Rasmussen, a farmer, yesterday, in which the latter was nearly killed, and then attempted a criminal assault upon Rasmussen's wife, who is in a critical condition. Officers in this state, as well as in Iowa, are hunting for Birkeland.

B. G. Day, a farm hand employed by Henry Swanson, near Fairview, was attacked b ya vicious bull and seriously if not fatally injured.

Salem—A telephone message from Sioux Falls informed Sheriff Chapman that a passenger west-bound had stolen a grip. The man was arraigned, pleaded that he had made a mistake, though the grip weighed seventy pounds, was fined $10 and let go.

Aurora—A resident of this place named Fort experimented this year with the raising of tobacco and believes he will demonstrate that the cultivation of this plant can be made a success in South Dakota.

Sturgis—The sheriff and the coroner returned last night with the body of the woman found dead on the prairie. It was that of Mrs. James T. McFarland, and it is thought heart disease caused her death.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

Excursions to Pacific Coast.

The Great Northern railway will sell from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30, colonist tickets to Helena, Butte and Anaconda at $20; Spokane, Pendleton and Wenatchee, $22.50; Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, Vancouver and other Pacific coast points, $25. Hundreds of other points just as low. Five trains a day out of Duluth. Tourist sleeping car, double berths, $1 a night. Cross the beautiful Rocky and Cascade countains in daylight. Plenty of stopovers allowed. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel.

Ready for Business

We are prepared to show our customers our Fall and Winter Suits, and can now fit you out at $1.00 per week payments. Come and look over our new goods, whether you are ready to buy or not.

GATELY'S,

Where Your Credit Is Good. No. 8 East Superior St., Duluth.

Open Saturday Evening Until 10:30.

NOT A CRIME WITH THEM.

Men Who Make Money by Flirting With Women.

Flirting is by no means the aimless pastime which it appears to be, says Pearson's Weekly. Cynical persons may look upon it as a kind of madness, but, if it deserves that description, it is certainly a madness in which there is often a good deal of method. Flirting is for some people an education, a school of experience, teaching the knowledge necessary to the proper selection of a suitable partner. Motives more doubtful sometimes inspire the flirt.

For instance, a young author who is beginning to make for himself a name finds a good deal of inspiration for his stories in this way. Most of his characters are drawn from life, and to obtain his surprisingly deep and varied knowledge of different types of womankind the writer in question has had recourse to flirting on quite a wholesale plan. Possessed of a good memory, he has been able to reproduce some of the scenes in which he himself has been one of the chief actors, with a naturalness and fidelity which has lent a very convincing air of realism to his pages.

Flirting helps to swell the income of a fashionable young jeweler whose clientele is largely composed of members of the gentler sex. On being advised by a friend recently to marry and settle, he declared that nothing would please him better, but he was prevented from doing so by the fact that his business prosperity depended almost solely upon his remaining single and disengaged. His predecessor had once been in the same position as himself, and was doing a lucrative trade, but, on his marriage, he lost half his customers, and was obliged eventually to sell out. "Warned by his example," continued the young man of precious stones, "I shall remain single and continue to flirt till further orders, or at least until I have managed to attain a condition of comparative independence."

The value of flirting is well appreciated by many publicans and hotel proprietors, who are well aware of the magnetic attraction exercised by a sprightly barmaid. In many instances it may be said that the young lady behind the bar creates and keeps the trade of the place. The custom of many a house which has been allowed to decline through bad management and the employment of indifferent attendants has been revived and placed in a flourishing condition by the importation of one or two smart and stylish barmaids who were not averse to a little mild flirtation with the patrons of the bar.

A London dancing master attributes the success of his Cinderellas and ball to the fact that he is a single man and has many women friends in the surrounding parishes. A week or two previous to the occurrence of any special event of his in the terpsichorean line he makes a tour of calls on all these feminine admirers, in order to persuade them to use their influence in getting their friends to attend the festive gathering which is imminent. This, he says, is the best method he knows for making any dance which he arranges a success. In order, however, to keep the connection permanent he is obliged to pay an occasional visit to his women helpers during the "off" season, and he generally manages to do this by taking them, each in turn, for a day trip to the seaside during the summer.

Commercial travelers, especially those engaged in the drapery business, find it greatly to their advantage to indulge in a little harmless flirtation sometimes with women occupying good positions in large establishments.

One knight of the road, whose ground includes Birmingham, Bristol, Cardiff and a few other large provincial towns, is blessed with a handsome appearance and manners which never fail to charm the women with whom he comes in contact in the course of business. He is not unaware of his personal advantages, and makes the most of them to such a degree that he reckons by judicious flirtations with saleswomen and women buyers to increase his returns by several hundred pounds a year.

Forty-five cents pays for Duluth's up-to-date paper, The Herald, for one month, delivered to any part of the city or suburbs.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH
Williamson & Mendenhall. Duluth.

125 and 127 West Superior St.

School Begins Next Monday!

How About the Boys' School Clothes?

Tomorrow will be a great day for outfitting the boys for school—let us see you here. We sell the very best Boys' Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Stockings, Shirts and Pants, and sell them at the lowest prices. You can prepare your boy for school at a very little cost here.



Three-piece Suits, $3.95 to $10.00 | Novelties in Children's Overcoats, $4.95 to $10.00 | Sailor Blouse Suits, $2.45 to $7.50 | Handsome Reefers, $4.95 to $8.50 | Two-piece School Suits, $1.95 to $7.50 | Fall and Winter Overcoats, $4.95 to $18.00



New Fall Hats $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $5

It's time to discard the summer hat. We show the city's best assortment of the nobbiest, latest, brand new styles for men. Stiff hats that fit perfectly, that go over the bumps, richly trimmed, handsomely proportioned. Soft hats of character and originality that hold their shape and color—scores of styles in either, that represent not only perfection in hat making, but new ideas in shapes and colors that will meet the approval of all correct dressers.



New Fall Suits and Overcoats **$10 $12 $15 $18 $20 $25 $30 $35**

Even a casual inspection will satisfy you that besides saving all the worry and delay of going to a tailor's our new fall suits and overcoats cost half the money the tailor wants—There's not a detail of elegance of the very best tailored-to-order clothing that is missing about them.

IS OUT ON BAIL

Charles F. Leland Has No Difficulty In Getting Bondsmen.

Is Released Within an Hour After His Arrest.

Charles F. Leland, president of the defunct Commercial Banking company, who was yesterday afternoon indicted on two counts for receiving and accepting deposits at his bank when he knew that it was insolvent, was released from custody at 6 o'clock last evening on a $5000 bond. His bondsmen are E. S. Upham, J. B. Cotton, Louis S. Loeb and R. F. Fitzgerald.

Mr. Leland had scarcely been brought into court on a bench warrant issued after the indictment was returned, before E. F. Hunt, of Alford & Hunt, began to hustle around for his bondsmen, all of them being secured in about an hour.

County Attorney J. M. McClintock said the state would agree to a $5000 bond on one count, believing that sufficient to protect it on both counts, and Judge Ensign set that amount.

Mr. Leland stated yesterday afternoon that while he was not surprised at the indictments against him, believing that the grand jury has a perfect right to investigate the bank trouble and order a trial in the course of developing information, he was very much surprised that his former bookkeeper, E. E. Johnson, was not also indicted.

The fact of the matter is that indictments were returned against Mr. Johnson yesterday afternoon at the same time the Leland indictments were returned, but after the ruling of the court, indictments are not to be made public until the defendants are in custody. Mr. Leland was not aware that Mr. Johnson was already indicted. The policy of the court in suppressing indictments of persons who have been bound over to the grand jury and are out on bail, is regarded by many as somewhat peculiar, especially where it is a foregone conclusion that an indictment will issue against the accused, but it is the rule nevertheless.

The indictments against Mr. Leland, more specifically stated, are based on the testimony given before the grand jury by H. H. Phelps and P. J. Hartnett. One indictment charges Mr. Leland with receiving Aug. 12, from Mr. Phelps, a certain certificate of deposit of $860, dated April 11, 1903, made and issued by the American Exchange bank of Duluth. By the terms of the certificate it appeared that Mr. Phelps deposited $860 in the American Exchange bank, April 11, the certificate being payable to Mr. Phelps, properly endorsed by him three months after its date with interest at 2½ per cent.

The other indictment charges that Mr. Leland received a cash deposit of $45 from P. J. Hartnett Aug. 13.

The indictments are based on the law of 1895, which makes it criminal offense for a banker to receive money on deposit when he knows his institution to be insolvent.

THE STATE OF TRADE

Shown By Reports to the International Mercantile Agency.

New York, Sept. 11.—Telegraphic reports from correspondents of the International Mercantile agency throughout the United States on the state of trade are summarized as follows:

Distribution of general merchandise on the whole is quite active, notably so at New York, St. Louis, Boston and Chicago. Jobbers in the Northwest are checked by late grain deliveries. Dry goods and clothing are most active at Baltimore, reflecting confidence at the South. The like is true in New England. Fall outlook at the East is excellent. Chicago dealers in implements, furniture, hardware and wearing apparel report gains in orders. Influx of country buyers into St. Louis stimulates dry goods and millinery lines, Kansas and Nebraska buying freely, especially from flooded districts. Mercantile collections are slow at the South and Northwest because of the crops being late, but this is less noticeable at the Southwest.

Philadelphia's long drawn out textile strike is practically broken, but all the men have not gone back yet. A general curtailment of anthracite coal production is predicted through half time at the mines, which will affect 150,000 miners, and may curtail wage distribution by nearly $2,000,000. The outlook is for curtailed pig iron production, late cuts in prices putting more stacks on a non-paying basis. Rumors of reduction in steel prices are not confirmed. There is less activity in glass, building, silk and cotton industries for the moment, but early revivals are counted on in all of them. The drop of pig to $17 is expected to bring the steel trust into the market for 75,000 or more tons. The harvester trust must also buy heavity soon.

Bad weather is delaying threshing and harvesting of spring wheat, and with continuance promises to be serious. Lack of competition in the Atlantic coast tobacco section keeps price abnormally low. A good portion of the Western and Central Western corn crop has been saved from possible damage from frost by eight days of favorable conditions, including a warm wave throughout the belt tempered by light but beneficial rains. An increase of Chicago shipments of wheat and flour to Europe is noted. On the Atlantic coast cotton crop prospects are less favorable than last week, with drought, shedding and small bolls. In the Lower Mississippi valley the weather is dry and cool. The condition of cotton is below the average for the season. The damage from weevil in Texas is somewhat exaggerated. There is less talk of a 12,000,000 bale crop, and receipts promise to remain low.

EAT ALL YOU WANT.

Persons troubled with Indigestion or Dyspepsia can eat all they want if they take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and gives health and strength. Sold by all Druggists.

IRON WORKER HAS LONG FALL

Drops 135 Feet Into River and But Slightly Hurt.

New York, Sept. 11.—The ferryboat Ohio was leaving Williamsburg at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning when Capt. Cook saw a man shoot down from the center of the new Williamsburg bridge, strike the river squarely on his chest and then sink out of sight. Right behind him dropped a keg of spikes which he had clutched in falling.

Deckhands threw over a ladder expecting to secure the body when it rose to the surface. Suddenly to the amazement of the excited crowd of passengers who had witnessed the accident, the man came to the surface and commenced to paddle desperately. A deckhand directed his attention to the ladder toward which he swam, and finally he was assisted on board the ferryboat. Then he fell unconscious.

When the man was revived he gave his name as Edward Sizer, an ironworker. He was taken to the hospital, where it was found that he had only contusions of the chest to remind him of his 135-foot fall.

ALLEGED SONS

Of Iowa Millionaire Bring Suit For Estate.

Davenport, Iowa, Sept. 11.—Alleged sons of W. Frederick Parker, an eccentric character, who was known here as the hermit of Florence, and who died at his home near Omaha, Neb., last year, have appeared here and began suit to secure Parker's half interest in the $1,000,000 trust fund formed by his father, who was one of the wealthiest residents of Davenport when he died ten years ago.

Trial of the case was begun yesterday before Judge Wolfe, of the Scott county district court. Parker willed all his property, worth $150,000 and his interest in the trust, to the oldest boy, Frank Fraissenett, whom it is claimed he had acknowledged as his son, but other relatives contest the disposition of the hermit's interest in the trust fund. Several witnesses were examined, the trend of their testimony being that while Pauline Fraissenett, the mother of the claimant of the fortune, was a housekeeper at the hermitage, she was never married to Parker nor acknowledged as his wife.

PLANS CHANGED

For the Wedding of Miss May Goelet.

Newport, Sept. 11.—Mrs. Ogden Goelet has changed her plans in regard to the marriage of her daughter, Miss May Goelet and the duke of Roxburghe, and instead of taking place at Newport it will take place in New York, and the ceremony will be performed in St. Bartholomew's church. This will be followed by a reception and breakfast at the town house of Mrs. Goelet. It is not known as yet on what day the wedding will take place, but it is thought to be on Nov. 2.

In selecting her bridesmaids Miss Goelet has thus far asked the following young society ladies to attend her:

Miss Marion Haven, daughter of Mr. G. G. Haven; Miss Beatrice Mills, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, and Miss Gwendolyn Burden, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Townsend Burden. The costumes of the bridesmaids will be trimmed with ermine and the gowns are now being made. No decision has as yet been made as to what minister will perform the ceremony, but it is thought that the officiating clergyman will be the Rev. Dr. Greer.

If Hetty Green or J. P. Morgan should put her or his name on a check it would probably be good for its face value.

GORDON on a hat (soft or stiff) has the same sort of value.

It means full value,—that is, $5.00 worth of Style and $5.00 worth of Worth for $3.00 worth of Money.

Maybe you'll remember it better this way:

Deliver to Mr. Well Dressed $3
$5 style $5 quality Hat
GORDON

GORDON is a name easy to bear in mind.

FOR NEXT SEASON

Different Plans For Baseball League Are Being Discussed.

Strong Impression That Duluth Can Get Into Better League.

Many local fans are under the impression that Duluth and Superior would do better in a Lake Superior league than in the present Northern league organization.

It is claimed that the head of the lake cities were not given a square deal during the past season, and it is urged that a league be formed that would include Duluth, Baraga, Lake Linden, Houghton, Calumet, Marquette, Sault Ste. Marie, Superior Dollar Bay, Ishpeming Hancock and Ashland.

There seems to be little question but that any of these towns on the upper peninsula of Micaigan could do better in the way of finances than a majority of the Northern league towns in this year's circuit.

Duluth is about big enough to graduate from the bush league business, however. A circuit consisting of Duluth, Omaha, Sioux City, Des Moines, Colorado Springs, St. Joseph, Denver and Peoria, seems more in keeping with the eternal fitness of things.

The proposition has been made that the Milwaukee team of the Western league be transferred to Duluth. This team will win the league pennant this season, but despite its good record it has not been making money at home on account of the American Association having a winning Milwaukee aggregation.

Vale, the bush league business and let Duluth get in a circuit of its class where it will not have to swallow, unquestioningly, all that is handed it by prejudiced umpires and the small end of schedule assignment.

• • •

The Winnipeg team arrived today for a post-season series of eight games with the White Sox. The contest promises to be decidedly interesting. Each game will be called at the usual hour out at Athletic Park and as the money is divided among the players and the winning team gets 60 per cent of the gate receipts there is likely to be something doing in each contest. The line-up for the first game is:

Duluth.		Winnipeg.
Mullane	catcher	Rogers
Shaw	pitcher	Corbett
Kennally	first base	O'Dea
Cassibolne	second base	Kelly
Shepard	short stop	Schirnweber
Quillan	third base	Bradley
Brockway	right field	Randall
Lagger	center field	Anderson
Wilkes	left field	Egan

• • •

Poor old Superior! The independent team of Calumet has won two games from the Northern league aggregation with absurd easiness. Yesterday's score was 6 to 1 and Werner only let Superior have one hit. "Chesty" Cox pitched for Superior. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Superior	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1	1	1
Calumet	4 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 x—6	12	1

Batteries—Cox and Howard; Werner and Mutter. Struck out—By Cox, 4; by Werner, 9. Bases on balls—Off Cox, 3; off Werner, 2. Two-base hits—Werner, Brand. Three-base hits—Kaiser, 2. Umpire—Curtiss.

• • •

Mutter, the man that caught yesterday for Calumet was wanted in Duluth this season. He is a Houghton man.

• • •

Winnipeg has increased its capital stock from $2000 to $10,000. This indicates that much money is to be expended up in Canada to win the Northern league pennant a third time.

• • •

It may be necessary for the White Sox to take a run over into the Copper Country and show the fans there a real exhibition of Northern league ball. The Superior team seems unable to deliver the goods.

• • •

Baseball must have paid pretty well this year. Either that, or else the various minor leagues have had wonderful and simultaneous luck in getting game backers who coughed up the money and never weakened. Of all the little leagues throughout the nation, only one really went to pieces, and that one, the Pacific National, with half its clubs still on deck, is making a bluff at playing out the season.

The annual crash, coming very shortly after the Fourth of July, used to be awaited with good-humored grins by the big league clubs, which would take the best players of the disbanded teams without having to fork over any currency. Every little league faced August with fear and trembling. The tail-end towns meekly dropped dead, generally leaving their players short a month or so in salaries, and the few cities which were even with the game would plan up a next year's circuit, wherein every burg should be a paying proposition. So it went, year after year, and the death of the minor leagues was always a subject for hilarious jesting as well as realized expectancies.

• • •

This year with salaries and expenses averaging much higher than in the past, the minors ought to have begun dying by July 31. But they didn't. They held on like a bullpup to a root. Either the scores of little clubs found backers who were free spenders and game losers, or the public has been patronizing baseball more than ever.

Taking them as they come, geographically, the New England league has got along well, held its own, and pocketed some coin. The Cincinnati league, as usual, is ahead of the game financially. The New York state league is thought to be somewhat to the good, and has made no howls of hard times.

The Eastern league has had some losers, but is a powerful organization, and its stability, as a whole, is unquestionable. The Southern league has had a scrappy season, full of fights and rows. When managers can fight and accuse one another of mean tricks to win the flag, it is pretty good evidence that no money is being lost.

• • •

The American association has lost money in Milwaukee and Kansas City, but has made enough in the rest of its circuit to bring the ledger up even. Reports of commotion and financial losses come up from the Central league, but it is playing out its season.

The Western league is probably breaking about even, losses in Kansas City and Milwaukee being made up by receipts in other burgs.

Out on the coast, the "outlaw" league has been getting along all right, in spite of competition. The people out there like this league, give it enthusiastic patronage, and boost it mightily. There never was a more idiotic break in baseball history than the establishment of the Pacific National league. This body undertook to kill off a league already established and popular; it made itself a circuit of impossible distances and enormous jumps, and it paid big salaries. Small wonder it died in agonizing fashion.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 3. Second game—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 3; Washington, 0.
At New York—Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Milwaukee—Kansas City, 9; Milwaukee, 2. Second game—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 7; Columbus, 3.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 8; Minneapolis, 7.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	124	84	40	.677
New York	125	76	49	.608
Chicago	123	73	50	.593
Cincinnati	121	64	57	.523
Brooklyn	122	61	61	.500
Boston	122	51	71	.418
Philadelphia	116	39	77	.336
St. Louis	125	71	84	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	122	80	42	.656
Cleveland	124	69	55	.556
Philadelphia	120	63	57	.525
New York	115	60	55	.522
Detroit	117	59	58	.504
St. Louis	121	57	64	.471
Chicago	119	54	65	.454
Washington	121	37	84	.306

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	126	85	41	.675
Louisville	129	78	51	.605
Milwaukee	128	73	55	.570
Indianapolis	128	69	59	.539
Kansas City	126	63	63	.500
Columbus	130	56	74	.431
Minneapolis	123	45	83	.352
Toledo	129	43	86	.333

SAVE THE CHILDRDEN.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Mrs. Henry Carter, 1205 Central St., Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy is now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Sold by all Druggists.

FUNERAL OF SENATOR.

Burial of Allen F. Ferris at Brainerd.

Brainerd, Minn., Sept. 11.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Allen F. Ferris, senator from this district and one of the most influential and progressive business men in this city, were held yesterday afternoon and were without parallel in this part of the state.

All the business places, public offices and shops were closed during the day, and the city was in deepest mourning, most of the prominent business places being draped with emblems of mourning and the flags of the public buildings being placed at half mast. It is estimated there were fully 5000 people in the procession which followed the remains to their resting place in Evergreen cemetery.

Senator Ferris was a member of almost all the fraternal organizations of the city, and the members of the orders attended in large numbers. The services were held at the First Congregational church under Masonic auspices, Rev. Richard Brown officiating.

So great was the crowd that conveyances were hired from Little Falls and adjoining towns and the funeral procession was two miles long.

Many prominent men of the state were present, including Governor Van Sant and other state officials, ex-Governor A. R. McGill, United States Senator Moses Clapp, Congressman Stevens, State Senators Dunn and McGill, and also a large number of personal friends in civic life from the Twin Cities.

The pall bearers were J. M. Elder, S. R. Adair, N. H. Ingersoll, Henry Spalding, George D. La Bar, F. A. Farar, J. C. Davis, George A. Brown, W. S. McClenahan and C. D. Johnson.

Delegations were present from Cass Lake, Bemidji, Little Falls, St. Cloud, Wadena, Staples and many other smaller towns throughout the northern part of the state.

FOUR WERE KILLED.

Ardmore, I. T., Sept. 11.—An engine and fourteen gravel cars went through a bridge near Hugo, on the Arkansas & Choctaw road yesterday, killing four of the crew. The dead are: Hanna, conductor; C. L. Miller, fireman; H. McAllin, engineer; J. T. Hill, brakeman. The bridge was new and unfinished.

MEN'S



That Wear and Wear Well



THIS is what every pair of the JUSTLY CELEBRATED BROCKTONS DO. You can always depend on the wear of them. There are several other things that combine to make this brand of shoes the best on the market at the prices, which are always $2.50 and $3.50. EVERY PAIR is made on a Foot Form last, in the latest approved styles and from the *choicest* materials.

The Fall styles are here and ready for your INSPECTION TOMORROW.

THE $3.50 SHOES ARE NOT $6.00 Shoes, but $6.00 values for $3.50

THE BROCKTON Shoe Company. D. CASMIR, Manager. 311 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TATTOOED SKIN

Of an Old Sailor Is the Key to Hidden Wealth.

Treasure House of the Algonquin Indians In Vermont.

Bristol, Vt., Sept. 11.—Herbert Coventry, of London, England, has arrived here in search of the treasure house of the Algonquin Indians, which, according to tradition, is located in hidden caves in the side of South Mountain.

Coventry has a man which he is sure will guide him to the piles of silver ingots supposed to have been originally discovered by one De Grau, a Spaniard, nearly 200 years ago. And a grewsome affair this map is, for the outlines and locations are all tattooed on human skin.

Coventry explained that several years ago he met in the London slums a Spaniard who was suffering from an incurable disease. The man was starving, and, as he was too proud to ask aid, the Englishman saw to it that he was properly cared for in a public hospital. He spoke some English and proved to be so interesting a character that Coventry, who was an insurance solicitor, frequently visited him. The man said that his family had formerly been wealthy, and once he declared that if he could get well enough to go to America he would soon recoup his fortunes.

One day Coventry was summoned to the hospital and was told that his friend was dying. The man asked the surgeon to withdraw, and then told the story of buried treasure.

"There are enough silver ingots in a hidden chamber to make a dozen men fabulously rich," he said, according to the story related by Coventry.

"I am a descendant of Robert de Grau, who, over 200 years ago, discovered the treasure house of the Algonquin Indians, near what is now the town of Bristol, Vt., in America. The tribe was fleeing from the Iroquois at the time, and in attempting to save his own life and that of his son my ancestor stumbled upon the treasure in a secret cavern. Part he removed to Spain, where he became immensely wealthy and a power in the kingdom. He intended to remove the rest, and in fact started for America, carrying with him a map of the mountain.

"On the day over he was taken ill with 'black death,' died and was buried at sea. The map fell into the hands of the first mate of the ship, and he took up the search. He found the spot in the mountain, but a landslide had obliterated the mouth of the cave, and he was never able to locate the treasure, though he spent two years in the quest.

"The mate, whose name was Parish or Paris, eventually died and the map passed through several hands. It came to me in a most peculiar way. About ten years ago, while cruising off the coast of India, I befriended an old sailor. He gave me the map, which I immediately recognized as the one drawn on sheepskin by my ancestor. He said he got it from a sailor who voyaged between Hong Kong and New York.

"The parchment was badly worn and was so discolored that the drawings were almost obliterated. I suggested that a copy could be made on paper, whereupon the sailor declared that he knew of a scheme whereby the precious outlines could never be lost."

Coventry, in relating the tale, said that the man pulled up his hospital shirt, rolled over on his chest and told him to look on his back. There, between the shoulders, was the map tattooed in the skin with India ink.

"'When I die I want the surgeon to remove the skin and give it to you,' he said to me. 'It will be a grewsome reminder of the treasure, but if you follow it up you will be a rich man.' He called in a surgeon and made him swear that he would carry out his wish, and then he seemed easier. That night he died, and later the man was turned over to me."

While Coventry is somewhat mixed in his data, it is nevertheless true that many believe the Indian treasure still lies in a hidden vault, and that it comprises untold wealth. So strong was this belief some years ago that several solid business men living at Montpelier organized a stock company to remove the rocks at the mouth of the caves. This proved impossible, and drilling was resorted to. After $20,000 had been expended the enterprise was abandoned. Today the entire face of the ledge is honeycombed with holes and shafts.

According to a story told several years ago by a centenarian, the original De Grau, accompanied by his son of 12 years, came to America when there were few settlements north of Boston. He decided to prospect that country.

He journeyed by slow stages up the Connecticut river to what is now Bellows' falls and then turned west, crossing the Green mountain range and then following Otter creek north. While encamped one night near what was later New Haven, Vt., he was apprized by a friendly Algonquin scout that the Iroquois, a powerful branch of the Five Nations, were on the war path and had busted his tribe.

De Grau and his son found the mouth of a passageway leading into the side of the mountain. The two crawled in. They found that a rocky cut led toward the cliff.

De Grau found that the passageway ended in a cave which showed evidences of having been visited by the redskins. The cave opened into a larger chamber and this led to another. Finally the pair struck a series of underground vaults.

In the last one De Grau saw by the aid of a torch a crack in the wall. He stuck the end of the torch into this and a section of the wall moved. The rough grooves covered an opening. Removing the slab he saw tons of silver ingots in a circular chamber hewn out of solid rock.

The place is now known as "Money Digger's Caves."

CO-EDUCATION

Favored By President Angell of Michigan University.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Sept. 11.—Dr. Angell, president of the Michigan university, in his annual report to the board of regents, predicts that at no distant day, arising from the increase in the efficiency of the high schools in cities and new township high schools the number of students at the University of Michigan will be doubled. He said:

"The discussion of the expediency of co-education of the sexes has been reopened in some quarters because one large university has decided to try the experiment of separate instruction of the sexes during the first two years of the undergraduate course, and two or three other privately endowed universities have been considering the wisdom of limiting the number of women whom they will admit.

"Without attempting to judge whether there are any peculiar conditions in those institutions which call for the action they propose, it is safe to say that the state universities are not likely to change their policy with respect to the admission of women. So far as I know nothing in their experience suggests the necessity of considering the question whether their long established policy needs to be modified."

SARDINE CATCH POOR.

French Fishermen Have Had Very Bad Season.

Washington, Sept. 11.—There has been another failure in the French sardine catch. In discussing this subject in a report to the department of commerce and labor, Consul Ridgley, at Nantes, France, says: "I have to report another bad year for the French sardine industry, of which Nantes is the center of trade.

"Two reasons are ascribed for the failure of the famous little fish to appear in their usual plentitude. The first of these is the excessively cold spring and summer, and the second is the scarcity and high price of codfish roe, which fishermen use for bait in attracting and holding the sardines on the fishing grounds. The situation in this respect is quite the same as last year, and much discouragement has been felt in consequence among the thousands of fishermen and packers who exploit the industry."

JUDGE BURKE WILL RESIGN.

Seattle, Sept. 11.—Judge Thomas Burke, chief Western counsel for the Great Northern railroad, in a few days will tender his resignation to President James J. Hill, severing a close connection with the trans-continental system extending practically since 1897, when he assisted in the organization of the Seattle & Montana railroad, and worked for the selection of Seattle as the Pacific terminus of the Great Northern.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 4361.

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THE GRAIN RATES.

The reduction of 1 cent per bushel in the grain rates between Buffalo and New York, which the railroads have announced to go into effect on Sept. 16, will not prove of any particular benefit to the farmer or shipper in the Northwest. The reduction is made in order to meet the competition of the gulf ports and the Canadian route via the St. Lawrence river. For some time past the grain merchants of New York have been protesting against the high rates current to that port, which have had the result of giving Montreal foreign commerce at the expense of New York. For some time past all grain shipped from Duluth for export, has gone via the Canadian route, because the rates were lower that way, grain going to American seaports having to pay a rate from 20 to 75 per cent higher than the rate via Montreal. Those in the West who will be chiefly benefited by the reduction now made are the shippers who sell grain to Eastern millers, but it is probable that with the American route placed on the same rate basis as the Canadian route, much grain which would go via Montreal will be diverted to New York and the grain dealers there will be benefited accordingly.

What New York really needs in order to regain its former standing in the grain business is a deep waterway from Lake Erie that would enable vessels to carry grain from Duluth and Chicago direct to the seaboard without breaking bulk. This competition in transportation would result in still lower rates and would divert practically all the American grain traffic that now seeks the Canadian route.

AMERICAN SAILORS.

There was a time, says the American Syren and Shipping, when the good old phrase "A Yankee ship and a yankee crew" was true to the very letter and most significant. But it is different now, although improving. Many years ago seafaring was the native instinct of every American lad of stamina, and most of the inhabitants of the thirteen original states lived either on the edge of the ocean or on streams that poured down into the restless sea. Before the war of 1812 the crews of American merchantmen in foreign or domestic trade were made up fully three-fourths of native American sailors, and the foreign contingent included a great many of our British kin who had taken up their abode in the new country, but, with Jack Tar's characteristic lack of business sense, had not gone through the formalities of naturalization. American merchantmen were not infrequent in those early days which had crews thoroughly Yankee from captain to boy. Indeed, it is said of the New England deep-sea fishing fleet of sixty or seventy years ago that a foreigner was such a rarity on board that a craft which had so much as one Irishman or Portuguese or Scandinavian was an object of curiosity throughout the fleet, and that men would row miles to see the "outlander." At the same time British merchant crews were composed almost exclusively of British seamen. It is a matter of common knowledge that the later years have wrought a sharp change in both the American and the British services. An American or British forecastle nowadays is often a babel of tongues. The opening of our great West, with its large opportunities for wealth and adventure, is held chiefly responsible for lessening the old Yankee preponderance in our merchant fleet.

However, of late there has been a change for the better. In 1894, out of 71,237 seamen shipped on American vessels by shipping commissioners, only 22,143, or 31 per cent, were Americans. In 1895 the American proportion had sunk still further to only 28 per cent, but since 1896 there has been a distinct improvement. In the year 1901, out of 98,668 seamen shipped by American vessels, 34,601, or 35 per cent, were Americans. In 1902, out of 108,554 seamen in these American crews, no fewer than 49,921, or 46 per cent, were American citizens. This increase is due in great part, of course, to the naturalized element, but there are many indications that young native Americans are going to sea in greater numbers now than at any time since the flood-tide prosperity of our merchant shipping. Of the aliens on American vessels many are foreigners only technically. Thus there were 13,909 seamen classed as British who were shipped on American vessels in 1902. Most of these men were natives of the maritime provinces of Canada, and, therefore, of course, essentially homogeneous with their neighbors of Northern New England, who still supply a great number of the masters and most capable sailors of our steam and sailing fleet. These British provincials seem to be almost the only foreigners who hold their own beneath the American merchant flag.

Those excellent sailors, the Scandinavians, for example, have fallen off in number from 21,966 in 1894, to 16,317 in 1902. These British provincials and Scandinavians—Norwegians, Swedes and Danes—supply most of the naturalized element in the United States merchant fleet. They not infrequently rise in the service to become mates on sail vessels and steam, and even occasionally masters. Once there used to be many Germans in our shipping, but they now seem to find enlarged employment at home, for their numbers have shrunk from 6249 in 1894, to 5647 in 1902. Of course, there are some classes of seafarers who are now and will probably always remain entirely alien—such as the stewards and stewardesses of the Atlantic passenger ships and the Chinese firemen and coal passers in the Pacific. But if the present tendency continues it wil not be long before American seamen in general are again three-fourths American in citizenship, and "a Yankee ship with a Yankee crew" resume is literal truthfulness.

LAVISH EXPENDITURES.

From present indications it looks as though the next congress would expend money with a lavish hand. This is based on the fact that the national treasury is replete with funds and there is a big demand for money for various improvements throughout the country, that are always attendant on a plethoric purse. The national finances are in a flourishing condition at this time. The available cash balance now aggregates about $240,000,000. Judging from the present volume of receipts, which will increase as the year advances, this sum will have several millions added to it by the time congress assembles. No extraordinary expenditures are contemplated. From present indications there will be no necessity for some time to expend the $40,000,000 appropriated by congress for the Panama canal. Even if the situation in Colombia changes, the expenditure authorized would not be a serious drain on the treasury. The official estimates on which congress bases the annual appropriations are now being prepared under the direction of the secretary of the treasury. It is stated that the expenditures required for routine purposes will be largely in excess of those made at the last session.

There are two important measures which will press to the front next winter. One is the river and harbors bill and the other is the omnibus public building bill. Estimates now being prepared at the war department demonstrate the necessity for generous appropriations on account of rivers and harbors. The engineer officials say it is false economy to curtail expenditures for internal improvements of this character. Congress rarely economizes in making appropriations for rivers and harbors, but once in a while it fails to pass a bill. Every effort will be made to push one through at the coming session, and the book of estimates on the subject will be a strong argument in its favor. Indications are already at hand that the leaders will have a great deal of difficulty in preventing the passage of an omnibus public building bill. The measure passed at the last session was a small one, and was merely designed to supplement or round out the legislation of a few years ago. Authority was granted for the purchase of sites in several cities, but no money was provided for buildings. There will be a demand this winter to place buildings on the sites purchased by the government.

There is another item of expenditure that must be reckined with in the future. No branch of the government that comes in direct contact with the people is so popular as rural free delivery. Twelve million dollars were appropriated for this service by the last congress. That sum has proved insufficient to meet the demands for routes in every section of the country. A few years ago rural free delivery was in the experimental stage, and expenditures were limited to the thousands. Now millions are required, and rural free delivery promises to become one of the most expensive bureaus of the great postal system of the United States. The onward progress of rural free delivery is irresistible. Although the estimates have not been completed at the postoffice department, it is believed that an appropriation approximating $20,000,000, and possibly more, will be required for this service in the next year. Of course, a part of this sum will be used in the maintenance of routes already established.

Without doubt the usual effort to keep down expenditures will be made by congressmen, but it will prove unavailing. There is nothing in the history of congress which will give hope of a saving policy. No one expects it and no one will be disappointed.

GERMANY'S GROWTH.

The steady increase in the population of Germany is of matter of pride to the natives of the Fatherland, whether at home or abroad. The last census of Germany, and by the way, they are made with great frequency, put the inhabitants of the German empire at 58,549,000, which is an increase of 2,232,000 over two years and a half ago. Germany's population is growing at about the rate of 15 per cent in a decade, which is the largest expansion made by any big nation in the world except the United States. The growth of the United States in inhabitants was 20.7 per cent in the decade ending with 1900. This, however, was the smallest increase ever made here in a 10-year period. The chances are that the 22 or possibly 25 per cent mark will be reached in the decade closing with 1910.

There is one thing to the advantage of the German increase in population. It is all due, practically, to the natural increase of its own population, or the excess of births over deaths. Immigration figures with far less prominence in the expansion of inhabitants in the German empire than it does with us. To that extent, therefore, Germany's population is more homogeneous than ours, although the rapid absorption of immigrants in the United States soon makes a population stronger than that of any other nation.

In the past decade the emigration from Germany was not so large as it was in some previous periods. The number of Germans coming to the United States in 1902 was very much smaller than it was a dozen years ago or earlier. But there is a tendency toward an increase. More Germans came to this country in 1902 than in 1901, and the increase is kept up. Nobody looks for such a large German inflow into this country ever again as came in the '80s of the recent century. But the United States, as the immigration figures show, continues to have a powerful attraction for natives of the German empire, yet the population of that country keeps on growing at a rate unknown in any other large nation except the United States. In population Germany is a long way ahead of every other country in Europe except Russia, and the superior intelligence of its people makes them much greater than the people of the czar.

Senator Hoar and other "stand-patters" want to fix up reciprocity after the next presidential election. But why wait to do what is needed at once? Why should the business interests of the people be sidetrackd to suit a few politicians? Reciprocity with Canada is wanted now, and not two or three years hence.

In another column will be found an editorial article from the New York Sun, calling upon President Roosevelt to carefully study the able opinion written by Judge Lochren in the Northern Securities case. The article will be read with deep interest by all who have followed this notable case.

Five clergymen officiated at a wedding at Appleton, Wis., the other day. If numbers count, that couple can be considered well married.

So many national organizations have decided to hold their conventions in St. Louis next year that a good attendance at the exposition is assured.

The city jail in St. Louis is crowded to the doors, and yet the boodlers are all out on bail.

President Roosevelt has laid out an extensive program for "Jake" Riis.

HOTEL GOSSIP

In addition to having charge of the naval recruiting and hydrographic offices in Chicago, Commander Albion V. Wadhams, who is staying at the Spalding, takes a deep interest in the moral welfare of men who enlist in the navy, and with many other naval officers believes that the efficiency of the men is greatly increased by cleanlines of body and mind.

He, with a number of other naval officers, is on the international advisory committee of the Young Men's Christian association and says that during the last decade that organization has done a great deal towards lifting the jackies to a higher plane.

"It was not many years ago," said Commander Wadhams last night, "that to be a sailor brought with it a feeling that one must indulge in drinking to excess and that they were not the class of men who should have access to the society of the better class of people.

"I wish to say now that there is no class of men who have better morals and who are more entitled to the society of the best people than the American sailor. He is today, with few exceptions, a moral man who at the same time has a high regard for the faithful performance of his duties and who has learned that he is much better off without liquor and other things which a few years ago tended to demoralize all those who served on United States battleships.

"One of those who has done a great deal for the men of the navy is Miss Helen Gould. A few years ago I was a member of the committee which was delegated to see Miss Gould and lay before her a plan for building a naval Y. M. C. A. building at Brooklyn, just outside the navy yard. She agreed to give $50,000 upon the condition that we would raise another $50,000. We did not raise the amount, whereupon she notified the committee that it might draw on her at sight for $100,000.

"The result is that at Brooklyn we now have one of the finest club buildings in the world and sailors who have membership tickets are given all privileges at other ports and cities free of charge. At Brooklyn a sailor may get there at, night, take a bath, go to bed, get up in the morning and have his shoes polished all for twenty cents. And this means the best of everything. Just before the recent maneuvers the club house was crowded and deplte the fact that Miss Gould sent us 500 emergency rubber mattresses which were laid on the floors we turned hundreds away.

"All naval officers know that drinking men do not make the best men on board ship. A man goes out at night and fills up with liquor which, if of the best quality would be bad enough, but it more frequently is of the most inferior quality. The result is that he comes aboard the next morning utterly unfit for duty.

"There is compartively little drunkenness in the navy now and the men are such that I would gladly welcome them to my home at any time occasion should offer. They are fine examples of manhood and cannot be beaten the world over."

Commander Wadhams deplores the lack of vessels in the navy and says that the number in service is far from being an adequate force. He thinks that congress will in the near future make appropriations that will do much towards building up this arm of the government

* * *

"It will be but a short time before cities on the range will have a wire service in connection with markets that will equal that in most of the large cities," said a mining man last night at the Hotel McKay.

"During the last week Laidley & Company have made arrangements for a special wire to be strung to the range and they have been asked by the officials of the club at Virginia to have their connection in that city in the club rooms. This will be done and wires will also be run to Eveleth and Hibbing. In addition to the Chicago and New York reports the service will include that of copper stocks, quotations of which have not before been supplied to the range. The service, I understand, will be in working order Oct. 1."

* * *

Bedecked with rings that would make an electric readlight look like a smoldering coal and with one of those "quiet" gray walking dresses enveloping her form, she glided up to the telephone clerk's window at the Spalding and in sweet silvery tones asked for connection with a Minneapolis number.

Then she drew from the folds of her skirt a book of no mean proportions and standing in front of the window began to read. Her unusual actions caused considerable comment in a group of men who were sitting near the fireplace.

"Intelligent looking girl that," remarked one of the group.

"Yes," said another, "but what do you think she's reading. I suppose that it is probably some treatise on cooking or housekeeping. Maybe she's going to be married in the very near future and is reading up on how to prepare dishes for her Reginald."

"Looks more like a dressmaker to me," interjected a third, "and I must say that she has good taste as well as good looks."

"Your all wrong," said the first speaker, "I'll bet that she's reading some classic and that she is on her way to some seminary and is improving her spare moments during the trip."

"Take the bet for cigars for the crowd that you're wrong, said one of the others.

"You're on," said the first who delegated one of those who were to benefit by the wager to ascertain the title of the book and any other information he could.

The spy who was thus pressed into service returned within a few minutes.

"Well, what did you find out?" demanded the first man who had called attention to the girl.

"Gentlemen, we were all wrong and I hate to shatter any good opinions you might entertain, but I am afraid to do so. The book which the young lady is reading is entitled 'An Active Wife,' and she is using as a book mark an envelope addressed to 'Miss Romona Idylla, Vandelera, care of Doc. Harris' Snake Shows, With the Merger and Borris' Carnival company, Grand Rapids, Mich.'"

The first man bought the cigars.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Levy, of Milwaukee, who are visiting relatives in Duluth and Superior are stopping at the Spalding. They are enroute from Mr. Levy's summer home near Houghton, Mich., to Milwaukee.

* * *

The Winnipeg base ball team is registered at the St. Louis.

* * *

At the Spalding Hotel: J. E. Shaw, Minneapolis; L. A. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Perfect, St. Paul; W. M. McDonald, A. L. Gere, H. D. Axley, Minneapolis; James S. Norris, Milwaukee; C. F. McElroy, Scanlon; D. W. Ball, Watertown, S. D.; Eunicea Bushnell, Winona; D. J. N. Bell, Minneapolis; Dr. M. K. Knauff, Two Harbors; Jacob Stein, Virginia; Olan Johnson, Clonuet; V. O. Chase, St. Paul; J. F. Calhoun, H. H. Horton, Daniel Shell, Samuel Lord, F. E. Putnam, H. A. Morgan, E. E. Smith, Edward de Baptiste, George W. Somerville, W. S. Helton, Minneapolis; E. I. Heinenway, Ashland.

* * *

At the St. Louis Hotel: J. W. Gilboy, St. Paul; H. H. Chapman, Grand Rapids; Mr. and Mrs. C. Harris, Ashland; J. S. Rayburn, Biwabik; John Papic, Sparta; W. L. McCarthy, Virginia; R. H. Wright, New Richmond; G. B. Hillman, St. Paul; W. P. Hogan, E. T. Hogan, James H. Hogan, Verrick; J. H. Sharkey, Hibbing; G. H. Good, Winton; John Wills, St. Paul; James Cardle, Cass Lake; J. W. A. Courtemauche, Montreal; Mrs. P. Murphy, Miss May Murphy, Swan River.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: G. I. Idzorek, St. Paul; J. B. Mayer, Mrs. L. A. Hayes, Floodwood; H. Riley, Two Harbors; J. J. Hirsh, C. D. Spear, Minneapolis; Estelle Philleo, Grafton; M. J. Corcoran, J. F. Sullivan, Ashland; John W. Woodfill, Two Harbors; H. Y. Burr, Arthur E. Burr, Beloit; A. M. Doe, J. A. Hull, Minneapolis; A. C. Biermau, Jos. O'Neil, Miss Jessie O'Neil, Fargo; C. C. Carlson, Ashland.

An Effective Argument.

Chicago Chronicle: Another count in the indictment against the automobile is that it has practically stopped the good roads movement. The agricultural person argues that good roads will attract "devil wagons" to scare the horse; hence, he is agin' them. Not altogether sound reasoning, but effective as shown in its results.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synops.s of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 11.—Rains fell over most Northern districts, the important exceptions being Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Western Missorui, Eastern Nebraska and Kansas. A storm of considerable energy is centered over Utah with high pressure areas overlying the Eastern lake region and districts north of Montana. It is warmer in the Central West and Southwest and cooler in the extreme Northwest. The winds in the lake region are variable and light to fresh with conditions favoring a shift to northeasterly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Memphis	88
Battleford	48	Miles City	58
Bismarck	64	Milwaukee	74
Boston	76	Minnedosa	52
Buffalo	80	Modena	82
Calgary	44	Montgomery	88
Charleston	84	Moorhead	62
Chicago	64	New Orleans	86
Cincinnati	84	New York	76
Davenport	72	North Platte	84
Denver	84	Oklahoma	78
Detroit	74	Omaha	74
Dodge City	90	Pittsburg	88
Duluth	66	Port Arthur	62
El Paso	90	Portland	66
Escanaba	72	Prince Albert	38
Galveston	96	Qu'Appelle	50
Green Bay	72	Rapid City	74
Havre	56	San Francisco	76
Helena	64	Santa Fe	74
Houghton	80	Shreveport	90
Huron	82	Spokane	60
Jacksonville	84	St. Louis	68
Kamloops	62	St. Paul	74
Kansas City	72	Sault Ste. Marie	68
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	46
La Crosse	74	Washington	80
Lander	70	Williston	56
Los Angeles	88	Winnemucca	74
Marquette	68	Winnipeg	58
Medicine Hat	48		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (colal time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Showers tonight and Saturday. Cooler tonight. Brisk and possibly high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with probably showers in Saturday and in west portion tonight. Cooler in west and north portions tonight. Cooler Saturday.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday, with probably local showers. Cooler tonight and in south portion Saturday. Probably frost in north and west portions tonight.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy with probably showers in South Dakota tonight. Cooler tonight with frost.

Upper Lakes—Fresh variable winds becoming brisk northerly on Superior tonight and on Michigan and Huron tonight or Saturday. Partly cloudy with probably occasional showers.

POINTED REFLECTIONS.

Chicago Post: "We get along excellently together," he explained. "You see, he borrows and I like trouble, and that's all I ever loan."

"De trouble 'bout some lazy men," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dey's always tryin' to brag about what a talen dey has foh makin' odder folks hustle."

Somerville Journal: It's bad enough to tell all you know, but a good many people tell a lit that they don't know, too.

"Your husband never has hay fever, I believe," said the new acquaintance at the northern lake resort.

"No," languidly answered Mrs. Gaswell. "But he suffers dreadfully, sometimes, from appendicitis."

Philadelphia Press: Weary Willie—Dis paper sez deys quite a few prominent people dat thinks it's unlucky to begin any work on Friday.

Tatterdon Torn—Well, dat's what yer might call de "enterin' wedge." Mebbe after while people will be dat sensible about every day in de week.

Puck: "I daresay the cost of living has been greatly reduced in 500 years," "Oh, yes! In the nineteenth century, the ancient records tell us, a simple operation for appendicitis cost $300."

Chicago Post: "You went away, I believe, to enjoy real country fare?"

"Yes."

"And why have you come back?"

"To enjoy real country fare. You see they produce it where I was, but they ship it to the city."

If you were a horse
And people drove you in the hot sun,
And made you wear a funny hat,
And ran you down hill,
And kept you overfed or underfed,
And ran you in crooked races,
And treated you like a machine,
Not much more liable to damage than a lawn mower,
Wouldn't you kick?

—Washington Star.

THE DOUBLE PLAY.

The crack of the bat, and the coacher's shout!
Sing hey, for the caught high fly.
And the throw to third and a man put out
Before he can reason why!
O, it's lively work, but the runner's caught
For the ball goes swift today.
And the bleachers yell as the scorers tell
The tale of the double play!

The shortstop jumps at a hot line fly,
And his gloved hand stops the ball!
It is swift and high, but it can't get by
The champion infield wall!
O, it's sharp, quick work from 6 to 4
And from 4 to 3 today,
And the crowd comes up with a sudden roar
Of cheers for the double play!

The batsman bunts and the infield jumps;
It looks like a sure safe hit,
And the runner starts from third for home,
But the pitcher murmurs "Nit!"
He jerks the ball to the catcher's hand,
And the runner's out! Sing hey!
And the ball goes whizzing down to first—
Hurrah for the double play!

—Somerville Journal.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Great soaks from little barleycorns grow.

Next to keeping a good resolution the hardest thing is to keep a good bank balance.

A woman has as much use for logic in the parlor as she has for water bags in the kitchen.

Most men would almost rather have the tax collector ring their front door bell than their poor relatives.

It takes a girl with a face as innocent as a baby's to be engaged to two men at the same time and to mean to marry the man she is not engaged to.

His Bump of Location.

Harper's Magazine: The minister was looking for a sober janitor, and he found John. John is a strapping fellow, clean and wholesome looking. The minister was much pleased with John.

And John had some good recommendations, and seemed to know his business so thoroughly that the minister engaged him.

"Do you know where the church is?" John shook his head.

"Well, it's down on the south side of East End avenue, near Lexington street. Now do you remember?"

"Aw, sis," said John. "It's the wan just across from Mike Sullivan's saloon."

A Cablegram of Condolence.

Saturday Evening Post: When the news of the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga reached the state department at Washington there was some discussion about the propriety of sending a cablegram of condolence.

"No, no," said Third Assistant Secretary Adee, "nothing is to be done in a case of this kind. Besides, there's nobody to send it. The king and queen are dead and the government has no head."

"Why not send it addressed 'To Whom It May Concern?'" asked a demure young stenographer.

To A. Carnegie, Esq.

Chicago Inter Ocean: The day may come when the Eagle and the Lion will dwell together in the same national house. But when that day comes the Lion will dwell inside the Eagle.

The Reparation Of Eustis Carter

By Nellie Cravey Gilmore.

(Copyright 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When Dr. Henderson entered the reception room adjoining his office at ten o'clock, the usual crowd was there waiting for him.

During the six years that had elapsed since his graduation the young specialist had made marvelous progress in his work so that, at the present day, not one of his contemporaries stood so far to the front of the professional ranks as himself.

Several patients were interviewed in their turn before Eustis Carter found himself ushered into the doctor's private office.

"Not that I really think you can do me any good," he began, with a sort of hopeless defiance; "but"—he paused and a paroxysm of coughing ensued—"but I've heard wonderful things of your skill and, well it's a drowning man's last chance, that's all" He leaned back wearily, almost exhaustedly, shading his eyes with his palm. After awhile he sighed, and looked up, a faint gleam of eagerness in his glance.

Dr. Henderson regarded him with quiet scrutiny for several minutes. "If I were quite sure that you want to get well," he ventured, "I could—I think I could treat you successfully. At the very least I could promise you a better lease on life than you appear to possess now."

Carter sat suddenly forward in his chair, a quick light transformed his plae features into momentary joy. "What do you mean by that?" he demanded; that you can—that you can really cure me?"

"It is just possible."

Carter was silent a little after that, lost in thought; his whole expression was changed, lightened. Then, presently, a slow frown drew his brows together, as his eyes searched the specialist's face narrowly.

"But," he protested, "you have not even examined me; you don't know the condition of my lungs. Why, this thing's been going on for over a year." He spoke excitedly, and with a brutal self-discouragement, which, nevertheless, bore an unconscious prayer for refutation. "Was there consumption anywhere back in your parents' families?"

"I think not; in fact I'm sure of it. What makes you think I don't want to get well?" he concluded, irrevantly.

Dr. Henderson shook his head and smiled. "I must have been mistaken," he said, "although I confess you seemed indifferent enough at first."

"I was hopeless; that's all. When I tell you that I have spent six months in a hospital, and paid out a small fortune to try to get on my feet—with the result you see—"

The doctor interposed a nod of comprehension. "Naturally," he assented, "but I must give you to understand in the beginning that you will have to yield yourself entirely to my charge for at least that much longer—perhaps twice as long An examination must determine that."

Carter looked blank for an instant, but quickly recovered himself. "Five times over," he broke out earnestly, "if you can make a man of me. The fact is," he went on with a faint flush, "I have been out there in the Philippines for four years, living like—well, like we soldiers do live there. I deserted my wife and child to enlist; God knows how they have managed since, though I can't help thinking sometimes that they have been better off with me gone." His voice broke and a sudden dimness came into his eyes.

The doctor looked at him kindly and laid a gentle hand on his arm. "Never mind about the past," he said; "we are going to have you in shape now in a little while, and you can make it all up to them then."

Carter stared at him dully. "I could never do that," he declared, "not if I lived a thousand years. She was an angel and I—well, I was everything in the catalogue of bad, from a drunken dog to a blackguard However, I mean to go back, if she will let me, and start all over again, clean-handed and whole, but not till I'm that."

* * *

Three months passed swiftly.

"If you keep on at the present rate, Wilkins." Dr. Henderson told his patient one morning, "you will be a different being in another quarter."

The unaccountable impulse which urges so many people to do the same thing had prompted Eustis Carter to give, instead of his own, the name of a dead comrade

"I shall never be able to repay you, doctor," he replied feelingly; "not enough money has been coined to express my gratitude for this."

They were walking toward Dr. Henderson's office, and both went in together. It was out of business hours and the rooms were deserted. Dr. Henderson carried his patient into his private sitting room and disappeared for a moment to give an order.

Carter interested himself in a study of the unique furnishings of the apartment, all of which bore a characteristic reflection of the specialist' original taste.

Presently he sailed and caught his breath; the life-sized portrait of a woman, young and very beautiful, smiled down at him from the space above the mantel. The face was grave, tender; a little sad, yet sheathed with a strange, peaceful happiness.

When Dr. Henderson returned, a few moments later, Carter had controlled his agitation, at least outwardly. After a little desultory talk he enquired, casually, regarding the portrait.

The doctor raised his eyes, flushing a trifle as his glance swept the pictured face.

"I am proud to be able to say," he replied, and a smile came to his lips, "that she is my promised wife. We are to be married in about six months, on her return from the south."

Carter was silent; a quick, grayish pallor shrouded his face; his tongue seemed thickening beyond all power of utterance.

"She is as loveable as she is lovely," the other went on, with an involuntary, almost boyish eagerness to pour out his heart to someone. "A woman who has suffered, endured—and triumphed. What must have crushed many another woman has chastened and ennobled this one. Her husband, a worthless sort of loafer, mistreated her shamefully, only to abandon her at last and die miserably in some heathenish country."

"She couldn't ever have—have really cared for him, then?"

"Oh, I think not, at the last; she couldn't very well, you know, after—everything."

A clock somewhere in the neighborhood struck two and Carter rose to go. "I'll be in tomorrow at ten," he said carelessly, and closed the door behind him

But tomorrow came and went, and he was not there; and many more tomorrows, until a month had slipped by.

Finally, one day, in glancing over his morning mail, Dr. Henderson was not in the least surprised to come across a letter bearing the Manila postmark and addressed in the scrawling, backhand of his patient.

A check for a generous amount was enclosed, and just a few lines on half a sheet of note paper solved the situation.

"My dear doctor," he wrote, "I need not tell you that the old restless fever for excitement is on me again; you've doubtless run across my kind before. And that I appreciate more than I can express, your kindnes and patience, is also superfluous to add. Maybe out here I can stick it out alone somehow.

"Sincerely, A. E. WILKINS."

Dr. Henderson read the contents over twice; then folded the sheet and laid it aside, mechanically.

"Poor devil," he mused, with a genuine sigh, "he'll be a dead man in less than two months, and he knows it. I thought from the first that he cared rather a trifle too little about getting well. In spite of his assurances to the contrary."

Why Wake Them Up?

Chicago Journal: And yet Sir Thomas Lipton's countrymen will probably have the nerve to go right on singing that Britannia rules the waves.

Maybe They Prefer Stogies.

Galveston News: From the way the Illinois people are swatting Governor Yates, it is evident they are tired of 5c cigar statesmanship.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Friday, Sept. 11, 1903.

Everything but the mattress for furnishing your bed. The furniture man can sell you that.

It's the poorest economy to skimp on bedding. A full day's work demands restful sleep. Restful sleep doesn't go with hard soggy pillows or stingy bed covering. Some people will have such, and as we are in business to sell everybody we have to have some of that kind for those people. But we don't try to sell that kind. We want every body to know what perfect rest is.

In buying our sheets, bed spreads, blankets and comfortors we've taken particular pains to get them big enough so they can be tucked in at the sides and foot of the bed—so big that you can turn over in bed without throwing them off. We're going to save you some doctor's bills this coming winter, because our bedding will save you many colds.

Cotton blankets for large cribs and single beds, 50 cents a pair. For full size beds, 60 cents and up.

Cotton and wool blankets, $2 and up.

Pure wool blankets, $3 and up.

Good sized comforters, $1 and up.

Bed spreads, 50 cents and up.

Boarding house pillows—better than common—$1.25 a pair. Pillows you'd be willing to use yourself, $2 to $5.50 a pair.

You'll sleep just as well without pillow shams and bed sets, but if you like a dainty bedroom, they give much satisfaction. We have them.

Miss Kenney of the Fancy Work department has returned from Chicago. She is prepared to show you all the new "wrinkles" and "kinks" in art needlework, particularly Hardanger work for collars, waists, shirt waists, doilies, etc.

Take interstate cars to Superior. Get off at 11th street.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,

11th Street and Tower Avenue, Superior.

Could See the Veterans' Finish.

Baltimore American: Thank heaven, Eugene Ware is not issuing his pension rolls and report in that Kansas verse in which he recklessly indulges on occasions.

SCHOOLS

THE ST. JOHN'S MILITARY ACADEMY
Delafield
THE AMERICAN RUGBY
School Farm 300 acres. For catalogue, etc., address
DR. S. T. SMYTHE, Pres., Delafield, Waukesha Co., Wis.

MACALESTER COLLEGE

Located in a pleasant, healthful suburb between the Twin Cities. Beautiful campus of thirty acres. Fourteen professors and instructors—all specialists. Four collegiate courses of study besides numerous electives in the Junior and Senior years. Library of 9000 volumes. Superior instruction in Music and Elocution. Thorough preparatory courses. Excellent instruction in the Sciences. Expenses reduced to a minimum. A safe, wholesome and stimulating college life. The aim: High morals as well as thorough scholarship. Opens Sept. 16. For information address,
JAMES WALLACE,
MACALESTER COLLEGE,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
Phones—Old, 56; New, 50.
Saturday Matinee and Night
Lincoln J. Carter's great play,
"Two Little Waifs"
The Lamb Children in the cast.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Bal. 35c. Matinee—Dress Circle, 50c; Parquet, 50c and 25c; Family Circle and Bal. 25c. Monday and Tuesday "The Fatal Wedding."

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in
"SAPHO" Three Nights and Saturday Matinee.
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c. Mat. 10c, 25c

TRUELSEN AGAIN

Former Mayor Said to Have Decided to Run Again.

Will Come From North Dakota to Enter the Fight.

Henry Truelsen is coming back to Duluth to resume his residence here, and it is said that he has expressed the intention of making his fifth attempt at the mayoralty.

Should he carry out this intention, the mayoralty fight, at least the fight before the primaries, will not be so dull as had been anticipated, as Mr. Truelsen has always been eminently capable of injecting plenty of ginger into the campaigns in which he was a candidate.

Mr. Truelsen's home is still in this city, though he has been away much of the time since he retired from the mayor's chair four years ago.

He came back two years ago long enough to put up a hard fight for the mayor's chair, which was ineffectual except that he came close and was able to give Mr. Hugo a bad scare. In both of the last campaigns, it will be remembered, he came within four or five votes of becoming mayor, and the courts had to decide it before he was willing to admit that he had not been



HENRY TRUELSEN.

elected, in spite of the way the votes footed up.

Mr. Truelsen has been in North Dakota for some time working up the hematite deposits of that state. He was seen a few days ago by a Duluth friend, to whom he is said to have confided his intention of coming back to this city and of entering the race for mayor.

It had not been expected that he would appear in the coming mayoralty campaign, and he had not been figured in by the politicians when they were calculating the outlook. If he should appear it will probably make some difference in the calculations, though how much figure he will cut is a question.

Dr. M. B. Cullom and Theodore Krumsieg have been discussed by many local Democrats as possibilities for their candidate for mayor next February, and the chances seemed to be that one of them would be selected at the primary election. It is not likely that Mr. Truelsen's appearance will drive both of them, or either of them, from the field, so there may be a decent fight at the primaries.

As to the Republican candidates, Mayor T. W. Hugo is a definite candidate for renomination, his friends having made the announcement. B. G. Segog has been mentioned, and quite warmly, but he has said nothing about it himself. E. L. Millar, formerly registrar of the grain department, has also been mentioned, and he has many friends, though he has made no definite announcement, so far as can be learned.

RUINED BY HIS BROTHER

Prosperous New York Jeweler Is Forced Into Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 11.—The financial ruin of a prosperous jeweler by the forgeries and peculations of a younger brother, after a business career extending over thirty-two years, was told in a petition in bankruptcy filed by Isidor Michelson, jewelry manufacturer of 41 John street. The petition shows that bankrupt's liabilities to be $62,684 and his assets $10,531. His embarrassment is due, he says, to his brother, Heyman, against whom embezzlements amounting to $17,000 have already been discovered and who has disappeared.

Isidor Michelson was taken to his home, 419 East One Hundred and Eighteenth street, quite ill after signing the petition, and the family physician was called to attend him. The merchant was in a high fever and was raving continually over his business difficulties. Ten years ago he took his brother into the firm and made him traveling salesman. The brother was successful and Isidor had implicit confidence in him until recently when he had discovered that Heyman had forged notes for $12,000 and discounted them. Heyman fled but left a note saying he had done wrong and would never be seen again.

The jeweler and his family have not heard from the brother. They say he may have committed suicide.

ROOSEVELT ATTACKED.

Mormon Calls Him a Janus-Faced Hypocrite.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 11.—Former Congressman William H. King, son-in-law of Apostle Francis Lyman, heir apparent to the Mormon throne, made a savage attack on President Roosevelt at a meeting held here yesterday. Judge King in an impassioned speech, alluded to President Roosevelt as a grand stand player and a colossal egotist. He said that of all the Janus-faced creatures all the states have produced, he had never had the misfortune to meet his equal, made previous to the recent ruling of the secretary of the interior, deciding all swamp land contests by the field notes.

He said that while Roosevelt professed to oppose trusts, he is doing all he can to promote the asset currency scheme for the benefit of the banks. He charged Roosevelt with professing religion and doing all in his power to encourage war and fasten the chains of militarism on the nation. He made a prophesy in which he said that Cleveland and Bryan would be found together after the next national convention in stern opposition to Republican policies.

HANSEN SMITH RESIGNS.

Quits Directorate of the Rainy Lake Company.

At a special meeting of the Rainy Lake company, held at Milwaukee, this week, Hansen Smith, of this city, resigned his offices as director and secretary of the company, to be succeeded by Fowler P. Stone, of Wausau, Wis., one of the wealthy men interested in the corporation that has control over the new railroad through the Rainy Lake country and other associate interests. Mr. Stone was elected a director and D. C. Anderson, of Milwaukee, was elected secretary.

Mr. Smith also resigned his position of treasurer of the Minnesota Land and Construction company and D. C. Anderson has been elected to succeed to the office. The Land and Construction company is the corporation organized to build the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road. Mr. Anderson is confidential man for C. F. Ruggles, president of the Rainy Lake company.

NO NEED OF RUSH

But One Conflicting Entry For Land In New Townships.

Applicants Need Not Have Spent Nights at the Door.

Of the 109 entries filed at the local land office during the rush of Tuesday and Wednesday, when the two new townships were thrown open to settlement, there was only one conflicting entry, which means that 108 of the 109 eager land-seekers secured the piece of land sought, and the long waits outside the building during the nights previous to the opening were for naught.

Had the 109 applicants spent the entire night in their beds, and showed up at the office at the usual time in the morning, and filed their applications in the regular way, the result would have been the same, and none of the party would have lost anything by securing the additional night's sleep.

Of the 109 entries, only eight were homestead entries, the remaining 101 being timber and stone.

There was one entry, a part of which included some state swamp lands, but as the entryman claims settlement on the land for the past year or two, he will be allowed to file a contest, as his settlement was made previous to the recent ruling of the secretary of the interior, deciding all swamp land contests by the field notes.

Outside of this entry and the one conflicting entry, all the applicants were satisfied and secured the land sought.

The business of those two days will greatly swell the receipts of the land office during the month of December, as the greater part of the 109 applicants will prove up on their claims during that month.

Each of the applicants will pay into the office from $30 to $90, according to the quantity of the land taken. These entries alone will make the receipts of the office in excess of $4,000, and it is likely that the record for monthly receipts will be broken.

No entries in either of the townships have been received at the office since the opening days. Each township contains about 23,000 acres of land, and about half of the available land was taken up on the first days.

The 109 applicants secured a total of about 10,000 acres. About 10,000 acres are set aside for state swamp lands, and two sections in each township for school purposes. This leaves between 17,000 and 18,000 acres yet to be entered, or an amount about equal to that which was taken, on the first two days that the townships were thrown open to settlement. Of the land that is left, much is valueless, as the choice land was naturally picked up by the first comers.

The securing of half the available lands on the first two days that the townships were thrown open to settlement, is indicative of the manner in which the lands of the Duluth district are being settled up. Anything that is of any value for agricultural purposes or for its timber, in the surveyed townships, is being taken up, and settlers are pouring into the unsurveyed townships, determined to have first right on the new lands.

SHAVED OFF BEARD

So He Would Not Look Ltke Lobbyist.

Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 11.—Governor Dockery has surprised his friends by shaving off his beard, which he had worn for more than a dozen years.

The governor's action has given rise to rumors that he was led to remove the hirsute appendage because his friends said it made him "look like Bill Phelps," leader of the Missouri lobby. The governor, it is declared, would rather look like the devil than like Phelps.

WILL TEST THE MAINE.

Boilers of Battleship to Be Given Trial.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The battleship Maine is to be subjected to a full speed test to the Island of Culebra and return. Before the Maine starts on her endurance run, she will go to the League Island navy yard for a thorough fitting up. Her batteries will be tested for two days, after which she will go to Newport News to take on coal enough to bring her down to a displacement of 13,00 tons, so as to run over the barren island course for the purpose of standardizing her propellers. Primarily the test will be between the kind of boilers on the Maine and those on the Kearsarge, which lately crossed the Atlantic at full speed.

SHIP BADLY DAMAGED.

Fishing Schooner Collides With a Gigantic Swordfish.

Boston, Sept. 11.—The fishing schooner Actor sailed into port yesterday in a badly leaking condition, the result of an encounter with a mammoth sword fish off the Georgess banks. The big fish met the schooner with terrific force in a head-on collision.

The force of the impact shook the schooner from stem to stern and at first the crew thought the vessel had struck some half-sunken wreckage. Shortly after the vessel began to leak, taking over 20 strokes an hour, and an examination was made, and under the starboard bow, about two feet below the water line, there protruded the sword of a gigantic swordfish.

Further examination showed that the big sword had penetrated through the hull of the vessel, extending several inches within the hold. The vessel was headed for Boston, and during the voyage it was necessary to keep the pumps working a large part of the time.

Boys' Knee Pants.

Heavy assortment of knee pants in all sizes, at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 the pair.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

New Fall Clothing

SNAPPY STYLES



In young men's suits. Dignified styles for elderly men, correctly modeled suits for all classes. New patterns, best quality fabrics, high-grade furnishings.

$10, $15, $20, $25, $30

School Suits $2 Broken Lines of Boys' Suits, regular $3.50, $4, $5 Values. All Sizes

Extensive showing of High-class Boys' and Children's New Fall Suits--$1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95, $5.95.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

A Handkerchief Bargain.

Pure linen hemstitched initial handkerchiefs—initials done by hand in the neatest manner—quarter-inch hem—a handkerchief bargain such as you have not seen. On the sales-tables in the right aisle Saturday—sale price only---------- 10C

Gran-Tallant Co

A Flannelette Bargain.

Crepe Flannelette, in light and dark colorings—this year's very best patterns—the same quality sells at 12½c regularly and is a splendid value at the price 70 patterns to select from—Saturday this 12½c quality at---------- 9½c

New Coats for the School Girl



New in every particular—newest styles, the very latest materials and the neatest and most serviceable of all trimmings.

The new long coat with or without capes; plain, belted or pleated back is to be a general favorite with the exacting miss. Piping and self-strapping are very prominent styles of trimming with many fancy buttons. The general effect is most pleasing and makes these garments more in favor than any shown for several seasons. The new Scotch tweeds and the popular Zibelines are well adapted to this style of garment, making not only a beautiful coat, but one of much comfort.

Our stock is a very complete one, containing coats for the tot of two years to the eldest miss. Prices are our ever appreciated low ones. See our Saturday showing. Coats range in prices from $3.98 to $20.00.

Stylish Suits for Autumn Wear.

A few moments spent in our suit room convinces you that our line of ladies' suits is as nearly complete as it is possible to have it. You will see the very latest cloths, including the new effects in Zibelines, the handsomest Scotch suitings, bouretted cheviots, canvas cloths and the ever-wanted broadcloths. It would be hard for any season to produce a greater variety of styles than are shown this year. Jackets are made with or without capes, or collarless; extremely trimmed or the plainest of all coats—the corset model. Sleeves, too, are made in a variety of styles. Skirts do not show a very radical change, but there is sufficient change in all to make a visit to this department of the store of decided interest. Prices range from $15.00 to $65.00.

Embroideries.

A belated shipment at

Less than Importers' Prices.

Had we received this shipment when ordered, we would have paid one-third more than they cost us today. An unavoidable delay retarded the delivery to such an extent that we deemed it best to cancel the order. The importer had them on his hands and was quite anxious that we accept them. We did, after he had become anxious enough to accept our offer of 33 1-3 per cent less than the contract price.

These are all of the better class of embroideries—the most exquisite of blind and open edges—all in pretty matched sets. Never have we shown anything nearly as pretty.

Now, about the prices. Owning them as we do, we will offer them at less than importer's prices. It is an embroidery opportunity you should at least investigate. The most handsome of imported embroideries at from—

20c to 75c the yard.

Saturday, special selling of durable



Saturday will be the final preparation day for school. Doubtless you have a boy or girl to supply with a pair of shoes. We will assist you, and very economically too, if you give heed to these special prices we create for Saturday.

Misses' Shoes—Vici and patent kid—welted extension soles—styles that have just been received—all sizes and widths—spring and city heels—bought to sell at $2.50—Saturday at--- **$2.00**

Special Bargain in Shoes—A clean-up of small lots of boys' and youths' school shoes—kid and calf skin—broken sizes from 2½ to 5½—values from $1.25 to $2.00—Saturday your choice **$1.00**

Ladies' Low Heel Shoes—Kid and box calf—solid wearers—newest toe shapes—just the thing for the school girls—Saturday our special price will be---------- **$2.00**

Misses' Box Calf School Shoes—Heavy soles—soft neat fitting tops—full outside back stay—sizes 11½ to 2—splendid $1.75 and $2.00 values—Saturday at only---------- **$1.49**

Boys' Shoes—Storm calf, box calf and velour calf—solid inside and out—newest styles of lasts—all excellent sellers—sizes 1 to 5½—Saturday at ---------- **$2.00**

School Shoes for the Larger Miss—Box calf and plump kid tops—solid counters and innersoles—are excellent values at $2.00—our special low price for Saturday---------- **$1.49**

Children's School Shoes of plump kid stock—solid throughout—lace and button—heavy and light soles—sizes 8½ to 11—$1.00 and $1.25 quality—Saturday ---------- **89c**

Little Men's School Shoes—Box calf, velour calf and satin calf—sizes 9 to 13½—four splendid lines all underpriced for Saturday's special selling at ---------- **$1.50, $1.35, $1.25 and $1.00**

Hosiery and Underwear---Big Reduction

The next lot we advertise will be fall and winter garments. We have just a few lots to dispose of before the present season closes. Note the price reductions. You can well afford to purchase for next season at these prices. They are weights you can use for a number of weeks yet this season.

Ladies' pure white gauze vests—low neck, sleeveless, fancy drop stitched taped neck and arms—regular 19c quality, Saturday at---------- **15c**

Ladies' fine ribbed lisle pants—knee length—side buttons band—white only—regular 50c quality—Saturday------ **35c**

Ladies' pure white lisle Union suits—low neck—sleeveless—lace trimmed—umbrella styles—regular 59c quality Saturday **50c**

Children's fast black cotton hose—fine ribbed—double sole—sizes 6 to 9—an exceptionally good quality at the pair-- **10c**

Children's fine cotton and lisle lace hose—double sole and heels—fast black—many patterns—the price-------- **22c**

Ladies' fancy cotton hose—extra elastic—high spliced heel and double toes—regular 39c quality—at only-------- **29c**

Ladies' lightly fleeced ribbed hose—"Black Cat" brand—a nice fall weight—a quality unequalled at---------- **25c**

Ladies' fine lisle Hose—seamless foot—double heel—elastic top—plain or with lace effect—regular 15c quality at---------- **12½c**

Ladies' "Oneita" cotton Union suits—wing sleeve—knee length—a splendid regular 50c quality at---------- **39c**

Cotton Batting We have just received our fall shipment of fine Cotton Batts. There is not another quality to equal the brands we carry. You'll acknowledge this fact when you once see the qualities. Priced at **5c, 7c, 8⅓c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c and 30c** the roll.

ALL PRESBYTERIANS

Will Soon Unite, Says Rev. R. F. Coyle.

Denver, Sept. 11.—Rev. Dr. R. F. Coyle, moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, who has just returned to his home in this city from a lecture tour in the East, believes that the time is not far distant when the twelve different Presbyterian church in the United States will become one. This probability, he says, is due to the reconstructing of the creed of his denomination, which took place last May. Calvanistic and Armenian lines, which have so long kept his and the Cumberland Presbyterian churches separated, have now, he says, been effaced, and at presetn no distinctions other than ceremonial separate the two great religious orders, that began as one in the days of Cromwell.

"Another step," said Dr. Coyle, "that our church took at the last general assembly in May, and one that tends toward the unity idea, is to emphasize Christian education. With intellectual development many sordid distinctions that tend to keep churches separated will be obliterated.

"Our church now has an educational committee, and upon it has been imposed the duty of raising $12,000,000 for educational purposes. Most of this money will be spent upon schools in the West, for our institutions of learning in the East are in good shape financially."

BRITISH WARSHIPS

Will Make Courtesy Visit to United States.

London, Sept. 11.—The Press Association today announced that the British home squadron will be sent to the United States on a courtesy visit in return for the Amberican action in sending a squadron to Portsmouth.

The home fleet, which is commanded by Vice Admiral Sir Arthur K. Wilson, has just returned from a successful participation in the naval maneuvers, and will sail Sept. 16 for a six weeks' cruise around Scotland. Shortly afterwards, according to the announcement, the fleet will sail for America.

The British home squadron consists of the first-class battleships Benbow, Empress of India, Hood, Revenge, Royal Oak, Royal Sovereign and Sans Pareil, the second-class battleship Anson, the first-class cruisers Edgar and Hawke, the second-class cruisers Dido, Mersey and Venus, and several other powerful cruisers.

DOING WELL.

Former Des Moines Man Is a Korean Millionaire.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Des Moines, Iowa, says: Michael O'Connor has just returned from Corea, where he said he saw Leigh Hunt, formerly a teacher here and later president of the state agricultural college. O'Conner said:

"Hunt is a multi-millionaire, his wealth being estimated anywhere from $75,000,000 to $100,000,000. His concessions in Korea and Eastern China are said to be princely. Hunt is now engaged in vast irrigation schemes in Korea."

JEALOUS LOVER

Murders Girl With Whom He Was Infatuated.

Mexico, Mo., Sept. 11.—In the east end of this county, Wednesday night, W. A. Reynolds, about 24 years of age, shot and killed his sweetheart, Miss Ruby Kennett, 16, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Kennett, and then committed suicide.

Reynolds is supposed to have been jealous of Miss Kennett because she attended a circus in company with Alfred Leunen. Reynolds was from Kane, Ill., and had been working for Mr. Kennett until a few months ago. In the meantime he had been waiting on Miss Kennett.

He came to her home and was invited by her parents to remain all night. He accepted the invitation, and about 12 o'clock Miss Kennett returned from the circus, in this city, in company with Alfred Lehnen. After all had retired Reynolds took his revolver and went to Miss Kennett's room in the upper story of the building and shot her through the head and then turned and shot himself through the head.

He fell on the floor about three feet away from his victim, who died within a few minutes. The family was aroused by the reports of the pistol, but when they reached the scene of the tragedy they found their daughter and the murderer both dead.

TWENTY LIVES SAVED

By Work of Police In Tenement House Fire.

New York, Sept. 11.—More than twenty women and children were rescued from a tenement house fire in Long Island City early today. A dozen persons were slightly injured. The fire started in a saloon and spread to a six-story double tenement adjoining. Four policemen who were near by rushed into the building and succeeded in getting out twenty persons, who, but for their timely arrival, would have perished. In her excitement a woman tossed her baby from a window on the second floor. The child was caught by a policeman and was unhurt.

DEWITT IS THE NAME.

The pure unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best Salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. Beware of Counterfeits. Sold by all Druggists.

OUR PIANOS BECOME SALESMEN!

Every instrument we sell speaks for itself and for us—have that stylish, dignified appearance that wins, and unfalteringly sends forth that excellence, flexibility and volume of tone that so infatuates the friends and neighbors of each and every purchaser. **SEPTEMBER, THE PIANO-BUYING MONTH,** and we have prepared for it by stocking our house with the BEST AND CHOICEST PIANOS OBTAINABLE IN THE WORLD. Every instrument a work of art.

Saturday's Piano Bargains.

A beautiful Mahogany Piano, full size cabinet grand, guaranteed in every way, worth $300------- **$200**

Ernest Gabler Upright----------$100
C. Kurtzman Upright----------$100
Large sized Schubert Upright -----$175
$425 Emerson, little used ----------$300
This instrument is superb in tone—case slightly soiled, but a rare bargain.
$350 Richmond, beautiful oak case-$262
Mehlin Grand, worth new $850 ----$450
Steinway Grand, worth new $1200--$450

Chickering, Knabe, and other square grand pianos now to be closed out at—
$25.00, $38.00, $42.00 and $50.00

50 ORGANS—All makes—at one-half actual value—now going at **$10, $15, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $45, $50**

THE STEINWAY PIANO
THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

Knabe, Emerson, Ivers & Pond, Kranich & Bach, Ludwig, Smith & Barnes, Willard, Dyer Bros., and others—all famous because of honest merit. We have them in the latest designs and most elegant woods.

Don't Forget We Are the Originators of Selling Pianos in Duluth on
THE $5 MONTHLY SYSTEM!

PIANO TUNING Is a special feature with our house. We are bound to please you or money refunded. MOVING, REFINISHING AND STORING OF PIANOS GIVEN PARTICULAR ATTENTION.

PIANOLAS

The most marvelous invention of the age. Make your purchase now, while a selection can be made and your piano matched without delay. Make the long winter evenings pleasant for every member of the family. Remember, any one can play by means of this wonderful device, without practice, as well as a concert virtuoso.

PRICE
$250
Sold on Easy Payments If Desired.

Duluth Music Co.
CORNER LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR ST. F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

MILLIONS LOST

To United States Government on the "Star" Routes.

Abolishing Competition In Bids Has Been Very Costly.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Not since the organization of the postoffice department has there been such a waste of public money in that department as at present.

The carrying of mails on what is styled "star route service" had been done at a decreasing rate for many years. But all this has been changed. The tremendous increase in cost began in 1900. Since then it has grown to an extent unprecedented. It has resulted in waste of millions of dollars.

Nearly $7,000,000 is being paid out in excess of all former rates of pay for such service, notwithstanding the extension of rural free delivery, which ought to have lessened the cost.

The "star" route" service consists of mail routes carried generally by men with horses, all through the country, and for convenience of the government, the country is divided into four sections—the New England, the Southern, the middle and the Western states. The last includes nearly all states and territories west of the Mississippi river. Contracts are let once in four years for about 20,000 routes.

Up to July, 1901, bidding for mail service had been open to all persons in every section of the United States and the large savings that have been made have resulted from this system of competition.

W. S. Shallenberger, second assistant postmaster-general, was led by George F. Stone, chief clerk, to issue an order on Feb. 13, 1900, that, hereafter, no proposal for carrying the mails on "star routes" would be considered unless the person making the proposal resided at some place satisfactory to the second assistant postmaster general. The idea was that the bidder should reside in the district of his contract.

Consequently competition became no longer possible, and the system that had prevailed from the organization of the department was abolished.

From that, the increase in cost began.

In 1897 the annual expenditures in the New England section for "star" service was $1,105,033.51. Under the new order, abolishing competition, it was increased in 1901 by $438,241.50 per annum.

The following year, in the western section, the cost was raised $947,059 per annum, and the estimated increase in the middle states is at the rate of $150,000 per month.

To this must be added the gains to the "star" service by the discontinuance of the rural delivery, which amounted in 1901 and 1902 to $396,098.

Here is shown an increase on the expenditures for "star" service from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1907, of $6,341,200, which must still be increased in like proportions in the sections not yet let.

To the above increase of "star" service must be added the constantly increasing cost of rural free delivery, which is growing into colossal figures.

The appropriation called for is now $12,660,000 per annum, and the major portion of this will consist of discontinued "star" routes.

Never give up!
Not while you can buy Ayer's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

RACES WERE VERY CLOSE

Billy Buck Won Charter Oak Stake By Small Margin.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 11.—Some royal racing was seen at Charter Oak park yesterday by the 10,000 persons in attendance. It was all confined, however, to the Charter Oak stake event, in which a field of twelve horses participated, Billy Buck carrying off the honors and the big end of the purse, winning all three heats. Each heat being a race, the battle never waned and Smathers' bay gelding was compelled to use every inch of speed he possessed to accomplish what he did. Both Walnut Hall and Hawthorne pushed him so hard that whipping finishes characterized every contest, the leaders being neck and neck as they passed under the wire. In each heat the first horse received $1500 and the second $500. The remaining $4000 was then divided according to the summary at the conclusion of the third heat, $2000 going to the first horse, $900 to the second, $600 to the third and $500 to the fourth.

Billy Buck won the first and second heats after exciting drives by the narrowest possible margins.

In the third and final heat it was a fight from the word "go" between Hawthorne and the favorite, Billy Buck was headed twice, being in third place at the half, but Geers demonstrated his generalship by avoiding pockets so that when the stretch was reached he was in a position to fight it out with Hawthorne and Swift who were leading. As the wire was being reached, whips were wielded with a vengeance and the spectators were on their feet, yelling vociferously for their favorites. At the distance flag it looked like Hawthorne's race, but in the final dash Billy Buck made another of his famous rallies and swept under the wire a winner by a nose. His time in the first race is the record for the Charter Oak stake event—2:07¾.

In the 2:13 trot and the 2:08 pace there was some spirited work. Promise, the favorite in the trot, was beaten by Bell Kuser, while Lockanda, favorite in the pace, had a walkover.

NO NEW VENTURES

Will Be Undertaken By James J. Hill.

New York, Sept. 11.—James J. Hill will undertake no new projects of magnitude. The Northwest, which years ago he chose for his life work, will be developed to the utmost. The great possibilities of the Northern Securities company, with its Oriental connection, will be unwound, but Mr. Hill has definitely decided to try his energies in no new fields.

These facts Mr. Hill told after his return from a week's cruise to Mt. Desert Island on his yacht, the Wacouta. Mr. Hill spoke of the limitation of his sphere of activity in connection with a report circulated that he was planning a new railroad to be built through Canada from Lake Superior to Hamilton Inlet, Labrador.

"Do you think I am an applicant for a lunatic asylum?" replied Mr. Hill when asked whether there was any truth in the report. "Like nine out of ten stories in which my name appears, this one is groundless. Such a railroad could scarcely be profitable.

"Wholly aside from the practicability of any such scheme, I shall never undertake any work of magnitude in a new field. My interests are limited by the lines I have already drawn. They will never be extended.

"The great possibilities of the Northern Securities roads are beginning to appear and they will grow. If I should be offered $199 a share for my Northern Securities stock on condition that I should not buy it back within ten years I should decline the offer. The earnings of the Great Northern and the other roads under the control of Northern Securities for the last year will show why I have such confidence in the property."

THE BRIDGE OF LOVE

Many Troths Plighted on Rustic Span at Missouri University.

Witchery Cast Over Young Hearts By the Romantic Spot.

St. Louis, Sept. 11.—A little rustic bridge on the campus of Missouri university at Columbia is the most romantic spot in America. The girl students of the university say it is, and they ought to know. No less than a dozen romances, which culminated in happy marriages, are known to have recently had their beginning on the rustic campus bridge, and heaven only knows how many more have started there which have not yet culminated or which have culminated without their origin having been revealed.

Five weddings of students of the university have ocurred lately, and all of them have been treaceable to the witchery cast over young hearts by the romantic bridge.

A romance of two continents began on that bridge when Don Enrique Juan Schlie, of Argentine, met Miss Lucille Albon, of De Soto, Ill., as she tripped across the bridge on her way to her studies. That was the only romance of two continents, but it was not the only romance of two hearts by any means.

The bridge of love is in the deep shade of a grove of oaks and maples in the northeast corner of the university campus.

One looking at it now cannot see that it has any particular excuse for being there. It spans nothing but a slight depression across which an athletic student could leap with ease. But once a brook babbled beneath the rustic bridge. It was not the sort of brook that goes on forever. The sun lapped it up and the soil drank at its brink, and one day it ceased to babble. It went dry, and there was only a scar across the campus where it had been. Grass grew where water had flowed and as the days passed by the brook came almost to be forgotten, but the bridge stayed right on, regardless, and continued to do business at the old stand, just as if there had been a torrent rushing along continually beneath its trusty timbers.

It has been there these fifty years, has the quaint old rustic bridge, and the university authorities would as soon think of uprooting the oaks and maples and dragging them away as they would think of tearing down the bridge. And the students—they would fight for the old rustic bridge, for they all love it, whether they have fallen under its romantic spell as yet or not.

In addition to those of the five couples, all students at the university, who have been wedded lately because of the bridge, there are many other romances which have started there. Just how many there have been cannot be said, because not all of the students who have felt its witchery will own up to it. They all have a sort of superstitious reverence for the rustic structure and the grove which surrounds it, and no student of any susceptibility can pass over the bridge or through the grove without the acceleration of heart beats which romantic reflections induce.

"Bridge weddings" the girls call the matrimonial climaxes of meetings on the rustic span. Not long ago a general feeling that the bridge should have a name in keeping with its efficiency as a matchmaker led to a secret meeting of the girl students, at which the discussion was animated. A number of names were proposed. One girl thought it should be called "the Bridge of Sighs." The mistanthropic implication called forth a chorus of remonstrance. The girl insisted that the name was appropriate because lovers sighed as well as people in other kinds of misery, but she found no supporters and other names were discussed.

Another girl wanted to know what was the matter with Quo Vadis.

She was informed with some scorn that there was nothing the matter with Quo Vadis, but it was not a literary society which was then in session, and they had no time to weigh the merits of books.

The girl said she did not mean to precipitate a book discussion, but offered Quo Vadis as a suitable name for the bridge.

The other girls said, "O-o-oh!" Then they wanted to know why.

"Why, don't you know," said the girl, "Quo Vadis means 'whither goest thou?'" It was her turn to be scornful.

The girls all knew it, of course, being university girls, but they hadn't thought of it.

They now said "O-o-oh!" again, louder than before, and all of them saw a great white light. For, as long as any of them could remember, it had been the prerogative of the boy student to say to the girl student when they met on the rustic bridge: "Where do you go?" and just as long it had been required by custom for the girl student, whether the boy student addressed her by right acquired by formal introduction or not, to reply sweetly to the greeting.

They agreed, did these girls, that "Quo Vadis" was just too cute a name for anything, particularly as the boys would ponder many a sleepless hour on the meaning of it, and "Quo Vadis" the bridge was named.

Of all the bridge weddings the most romantic was that of Senor Don Enrique Juan Schlie and Miss Lucille Albon, of De Soto, Ill. When Cupid brought them together through the medium of the magic bridge he performed the quasi-diplomatic feat of uniting the United States and the Argentine Republic, in South America, for the don came from that country.

When Don Enrique first saw pretty Lucille Albon tripping across the rustic bridge he lost his heart on the spot. He had to love her mutely for a while because his lips could not frame words of love which the Illinois girl could understand. If she had been German, French, Spanish or Italian he could have poured the tale of his devotion into her ears, for he was a master of those languages, but Miss Lucille could only understand English and that language Don Enrique could not speak.

By and by his tongue was trained so that it could crudely express the protestations of affection which his eyes had been making with torrid eloquence. Then there was a wild ride across the country in search of a minister, a midnight marriage, further flight on a train, parental forgiveness and complete happiness at last.

Senor Don had come to Columbia as a special educational envoy from his government to study Missouri agricultural methods and follow university experimentation. He had leased a cottage for five years and settled down to fit himself for an honorable governmental position in his own country.

Miss Albion went to Columbia to enter Stephens Female college. She made her home with her uncle, C. W. Davis, deputy county clerk. Don Enrique's cottage was only a few doors away.

After he had seen her on the rustic bridge and had fallen precipitately in love with her, he saw her often, because she had to pass his cottage on the way to her classes. He admired her from behind the window curtains of his study. He yearned to know her and to tell her of his affection, because he knew no word of English. He despaired, but only for a moment. He would learn the language of the "Bonita Senorita" and then he would tell her of his love and ask her to be his.

He confided to President Jesse his desire to learn the English language in record-breaking time. At President Jesse's suggestion he employed Frederick Dearing as his instructor. Spurred on by his love and his desire to be able to give it expression in the language of the United States, he studied hard and made amazing progress.

By and by he confided to his teacher his buring desire to be made acquainted with Miss Albon. Mr. Dearing arranged to have the don invited to the home of Miss Albon's uncle.

When Miss Albon entered the room the South American was paralyzed. He forgot the pretty English speeches he had rehearsed so diligently, and in his own estimation floundered quite discreditably and went away miserable.

But he had been invited to call again and he returned to the attack with renewed confidence.

But try as he would he could not tell his love in cold English. He needed the ardent phrases of the language of a more southern clime. He had an inspiration. He would teach Miss Albon Spanish. He became her volunteer teacher in the language. In a little while she understood it well enough for him to pour out to her in that language the story of his love which his eyes had already told her in the universal language.

Miss Albon went home. The distracted don went there to visit her and presented himself to her father as a suitor for her hand. He was accepted as such, but was told that he would have to wait until both had finished their studies at the university.

The young lovers made up their minds that they would not wait. On the pretext of visiting a friend of Miss Albon they went to Duquoin and from there drove to Pinckneyville. They procured a license, but all the ministers were out of town and they had to drive the ten miles back to Duquoin. At 11 o'clock they reached the home of Miss Albon's friend. She went with them and they aroused Rev. Throckmorton, a Baptist minister, who married them. They took a train at 3 o'clock for Ashley and went from there to Belleville, from where the bride wrote to her father for forgiveness, which was granted, of course.

The couple now live in Columbia, in a little brick cottage on Pratt street, where they receive many friends, and are always willing to tell again the story of their romance, which began on the fateful bridge.

And all of these things happened because Miss Lucille Albon tripped across the bridge of love and Don Enrique saw her at the most romantic spot in America.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
is not a molasses, but a pure, wholesome syrup *fit to eat.*
All grocers, 10c, 25c, 50c.
The Great Spread For Daily Bread.
Corn Products Co., New York and Chicago.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals for the laying of 17,556 feet of 10-inch cast iron gas pipe will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 o'clock p. m.

Specifications can be obtained at the office of the Board.

L. N. CASE, Manager.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Water and Light Commissioners for hauling 500 tons, more or less, of 10-inch gas pipe, Thursday, the 17th inst., at 4 p. m. Get specifications at the office.

A Full Set of **The Best Artificial Teeth for $10**
We guarantee our work.

And no extra charge for extracting.
Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
Painless Extracting.....50c
JOHNSON & KAAKE
DENTISTS,
MESABA BLOCK, 409-411 W. Sup. St., DULUTH, MINN.
ZENITH 'PHONE 168. OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 10 TO 12 M.

WEDDING AND OFFICE STATIONERY
Artistically and Promptly Executed.
MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.
32 West First Street. Both Phones.

POSITION FOR EUSTIS.

Former Minneapolis Mayor to Be an Appraiser.

Mineapolis, Sept. 11.—Ex-Mayor W. H. Eustis of Minneapolis is to receive one of the best appointments in the gift of President Roosevelt. It was announced at the treasury department at Washington yesterday that Former Mayor of Minneapolis William Henry Eustis is to be given an appointment on the board of appraisers at the port of New York.

This position comes wholly unsolicited by Mr. Eustis. It was tendered him a few weeks ago by Secretary of Treasury Shaw, with the request that should he decide to accept, to secure the endorsement of the Minnesota congressional delegation.

The endorsement of the delegation was secured by Mr. Eustis, and his appointment will be announced from Oyster Bay in a few days.

The position pays $7000 per annum and is a life position.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Bob Fitzsimmons and Con Coughlan, the "Irish giant," were matched to meet in a six round bout before the Industrial Athltic club, of Philadelphia, on the evening of Sept. 25. The fight will be catch weights.

Little Shamrock, of the Columbia Yacht club of Chicago, finished first again Thursday in the contest for the Franklin water cup at Detroit. This is the second race captured by the Little Shamrock over the Country Cup course at Grosse Pointe. The final race will be sailed as a part of the Country club annual regatta, Saturday.

Joseh H. Louden, a large woolen manufacturer of Wales and Monsin, Mass., filed a petition in bankruptcy Thursday. The total liabilities, as shown by the schedules amounted to $321,936, with nominal assets of $316,717. The unsecured claims amount to $91,972, distributed among about 100 creditors.

By direction of Deupty Coroner Hammond, all those who were arrested in connection with the death of Pugilist Riley at Philadelphia, were discharged from custody with the exception of "Grif" Jones, who was Riley's opponent in the bout. He will be detained in jail awaiting the action of the coroner.

John H. Larkin, alias John H. Williams, of Tomah, Wis., who tried to have a forged New York draft for $5000 cashed at a Buffalo bank and who is wanted in Denver, for alleged forgery and embezzlement, was arrested Thursday. He was endeavoring to get the $5000 draft cashed when placed under arrest. He admits that it is spurious. He will be turned over to the Denver police.

Miss Isabelle Duncan Clark, 33 years old, daughter of the late William Squire Clark, a San Jose millionaire, committed suicide in her apartments at the McNutt hospital, San Francisco. On a steel by her side she placed a small gas stove, opened the jet and inhaled the escaping gas. On a stand nearby was an envelope addressed to Mr. McNutt and containing a photographic will. Miss Clark was subject to melancholia.

A general strike was ordered at the Nelson Morris packing plant in South St. Joseph, Thursday noon, and the plant is practically at a standstill. The trouble was caused by the refusal of the superintendent to discharge a fireman who was charged with being unfair to union workmen. Twelve hundred are out.

Bank robbers broke into the Bank of Downs, Wash., blew the doors off the safe, which is said to have contained about $5000. The explosion was so great that the heavy safe fell forward on the floor. The robbers were unable to raise it to get at its contents and left without their booty.

Five masked men entered the barroom of the Hotel O'Neill at Tacoma, Wash., Thursday morning, held up five men, including the bartender, and proprietor, robbedd the till and forced the proprietor to open the safe in the office. The robbers secured $1600, a considerable amount of jewelry and several gold nuggets. After dividing their plunder, the men walked out.

NAMED BY BLACK.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Gen. John C. Black, recently elected commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., yesterday appointed his present staff and issued his first general order in the form of a fraternal greeting to the members of the organization. In the ensuing year the national headquarters will be in Memorial hall, Chicago, and will be in charge of Adjt. Gen. Charles A. Partridge. The following were named as members of the staff: Adjutant general, Charles A. Partridge, of the department of Illinois; quartermaster general, Charles Burrows, of the department of New Jersey; inspector general, Gen. E. B. Messer, of the department of Iowa; judge advocate general, James Tanner, of the department of New York.

NEW FREIGHT RATES IN EFFECT.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—The new freight rates on lumber and coal recently ordered by the state railroad commission, became operative yesterday. The reductions amount to from 8 to 15 per cent on coal and 12 to 15 per cent on lumber. The railroads have made a long fight against the reduction, as timber and coal rates, both in and out of the state, will be seriously affected by the change. The reductions in Minnesota will cause a general revision of tariffs and will also lower through rates.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Forty men were hemmed in by flames and threatened with death by a fire which originated from an explosion of a gasoline engine in the second story of the Bradley Burr company's carriage and wagon works here yesterday. The last of the employes had barely groped their way out of the burning building when the roof of the structure fell in with a crash that could be heard for blocks. One man was severely cut and bruised from a jump out of a second story window. The loss was placed at $30,000.

New Fall Styles

In boys' suits, ready-made suits, at $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95 to $7.00.
C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Store Open Until 10 Saturday Evening.

Johnson & Moe

THE WEST END BIG DEPARTMENT STORE,
21st Avenue West and Superior St.

Our Mr. Moe, who has been traveling in Europe all summer, taking a well-deserved vacation, has arrived in New York city, and is now completing our purchases of latest fall merchandise in the metropolis and other Eastern markets. We'll have much to tell you about when these purchases and our European importations arrive. A telegram received from Mr. Moe yesterday says:

"SPARE NO EFFORTS TO CLEAN UP WASH GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, AND SUMMER STUFFS—PUT PRICES LOWER THAN EVER TO INSURE QUICK SALES."

Acting on this instruction, we immediately "nailed" the remaining summer goods (most lines are already cleaned up), and will give some samples of final price-marking for tomorrow, Saturday:

Two Lots of Wash Goods to Be Cleaned Up Saturday.

LOT No. 1—Consists of about 1000 yards Batiste Francais—pretty light and medium designs, that sold earlier at 10c—in remnants of 5 to 25 yards—Saturday to close at per yard..... 2½c

LOT No. 2—Consists of about 2000 yards short lengths of Lawns, Dimities and Batistes—in nice patterns, such as sold earlier at 12½c, 15c and 19c—Saturday to close at per yard..... 4½c

Embroideries Reduced One-Half!

Tomorrow, Saturday, we place the entire stock of Embroideries, including every choice pattern, edgings and insertions—none reserved—on sale at—

Exactly Half Regular Prices.

Getting such a large price concession, it becomes a grand opportunity for saving people to lay in a supply of Embroideries for future needs. Don't miss it.

A Steep Reduction of Infants' and Children's Muslin Bonnets and Hats

In order to close these light goods quickly, we divide them in two lots, and name prices far below even cost to the manufacturer. The lots include some sample lines bought at a small figure compared with actual value. Part of these bonnets are a little mussed, which is one of the causes of the deep cut.

LOT No. 1—Infants' and Children's Muslin Bonnets and Hats—that were 25c and upwards to $1.25—your choice—each..... 19c

LOT No. 2—Infants' and Children's Muslin Bonnets and Hats—that were $1.39 up to $2.25—your choice to close..... 39c

Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists

And some white ones, worth to $2.25—small sizes—final clean-up—at each..... 25c

Only 27 Ladies' Summer Coats

left, comprising a fair range of sizes and styles, all at—

HALF PRICE!

SCHOOL OPENS MONDAY.

We Have a Sale on School Supplies.

Pencils Free with all 5c Tablets.
Penholders Free with all 10c Tablets.
Composition Books, 5c kind for 4c.
25c Webster's Dictionaries, cloth bound, for 19c.
25c Eagle Compass and Dividers, for 19c.
Brass-edge Rulers, each 5c.
Pen Points, 5c per dozen.
5c Lead Pencils for 4c.
and so forth. Children, attend the school sale.

See our latest "Sale Bill" for details of next week's doings.

ROMANTIC STORY

Kate Tobey Wanted a Tombstone and Got a Husband.

Pretty Young Typewriter to Marry a Massachusetts Millionaire.

New York, Sept. 11.—Once upon a time—a time as recent as five years ago—a pretty young typewriter from down East Maine asked the millionaire owner of a Massachusets marble quarry if he would sell her a tombstone at cost.

Instead of a tombstone he offered her an engagement ring. Before many days he will slip a plain gold wedding ring on her finger and the Berkshire Hills will smile down on the happy ending of a most romantic wooing.

One of the loveliest spots on the picturesque Maine coast is quaint old Thomaston. Like most New England towns it claims the honor of being the old home place of many of the famous folk, the name of Gen. Knox appearing prominently among its local celebrites.

Miss Katherine Tobey, the heroine of this story, was not a celebrity. She was simply a young woman, left nearly alone in the world, and obliged, therefore, to earn her own living.

She came to New York from Thomaston to try to do this by joining the army of breadwinners. Stenography and typewriting she knew how to do best. She opened a little office in a big, busy city and offered her services for a fair money equivalent to anybody who needed her services.

After a while she accepted a position as public stenographer in one of the large New York hotels. It was while there that the millionaire quarryman of Lee, Mass., stepped into Kate Tobey's life story.

William H. Gross is the owner of the famous Lee Marble works. He is the owner, moreover, of one of the most beautiful country places in the beautiful Berkshire region.

Business connected with his big marble contracts brings Mr. Gross frequently to New York; the hotel where Miss Tobey worked as public stenographer was at that time his usual stopping place.

Mr. Gross soon formed the habit of dictating his business letters to the bright-faced young stenographer in the hotel corridor. But nobody dreamed then that the outcome of dictated competitive bids for big marble contracts would be a bid or an offer of a marriage contract.

Kate Tobey liked her employer for his kindly, genial manner toward her and for the deferential courtesy he never failed to show. Over the dictated letters they became good friends.

One of the bids Mr. Gross "puts in" annually is for the contract to furnish soldiers' tombstones to the United States government. Congress appropriates a large sum each year for these tombstones. They are placed over the unmarked grave of any dead soldier of the Union whose friends make application in proper form through some Grand Army post or through the quartermaster general.

Mr. Gross is so often successful in securing these contracts that tombstones have become a regular branch of industry at the Lee Marble works. Because of this fact Miss Tobey's usual greeting to Mr. Gross when he brought her his heaps of correspondence was, "Well, how is the tombstone trade this morning?"

Even with a kind and genial employer a typewriter's work is hard and monotonous. Perhaps the bright-faced little woman from Maine sometimes wearied a bit of her daily routine of drudgery. Perhaps a minor note of unsatisfied longing crept occasionally into her gay jests.

At any rate she said one day: 'I wish you really were in the tombstone business, Mr. Gross. I would ask you to let me have one at cost price."

Kind-hearted Mr. Gross looked properly sympathetic. "Has some dear one died?" he asked gently.

"Very few of my dear ones are left to die," replied Miss Tobey. "No, Mr. Gross, this is my own funeral I am arranging for. I am not very economical, and when I am spending my money for any notions that strike my fancy, instead of saving it up for the necessities of life, it would comfort me to know that the last need of all—a nice tombstone over my grave—had been properly contracted for."

"You are welcome to some of my marble," Mr. Gross assured Miss Tobey, "but don't order that tombstone just now!"

He did not say why—just then—but he thought a good deal about that tombstone. And the more he thought about it the more positive became his belief that a woman like Kate Tobey would fit better into a lone man's big, beautiful home than into her own lonesome little grave.

But while he was calculating in deliberate, man-like fashion, Miss Tobey made up her mind to cross the ocean and try her fortune as a stenographer in Paris.

Her decision was made somewhat suddenly. When Mr. Gross learned of it he felt as he occasionally had when somebody unexpectedly "underbid" him for a contract. In love, as in business under similar circumstances, there was nothing he could do just then.

But he congratulated brave little Miss Tobey on her pluck and her enterprise, and he bade her a rather lingering sort of good-by with his hearty good wishes for her success.

And when Miss Tobey reached her stateroom on the day her steamer sailed she found it filled with loveliest roses. A note from the doner, William H. Gross, accompanied the flowers. In the note Mr. Gross said: "I take more pleasure in sending you these roses for this voyage than I would take in twining them around that tombstone."

Which, for a man whose thoughts were mostly in marble, was very nearly a tender sentiment.

The plucky little typewriter worked patiently in Paris, the marble-contractor millionaire waited impatiently at home.

Friendly letters passed between them. The typewriter's were filled with accounts of her success, which was extraordinary, though well earned. If the contractor had felt as though somebody had "underbid" him, the millionaire realized that money (which most women take some account of) would in the case of Miss Tobey be a very secondary consideration and overbid largely by the delights of a business career.

Undoubtedly Miss Tobey was succeeding over in Paris.

Very soon, though she knew hardly a word of the French language, she had mastered the situation and found lucrative employment as public stenographer in one of the large hotels for her own countrymen and countrywomen, of whom many were at all times in the French capital.

She was resident secretary for a while to a high-titled dame of the exclusive old Fauborg St. Germain. She left this pleasant position only because of requests for her services, at exclusive rates, which poured in upon her from nearly every prominent member of the American colony in Paris.

She was patronized and "proteged" by the Mackays, the Fairs, the Crockers, by Senator Clark of Montana and copper mines, and by Godfrey Kopp, the great art critic.

One of her unique experiences she related one day last summer.

"I was sitting in my office at my desk," Miss Tobey said, "one day in Paris when a gentleman approached me. He was a broken-down wreck of a man, who looked as though he were the victim of alcohol or drugs, but with the sweetest speaking voice possible.

"He addressed me in French, and gave me a number of dictations, all letters, but all without the names of the persons to whom they were addressed. The gentleman's name, he said was Moreau.

"He took his correspondence with him to supply the names and addresses, as I assumed, at home.

"Of course this peculiarity excited my curiosity a little, because, ordinarily, men like the stenographer to fold, seal, address and stamp their letters—in fact, to save them all the trouble they can.

"But Mr. Moreau's voice, his exquisitely chosen French, his woebegone and utterly hopeless expression of countenance and his fast-failing health did really interest me. His letters were dictated in French, but I was always instructed to translate them and write them in English, which I carefully did.

"One day someone spoke to Mr. Moreau just as he was coming into my office, and spoke in English. Mr. Mareau replied in the same language, and I could not suppress my surprise. So I said: 'Why, Mr. Moreau, if you speak English, why not give me your dictation in that language and save all the extra expense and trouble of translating them?'

"He seemed confused for a moment and said something about his vocabulary being better in French, but from that time the dictations were given in English.—such beautiful English as I have never transcribed before or since.

"Finally Mr. Moreau began to dictate poems, stories—sad, somber, tragic things—obviously the dying messages of a broken-spirited man.

"One day he failed to keep his appointment. A week went by. Mr. Moreau never came again.

"It was about this time that the papers announced the death of Oscar Wilde—told of the squalor of his surroundings—of his recourse to drugs in his latter days—of his awful end alone, in abject poverty.

"The next day a young gentleman called for Mr. Moreau's copy. Mr. Moreau, he said, was dead. Afterward, among Oscar Wilde's last literary contributions, published under an assumed name, I recognized the articles I had taken down from Mr. Moreau's lips."

This is but one of the many interesting incidents in Kate Tobey's busy life abroad—a life which, as she says, brought her in touch with so many people of renown and exceptional interest.

Four years passed away, and still Miss Tobey remained in Paris, and every year her business career seemed to be running under more favorable auspices. At the end of that period, however, she returned for a visit to New York city, where glowing accounts of her success as a brave business woman had for a long while preceded her.

She did not come back to idle; she worked as hard as ever and established herself in New York as a visiting secretary in the homes of the best-known people. F. W. Havemeyer, Judge Edward B. Thomas and Park Commissioner Wilcox are a few among the many business men who gave Miss Tobey appreciative patronage.

Mr. Gross was not behind the others in trying to engage Miss Tobey. By and by he "stole a march" on them all and held up the Berkshire Hills as so alluring a charm that Miss Kate Tobey, of Maine, Paris and New York, consented to go to little Lee, Mass., as stenographer to Mr. Gross and the tombstones.

The engagement at first was a provisional one—for a term of about two months. "During that time," said Miss Tobey the other day, "I had counted on being able personally to superintend the quarrying out and sawing, the rubbing and lettering of Kate Tobey's long promised tombstone. But" (and she blushed most charmingly) "something decided my plans somewhat differently. I am to stay on in Lee. I guess you know all the rest. And my tomstone is still unquarried."

The home at Lee to which the millionaire will take Kate Tobey, as his bride, would delight any home-loving woman, half colonial in its architecture, wholly comfortable and luxurious in its furnishings, it is one of the finest places in the whole Berkshire country.

The house stands in the midst of its far-spreading acres, just as it has stood for a number of generations.

Mr. Gross stood in the wide-open doorway to welcome his guests when a writer for the Sunday Post-Dispatch visited the place on the other day. He is broad-shouldered and brawney, tall and strong, with a fine, massive head. He looks about 50 years of age, has a decidedly handsome face and eyes that are clear and frank. These eyes grew wonderfully tender whenever they rested on Kate Tobey. One could hardly imagine a man with such a face doing anything wilfully to pain the heart of any good woman. His neighbors speak of him in the highest terms.

Kate Tobey herself is a winsome litite woman, with brown eyes and a wealth of soft brown hair. She exemplifies in her life the type of woman America has a right to be proud of. She stands for all that is best and earnest in her chosen profession.

Her success as a stenographer was not attained through luck or pull or influence. The truth is, she was an absolute stranger when she came to this big city to compete with the men and women of her profession, who had all the advantage of living in New York and of knowing the ground.

She won her unusual position, with its unusual compensation, because she brought unusual talent and almost unhear of diligence, interest, faithfulness and intelligence to her work.

In her love affair she counted a man's heart above his millions. She would not marry Mr. Gross until she was certain such a union meant happiness for both.

In a sordid world, where matrimonial sales are not infrequent, it is heartening to record the story of a girl who earned her living for three years at her typewriter while she was making up her mind that she cared enough for a man himself to become his wife.

DRESSY OVERCOATS!



Copyright 1903 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Between the extremes of style in Overcoats comes this "regular" style. It's called that, we suppose, because wearers never get tired of it. You see how Hart, Schaffner & Marx make it; very dressy and just as stylish as the long, loose-backed shapes, or the form-fitting kind. You can't make an overcoat mistake here; there isn't a wrong one in the store, and there are a good many right ones. Better get a Hart, Schaffner & Marx coat and get full money's worth.

What's Your Style?

Do you like a regular sack suit for business, or the double-breasted, or the 'varsity? All suitable, and if you say "Hart, Schaffner & Marx," all good and satisfactory to you. We show here the regular H. S. & M. double breasted sack—differs a little from the double-breasted 'varsity—both very stylish suits. The best thing about these clothes you don't pay any more for them than you pay for inferior makes elsewhere.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyers clothing sold exclusively by us in Duluth.



Copyright 1903 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT!

More Complete Than Ever—Special Attention Paid to School Apparrel at Present.



Sailor Norfolk Suits—ages 3 to 8—in plain colors and newest effects in mixtures—prices..... $7.50 to **$2.50**

Sailor Blouse Suits—ages 3 to 10—Splendid assortment—in plain colors and mixtures—from..... $10.00 to **$2.50**

Norfolk Suits—ages 5 to 16—the most complete line ever shown in Duluth—prices..... $8.00 to **$2.50**

Double-breasted two-piece Suits—ages 8 to 17—cheviots and tweeds in endless variety—in mixtures, serges and cheviots in black and blue—price—per suit..... $10.00 to **$1.75**

Three-piece Knee-pant Suits—ages 9 to 17—neat, nobby mixtures, in cheviots and tweeds—good line serges and cheviots in black and blue—prices..... $12.00 to **$3.50**

Long-pants Suits—ages 14 to 20—Here we carry the best to be had—coat tailored with that wide shoulder and positively will keep their shape—only new mixtures in black and blue—prices..... $18.00 to **$5.00**

A complete printing outfit given with every purchase of $5 or over.
Shoes in all sizes and lasts—price $1 to $3.50.
Furnishings, Hats and Caps.





Men's Finest Furnishings For Fall!

Tomorrow is Fall Opening Day in our Hat Department—

The new fall of 1903 blocks in both stiff and soft shapes are now ready for your inspection. We know you will like them—they show character—they're nobby—they are becoming—every style, every color—$1.50, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

New Shirts, New Gloves, New Underwear, New Neckwear, Fancy Vests—very swell and up to the minute in style.

THE 'ANKER' $3.50 SHOE!



Is the best shoe on earth at the price. All selected leather and made to wear. We can save you money on your Shoes, and will if you visit this busy department of our store.

KENNEY & ANKER

Duluth's New Clothing Store,
409-411 WEST SUPERIOR ST

LIEUT. MARBLE HAS RESIGNED

Gives Up Navy to Take Up Mining Engineering.

Lieut. Ralph N. Marble, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble, of this city, has resigned his position in the navy, and will take up mining engineering as his life pursuit. The resignation has been accepted by Secretary Moody, and will take effect next Tuesday.

The reasons given by Lieut. Marble for this step are that the opportunities for advancement are small, that it requires too close application and too long service for the possible rewards, and that the opportunities outside the service are too great.

Lieut. Marble was appointed to the naval academy at Annapolis in 1894 by Former Congressman M. R. Baldwin. He was graduated in the spring of 1898, in time to take part in the Spanish-American war. He was assigned to the Brooklyn and participated in the victory over Cervera's fleet off Santiago, July 3, 1898. After the Spanish-American war he was assigned to the Pacific station, where he spent some time. On his return to the United States a year ago he was placed in command of the Craven naval torpedo station on Narragansett bay, R. I. He has been there ever since with the exception of a furlough spent in visiting his parents in Duluth this summer.

He will enter Columbia university at the opening of its year this month. He will take a thorough course in mining engineering.

P. O. CLERKS ELECT OFFICERS.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 11.—The fourth annual convention of the United National Association for Postoffice Clerks adjourned last night after selecting St. Louis for the next convention and electing the following officers: President, Frank T. Rogers, Chicago; first vice president, Forest L. May, Dayton, O.; second vice president, P. J. McDermott, Worcester, Mass.; third vice president, William H. McCarthy, St. Louis; secretary, P. C. Loeffler, Milwaukee.

PAYNE ASKED TO EXPLAIN

Delaware Politics Disrupted By Removal of Miss Todd.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 11.—President Roosevelt has asked Postmaster General Payne for a report on the retirement of Miss Hulda B. Todd, the postmistress at Greenwood, Del., who has, it is alleged, been forced out by Senator Allee, one of the Addicks proteges, to make room for an Addicks worker.

The president, it was said here authoritatively, did not know anything about Miss Todd's retirement until he read of it in the newspapers. A few days ago Mr. Roosevelt received letters from people in Delaware about the case, and he immediately called on the postmaster general for a report. The report has not yet been received by the president.

It is the opinion here that the president in his appointment of a successor to W. M. Bryne, who has resigned as United States district attorney in Delaware, will strive first of all to name a man who by his political position in Delaware may exert a quieting influence on the disrupted condition of Republican affairs in that state.

TRAGEDY AT AURORA.

Aurora, Ill., Sept. 11.—Delta Walton attempted to kill her love, Ernest Berry, yesterday afternoon and then fired a bullet through her brain, dying instantly. The girl had for some time insisted that Berry marry her, and he had refused. Yesterday afternoon she took out a warrant for his arrest. While an officer was on his way to serve the warrant, Miss Walton met Berry in the street. She fired at Berry while standing only a few feet away. The bullet passed through Berry's hat without touching him. Thinking that she had killed Berry, Miss Walton shot herself.

MINNESOTA FARMERS

Will Meet and Form a State Organization.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—A convention will be called in St. Paul within two weeks for the purpose of forming a state farmers' organization. Farmers in nine states represented at the convention of the National Farmers' association in Chicago this week wil lassemble in a short time for a similar purpose.

The meeting will be called by C. E. Jackson of Buckman, Minn., who was elected by the farmers of Morrison county as a delegate to the national convention. Mr. Jackson returned from Chicago yesterday. He has been authorized to call the convention, and a number of organizers from the National association will arrive here to assist him in carrying out the project. Branch associations will be formed in each county.

"The purpose of the organization is to protect the farmers from monopolists and other organizations that inflict with the interests and the general welfare of the farmers," said Mr. Jackson.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents, at all druggists.

Music Lessons Free.

The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO VISIT



CHAS. L. GRAY'S

New Cloak, Suit and Millinery Store, No. 20 West Superior St.

We Have Over 100 Styles in

DRESSY AUTUMN FROCKS

for your inspection—no two alike. The long coats and graceful skirts are wonderfully stylish. They are made of Broadcloths, Zibelines, Cheviots, Coverts, Tweeds, Scotch Mixtures and Men's Wear Materials. You will find our Styles Different, every garment silk or satin lined and magnificently tailored, at the right prices.

Special Sale of Walking Skirts

Fifty New Walking Skirts, in zibelines, cheviots and fancy mixtures—all up-to-date styles.

$5.00 Skirts $3.00, $6.00 Skirts $4.00, $8 Skirts $5

Millinery — Our new Fall Millinery in all the correct shapes, will please you, both in style and price.

Waists — Mercerized Vesting Waists—Washable Mommie Cloth Waists—New Silk Waists—all different and pretty as skilled hands can make them.

Skirts — New Walking Skirts, New Long Dress Skirts, New Silk Skirts, New Silk Sunburst Skirts.

BILL DEVERY

Creates New Word In English Language.

New York, Sept. 11.—That eminent citizen, William Stephen Devery, may not attain his aspiration for being mayor, but today he is in proud possession of the knowledge that he enriched the language with the word "chesty." The latest edition of the Standard Dictionary contains the word used by the chief in describing Inspector, then captain, George McClusky, when he removed him from the head of the detective bureau and sent him to the goat district in the Bronx. The word in the dictionary is defined as follows:

"Chesty—Chest-y, pronounced ches-ti; (slang U. S.); manifesting aggressive self-conceit; bumptiousness; affected; pretentious."

Devery, perhaps, did not realize when he called McClusky "Chesty George" that he meant all this, but now that it is in cold type he will have to stand for it.

"Contraction of the stomach and expansion of the head—that's what I mean by chesty," said William S. Devery today when asked to define the word as he understood it. "But I want to tell you right here, young man," he added, "I don't want nuthin' said that'll make trouble for George McClusky. He's a young man trying to make his way in life an' I'm not the one to make trouble for him. He's in the police business an' he's his way to make. I'm out of the police business now. Whatever I said about him hasn't nuthin' to do with the case now."

MABEL HITE

Sues Her Chicago Spouse For Divorce.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11.—Mable Hite, who impersonates a female detective in "The Chaperons," instructed her attorneys to bring suit for divorce against her husband, Ellis Hamlin, son of Geo. Hamlin, Chicago. Non-support and drunkenness are the causes for action. Miss Hite says she has not seen or heard of Hamlin since she purchased a ticket for him in San Francisco on March 23, 1901, just three weeks after they were married in Salt Lake City, and sent him to his home in Chicago.

PANIC STRICKEN

Passengers Watch a Bark Burn at Sea.

New York, Sept. 11.—Panic stricken by fear of fire at sea were 300 cabin passengers of the liner Laurentian when awakened by the stoppage of the engines at 2 o'clock last Sunday morning off Newfoundland banks. The passengers saw a sea about them illuminated by flames. Many of them had to be restrained by the ship's officers from jilling over one another up the companion ladder. But when their fears were allayed by learning it was not their own vessel but a bark near by that was on fire their terror gave way to admiration of the scene, which all agreed was the most magnificent spectacle they had ever witnessed.

"I have been at sea for forty years," said Capt. William E. Muller upon the arrival of the Laurentian from Glasgow, and I have seen about all the world has to show, but never have I seen anything like this. With other passengers I rushed to the companion ladder when the sailor prevented us from ascending to the deck, almost in a panic.

"From one to another it was whispered that the ship was on fire, and of course we thought it must be our ship. When the guard was withdrawn and we trooped out on deck we looked upon the most magnificent sight possible for the traveler to behold. Only a few hundred yards away stood a large bark enveloped in flames, lighting up the sky with a lurid glare as far as the eye could see and making it almost as light as day."

SON IS FOUND.

Walked Into Father's Shop After Fifteen Years.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Portland, Ore., says: After wandering around the globe for fifteen years, forgetting even his birthplace and the names of his parents from whom he had been kidnaped, Marcus Hechtman, now 22 years old, has walked into the store of his father to look at a watch and has been recognized by the aged man. Young Hechtman was stolen by a wandering troup of variety actors when 7 years old.

CROOKED OFFICIALS.

Several In Philippines Guilty of Misappropriating Funds.

Manila, Sept. 11.—Customs Inspector Thomas P. Coates and Lieut. Osborne, constabulary supply officer, both stationed at San Fernandino, who were arrested recently on the charge of misappropriating government funds, have been tried and convicted of the crime. Lieut. Osborne has been sentenced to ten years and Inspector Coates to eight years' imprisonment. Dean Tompkins, treasurer of the province of La Union, has also been convicted of forgery, but sentence has been reserved. The minimum penalty for the crime is imprisonment for twelve years.

TO ANTIETAM.

Arrangements For President's Trip Are Completed.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 11.—Arrangements for President Roosevelt's trip to the battlefield of Antietam next Thursday are about completed. The presidential party accompanying Governor Murphy and other prominent officials of New Jersey will arrive at the battlefield about 9 o'clock in the morning. The ceremonies incident to the dedication of the monument erected to the memory of the New Jersey soldiers will take place soon afterwards. These will include addresses by President Roosevelt and Governor Murphy, and music by a band. The return trip of the presidential party will begin early in the afternoon of Thursday.

WRIT ALLOWED

But Lynchehaun Was Rearrested on New Warrant.

Indianapolis, Sept. 11.—Judge Francis E. Baker of the United States circuit court this morning sustained the petition for a write of habeas corpus filed by the attorneys for James Lynchehaun, the Irish fugitive arrested here.

The court granted the petition on the ground that United States Marshal Pettit cannot make an arrest here on a warrant issued in New York. He said the prisoner had a right to be tried where captured. The decision would free Lynchehaun, but Charles Fox, the British legal representative at New York made application in court this morning to have Lynchehaun rearrested on a warrant sworn out in Indianapolis in order that the proceedings may go as originally planned.

Judge Baker placed the warrant in the hands of Marshal Pettit, who was instructed to rearrest Lynchehaun and hold him for hearing before United States Commissioner Moore. By mutual agreement the hearing was fixed for next Wednesday morning.

LAMSDORFF TO RESIGN.

He Will Probably Be Succeeded By Lsvolsky.

Copenhagen, Sept. 11.—The correspondent of the Associated Press learns from a reliable source, well informed in regard to Russian affairs, that Count Lamsdorff's resignation as minister of foreign affairs is expected before long, and that he will be succeeded by M. A. P. D'Lsvolsky, now Russian minister here.

M. D'Lsvolsky was recently transferred here from the Russian mission at Tokio, and only arrived at Copenhagen a fortnight ago. He was prominently discussed as the late Count Muravieff's successor when Count Lamsdorff was appointed foreign minister. M. D'Lsvolsky is comparatively a young man, being about 40 years of age. His intimate knowledge of Asiatic affairs, it is believed, is chiefly responsible for his selection to succeed Count Lamsdorff in dealing with the Manchurian, Corean and other important questions.

It pays to advertise in The Herald, because everybody reads it.

THIS GIRL PLUCKY

Has a Boy's Name and Fights For Her Rights.

Prosecutes Man For Defrauding Her of Her Savings.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—The Tribune says: With the name of a boy, and a boy's pluck, as well, a Kentucky girl yesterday won her first fight for her rights in Chicago.

At the conclusion of the morning session of court in the Harrison street police station she was cheered by words of sympathy from Justice Caverly, who a short time before had held to the grand jury the man she accuses of defrauding her of her savings.

The girl was Miss Willie Johnson, of Shelbyville, Ky., and even after her victory in court she still had need of pluck when she walked out of the court room penniless and without a place to sleep. While trying to secure the return of her money from the man to whom she had intrusted it, she ran up a hotel bill of $6.90. When she could not pay this the landlord had attached her trunk and forced her to vacate the tiny room she had called home in Chicago. The Tribune last night secured a comfortable room and board for her under proper and pleasant surroundings.

The scene in the dingy old court room in the morning when the Kentucky girl's troubles were called up was interesting.

"Case of William Johnson vs. E. C. Chapman," the justice called as his inquiring gaze swept the court room. A slight, girlish figure rose.

"We'll get to your case in a minute," said the justice. "William—William Johnson was the case I called."

"But that is my name," responded the girl with a simplicity that turned to wonder at the laugh which was heard in the court room. Then, drawing closer to the justice, she continued:

"I don't see why they laugh. My name really isn't William—it's Willie. I've never been ashamed of it before, but, then, you see, I've never been away from Shelbyville, Ky., and lots of girls have boys' names down there. My best girl friend is named Charlie, and I know one family where all the girls have boys' names. Isn't it that way in the North?"

"Um—um—not exactly," responded the justice. "No, it's different in the North."

Miss Johnson told the court that she was 23 years old and had left her native town with an ambition to make her own way in the world. She had answered an advertisement of the American Literary and Musical association, which set forth the money which might be made by selling books on commission.

At the suggestion of General Manager E. C. Chapman Miss Johnson came to Chicago and called at the office of the company, 358 Dearborn street, where she signed a contract for a year. Chapman agreed to pay her $80 a month and expeises, the girl says, and she was required to advertise $25 to cover the cost of the books given her to sell. The principal one of the books was a biography of the late Pope Leo, the price being $5 each.

Miss Johnson set out bravely enough, but the public didn't seem to take to the books, especially at $5 a volume. At Lafayette, Ind., the girl ran short of money, and, remembering the clause about "expenses furnished," wrote to Chapman asking an advance.

The reply was that nothing could be done for her because she had not yet done enough business to pay her expenses. So Miss Johnson came back to Chicago, returned her stock of books, and asked that her advance of $25 be refunded. Chapman refused, saying the girl had broken her contract.

The next move of the girl with the masculine name was in the direction of the central police station, where she swore out a warrant for the arrest of Chapman, who, by Justice Caverly's action yesterday, was put under bonds of $500 to explain to the grand jury.

"It's all so strange in the North," said Miss Johnson to the justice afterward. They think it's queer to be named Willie. Why, I was named after my mother's favorite brother, and I'm proud of the name. When I first got into this trouble I thought I would go home, but now I've decided to fight it out. I am going to stay in Chicago and get employment."

"Good for you, my girl; you have the right sort of pluck," replied Justice Caverly. "Why, I think Willie is a nice name for a girl, indeed I do."

Scotland Woolen Mills Co.,

The Big Tailors.

Take Your Choice of Any Goods in the House

SUIT OR OVERCOAT

MADE TO ORDER

NO MORE $15.00 NO LESS.

Perfect fit, style, finish—positively guaranteed or your money back. All the latest fall styles now in—clay worsteds, Scotch cheviots, fancy worsteds, stripes, checks—a full assortment to select from for $15.00.

Scotland Woolen Mills Co.,

The Big Tailors.

109 West Superior Street. E. HELPERIN, Manager.

EXCURSIONS!

Saturday, Sept. 12, 1903.

9:30 a. m. Steamer Bon Ami to Port Wing and return.

10:00 a. m. Steamer Easton to Two Harbors and return.

Sunday, Sept. 13, 1903.

9:30 a. m. Steamer Bon Ami to Split Rock and return.

10:00 a. m. Steamer Easton to Two Harbors and return.

2:00 p. m. Steamer Bradshaw to Two Harbors and return.

FARE 50 CENTS EACH.

White Line Transportation Co.

Dock, Lake Avenue South, Duluth.

MYSTERY MUST BE CLEARED UP

Says Prosecutor Stroup In Regard to Reichlin Murder.

Lorain, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Prosecutor Stroup has made the statement that no matter what it costs, no matter how long it takes the jury the Reichlin case will be investigated until the last syllable of information that will throw the least light on it has been uttered. The grand jury will meet next Monday. The usual list of work to be given the grand jury will be presented first and disposed of. Then the Reichlin case will be taken up and every particle of evidence will be thrashed out. Stroup said the jurors will be taken to the house where the murder was committed. They will look over the premises and decide whether or not, in their opinion, the murderer could have entered from the outside without awakening the St. Bernard dog in the kitchen.

Prosecutor Stroup says Rev. Ferdinand Walzer and Casimir Reichlin will not be subpoenaed, but that Rev. Charles Reichlin, every policeman, every doctor, detective, reporter and every one else who can possibly throw any light on the case or knows anything about it will have to tell the jury all they know about it. The prosecuting attorney says the case has been tried at every fireside in the United States. Every child from the Atlantic to the Pacific knows about it, and for Lorain county to fail to do its duty in such a crisis would be a disgrace that could never be wiped out. He says it is his duty, he declares, to say whether or not an indictment shall be found.

TETANUS CURED

By Hot Baths and an Injection.

Springfield, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Tetanus or lockjaw, has been successfully treated in this city by Dr. Carl Ultes, Sr., who used a remedy made by himself, and one which he has used before in blood poisoning cases with great success.

The patient was James Daugherty. He had rigors, chills and fever, and at times his jaws were so set that they could not be pried open. There were also symptoms of blood poisoning with the tetanus.

Dr. Ultes used hot baths, and a preparation which was injected into the patient. At the end of six hours the disease, which had baffled the medical profession for years, was practically gone, and the man is today as well as ever in his life.

BALL AGREEMENT SIGNED.

Cincinnati, Sept. 11.—What is known as the Buffalo national agreement, as amended and adopted at a conference here last night of representatives of both the major and the minor baseball leagues, went into effect today at noon, when the following signatures thereto were affixed: For the National league, Harry C. Pulliman, president. For the American league, Ban B. Johnson, president. For the National Association of Minor leagues, Pat T. Powers, president.

SPEECH RETURNS

To Farmer's Wife Through a Trolley Ride.

Frankfort, Ind., Sept. 11.—Mrs. James Wallace, wife of a wealthy farmer, has regained her speech which she lost several years ago, through a trip on a trolley car at Xenia, Ohio. The most curious part of her experience is that later she was able to talk only when she rode on a trolley. Her husband employed an electrician to give her regular treatment, with the result that a permanent cure is now assured. The theory is that the inductor of the trolley line current acted on the vocal organs.

Have you seen the elegant piano in French & Bassett's corner window, on which the price is being reduced $10 a day until sold? Today the price is $340, tomorrow it will be $330, and so on down. This is a rare opportunity to get a fine high-grade piano at a very low price. It will be sold on easy terms or for cash.

EDITOR HOWELL

Of Atlanta Favors Gorman For President.

Atlanta Ga., Sept. 11.—Clark Howell, Democratic national committeeman from Georgia and editor of the Atlanta Constitution, has come out for Gorman for president. In speaking of the chances of the Marylander's capturing the Democratic nomination, Mr. Howell said:

"Senator Gorman's staunch Democracy his splendid capabilities, his knowledge of men and measures, gained through a long experience in public life, ought to make him satisfactory to all elements in the party.

"As yet nobody knows whether the man from Maryland will be a candidate for the nomination in the sense of seeking it. But the present trend of Democratic thought is clearly in his direction.

"Senator Gorman can hold a seat in the senate as long as he chooses, and in that body he will continue to be the leader of his party. If he would consult only his personal comfort he would prefer to remain where he is. But if the party manifests a desire that he lead the fight in 1904 he will doubtless accept the responsibility, for he is first of all things a Democrat.

"Conditions seem to be arguing strongly the wisdom of the nomination of Gorman."

LEAN MEN

Told to Apply to Butchers For Fat.

Marshalltown, Iowa, September 11.—Martin Mason, alias Martin Nashon, is under arrest here, awaiting investigation by Inspector Shea, on the charge of using the mails to defraud. It is alleged that Martin placed advertisements in the Home and Hearth and similar Augusta (Maine) publications, offering to tell how to get fat for $5. The reply to the thin dupes is said to have been something like: "Get it at the butcher's." It is asserted that hundreds of Iowa people have been fleeced.

FAMILY CHLOROFORMED.

Wabash, Ind., Sept. 11.—Burglars early this morning chloroformed the entire family of Chris Harnish, a farmer living near Dora. They ransacked the house, securing considerable money and jewelry. As a result of the chloroform, Miss Lulu Harnish, a daughter, is in serious condition and other members of the family are suffering from the effects of it.

YOUNG ARTIST SUICIDES.

New York, Sept. 11.—Cline Wilson, a young artist, committed suicide early today in his studio by inhaling gas. Wilson was a native of Russelville, Ky., where wealthy relatives are said to reside. Despondency over failure in his chosen work is supposed to have prompted the suicide.

Boys' and Children's Suits.

Broken lots of children's suits at exactly half price.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

Economy to buy School Shoes here.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

The Famous Shoe Store

115 West Superior Street.

A Writing Tablet with Every Pair of School Shoes.

Another Good Buy for Parents of Duluth!

We have bought about 2000 pairs of Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's School Shoes of the Twin City Shoe Co., who are closing out their entire stock of these goods, and will sell our buy at less than factory prices. Every pair guaranteed. All sizes.

89c—Misses' and Child's $1.25 all solid kid shoes, patent tip extension sole—sale price 89c

98c—Misses' and Child's $1.35 kid shoes—heavy or light soles, kid or pat. tip, 8½ to 2 98c



$1.48—Misses' and Child's $2 fine kid shoes, light or extension soles, kid or pat. tip—sizes 8½ to 2 $1.48

$1.19—Child's fine $1.50 box calf shoes, sizes 8½ to 11, sale price $1.19



$1.98—Boys' and Youths' extension sole, box calf shoes—all sizes and new fall goods; price $1.98

98c—Little Gent's $1.25 satin calf shoes—wear guaranteed, sizes 9 to 13½—sale price 98c

$1.19—Little Gents' $1.50 box calf all solid shoes—sizes 9 to 13½—sale price $1.19

$1.48—Boys' and Youths' satin or box calf, latest style, guaranteed, sizes 1 to 5½ $1.48

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

The Piano Price Goes Down $10 a Day.

Have you seen the elegant oak Piano in our corner window? $400 was the price of it Sept. 5, but today the price is $340, and tomorrow it will be $330, and each day it will be reduced $10 until sold. If you want a strictly high-grade piano it will pay you to investigate this one and to get in line to buy it when the price gets low enough to suit you.

If you wish to be in line to purchase this fine Piano when the price suits you, it is necessary to register your name in our piano store and secure your chance.

Do It Now!

PABST MILWAUKEE

Absolute purity is the characteristic that has made

Pabst Beer

the standard of excellence—there is no better beer brewed and Pabst Blue Ribbon is the acme of Pabst brewing

Orders filled by Pabst
Duluth Branch, Telephones Bell 748, 2 Zenith 346.

GROWTH OF TRADE

The Extent of Our Commerce In 1903 and In 1893.

Imports Have Increased $159,000,000 and Exports $573,000,000.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The contrast between the extent and volume of our commerce in 1893 and that of 1903 is illustrated by some figures just presented by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics. These figures show the imports from and exports to each of the grand divisions of the world in 1893 and in 1903, and thus show at a glance the growth during the period so covered. They show that imports have grown from $866,400,000 to $1,250,000,000, an increase of $159,000,000, and that exports have grown from $847,000,000 to $1,420,000,000, an increase of $573,000,000. They show that $62,000,000 of the increase in imports comes from Europe, $55,000,000 from Asia, and about $5,000,000 each from North America, South America and Africa. The figures for Oceanica show an apparent falling off of about $5,000,000, but this is due to the fact that the merchandise brought from Hawaii is no longer classed as imports, Hawaii being now a territory of the United States. If this were included in the figures of imports in 1903, it would show a growth of imports from Oceanica of about $20,000,000.

On the export side the showing is equally interesting. Of the $573,000,000 of increase, $367,000,000 was to Europe, $91,000,000 to North America, $41,000,000 to Asia, $23,000,000 to Africa, $26,000,000 to Oceanica, and $8,000,000 to South America. In case the shipments to Hawaii were included, the increase to Oceanica would be about $30,000,000. In case those to Porto Rico were included, the increase to North America would be over $100,000,000.

Even more interesting is a little table which shows the gain in exports to each of the principal countries of the world. This tables includes only ten countries, yet to these were sent $1,159,000,000 worth of the total exports of 1903, leaving only $261,000,000 sent to all the other countries. The ten countries, stating them in the order of the magnitude of the exports to them, are United Kingdom, Germany, France, Netherlands, Belgium, Canada, Mexico, China, Japan and Australia. To Germany the exports show a growth of $110,000,000 from 1893 to 1903; to the United Kingdom, $103,000,000; to Canada, $77,000,000; to Netherlands, $44,000,000; France, $31,000,000; Mexico, $23,000,000; Australia, $22,000,000; Belgium, $21,000,000; Japan, $17,000,000; China, $15,000,000, and to all countries, $112,000,000.

The tables are as follows for the fiscal year ending June 30:

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM GRAND DIVISIONS, 1893 AND 1903.

	1893.	1903.
Europe	$458,450,093	$550,099,518
North America	183,732,712	188,927,539
South America	102,207,813	107,413,030
Asia	90,696,383	145,810,411
Oceania	26,056,887	21,044,367
Africa	5,857,032	12,499,611
Total	$866,400,922	$1,025,751,538

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO GRAND DIVISIONS. 1893 AND 1903.

	1893.	1903.
Europe	$661,976,710	$1,029,576,728
North America	119,788,889	215,610,051
South America	32,039,077	41,114,691
Asia	16,792,688	57,974,437
Oceania	11,271,353	37,408,709
Africa	5,196,480	38,433,131
Totals	$847,665,194	1,420,138,014

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO TEN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, 1893 AND 1903.

	1893.	1903.
United Kingdom	$421,154,551	$524,691,633
Germany	85,578,988	195,555,491
France	46,619,128	77,542,435
Netherlands	38,505,193	78,245,419
Belgium	26,740,434	47,973,199
Canada	46,794,237	123,472,410
Mexico	19,568,834	42,277,788
China	3,900,457	18,913,339
Japan	3,195,494	20,924,867
Australia	7,921,228	32,748,580
All other countries	149,736,746	231,052,867
Total	$847,665,194	$1,420,138,014

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., escaped death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

GROWING LESS.

Number of Pensioners on Rolls Slowly Decreasing.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The annual report of Commissioner of Pensions Ware places the total number of pensions now on the rolls at 996,545, of which 729,356 are soldiers and 267,190 are widows and dependents. Mr. Ware announces that it is not probable that the pension roll will again cross the million mark, the high water mark having been reached a year ago. Five of the pensioners were on the roll on account of the war of the revolution, 1116 on account of the war of 1812, 4734 on account of Indian wars and 13,874 on account of the Mexican war.

The cost of the pension system, per capita of population of 1903, is given as $1.75.

MALARIA

Germ Infected Air.



Malaria is not confined exclusively to the swamps and marshy regions of the country, but wherever there is bad air this insidious foe to health is found. Poisonous vapors and gases from sewers, and the musty air of damp cellars are laden with the germs of this miserable disease, which are breathed into the lungs and taken up by the blood and transmitted to every part of the body. Then you begin to feel out of sorts without ever suspecting the cause. No energy or appetite, dull headaches, sleepy and tired and completely fagged out from the slightest exertion, are some of the deplorable effects of this enfeebling malady. As the disease progresses and the blood becomes more deeply poisoned, boils and abscesses and dark or yellow spots appear upon the skin. When the poison is left to ferment and the microbes and germs to multiply in the blood, Liver and Kidney troubles and other serious complications often arise. As Malaria begins and develops in the blood, the treatment to be effective must begin there too. S. S. S. destroys the germs and poisons and purifies the polluted blood, and under its tonic effect the debilitated constitution rapidly recuperates and the system is soon clear of all signs of this depressing disease.

SSS

S. S. S. is a guaranteed purely vegetable remedy, mild, pleasant and harmless. Write us if you want medical advice or any special information about your case. This will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

From Samuel to Solomon---David Becomes King.

International Sunday School Lesson For September 13, 1903.

II Samuel 2:1-10. "And it came to pass after this, that David inquired of the Lord, saying: Shall I go up into any of the cities of Judah? And the Lord said unto him, Go up. And David said, Whither shall I go up? And he said, Unto Hebron. So David went up thither, and his two wives also, Ahinoam, the Jezreelitess, and Abigail, the wife of Nabal, the Carmelite. And his men that were with him did David bring up, every man with his household; and they dwelt in the cities of Hebron. And the men of Judah came and there they anointed David king over the house of Judah.

"And they told David, saying, the men of Jabesh Gilead were they that buried Saul. And David sent messengers unto the men of Jabesh Gilead, and said unto them, Blessed be ye of the Lord, that ye have showed this kindness unto your Lord, even unto Saul, and have buried him. And now the Lord show kindness and truth unto you: and I also will requite you this kindness, because you have done this thing. Now, therefore, let your hands be strong, and be ye valiant: for Saul your Lord, is dead, and also the house of Judah have anointed me king over them.

"Now Abner, the son of Ner, captain of Saul's host, had taken Ishbosheth, the son of Saul, and brought him over to Mahanaim; and he made him king over Gilead, and over Ashurites, and over Jezreel, and over Ephraim, and over Benjamin, and over all Israel. (Ish-bosheth, Saul's son, was 40 years old when he began to reign over Israel, and he reigned two years.) But the house of Judah followed David."

Golden text: "Behold how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity." Psalm 133:1.

DAVID KING OF JUDAH.

How differently things appeal to different people! After Saul's death on Gilboa, an Amalekite happened to see him and thought that he had a splendid opportunity to ingratiate himself in the favor of David. So he gathered up the emblems of royalty whose possession by any person other than the king would indicate that Saul was dead. With these things in his hand he hastened with all speed to Ziklag to tell David a horrible lie to the effect that he himself had dispatched Saul on the battlefield. With what surprise and terror must the man have been seized on perceiving how unfavorably David received his message!

A man of high motives is always a mystery to men whose aims and ideals are low. Not only the Amalekite, but also most of those about David, must have marvelled at his conduct after hearing that Saul was dead. He was rid of his arch persecutor, and was not that an occasion for gladness? Not so with the strange man; he ordered the immediate execution of the man who claimed to have slain Saul. But what else could have been expected of the man who had twice thrown away opportunities to slay Saul with impunity? Next he mourned over the death of the king and his son Jonathan as if they had both been his bosom friends. He sang a poem and ordered that it be taught to the people, glorifying the memory of the two men: "Thy glory, O Israel, is slain upon thy high places! How are the mighty fallen!" His tribute to Jonathan is as beautiful as any tribute man ever paid to woman: "Very pleasant hast thou been to me: Thy love to me was wonderful, passing the love of women." How David's attitude toward his enemy reminds us of the attitude of Christ! who, though he was reviled, yet reviled not again. For the men who persecuted him he had nothing worse than prayers. His life was consistent throughout; while that of David suffered from the element of human frailty that betrayed him into taking up arms against the king and into committing other gross sins.

How suddenly changes sometimes come over a man's life! In David's case his accession was only a short time from the hour when he felt so estranged from his people and his God that he took up arms against all the things that had been accounted most dear, having previously despaired of finding any refuge or comfort in his homeland. He had even resorted to untruthful strategy in his strife for a living and a place of security. But the moment that he saw the hand of God moving him so swiftly to his destiny he turned his face back toward the God of his childhood and inquired implicitly for divine guidance. There is something in the child-like heart of David that lends it the aspect of perpetual freshness. It was this quality that made him so open to impressions from heaven. He may have sinned grievously at times, but his heart was never so gross that it did not spring back with increased hunger to seek and know and do the will of God. This is seen vividly in the case at hand, where we are told that his first act after lamenting the loss of his king and his friend, was to inquire of the Lord which way to go. In America we are in the habit of beginning all sorts of things with prayer: our political conventions are opened with it, our presidents are inaugurated with a prayer as a prominent feature of the occasion, and so of many other occasions. But this prayer is often more of a speech to the people than a petition to God, at any rate, it is seldom treated as if it were a real time of approach to the throne of God. With David the case was different; he sought the actual guidance of Jehovah for the perplexity of the hour, just as we are told that President Lincoln so often pressed his petitions home to God in the dark trials of the civil war.

In answer to prayer David was guided to locate in the ancient city of Hebron with all his men and their families. That region was more friendly to him than the parts inhabited by the northern tribes. Among those southern hills and caves he had found refuge during the time of his persecution. As soon as he returned to that region the people of Judah rallied around him and anointed him their king. This meant little more at the time than the kingship of Judah alone, but it seems to have opened the way for a civil war that led to the extinction of the glimmering hope that the house of Saul had gathered from the ruins of the disaster at Gilboa and to the setting of David on the throne. It was fairly well understood even before Saul's death that David was to be his successor. The fact of David's defection and the period he spent in Ziklag may have somewhat shaken the confidence of the nation in him, and this confidence had to be slowly regained. Thus does the price of evil deeds have to be paid sooner or later; there is no bankruptcy court to clear one of the obligation.

It was told David what kindness the men of Jabesh had shown the bodies of Saul and Jonathan. Perhaps some others thought to gain the favor of David by indicating who his enemies were, on the supposition that all who befriended Saul were enemies to him. If so, they were greatly in error, for David immediately sent messages to the men of Jabesh, commending them for the kindness they had shown the body of the late king and praying that the Lord would show true kindness to them. He had the true idea of a prayer that one may expect to get answered; he did not pray for God to do something that he himself was not ready to do as far as he could; he promised that he himself would show them proper favor because of their conduct. His message to them reflects the fact that he considered himself entitled to recognition as king of the nation and not of a small part of it only. It was with a naïvete winsome in its simplicity that he told them that the house of Judah had anointed him king over them, in the same breath that he mentioned the death of Saul. He desired them to be valiant, but expressed the veiled hope that that valor would be displayed in behalf of his kingdom.

Perhaps David was seeking to gain the brave men of Jabesh to his standard for the fight against the house of Saul, whose capital had been established at Mananaim, "over the eastern side of Jordan. There Saul's strong captain, Abner, did what he could to strengthen Ish-bosheth, the only remaining son of the late king, a mere weakling, not in the least fitted for succession to his father's position. By systematic effort three or four tribes were drawn to his standard and others were solicited, but there was no health or strength in the new establishment. It was against the expressed will of God, and those who promoted it knew this fact. It was doomed to overthrow and led to no good, but to much civil war and bloodshed. It is stated that Ish-bosheth reigned two years, but that David reigned seven and a half years in Hebron before being annointed king of all Israel. Perhaps it took Abner five years to get together the semblance of a kingdom for his ward.

CIVIL WAR.

It is not fruitful to spend time surmising what might have been; but one cannot help feeling that if David had not shown himself false to his country, the nation as a whole would have turned to him immediately on the death of Saul, and made him king. What bloodshed would thus have been spared! David seems to have purposed avoiding conflict, but this was precipitated by the aggressiveness of Abner and the pugnaciousness of Joab. They met by the pool of Gibeon and agreed to leave the issue of the day to the result of a contest at arms between twelve young men from each side, but when this contest was finished all the twenty-four young men had been killed, so that nothing was decided by it. Of course, a general conflict was precipitated, in which Joab was victorious. The pursuit was hot and determined. A brother of Joab closed in after Abner and pursued him with no apparent intention of quitting the chase. Abner was an old and tried warrior; Asahel was a youth. Abner warned him against following so close after him. But young blood courses swiftly, and Asahel would not desist. Abner therefore tried to stun him with the butt end of his spear, but he struck harder than he had purposed and pierced through the young man's body, so that he fell down dead. This incident added the fiery spirit of blood revenge to the bitterness of civil war. The day's pursuit was finally stopped by Abner's appeal to Joab, before Joab had heard of the death of his brother.

The war was long drawn out, but from the very first the side of Judah had the advantage, and the power of Ish-bosheth waned. David allied himself by marriage with several neighboring rulers. He prospered in his domestic relations, as the ideas of that day went. In Ish-bosheth's household things did not go so well. Abner began to presume on his power, and took to himself one of the concubines of Saul. This was regarded as an act of treason, for the right to take a king's wives or concubines after his death belonged exclusively to his successor. By this act Abner indicated that he felt himself above the power of Ish-bosheth, and it might have been interpreted as an act of treason, implying intention to seize the throne. Of course Ish-bosheth resented the deed, only to be met with out-and-out defiance by his general, who spoke as if he felt the king to be a mere ward whom he had served out of pure kindness. The interview ended with Abner's avowal of the belief that the Lord had sworn to give the kingdom to the house of David, and with an oath that he would do his best to transfer the whole kingdom to its divinely appointed leader.

Abner kept his word and made overtures at once to David, proposing a league between them, to which David agreed on condition that his wife, the daughter of Saul, should be returned to him at once. David probably realized that it would give him some advantage among the people to be accounted the son-in-law of Saul. He also no doubt regarded it as an indignity not to be brooked that one of his wives should be in marriage relations with a private citizen. He also was no doubt fond of Michal, and he recalled the fact that his title to her was originally based on the fact that he brought back to Saul a trophy of 200 Philistine foreskins. Abner fulfilled his part of this protocol, caused Michal to be returned to David; and then proceeded to induce the elders of the land to transfer their allegiance to David. The effort was meeting with fair favor when its success was imperilled by Joab's act of revenge against Abner. David disavowed this act, and thus seems to have kept the confidence of the people. His lamentation for Abner and the respect shown Abner's body seems to have pleased the people, as did all the actions of David. He grew more and more popular as the days went on.

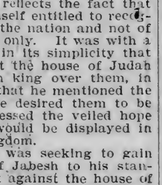
Another incident soon occurred that gave one more opportunity for David to show the stuff that was in him. Ishbosheth was foully murdered while asleep, and the rascals who did the deed hastened to report the facts to David, thinking to gain his favor thereby. But they counted amiss, as so many others had done before them. When they had told their dastardly story, David caused them to be slain on the spot.

His tokens of sorrow at the event were so marked and sincere that this too helped the progress of his popularity with the nation and hastened the day when he came into the kingdom.

As the elders of Judah had at first gathered about David at Hebron, so when all was ripe the elders of all Israel came to him to make him their king. They gave three reasons for calling him to rule over them. In the first place, he was of their own kindred. This strikes one as being rather a peculiar statement and one that would have been taken for granted. But it doubtless gathers its force from the fact that David had practically denied his relationship with them by going over to the camp of the Philistines. This error he had thoroughly retrieved since the death of Saul. The second reason was that he had, in the early days of Saul's reign, led them successfully in battle; their king needed to be a man of war. The reason which they put third, but which ought to have been first and ought to have caused them to anoint him king as soon as Saul was dead, was that the Lord had called him to be their shepherd. How much suffering and bitterness would have been spared in Israel if all the nation had sought, from the day of Gilboa's ignominy, to follow what they knew to be the will of God! But it is so often the case that men follow the things at their noses, and with their noses down to the earth, when the glory of their lives depends upon their lifting up their heads and finding the star of divine guidance to follow it to the crown and kingdom God has called them to inherit. And so Saul, the shepherd, singer, soldier, courtier, outlaw, was for the third time anointed to be king over his people and began his reign under the favor of heaven and with the confidence and enthusiasm of the people.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK,
Chaplain, U. S. Navy.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DESERVING OF CAREFUL STUDY

By President Is Lochren's Opinion In Northern Securities Case.

New York Sun: Has the president found time to study the text of the long opinion expressed, a month ago, by Judge Lochren of the United States court, in the suit begun by Minnesota against the Northern Securities company? If he has not, it is to be hoped he will before he has finished the preparation of his next annual message to congress.

The opinion was delivered by a federal judge, who had heard arguments by competent lawyers on each side. It deserves honorable mention as a conscientious piece of judicial work. If it shall be really studied by the president, it cannot fail "to light a candle of understanding" in a mind which has been dark since, some two years ago, he undertook, at Minneapolis, in the same state of Minnesota, to reconstruct and restate that normal relation of government to capital which has existed far beyond the memory of living man.

The suit was begun by Minnesota against the Northern Securities company, as the president can read in the lucid statement by Judge Lochren, on the averment that the formation and existence of that company are in violation of the laws of Minnesota, which prohibit combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade, and the consolidation of parallel or competing lines of railway.

Both of the laws relied upon, as the president will perceive, are Minnesota laws. The one relating to restraint of trade was, said Judge Lochren, "evidently taken from the act of congress of July 2, 1890, known as the Sherman anti-trust act, which has received consideration by the supreme court of the United States in several cases."

The text of the first named Minnesota statute is as follows:

"Section 1. Any contract, agreement, arrangement or conspiracy, or any combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, hereafter entered into which is in restraint of trade of commerce within this state, or in restraint of trade or commerce between any of the people of this state and any of the people of any other state or country, * * * is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful."

The text of the Sherman federal law of 1890 reads thus:

"Every contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade, or commerce, among the several states," etc.

The president will be unable to discern a difference between the two enactments.

Of what had been done Judge Lochren said:

"The action of the defendant Hill, in promoting the formation of the Northern Securities company, under the circumstances and for the purposes which the evidence discloses, and investing in its stock by the sale to it of his stock in the two railroad companies, involved no act, or contract, in restraint of trade, or commerce, or affecting transportation, or rates, more than any ordinary transfer of railroad stock from one person to another."

The second reason pleaded by Minnesota for punishing the Northern Securities company was one which the president has much exploited, within the past year or two, when engaged in smiting capitalists. It was set forth in statute form by Minnesota in the pinch of the hard times of 1874.

"No railroad corporation, or the lessors, purchasers or managers of any railroad corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property or franchise of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the works or franchise of, or in any way control, any other railroad corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line," etc.

Judge Lochren found, as a matter of fact, that the Northern Securities company, not itself a railroad corporation, is merely an investor. Being without franchise, power or authority to manage, to control, or to operate any railroad, its ownership of a majority of the stock of these two companies does not, therefore, he said, come within the prohibitive language of the statute of 1874. He declared that the two corporations still remain separate corporations, with no interests, as such, in common. The case would not be different, he added, if one natural person, having abundant capital, should buy a majority of the shares of one of these companies, and another like person owned the majority of the shares of the other company. The interest of the two persons, if they chose to act in harmony, would be the same as the interest of one person owning the whole.

The court then burked the contention by Minnesota that ownership by the Northern Securities company of such a large quantity of the shares of those two parallel railroads created a monopoly, preventing competition between these railroads, which presented a case within the mischief intended to be remedied by the Minnesota statute of 1874, and which should be held, even if outside of the language of that statute, to be within the intention of the legislature which enacted that statute. He denied that such ownership is contrary to the public policy of the state, in seeking competition between railroads as well as other common carriers.

Having destroyed that contention, the court uttered a sentence which the president's countrymen can but wish he would lay to his heart, and keep it there till it illumines an intelligence never so strong in fiscal and business affairs as in general literature. This is the sentence:

"The terms 'monopolies' and 'trusts' are perhaps, in cases like this, too often applied at the bar to all business enterprises requiring and employing great aggregations of wealth; and, in the vague sense in which on the hustings they are used to arouse envy and jealousy, forgetting the manifest necessity of such aggregations of wealth to produce the commodities, and their transportation, which our civilization and comfort require."

After those words "monopolies" and "trusts" have been thus employed in the White House and in the department of justice at Washington, it is not wonderful that members of the bar of St. Paul, in Minnesota, use them "to arouse envy and malice."

If the president could rinse his mind of the "hustings," it would concur fully with the mind of Judge Lochren; but, till it has been thus cleansed, there is, we fear, little reason to think that the attorney general will be ordered to say frankly to the supreme court that the investment markets and stock exchanges have, since the last adjournment, so far made an end of the trust goblin that the president does not desire any longer to use the court in perfecting the destruction.

A SKILLFUL OPERATION.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—Alice Tauer, 7 months old, was choking to death on a peanut shell when her mother rushed to the city hospital with her. "She is choking on a peanut shell," shouted the mother. Dr. Briggs seized the child, examined it and found that desperate measures were necessary. He quickly took a lance and cut into the baby's windpipe, extracting the shell. The girl will recover.

The Quality Smoke

Cremo

A Popular Price 5c Sold Everywhere

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World



THE BAND IS THE SMOKER'S PROTECTION

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

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T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.



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This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Marriage, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money refunded if 6 boxes do not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for pamphlet circular and testimonials.

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We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

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CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

HAS SHARP BULGE

September Option In Northwestern Markets Rampantly Bullish.

Due to Wet Weather In Northwest—Flax Is Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 11.—The Northwest was rampantly bullish on September wheat this morning. Minneapolis made an advance of 1⅝c for the day and Duluth 1c. In the former market the extreme advance was 2⅛c and in Duluth 2c while in Chicago the highest point was ⅝c above the close of yesterday. The close in Chicago was ¾c lower. New York was ¼c off and in St. Louis unchanged. The December option in nine of the markets had the same advance as September. In Duluth it fell ⅝c, in Minneapolis ¼-⅝c, in Chicago ⅜-½c, in St. Louis ⅜-½c, and in Kansas City it was ⅛c up.

Showers in the Northwest were the cause of the advance in September, although the showers were not reported to be heavy. Some alarming reports are coming from the wheat districts, saying that wheat in shock is very damp and in many cases sprouting.

The government report of yesterday was much discussed and the figures were held to suggest a wheat yield of from 620,000,000 to 645,000,000 bushels. The general idea favored here seemed to be that it means about 640,000,000 bushels.

The Liverpool market closed ⅜ to ½d lower, Paris ¾@1c higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are expected to increase 300,000 bus., this week while at Minneapolis they are estimated to decrease 100,000 bus.

Northwestern wheat receipts were 151 cars at Duluth against 388 last year and 538 at Minneapolis against 243 last year, a total of 689 for the Northwest against 731 last year. Chicago received 118 cars while last year it had 132.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,163,793 bushels; last year 1,111,805 bushels. Shipments, 467,242 bushels; last year, 631,648 bushels. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 365,669 bushels. Argentine shipments of wheat this week were 720,000 bushels, against 456,000 bushels last week and 104,000 bushels last year. Bradstreet reported weekly clearances from America of 3,045,040 bushels.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼ to ½d lower. In the Chicago market December corn closed ⅜c lower and December oats ⅛-¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 787,130 bushels; last year, 230,720 bushels. Shipments, 288,880 bushels; last year, 198,099 bushels. Clearances were 107,137 bushels. Argentine shipments of corn this week were 2,876,000 bushels, against 3,908,000 bushels last week and 1,192,000 bushels last year. The weekly clearances from America were 844,818 bushels.

In the Duluth market September opened ⅛c lower at 82⅜c and quickly bulged, selling at 83½c at 9:50, at 84c at 9:55 and at 84½c at 10:10. From that point it fell off to 83½c at 10:25 and wavered between that price at 83⅝c to the close, which was at 83½c. This was 1c off. December opened a shade lower at 79⅝c to 80c, sold up to 80⅝c and then fell off to 79⅝c, closing there, a decline of ⅜c.

Cash sales of wheat were 100,000 bushels and prices continued at 1c over September for No. 1 northern to arrive September 15 and ½c over for to arrive September 20.

Flax was quiet and firmer, all active options showing an advance of ½c.

Rye had an advance of ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old No. 1 hard, 86½c; No. 1 northern, 86½c; new No. 1 hard, to arrive, 84½c; No. 1 northern, 83½c; No. 2 northern, 81½c; new No. 1 northern, on track, 84½c; No. 2 northern, 82½c; macaroni, No. 1, 67c; No. 2, 65c; September, 83½c; December, 79⅝c; May, 82⅝c. Flax in store, $1.00½; on track, $1.00½; to arrive, $1.00½; September, $1.00½; October, $1.00½; November, $1.00¾; December, $1.00¾; May, $1.03¾. Oats, on track, 36½c; to arrive, 36½c; to arrive in September, 36½c. Rye, to arrive, 53½c; on track, 53½c; to arrive in September, 53½c. Barley, 40@67c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 151; last year, 388; oats, 7; rye, 4; barley, 51; flax, 6; last year, 38.

Receipts—Wheat, 174,838; oats, 21,879; rye, 12,394; barley, 105,347; flax, 15,326.

Shipments—Wheat, 33,989.

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American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard, 1 car	$0.86
No. 1 northern wheat, 5 cars	84
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	83½
No. 1 northern, 14 cars	83⅜
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive, Sept. 15	84½
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	84½
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	84¾
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	85
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	82
No. 2 northern, 12 cars	82½
No. 2 northern 1 car, to mills	82¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car, to mills	81⅞
No. 2 northern, 14 cars	81⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	81½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	83
No. 3 spring, 1 car	82
No grade, 1 car	80⅝
Rejected, 1 car	80¼
Barley, 1 car	53
Barley, 1 car	51
Barley, 1 car	54½
Barley, 1 car	52½
Barley, 1 car	52
Flax, 5 cars—2 cars	1.00¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Easier With Improved Demand Later.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Wheat opened a little easier, with December a shade lower at 81⅝c. The demand improved early and aided by corn the quotations on the above month went to 82¼c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 699 cars, which with local receipts of 118, only four contract, made total receipts for the three points of 807 cars, against 333 last week and 887 a year ago.

Strong Northwest markets helped the early values also and on local buiing December sold up to 82¼c. The strength in the Northwest failed, corn help disappeared and with foreign markets easier weakness ensued, the close being but ⅛c above the bottom, at 81¼ for December a net loss of ¾@½c.

On reports of good weather in the corn belt and a government report construed to be bearish there was large selling of that cereal by commission houses and local traders, and the market started weak with December ¼@⅜c lower at 50c. Many traders failed to make a bearish interpretation of the report, however, and a following short covering started the prices upward, December going to ⅜c early. Receipts 676 cars, 52 contract grade.

The firmness was helped by the early upturn in wheat and held for a time, December touching 50½c. A good deal of corn came out on the advance, however, and the mood became easier, the close being barely steady at a shade above the bottom, final figures for December being 50@⅛c a loss of ⅜c.

Oats opened slow and unchanged, with December at 37⅝c. Demand was good and with the help of corn the month went to 38c. Receipts 167 cars.

Provisions were lower, with early trade principally in October lard, which opened at $8.45 and sold down to $8.27½, selling by bull leaders helping the decline. October pork opened at $13.70 and receded to $13.65; ribs at $8.55 and dropped about 5 cents early. The market soon changed for the better and prices showed a tendency to become higher.

Close: Wheat—September, 79⅝c; old, 79⅝@½c; December, 81¼c; old, 81⅝c; May, 83½c. Corn—September, 50⅛@⅝c; October, 50c; December, 50@⅛c; May, 50c. Oats—September, 35¾c; December, 37⅝@½c; May, 37½c. Pork—September, $13.50; October, $13.62½; May, $13.40. Lard—September, $9.25; October, $8.25; December, $7.52½, January, $7.35. Ribs—September, $8.60; October, $8.70; January, $6.90. Rye—September, 55c; December, 56c; May, 57@58c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.01; S. W., 95½; September, 95½; October, 96½. Timothy—Cash, $2.50@3.00; September, $3.20; October, $3.12½. Clover—Cash, $9.25; October, $9.15. Barley—Cash, 46@60c. Cash wheat—2, red, 82c; 3 red, 81@2c; 2 hard winter, 79@80c; 3 hard winter, 77@78½c. Corn—2, 51@¼c; 3, 50¾@51c. Oats—2, 34@35c; 3, 33½@34c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

W. S. Crosby, Chicago: It seems to me that the most interesting feature of the government report on wheat is found in the estimated acreage of winter wheat this year. To make a 620,000,000 crop the figures are based on the government estimate of over 33,000,000 acres. The largest acreage of winter wheat ever harvested was only a little in excess of 30,000,000, against the average for fourteen years of but a little over 25,000,000 acres. At the time the winter wheat was sown last year wheat was selling at about 70c per bushel, corn about 55c per bushel and oats about 31c or 32c per bushel. No new country is being opened up to any great extent in the winter belt. What incentive, therefore, was there for this enormous increase in acreage. It is a well-known fact that the agricultural department and the census bureau have been widely apart on acreage for some years past. It is, therefore, much more likely that the agricultural department has changed its basis on acreage to conform to the census bureau. If this is true, there was no such increase on acreage of winter wheat last year and this should be taken into account in estimating comparisons with previous years. The difference could easily take 25 or 50 million bushels of wheat off the present crop in its comparison with previous years.

* * *

W. H. Bartlett, Chicago: The government report on oats takes into account bushels without reference to weight, this will probably be considered in next month's report. It is safe to say that the oat crop this year will average at least five or six pounds under normal weight and the government figures are subject to a deduction of at least 15 per cent on this account bringing the crop under 600,000,000 or by all odds the smallest crop of recent years. The continued wet weather has done considerable damage both to oats in shock and in stack and still further reduced the amount of commercial oats.

* * *

Modern Miller: Good rains relieved drouth conditions which have prevailed in Ohio valley where fall plowing was at a standstill. The seeding of winter wheat is up to a seasonable acreage. The movement of soft winter wheat in the Southwest and of hard winter wheat from Kansas and Nebraska is large. Much of the grain from Nebraska is of an inferior grade owing to excessive rains during and after harvest.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: The government reports raised its general average on corn one point and one half from last month. The noticeable thing about the report is the high average in the Southern and smaller producing states and the low percentage in the seven surplus states. The figures indicate a yield of nearly 400,000,000 bushels less in the seven big states than they produced last year. This will be offset somewhat by a heavy yield in the South. The generally accepted figures are about 2,100,000,000. This being the case the report may be considered bearish, and have a tendency to check speculative buying. The receipts of corn here today are large, 676 against an estimate of 580.

* * *

Harris Gates & Co., Chicago: Think May corn should be bought around fifty, for weather conditions during September are the all-important factor. The crop is backward in the surplus corn states and unfavorable weather or frost during coming three weeks would cause sharp advances. The government figures indicate a large crop because of higher percentage in the southern states. But we must not lose sight of the fact that two-thirds of the corn crop is grown in the seven surplus states: Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. The government figures of yesterday show the average in the seven states to be only 73.6 against a condition of 96 last year. This indicates a reduction of 400,000,000 bushels compared with last year on the government figures, without taking into consideration the fact that government figures show 3,500,000 less acreage planted to corn than a year ago in these states.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market is ¼c to ¾c lower. It is the usual after government break. There is little or no change in the general conditions. The winter wheat markets are unchanged to firmer for cash wheat. There is a good deal of damp wheat arriving at Minneapolis, which depresses the price in that market. The weak feature of the situation continues to be found in small export demand. Cables are steady. The government report is mildly bullish. There is no disguising the fact that the market acts a little heavy. It has done this every few days since it left 70c. Receipts are about the same as last year. Weekly clearances are considerably below last year. According to all figures Europe will need as much or more wheat from this country than she took last year on the crop. It is a little tiresome, however, waiting for them to take it. The flour situation is strong.

Corn—The market is fractionally lower. The government report hardly as favorable as had been expected. The weather over the corn belt is unsettled and hardly favorable for maturing the crop. The cash situation is quiet. On the whole, there is no material increase in country offerings. There are strong local interests on both sides of the market and each seems equally confident as to the crop outcome.

Oats—The market is standy and unchanged. The government report was bullish. The market hod no decided tone or tendency. Receipts are still more moderate and good demand.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Friday, Sept. 11, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max*	Tempera're Min**	Rainfall—inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Foggy	70	42	.0
Campbell	Cloudy	56	42	T
Crookston	Cloudy	56	46	T
Detroit City	Cloudy	62	42	.04
Grand Meadow	Clear	74	84	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	72	50	.0
Montevideo	Cloudy	76	50	T
New Ulm	Clear	74	48	.0
Park Rapids	Cloudy	62	42	.20
Winnebago City	Clear	74	46	.0
Devils Lake	Cloudy	48	40	T
Langdon	Cloudy	48	36	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	54	36	.08
Lisbon	Cloudy	62	35	.04
Pembina	Clear	58	38	.6
Aberdeen	Cloudy	74	46	.0
Millbank	Cloudy	76	56	.0
Mitchell	Pt cldy	88	50	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	76	38	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	64	44	.02
Duluth	Cloudy	66	54	.22
Huron	Cloudy	82	50	T
La Crosse	Clear	74	56	.0
Moorhead	Cloudy	62	48	.04
Pierre	Cloudy	80	54	.01
St. Paul	Clear	74	58	.0
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	58	34	.0

Warmer weather prevails. Rains fell over portions of all districts except Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat—December 87c; May 87⅞c. Corn—December 56¼; May 56⅝.

MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat—December 79⅜c; May 82¼c. On track 1 hard 85⅝c; 1 northern 84⅝c; 2 northern 81⅝@⅝c; No. 3 northern 78@80.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKET.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	82⅜	83¼	80⅛	87
High	84½	85⅛	80⅝	87⅛
Low	82⅜	83⅛	79¼	86¾
Close	83½B	84⅜	79¾B	86¾
Close 10th	82½	83	80⅛	87
December—				
Open	79⅞-80	79⅞-80	81½-¾	87⅛-¼
High	80⅝	80⅝	82¼	87¾
Low	79⅝	79¾	81⅛	87¾
Close	79⅝B	79¾	81¼A	87A
Close 10th	80	80-⅛	81⅝-¾	87⅜
	September Close 11th	September Close 10th	December Close 11th	December Close 10th
St. Louis	82	82	84⅞	85¼-⅜
Kas. City	70½	70⅝	....	....

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	37⅝	50¼@50	$13.67
High	38	50½	13.67
Low	37¾	50	13.52
Close	37⅝-½	50-⅛	13.62

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat—Spot 2 red western, winter, 6s 2½d; 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 9d. Futures, steady; September, 6s 5¾d; October, 6s 6d; December, 6s 6⅜d. Corn—Spot, American mixed steady, 4s 7d. Futures, steady; September, 4s 6⅜d; October, 4s 5⅝d.

STORM IN GERMANY.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—A severe storm has swept over the western part of Germany. Telegraphic communication has been interrupted, trains have been delayed by minor accidents and many trees have been blown down.

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Local Office—220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Large Selling Orders Caused Slump Early In Session.

Good Undertone In Afternoon and Prices Rose Rapidly.

New York, Sept. 11.—Opening prices on the stock exchange showed only slight changes either way in the leading stocks. The Western group was firm and somewhat higher on the favorable showing made by the government crop report, but some of the minor stocks were heavy. The United States Steel stocks opened at unchanged figures, but the common soon eased off to 20. Realty preferred made a drop of 3¼ and Great Northern preferred opened down 5 points. Norfolk & Western advanced 1⅛.

Large selling orders appeared simultaneously in all parts of the room and the market ran off abruptly. The specialties showed the least resistance to the pressure, Amalgamated, Tennessee Coal, Brooklyn Transit and Reading declining a point. Dealings were on a large scale in United States Steel and after it had steadied momentarily ran off again to 19⅞.

The grain carrying roads all yielded substantial fractions, but seemed to meet some support at yesterday's closing figures. Other losses were a point in New York Central, Northwestern, Atchison preferred, Minneapolis & St. Louis and Republic Steel preferre, 2 in St. Joe & Grand Island second preferred and 7½ in Atlantic Coast line. Prominent stocks were ruling above the lowest at 11 o'clock and the market was dull.

The market fell into intense dullness in the second hour and did not vary much until near noon, when it hardened a good fraction under the lead of Atchison and Amalgamated. Some sharp changes were noted in a number of less active properties for instance, Lackawanna. Manhattan, American Ice preferred and Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis, which declined 1, Twin City 2½ and Paper preferred 3. Realty preferred rallied 1¾ from the lowest. The severe decline in this stock was quite generally attributed to the announcement of the dissolution of the underwriting syndicate. Norfolk & Western lost its opening rise of a point on its excellent annual statement. The bond market was quiet and slightly irregular at noon.

Atchison was bid up rapidly and touched 68 on an active demand for both accounts. This buying imparted firmness to the general railroad list, which averaged a small fraction above yesterday's close There was an improved demand for U. S. Steel which rallied to 20¾ and most of the other specialties which had been under pressure recovered fully.

Stock speculation displayed a good undertone during the afternoon though the volume of business was rather light. Union Pacific and Metropolitan street railway was lifted 1 and 1½ respectively and there was a sharp fractional advance in the U. S. Steel stocks. St. Paul and Missouri Pacific. Realizing in Atchison checked the buying in that stock, but its reaction was small.

Some additional good gains were made by special stocks in the closing hour, particularly Southern Railway preferred and U. S. Steel preferred. which advanced a point,and Virginia-Carolina chemical preferred 2¾. Norfolk & Western recovered to the best and International Paper preferred wiped out its early decline. Dealings were very sluggish in the general market but top prices were pretty well maintained. The closing was firm.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	47⅞	46⅝	47½
Anaconda	80	79	80
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	68⅛	66¼	67⅞
do pfd	92	91	92
Baltimore & Ohio	82⅛	81⅜	82⅛
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	43	41¾	42⅞
Canadian Pacific	124	123	123¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	82⅛	81⅜	82⅛
Chicago & Alton	22⅞	22½	22⅞
Chicago Great Western	16¾	16¾	16¾
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	143⅜	142	142¾
Chic., Rock Island & P.	29½	28⅝	29
Rock Island pfd	66	65¼	66
Erie Common	30	29¼	29⅞
General Electric	163½	163¼	163¼
Illinois Central	133	132⅝	132⅝
Iowa Central	19¾	19	19¾
Louisville & Nashville	105⅞	105	105⅞
Manhattan Elevated	135	134	135
Metropolitan St. Ry.	115½	113¾	114⅝
Mexican Central	12⅞	12½	12⅞
Missouri Pacific	94⅜	93⅜	94¼
New York Central	123	121¾	122¾
Norfolk & Western	63⅛	62¼	62⅞
Pennsylvania	125	124⅛	124⅞
People's Gas of Chi.	93⅞	93	93⅞
Reading	54¼	53⅛	53¾
Republic Steel & Iron	11	11	11
Southern Pacific	45⅞	44⅞	45¾
Southern Railway	23	22⅛	22⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	40	38½	39¼
Union Pacific	76¾	75¼	75¼
United States Leather	8⅛	8	8
United States Steel	20⅞	19⅞	20¾
do pfd	70¾	69½	70½
Western Union	83⅝	83½	83⅝
Wisconsin Central	18¾	18½	18½
do pfd	40	39½	40⅛

Northern Securities, 89¼ bid; 89¾ asked.

The total sales were 364,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Prince & Whitney to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is almost impossible to tell anything about this market under the conditions now existing. It should be a bull market, but unlike former times, it does not respond to favorable news. With a very good crop report like yesterday there should have been some buying orders this morning. Were there little or none, a fact that the bear contingent at once seized upon as a reason to sell the market. The commission houses all report that they have very few customers left and no new ones coming in, and therein lies the trouble. for it is the great public who always brings bulls. makes the size and keeps it moving. They are sure to come back again. At present I do not see much in the market either way.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Business activity keeps on and there is cause to look for steady improvement. From my point of view although the present period of dullness may continue a while, the bull side of stocks is the only side while conditions remain as they are now.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Despite such drawbacks as the current dullness and the weakness of specialties, the best judgment on the market outlook continues bullish. It is true that the professional trading element is pessimistic, but this feeling is not shared by big men, the majority of whom take the broad view that crop and monetary conditions are improving and are to be the diminant factors. The foremost topic of discussion is the September government crop report on corn. This is more favorable than expected and is regarded as a bull card which sooner or later must make for higher prices for good stocks. The report strengthens the belief that a crop materially in excess of 2,000,000,000 bus will be gathered this year, and while the stock market may be dull and irregular till the cereal is actually out of the way of frost, the shrewdest traders feel that stocks are a purchase now on a scale. It is admitted that the decline in Steel shares is a dampening influence. At the same time, well informed men do not believe that either the weakness of this stock or its low price is a faithful reflection of conditions and prospects relating to the Steel corporation and the Steel trade. The current assertion of skeptical traders that the next dividend on United States Steel common will be passed, is met by the more positive assertion of a man who ought to be well informed, that not only will the next dividend be paid in full, but that the one after the next and many succeeding ones. Of course, this optimism clashes with the very plausible story that the price of Steel common implies a suspension of the dividend. On the other hand the point is made that if the United States Steel corporation's earnings are honestly reported there is no justification for the fear that the dividends are to be passed as the trust's official reports show that there is a margin over dividend requirements, so large, that it could pay the regular rate in dull times. Most observers agree, that, considering the weakness in United States Steel, the general list holds well, the conspicuous feature of the market outside of the great dullness being the small offerings of railroad stocks on declines such as St. Paul, New York Central, Illinois Central, Atchison, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, and other standard shares. Even Baltimore & Ohio was in small supply despite the talk of a strike, probably because of the belief that the threatened trouble will be avoided by arbitration.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market is about as dull as ever but it is not so weak. Stocks that were weakest yesterday are the strongest today. The reason is that the selling yesterday was largely by shorts and today they do not find it so easy to buy them back. The fact of the matter as it appears to us is that holders of stocks are pretty well satisfied with their property on the basis of present prices. Bear raids do not dislodge long stocks. Current conditions and outlook are both encouraging to holders. There is a good deal of bear rubbish afloat about decreased dividends on leading properties but there is nothing in conditions to make them reasonable. When the market makes any material move we think it will be higher.

* * *

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today at the opening was inclined to sell off but then became steady and later showed strength. Prices advanced and the market became quite active. There was some profit-taking in the afternoon and prices eased off. The close was dull and steady.

* * *

Hutton to Paine, Webber & Co.: There was irregularity and heaviness throughout the list this morning. Anticipation of a further decline in steels caused traders to take the short side but the market seemed to be generally sold out around noon and from that on the steels received heavy support and the whole market rallied.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co, 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	41½	47¾
Anaconda	19½	20
Adventure	5¼	5½
Atlantic	8½	9½
Allouez	5	5½
Arcadian	1½	1⅞
Elm River	2¾	3
Bingham	25	25½
Copper Range	62	62½
Centennial	18½	19¼
Calumet and Hecla	440	465
Calumet and Arizona	105	125
Calumet and Pittsburg	..	100
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	41¾	42¼
Mayflower	1	1½
Mercur Con.	1⅜	1⅝
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	9	9½
Osceola	59	60
Phoenix	5	5½
Parrot	20½	21
Quincey	88	92
Rhode Island	1½	1¾
Santa Fe	1⅛	1¼
Franklin	8½	9
Tecumseh	..	50c
Tamarack	90c	1.00
Trinity	7	7⅛
Tennessee Copper	29	31
Utah	27⅝	27¾
U. S. Mining	19½	20
U. S. Oil	10	11
Victoria	3¾	4
Wolverine	72	73
Wyandot	1	1¼
Winona	8	8½
Daly West	40½	41
Greene Cons.	19½	20
Calumet and Bisbee	..	8
Pittsburg and Duluth	..	40
Union Land	3⅛	3½
Higgins	5	8
Junction	14	15
Wolverine and Arizona	..	10
Bisbee Queen	5	6

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Cattle receipts, 3500, steady; good to prime steers, $5.60@6.15; poor to medium, $4.00@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.15; cows, $1.50@4.60; heifers, $3.50@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.80; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.65; Western steers, $3.25@4.50. Hogs receipts today, 12,000; tomorrow, 10,000; best, steady, others weak; mixed and butchers, $5.50@6.25; good to choice heavy, $5.80@6.15; rough heavy, $5.35@5.80; light, $5.75@6.30; bulk of sales, $5.70@5.95. Sheep receipts, 17,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $3.00@3.65; fair to choice mixed, $2.00@3.00; Western sheep, $2.75@3.70; native lambs, $3.50@5.50; Western lambs, $2.50@5.25.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 11.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 4@9 points on better cables than were expected. Following the opening call, the fluctuations were frequent but narrow, while the volume of business became smaller through hesitation resulting from fears as to possible storm developments. There was a fair amount of public interest, but the main support of the market was the demand from shorts, partly in view of the fact that the receipts are scarcely one-third of last year's movement at this time.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 25 points lower. Middling uplands, 12.00; middling gulf 12.25. Sales 412 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. September, 10.75; October, 9.72; November, 9.61; December, 9.65; January, 9.65; February, 9.66; March, 9.67; April, 9.67; May, 9.60.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Today's statement of the treasury: Available cash balance, $236,656,895; gold, $107,591,927; silver, $26,705,550; United States notes, $11,520,029; treasury notes of 1890, $136,686; national bank notes, $19,480,760; total receipts this day, $2,404,168; total receipts this month, $16,809,565; total receipts this year, $115,270,819; total expenditures this day, $1,904,000; total expenditures this month, $14,030,000; total expenditures this year, $114,042,733; deposits in national banks, $157,014,072.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 11.—Close: Money on call, steady, at 2@2½ per cent; closing bid, 2¼ per cent; offered, 2½ per cent. Time money, steady; sixty days, 4@4½; ninety days, 4½@5; six months, 5¼@5¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.95@4.86 for demand, and at $4.82.25@4.82.50 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.82¼. Bar silver, 57⅛c. Mexican dollars, 45c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

Indiana and Ohio Homevisitors' Excursion.

Very low rates will be made on Sept. 1, 8, 15, Oct. 6. Return limit thirty days, via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, to Louisville, Cincinnati, Sandusky, Columbus and all points west in the states of Ohio and Indiana. Information on request. W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., 365 Robert street, St. Paul.

Long sought for, found at last
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
The result of years of experiment
The best effect with the least effort
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

DISPATCH POOR

Vessels Getting Bunched at Both Ends of the Trip.

The Vessel Interests Are Suffering From This Condition.

The vessels on the great lakes have become "bunched" at both ends of the trip, and the interests of vessel owners are suffering as a consequence.

Large fleets are in port at both Duluth, and the lower lake ports, and the boats are receiving very poor dispatch.

One steamer, the Neptune, has been in port since Sept. 2. She came in with a load of coal, and was lying at anchor for several days in the lower harbor. She was then taken to the coal dock, and was required to wait several days before getting unloaded. Before she clears with a load of ore, she will have spent nearly two weeks in port, which means a big hole in the monthly profits.

A similar condition of affairs exists at the lower lake ports, at the present time, while there are but few vessels on the lakes.

A very heavy list of departures from the harbor is reported during the past twenty-four hours, however, twenty-nine vessels having cleared in that time, and the condition will be much relieved.

The pendulum is apt to swing in the opposite direction, however, as the Soo passages have been exceedingly light during the past twenty-four hours, and very few vessels are due in the harbor during the next two days.

This condition of affairs is one that vessel owners use every effort to avoid, as the boats suffer frequent delays from poor dispatch.

A fleet of from fifteen to twenty vessels, carrying over 50,000 tons of coal cleared from lower lake ports yesterday for the head of the lakes.

NO ADVANCE IN CORN.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Vesselmen were able to place their tonnage today through much effort, but shippers would not listen to any advance about 1 cent on corn. It is believed the reduction in rates between Lake Erie and the seaboard will have a marked effect in increasing shipments during the month. It will unless the price of corn goes up equal to the reduction in the cost of transportation.

THE MONTEZUMA ASHORE.

Amherstburg, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The barge Montezuma, in tow of the steamer Cartagena, bound up with coal, ran on the east bank at the Lime Kiln crossing at 10:30 last night. The big boat ran out ten inches forward, and the Hackett wrecking company is lightering her cargo. Capt. James Davidson is expected here from Bay City to superintend the wrecking operations.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: French, 9:30 last night; Duncan, Favorite, Constitution, 1; Marinette, Hayward, M. C. Smith, 6 a. m.; Mariska, 6:30; Newaygo, Checotah, 7; Gilbert, Cumberland, 7:30; Winnebago, Hill, 9. Down: Mesaba and whaleback, 9:30 last night; Strathcona, 10; Wawatam, Selwyn Eddy, 10:40; Eads, Thomas, 12; Leafield, 1 a. m.; Bartlett, 1:30; Stone, 2:30; Centurion, Yale, 3:30; Pabst, Armenia, 4:40; Admiral, 5; Onoko, 6; Co.one, Venezuela, 11.

Up yesterday: Argo, Dobbins, Runnells, 1:20 p. m.; Harvard, 7. Down: Huronic, 11:20; Helena, 3:20 p. m.; Peck, 5:40; Briton, Maria, 8:40; Leonard, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: John Owen, Mohawk, 8; Thursday night; Mercur, 8:40; Neilson, Carrington, Heffelfinger, Corliss, 9; Etruria, 9:20; Bransford, 9:40; Schlesinger, 11; Owego, 11:20; Richards, Hutchinson, 11:40; Wells, 7:20 a. m.; McGregor, Allegheny, 7:40; Mataafa, North Star, 8; Siemens, Holley, 8:20; John Ketcham, 8:30; Brower, 9; Zenith City, Republic, 9:20; Clemson, New Orleans, 9:30; Lafayette and whaleback, Outhwaite, Mitchell, 9:50; Appomattox, Santiago, 10:40; Schoolcraft, and barges, 11. Down: Kerr, 9 Thursday night; Oscoda and barges, 10; Superior City, 10:30; Castle Rhodes, 11:30; Van Hise and whaleback, 1 a. m.; Kaliyuga, 7:30; Turret Court, Oglebay, Tyrone, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Parnell, 2 p. m.; Gilchrist, 3:40; Yonkers, 5; Columbia, 7:20; George Craig, 8 Down: Waldo, Ed Smith, Iron City, 11:30; Colby, 12:30 p. m.; Massachusetts, 1:20; Phalow and consorts, 3:30; Sonloa, 4:30; Major, 5:30; new Gratwick, 5:40; old Gratwick, 6; Uganda, 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette — Cleared: Pioneer, Buffalo; Chattanooga, Cleveland.

South Chicago — Cleared, light: J. H. Reed. Bryn Mawr, Superior.

Two Harbors — Arrived: Martha, Northern Wave, Smith, Victory. Cleared: Mack, Sitka, Lake Erie; Crescent City, Lake Michigan.

Fort William — Arrived: Calvin, Ceylon, Wahcondah, Saunders, Norwalk, Minnedosa. Cleared: Lake Michigan, Montreal; Turret Chief, Spokane, Duluth.

Buffalo — Cleared, Coal: Parent, Corona, Northern Queen, Fort William; Emory Owen, Superior.

Ashtabula — Cleared, coal: Warner, Maitland, Duluth. Light: Wells, Duluth.

Cleveland — Cleared, coal: Watson, Fort William; Ed Kelley, Soo. Light; Agawa, Michipicoten.

Ashland — Arrived: McWilliams, Stafford. Cleared: Lumber, Kalkaska, Superior. Ore: 118, Ericsson, Langham, Lake Erie.

Houghton — Cleared from Lily Pond: Up: Hines, Marvin, Volunteer, Moonlight, 5:40 p. m.

Chicago — Cleared: Ranney, Superior.

Erie — Cleared, coal: Miles, Westford, Fort William. Light: E. A. Shores, Superior.

Racine — Cleared: Wotan, Ashtland.

Milwaukee—Cleared: French, Superior.

Waukegan — Cleared: Bangor, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived: Shenandoah, Matanzas, Kalkaska, Osborne, coal, Lake Erie; Rhoda Stewart, Grandy, Brake, H. A. Root, light for lumber, Lake Erie; W. R. Linn, light for ore, Lake Erie; New York, Tonesta, merchandise, Buffalo; Monarch, passengers and merchandise, Sarnia; Turret Chief, light for grain, Buffalo; Prentice, for consort.

Departed: G. J. Grammer, Princeton, Italia, Polynesia, A. A. Parker, Mitchell, Chickamauga, Hawgood, W. C. Richardson, Bulgaria, Tasmania, ore, Lake Erie; O. T. Flint, Arenac, C. H. Green, Commodore, Pringle, Sweetheart, Unadilla, Lindsay, Prentice, Middlesex, lumber, Lake Erie; Victoria, W. L. Smith, Sachem, Germanic, Bunsen, light, Lake Superior ports; Robert Wallace, grain, Quebec; J. T. Hutchinson, grain, Buffalo; Osceola, merhandise, Chicago.

Saloon Is Robbed.

A saloon located at 614 West Superior street was burglarized last night and about $50 taken.

The thief or thieves gained admission to the saloon through a hole that was sawed through from another room, and they experienced very little difficulty in getting the cash after once working their way through the hole.

The police had several men under suspicion this morning, but they were released, and up to a late hour this afternoon no arrests had been made in connection with the burglary.

NOTICE!
On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.
Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.
Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

GRAND JURY IS WORKING

It Grinds Out Another Bunch of Six Indictments.

The grand jury has not yet completed its work.

This morning it returned six new indictments in district court and then went into session again. While it is possible that another report will be made this afternoon, it is hardly probable that the next batch of indictments will come in before tomorrow morning.

Of the six indictments returned this morning, only two were made public, the defendants in the others not being in custody.

Chris Mahlum is indicted for assault in the second degree. It is charged that July 27 he attacked and cut one Edwin Peterson with a knife on the head and arms.

Anton Olszesk is indicted for burglary in the third degree. The accused is claimed to have broken into the home of W. T. Hyde, at the Hull mine location in the town of Stuntz, the evening of June 10, with the intent to steal.

MINNESOTA PRODUCTION

"The Sleepy King" To be Seen Here Next Week.

Arrangements are now being made by Manager Al. W. Walle, manager of the Walter Jones Comic Opera company, which will give the initial performance of the latest in musical comedies, "The Sleepy King," at the Lyceum next Thursday evening, to rehearse the production in this city all of the forepart of next week.

The entire company, including costumers, property men and electricians, will arrive in Duluth over the Omaha tomorrow evening, and rehearsals will be continuous up to the opening night. Eighty people are included in the cast, and an entire baggage car is required to convey the elaborate properties. The costumes will be new, and the prettiest of any ever seen in this city.

"The Sleepy King" is a Minnesota production, pure and simple, except for the fact that George V. Hobart and Giovanni Conterno, New York, wrote the book and music. Dick Ferris, of Minneapolis, and other Twin City theatrical men, have invested $30,000 in the enterprise, and it has been staged complete in this state, all properties and costumes being manufactured in Minneapolis during the past two months.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce, bushel	75	
Green onions, per doz	15	
Radish, long, per doz	15	
BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	21	
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Packing stock	11½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	19	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	12	
Twins, full cream, old	12½	
Full cream, young America	15	@ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	
Limberger, full cream, cheese	12½	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	16	@ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	12	
Maple Syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60	
Medium, hand picked, bus.	2 25	
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	16	
Cocanuts, per doz	50	
Brazils, per lb	11	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
FRUITS.		
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@ 1 00
Plumbs, per crate	90	@ 1 50
Pears, per box	2 50	
Apples, per bbl	3 50	
Smyrna figs	1 30	@ 1 85
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@ 3 50
Me. lemons, per box	5 00	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oranges	4 25	
Tomatoes, per bushel	85	@ 90
VEGETABLES.		
Green corn, per doz	12½	
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75	
Carrots, per cwt	1 40	
Turnips, per cwt	1 25	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50	
Best cucumbers	1 25	@ 1 35
Mint, per doz	30	
Potatoes	70	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 75	
Fruite juice	4.00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Chickens	11	
Hens	10	
Turkeys	12	@ 13
Ducks	10	
Geese	8	
MEATS.		
Beef	7	@ 8
Lamb	10	
Mutton	9	@ 10
Pork loins	12½	@ 13
Lard	9¾	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Butter, steady, creameries, 15@19c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 16½@17½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 10@10½c; twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 11@11¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 11.—Butter—Receipts 7238 packages. Market firm. Creamery extra, 20¼; creamery, thirds to firsts, 15@20c; state dairy, 14@18c; imitation creamery, 16@17c. Cheese—Receipts, 7910 packages. Market firm. State full cream fancy small colored, 11c; small white, 10⅞c; large colored, 10¾c; large white, 10⅝c. Eggs—Receipts, 5574 packages. Market firm. State and Pennsylvania, fancy mixed 23@24c; state and Pennsylvania, seconds to firsts, 19@21c; western, extras, 23c; western, firsts, 22c; western thirds to seconds, 17@21c; refrigerated, 18@21c.

WIELAND SHOE CO.,

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

SHOWING OF

FALL STYLE SHOES

Wieland $3.50 Shoe
For men—extra quality—Fall style—kid, calf and patent colt—light or heavy soles ---------- **$3.50**

Young Men's Shoes
Stylish and serviceable—
$2, $2.50, $3, $3.50

Boys' Blucher Style
Something new—High grade and as stylish as Men's.
Litte Gents' sizes—Saturday ------ **$1.75**
Boys' sizes—
$2.25 to $3.00

Little Gents' Shoes ---------- **$1.00**
Little Gents' Shoes ---------- **$1.25**



Headquarters for School Shoes.
Comfort Service and Style.

Boys' and Girls' School shoes—kid and kangaroo calf—sizes 12 to 5— **$1.50**

Misses' Shoes—Large assortment kid and patent tip—extra value for morrow -------- **$2.00**

Misses' Shoes at $1.25 to $2.50

Children's School Shoes—Sizes 8½ to 12— **$1.00 to $1.75**

Young Ladies' School Shoes—Low heels—kid and calf— **$2, $2.50, $3.00**

Ladies' Fall Styles—Kid and patent kid—extensive assortment— **$3, $3.50, $4, $5**

SOROSIS—Exclusive and stylish—all leathers for all occasions—dress or heavy wear—uniform price—per pair— **$3.50**

FREE LARGE TABLET WITH EVERY PAIR SCHOOL SHOES. **FREE**

Look for the sign of the Gilded Shoe—it's the place for Good Shoes.

INVESTIGATING THE COMBINE

Grand Jury Probing the Butchers' Monopoly.

Eight Summoned and Some Already Examined.

Prices for meat charged by the local retail meat dealers' trust are being investigated by the grand jury.

Prominent members of the combine were subpoened today, and it is claimed that the jurymen are making a very comprehensive search into the prices and methods of price regulation employed by the organiaztion.

The result of this investigation, of course, cannot be foreseen. At a late hour this afternoon eight prominent retail dealers were waiting on the "anxious seat" just outside the jury room, awaiting their turn to give evidence.

It is said that two members of the association were examined earlier in the day.

Among the dealers apeparing at the court house, in answer to the summons of the grand jury, were:

John Cox, of Cox Bros., 121 East Superior street.

B. J. Toben, of 121 East Superior street.

Henry Folz, of 331 West Superior street.

John Johnson, of 109 West First street.

Fred Ruf, of 425 East Ninth street.

W. D. Porter, of 1608 West Superior street.

George S. Munsey, 1404 East Superior street.

Henry E. Krantz, 619 West Superior street.

It is understood that the grand jury took up the investigation of the meat trust on recommendation or at the request of the aldermanic committee recently appointed to take up the alleged exorbitant prices.

B. J. Toben was before the grand jury this morning and at 3 o'clock this afternoon John Cox was there.

INDIANS MAKE FINAL PROOFS

Appear Before Land Office To Prove Up on Homesteads.

Two full-blooded Indians, members of the Chippewa tribe, came to Duluth this morning to be initiated into the mysteries of land office regulations.

The two men came for the purpose of proving up on homesteads, which they have settled on, in the vicinity of Vermilion lake.

The spectacle of two Indians proving up on homesteads is a very unusual one at the land office. According to the regulations, no Indians living on any of the reservations are allowed to file on land, but if they decide to make their home off the reservation they are allowed the usual 160 acres. It is very rarely that the regulation is taken advantage of, however, and there are but few precedents for it in the history of the local office. The easy life on the reservation is much preferred to the strenuous life necessary on a frontier homestead, and the noble redman is generally content to smoke the pipe of peace among his fellows rather than strike out for himself and battle with the hardships of the settler.

The two Indians who appeared at the office this morning are prominent members of their tribe, one of them, John Wak-em-up, being a former chief, while his brother, Ernest, is a stalwart young brave several years younger.

The Indians have been living on their land for a number of years past, and have fulilled their settlers' duties. They will be granted a patent to the land as soon as the necessary papers have been made out by the local officials.

They will have the distinction of receiving the first patents granted to Indians by the local office for a number of years past.

WILL SUE "SOO"

Government Presents Claim Against City For $68,508.21.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., Sept. 11.—The first step toward the beginning of a suit by the United States government against the city of Sault Ste Marie, Mich., to recover damages for the loss of the barracks at Fort Brady, Jan. 3 last, by fire, is the presentation of a claim for $68,508.21. The government had a contract with the city for the maintenance of a supply of water in the fort at a pressure of 85 to 90 pounds and it is asserted that on the night of the fire practically no water was obtainable otherwise the barracks would not have been destroyed. The council will disallow the claim and the government will sue.

School Supplies.
Rulers free at J. H. O'Leary & Co.'s, 732 East Third street.

CHARGE IS FORGERY

Ernest Johnson Arraigned In Court on Two Indictments.

Both Charge Forgery In Third Degree—Falsifying Books.

Two indictments against Ernest E. Johnson were returned by the grand jury yesterday afternoon and were made public this afternoon.

Both of these charge forgery in the third degree, and both pertain to the falsifying of the records of the Commercial Banking company.

One of the indictments charges him with failing to enter upon the books of the bank a check for $300 signed "T. Wahl."

Another of the indictments charges him with falsely and fraudulently entering against the account of St. Louis county a check for $500.

No indictment charging larceny has as yet been returned. The grand jury is still in session, however, and can return other indictments against him.

Should there be none for the crime of larceny, it will be taken as a confirmation of the opinion that many have had, that if the withdrawals of money made by Johnson were charged up to himself as overdrafts and he had been allowed to overdraw by the bank officials, he cannot be accused of larceny.

Mr. Johnson was arraigned this afternoon and waived the reading of the indictments. He will plead tomorrow.

SENATORIAL PARTY

Go to Two Harbors to Take the Steamer.

The state senators who have been waiting for the steamer John W. Gates, on which they intended to take passage for the lower lakes, left at 3 o'clock this afternoon for Two Harbors, where they will board a steamer for their trip. The senators will spend a week in the East before returning to Minnesota and will probably come back by another route. The party includes Senators E. E. Smith, J. F. Calhoun, Henry Morgan, Daniel Shell, George Somerville, Frank E. Putnam, Samuel Good, Hiler H. Horton and Edward de Baptiste.

School Supplies.
Free rulers at J. H. O'Leary & Co.'s, 732 East Third street.

Anchor Line Official.

Vice-President E. T. Evans, of the Anchor line, arrived this morning from Buffalo on the steamer Tionesta. He will stay here until tomorrow night, returning on the same steamer. During the day Mr. Evans called on A. B. Wolvin and others interested in traffic on the Great Lakes.

The Tionesta brought many passengers to Duluth and many bookings have been made for her eastward trip.

RUMOR OF WRECK DENIED.

New York, Sept. 11.—A report that the colonial express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad had been wrecked near Providence is denied at the general offices of the railroad here. It was stated that the report probably originated from a local wreck on another division.

A CALL TO BANKS.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business Wednesday, Sept. 9.

PROMINENT MEN

Said to Have Been Indicted For Timber Frauds.

Considerable Excitement About Grand Jury at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Three of the most prominent lumbermen of Minneapolis have been indicted in timber cases."

This was the whispered rumor that ran about the Hennepin county court house today. The grand jury is in session and small interested crowds were seen clustered about the building, but few persons seemed to have the slightest idea of what was transpiring.

At noon the grand jury took a recess and those who noticed the faces of the members could see something of importance written upon their features. There was an air of suppressed excitement about the building and before long the story began to creep out and about that three lumbermen, perhaps the three men who would be selected as leading in that business, had been indicted in connection with some old timber fraud. The members of the grand jury and the court officials in attendance were closed mouthed and nothing could be obtained from them in either denial or affirmation of the report, which seemed, however, to be accepted by the courthouse crowd as absolutely correct. Until the report is made to the court, nothing may be learned in corroboration.

AMATEUR ATHLETES

Continue Their Champion Contests For West at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Sept. 11.—The senior national championships of the Amateur Athletic union this afternoon brings together the greatest athletes in the country and a hard tussle for first honors is expected. Among the clubs represented in the various contests are the New York Athletic club, the Greater New York Irish Athletic association, the Chicago university, First Regiment Athletic association, Chicago, Central Y. M. C. A., Chicago, the Milwaukee Athletic club and others. The sloppy track of yesterday has been well worked and it is expected will be in excellent condition by 2 o'clock, when the events are due to begin.

Archie Hahn, of the Milwaukee Athletic club, is pitted against Moulton of the New York Athletic club and Blair, of the university of Chicago, in the 100 yard dash and is picked for a winner. The 440 yard run brings out Molson, of Montreal, with Hillman and Moulton, of the New York Athletic club and Smith and Barrett, of the First Regiment Athletic association. Smith is looked upon as about the fastest quarter-miler in the country. Uffendill and Barrett are the hopes of the Chicagoans in the half-mile run, while in the oen and two-mile runs Mc Eacheron, of the Milwaukee Athletic club, Alex. Grant, New York Athletic association, James Lightbody, university of Chicago, and F. A. Rowe and I. K. Stone, First Regiment Athletic association all look good.

The running broad jump will bring out Prinzstein, of the New York Irish Athletic association, and Knox and Schuie, of the Milwaukee Athletic club. These men, with Bockman, of the Milwaukee Athletic club, will come together in the hurdles.

The running high jump seems to be conceded to Otto Kaecke, of the First Regiment Athletic association, and Charles Dvorak is picked to win the pole vault.

The weight throwing will bring out some good men, including J. S. Mitchell, New York Athletic club, Maxwell and Parry, university of Chicago, and Maddock and Kirby, of the First Regiment Athletic association.

Today's results were as follows:

120-yard high hurdles—F. W. Schrile, Milwaukee A. C., first; M. Bockman, Milwaukee A. C., second; S. S. Jones, N. Y. A. C., third. Time, 16 3-5.

Throwing discuss—J. H. Maddock, First regiment A. A., first, 113 feet. F. A. Speik, U. of C., second, 108 feet 6 inches; C. H. Hennemann, Milwaukee A. C., third, 107 feet 2 inches.

Additional results in the junior events follow:

Two-mile run—E. McEacheron, Milwaukee A. C., first; H. Conn, Greater New York Irish A. A., second; no third. Time 12:14 3-5.

56-pound weight—H. M. Maxwell, University of Chicago, first, 25 feet 1¼ inches; E. E. Parry, University of Chicago, second, 21 feet; no third.

16-pound shot-put—L. B. J. Feurbach, New York A. C., first, 41 feet; W. R. Maxwell, University of Chicago, second, 37 feet 6½ inches; Gerry Williamson, unattached, third, 34 feet 2¾ inches.

220 low hurdles—George Poague, Milwaukee A. C., first, no second or third. Time, 33 seconds.

Running broad jump—E. C. Hart, Milwaukee A. C., first, 19 feet 7 inches; J. Wengierski, Central Y. M. C. A., second, 19 feet 3½ inches; R. Romuender, Crescent A. C., Milwaukee, third, 18 feet 10¾ inches.

16-pound hammer throw—F. Long, Milwaukee A. C., first, 132 feet 3 inches; E. E. Parry, University of Chicago, second 125 feet 11 inches; R. W. Maxwell, University of Chicago, third, 117 feet 6½ inches.

440-yard run—F. C. Waller, Milwaukee A. C., first; Z. R. Pettitt, First Regiment A. A., second; no third. Time 61 4-5 sec.

220-yard dash—L. Robertson, Greater New York Irish A. A., first; L. B. Stevens, Milwaukee A. C., second; J. Wengierski, Central Y. M. C. A., third. Time 24 4-5 seconds.

High jump—O. Keachie, First Regiment A. A., first, 5 feet 6 inches; George C. Poague, Milwaukee A. C., 5 feet 4 inches, second; no third.

880-yard run—Charles Bacon, Greater New York Irish A. A., first; M. H. Cahill, University of Chicago, second; E. C. Hart, Milwaukee A. C., third. Time, 2:34¾.

MUST GUARD FRONTIER.

Salonica, Wednesday, Sept. 9.—The palace authorities, acting upon information received yesterday from the Turkish minister at Belgrade have telegraphed to the vali of Kossovo instructing him to guard the Servian frontier more carefully, because the Servian revolutionary committee was holding meetings at many places, organizing bands, distributing bombs and explaining the method of using them.



RATHBUN'S,
29 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

SATURDAY SPECIALS
INCLUDING MICHIGAN PRESERVING PEACHES AT POPULAR PRICES.

MICH. PRESERVING PEACHES—yellow freestone—
bus— half bus— One-fifth bus
$1.65 95c 40c

APPLES—Duchess, Maiden Blush and Pippin Apples—
per bus— half bus— peck—
$1.25 65c 35c

CAL. PLUMS—
large red Plums— case $1.25
per basket.....35¢
Blue Italian—per case.....95¢
per basket .....25¢

GRAPES— GRAPES— GRAPES—
Delawares— Concords— Muscat
per basket— basket— per lb—
30c 23c 25c

DAMSON PLUMS AND CRAB APPLES.

PEACHES—Georgia Freestone—per basket—
35 cents

CORN—Genuine sweet Evergreen—per doz—
15 cents.

CAULIFLOWER—Duluth-grown
—Med. size— Large size—
10c 15c

SWEET POTATOES—
Genuine Jersey—6 lbs for 25¢
Virginia Sweets—8 lbs for 25¢

CELERY—Duluth-grown—4 heads for—
10 cents.

PRESERVING PEARS—per peck
45 cents.

COFFEE—3-lb cans Success brand extraordinary value—per can—
85 cents

HAMS—sweet, lean and tender—a lb
15 cents.

SUNDRIES..
Laundry Soap—10 bars ..... 25¢
Hubbard Squash—each ..... 10¢
Pure leaf Lard—per lb..... 10¢
Full line of Fresh Vegetables.
Ripe Gem Melons—per basket. 65¢
Rocky Ford Gems, 3 for ..... 25¢
Osage Melons, 2 for..... 25¢
Pickling Onions and Cucumbers.
Best Table Butter, per lb.... 22¢
Fresh-laid Eggs—per doz.... 22¢

RATHBUN'S
29 East Superior St.

WILL NOT SURRENDER

Murderer Hoffman Refuses All Overtures of Friends.

Waterloo, Ill., Sept. 11.—William A. Hoffman, murderer of his father-in-law, William Brandt, at Maestown, has refused the pleas of his aged grandmather, his mother and his wife, as well as of other friends, to surrender or to leave the country. He was offered a guarantee of protection from lynching if he would surrender, or plenty of money if he would leave the country, but refused to entertain either proposition. Sheriff Ruch declares that he will make every effort to capture Hoffman, and today increased his posse from twenty-five to fifty men.

STERRETT REMOVED

As Result of Charges Made Against Him.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Secretary Hitchcock today announced the removal of John A. Sterrett of Ohio as townsite commissioner for the Cherokee Indian nation in Indian territory and the appointment of Dwight Tuttle of Connecticut as his successor. The removal is the result of charges against Sterrett's administration of his office.

FERDINAND STILL SECLUDED.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—The Lokal Anzeiger today publishes a dipatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, saying that Prince Ferdinand has not yet returned to the capital and that he is in seclusion at the castle of Euxinoograd, with several favorites, all the approaches to the castle being strongly guarded by soldiers, all the purveyors for the royal establishment, it is added, are searched before entering the castle.

1000 Good Muffins.

Two cups of Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup of milk, one heaping teaspoonful of sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast or baking powder. Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour is a mixed flour of the best portion of wheat, corn and rye. The flour is self-rising. Sold by the best grocers.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Have you laid you want before the readers of The Herald?



VIKING
LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.
GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Duluth's representative Grocery.
D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,
15 E. Superior Street.
Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Leave your Saturday Order with us and be sure of the Best in the market at the lowest price.

Delaware Grapes, per basket---15c
Choice Tomatoes, per basket---10c
Choice Michigan Peaches, per basket----20c
Choice California Peaches, per case---80c and 90c
Choice California Pears, per dozen----15c
Michigan Peaches, per bu. $1.25, $1.50, $1.75
Buy them now. They are Fancy.

Concord Grapes, per basket----17c
California Plums, per case----90c
California Plums, per basket--25c
California Pears, per box----$1.95
Sweet Potatoes, 7 lbs--------25c
Pure Lard, per lb----------10c
4 Bunches Celery----------10c
3 Cucumbers----------5c
Cauliflower, each----------8c
CHOICE SWEET CORN.
The Best Display of Fresh Home Grown Vegetables in the City. Prices always the Lowest.
Our Phone 199. Use It.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If
Zenota Flour
is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.
TRY IT.
Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

FOND OF TOOLS.

"Did you know that cooks and caterers become awfully foolish about the knives they use?" asked the head man in a downtown restaurant, according to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "Well, they do just the same, and they come to the conclusion that there is but one knife that can do the work they are in the habit of doing, and that is the particular knife they have been in the habit of using. Cooks seem to have an affection for the things they use, anyhow. They are more particular about the knife that they are accustomed to use than they are about any other article in their outfit. Let anything happen to the knife and you will always find them out of sorts. I have known many cooks, who worked for many years at one place, to take their favorite knife with them when they quit the establishment they had worked in for such a long time. I suppose there is a good reason why cooks should become attached to their knives. Barbers become utterly foolish about certain razors. You have no doubt observed this fact in connection with tonsors. Musicians, too, become very much in love with the musical instrument, the violin, the cornet, or whatever instrument they happen to use most. I have known a few men who became almost as foolish about their walking canes as about members of their family. It seems to be a natural sort of thing. There is no reason why the cook should not become strongly attached to the knife that has been of such good service to him, and whose slant and curve he has become thoroughly familiar with. But whatever the reason may be, cooks become utterly foolish about the knives they use, and they would be as willing to part with a dear friend, or a member of their own family, as to give up the knife they have been in the habit of using for so long a time."

UNLOADING WATERMELONS.

"Play ball!" said a stalwart looking young man standing on a big truck load of watermelons backed up to the curb in front of the store at which the melons were to be delivered, and a moment later he had tossed the first big and solid green globe to a man standing in the middle of the sidewalk, who tossed it to a man standing at the front of the store, where the watermelons were to be piled, says the New York Sun.

And then these three men kept the watermelons going through the air till the whole load had been transferred from the truck and stacked up in a pile at the store door. This is the common way in which watermelons are unloaded, and in which they can be shifted a good deal quicker than they could be by picking them up and carrying them in.

Bargains TODAY

If you want the best quality for the money, this is the store at which to buy your Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder and Flavoring Extracts, etc.

Good Santos—two lbs for..... 25c
Golden Santos Coffee—worth 22c, tomorrow, a lb. 18c
Java and Mocha—extra fine, worth 35c, tomorrow. 30c
3½ lbs for $1.00
Particular People should try our Old Government Java and Mocha, none better, lb... 38c

BARGAINS IN TEAS!

The same as you pay 80c and 90c per lb for elsewhere—our reg. price 60c; tomorrow. 48c
Regular 60c Japan Tea—tomorrow—per lb..... 48c
Regular 60c Oolong Tea—tomorrow—per lb..... 48c
Regular 60c Eng. Breakfast Tea—tomorrow, per lb—. 48c
Regular 60c Gun Powder Tea—tomorrow, per lb—. 48c
LAUNDRY SOAP—ten bars for..... 25c
TOILET SOAP—regular 25c kind—tomorrow..... 18c
SHREDDED COCOANUT per lb..... 14c

Malcomson Tea Store
Wholesale and Retail Coffee Merchants
110 WEST SUP. ST.
Red Front. Both 'Phones.

The Famous
PRIMUS BUTTER
Sweet as a Nut, Perfectly Pure, Always Fresh.
Your Grocer Keeps It or Will Get It For You.
TAKE NO OTHER.
THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.,
16 West 1st St. 15 E. Sup. St.
BOTH PHONES 352.

Works Anywhere
BREAD. ROLLS.
BISCUITS. PIES.
CAKE. WAFFLES.
Always right up. No disappointment with
"Commander Flour"
Every package guaranteed
ALL GROCERS.

It is strenuous work, and work that calls for skill, too, tossing and catching watermelons; but the men that handle watermelons handle many loads thus and get well accustomed to the work in the course of the season, and they transfer load after load without mishap.

But even an expert watermelon catcher may muff a ball occasionally, and when he does they never stop to gather up the fragments. It is quite beyond repair.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to
MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

HOUSE FOR RENT!
221 East Fourth St.
(References Required.)
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Agt.
14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

CONTRACT WORK

Council Chambers, Virginia, Minn., Sept. 2nd, 1903.

Sealed bids will be received by the city council of the city of Virginia, Minnesota, at the council chamber, in said city, up to and including the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1903, for the construction and laying of a sanitary sewer in said city of Virginia, as follows, namely: Commencing at the west line of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad right-of-way, in the alley between Maple and Chestnut streets, thence westerly to Silver Lake boulevard; also commencing at the same said west line of the right-of-way of said railroad company, in the alley between Walnut and Chestnut streets, thence westerly to Silver Lake boulevard, thence along said boulevard to Ohio avenue, and along said Ohio avenue to the end of the city limits; thence to the creek in Section 19, Township 58, Range 17, West of Fourth Principal Meridian; all according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of Virginia, Minn., and also in the office of Thomas F. McGilvray, civil engineer, 613 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids shall be upon a basis of cash payment for the work, and no bid shall be considered unless the same shall be accompanied by a cash deposit, or a duly certified check payable to the order of the city treasurer, for at least fifteen per cent of the amount of the bid. All bids shall be directed to the city clerk at Virginia, Minn., securely sealed, and be indorsed upon the outside wrapper with a brief statement as to the work for which the bid is made.

Said bids will be opened by the city council for consideration at the council chamber in said city of Virginia, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1903, at 8 o'clock p. m.

The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

CITY COUNCIL OF VIRGINIA, MINNESOTA.

By W. H. EATON,
Mayor, of the City.

Attest:
ALBERT E. BICKFORD,
City Clerk of Virginia, Minn.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald. Sent-4-11-18-1903.



Your Ad in the Saturday Herald is Read by all Duluth and the Iron Ranges



No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Brulé, Iron River and Port Wing; **9:30 A. M.** Wednesdays for Port Wing, Cornucopia and Ashland; Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton. Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton **4:00 p. m.**
All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 5 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'n't'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:53	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
4:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:07
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis		† 7:00 p.m
† 11:15 p.m			* 6:20 a.m
† 6:20 a.m			† 9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.		* 6:43 p.m
* 8:30 p.m			* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia		*12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Sioux City, St. Cloud.		† 9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m. All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. ..... LOCAL ..... Ar. †7:15 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:45 a m
b 8:00 a m		b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:50 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 6:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:50 a m
b 3:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:30 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, Sakris Oberg, of the City of Virginia, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, do hereby notify all persons, that my wife, Hilda Oberg, has left my bed and board against my wish and will and contrary to my desire; That I have a good home for my said wife and for my children at Virginia, Minn., and that I desire that my said wife and children shall come to their said home at Virginia, Minn., and there live, and that I will there support them well according to their condition in life; That it is my desire and will to support and educate my children; and I hereby notify all persons that I will not be responsible, and I will not pay any debts or bills that may be contracted by my said wife or children whether the same be for necessaries or not, while my said wife and children wilfully remain away from my said home against my will and consent; and any and all persons who may deal with my said wife and children must do so at their own risk and peril.

Dated this 4th day of September, A. D. 1903.

S. OBERG.

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 11-12-14, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—

Sealed bids will be received and opened by the village council of the village of Nashwauk at 8 o'clock p. m. on the 28th day of September, 1903, for the erection of a waterworks system in the village of Nashwauk.

For 1, pipe system; 2, pump boilers and water tank and tower; 3, excavation of trenches and laying pipe, erecting pump house and excavating and curbing well. A certified check for 15 per cent of the amount of the bid must accompany all bids, and a satisfactory bond in the whole sum of the successful bid will be required on the award of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Plans and specifications are on file at the office of the village recorder and at the

Office of Thos. F. McGilvray, consulting engineer, 613 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Signed:
H. RILEY,
President.

Attested: PAUL H. TVEDT,
Village Recorder.

Nashwauk, Minn., Sept. 11, 1903.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-11-14-16-18-21-23-25-28-1903.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$600 Eight-room house, Twenty-third avenue West and Tenth street.

$900 Fine six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; cost to build, $1300. Easy payments.

$1100 Well-built, seven-room house on Third avenue West, above Fifth street.

$5500 Seven-room house, fine condition, stone foundation, cellar and water; 100 feet frontage on London Road by 400 feet to lake. A perfect home and cheap.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS

BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE

H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $20 PER ACRE—1000 ACRES good farm land near Grand Lake, must be sold quick. See W. M. Prindle & Co., Duluth. Also large and small tracts in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan at $4.50 to $2.75 per acre.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1600. Also 50x140 and house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $8000. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS—LOANS—LOANS

To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege. Thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?

On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, I WILL UNDERsell any legitimate competition. My advise is buy. Highee, Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

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Low One Way Rates West.

Commencing Sept. 15 the Northern Pacific railway will resume sale of colonist tickets to Montana and points west, including Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Ashland, Ore., for $25. For full information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — AT WHOLESALE PRICES two new delivery wagons, $35 apiece; one new express wagon, $110; two new inch and quarter grocery wagons, $60 apiece; two new inch and quarter drays, $45 apiece; one second-hand phaeton, in good repair, $30; one second-hand 2-horse delivery wagon, as good as new, $90. All above wagons will be sold from $15 to $25 cheaper now, than you can get them for in the spring. Call and see them and arrange for part time, or discounts for cash. Call 416 East Superior street. Perry Manufacturing Co.

FOR SALE—HAT TREE, PHYSICIAN'S couch, barber's chair, three or four oak dining chairs, cabinet, etc. Address, Mrs. V., 322 West Third street.

FOR SALE — FRESH MILCH COWS. Seventy-fourth avenue west, Bay Front street. Alex Smith.

DON'T PAY RENT! Arrange to pay for a home of your own with the money you are now paying as rent. F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building. Phone 141.

FOR SALE—A TEA AND COFFEE route. Grand Union Tea company, 18 West Superior street.

FORT SALE—STOVES AND HOUSEhold goods, cheap. 2527 West Second street.

FOR SALE—DARK BROWN HORSE, Sept. 19, at pound, 408 East Seventh street. Poundmaster Ottinger.

FOR SALE—$135 WALNUT UPRIGHT piano, used six months, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's, McClure's, Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $15—$5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $5; LARGE used organ, $18; large used organ, $20; large used organ, $25.00. Very easy terms. French & Bassett.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $25 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

FIFTY SUGAR AND YELLOW PINE timber claims in California. Cut two to three million. Minutes $150.00 per claim. Address Ellsworth Benham, Room 75, Worcester block, Portland, Oregon.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD SECONDhand steam boiler, with fittings. Call or write, F. H. Rockwood, 2119 Elmira, Superior, Wis.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2520 West Third street. New phone 1448.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping, best references, easy walking distance. F. M. R., Duluth Music Co.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO OR THREE unfurnished rooms in West Duluth. Address, E. W. M., 10 South Fifty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home. Call at 726 East Third street. Basement.

WANTED — OFFICE WORK BY A young man of 25, with a practical knowledge of stenography. Address Y 21, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS DRIVER for express company preferred. Address Frank K. Reynolds, care of Postoffice.

POSITION WANTED—BY NORWEGIan, 26 years, as coachman or work around private place; has had experience; understands care of horses. P. A. K., 531 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS ASSISTANT engineer, fireman, or machine flier, by foreigner with best of references. G. 95, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady stenographer. Address F. 44, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK. 412 LOWELL block.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL DO plain or children's sewing at homes. Inquire 218 Lowell block, after 6:30 p. m.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework. 308 Eighth avenue east.

WANTED—CATHOLIC GIRL, 20 TO 25 years, of good quality and appearance, to clerk in reliable grocery store, for respectable outside party. M. K., Herald.

WANTED — COOK; HIGHEST WAGES. Apply evenings, 1211 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT DRESSmaker to go out sewing by day. Z 14, Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; best wages; permanent place. Apply Mrs. Magie, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Family of three. 1427 East Superior street. Mrs. Smith.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. 1007 East Third street.

WANTED—APRENTICE GIRLS AT Newell's millinery, 29 West Superior St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at once, 29 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE GIRL. Call, Room 8, over Big Duluth.

A STRONG WOMAN TO MAKE BREAD. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake Avenue Bethel.

WANTED—NEAT, ELDERLY WOMAN, white or colored, for light housework; three in family. Address, A. L., Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL, AT ONCE, Madame Warde's millinery store, 5 West Superior street.

WANTED—LADY FAMILY COOK. Bon Ton aBkery, 25 West Superior St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; be t wages. 1508½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—A WAIST FINISHER, AT 202 Masonic Temple.

WANTED—GIRLS TO SEW OVERALLS, shirts and jumpers. Inquire F. A. Patrick & Co., South Fifth avenue west. Sixth floor.

WANTED — GOOD CHOCOLATE DIPper; steady work. Smith & Markus, 110 West Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL, BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED—DISH WASHER AND GIRL to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 931 West Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—DELIVERY BOY, 17 OR 18 years old. Call 23 East Fourth street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SOLICItor for family trade. Salary or commission. Must be a hustler. Address G. F. A., Herald.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED MEN FOR Colorado gold mines; engineers, firemen, machine men and trammers and laborers, $3 to $5 per day. Fare advanced. Ship Sept. 15. G. F. Gilbert & Co., 5 South Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—BELL BOY, AT THE SPALding hotel.

WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, about 18 years, for clerk. Spalding house.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY; ONE wrapper for bundle counter. Apply M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS barber; good wages. R. P. Jentoft, 2009 West Superior street.

WANTED—BELL BOY, AT HOTEL McKay.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO KNOW THAT $8 per month will buy a $100 home with F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building.

25 BRIDGE CARPENTERS, 30 CENTS an hour; 100 Railroad laborers, $2 day; 50 station men; 100 woodsmen. E. Dowale, 502½ West Superior street, Western Employment agency.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COATMAK at once. John Rindal, 1911 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD FINLANDER CLERK for employment office, who can talk English, Swedish or Norwegian. Address, Z 16, Herald.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—BOY, ABOUT 18 years, to take orders and deliver meats. F. G. Sugg. Proctorknott. Phone 22.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOUR ROOM HOUSE TO RENT. 429 Nineteen and One-half avenue West.

FOR RENT—1907 EAST SUPERIOR street; modern nine-room house, $40 per month. Geo. H. Crosby, 105 Providence building.

FOR RENT—NUMBER 229 FOURTH avenue west; twelve rooms; all modern conveniences. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM. 318 Third avenue West.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER, sewer and light. 614½ East Second st.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AND FURniture for sale. 102 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS, WITH conveniences. 407 East First street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS UPstairs. 724 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen. Phone service. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED, LARGE, front room, with grate; central. C. J., Evening Herald.

MODERN ROOMS—GAS, HOT WATER heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred, B. 37, Herald.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room; central location; modern conveniences. References exchanged. Ap. 1, B. 37, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat; will allow light housekeeping. Inquire at 409 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT; gas, bath. 305 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE room flat in West End. Modern conveniences, gas, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, FOR TWO LAdies or gentleman, at $4.50, if taken at once. 218 Fourth avenue west.

BOARD, BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue west.

ROOM WITH BOARD, FOR TWO, IN a private family. Apply at 319 West Fourth street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY EMployed during day, pleasant room with breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner. East End preferred. Highest references. Address, stating price, G. 92, Herald.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room with board. 720 West First street.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St.. New phone 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. LEROY, THE EMINENT CLAIRvoyant and Palmist, has returned. He gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles, and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 9 daily, except Sunday. Parlors, 508 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1014 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4551.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES.—Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1009 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 8. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fensermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and first avenue west. Wednesday, Sept. 16, the supreme commander will be present and address the members on state of the order. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.

HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.

24 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 1 PAGES 1 to 12

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ALARMING RUMORS OF FURTHER MASSACRES

Sixty Thousand Said to Have Been Killed.

Two Army Divisions to Be Mobilized at Once.

Sofia, Sept. 12.—The council of ministers is said to have decided to mobilize the first and second army divisions, whose headquarters are at Sofia and Phillipolis. Alarming rumors are current of further wholesale massacres of Bulgarians in the vilayet of Monastir. One report says that 60,000 persons have been slaughtered in the district of Leren alone, which is purely Bulgarian. Other reports affirm that the Turks have burned the Christian quarters in three towns, Florina, Okhilda, and Resen.

Paris, Sept. 12.—After a conference between the officials of the Marine ministry and of the foreign office it has been decided to send the cruiser Latouche-Trevill to Turkish waters without waiting for the other ships of the French squadron ordered to be in readiness to sail for the Levant.

The Latouche-Trevill will probably be followed immediately by the cruiser Du Chayla. Their special points of observation will be Salonica, Beirut and Smyrna, but they will not go directly to these places. The warships will rendezvous at the small Greek island of Syra, off the coast, and within easy steaming distance of the disturbed districts.

Admiral Jaureguiberry and his flagship will remain at Toulon, ready to reinforce the two cruisers with a large naval force in case of a more serious turn of events.

London, Sept. 12.—The Salonica correspondent of the Times, after visiting Monastir sends a detailed history of the insurrection and the Turkish operations for its suppression. He says:

"No details have yet been received as to the result of that remote military operation, but from information emanating from trustworthy sources, not usually unfriendly to the Turks, there is reason to fear that the country has been absolutely devastated and all the Christians of both sexes and all ages, who have failed to find refuge in the woods, have been put to the sword."

Washington, Sept. 12.—The following bulletin was posted at the state department today:

Minister Leishman telegraphs, under date of yesterday, the 11th, that the following proclamation has appeared in the newspapers of Constantinople:

"By command of his imperial majesty, the sultan, Reshid Bey, governor general of Beirut, has been dismissed. Nazim Pasha, governor general of Damascus, has been appointed acting governor general of Beirut."

The official Gazette prints a notice that Nazim Pasha has taken temporary charge of the administration of Beirut.

Minister Leishman also communicates the substance of a report received by him from the United States consul at Beirut. The situation there appeared to have improved. The new acting governor, Nazim Pasha, had called upon him stating his desire to treat the Magelssen matter promptly and satisfactorily and expressing his purpose to effect a complete reorganization of the police force of Beirut. Mr. Ravndal says that the new governor enjoys the reputation of being a very capable man, and his appointment has given much pleasure to the people of Beirut.

EXCURSION TRAIN, BOUND FOR DULUTH, WRECKED BY WASHOUT

Three Wisconsin Men Are Instantly Killed.

John Larson of Duluth Among the Injured.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special excursion train on the Wisconsin division of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad went into a washout at Kempton, Wis., about 3:30 this mornign, and three passengers were killed and a number of others hurt, none seriously.

The dead:

PATRICK CONWAY, of Reedsburg, Wis.

WENDELL BROWN, of Cassanovia, Wis.

-- MURPHY, of Madison.

The train was a popular excursion from different points in Northern Wisconsin and was bound for Duluth. There had been a terrific rain storm raging all during the night, and the engineer had orders to proceed slowly and carefully. The train was running at a speed of about four miles an hour when the soft place in the track was struck, the engine passing over it in safety, but the tender, baggage car and three coaches were derailed, the other seven cars of the train remaining on the track. Conway was riding in the combination car, and was caught beneath the wreck and instantly killed. Brown was passing from the third to the fourth car at the time of the accident, and in breaking apart the cars threw him to the ground and were piled on top of him, crushing him to death. A number of the other passengers were slightly hurt, their injuries consisting mainly of minor cuts and bruises. Only the fact that the train was running very slowly at the time of the accident prevented a much more serious accident.

No information was received at the local offices of the Omaha road until 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, when a Herald reporter asked for details regarding the wreck. By telegraphing the train dispatcher it was given out that a report of a wreck at Kempton had been received but that no one had been reported killed. Two were injured, according to the report, one of whom was John Larson, who lives at 2026 West First street, Duluth.

The report was to the effect that they had received but slight injuries. It was also said that the heavy downfall of rain had caused numerous washouts and trains were necessarily compelled to feel their way along the road.

Local representatives said that from the information received the wrecked train was the regular express, due in Duluth at 11:00 o'clock, and that the excursion train was, as far as they knew, on its way to Duluth, having kept the track. The excursion train is one which was run from points north of Baraboo, passengers on which were to return either tonight or Sunday. The excursion train, it was said at the Omaha offices, would probably reach here at 5 o'clock.

THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR SUED BY A DANBURY FIRM

Damages of $240,000 Are Asked Under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law on Account of a Boycott.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 12.—D. E. Loewe & Co., of Danbury, hat manufacturers, today instituted suits against the national officers of the American Federation of Labor, the national officers of the United Hatters of North America and against 250 members of these organizations, residents of Danbury, who were formerly in the employ of the plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs allege that because they refused to employ only union labor in their factory, their goods were boycotted and a strike was called. Damages of $240,000 are asked under the Sherman anti-trust law.

A similar suit has been instituted in the superior court of Fairfield county against the same parties. In this suit damages of $100,000 are claimed and an injunction restraining the defendants from prosecuting the boycott is sought.

The defendants are: Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor and the following officers of that organization: Frank Morrison, secretary; John B. Lennon, treasurer; John Duncan, John Mitchell, James O'Connell, Martin Morris, Thomas I. Kidd and Dennis A. Hayes, vice presidents, and the following officers of the United Hatters of North America: President James A. Moffatt, Vice President Martin Lawlor, Secretary John Phillips, Treasurer James P. Maher and Charles J. Harrett, Robert Pierson, Peter Gallagher, John Byrne, Mark L. White, George J. Phillips, William Clayton, Michael Brennan, Frank Keegan and Charles Morris, directors.

The men on strike, against whom the suits are brought, are members of the Danbury local unions. In the suit brought in the United States district court, Loewe & Co. allege that in April, 1901, the Hatters' union of Danbury declared a boycott against their goods, but did nothing else for fourteen months because of a fight against P. H. Roeliff & Co., of Philadelphia, and H. Berg & Co., of Orange, N. J., hat makers.

It is further alleged that after forcing the two firms mentioned to unionize their factories, all the union men in the plaintiff's factory were called out on strike.

The plaintiffs claim further that the trade mark of the United Hatters of North America is employed by the defendants to further the sale of hats made by union labor to the detriment of the employers of non-union hatters, and that the journals of the American Federation of Labor and of the United Hatters of North America have been used to denounce goods of Loewe & Co.

It is also claimed that the persistent circulation of charges against the plaintiffs has prejudiced the public and intimidated wholesale dealers with consequent financial loss to the firm.

DISASTROUS RAIN AND SNOW STORMS

Sweep Over the Northwest Doing a Great Amount of Damage to Crops and Property.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the heaviest rain storms in recent years raged in St. Paul, and generally throughout the state last night, the official rainfall in this city being five inches for the twelve hours between 7 p. m. and 7 a. m. Many basements were flooded and street car service was much impeded by sand washing on the track. No very serious damage, however, has as yet been reported.

Reports from the Northwest show that last night's rain storm extended from Elroy, Wis., to Sioux City, Iowa, and that damage to grain will be extensive. In some parts of this state it is impossible to move threshing machines or haul grain. The result will be that many acres of grain and flax in shock will be damaged if not totally ruined, causing a loss of many thousand dollars. Nearly all railroads entering St. Paul report more or less minor damage.

From North Dakota points reports come of snow on the ground and at Granville two inches has fallen.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—A Bird Island, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Heavy rain fell last night, making over six inches this month. It is impossible to move machines or haul grain. No threshing for two weeks. Hundreds of acres of flax are badly damaged.

A special to the Dispatch from New Ulm, Minn., reports four inches of rain in that vicinity last night. The Cottonwood river is out of its banks and the Benzine bridge has been washed away. Traffic on the Minneapolis & St. Louis road is delayed because of landslides and washouts. Hay and grain on the lowlands received serious damage.

The following specials from correspondents of the Dispatch indicate that the heavy rainfall of last night was the forerunner of a snow storm of remarkable severity for this section at this season of the year:

Dickinson, N. D., Sept. 12.—Snow has been falling ever since last night and the ground is covered six inches deep. The storm assumed the proportions of a blizzard, blowing down trees and telegraph lines and delaying traffic.

Staples, Minn., Sept. 12.—A heavy wet snow has been falling here all the morning. This was preceded by an all night rain, and the outlook is gloomy for saving the crops.

Marshfield, Wis., Sept. 12.—Severe rain storms played havoc with the railroads last night. The St. Paul limited, on the Northwestern line for Milwaukee, was delayed here on account of a washout at Edgar. No trains are running on the Wisconsin Central north of Abbotsford. The track is washed out in three places.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 12.—A severe wind, rain and electric storm did great damage in this vicinity last night. Crops were laid low in many places. Lightning struck several buildings in the city and railroads suffered numerous washouts.

RUSSIA ASKS PERMISSION TO POSTPONE EVACUATION

Wants to Remain In One of the Frontier Provinces of Manchuria After the Time of General Evacuation on Oct. 8.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Russia has requested permission of China to postpone her evacuation of one of the frontier provinces of Manchuria for several months after Oct. 8, the date for the general evacuation of Manchuria. Minister Conger cables the state department this fact, and the matter has been referred to Secretary Hay at the secretary's summer home in New Hampshire for consideration. The state department apparently is not concerned over Russia's request as it is pointed out the province is a small one and the postponement is only for a short time.

The Washington government has received satisfactory assurances from the St. Petersburg authorities that the general evacuation of Manchuria will occur on Oct. 8. If for some reasons purely local to the province in question Russia should require permission to postpone the withdrawal of her troops from that particular province for several months, it is said to be for China to say whether the request shall be granted.

This request, in the opinion of the state department officials does not indicate that Russia intends to break her pledge to the powers. Secretary Hay will prepare instructions for Mr. Conger, upon receipts of which the latter will advise the Russian government of the attitude of the United States.

WORK OF THE WILY CHINESE CONFOUNDS THE INSPECTORS

Six Chinamen Put on Board Steamer For Deportation, Were Missing a Few Hours Later With Poor Substitutes In Their Places.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—A bold attempt has just been discovered to defraud the government by shipping back to China, on the steamer Gaelic, six imposters in place of six Chinese, who were ordered deported by United States District Judge De Haven. One arrest has been made in the case and others will follow shortly. More sensational developments are expected as it is believed that the government has now stumbled on to the work of a ring.

It is the contention of the government officials that the six genuine Chinese were in the county jail yesterday morning and that they were removed from there at 7 o'clock by a deputy United States marshal and taken in a hack to the Pacific Mail dock. From there they were placed safely on board the steamer Gaelic. Five hours later the men could not be found, but in their stead were imposters in no way resembling them in appearance. At a late hour last night the officials were in the dark so far as having any knowledge as to how this lightning change act came about.

ONE WAY WAS OVERLOOKED

Andrews Forgot to Mention "Soldiers' Additional Homestead" Law.

St. Paul, Sept. 12—(Special to The Herald.)—With reference to his recent interview Gen. Andrews said to the Associated Press today: "I overlooked one of the ways of obtaining public timber lands, namely under the Soldiers additional homestead' law which allows any soldier who has taken a homestead and from any cause failed to acquire a full 160 acres tract, to receive from the commissioner of the general land office a certificate of his right to an additional amount, whether 40, 80 or 120 acres to make up the number lacking. Such certificates are transferable and can be used by the holder in payment for public land wherever situated. Thousands of soldiers not knowing the value of such rights parted with them at a low price. The law was not intended to benefit the soldier but was a scheme to enable cunning fellows to obtain public timber lands at a low figure. These abuses in the disposal of public timber lands could be remedied by an act of congress, providing that hereafter no merchantable public timber shall be sold except at its true valuation after due appraisal under the supervision of the United States forestry bureau. There are scores of competent young American foresters eager to engage in the work of surveying and appraising such timber."

LITTLE JOKE CONCERNING SNAKES

London, Sept. 12.—The Associated Press is informed that no one of the name of Warwick is staying or has been staying at the Midland hotel, Manchester. Judging from this, it would appear that the London Times has been hoaxed in publishing the letter today which announced the liberation of fourteen rattlesnakes at Blarney castle, near Cork.

The London Times printed a letter dated from the Midland hotel, Manchester, in which the writer announced that he arrived from America on the White Star liner Celtic and went to Cork. He added that he then visited Blarney castle, where he liberated fourteen fairly good-sized rattlesnakes. The letter concludes:

"Time will tell if St. Patrick's edict is a myth or not. Yours for science,

"C. R. WARWICK."

COL. BELKNAP OF KENTUCKY ASSAILS BECKHAM'S RECORD

His Opening Speech In Campaign Dwelt Largely on the Governor's Pardon Record Which He Characterized as Most Heinous.

Munfordville, Ky., Sept. 12.—In the presence of several thousand of people the Republican state campaign was opened here today by Col. Morris B. Belknap, candidate for governor. The party leaders were in attendance, and other candidates on the state ticket delivered short addresses. Special trains brought large crowds from nearby cities.

Col. Belknap's speech dealt mainly with the pardon record of Governor Beckham, which, he asserted, was largely responsible for the lawless conditions prevailing in Breathitt and other counties. He said in part: "The dramatic and tragic panorama of political events in our state for four years is one from which we instinctively turn away. It is heavy tragedy with the s lime of untruth clinging to its garments. Repulsive and reeking with the foul atmosphere of dungeons, it displays a body prostituted to perjury and fraud."

Referring to one of the more noted Breahitt county pardons, Col. Belknap said: "Perhaps Raleigh was innocent of having voted any other than the Democratic ticket. Raleigh was the man convicted of killing a little girl in Breathitt county, and who was pardoned by Mr. Beckham. Your governor, by pardoning this miscreant, has shown what he thinks the brute, who would improperly accost your daughters, then shoot them like dogs, was fit after a few years' punishment, to enjoy the full privileges of citizenship."

Col. Belknap, continuing, said that at least 1125 convicts have been set free in eleven years. Those paroled and not counted would easily carry the number to 1200.

Turning to the trials of the alleged assassins of Goebel, Col. Belknap declared: "The trials that have been so far conducted with partisan juries and forged testimony leave justice unsatisfied."

EIGHT SURVIVORS RESCUED FROM AN OVERTURNED BOAT

Details of a Sea Tragedy Near Port au Prince Are Brought In By the Schooner W. S. Fielding, Just Arrived at Providence.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 12.—The details of a sea tragedy, in the West Indian waters, have been reported by the schooner W. S. Fielding, which has just returned to this port.

Nearing Port Au Prince, on her outward voyage, the Fielding ran near a dark object, which was found to be an overturned boat, with seven men and one woman clinging to it and striving with the little strength that was left in them to hold on to the slippery bottom.

The coasting schooner, name unknown, to which they belonged, had struck a rock, had partly filled and then had suddenly "turned turtle." The crew of seventeen persons had all managed to get upon the bottom of the craft.

Days of starvation and thirst ensued, during which nine of the seventeen died. On the fifth day came the rescue of the eight survivors.

The Fielding was about twelve miles from the island of Gonaves when the wreck was sighted.

AN IMMENSE SUM ASKED

By Recently Divorced Wife of Roland B. Molineux.

New York, Sept. 12.—Another chapter of mystery has been added to the noted Molineux case through the preparations under way by Blanche Chesbrough, for merly wife of Roland B. Molineux, to sue the latter's father, Gen. Molineux, for $100,000.

This immense sum is demanded as recompense for "mental anguish" suffered by the accused man's wife during the time that young Molineux stood charged with the murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams.

Mrs. Molineux only lately secured a divorce from her husband by acquiring a residence in South Dakota. The grounds for the divorce have not been made public.

The news of this latest suit for $100,000 has revived speculation as to exactly what Blanche Chesborough knows of the circumstances in the poison case which resulted in her husband's acquittal after two convictions and appeals. The district attorney and the public generally were satisfied that she could, if she would, tell more than was shown by the evidence at hand.

During the first Molineux trial the prisoner's wife was sheltered in Gen. Molineux's home in Brooklyn. The veteran soldier publicly appeared as his daughter-in-law's companion.

A few months later rumors were circulated of trouble in the Molineux household. The general's wife, it was said, would have no intercourse with the woman her son had married and by the time of the last trial Blanche Chesborough had left the Brooklyn residence and taken board in Sing Sing. This convinced the city folk the stories of discord between the elder and younger women were true.

When it became known that Mrs. Molineux had gone west to secure a divorce Gen. Molineux in an interview, declared that he knew nothing about the suit, but in any event the family "was through with her."

Therefore, everyone today is asking—what does Blanche Chesborough really know about the crime of which her former husband was accused, and why this suit for $100,000?

A THRILLING ENCOUNTER

Of Surveyor With Mountain Lions on San Bernardino Peak.

San Bernardino, Cal., Sept. 12.—C. F. Ragsdale, of San Francisco, a United States government surveyor, had a thrilling fight with mountain lions high up in the San Bernardino mountain range. Ragsdale and his party have been at work extending the San Bernardino base line east through a wild and isolated section of the mountains in the vicinity of Mount San Bernardino. With two of his men he had run a line to the top of a crag two miles west of Whitewater, and about 9500 feet high. He decided that he would make his bed on the peak, and so sent the others of the party down the mountain with instructions to bring up his lunch in the morning.

He made his bed of pine boughs and was soon fast asleep. About 12:15 rain began to fall in torrents, and then he heard the roaring of mountain lions. He was armed with nothing but a small hatchet. The nearest assistance was over three miles away, and he realized that he could not leave without a battle.

The fire which he had kindled early in the evening had been extinguished by the rain, and he knew that when it died out it would be the signal for an assault upon him. He could see the glare of the famishing creatures' eyes, and see their long, gaunt forms as they paced about at the edge of the brush not over 25 feet distant.

To save himself he had to get wood for his fire. While cutting pine branches one of the beasts left its retreat and made for him. He wheeled about and raised the hatchet above his head, waiting for the attack.

Something made the big brute change its intentions, for with a roar it backed off into the thicket.

While the surveyor was lugging an arm of brush back to the fire he turned about and saw two of the lions following him. One of them was a cub scarcely 6 months old, but as he dropped his load and whirled his ax through the air it stood its ground, growling and showing its long, sharp teeth. The entire night was spent in fighting back these brutes, and no morning was ever so welcomed as that which followed, when he heard the whistle of his companions bringing him an early breakfast.

CLAIMS ERROR

P. J. Hartnett Differs From Commercial Bank's Books.

P. J. Harnett, of Fourth street, who was one of the depositors with the Commercial Banking company to appear before the grand jury, says that the figures given to the effect he deposited $45, the day the bank closed are incorrect. Mr. Hartnett deposited $209.38 Aug. 12, the day the bank closed. He also claims that Mr. Leland's schedule filed in United States court is incorrect in its list of losses of depositors for the reason that his loss is stated as $203; whereas his own books show his loss to have been $529.73.

GOVERNMENT WILL INVESTIGATE

Pittsburg, Sept. 12.—The United States government has taken up the case of William H. Crowley, the 16-year-old boy who was shot and killed by a private of the Ninth United States infantry near the Allegheny arsenal grounds Thursday. A representative of the secretary of war, it is said, will reach Pittsburg some time today with full instructions to take charge of the case and investigate it. Pending the action of the government, city and county authorities are powerless. The soldier who did the shooting is still in the arsenal. His surrender to the civil authorities depends on the judgment of the government representative expected today.

TOBACCO WAR ENDS IN NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 12.—Twenty-eight tobacco shops in this city owned by the Independent Cigar Stores company are reported to have been purchased by the United Cigar Stores company, and the strife between the two combinations is at an end. It is understood that more than half a million dollars was paid. For nearly two years the retail cigar dealers have been waging bitter warfare against the United Cigar Stores company. About a year ago the Independent Cigar Stores company was incorporated and twenty-eight stores were opened in New York. A fierce price-cutting war has been waged, but the sale of the entire chain to the United company will end the conflict.

NO FEAR OF EUROPE'S STEEL TRUST

Lodon, Sept. 12.—The Brussels correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that negotiations between representatives of the large steel work in Germany, Belgium and France for the formation of a European steel corporation. The Associated Press is informed that so far as known the continental manufacturers are no nearer a combination than when the idea was first mooted about a year ago. It is pointed out, however, that the prices of steel on the continent are now kept extraordinarily low, which would facilitate the efforts to effect a combine thought it is doubted whether the vastly differing interests and methods of the various countries concerned could ever be united under one organization.

London, Sept. 12.—Inquiry made at the European offices of the United States Steel corporation today revealed the fact that no serious importance is attached to the statement made by the Brussels correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph that negotiations are in progress favorably between representatives of the large steel works in Germany, Belgium and France for the formation of a European steel corporation. The Associated Press is informed that so far as known the continental manufacturers are no nearer a combination than when the idea was first mooted about a year ago. It is pointed out, however, that the prices of steel on the continent are now kept extraordinarily low, which would facilitate the efforts to effect a combine thought it is doubted whether the vastly differing interests and methods of the various countries concerned could ever be united under one organization.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

EVELETH COMES IN FOR ROAST

Former President Jesmore's Deals Condemned.

Grand Jury Also Reflects on the Clerk's Work.

The grand jury, which has been working for the past two weeks, completed its investigations for this term of district court this morning and filed its report with Judge Ensign shortly before noon. The court thanked the grand jurors for the expeditious manner in which they have transacted the business to come before them, and discharged them.

The grand jury returned no indictments in connection with the investigations conducted yesterday afternoon as to the alleged butchers' combine, nor made mention of it in the report.

The principal feature of the grand jury report was the hot roast that was given some of the range town officials for the methods they have of conducting village affairs. Especial attention was called to the administration of affairs of the village of Eveleth, which was incorporated into a city over a year ago. The grand jury reported that from an investigation conducted it was satisfied that there were good grounds for the village to bring an action against Mayor Charles Jesmore, who was the former president of the village, and the firm of Jesmore & Turnquist, to recover all moneys the village spent with them, a strong intimation being carried that village affairs were administered rather too loosely under the former village president, and to his own advantage. The present city clerk of Eveleth comes in for a roast on the ground that he has not kept his records up as they should be, and the grand jury was much inconvenienced thereby.

Other range towns come in for attention, especially those in which some of the police authorities have been levying a tribute on lawbreakers to their personal advantage, without the formality of a warrant or court proceeding.

The full report of the grand jury follows:

"The grand jury has to report to the court that on account of the considerable length of time necessarily consumed in the examination of the large number of cases bound over to await its action from the various committing magistrates, together with those cases which have otherwise come to the notice of the grand jury, it has made no extended examination of the public records, buildings or offices.

"It has, however, come to the attention of the grand jury that during the last administration of the officials of the village of Eveleth the affairs of that municipality were managed with gross, if not criminal, recklessness and carelessness. Bills against the village were allowed without being verified or even signed, and the public expenditures were made with an utter disregard of law and careful business management. The grand jury calls especial attention to certain contracts and dealings of the then president of the village, Charles Jesmore, with the village, in relation to its waterworks construction, and recommends that the matter be thoroughly investigated by the next succeeding grand jury.

"In making this recommendation this grand jury is not seeking to avoid any responsibility whatever, but states that it has investigated the matter to a point where it is absolutely necessary to have the presence of a witness who is now in Canada and beyond the call of the grand jury, but who will return to this state within a comparatively short period of time. Without such witness the grand jury found it impossible to proceed; but from the investigation so far as pursued, the grand jury recommends that the matter be fully investigated as soon as the absent witness returns.

"From the investigation so far as made by the grand jury, it has been made apparent to the grand jury that the present city of Eveleth has just cause of action against said Charles Jesmore, and the former firm of Jesmore & Turnquist, for the return of all the moneys paid out by the village of Eveleth to Charles Jesmore and the firm of Jesmore & Turnquist upon contracts between said village of Eveleth and said firm of Jesmore & Turnquist, and also between the village of Eveleth and Charles Jesmore individually, while said Charles Jesmore was the village president. The grand jury recommends that suit be commenced at once for the return of all such moneys.

"The grand jury further finds that in certain municipalities throughout the county it has become a practice for the village marshal or chief of police officer, at stated periods, to go around the municipality collecting fines for alleged violations of certain ordinances, without any formal complaint having been issued or warrant of arrest served, or the appearance of the accused in court had been had. The grand jury condemns such practice as pernicious and unlawful and as one tending to degrade the proper use of the local inferior courts, in that it stifles the proper public disposition of such public business.

"During the course of its examinations the grand jury has ascertained that the city clerk of Eveleth has not kept proper records of his office, much to the inconvenience of the grand jury in its said examinations, and doubtless to the inconvenience and detriment of the city of Eveleth.

"JOHN ROWLEY,
"Foreman of the Grand Jury."

THE MARYLAND LAUNCHED.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The cruiser Maryland, which was launched today at Newport News, is 502 feet on load water line; extreme b readth, 69 feet 6½ inches; trial displacement, 13,860 tons; mean draft, 24 feet 1 inch. The Maryland's armament will consist of four 8-inch guns, four 6-inch guns and a broadside and a secondary battery.

MUST KEEP OFF PLATFORMS

Street Railway Company to Enforce Rule—Chadwick Gets Verdict.

Patrons of the Duluth-Superior Traction company must keep off the rear platform from this time on.

Yesterday a municipal court jury awarded W. S. Chadwick damages to the extent of $25 because a conductor on a Woodland car forcibly ejected the plaintiff after he had refused to give up his position on the platfrom.

Mr. Chadwick sued for $150. Judge Windom, in instructing the jury, said that if the jury was satisfied, from the evidence in the case, that the company had been generally enforcing its rule forbidding passengers to ride on the rear platform the conductor would have had a right to put passengers off the car, but if the company had not enforced this rule, a verdict for the plaintiff would naturally result.

One of the leading witnesses, according to the evidence, stood on the same platform from which Mr. Chadwick was ejected both before and after that incident, and was not requested to vacate his position by the conductor.

Shortly after the verdict awarding $25 damages was returned, Manager Warren of the street railway company issued strict instruction to all conductors to keep the rear platforms cleared of passengers, except when there was not another foot of available room within the car.

The street car officers claim that the trouble with Mr. Chadwick arose entirely through an effort to keep a passage way open in order that other patrons getting on and off might not be inconvenienced, and that there was no desire to bar patrons from the rear platform, though that debarment will be necessary in the future.

TO LEAVE.

Rev. O. D. Wilson to Preach Farewell Sermon.

For five years pastor of the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church of this city, Rev. O. H. Wilson is to leave for another field, and is to deliver his farewell sermon tomorrow morning at his church. Rev. Wilson will go to Minneapolis to be pastor of the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church at that place.

His successor here will be Rev. H. K. Madson, from Neenah, Wis., who is to preach his first sermon in Duluth Sept. 27.

IT FAILED DISMALLY.

The family was getting just a little tired of her, for she came so often, and stayed so long, and she was old, and so deaf that everyone had to shout loudly, says Cassel's Journal.

At last the father in desperation planned to go into a sudden fit of temper in the presence of the obnoxious caller in the hope of convincing her that they were not pleasant people to visit.

Accordingly one evening, when he returned from business and found the old lady present as usual, he began to talk loudly and in an irritated voice. Then, growing more excited, he stamped about the room, knocking furniture right and left, and ended by going out and banging the door after him.

The visitor sat quietly during the turmoil, and when the husband was gone she turned to the wife and said consolingly:

"How fortunate for you that I was here. But do not let his bad temper frighted you, my dear. It will come more frequently and stay with you longer.

VICTIMS OF FALL

Three to Be Buried Monday In the Same Cemetery Lot.

Young Son of Andrew Anderson Takes Body to Minneapolis.

Three of the five victims of the Peavey elevator accident will probably be buried in one lot in the Swedish Lutheran cemetery on Monday.

Last evening the body of Andrew Anderson, accompanied by his heart-broken 15-year old son, was taken to Minneapolis for burial.

Tomorrow afternoon the funeral of Helmer Anderson will be held. The services is at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in the undertaking rooms of C. O. Nelson.

This victim was but 17 years of age and had only been over from Sweden three weeks. His parents and other members of the family are living in the old country. The boy lived with distant relatives at 1112½ Garfield avenue.

The other three victims—Oscar Erickson, E. Benson and William Watson will probably be buried together and a triple funeral to be held from Nelson's undertaking rooms some time Monday. It is claimed that the Peavey Elevator company has decided to purchase a lot in the Swedish Lutheran cemetery for their final resting lace.

The work of rebuilding the concrete elevators at which the five men were killed on Thursday evening, was taken up again yesterday morning by a new crew of men.

It is claimed that there is no danger in this work and the accident was due solely to the failure of the five men to notice the slipping of a three-foot timber that acted as a "keystone" to the frame work on which they were working.

Testimonial Concert
Tendered to Miss Rena Smith,
Lyceum, Sunday, Sept. 13, 3 p.m.
Flaaten's full orchestra. Miss Rebecca Mackenzie, soprano, assisted by local talent. Prices—50c, 75c, $1.00.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Fifty-Seven Pairs of Twins, Calumet's Record For Year.

Calumet—To convince President Roosevelt that the copper country is doing its part to prevent race suicide, a detailed report of the school census of this city for the current year will be forwarded to the White House. The total number of children of school age in the first district is 7760. The past year there were forty-seven births of twins.

Ironwood—Former stockholders in the Michigan Savings and Loan association of Detroit, have been surprised recently to be called on by a United States deputy marshal and served with subpoenas. The association carried on a large business in Gogebic and other Upper Peninsula counties twelve years ago, but its affairs have been in the hands of a receiver for some time. Now the former stockholders have been made defendants in chancery proceedings instituted in the federal court at Detroit to wind up the affairs of the corporation.

Houghton—The candidacy of Fred M. Warner, secretary of state, for the governorship is greatly favored by Upper Peninsula Republicans. Senator Charles Smith, representing this district in the legislature, says he believes Warner will be nominated. Warner's forthcoming visit to the upper part of the state will greatly strengthen his candidatcy.

Acting upon the suggestion of the last Young Men's Christian association convention, arrangements are being made for a district conference to be held at some town in the Upper Peninsula the latter part of October.

Adolph Haas, of Houghton, and four of his friends had a close call from drowning or injury near Arnheim, on Portage lake. They were in a small launch when a terrific squall struck them. The craft was driven ashore and for several hours was in imminent danger of being dashed to pieces against a quarry rock. Help arrived and a ruge derrick was used to pull the boat out of the water.

The board of supervisors of Houghton county has granted a charter to Grover, better known as South Lake Linden, to incorporate as the village of Hubbell, named in honor of the late Jay A. Hubbell, father of the Michigan college of mines. The first village election will be held Oct. 12.

Calumet—Joseph and Andrew Kervela, brothers of Lat um, narrowly escaped being torn to pi es by two bears while berry picking. O of the animals caught Joseph Kervela by the shoulder. He managed to get way, but lost most of his coat. The b thers ran as fast as possible, leaving alls, berries and all behind.

Joseph Weather od, alias McKnight, an operator, who as been in the employ of the Miner Range railway at Riddle Junction f two months, has been arrested charged with being an escaped convict from the prison at Leavenworth, Kas. Weatherford was first arrested on the harge of robbing the mails, and being convicted was sentenced to serve two years in prison. He had served only two months before he escaped. The authori ies had little hope of finding him, as h left no clue to his whereabouts.

Mike Reidel was r down while walking on the tracks the Atlantic & Lake Superior railro and almost killed. He is about 60 years ng age and devoid of hearing. Reidel as passed through numerous accidents, twice he fell down shafts at the mines here he was working, but recovered.

Escanaba—The cultivation of tobacco promises to become a source of revenue to the farmers of the Upper Peninsula in years to come. J Wriugel Forest, who owns a farm near Carney, Menominee county, has experimented with tobacco culture with signal success.

Salvation Army Notes.

Salvation Army meetings will be conducted at the Salvation Army hall, 21 Fifth avenue west, tonight at 8 p. m. Sunday school Sunday, at 10 a. m. Public meeting Sunday, 3 and 8 p. m. Adjutant and Mrs. William Fisher will be in charge.

Staff Cap Faulkner, of Minneapolis, will visit a d conduct three special services as f lows: Monday, at 8 p. m.; Tuesday, Children's meeting," at 4 p. m. Public meeting at 8 p. m.

DR. MITCHELL

Treats and Cures All Diseases.

Thousands of sufferers from chronic diseases are today alive and well and gratefully testify that Dr. Mitchell's treatment came to them as the star of hope at a period when life seemed slipping from their grasp and the horizon of the future was darkened by the shadows of the grave. This great healer has given to the helpless invalid the use of his limbs, restored to the blind their sight and to the deaf their hearing and all diseases which afflicts the human family are treated and cured permanently. Scientists and physicians have been more than surprised by the many notable cures described in this paper during the past five years.

His treatment works upon the circulation, gives tone to the nervous system and builds up and strengthens the general constitution. After his treatment the return of health is always accompanied by a remarkable increase in vigor of all the organic functions.

If you are thinking of employing a physician, just investigate before you decide and you will find that Dr. Mitchell is the only one who actually cures chronic cases of long standing. He removes tumors and growths before your very eyes. Patients when cured by this wonderful process remain cured. They return to prove that the effects are permanent and the cure is lasting. Remember the number, 17 East Superior street. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. Sunday, 10 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 9:30. Zenith 'phone, 579.

A STRANGE TANGLE

Husband, Sued For Divorce, Replies Plaintiff Is Another's Wife.

Declares He Has Found His First Wife Is Alive.

New York, Sept. 12.—Rarely outside of the pages of romance and tragedy is such a story found as that revealed by the voluminous affidavits compiled in the case of pretty Minnie Donohue Cary, who is suing her millionaire husband, Arthur L. Cary, Fifth avenue publisher and yachtsman, for divorce and $15,000 alimony.

An amazing chapter was added to the story by the full admission made by the defendant of a former marriage contracted by himself in Texas seventeen years ago, and of the fact that, besides his first wife, he has a 15-year-old son living with wife No. 1 in Europe.

Mr. Cary was not aware until two weeks ago of the existence of his son, and for fourteen years he has believed his first wife dead, according to his sworn affidavits.

This, following the positive statement made in the supreme court, that his alleged marriage to the plaintiff was never legally binding and his further allegation that she is now the undivorced wife of William A. Duncan, a Buffalo theatrical man, supplies astonishing features of the case.

A baronet and other wealthy and titled persons in England and Ireland figure in the affidavits which surround the wealthy English-born and American-bred publisher.

Cary and the woman whom he now denounces went through a marriage ceremony at Delaware, O., the home of the woman, in 1898. She says she was free to marry Cary. He denies it.

The trial of the divorce suit has been adjourned to enable the woman to answer Cary's charges.

Arthur Cary has had a western career. Instead of becoming a sailor, as his Irish uncle, Sir Thomas Cary, desired, he emigrated to Texas. He became a foreman on the Stevenson ranch in Kinney county, Aug. 14, 1885.

One week later he met and fell in love with 16-year-old Eleanor Irodale, daughter of John Irodale, a small storekeeper. They were married.

A few months of married life was enough for Cary, and back to Ireland he went. His wife remained in San Antonio. No letters passed between them.

Three years later Cary returned to America, and he says that for two years he searched through Texas and Mexico for his wife. It is alleged that he eventually was told she was dead.

In the meantime Cary had become prosperous as a publisher in Chicago and Cleveland, with connections in St. Louis. Three years ago he reached New York with prosperity smiling at every turn. Today he is rated as a millionaire, with yachts and horses and other luxuries.

While visiting here in 1894, Cary, according to his affidavit, met the woman now suing for divorce. She was introduced as Miss Minnie A. Donohue. At that time she was on the stage. They were married four years later at Delaware, Ohio.

Peace and happiness fairly swamped the couple and kept them submerged in each other's esteem until Miss Martha Hanlon, of Cleveland, applied to Cary for a job. She was employed.

According to the affidavit of Mrs. Cary, she was informed on June 16 by her husband that he had a great regard for Miss Hanlon, who had been making her home with the defendant and his sister, Miss Charlotte Cary, in New Rochelle, since her advent on the scene.

Miss Hanlon was named as co-respondent in the present proceeding.

By affidavit, Miss Hanlon says Cary and his sister were her friends; that, with the knowledge of the sister and wife, she and Cary planned to give apparent grounds for divorce and were simply carrying out the fraud when surprised by the wife.

There is only one ground for absolute divorce in New York.

Miss Hanlon denies all charges and insinuations of wrong-doing.

Then came the action for divorce, and, with it, two remarkable features.

Mr. Cary alleged no marriage was had because the woman was the wife of William A. Duncan at the time of the ceremony. To prove the marriage the father of Duncan testified:

"In 1882 my son, William A. Duncan, brought to my house a woman he introduced to me as his wife, being Minnie A. Donohue, whom I recognize now by the photograph shown to me as being the plaintiff, and who resided at my home for some little time thereafter."

Duncan says the couple appeared in a theatrical sketch under the name of Duncan and Dorn. They lived together as husband and wife however, and the woman wore a wedding ring.

The elder Duncan also swears that the woman once beat his son with a water pitcher, knocking him down and inflicting scars which he now bears.

All of this Mrs. Cary denies. She says:

"I never married William A. Duncan; never had any relations with him and do not know if he is now alive. My marriage to Mr. Cary is the only one I ever contracted. There must be some means by which I can make him suffer for his attack upon my character."

While the friends of the Carys and the public generally were gasping after this startler, came the story of Cary's Texas marriage.

It is revealed that the Carys have known for two weeks that the Texas Mrs. Cary and her son were alive. A friend, who had been with Cary in Texas years ago, saw and talked with her in Londonderry. He cabled the news to New York and Miss Cary was dispatched to Europe to investigate. She has confirmed the news.

Mrs. Cary's lawyers threaten to amend the papers and allege that the rich publisher is a bigamist.

THE NEW ERA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Some of the Salient Features of This Flourishing Commercial School. And Its Staff of Efficient Instructors.

Superior, Wis., through the advertising of the New Era Business College, is being given a wide publicity all over this country as a seat of commercial learning.

And justly so.

The salient features of this College that has such a phenomenal growth, and its staff of very efficient instructors, may best be told in crisp paragraphs.

It is unsurpassed in all essentials and immediate requisites.

This college affords an ideal business preparation, by thorough instruction.

The teachers study their pupils, the better to help them learn.

Correct habits of study are here formed.

The blending of busy, useful and happy lives, by imparting high-grade business training.

It is a school of the highest grade, combining the best features of business.

The number of students is unlimited, and may enter at any time.

With a well-balanced course it affords a well-rounded education.

Fine social advantages, with Christian influence and a moral atmosphere.

It affords a golden opportunity to the youth of our land.

This school trains the eye, hand and brain, together.

A scholarly faculty in its teaching force.

The harmonious development of business manhood and womanhood.

Selected courses, comprehensive and complete.

Individual instructions, each student is a class.

The teachers are close to the students.

Business responsibility is instilled in the student that develops business sagacity.

The boy here is made into the man and the girl into the woman.

Personal inspiration is the key-note of its methods.

Students are impressed that character and scholarly attainments round out the business man.

The development of all the natural powers and latent possibilities is the right meaning and purpose of an education obtained within these walls.

In brief, it is a thorough and honest school, the kind of school to which sensible parents desire to send their children.

A faculty of experienced, cultured and consecrated teachers.

A refined, home-like and thoroughly equipped school, that has sent out into the business world an army of students with their rich and varied educational advantages.

A proud record.

STOVES — WE HAVE the best and largest line of HEATING STOVES AND RANGES in the city—we sell on easy payments and prepay the freight. KELLEY HDW. CO. — STOVES

A NURSE FOR MANY YEARS

Mrs. Hammond Has Welcomed the Stork 1758 Times.

Newcastle, Del., Sept. 12.—Mrs. Ann Hammond, of this place, says she is the oldest nurse in the United States in active service. She has been a nurse for sixty-eight years and her services are still in demand when happy events are about to brighten households.

Surrounded by her children, grandchildren and admiring friends, Mrs. Hammond recently celebrated the eighty-sixth anniversary of her birth. When a correspondent called to extend congratulations, he found Mrs. Hammond preparing dinner for a large party present. She said:

"Mrs. Clark, of Philadelphia, has a record for nursing nearly sixty years and having attended 960 babies, but her record is not up to high-water mark. After nursing for sixty-eight years, I have to my credit 1758 little darlings. Yes, yes, that is a great many babies," continued Mrs. Hammond, "but sixty-eight years is a long time to have been a nurse.

"In Liverpool, Eng., I became a nurse and I am still called upon to welcome the advent of the stork. After coming to America I continued nursing, for I loved babies and the work. I have nursed as high as three babies at a time, going from house to house each day. Good luck was always with me and I never lost a mother or her baby. Whether in the family of the workingman or that of a rich one, it made no difference to me.

"I have nursed three generations in some families, and with my present good health will live for another generation. Nursing nowadays is not what it used to be. Then the nurse had much of the responsibility, for few doctors were on hand then, but now they are as plentiful as mosquitoes on a New Jersey marsh.

"I began nursing at 18 years of age, and recently I had two cases to attend to at the same time. You see that my nursing life has been a continuous one. Bless your heart, no, I am not feeling old. Why I can do housework in a manner that will shame the young housekeeper of today, whether at the stove, in the washtub or the ironing. I can bring any of them to time.

"Do you intend to continue nursing?"

"Well, yes, until I begin to feel old," answered Mrs. Hammond. "If the people want me I am equal to the task, and the doctors are pleased with my work."

Mrs. Hammond came to Newcastle when 26 years of age and married James Hammond, who died twelve years ago. She is small in stature and is as smart as a girl of 16. Every one knows 'Ann Hammond' and she knows every one in this city."

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you. 50 cents.



BEST SETS OF TEETH
$8.00
Made by an expert plate maker. No extra charge for painless extraction when best teeth are ordered.
DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS
DR. LAMBERT, Manager.
5 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ENGRAVING, EMBOSSING, PRINTING.

WE are fully equipped to supply Fine Engraved Cards and Wedding Announcements, Steel Die Embossing for Fine Office and Correspondence Stationery. Our Job Printing is the kind that always pleases—being executed in the latest styles of type and up-to-date manner.
Consolidated Stamp & Printing Co.
325 West First Street, Ground Floor.

Did you say you needed a Brush?
We have it — Tooth, Nail, Hand, Hair, Cloth or Bath—at Bargain Prices.
KUGLER
YOUR DRUGGIST
108 W. SUPERIOR ST.

A HALF CENTURY OF SUCCESS

is the wonderful record made by the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For 50 years it has stood the test of public approval and today is regarden as the leading family medicine of the world.



HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

is especially adapted to those who have allowed their system to become weak and rundown and who now suffer from FLATULENCY, SOUR STOMACH, NAUSEA, POOR APPETITE, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, KIDNEY AILMENTS, CONSTIPATION OR MALARIA. It will strengthen the stomach, promote sound sleep and cure the above ailments. **Try a bottle** and see for yourself.

Indianapolis, Ind.
Gentlemen:—For a long time I suffered from weak kidneys but after taking your Bitters, the pain in my back has gone and now I am a well man.
ROBERT H. SCOTT.

New York, N. Y.
Gentlemen:—I heve used your Bitters for stomach and kidney ailments and found it very beneficial. I cheerfully recommend it.
T. C. CORNELIUS.

WOMEN WILL ALSO FIND THE BITTERS UNEQUALED AS A TONIC AND REGULATOR.

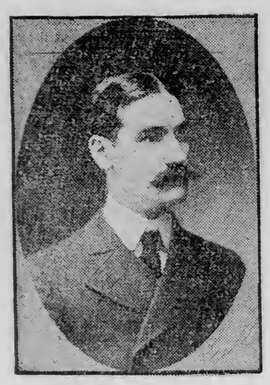
DEFECTIVE PAGE

GIVES HIS SECRET TO THE WORLD

A Remarkable Discovery By a Remarkable Man

The Art of Fascinating, the Power of Charming, the Secrets of Personal Magnetism Fully and Completely Revealed at Last.

A Marvelous, Mysterious Force, Which Gives Wonderful Mental and Physical Strength, Overcomes All Diseases, Enables You to Know the Secret Natures of Others and Handle Them as You Please.



Professor R. F. Robertson, Psych. D., C.D., is the greatest living teacher of Personal Magnetism. He has astounded the scientists of the world. He has discovered a new system of developing and imparting magnetic force. He believes the great power he has discovered lies dormant in every individual. He guarantees you can master its strange secrets at your own home and perform wonders of which you never dreamed. You can know at a glance the secret natures, talents, weaknesses, strength and vices of every person you meet. You can quickly develop marvelous physical and mental power, overcome all diseases in yourself or others, banish pain and bad habits without drugs or surgery. Professor Robertson can read your secret nature and influence your thoughts, though a thousand miles away. He can teach you how to do the same. This may seem incredible, but he absolutely guarantees this result under a forfeiture of $1000 in gold. The power of hypnotism, persuasion, threats and entreaties pales into insignificance when compared with the wonders of this mighty force.

Professor Robertson calls his new discovery the "Ki-Magi" System of Personal Influence. You do not have to have subjects upon which to practice. Professor Robertson's instructions are so plain and explicit that you can read them carefully, and at once use this great power secretly to influence and control the thoughts and desires of any one you wish. You will be startled and mystified at the wonderful things you can do; you will be astounded at the amazing power that you can exercise over others. Prominent ministers of the gospel, lawyers and business men have mastered Professor Robertson's new system, and they give it their highest indorsement.

S. I. Yetter, of Middletown, Pa., says:

"Your 'Ki-Magi' System of Personal Influence has brought me that success in business for which I have been looking. It is a magnet that controls; there is no guesswork about it—it is a scientific fact. It has taught me to know and control myself as well as others."

Dr. H. H Childs, Box No. 70, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., writes:

"In your 'Ki-Magi' System of Personal Influence I have found what I have for years searched for in vain. It has changed the whole trend of thought and given my life a new meaning. I feel younger and stronger every day. I find in it the key to business success."

Mrs. A. B. Egert, of 502 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, writes:

"I do not see how any society woman can become a successful leader without a knowledge of the wonderful secrets imparted by the 'Ki-Magi' system.

Mr. George W. Howard, of 157 Beech street, Detroit, Mich., says:

"By means of your 'Ki-Magi system I have made some startling discoveries in the characters of my friends. It is far beyond my fondest expectations. It should be in the hands of every man and woman who wishes to achieve the greatest success in life."

We have just issued 8000 copies of Professor Robertson's new book entitled "The Secret of Power." We propose to give these 8000 copies away absolutely free, to interested persons, for the purpose of showing the startling possibilities of this great discovery. We want you to have one free. After you get one, tell your friend. He will want one also, but he must write at once if he gets in on our free distribution, as these books are going very fast. After 8000 copies of this book are distributed everybody will want one. But they will cost money then. Remember they cost you nothing now. Address Columbia Scientific Academy, Department 827, 1941 Broadway, New York.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence

PATENT LAWYERS,

Established 1861. Washington, D. C.

Our 42nd Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.

We have no representative in Duluth.

The Greatest Skill—
The most experience—
14 years.
We grind our own lenses.



C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
8 West Superior St.

OPENING OF SCHOOLS

Children Must Drop Play and Return to Work Monday.

Enrollment Throughout City Expected to Reach Twelve Thousand.

Ten thousand children will quit play and return to books and study Monday morning.

School will be assembled at 9 o'clock Monday morning, to continue thirty-eight weeks, with the usual holidays at Christmas and New Years.

At the close of last year's work the enrollment in the schools was 11,190. It is expected that when work is fully under way the enrollment will reach about 12,000. Of this number, however, it is not likely that more than 10,000 will present themselves during the opening week. The attendance is always small during the first month of school, and grows steadily during the year.

The new teachers have all been examined by a committee composed of Mrs. Mary Ely, Rev. Alexander Milne and Professor Denfeld.

The pupils who were conditioned in their work at the high school were also examined yesterday by Principal Smith.

The general meeting of all the teachers of the city was held this morning in the high school, and plans for the coming year were discussed.

There will be very little change in the work of the students, the courses of study being about the same as last year.

There are but thirty schools on the list this year in place of the thirty-two of last year, the Woodland and Lexington schools having been closed. The pupils from these will go to the larger schools in the vicinity.

All of the schools have been thoroughly cleaned and renovated during the summer by the janitors, and they will present a very neat appearance when the scholars reassemble Monday morning.

Tomorrow a number of the pastors in the city churches will preach special sermons to school children and teachers, taking texts appropriate to the occasion.

THE SECTION THIRTY WORK

George Lonstorf Tells Something of What Has Been Found.

The Milwaukee Sentinel in reporting the section thirty deal made by George J. Lonstorf of that city, says that he closed an option in Duluth for the purchase of the interests of Messrs. Eaton, Fagan and Merritt. This statement is incorrect and he was evidently misunderstood by the paper.

Mr. Lonstorf has obtained an option for a mining lease from the owners of the property. Contrary to general belief, Mr. Lonstorf is not himself one of the fee owners. His mother is but he owns no interest in his name.

Regarding the work on the property, Mr. Lonstorf gives some interesting information. He says.

"Four drills have been sunk into the ore and we have found the vein in one of the forty acre pieces to be 1440 feet in length, but, on account of the granulated nature of the ore, we have been unable to determine its width or depth, and we may have to sink an exploring shaft to determine this. One exploring shaft was sunk years ago, but that is all the work that has ever been done on the property. There is no doubt about the grade of the ore. It is the same kind as that which the United States Steel corporation is now taking out of the Chandler and Pioneer mines, about three miles west of our property. These mines are now the richest in the district.

"We will begin work on improvements at once. I can not give the figures at which my options were made; they depend on the amount of ore that is taken out when we begin work. No, I have not had an offer for the mine from the Steel trust."

OFFICERS OF MACCABEES

Reception For Supreme and State Commanders Next Week.

Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, and State Commander I. N. Chellew, of the Maccabees, will arrive in the city on Wednesday evening over the Northern Pacific from Minneapolis, and will be received by Duluth division and West Duluth division of the Uniform Ranks, K. O. T. M., and escorted to the Spalding hotel.

In the evening Supreme Commander Markey will be welcomed to the city by a general reception tendered him by the members of this great order from all over the northern part of the state, the meeting being held in the rooms of Duluth tent No. 1, the largest tent in the state.

Mr. Markey is especially desirous of meeting and addressing the members on this occasion, after which arrangements will be made with the local committees relative to the large class initiation which will take place the latter part of October.

Mr. Markey has been supreme commander of the order for ten years and has seen it grow from its infancy to its present position of third in strength of all the fraternal beneficiary associations in America, representing 400,000 knights and ladies and over 6000 tents and hives, with cash and invested funds to protect the members of nearly $4,000,000.

Mr. Markey is making a tour of the state with State Commander I. N. Chellew, for the purpose of arranging for the great class work which will take place a little later in the fall.

The supreme tent of the K. O. T. M. has made a wonderful record during the past few months, having admitted over 70,000 new members in the first seven months of this year.

WILL MEET IN MEXICO.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 12.—Word has been received by the department of the interior from Dr. Robert Bell, of the geological survey that the international geological congress, held at Vienna, has decided to hold its next triennial congress in Mexico. The Mexican government, it is understood, has made a liberal appropriation for the entertainment of the delegates.



GOLD DUST

makes floors and all woodwork shine so you can see your face in them. Does the work, too, in half the time of the "bend and rub, creep and scrub way" of our grandmothers.

GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST: Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brasswork, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

GOLD DUST MAKES HARD WATER SOFT

DAMROSCH COMING

Famous Musician to Give Wagner Lecture Here.

Walter Damrosch, the great New York director and one of the most widely known musicians of America, if not of the world, is to come to Duluth November 9 to deliver one of his Wagnerian lectures. The Bradbury School of Music is bringing him here and the lecture will take place in the High school assembly hall.

Mr. Damrosch makes his lectures very attractive to the layman as well as the cultured musicians, and illustrates the motifs on the piano as he talks, making the subject clear and convincing to every hearer. His ability in this field is conceded to be superb.

As a conductor he has no peer in the country, and he is one of the directors of the Metropolitan Opera house company, the foremost organization of the country.

SEWING!

By far the finest display of sewing machine work ever seen in Duluth, was that of the

WHITE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

at the county fair. Remember, the WHITE has the vibrator or rotary shuttles, lock or chain stitch. We sell on easy payments or cash; also rent machines. Store 129 West Superior street. Both telephones.

EVANGELIST'S VOICE

Won So Many Men She Lost Husband.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 12.—Carried away by admiration of men whose souls she had sung into an uncontrolable love, Mrs. Emma Moffatt, a singing evangelist, has procured a divorce from her husband, Joseph Moffatt, of this city, on the ground of desertion.

Mrs. Moffatt enjoys the reputation of being one of the sweetest gospel singers in the country, and, in connection with Florence Crittenton Holmes, has sung all over the continent.

Three years ago she went to London with Mrs. Barrett, the national superintendent of the movement, and there met a reception that was as marked as her success had been.

Possessed of a charming personality, a voice that would melt a stone, and a pair of eyes that would almost cause a sphinx to fall before her, wherever Mrs. Moffatt went she became the target for amazing love epistles from men who heard her, and such was the adulation showered upon her that the head of a stronger woman might have been affected.

"Just to show what my wife had to contend with, I want you to read this letter," said Mr. Moffatt to a correspondent.

"That letter was written to my wife by a clergyman of New York, in whose church she was singing prior to her trip to London, and is only one of the many similar ones she received from other men."

The letter is one of the most effusive love epistles imaginable.

This letter and similar ones to the gospel singer estranged husband and wife, and finally led to the divorce just granted without any opposition on Mr. Moffatt's part.

His wife was formerly a variety theater singer, but was drawn out of that line by Charles N. Crittenton, the founder of the Crittenton homes. He made an evangelist out of her.

PHILIPPINE COMMERCE.

The Customs Revenues Show a Steady Increase.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The bureau of insular affairs of the war department has prepared for publication a comparative statement showing the customs revenues in the Philippines archipelago for the first five months of 1903, as compared with the same period in previous years. For the five months ended May 31, 1903, the customs revenues were $3,759,833, for the same period in 1902, $3,539,896.

A steady increase in the customs collections is noted, and each successive year of American occupation has brought forth a corresponding growth of these revenues.

Have you laid you want before the readers of The Herald?



Health and Happiness.

They're the aim of all mankind. A bottle of our favorite "MOOSE BRAND BEER" in no small degree aids towards the attainment thereof. A pure product of barley, malt and hops—it's the standard of excellence. Nourishes, strengthens, invigorates. A high grade table beer and highly beneficial for the enfeebled and convalescent. Pleased to send you a case—$2.25.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.,
Either Phone, 241. Duluth, Minn.

EXPLAINS RAISE

J. E. Cooley Gives Version of Advance In Personal Property Tax.

Claims St. Louis County Will Benefit Rather Than Suffer.

J. E. Cooley, the Duluth member of the state board of equalization, came up from St. Paul this morning to spend Sunday with his family. The board will not be through with its work for a couple of weeks yet.

When asked for an explanation of the extraordinary action of the board in deciding to make 50 per cent of the cash value the basis for assessing personal property, Mr. Cooley said:

"The resolution which has aroused so much comment was introduced by me, and it was in effect that as banks were assessed at the rate of 50 per cent of their value, that should be the basis of the assessment of all other personal property. It was a foregone conclusion that this resolution would pass, and I introduced it at the request of other members of the board. Of course that action does not deprive the board of the ordinary use of discretion in matters of assessment, and it will not harm the state in the least.

"So far as St. Louis county is concerned I think I can guarantee that it will not be touched by the action of the board severely, and that if it is touched at all it will be very lightly. I have been a member of the board for fifteen years, and it has always been my aim to do the best I could for St. Louis county, placing that duty before my duty to the state generally. I have never heard an accusation that I have not carried out this idea. Several years ago I secured a reduction in the real estate valuation of this county that saved $45,000 in state taxes.

"The board, following out in some particulars the resolution, has started in with the schedule, and has got as far as Article 10. So far St. Louis county has not been raised one dollar, and if it is raised on any article it will be very lightly.

"St. Louis county has already been assessed pretty well up to the standard we have settled upon. Our action, so far as this county is concerned, simply means that we are going to bring the other counties of the state up to the standard set in this county. This increase will reduce the tax rate, and will lower to some extent at least, St. Louis county's share of the state tax. So that far from being injured, this county will be benefited by the action of the board. It may be that we shall strike some item on which this county is below the other counties, or below the standard we have agreed upon, and in that case it may be raised some. We have found no such items so far, however, and I do not know that we shall. The way this county compares with other counties, I am convinced that if we do strike such an item, the increase will not have to be very large to bring it up with the rest."

Mr. Cooley called upon Secretary Eva, of the Commercial club, this morning, in response to the request of the board of directors of the club, that he make an explanation of the board's action. He stated that if he possibly could he would come up to the next meeting of the board, Sept. 23, and make the required explanation. If he could not, owing to his position as secretary of the board, he would write the explanation. By that time, however, practically all of the items in which St. Louis county is interested, will have been acted upon.

NEGROES TO ORGANIZE.

New York, Sept. 12.—A call has been issued to American negroes for a convention to be held in Brooklyn on Oct. 1 and 2 "for the purpose of organizing a permanent national organization which will provide for the upliftting of the race along all lines." The promoter of the new scheme for advancing the race is a colored man who served as a lieutenant of volunteers in the war with Spain.

The U. C. T.

Zenith Council No. 40, will open the season of social dances at Elks' hall, Saturday night, Sept. 12. All parties who received invitations last season are invited. Music by Flaten.

AT WEST DULUTH

Real estate has been active in West Duluth during the past two or three weeks, and a number of sales have been reported. The purchases are principally of homes or of lots for building homes.

Among the sales are the following, reported by J. J. Frey: The two houses formerly owned by P. McDonnell at Fifty-second avenue and Ramsey street have been purchased by M. Robb, of Amsterdam, N. Y. Mr. Robb was in West Duluth in connection with the fitting up of the plant of the match factory last spring, and he decided to settle here. He will bring his family to West Duluth during the coming week and take up his residence in one of the houses. The price paid for the property was $4000.

C. M. Brooks, manager of the American Lumber company, purchased a house and lot at Fifty-ninth avenue and Grand from Mrs. Mayhew.

J. Burns purchased a lot for immediate improvement on Fifty-seventh avenue, between Main and Nicollet streets.

Lot No. 9, block 188, on Fifty-first avenue was purchased by John Murray, who intends to improve immediately.

C. D. Marble purchased a house and lot, No. 326 Sixtieth avenue south.

A lot at the corner of Fifty-third avenue and Main was purchased by C. Nelson.

The price of West Duluth real estate continues firm, and any property offered below the market price is picked up by investors. Houses for rent are very scarce, and owners frequently have two or three tenants bidding for property.

RAIN INTERFERES.

Poor Attendance at the Commercial Club Meetiug.

The meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last evening was but poorly attended on account of the rain, and no matters of importance were taken up.

The question of the removal of the telephone poles from Central avenue was informally discussed, but no action was taken.

The members of the club will take up the question of a suitable celebration of the victory in the Northern Pacific case, and it is likely that arrangements will be made to hold a smoker at some future date.

The new schedule of trains will go into effect Monday, and all of the trains on the Northern Pacific road will run via West Duluth in future. This will give the citizens of this portion of the city all the advantages accruing to those of Duluth in the matter of both passenger and freight.

DYNAMITE DROPS.

Some of the citizens of West Duluth received a bad scare yesterday afternoon by the dropping of a case of dynamite from a truck belonging to the Kelley-How-Thomson company.

As the truck turned off the street car tracks at Gosnold street, it swayed, and the box was thrown from the rear of the wagon. It broke open when it struck the pavement, and the people who saw the incident were horrified to find that the case contained several pounds of dynamite.

CHURCH SERVICES.

At the Oneota M. E. church, corner of Forty-sixth avenue west and Hailfax street, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:15 p. m. The morning theme will be "The Cure for Trouble" and the evening topic "Sinai," it being the first in the series on the "Ten Commandments." The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. There will be special singing at both services.

At the Asbury M. E. church the pastor, Rev. J. C. Hartley, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Touching Jesus," and at 8 p. m. on "The Study of the Bible." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock, and Junior league at 3 p. m.

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be service tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

At the West Duluth Baptist church, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Our Living Redeemer" and at 8 p. m. on "Something Worse Than Physical Infirmity." Sunday school will meet at noon and B. Y. P. U. at 7 p. m.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church, Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Christ's Invitation to the Laboring Man."

At the Swedish Baptist church the services will be held at the usual hours. In the evening Professor C. O. Larson, of Chicago, will sing.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS

Carl Weaver, of St. Paul, is in the city for a short visit. He will return tomorrow.

Mrs. J. B. Gibson and children have returned from a visit to Austin, Minn., where they have been for the past few weeks.

Miss S. Lindgren has recently returned fro mthe East, where she puhchased a full stock of fall millinery. She has opened a millinery establishment in the store formerly occupied by the Palmer sisters, on Central avenue, and is prepared to cater to all classes of trade.

The ladies of the Congregational church will give a "studio tea" at the residence of Mrs. W. W. Walker Tuesday afternoon.

All of the mills in West Duluth are closed down today on account of the rain, the lumber pilers refusing to work. They will reopen Monday.

William Trask, an employe of the Merrill & Ring mill was injured in the face yesterday by a piece of flying silver. It was feared that his eye was injured, but the wound was dressed, an dit is not likely that any serious results will ensue.

Miss Cecilia Brown, who has been visiting in West Duluth for the post two months, will leave for her home in Detroit, Mich., tomorrow.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

NERVOUS, DYSPEPTIC WOMEN

Made Well and Strong by Pe-ru-na.

Diseased Nerves Are Directly Traceable to Poor Digestion—Poor Digestion is Directly Traceable to Catarrh.



MISS NETTIE NIEMANN, White Mound, Wis., writes:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

"I have been afflicted since childhood with a most unpleasant catarrh of the head. Nothing I did seemed to cure me and when I caught a cold my troubles increased. While visiting a friend I learned the real value of Peruna. I had often heard it praised, but never paid serious attention to it. My friend, however, had been cured of catarrh by Peruna and I decided to use it faithfully and await results. I am glad to say that my greatest expectations were realized and I was surprised to find how readily I was cured and how speedily. Within a month all the catarrh was out of my system and I have not been troubled a particle since. I do recommend Peruna for catarrh."—Miss Nettie Niemann.

Catarrh of the head is liable to spread to other organs. It is the direct cause of many severe stomach derangements. Catarrh of the stomach and nervousness go hand in hand.

Nervousness is a vague term which covers all of those ailments which result from a bloodless condition of the nerve centers. Systemic catarrh is very frequently the cause of this condition. Every mucous membrane in the body is slightly deranged by systemic catarrh. This leads to a complete demoralization of the digestive and assimilative organs, and a bloodless condition of the nerve centers ensue. Nervousness is the result; fretfulness, irritability, worry, complaining—all of these mental conditions result from starved nerve centers.

The only cure is to remove the catarrhal condition of the mucous membrane.

Peruna is the remedy that will do this. Peruna is not a nervous nor a quieting medicine. Peruna cures just the condition—catarrh.

Peruna cures catarrh of the internal organs, and the nervousness disappears.

The more nervines one takes for nervousness the more nervous he is. There is always a cause for nervousness. This cause should be discovered and remedied. Nervines are unnecessary. Peruna has cured more cases of nervousness than any other medicine in existence, simply because it cures the conditions upon which nervousness depends.

"Since Early Womanhood I Was Fretful and Irritable—Pe-ru-na Made Me Well."

Miss Hattie Grace, 254 West Forty-sixth street, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna has changed me from a fretful, irritable, nervous woman into a healthy and a happy one. Nothing seems to worry and fret me any more. Since early womanhood I suffered with bearing-down pains and nervousness. I was thin and worried, but Peruna restored me. Those who knew me before cannot understand the change, but I can sum it up in the blessed word, Peruna."—Hattie Grace.

A Letter From a U. S. Senator's Wife.

Mrs. Verona E. Roach, wife of the late Senator Roach of North Dakota, writes from Larimore, N. D.:

"I can cheerfully recommend your excellent remedy, Peruna. Indeed, I know of no other remedy as good as yours. It is a grand tonic."—Verona E. Roach.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

DOG GRIEVING TO DEATH

Because the Family Cat Has Passed Away.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 12.—Because of grief on account of a cat which had been his companion for 22 years, a dog belonging to John Brush, a market gardener living near Jacob Park, is trying to commit suicide by starvation. So far as known the dog has not touched food for five days.

Over twenty years ago, when the suburb of Meadowbrook was one big farm, owned by the Bush family, a litter of puppies and one of kittens arrived at the farm in the same week. At that time John Brush was a boy. His mother kept one puppy and one kitten. The two animals were raised together and became inseperable companions. Ten years ago the old farm was sold and the family moved over on the Third street road. The cat and dog went with them. An old whisky barrel was given them, and in this they have always slept together. Last Monday the cat died of old age. Since then the dog has been broken-hearted. He has traveled over the country for miles around looking for his companion. He returns home at night, but refuses to eat, and is literally starving himself to death, and his howls of grief can be heard all over the neighborhood. The dog is becoming weaker, and his owner expects him to die at almost any time.

HEAVY SNOW IN MONTANA.

Red Lodge, Mont., Sept. 12.—A heavy snow storm swept over Southern Montana last night and everything is covered with a layer of snow about eight inches deep. Considerable grain is still standing and it is probably ruined. The storm covered a wide area. It was reported that two feet of snow fell near Pryor Mountain.

8

A Famous Name Famous Whiskey

PICKWICK RYE

Old and Popular

Served at all the leading Clubs, Hotels and Buffets.

ST. PAUL ≈ GEO. BENZ & SONS. MINNEAPOLIS

DISTILLERIES AT EMINENCE, KY. AND BALTIMORE, MD.



$500,000 IN PRIZES of $5.00 each to be given to the School Children of America

School Children's Competitive Advertising Contest No. 514.



Said the little, small Sonny Bear in his little, small, wee voice. "Somebody has gone and eaten all my

This sketch was made by Helen Homan, aged 10, Washington School, Quincy, Ill.

We give a cash prize of $5.00 for any drawing of this character which we accept and use. **All school children can compete. Full instructions will be found on inside of each package of Egg-O-See, telling what to do to get the prize and how to make the drawings.**

EGG-O-SEE

The difference between Egg-O-See and the ordinary flaked wheat food lies in the sanitary care used in its preparation, the selection of wheat and the purity of its flavoring. You can taste the difference.

NOTE—**The Price of EGG-O-SEE is 10 cents for a full-size package,** such as is usually sold for 15 cents. The largest food mill in the world, with the most approved labor saving machinery enables us to make the best flaked wheat food at this lower price.

Made by the BATTLE CREEK BREAKFAST FOOD CO. Battle Creek, Mich. Quincy, Ill.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE GREEN PACKAGE

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will send you a package, prepaid

Address all communications to Battle Creek Breakfast Food Co., Quincy, Ill.

THE LABOR WORLD

Outlook For the Postponed Picnic Is Rather Poor.

Warning Against Going to Strike Region In Colorado.

The outlook for organized labor's annual outing at Union Grove tomorrow is about as discouraging as it was on Labor day.

The parade has been abandoned entirely, but not even with today's downpour would the committee give up hope of celebrating tomorrow. Some were in favor of postponing the picnic for another week.

At the meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly last evening arrangements were made to have Flaaten's band give a concert at the grove and to parade the down town streets in the morning, if the weather conditions proved favorable.

* * *

After the celebration had been called off last Monday a number of prominent union labor men convened an impromptu kangaroo court in the Kalamazoo block and had a number of union men and citizens before it charged with being responsible for the downpour. All were found guilty and setnenced to do stunts that were highly amusing.

* * *

The meeting of the Fedetated Trades' assembly last evening consisted largely of routine work and a sort of condolence convention on the way Jupiter Pluvius had been spoiling the Labor day events. Only two new delegates presented credentials. They were J. M. Brown, of the Steam Engineers' union, and C. W. F. Hogg, of the Retail Clerks' union.

* * *

The assembly indicated its intention to warn Duluth union labor men against going to Colorado to participate in the mining situation out there. It is said a big strike is on and the operators have invaded the Duluth labor field to secure men with which to break this strike.

* * *

The Bartenders' union, recently organized, is prospering, and it is confidently predicted that every saloon in the city will shortly show a union card.

* * *

C. J. Young, one of the state organizers of Michigan, was up from Grand Rapids on a pleasure trip during the past week. He reports things in a very flourishing condition in labor circles throughout his home state.

BROKER HAS BIG SCHEME

Could Beat Custom House Out of Much Money.

New York, Sept. 12.—As the result of an after dinner speech before the Export club Wednesday evening, in which he declared he could easily make $1,000,000 a year if he wanted to take advantage of the existing loopholes in the United States customs laws, Harry Robinson, one of the oldest custom house brokers in this city, had a lively time yesterday. Robinson had been in his office in the Cotton Exchange building but a few minutes when the telephone bell began to ring. From that time on calls arrived in rapid succession. When Robinson picked up the receiver this would be about the message: "Say, old man, grand speech you made last night. I wish you would put me next to the game. Business is not what it used to be, goodness knows. I need money."

Between telephone calls Robinson was kept busy receiving his personal friends and colleagues, who were anxious that he should give them points. To a reporter Robinson reiterated his statement of the night before and supplemented it some by explanations. He said:

"It is a fact that the local customs officials have no control over merchandise entered through this port in transit to interior points where no customs service is maintained. Assuming that the shipper abroad, the ostensible consignee, as being in the plot, and is furnished false bills of lading and invoices, where, for instance, an expensive lace is declared as lace of an inferior grade or some other article upon which there is a low duty, what is to prevent the substitution of the expensive lace in an equal number of cases having identical marks and containing a cheaper grade while in transit to the steamship wharf or railroad station. The goods are placed on the customs house truck, but there is no inspector along to watch them. All that is necessary is to obtain the assistance of a driver by some effective mode of persuasion."

Custom house brokers do not take the proposition seriously, though they admitted it was not an impossible one.

Martin E. Steiner, vice president of the Custom House Brokers' association, said: "Robinson is only joking. His scheme is feasible, certainly, and nearly as safe as counterfeiting or murder."

CLEVER SCHEME.

Reason For Removal of Officials In Arizona.

Washington, Sept. 12.—President Roosevelt ordered the removal of Hugh M. Price, the surveyor general of Arizona, and will in a few days follow this action with removal of the surveyor's chief clerk, W. E. Murphy, as a result of the discovery of fraudulent transactions by these men in connection with the surveying of land claims.

This action by the president and Commissioner Richards, of the general land office, followed an investigation of charges filed some time ago with the secretary of the interior that Price and Murphy were receiving illegal fees for expediting work in their office in connection with the issuance of survey patents on land grants.

It was alleged that the surveyor general and his chief clerk had carried on this scheme of fraud for many months, and had received a rake-off of thousands of dollars from Arizona settlers. A survey patent had to be issued on each land claim, and it was necessary for a settler, in taking up a claim, to make a deposit of $30 with the surveyor general to "defray the expenses of making the survey and issuing the patent."

If the application was not granted within the year it had been made, a new application was necessary, and the applicant was required to make his $100 improvement for each year the patent extended. Price and Murphy had been holding up the issuance of these patents and when the settlers made inquiry why their applications had not been granted, the excuse was given that the force of the surveyor's office was not sufficient to go ahead with the work before it. The settlers were told that if they would make a deposit with the surveyor of $300 for each ten claims to be patented a force would be secured from outside and the work put through so that the $100 improvement expenditure would not have to be made. In this way Price and his assistant secured money from the settlers and applied to their own pockets the balance left after the survey had been made, which was far the greater part of the deposit.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Indians at Great Falls, Mont., reported that the body of White Calf, formerly leader of the Black Foot tribe, had been stolen from the grave. White Calf, at the age of 80 years, died in Washington, D. C., last February.

Only fourteen buildings were left standing in the village of Eustis, Me., by a fire Friday which consumed more than twice that number. The loss is $50,000.

It is probable that Secretary Moody will decide in favor of eighteen instead of seventeen knots for the 13,000-ton battleships Minnesota and Idaho. The secretary has called for opinions from prominent naval officers of various grades as to the proper speed, but they are unable to agree.

Orders granting three years' leave of absence to Commander Peary of the navy, beginning April 1 next, were issued Friday.

Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon at Chehalis, Wash. They lasted several seconds. No damage was done.

In the presence of her blind mother, Mrs. Clara Costello, of Chicago, Friday night, saturated her dress with kerosene and touched a match to it. She was so severely burned that she died. Her mother made desperate efforts to save the woman, but because of her blindness, was not able to accomplish anything. Family troubles and illness are supposed to have unhinged the mind of Mrs. Costello.

DON'T GET IN A SWEAT



Perspiration—"sweat" is what the Bible and we common people call it—is a way nature has of driving out of the body refuse that has no business there. We sweat more in summer, because, in the overheated bowels, undigested food ferments more quickly than in winter and produces irritating acids and gases. The bowels, overworked, try to relieve themselves by violent convulsions, causing terrible gripes and colics, and diarrhoeal discharges so acid as to make you sore, and leaving the intestines weak and worn out. Nature assists body-cleaning by sending the filth out through the pores of the skin. It is not safe to stop perspiring altogether but most of the impure matter should be sent out by natural movements of the bowels, and the offensive, ill-smelling, linen-staining sweat done away with. Keep your bowels strong all summer with the pleasant, candy cathartic CASCARETS, that clean the system and don't allow the excrement to be sweated out through the pores. Take a tablet every night, before going to bed. They work while you sleep and make you feel fine and cool all day.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 545

NAVAL OFFICER TO DELIVER ADDRESSES

Commander Wadhams Will Lecture at Y. M. C. A. Meeting Sunday and at Pilgrim Church In the Evening—Farewell Sermon By Rev. O. H. Wilson.

Commander A. V. Wadhams, of the United States navy, who is here in charge of a naval recruiting party, will lecture at the Y. M. C. A. rooms tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock on the subject of "Some Elements of Success." Commander Wadhams has had considerable experience as a lecturer, and he is said to be a very eloquent and forceful speaker. The newspapers of the country have given him a very large number of highly complimentary notices, from which the following from the Norwich Bulletin is given as a short specimen: "The lecture is rich in points of interest and instruction. All of Commander Wadhams' auditors regretted when the time came to 'pipe down.'"

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "Sure to Be Rooted Up." In the evening an address will be given on "Foreign Missions From A Naval Officer's Standpoint," by Commander Wadhams, of the United States navy.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second St. there will be preaching by the pastor tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The evening sermon will be to young people upon the desirability of a good education. Sunday school will meet at 12 noon, and Young People's society at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White will conduct services at 10:45. Mr. White will preach on "The Master Knot of Human Fate."

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. The morning theme will be, "The Law of Life Through Death," and the evening theme, "The Privilege of Work."

* * *

At the First Methodist church, Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Did It Pay?" and at 8 p. m. on "Our School and Teachers." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Epworth league at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. O. H. Wilson will preach his farewell sermon tomorrow morning at 10:30 in the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner Twenty-first avenue and First street. Evening at 7:45. Song and testimony from the choir and congregation. Sunday school at 12.

* * *

The service at the First Swedish Baptist church will be as follows: In the morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday school with Bible class for adults led by the pastor. Preaching at 11 by Rev. A. Edstam, at 4:30 the Young People's meeting. Evening service at 7:30 with preaching by Rev. J. O. Johnson from Denver, Colo.

* * *

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach a sermon on "Education" to pupils and teachers in the public schools, at the Endion M. E. church, Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The subject of the morning sermon at 10:30 will be "Thoroughness and Superficiality."

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, services will be conducted both morning and evening by the pastor, Rev. C. R. Sine. The morning subject will be "Turning a Deaf Ear," and the evening subject, "The Healing of the Nobleman's Son." Sunday school will meet at 12 m., and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

* * *

Services will be held at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock. "An Inquiry in Respect to the Young Man," will be the subject of the pastor's sermon. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. A. J. Frantz is superintendent. The young people's mission band will meet in the church at 4 p. m. The evening service will be at 7:45 o'clock. Miss Fannie Calverly will sing at the morning service. Rev. R. Ames Montgomery is pastor.

* * *

At the First church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, services will be held at 10:45 a. m. The subject will be "Matter." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

* * *

At the Lakeside Presbyterian church the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered in the morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 2 o'clock, following the morning service. Instead of the usual preaching service at 7:30 p. m. Miss Carolyn Blackmer, delegate to the International Christian Endeavor convention, Denver, Colo., will give a report.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "Christ Dealing With Three Types of Men." evening, "A Look at the Unseen Things." Elisha's blessson to the young men.

* * *

At Grace M. E. church, the pastor, Rev. Harry Knowles, will preach in the morning on "The Triumph of Paul's Folly Over the Wise Men of Corinth." The evening sermon will be on "A King's Grief and a Woman's Despair," the second in the series on labor unions and socialism.

* * *

At the Asbury M. E. church, the pastor Rev. J. C. Hartley, will preach in the morning at 10:30 o'clock on "Touching Jesus" and at 8 p. m. on "The Study of the Bible." Sunday school will meet at 2 o'clock and Junior League at 3 p. m.

* * *

At Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, Twentieth avenue West and Third street, services will be held tomorrow at 10 a. m. and at 7:45 p. m.

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Rev. H. Peterson will give a lecture in the Scandinavian language on Spiritualism Sunday evening at 8 o'clock in the Unitarian church, corner Eighth avenue East and First street.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church Nineteenth avenue West and First street, there will be services and a sermon at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Subject of sermon "Public Opinion," Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, rector. Mrs. L. R. Dudley will sing the offertory solo, Cartoni's "Lead Kindly Light."

* * *

At the Second Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue West and First street, Rev. Mr. Moody, of the Bethel, will speak at 10:45. Sunday school will meet at noon. Rev. John Wilson will speak at 8 o'clock. A ladies' quartet will sing at this service. Young people's meeting will be at 7:15 p. m.

* * *

At the Lake avenue Bethel at 7:45 p. m., Rev. W. E. Spoonts will speak. Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Monday evening Mr. Spoonts will continue his lecture on the Holy Spirit.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. At 7:45 there will be an evangelistic meeting conducted by Rev. J. T. Moody. Mrs. Asher will sing. Gospel meetings are held every night. Monday night the meeting will be conducted by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Christian church, and on Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Prehyterian church.

* * *

At the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street, meetings are held every night, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan. Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock consecration meeting will be held. The program for the evening service is as follows: 7 p. m., the Star of Hope praying band will meet for a half hour of prayer; 7:30, open air meeting; 8 p. m., song service; 8:30 John Callahan will speak. There will be special music.

* * *

At Holy Apostles' Episcopal church Fifty-seventh avenue West and Ellinor street, there will be service and sermon at 7:30 p. m., subject of sermon: "Public Opinion." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney.

* * *

At Columbia hall, Superior street and Twentieth avenue West, English Lutheran services will be held at 11 a. m. by the pastor. There will be no services in the evening. Sunday school will meet at 9:45 a. m.

* * *

Rev. E. A. Mirick will preach at the Plymouth Congregational church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.

* * *

The Riverside Park M. E. church will hold services at the Colbyville school house tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist Episcopal church, corner Forty-sixth avenue West and Halifax street, the pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The morning theme will be "The Cure for Trouble," and the evening topic, "Sinia," it being the first in the series on the "Ten Commandments. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will administered after the morning sermon. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. There will be special singing at all services.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Lake avenue North and Third street, there will be service tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by Rev. D. W. Michael.

* * *

At the First Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue East and Third street, Rev. N. B. Thvedt will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

* * *

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue West and Gosnold street, there will be service tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

* * *

At the First Swedish Lutheran church, the pastor, Rev. Carl Solomonson, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Young People's society at 7 p. m.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Milwaukee Sentinel: A few sectarian bigots are growling at President Roosevelt for sending condolences on the death of Leo XIII. Religion does seem to pucker up the souls of some people.

Simerville Journal: When a girl marries a young minister it is generally several years before she gets through wondering why more editors don't write to her reverend husband, asking for permission to publish his sermons.

Chicago Inter Ocean: "Teaching religion only in the home and the church," says Bishop McFaul, "is not sufficient." The only answer to this is that it will have to be sufficient. To teach religion in our public schools it would be necessary to make American institutions over from the bottom, and that will never be done. In this country church and state have been permanently separated.

Boston Transcript: What the Turkish minister says about missionaries is very much to the point. Missionaries in Turkey are bound to treat the Turkish government and Turkish national sensibility respectfully. A missionary living in Turkey who writes or publicly says that Turkey should be wiped off the face of the earth has really no claim forally on the good offices of our government if the sultan simply tels him that his room is better than his company. We have noticed with pain that there are quite a number of reverend gentlemen who, instead of preacing peace, frequently vent the opinion that Turks or some other nation, so called heathen, ought to be "pounded."

Kansas City Star: Rev. Father Merscher, a Catholic priest at Taylorsville, Ill., has issued an ultimatum against bareheaded women in the sanctuary. He even refused a few days ago to marry a couple in his church because the bride had no covering on her head. It is inferred that Father Merscher has taken this radical stand because it has become the custom for women to remove their hats in church. Clergymen cannot be too scrupulous in preserving a distinct line of demarkation between the church and the world, the flesh and the devil. Father Merscher also inhibits the wearing decollette gowns in church, but, of course, this is never done anywhere but in Taylorsville.

Indianapolis Journal: The resolutions of the Evangelical Lutheran ministers criticising the president and secretary of state for sending a message of condolence on the death of Pope Leo show the narrowest possible view of the case. The idea that such a message sent to the papal secretary of state was a recognition of the temporal power of the pope and a violation of the spirit of the constitution of the United States will strike sensible laymen as very absurd. To make their action more ridiculous and impertinent the ministers' association sent a copy of the resolution to the president. It will probably evoke a reply that will show the ministers that the president understands the proprieties of his office better than they do.

STUDENT IS STARTLED

Discovers Body of Friend on the Dissecting Table.

Minneapolis, Sept. 12.—A summer's outing had a gruesome sequel Thursday, when Charles E. Bennett, of the University Medical college, was assigned to dissect the body of a person with whom he had been camping all summer.

The mid-year dental students began their first work in dissecting, and, as usual, a new lot of corpses were provided. The class had entered the room and several had begun work, when there was a cry from one of their number. Mr. Bennett had just drawn the cover off his subject and was about to commence work, when he glanced at the face.

One look was enough. Before his friends could reach him, Mr. Bennett had fallen in a faint. His classmates soon restored him to consciousness, and he then informed them that the body which he had been about to dissect was that of a young man with whom he had been camping this summer.

The two had been members of a surveying party at Swan river, in the northern part of the state. Bennett and the dead man had occupied the same tent, and the two had been closely associated. Shortly before the party broke up the friend was drowned in a mysterious manner and his body was taken in charge by the coroner. In accordance with the law it was held for several days while efforts were made to communicate with the dead man's relatives.

The university authorities received the body several weeks ago. It was in a well preserved state and there was no mistake about the identification. Mr. Bennett was greatly overcome, but was able finally to control his emotions, and the body was transferred to another slab. As all efforts to communicate with the dead man's friends have proved fruitless, it is expected that nothing further will be done.

Blatz Beer

MILWAUKEE



Watch for the triangular label on the bottle—It stands for uniformity and all that's good and pure in beer.

—Always the Same Good Old Blatz.

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. and Railroad St., Telephone 62.

Accurate Treatment Of Men's Diseases



I guess at nothing. My understanding of men's diseases is so sufficient that I have no need to resort to guess work. To men's diseases alone I have devoted my entire attention for many years. I have closely studied them in every possible phase and complication. I believe there is no case that I cannot accurately diagnose. My diagnosis is the foundation of my treatment. It determines the course to pursue. As the cure progresses I carefully note developments and vary the remedies accordingly. I employ original and distinctive methods of treatment, but they are not set methods. They are pliable to meet the conditions in individual cases, and their use calls for the most delicate prescribing. That they are correct, scientific and rational methods is conclusively proven by the cures they produce.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

"WEAKNESS"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness," has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and that have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous forces or strength that is not and never has been lacking, with a result that the functions are temporarily excited to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland, and is curable by local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. I have permanently cured thousands of cases of prematureness, loss of power, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of my understanding and treatment of the disorder. In years I have not met with a single failure, and I have entire confidence in my ability to cure all cases that come to me for treatment other than that which I have perfected can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To but partially cure a contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. All greater is the danger of the prostate gland becoming chronically inflammed, which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness" are a direct result of some improperly treated disease. During the past five years I have treated over 6500 cases of contracted disorders and have effected an absolutely thorough and safe cure in each instance. There have been no relapses or undesirable developments whatever and my patients have been cured in less time than other and less thorough forms of treatment require in producing even doubtful results.

VARICOCELE

Many men afflicted with varicocele are endangering their general health, their manly power and even life itself by allowing the disorder to remain uncured. Varicocele results from partial paralysis of the delicate nerve fibres that have a part in controlling local circulation of the blood. The muscular coating of the veins being deprived of nervous communication and control, become inactive, weaken and relax. The blood vessels expand from the pressure within, the circulation in the parts become sluggish, and frequently stagnant pools form in little nooks and pockets that constantly enlarge as the relaxation continues. The possibility exists that clots may form in these stagnant pools and then pass out into the general circulation. Should one find lodgment in the valve of the heart the result might be instant death, or should it be carried to the brain, general paralysis will follow.

I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week by a method that involves no cutting or ligature, or caustic. No other physician employs a like method, and so thorough is my work that there need not be the smallest fear of a relapse into the old condition. Those who have been long afflicted with varicocele will never realize the injury it has caused until they feel the vim, energy and buoyancy of spirits that a complete cure will bring.

STRICTURE

My treatment for stricture removes the necessity for surgical operations, even in severe cases of long standing. I do no cutting or dilating. No other physician employs my methous of overcoming this disorder, so the service I offer you is original and distinctive. Do not give up hope because others have failed. I will cure you and the cure will be a prompt and painless one. My treatment dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, subdues all inflammation, relieves all irritation or congestion that may exist in the kidneys or bladder, reduces enlargement of the prostate gland and restores to health and tone all organs affected by the disease.

SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON

I permanently cure this most hideous of all blood diseases. I employ harmless, blood cleansing remedies that positively drive the very last taint of virus from the system, and every symptom vanishes to appear no more.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES—**Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City**

Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

JACKSON WILL HANG

For Murder of Little Boy In Montana.

Hamilton, Mont., Sept. 12.—Walter Jackson is guilty of murder in the first degree. Such is the verdict returned by the jury. When the attorneys finished their arguments Jackson was taken to his cell and began dancing. An inmate remarked, "You will feel different tomorrow," and Jackson replied, "Oh, I don't know."

Later his supper was brought in and when the jailer came to take him to hear the verdict he objected, as he did not want to be interrupted during his evening meal. After hearing the verdict he returned to his cell and finished his supper.

The verdict did not affect Jackson in the least, and he maintained a stolid indifference to the last. He did not take the stand in his own behalf.

The crime of which Jackson was convicted was one of the most atrocious in the history of Montana, and would have resulted in a lynching but for the appeal of the victim's father that the law be allowed to take its course. Evidence adduced at the trial showed that Jackson took 8-year-old Gonnie Buck to a secluded spot in the woods near Stevensville, where, after committing a criminal assault upon him, he murdered him.

It is reported that a conspiracy was on foot to lynch Jackson had not the verdict been satisfactory. He will undoubtedly be given the death penalty by Judge Webster.

Let The Herald help you hunt for lost things.

NO PAIN

and perfect satisfaction when we do your work.



Gold or porcelain crowns or bridge-work	$5.00
Full set of Teeth	$5 to $8
Gold Fillings	$1.50 up
Silver Fillings	50c up
Painless Extraction	50c

All work positively guaranteed.

Dr. FERGUSSON, Dentist

Columbus Bldg., 1st Ave. W., Superior St.

DENNY IS FREE

Man Who Killed Peter Callahan at Brevator, Released.

Grand Jury Failed to Indict, Believing His Story.

Thomas Denny, the cook for the Great Northern work train who shot and killed Peter Callahan, one of the laborers, near Brevator, Minn., May 22, walked out of the St. Louis county jail a free man this morning.

The grand jury investigated his case but took no actlaon.

This means that should sufficient evidence turn up in the future, enough to warrant the assumption that a murder was committed, Denny may or may not be indicted by succeeding grand juries.

The shooting affray occasioned a great deal of excitement at the time. In fact, there was almost a riot at the scene of the shooting, when the other railroad employes tried to get at Denny to wreak summary vengeance for the killing of their comrade.

According to Denny's story, there was a dispute in the boarding car over his cooking, the trouble finally reaching such a height that Callahan and a companion assaulted him with knives. He claims he ran back into the next car and procured his gun and shot Callahan in self-defense as the latter made a rush at him with a big knife.

Immediately following the killing Denny barricaded himself in the boarding car and threatened to shoot the first man that broke through the door.

Sheriff Butchart was wired and deputies were hastily dispatched to the scene of the shooting. When they arrived there it was seen that the temper of the workmen would not permit the officers to take Denny from the car with safety, so they coupled an engine to the car containing Denny and it was whisked to Cloquet before the enraged railroad employes knew what was being done.

At Cloquet Denny came out of the car and gave himself up. He has maintained steadily that he shot Callahan in self-defense, and that he has prominent connections in the East.

* * *

The grand jury found no bills against Arthur Pangburn and James R. Campbell, both of whom have been inmates of the county jail for some time, and an order was made today releasing them from custody.

Pangburn was bound over last spring on the charge of stealing some clothing and other small articles from Dick Ferris, who was then playing in the Metropolitan house. As Mr. Ferris could not be reached, and the young man has already been in jail several months, the grand jury considered him sufficiently punished.

James R. Campbell is the individual who attempted to get a countryman to cash a stock certificate of $1000. The police looked up Campbell's record, which seems to have been that of a confidence man, but few instances were found where he was convicted, he merely being mentioned as a bad man. He has also been in the jail some time.

William R. Rushton was indicted this morning for stealing a case of whisky from the Sattler Liquor company the evening of Aug. 27. The charge, more specifically, is grand larceny in the second degree. Rushton was caught in the act of attempting to get away with the case, and when pursued dropped it and ran, being overtaken after a short chase by the officer.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Duluth Humane Society.

Will be held on Wednesday evening, Sept. 16, at 8 o'clock, in the council chamber of the city hall. Reports of officers will be given and directors for ensuing year will be chosen. All persons belonging to the society or interested in its work are cordially invited to be present.

OLDEST BANK AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES.

INCORPORATED 1879.

Deposit your

SAVINGS

in the

AMEIRCAN EXCHANGE BANK.

Capital, - $500,000.00

Surplus and Profits, $250,000.00

Books given and interest paid on deposits of $1.00 and Upwards.

If out of town send your moneyby mail or express with signature and address.

Open Tonight From 6 to 8.

To Be Sure.....

Of Good Flour Everytime, Use

"COMMANDER"

Flour. Every package guaranteed. All the Grocers.

LEAVE FOR OGDEN

Delegates to National Irrigation Congress Leave For St. Paul.

All of the Duluth Men That Were Appointed Go.

The Duluth delegates to the eleventh annual session of the National Irrigation congress, which meets in Ogden, Utah, from Sept. 15 to 18, left this afternoon for St. Paul, where they will join the remainder of the Minnesota delegation.

The Duluth delegates are as follows: Col. C. H. Graves, Major J. H. Upham, Major H. V. Eva, Oscar Mitchell, Capt. Ray T. Lewis and Dr. M. B. Cullum.

The delegation of twenty-four representatives of Minnesota will leave St. Paul tonight in the special sleeping car "Marais" over the Great Northern road. The other representatives are as follows: George A. Archer, Col. D. W. Halstead, Theodore A. Schulze, Prof. Thomas Shaw, B. F. Beardsley, Theo. F. Smith and E. B. Kirk, of St. Paul; Charles Heffeltinger, H. V. Jones, D. P. Jones, Jesse E. Northrup, Ernest F. Smith, John Leslie, W. G. Nye, of Minneapolis; Congressman A. F. Volstad, of Granite Falls, Ezra G. Valentine, of Breckenridge; E. D. Childs, of Crookston; and Col. H. H. Harrison, of Stillwater.

The proceedings of the congress are of great interest to Duluth and the entire Northwest. In relation to it B. F. Beardsley, of St. Paul, general secretary, says in a letter to The Herald:

"While it is no new thing at home that the commercial interests of Minnesota are interested in the reclamation of the arid lands of the Western states, it is a surprise to the Western people that the business men of Minnesota are enough interested in the proposition to make up as strong a delegation as will attend the eleventh congress. We expect to tell the assembled congress that Minnesota stands ready to uphold the hands of the administration at Washington in the proper conduct of the reclamation of government lands under the national irrigation act, and that we attend this congress simply in support of the general proposition of the development of the Western states.

"The commercial interests of the several cities and urban interests of Minnesota can find no better opportunity to develop an ever-increasing trade field than in the eleven states affected by the national irrigation act, an empire in itself."

SHAMROCK!

The Shamrock, while a good boat, could not keep pace with the Reliance, neither do our competitors keep pace with our latest improved World's Famous White Sewing Machine, automatic lift, pitch tension, tension indicator, ball-bearings, vibrator or rotary shuttles, lock or chain stitch. A free trial will convince you. Easy payments. Store, 129 West Superior street. Both 'phones.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St. Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

McLaughlin Electric company, T 1 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 205 East First street.

At the home of S. W. Richardson, at Lester Park, a few friends were gathered informally last evening for the purpose of meeting his brother, T. J. Richardson, who recently returned from New York and Paris, Southern Europe and Alaska, where he has spent most of the last three years, perfecting himself in his art. Mr. Richardson is an artist by profession and his work includes both the use of oils and water colors. He devoted the evening to showing a portfolio of studies, being a few of his prolific stock of subjects gathered from his work, especially at the Isle of Capri, in the Mediterranean, Pompeii, Venice, Naples and the north of France, Holland and Alaska.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

Lieut. George A. Diess, in charge of the local army recruiting office, has just received word that an urgent demand for infantry recruits is being experienced by the army. Men that are willing to stand tropical service and that are equipped for it are wanted. The men are needed to fill out regiments that are being ordered to the Philippines for service there.

Joseph H. Sharp, the land attorney, is blossoming out as a full-fledged Pooh Bah up at Nashawa, the new town that is being built on the line of the Virginia & Rainy Lake road, north of Virginia. He has just been appointed deputy clerk of district court there by Clerk J. P. Johnson. He is going to be land commissioner. He is going to be postmaster. He is going to start a paper and be editor of it.

The matter of the application of Thomas D. Merrill for a dissolution of the partnership of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company, came up in special term of district court this morning. The court issued an order for the dissolution as requested, and will appoint a trustee.

Probate Judge J. B. Middlecoff performed a double wedding at his office in the court house, this afternoon, uniting two couples with the same ceremony. The happy parties are Charles Holmson and Bertha Klinert, and Albert N. Amo and Emma Klinert. The brides are sisters. The four stood up together, and Judge Middlecoff economized time by tying both knots at once.

A delightful birthday surprise party was given at the home of A. Peffer, 423 East Fifth street, Friday evening. The evening was spent in games. A number of friends were present.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 8:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, "The Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.00 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

HUNT WITH DOGS

Duluth Police Department Has Eleven Men-Trailing Bloodhounds.

Ten of Them Are Puppies, However, Born En Route.

Eleven guaranteed, registered, genuine, man-trailing bloodhounds were added to the Duluth police department this morning.

Considering that four out of every five policemen are dead shots with a revolver, and that local detectives have a reputation for catching criminals before they commit a crime, it begins to look as if this would be Crooklesstown before long.

The deluge of bloodhounds was a big surprise to the officers. Last Saturday three well-trained man-trailers were ordered from a dealer in Wichita, Kas.

One of the animals arrived this morning, accompanied by ten puppies that had been born after the sale was closed. Instead of getting three dogs the department will have thirteen on its hands, but not for very long, as the Superior police department gets two of the dogs that are to arrive later.

The mother of the ten puppies at police headquarters is eighteen months old, and a full-blooded American bloodhound. The father was a three-quarter English bloodhound. All are from the Wild Wood kennels at Wichita, Kans., which have turned out some of the most valuable bloodhounds in the country.

They are not the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" variety of dogs, such as have paraded the streets of Duluth many times. They are believed to be the first real hounds ever seen in this city. The ears are long and full of wrinkles, and the faces are anything but objects of beauty.

The mother of the police department puppies is much smaller than the mastiffs and danes that have passed as bloodhounds with traveling theatrical companies.

The mother is a sort of seal brown and white spotted animal. Two of the puppies are black, two are dark seal brown, and the remaining six are spotted like the mother. Eight of the ten are males, and the policemen consider the litter worth somewhere in the neighborhood of $1000. These pups have a long pedigree and are guaranteed to be good trailers and easily trained.

The two dogs that have not arrived will be transferred to Superior, with the understanding that they can be secured for service on this side of the bay at short notice during the time that the Duluth dog is raising her puppies.

The dogs were purchased with money obtained during the Duluth and Superior police department baseball series, and from present appearances the officers have made a good and paying investment.

Chief Troyer says that the dogs will be put in the care of one man and trained, according to instructions which will be furnished by the proprietor of the Wild Wood Kennels.

When a crime is committed and the criminal escapes, dropping a hat, revolver or some other article, the bloodhounds are given a whiff of the clothing or weapon, whichever it may be, and sent on the trail of the person wanted. They are used extensively throughout the South and West and in other countries and have proven a great sucess.

Naturally the arrival of the mother bloodhound and her puppies aroused considerable interest among the policemen. "Bob" Smollett, who exercises moose and deer in the northern woods every fall, announced that he would take the entire pack out hunting with him and see if they were any good. He was disappointed to think that they were not man-eating as well as man-trailing, and he immediately began telling Sergt. Ed. Force about the man-eating sharks he had seen when sailing up the west coast of Africa several years ago.

The sergeant grew sarcastic and started the bloodhound puppies yelling by saying that he saw a man-eating brook trout in a Superior street restaurant the other day.

England to Try Again.

The English people seem determined in their efforts to recapture the cup which the Americans have held for so many years. To this end a new challenger is being sent over and the races next month will determine which is the better boat. The best medicine in the world for curing all stomach, bowel and kidney disorders is the famous Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. During the summer it will be found very beneficial as a tonic, also to keep the bowels regular, without which you cannot enjoy good health. Be sure to give it a trial. It will restore the appetite, purify the blood, promote sound sleep and positively cure flatulency, nausea, headache, sour stomach, dyspepsia, indigestion and liver troubles. The genuine is for sale by all druggists.

Notify Dr. Long.

The Northern Minnesota conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will convent in Duluth during the first week of October, and a number of the local churches will take advantage of the presence of many outside ministers to supply their pulpits for Sunday, Oct. 4, which is during the conference. In order to facilitate this arrangement, it has been decided to have all the Duluth pastors that wish visitors to supply their pulpits on that day to notify Dr. S. P. Long, of the First Methodist church, at once, in order that a full list may be handed to the program committee of the conference.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease.

It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the vocal organs, disturbs the stomach.

It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

LICENSES READY

County Auditor Holden Issues the First Hunting Licenses.

Details of the New Laws on Deer Hunting.

Residents of St. Louis county who would pursue the restive deer, moose or male caribou in his accustomed haunts in the state of Minnesota may now obtain a license granting them that privilege by depositing $1 with the county auditor. The game laws have undergone a change since last year, also the form of the hunting licenses.

Under the new law deer, moose and male caribou may be hunted from Nov. 10 to Nov. 30. This gives twenty days for the hunting of moose and caribou, where last year but five days were given for that class of big game.

Hunting licenses are not required for residents of the county for small game, but non-residents of the state must pay $10 for such a license, or $25 for a big game license.

County Auditor Halden has received the new licenses and the first two were issued this morning. No. 1 went to County Commissioner E. M. Patterson and No. 2 is in the possession of C. D. Pattison. Last year the hunters paid 25 cents for the privilege of killing big game during the open seaon, but this year they must pay $1. Of this amount the county gets only 10 cents on every hunting licenses issued. All licenses expire December 31, 1903.

Under the laws of this year big game hunters are entitled to kill but three deer, one moose and one male caribou, each. It is strictly against the law to kill a female caribou, or to kill more of the big game than the limit set by the new law.

The new license is much larger than the card formerly used and gives the holder the impression that he has bought a mileage ticket. The hunting license proper has attached along either side the deer, moose and caribou coupons lettered "A" and "B". The "A" coupons, when the game is presented for shipment, must be sent by the shipping agent to the state game commission at St. Paul, while the corresponding "B" coupon, which resembles a shipping tag, is torn off and must be attached to the game shipped. A space is left on the back of the shipping coupon for the agent to receipt.

The license certifies that its possessor is a resident of St. Louis county, Minn., and is duly licensed to hunt and kill big game animals in this state. It is nontransferable and contains the signature of the holder, at the bottom, his height, weight, age, color of hair and eyes.

On the back of the license are the directions. Shipments of big game killed in accordance with the new law, may be made from any point in the state to any point in the county from which the license was issued. All shipments must be open. This means that the shipper must not put his game in a box or any other receptacle where it is likely to be concealed.

A person killing a big game animal can only ship it from himself to himself and a card with the name of the shipper, shipping point, destination of the shipment and name of the consignee, written thereon in ink must be attached to each shipment.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Nassau Morrison, of Park Point, has returned from a month's visit in Eastern cities.

Mrs. Edward Bleck and children have gone to Dayton, Ohio, after spending the summer with Mrs. Bleck's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Miller.

Mrs. N. H. Wilson will leave this evening for Grand Rapids, Mich., to attend the meeting of the National Protective Legion, to which she is a delegate. Accompanying her will be Mrs. Dibell, of Proctorknott; Mrs. Field, of Superior, and Mrs. Doerr, of Two Harbors, who are also delegates.

George A. McIntyre, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Hannah McIntyre, of Tenth avenue east.

Mrs. C. S. Morgan and Miss Mary Polaski, will leave tonight over the Northern Pacific road for Chicago, via Ashland.

William F. Fitch, president of the South Shore road, is registered at the Spalding.

Mrs. Charles R. Davis, of St. Peter, Minn., wife of Congressman C. R. Davis of the Tenth district, is in the city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Poehler, of 822 East First street.

Mrs. H. Brown and Mrs. Atchley and family have returned from two months' outing at Moose Lake.

John Peyton will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Boston.

W. H. Schupp will leave for Saginaw this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

C. B. Hibbard will leave this evening over the South Shore road for Detroit.

Walter Fitch will leave this evening over the South Shore road for Ishpeming.

Mark Smith, son of Jay M. Smith of the local land office, will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Easton, Pa., where he will attend college this fall.

H. Bridgeman will leave this evening over the South Shore for Alpena.

Mrs. J. J. Hartley will leave this afternoon for Chicago.

A. L. Swan will leave this evening over the South Shore road for Detroit.

Daniel Horgan will leave this evening for Detroit, Mich., over the South Shore.

AFTER-DINNER COFFEE.

Coffee is very common drunk after dinner, a custom which perhaps is justified, particularly when wine drinking accompanies the meal, for coffee is an antidote to alcohol, says the Lancet. A hot draught of coffee is undoubtedly a powerful stimulant, enabling both mental and physical fatigue to be borne. On the other hand, a cup of hot coffee disagrees with many persons, their digestion is disturbed rather than aided, there is interference with the normal chemistry of the digestive process, and the dyspeptic must eschew hot, strong coffee, as well as tea. The excessive drinking of coffee is in any case an evil.

But it is often forgotten that coffee can be taken in other ways, and in none better than in the form of jelly. A clear coffee jelly after dinner is every bit as good as the hot infusion, while it is free from some of the drawbacks of the latter. Coffee, unlike alcohol, diminishes organic imbibition, and gelatine in the form of jelly is cooling, assuages thirst, is soothing, and has a tendency to absorb any excessive acidity of the stomach. Gelatine is what is known as the destruction of proteid, such as albumin.

Having regard to these facts, therefore, coffee jelly should form a very suitable sequel for the infusion. Moreover, the astringent principles of coffee, which, however, are different i nkind and degree from those present in tea, are nullified by the gelatine. In short, jelly is an excellent vehicle for coffee, but, as is necessary in making the infusion, the quantity of coffee in the jelly should not be stinted. Coffee serves an admirable purpose in dieteties, and those with whom it disagrees when taken in the form of a hot infusion will very probably find the jelly quite satisfactory.



That Is What We Have and Those Are the Kind of Heating Stoves and Ranges You Will Find Upon Our Floor

WE HAVE without any exageration the largest and most complete line of Heaters and Ranges that is shown in this city barring no one—and are selling them at prices that will astonish you. You can buy a Heater or a Range of us by paying only $5 down and $1.25 per week, or $5 per month. We will furnish your house complete with Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Crockery—everything needed on credit—

$5 per month on $25 worth of goods

BAYHA & CO

24 and 26 E. Superior Street, News Tribune Building.

CLOSE FOR STEEPLEJACK.

Was Abandoned on Top of Tall Chimney.

I was apprenticed to a decorative painter, but being of a bold, danger-loving turn, I ran away to sea before my time was out, says a writer in the Washington Post.

"After some years of knocking about I got tired of a maritime life, and having married and determined to stick to the shore, I got work with a builder, whose peculiar line lay in erecting tall chimneys. I had always a very cool head, and could stand on elevations that made most men dizzy, and so I was soon a favorite hand with my master.

"We had, on one occasion, to fasten a lightning-conductor which had sprung near the top of a very high chimney, and Mr. Osborne chose myself and one James Shaw to do it, as the most daring of his men. About half a dozen of us went that morning with a hand-cart containing the necessary ropes, blocks, the kite and a box or cradle.

"Having flown the kite, and dropped its line across the top of the chimney, we soon drew up a rope, at the end of which was a block, through which ran a line whereby we were to be drawn up.

"Shaw had only been married a fortnight; and as we stepped into the cradle the men banteringly asked him if he hadn't a last dying speech to leave for his wife; and then, Mr. Osborne, having shaken hands with us and bid us to be cool and steady, we were drawn slowly up. It was known all over town that the conductor was to be fixed, though, as the day had not been named I did not expect that we should have many spectators; but as we got higher, and the view opened under our feet, I saw that the streets were already thronged with starers. Shaw was very quiet, and when I waved my cap to the people, he said, snappishly, that this was no time for such folly, and that he thought I might think of better things than how to amuse these gaping idiots, who, he dared say, desired no better fun than to see us meet with an accident.

"I had come up in the best heart, thinking, indeed, nothing about the danger we incurred; but as we drew nearer and nearer to the top, with nothing, as it seemed, belonging to this world near to us but this straining rope, I began to see the peril of the undertaking. What Shaw thought of it I don't know, he sat at the bottom of the cradle, never looking out, though I told him he would do better to keep his eyes about him, so that he might grow accustomed to the height.

"Good gracious! What was this? Here we were within a few yards of the projecting coping, and still they were winding away without slackening speed in the least. I guessed in a moment that they mistook our height, and that, with the great purchase of this windlass, the rope would be broken when the cradle came to the block. I sprang up, and, catching the rope, climbed hand over hand to the coping. Shaw sprang up also and followed me; he, too, got safe; and still they went on winding up, till the rope sang again with the strain there was upon it.

"Then it snapped, and cradle, hauling line and the main rope with its block fell down. Thus were we two poor men left in a most desperate situation.

"Poor Shaw was completely dazed with affright, and the moment he got on the coping, which was only a foot and a half broad, he called out:

"'Where can I pray? Where can I kneel and pray.'

"And so I said, very solemnly:

"'Sit down, Jim; God will hear us if we pray to Him sitting down.'

"The color of his face was of a transparent blue, and it was distorted and twitching as if he were in a fit. His eyes were very wild and drawn into a squint, and he couldn't sit steady, but swayed his body backward and forward, so that I felt certain he must topple over.

"'Come, Jim, lad,' I said, thinking to take the fright off him, 'it's bad enough, but it can be mended. Hitch up a bit, and put your arm around the rod—may be it will steady you.'

"Where are you, and where is this rod?' he asked in a very hollow voice, though he was looking at me, and the rod was only a foot or two to his left.

"By this I knew that he had gone blind with the fright; and self-preservation said 'don't go near him;' but then I remembered his newly wedded wife, and that, taking him all through, he was always a very decent fellow, and I thought how I should have liked him to have done if I had been in his case; so I determined to run a bit of risk in his favor.

"Of course, I durst not get on my feet, but working myself on by my hands, I got to him, and, putting my arm round his waist, and telling him as cheerily as I could to keep cool, I put him with his arm around the rod. It had, however, sprung the stapling for five yards down, and was so loose that it swayed with him, and I expected every minute to see him falling head over heels down, and the rod tearing away with him.

"There was a great bustle down below; people were rushing round the yard and pushing to get in, but as yet there were only some score of men at the foot of the chimney; and, by close looking, I saw them put somebody on a board and carry him gently away toward the engine house. One of the men walked after with a hat in his hand; then I knew somebody had been hurt with the falling cradle, and that it must be poor Mr. Osborne, as none of our men wore hats.

"Not a face was turned up to us. I learned afterward that our men were so taken up with sorrow that so good a man and so kind a master should be killed that for a while they had never thought about us, and the people outside imagined that we had come down with the cradle, so thus we were left in total isolation for full 20 minutes.

"While I was watching them below, feeling very sorry for my poor master, I was startled by a wild laugh from Shaw, who began making cat-calls and yelling as if he was possessed. Then I knew, of course, that he had gone mad.

"Even now I tremble when I think of that time. It was horrible to peer down the shaft, black and sooty, and yawning, and scarcely less so to look outside and see a flight of pigeons sweeping around at considerable less height then we were. Than Shaw—thank goodness, he was so dazed that he could not see me—called my name three times, as I sat fairly cringing in dread that his sight might clear, and with a ghastly grin, he began working himself toward me. I worked away from him as noiselessly as I could, with every hair of my head standing on end.

"He followed me twice round that horrid coping, making most hideous noises, and then, having come a second time to the rod, he got an idea in his muddled head that I had fallen over, for he never lost a sense of where he was all through this trying time. Then he tried to get on his feet; but at the risk of my own life I could not let the poor fellow rush on death and ruin without one more effort and I cried out for him to sit down, and he cowered down like a whipped dog, all trembling. I suppose it had been put into his head that I was a dead man speaking to him.

"That morning my wife had had a letter from her sister in Canada, and as there were paris we could not make out. I had put it in my pocket, intending to get our timekeeper to read it for me. It had a scrap of unrevered paper at the bottom, and by another piece of good luck, I happened to have a bit of red pencil in my pocket. I wrote on the paper: 'Get us down; Shaw's gone mad.' This I shut in my tobacco box, and was fortunate enough to drop it at the feet of a couple of men who were standing at the engine house door.

"Directly all was bustle to rescue us. They got the kite up again, and I watched it mounting slowly; and when the slack twine fell between Shaw and myself I took it in my hand and could have kissed it. Poor Shaw, with his teeth chattering, still fancied I was a spirit, and I did all I could to favor that idea until they got another cradle up to us. Then, having pushed him in, I scrambled in myself and clutched him fast, and soon we got down, he wrestling and fighting with me all the way.

"He was in a madhouse for some months, and then went to scavengering for he never could face any height again; and I have never had the same clear head since that adventure."

SUICIDE DAY.

"Why is it that Monday is a favorite day with suicides?" asked a man who keeps tab on unhappy events, according to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "I suppose there is a good reason for it, else we would not find that so many of the suicides happen on this day of the week. Monday seems to be the favorite day with men particularly. A great many women commit suicide on Sunday. This is probably due to the religious excitement of the day. Women are more susceptible to religious excitement than men. They get wrought up over religious questions, their minds get out of balance, and they are more prone to do desperate things. Hence many of the women who commit suicide end their lives on Sunday. Monday, however, taking everything into consideration, may be looked upon as suicide day. Fully 50 per cent of the suicides, according to the best obtainable statistics, are committed on the first day of the week. We can see the reason for this at a glance. On Monday the struggle begins again. Saturday closes the week. It is pay day. The little bills of the week are paid. Saturday. We come upon the comma, so to speak, on this day. We catch our breath. We pause for a moment and glance at the situation. We pause and ponder the things which have gone before. We look into the future, with its prospects of success or failure, as the case may be. We analyze ourselves. We see things more clearly than we did during the week when we were enmeshed in the petty details of work-a-day life. If the mind happens to be inclined to the darker side of things, if the individual is inclined to take the gloomy, desperate view at the end of the week, when the account is footed up—well, if the balance is on the wrong side we can easily understand what will happen. We can also understand why Monday, the day on which the activities of life begin anew, the day on which the struggle for existence must start right again, when life's problems must again be faced, we can understand why it is that on this day the spirit breaks, and men and women fall upon the bared bodkin. Monday is suicide day, and naturally enough, because Monday presents life to us as no other day presents it."

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OUTLOOK IS FAVORABLE.

While the quotations of stocks have had a slump in Wall street, and there is considerable pessimistic talk in that quarter, the rest of the country is enjoying continued prosperity and is looking forward to an excellent fall trade. The cotton, corn and wheat crops, with good prices prevailing, assure a continuance of prosperity among the producers, and that makes certain good times among all other classes.

The Dry Goods Economist, a leading trade paper, has been investigating business conditions, and its curernt issue contains communications from upward of 2000 dry goods merchants throughout the entire Union expressive of their views as to the trade prospects for the coming fall and winter. It is gratifying to note that, despite the varying conditions which affect merchants in such a vast number of localities, pessimism is conspicuously absent. Rather is it evident that the dry goods trade of the country is looking forward to a season as prosperous and profitable as any of its predecessors.

No less significant are the expressions of opinion which the Economist has obtained from the editors of leading journals devoted to the interests of other branches of industry. In the iron trade, in flour milling, in machine-tool making, in tobacco and other branches the outlook is regarded in an equally roseate light. Or, in the words chosen by the Economist for the title of the issue in question, "All's well." The outlook everywhere is bright, and even in Wall street there is a prospect that in the not distant future there will be a decided upturn in values.

THEY DESERVE CREDIT.

When the international yacht races were in progress, much was heard about Sir Thomas Lipton and his skipper, Capt. Wringe, and in regard to Capt. Charlie Barr, the excellent skipper of the Reliance, and C. Oliver Iselin, the manager of the defender. These men were most prominently in the public eye and they naturally attracted most attention. Both Capts. Barr and Wringe showed their ability as skippers, and it was the almost universal opinion that Capt. Barr carried off the honors. Certainly he piloted the Reliance to victory, and in the jockeying for position he outgeneraled the British skipper. Mr. Iselin also received well-deserved praise for the manner in which everything connected with the management of the Reliance was conducted. It was his business to see that the defender was prepared in every way to do her best, and it was apparent that he had overlooked nothing.

But there are others who deserve to be held in high esteem by all Americans who take pride in the fact that Sir Thomas was unable to "lift the cup." They are the men who supplied the funds for the building and maintenance of the Reliance and footed all the bills in connection with the defense of the cup. They are William B. Leeds, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Norman B. Ream, William Rockefeller, Henry Waters, P. A. B. Widener, Clement A. Griscom and James J. Hill. They are all men of large wealth and could easily bear the expense of defending the cup, but there are many equally as rich men who would not contribute a cent towards that purpose, and those named above should receive the credit that is their due from the American people. Minnesota can feel particularly proud of the fact that a resident of this state, Mr. Hill, was a member of the syndicate that financed the defender.

PARKS REPUDIATED.

The impression has been created by the reports sent out from New York last Monday regarding the Labor day parade that the labor unions of the metropolis chose Samuel Parks, the convicted blackmailer, to lead their parade, and that he was got out of Sing Sing prison just in time to head the procession. Not only was this untrue, but the facts are that the members of the labor unions did not consent to Parks taking part in the parade, and protested vigorously against his presence. Bill Devery and a few political agitators who try to control the unions were responsible for obtaining Parks' release from prison on an appeal order secured from a friendly judge, and they forced this convicted blackmailer upon the Labor day parade. Parks rode on a white horse, with two indicted walking delegates walking alongside, while Devery followed in a carriage with Mrs. Parks, who was plastered with diamonds.

All along the line of march, union men who refused to demean themselves by walking in a procession headed by this notorious blackmailer, hissed and hooted. Of the 43,000 members of unions who were expected to parade, only about 10,000 appeared in line. Thus union labor in New York vindicated itself by refusing to express sympathy with the blackmailer and the corrupt gang that attempted to degrade the labor cause. It is gratifying to be able to state that an overwhelming majority of the union men in New York and throughout the country repudiate all connection with Parks and other professional agitators, and it is unjust that they should be represented as appearing or sympathizing in any way with creatures of that stamp.

WILL THE ALDERMEN ACT?

Over two months have passed since the Fourth of July, with its tremendous cost in life and limb, due o toy pistols, cannon crackers and other dangerous devices. There was a very general demand that something be done to prevent the annual slaughter and mutilation, and that, as a first step, an ordinance be passed, forbidding the sale of these instruments of destruction. There were several deaths in Duluth from lockjaw contracted on the Fourth, and the city council was urged, as a preventative measure, to pass an ordinance that would remove the danger in future. Nine weeks have passed, the aldermen have repeatedly been in session, and yet nothing has been done, as far as the public knows, toward even preparing such an ordinance.

The first attempt to measure the extent of the annual fatality was made this year by the Journal of the American Medical Association, which collected statistics of injuries received last Fourth of July. These figures, which have just been published, are positively startling. Here are the chief items in the ghastly account: Deaths, 466, of which 406 resulted from lockjaw; total injuries 3983; persons made blind, 10; persons losing one eye, 75; persons losing hands, arms or legs, 54; persons losing one or more fingers, 174. These figures are by no means complete, but they are trustworthy as far as they go, for the Journal collected the data and verified the cases. The chief agent of fatal injury seems to have been the murderous blank cartridge. Of the 406 cases of lockjaw, 358 were caused by a blank cartridge wound. Next to the blank cartridge comes the unspeakable cannon cracker with seventeen cases of lockjaw to its credit.

These statistics make an appalling record. They should be convincing proof, if any be needed, to the city councils of Duluth and other cities that something should be done to stop this annual slaughter. Will the aldermen permit another week to pass without taking some action on this subject?

QUEER JUSTICE.

In New Jersey a grocer sold pepper which, on analysis by the state chemist, was found to be adulterated with buckwheat. The grocer was arrested and sentenced to pay a fine of $50. He appealed the case to a higher court, and his attorney made an argument for remittance of the fine, making this plea: "Everybody knows that buckwheat is not injurious, and that mixing it with pure pepper makes the pepper less fiery and pleasanter to the taste." It was not contended that the pepper was not adulterated, but that the adulterant was not injurious. And upon this ground the judge sustained the appeal, remitted the fine and virtually declared the pure food law null and void.

To a layman this appears to be queer justice. Of what good are laws against adulteration of food, if they do not apply to cases where it is contended the adulterants are not injurious to the health of the consumer? The man who went to this grocer to buy pepper did not want pepper mixed with buckwheat. The grocer sold him a mixture of pepper and buckwheat as pure pepper. Why? Because this mixture did not cost him as much as pure pepper, and in order to make a few cents more profit he cheated his customer. Apparently this New Jersey judge thinks that it is all right to cheat the public as long as the adulterated stuff sold for the genuine article is not poisonous or injurious. Is it not a queer idea of justice?

NO RACE SUICIDE.

According to the latest compilation of births and deahs in the United States the bugbear of "race suicide," which has been so openly expressed, has no foundation in fact. On the contrary, the population of the United States is steadily increasing through births. In fact, the birth rate of the United States is high and is exceeded only by Italy and Hungary. The total population within the boundaries of the United States in 1890 was 62,947,714 and the natural increase in the decade following due to excess of births over deaths was 12,315,361. The average annual excess of births was 17.7 for every 1000 of the mean population. It is estimated that the death rate of the country for the census year of 1900 was approximately 16.3 for every 1000 of the population. Assuming that it was about 18 for every 1000 in 1890, as estimated by the statistician of the eleventh census, and taking the mean of these, or 17.4, as representing for this purpose the average annual death rate for the decade, there must necessarily have been an average annual birth rate of 35.1 for every 1000 of the mean population to produce the increase in population actually enumerated.

International statistics available in Washington show that only two European countries—Austria-Hungary and Italy—had a greater birth rate, while all but two of these for which there are figures at hand had a greater death rate than the United States during the decade which ended in 1900. The countries which had a smaller death rate were Norway and Sweden, and those which had a greater birth rate were Italy and Austria-Hungary. These same figures show that from June 1, 1890, until May 1, 1900, the average annual excess of births over deaths in the United States was 17.7 per 1000 of population, while Prussia stood next in this respect, with 14.7 per 1000. Then came Holland, with 14 per 1000; Norway, with 13.9; the German empire, with 13.7; Denmark, with 12.6; Scotland, with 11.9, and England and Wales, with 11.7. The two foreign countries in which there is the nearest approximation to race suicide are France and Ireland. In the former the average annual birth rate for the decade was 22.2, the death rate, 21.6, and the excess of births over deaths only 0.6. In Ireland the average annual birth rate was 23, the death rate 18.1 and the excess of births over death only 4.0 per 1000 population. These figures for foreign countries are based on the estimated populations for intercensal and postcensal years, as calculated by their registration officials and gathered by the register general of England, and they may be regarded as sufficiently accurate for comparative purposes.

It is evident that there is not much danger from "race suicide" in the United States.

If Sir Thomas Lipton could induce Mr. Herreshoff to emigrate to England he might be able to get a yacht that would "lift the cup."

If You Do Not Know, You Ought to Know:

That they are building an aluminum airship out in San Francisco for the St. Louis exposition. It will be 228 feet long. It will weigh 13,000 pounds, is calculated to lift 21,000 pounds and carry thirty people. Wonder if it will fly any better than Langley's mis-named Buzzard?

* * *

That in this country there are over 1,000,000 more births than deaths in a year. "Race suicide" will not exterminate us as long as that record is kept up.

* * *

That in thirteen years strikes in this country have cost our wage-earners $165,000,000 in lost time; the unions have had to assist strikers to the tune of $11,000,000, and employers have lost $90,000,000 in uncompleted contracts, damage to plants, etc. During the same period "lock-outs" have cost the workmen in lost wages and money put up for their support during such ordeals, $30,000,000, and the employers, $13,000,000. Why not arbitrate?

* * *

That a cow and calf are worth $40 on the range today; ten years ago $15 was a high price for the same stock. Our total live stock is worth only a little over $2,200,000,000; in 1884 it was valued at over $2,500,000,000. The poor will soon have to cut down in their meat eating.

* * *

That the last shipping report, June 30, 1900, showed 5,164,839 gross tons of documented ships under the American flag, while there were 14,261,000 tons under the English flag. If John P. Morgan keeps on buying ships the order will soon be reversed, and he may demonstrate to us that subsidy laws and other legislation are not the only means we have of building up a great merchant marine.

* * *

That the ships that passed through the "Soo" canal last season carried one-third more freight than did all the ships going into and out of the port of New York. And, too, New York port is open all the year, while the "Soo's" season is scarce seven months. Twenty-five million six hundred forty-three thousand and seventy-three tons of freight went through the "Soo" canals. The Canadians passed 2,035,719 tons of that freight through their canal. June 4 last, 125 vessels passed through the American canal, carrying 219,364 tons. The John W. Gates carried the largest cargo, 8462 tons and the steamer Troy has the credit of the most miles, 45,318 run during the season. The total value of all the freight carried through the canal was $267,041,959—about half the total value of all the lake shipping. And, by the way, this canal commerce was exactly two and one-half times that of the Suez canal.

* * *

That London uses up over 20 acres of land for burial grounds every year and New York something like 18 acres. Why not cremate our dead? Their bones have to be disturbed every few years, as burial grounds become too valuable for that purpose.

* * *

That we ought not to growl at presidential or monarchial expenses these days; the Pharaohs counted upon and spent royal revenues of over $1,000,000,000 annually. David accumulated a private fortune of $3,000,000,000, and Alexander turned to his own account some $1,800,000,000 his armies looted from other nations. Those were royal good old times and then, too, the figures may be a little mixed. Who will undertake to prove they are not correct?

* * *

That in New York state alone, over 3,000,000 barrels of flour and 50,000,000 pounds of sugar (not to mention all the other things, lard, salt, etc., that enter into their manufacture), go into crackers every year.

* * *

That one of the great New York papers spends over $230,000 a year for editorial and literary work; $300,000 for illustrations, $140,000 for telegraph, $640,000 for paper and some $750,000 in other incidentals.

* * *

That hot water taken internally or applied externally is one of the best all-around remedies. Indigestion, colic, toothache, congestion, headaches, etc., etc., all yield to it. And it is decidedly cheaper than a doctor.

* * *

That coal was used by the Romans in the time of the Caesars, and that in 1234 Henry III granted a license to dig coal in Newcastle, but it was not commonly used in London until 1600. Anthracite coal was first used by an American, a blacksmith named Gore, in Connecticut in 1768.

* * *

That the world over, it is expected there will be mined this year some 600,000,000 tons of coal; this country is depended upon to produce 30 per cent of that total.

* * *

That competent authorities estimate the wealth of the world at $400,000,000,000, of which amount this country has nearly one-fourth, and leads all the others. Great Britain comes next, then France, Germany and Russia. Of course we are the top-notchers. Incidentally, we also spend more than any other nation, but not, thank heaven, in maintaining great armies.

* * *

That with all our wealth, over 13 per cent of us cannot read or write; one out of every 612 is in prison; 7000 of us commit suicide every year; over 90,000 girls are virtually starved into dishonor in the same period; less than 10 per cent of us who live in cities can offord to own our own homes, and lots of other things happen that make us think our great wealth could be doing us more good than it seems to be doing just now.

* * *

That at least $10,000,000 was spent in India's recent great festival, the Durbar, and that probably a quarter of that amount will have to be squeezed out of the rest of the world this year to feed that God-forsaken country's starving natives. The irony of such a festival!

HOTEL GOSSIP

A one-act farce comedy which might have been entitled "The Senatorial Junket at Sea on Land" was enacted yesterday morning in the lobby of the Spalding hotel and to those who were "next" to what was going on it sufficed to bring everything from a quiet smile to a grin which showed gold fillings in their back teeth.

The senators had been waiting for the big freighter John W. Gates, on which they intended taking passage for the lower lakes. Up to a late hour in the day they had received no information regarding the whereabouts of their boat and some idea of their perplexity may be gained from the following conversation, as the representatives of the commonwealth sat in a circle around the open fireplace:

Senator E. E. Smith (of Minneapolis)—"I wonder what we are up against boys. Looks like a deadlock somewheres."

Senator Henry Morgan (Albert Lea)—"It certainly does look as if something had slipped a cog. Say Horton, where's Hawkins. By this time he ought to be able to tell us whether we are going to get away from here today or before navigation closes."

Senator Hiler H. Horton (of St. Paul, and who holds the job of steering committee at large)—"I'll be hanged if I know and I'll tell you one thing Morgan, and that is that if you think you can get up a 'Hunting for Howkins' company out of this crowd you better go along and keep your elbows off the show case. To tell the truth I'm stuck on Duluth and our accommodations and with the weather we're having I would rather be enjoying the balmy rays of a grate fire than standing on the quarter deck of the John W. Gates losing everything except my self respect and shoes and wondering whether the next world is like it's painted."

Senator George Somerville (of Sleepy Eye)—"John W. Gates, eh? Say boys, if we could only get aboard that boat it would be the first time legislators ever walked all over John W. Gates. Ha, ha, he he he—why don't yo laugh? That's a joke, a joke on Gates. Don't you see it? A joke on Gates—walk all over him. Ha ha ha, he he he he he."

Senator Daniel Shell (Worthington)—"Somerville, you ought to be ashamed of yourself. This is no laughing matter and besides, Sleepy Eye has indulged in too much frivolity of late. A murder, suicide of a resident out in Montana and still you want to keep up the merriment."

Senator Samuel Lord (Kasson)—"Yes Somerville, it would be much more in keeping with the spirit in which this tour was inaugurated were you to climb up to the balcony of the sun parlor and see if you can descry the funnel of the Gates on the eastern horizon."

Senator Frank E. Putnam (Blue Earth)—"Egad, a good idea my dear Lord. Come Somerville, I will procure a pair of marine glasses from Lawrence Kitchell in the Great Northern's office. Perchance we may not be able to sight the Gates and again we may, by tuurning our glasses landward, get a line on Hawkins. Come! It's to the sun parlor."

(Exeunt—Putnam and Somerville.)

Clerk (from the desk)—"Mr. Horton, Senator Horton, you're wanted on the 'phone."

Senatorial chorus—"Ah, something is going to happen. Something will surely happen."

(Five minutes later.)

Senator Horton (emerging from telephone booth)—"Nothing doing. False alarm. Hawkins just telephoned me that we could get a tug for Superior in twenty minutes. I told him that we had sent Somerville and Putnam to ascertain whether or not Superior was still there and that we were willing to take their word for it."

Chorus—"Good for you, that's the stuff. What did he say?"

Senator Horton—"He said for us to keep our spirits up as he had figured out a plan where we might catch a boat as far as Grand Marais anyway."

Chorus—"That will help some."

Senator Smith—"Aye, help some, but not much. If we are in for doing penance I move that we all go down to O-at-ka beach. We could sit down on the sand and try to figure out the political situation as it stands today."

Senator Shell—"I have something better than that for a penance. Why not go out and watch the Duluth team play baseball?"

Senator Lord—"Shell, you never can keep your mind off sports. Anybody hearing you talk would imagine that you were the sporting editor of the Ram's Horn. As for baseball, I'll bet you don't knew what a bunker is."

Senator Shell—"Huh! What's that? Don't know what a bunker is? I guess I do."

Chorus—"Well, what is it?"

Senator Shell (triumphantly eyeing the unbelievers)—"A bunker is a man who bunks. As near as I can figure out Hawkins is a bunker. He's bunking us to a finish."

Senator Lord—"Well, that's one on me sure enough. I didn't think you knew."

Senator Smith—"Here come Putnam and Somerville. (To them.) What did you discern?"

Senator Putnam—"Nothing. Absolutely nothing except a wide, wide waste. The—"

Senator Somerville—"Yes, nothing but waste. There was so much waste that we thought the whole bloomin' lake was a state legislature—"

Chorus (chittering anxiously around)—"Sh, not so loud. Someone may hear."

Senator Somerville—"Hold! We also saw Brother Hawkins hurrying towards the Spalding. He may have good news. I think—"

(Enter Senator Hawkins.)

Senator Hawkins—"Boys, it's all up. We did our best to keep you here. The people think you are all right, but the jig's up. I have just made arrangements for you to go to Two Harbors and catch the Gates for Lake Erie. I just bought a cag of lemons as it looks to me as if it was going to be rough on the lake tonight."

(Exeunt all through buffet door.)

* * *

"One thing that I like about this country," remarked a mining man at the St. Louis, "is that the people know how to take a joke as well as play one. I have just been down through Arizona and I cannot say the same tor the people down there.

"Now, I'm a good fellow I guess, or at least I try to be and I never want to hurt anyone's feelings. I was down in the vicinity of Phoenix and one day a fellow who gave the name of Jones got boiling mad when I asked him what his name was before he went to that country. "See this," exhibiting a scar nearly two inches long over his left eye," well, that's what I got for my question. Of course I then stopped kidding the natives. A few nights after this I was getting into bed when my feet struck something that sent a chill through my marrows. Jumping out of bed I lighted a lamp and threw back the bed covers. Near the foot of the bed I discovered a huge Gila monster, one of the most poisonous reptiles in existance. It is true that those who had placed him in the bed had first taken the precaution to muzzle him, but, muzzled or unmuzzled, Gila monsters are not pleasant bed-fellows.

"That is their idea of a joke down in that country. Yes, I'm going back there if only to get even."

* * *

Miss Lissa Buckingham, of Muskegon, and Miss J. T. Hoverson, of Janesville, both of whom are teachers in the city schools, arrived in Duluth last night and are staying at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

O. W. Gates, superintendent of the Indian school at Tower, is at the McKay.

* * *

E. J. O'Rourke and Jacob Stein of Virginia were guests at the Spalding last night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Hayes, of St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph G. Miller and Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Pastoret of Two Harbors, returned last night from a trip to the range in a special car. Mr. Miller, who is a member of the railroad and warehouse commission, acted as host.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Hayes will remain at the Spalding for a few days before taking a lake trip.

* * *

Melvin Dyer, who for some time has been night clerk at the Hotel McKay, has resigned and will be succeeded by David Spence.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: A. Allison, Minneapolis; F. C. Miller, Grand Rapids; Alexander M. Harris, St. Paul; M. Jaffe, Mineapolis; J. A. Mathew, Crookston; W. J. Sanderson, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Moffatt, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Jamieson, Minneapolis; J. G. Miller, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. E. F. McCall, Lake City; Jacob Stein, Virginia.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: George P. Rising, John H. Loper, Minneapolis; P. J. McCann, St. Paul; F. B. Rassone, Virginia; Frank Houghton, Racine, Wis.; George K. Trask, Knife River; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; J. H. Sharkey, Hibbing; E. C. Fulton, Minneapolis; H. R. Cady, Ashland; W. S. Campbell, Cass Lake; William Pepperling, Two Harbors.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: A. D. Brown, Minneapolis; H. T. Johnson, St. Cloud; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Ash, St. Paul; Algernon E. White, Grand Rapids; Miss Lissa Buckingham, Muskegon, Mich.; Robert Lindsay, Virginia; F. J. Mauton, St. Paul; O. H. Gates, Tower; Miss J. Q. Horerson, Janesville.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 12.—Storms of great energy are centered this morning over South Dakota and Nevada, with high pressure areas overlying Atlantic states and Western Canada, causing light to heavy rains and brisk to high winds over the western lake region, Central Western and Gulf states and the Northwest. Very heavy rains occurred over Southern Minnesota and portions of the Dakotas. It is warmer over the Lower Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys, Lake Michigan, and from Nevada northward, and cooler in the extreme Southwest. A killing frost occurred in Utah and freezing temperatures in Wyoming this morning. The winds in the lake region are easterly and fresh, except brisk to high on Western Superior and Southern Michigan. Storm northeast warnings were ordered in the Duluth section at 10 o'clock last night.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	78	Marquette	76
Buffalo	74	Medicine Hat	50
Calgary	42	Memphis	90
Charleston	82	Milwaukee	70
Chicago	74	Minnedosa	50
Cincinnati	88	Modena	62
Denver	64	Moorhead	64
Detroit	78	New Orleans	86
Dodge City	78	Pittsburg	82
Duluth	58	Portland	56
Escanaba	70	San Francisco	76
Green Bay	74	Spokane	58
Havre	48	St. Louis	86
Telena	44	St. Paul	66
Houghton	66	Sault Ste. Marie	72
Jacksonville	84	Swift Current	48
Knoxville	88	Washington	84
La Crosse	72	Williston	50
Lander	36	Winnemucca	60
Los Angeles	76	Yellowstone Park	36

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Rain and probably fog tonight and Sunday. Cooler. Brisk to high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunder storms tonight and possibly Sunday. Decidedly cooler.

Minnesota—Rain and probably thunder squalls tonight and possibly Sunday. Cooler tonight and in east portion Sunday.

The Dakotas—Rain and decidedly colder tonight and possibly Sunday. Probably frost.

Upper Lakes—Brisk to high northeast winds on Superior and southeast shifting to northeast on Michigan and Huron. Showers and thunder squalls tonight and probably Sunday. Storm northeast warnings on Superior and southeast on Michigan and Huron ordered at 9:30 a. m.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Post: "Do you know anything about flirting?"

"No," he replied, sadly. "I thought I did, but when I tried it, hanged if the girl didn't marry me."

Indianapolis Journal: "Kubelik, the violinist, will play no more solos."

"Why, has he been injured?"

"No, married."

Judge: The chronic bachelor finally turned to the quiet man, who had taken no part in the discussion. "Would you, sir," he said, "marry the best woman in the world?"

"I did," was the reply.

Detroit Free Press: "My wife says if there's one thing she hates it's to see me with my hands in my pockets."

"Mine too. She prefers to put her own in."

Chicago Tribune: "Yes, Pluggins has risen in the world, I know, but it's all due to his wife. She spurs him to action."

"Well, any man with a particle of spirit will get up when his wife uses spurs on him, won't he?"

Philadelphia Press: "Hateful thing!" she cried in the midst of their spat. "I was a silly goose when I married you."

"Perhaps so," replied the great brute, "at any rate, you were no chicken."

Washington Star: "Yes," said the young nobleman. "I am to be married to Miss Boodlington."

"That demonstrates my theory," said the embittered author. "I have always said that a catchy title would sell almost anything."

Somerville Journal: Surprised Father—What, marry my daughter. Why, she is a mere child.

Unabashed Suitor—Yes. That's what she says her mother was when she married you.

She lost her head when she proposed,
But he, a trifle bolder,
Made search for it distractedly,
And found it on his shoulder.
—Philadelphia Record.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man can fool a woman whenever she wants him to.

What a woman likes about going to Europe is the pain she gives those who can't go.

Some girls are so modest it makes them blush to see their own underwear on the clothes line.

It's queer what different ideas widowers and widows have about what is good and what bad luck.

Whether a girl has red hair or auburn hair depends on whether she is yours or somebody else's.

Right to Check Speculators.

Detroit Free Press: We hold trusts down to a reasonable exercise of power. We preserve the advantages of competition in railroads. We make and enforce laws to see that all sections are treated alike, or upon the equitable basis in the shipment of goods. We suppress bucket shops and are vigilant in the pursuit of the get-rich-quick concerns. It is all done for the good of the greater number and the continued prosperity of the country at large. Why cannot reckless and unscrupulous speculators be restrained in the same way? They are a constant menace to the stability of our commercial institutions and national conduct of trade, and there is the same right to check them as any others who impair our prosperity, and we do not believe the solution beyond the ability of honest statesmanship in this country.



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SIGNS OF STRIFE?

New York Mail and Express: In a sermon last Sunday Rev. Dr. James M. Buckley, a prominent Methodist divine, said:

"It does not require a prophet or the son of a propet to tell us that within three years—yes, two years—this country will pass through a terrible crisis if there is not an immediate change in the relation of labor and capital. It seems as if both have thrown Christian conduct and common sense to the winds."

Dr. Buckley is far ahead of probability in this prediction. The American people are strong enough and sane enough to hold up any forced crisis of this sort. They simply will not have any such nonsense, and they are capable of laying, in abundant time, a very cold and heavy hand on either of the supposed "parties" to this grave conflict, for it must be remembered that the great mass of the people are in neither of these supposedly hostile camps.

Of course, there are bad signs. One of them is to be noted in the announcement that the convicted extortioner, Samuel Parks, who is now out on bail, is to head the Labor Day procession in this city. Such an honor, on the part of organized labor, to such a man not only is unseemly but tends to assert the contempt of the labor associations involved for all the processes of law. They cannot glorify Parks without distinctly declaring their opposition to the agencies of order and justice. They range themselves with anarchism by such an act.

But so extreme a course as this on the part of organized labor, must have a tendency to disgust the great body of the American people. By putting them out of all patience with these sympathizers with anarchy, such an act will tend to postpone the "terrible crisis" that the Methodist divine anticipates.

Another voice, and a wiser one, is that of Judge George Gray, of Delaware. He has been searching this labor problem to the very heart. He is a man of penetrating vision, of deep reflective power. In an interview at Wilmington he says:

"We shall find a solution of the question involved in this struggle between capital and labor. I am confident that there is a bottom fact in human nature in which we can find an alternative of violence."

That bottom fact, in his view, is the willingness of the parties in interest to leave the settlement of a dispute to men in whose honesty and wisdom they have confidence. Our worst labor dispute in recent years has been taken care of peaceably, because the people in their sober might required that it should be so. That sober might can be exercised to avert still graver crises if they come.

THE BOYDAYS.

The boydays—the boydays—they were the best of all!
Through all the hushes of the years the boydays ever call!
Out of the darkness of the night resplendently they shine,
And what of a wreath of memories for one and all they twine!
No matter what of baser stuff the later years may hold
We may look up and back and see the boydays all were gold.

The boydays—the boydays—when come the threads of gray,
You may live in Tomorrow, but you dream of Yesterday;
You may look in the mirror, but the only face you see,
Is one that has the semblance of the boy you used to be.
And, musing, you may stumble on a broken bit of song
That wanders from the boydays in a cadence sweet and strong.

The boydays—a picture with not a hue to fade;
The glamour of the grasses where the summer sunshine played;
The sparkle of the ripple in some jolly little stream
Whose song was built of jewels of a never-dying gleam;
The nodding of the roses, and the whiteness of the snow—
They blend across the picture of the long and long ago.

The boydays—the boydays—we never lose them all;
The best of all the memories, they come at fancy's call.
Somehow they are made perfect by the alchemy of years,
Which keeps alive the smiles they held and never finds the tears.
The heart is but a treasure chest our precious things to hold,
And chiefest of the goodly store is all the boydays' gold.

—W. D. NESBITT, in Chicago Tribune.

A Popular Ticket.

Washington Post: Denmark now proposes to dispose of the Danish West Indies by raffle. Secretary Hay will probably increase his popularity by seeing that the United States holds a blank ticket in the drawing.

A Migratory People.

Philadelphia Record: The fact that there are more than 200 American mining engineers in the gold and diamond regions in South Africa is one among many indications that this is already becoming one of the migratory nations.

Diplomat Tells the Truth.

Chicago Chronicle: "My country is very much occupied at present," says Chebik Bey, the Turkish minister at Washington, in explanation of the dilatory proceedings in connection with the Beyroot incident. "Very much occupied" is good.

A Gentle Toboggan.

Detroit Free Press: The banquet was a great parachute with which to let Sir Thomas down easily. When a loser is fed on the fat of the land, and told in all the ways possible that he is a prince of good fellows, it tempts him to come over and lose some more.

Many Mothers administer Piso's Cure when their children have Spasmodic Croup. It is effectual.

DEGREE TEAM OF COURT EASTERN STAR, No. 86, UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.



Lower Row, reading from left to right—J. Haller, A. Karr, K. Hanson, A. Charrier, E. Milnes, A. Olund, R. Sullivan, O. E. Orne.
Middle Row—S. Herrel, E. Harier, O. Olund, H. Milnes, A. Foster, H. Kolling, A. Sullivan, W. Gannon.
Upper Row—G. Code, M. Moe, C. Foster, C. Sullivan, J. Goggins, G. Missohl, H. Gelineau, B. Bergerson, T. Opsahl.

Court Eastern Star, No. 86, United Order of Foresters, has been successful in a contest for new members, and has won, as a prize, a full set of officers' jewels, which will be formally presented to that court on the evening of Sept. 15, at Hunter hall.

High Chief Ranger John McMurchy, assisted by High Secretary W. H. Thorn, will make the presentation. Excellent music will be provided and a large attendance and enjoyable occasion is anticipated. This court has a present membership of 342, and confidently expects to bring its membership up to 500 before the winter is over.

Oct. 6 the secret work of the order will be exemplified to a large class of candidates by the degree team, which, for the season, is composed of the following members: O. E. Olund, R. H.; John Gelineau, W. S.; H. E. Gelineau, L. J.; John A. Island, F. T.; Harry Milnes, captain; S. Linell, messenger; R. Sullivan, C. A.; E. Milnes, S. A.; A. P. Frans, Joe Holler, Charles Hanson, Ed Iverson, A. Sullivan, Foresters.

The committee on entertainment is making preparations for the occasion, and, with music, etc., a good time is promised. Invitations have been extended to the courts in Superior and this city to attend. The officers of Court Eastern Star are: C. R. Harry Milnes; P. C. R., O. E. Olund; V. R., Alive M. Karr; secretary, E. Milnes; treasurer, James Kelly; chaplain, M. A. Brown; C. A., Joe Holler; I. W., Sam Linnell; O. W., Charles Hanson; musician, L. J. Wilson.

IN COPPER CIRCLES

Plans For Consolidation of Copper Range and Trimountain.

Franklin Mine Shows a Large Increase In Its Output.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Preparations for the consolidation of the Copper Range and Trimountain companies continue, and it is likely that the final merger will be consummated soon. The amalgamation of these properties will permit the introduction of a number of minor economies, but the principal effect will be to put the Copper Range company in second place among lake mines as a producer. Whether the Copper Range company will be able to secure the half interest held in the Champion mine by St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land company is not so certain. St. Mary's stock is little traded in, although listed on the Boston stock exchange, consequently it is not possible to secure a controlling interest in the stock through market manipulation, and it is probable that the people in control of the stock would ask a higher figure for their half of the Champion than the Copper Range people would care to pay at present. The Champion is, without question, well worthy of its name, and in both quantity and quality of copper ranks well to the front.

The Red Jacket shaft of the Calumet & Hecla is being fitted with automatic skips and prepared generally for handling a heavier tonnage of rock than in the past. Work on this shaft was started in 1889, after the most disastrous fire in the history of the Calumet & Hecla mine. It is the only vertical shaft of this company, and was planned as an entirely distinct mine, but owing to the great heat at depth, and the danger of working it without connections, it has been connected with the shafts of the Calumet mine, and in consequence must be closed down, along with the other workings, in case of fire. The lode is not up to the average found elsewhere in this shaft, but is sufficiently rich to allow of working at a good profit, and will probably be a more important source of rock supply in the future than it has been in the past.

For the first eight months of the current year the Franklin shows an increase of 15 per cent in output of mineral. Work at the new shaft on the conglomerate is being pushed actively but some trouble has been met with owing to the running of the sand from surface. This, however, is merely a temporary matter, and while annoying, will soon be over with. It is safe to predict that the shaft will be pushed downward with the energy that has been a noticeable feature of Capt. Hosking's work at the Franklin.

At the old Hamilton mine, in Ontonagon county, Capt. Finnegan is in charge of a small force, driving a tunnel. This property is now in the hands of the Copper Crown Mining company, a St. Louis concern. The lake people would have more confidence in the future of this corporation if its prospectus had contained a greater percentage of facts, and less of the roseate fiction, which would be more in place in the literature of some far Western wild-cat.

Work is still in progress at the Sauk's Head copper property, northwest of Marquette. This property is entirely outside of the Weweenawan field, lying to the north of the Marquette iron range, the copper occurring as sulphide ore, in a country rock of granite. Whether the ore bodies are gash veins or permanent fissure veins is undetermined. A shaft has been sunk ninety feet, and drifting therefrom is now in progress.

While the output of refined copper by lake miners will fall a trifle short of 200,000,000 pounds this year, the increase will be very large, and will be followed by further increase in 1904. As it is a matter of four or five years to develop a new property to the producing stage, temporary fluctuations in the copper market have very slight effect upon the production of the local mines, from year to year. The copper situation, as a whole, is very satisfactory to the lake producers, and the prospects of the trade seem more settled than at any time for three or four years past.

The Mohawk mineral production has shown a slight falling off during the past two months, owing to trouble with the pump. The September product should be about 800,000 pounds.

The Victoria mine is approaching its twentieth level, rendering the mine the deepest in Ontonagon county. Work on the hydraulic power plant is progressing somewhat slowly, owing to delays from heavy rains.

Roy Dunstan, son of the late Governor Dunstan, is now in charge of the Adventure stamp mill. Governor Dunstan promoted the Adventure, and always held great faith in the future of the property. The Adventure management is now working on a new tack, and is selecting rock for the mill. This is undoubtedly the proper policy, as the average rock from the various parallel cupriferous beds of the Evergreen belt is too low in grade to afford a profit. There are bunches of rich rock in all seven of the parallel amygdaloids, and it is from these that the company must look to secure its copper at a profit. The shafts are to be deepened, and for the future the management will pay more attention to sinking than to spreading out laterally.

Exploratory work in the Lake district is now being carried on at the old Cliff mine and the property of the Miskwabik Development company, in Keweenaw county; on the Mayflower and Old Colony, near Calumet; on the Elm river, Wyandot and lands of St. Mary's company on the South range, and on the Arcadian tract.

The new mill of the Phoenix should go into commission next week. It is expected that about a third of the mine's output will be found in mass and barrel copper. Good things are hoped for from this mine.

Whether the amalgamation of the copper range and Trimountain will have any effect upon the plans for the new smelter in West Houghton is not known, but it is probable that the plant will be built and equipped as originally planned. That there is room in the district for a new smelter is apparent.

The plant of the Lake Superior Concentrating company is being overhauled and remodeled once more. This company has a concession for reworking the tailings of the old Franklin mill, and it is evident that the job has not been going on for three years. The task of saving the included copper carried out in the tailings is one that is very puzzling. The fine copper carried out in the sands before the days of the patent concentrating tables can be saved with comparative ease, but this copper alone is not found in sufficient quantities to make it profitable to work the sands over.

The Quincy mine has reached the fifty-sixth level in its No. 7 shaft, making the mine one of the deepest in the district. The Quincy is much the oldest of the important mines of the district, antedating the Calumet & Hecla in age by nearly a score of years. The electric haulage system in use in the Qincy continues to give the best of results.

The Michigan mine will become a producer within four or five weeks, the exact time depending on the date of completion of the extension of the Ontonagon county branch of the Mineral Range railroad. The Michigan will use one head at the Mass mill, and should be able to supply the single stamp with selected rock of high grade, from the various openings of the mine on the Calico amygdaloid, branch vein and Minnesota contact vein. The new rock house at "A" shaft is practically completed, and will be in use by the time the mine begins shipments. A new forty-five-drill air compressor is to be installed before the close of the year, and the Michigan is getting in shape for economical production upon a considerable scale.

The Bruce Copper Mines, limited, is in liquidation. Some forty years ago this property, on the northern shore of Goerglan bay, was a considerable producer, but closed down about thirty years ago, until galvanized into a brief reincarnation by Lord Douglas, of Hawick. HORACE J. STEVENS.

Are You Fagged?

That run-down feeling is caused by your over-worked digestive organs not doing their work properly. Set them right, reinvigorate your system and restore sound and lasting health by using

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Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

GIRLS' FIGHT STARTS A FEUD

More Serious Encounter to Follow Battle For a Man.

Hammond, Ind., Sept. 12.—If the statements of the young women are to be believed the recent fistic encounter between Bessie Morock and Minnie Evans over the affections of John Thiele, a popular young man, is merely the beginning of a feud. Each is determined to win the heart of young Thiele, and each threatens to give the other a thrashing if she meets her.

Miss Evans says: "I will never give up John Thiele to that girl. I know I could have him all to myself if it were not for her, because he has told me as much. He loves me, and I think I have as much right to fight for him as he would for me. Why shouldn't a woman fight for the man she loves?"

Miss Morock snapped her teeth with determination when asked concerning the affair.

"Will I fight? Why," she said, "if you knew how my father fought and how my grandfather fought you would never ask such an absurd question. If I ever meet Miss Evans again I will fight her till I drop. She can't get the better of me."

The parents of both girls are much disturbed over the publicity into which their daughters have been brought. Thiele refuses to say anything for publication beyond the statement that he is very sorry the girls made so much fuss over him.

It has become known that the fight in which the girls engaged was premature and that they had made arrangements for an encounter according to prize-ring rules. The fight was precipitated, it appears, because Miss Evans is said to have violated one of the clauses of the agreement between the young women and allowed Thiele to take her out driving.

It appears that Thiele had refused to press a preference for either girl, though both cornered him once and tried to get him to commit himself. After they had bade him goodnight the young women decided to fight it out if they could get the gloves. They postponed the contest for three days, during which period it was stipulated that neither girl should see the young man.

Next evening, however, Thiele met Miss Evans and coaxed her to go driving with him. Miss Morock saw the two and she vowed vengeance. The next night was Sunday, and Miss Morock waited for Miss Evans on a prominent street corner. The girls met and decided to fight it out.

Both girls removed their hats and gloves, rolled up their sleeves and a fistic encounter followed.

Notice the next 10 healthy men you meet. They take Ayer's Pills. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

HE COULD NOT PAY.

Senator Beveridge Has An Unpleasant Experience.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 12.—While going from this city to South Bend, where he was to speak before the state bankers' association, United States Senator Beveridge stopped at Fort Wayne and had luncheon at the railroad restaurant. After he had eaten he went through his pockets nervously and then announced to the waiter that he had no money. He said that he was United States Senator Beveridge.

The waiter grinned and said that had been tried on him before. Manager Hubbard was called, but when the senator explained who he was the manager looked at his guest with the slouch hat and no waistcoat with evident suspicion. The senator finally took out his railroad pass and several letters and succeeded in convincing the restaurant man that he was really Indiana's senator.

He said that he left home with $50 in his pocket, but whether he lost it or was robbed on the train he did not know.

HIS SKULL CRACKED.

Kimball Is Sorry He Was Not Killed.

New Ulm, Minn., Sept. 12.—Charles Kimball, the barber from Sleepy Eye, who created so much excitement in that city Tuesday evening by shooting Mrs. Toomey, and holding up the whole city for some time, is in the hospital here and will be kept there until Saturday, when he will have his hearing. It was found that the bullet which the tramp fired at him struck the front of the skull and the entire skull from front to base is cracked.

For some time his left arm was paralyzed so that he was unable to raise it, but it has recovered so that there is at least life in it, though the hand is paralyzed. Dr. Bayley, the attending physician, is of the opinion that a drop of blood found its way through the crack and it is that that is effecting the hand, as soon as the blood is absorbed the hand will be normal again. In case it is a piece of the bone that is pressing on the brain, an operation will have to be performed.

The man says he is sorry the tramp's aim was not better so that he would be out of his troubles, though he shows no remorse for what he did.

AUTO REPAIR SHOP

War Department to Test a Traveling Smithy.

New York, Sept. 12.—An autocar equipped with outfits for horseshoer, saddler, carpenter and blacksmith for use in the army will leave this city for the war department at Washington in a few days. After inspection by department officials it will be sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for a test in actual service.

The autocar is the only one of its kind ever constructed. If it comes up to the expectations of its designers, any necessary repairs to the equipment or arms of the artillery, cavalry or any other branch of the service may be made in camp, or even while the forces are on the march.

The car is simply a large box on which are numerous doors that open to reveal all sorts of tools and appliances from the blacksmith's anvil to artillery wheels. The car, stripped of its equipment, weighs 8500 pounds, and the equipment sent on for the test weighs 4000 pounds.

The gasoline tank contains a supply sufficient to propel the machine 200 miles. The engine is of the kind known as four-speed, and is calculated to drive the machine at a rate up to ten miles an hour.

The work on this car has been under the supervision of Lieutenant O'Hearn, who will accompany the vehicle on its trip to Washington.

ST. LOUIS MAN USES

Special Car to Get Away From Muskegon.

St. Louis, Sept. 12.—Dreading to have his two young daughters quarantined away from home, and acting before the report that they had scarlet fever reached the authorities, Louis P. Aloe, of this city, planned the trip from a summer resort near Muskegon, Mich., on a special schedule. The Wabash limited was held four hours for their private car, and they arrived here on their special train at noon the following day.

FATHER ACCUSES SON

Says Youth Has Alienated His Wife's Affections.

New York, Sept. 12.—Mrs. Lewis H. Percival, of Brooklyn, who formerly lived in Janesville, Wis., got into the courts again yesterday through her husband accusing his son, Fred, a dapper youth of 20, of having alienated her affections. The husband had been arrested on a charge of assault made by Mrs. Percival, and, although he was held in the police court to the court of general sessions he told a tale that interested all the spectators.

Mrs. Percival, who is 40, is the second wife of Percival. She is accomplished and loves to talk. She has been married to Percival two years, having been divorced from her first husband in Janesville. When freed from the first husband she carried on a correspondence with Percival through a Chicago matrimonial bureau, the courtship being entirely by mail and extending over two years.

Finally Percival went to Janesville, married the divorcee and united his family of three grown children with her two by her first husband. Since then they have been living together, but by no means happily.

Mr. Percival told the court that his son Fred and his wife were on friendly terms, and that the young man had taken sides against him. The young man denied all the charges. Mrs. Percival did not seem to mind the testimony, but sat through it all with a smile on her face.

STABBED BY A BEGGAR.

Purdue, Promiently Connected at Butte, May Die.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 12.—George Purdue lies dangerously wounded at the St. James hospital and may die, because he declined to give two beggars 25 cents on the streets of Butte. One of them stabbed him in the left breast, inflicting a severe wound, and escaped. He managed to find a policeman and received medical treatment before he bled to death.

Purdue came in town from W. A. Ralston's ranch on the Bib hole. In company with a friend he visited several places in the red light district during the night and took several drnks. As he left the Hawthorne saloon on South Main street he was accosted by two men who asked him for "two-bits." He refused to give them a cent.

They applied unprintable epithets and one of them, pulling a knife, stabbed him in the breast just to the left of the breast bone. An unsuccessful effort was made to hush up the story because of the prominence of Purdue's relations.

THEY STAND FOR SMOOT

Luthern Synod Refuses to Condemn Mormon Senator.

Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 12.—Senator Smoot, the Mormon apostle, who has been amathematized by church conventions all over the country, has found friends in the Lutheran camp. The usual resolutions of condemnation and memorialization to congress on the polygamy question were introduced in the Lutheran synod of New York and New Jersey by Rev. C. W. Heisler, of Albany, who championed the cause of the anti-polygamist with impassioned zeal.

Strong arguments were made in favor of Smoot and when a rising vote was taken the resolutions were defeated by a majority of three and the question was tabled. The incident caused a great sensation in the convention.

AN ANCIENT CASTLE.

Berlin, Sept. 12.—A castle which is believed to have existed 400 years before Christ has been brought to light near Cassel.

WILL INSPECT SHIPS.

Hamburg, Sept. 12.—The Correspondent states that the marine ministry will institute on April 1, 1904, a commission headed by a naval officer to inspect ships. The commission will have its headquarters at Hamburg.

He that knows not, and knows not that he knows not is stupid! Shun him—

He will never buy

King Arthur Coffee!

He that knows not, and knows that he knows not, is good—

Teach him to buy

King Arthur Coffee!

He that knows, and knows not that he knows, is asleep—

Arouse him and tell him to buy

King Arthur Coffee!

He that knows, and knows that he knows, is wise—

Follow him and buy

King Arthur Coffee!

Best in the world. Roasted and packed in Duluth by

CARPENTER-LOVE-CALDWELL CO.,

The Only Coffee Roasters in Duluth.

A Full Set of **The Best Artificial Teeth for $10**

We guarantee our work.



And no extra charge for extracting.
Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

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RHEUMATISM!
Your rheumatism is just like all others for the reason they are not cured, you are not cured. There is only one known cure for rheumatism in the world—MEDERINE. Everything else is simply "recommended." Thousands so testify who were cured by MEDERINE after paying enough for other "cures" to buy a farm. Every bottle sold bears our absolute guarantee to cure.
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Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers. 50c a box.
Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin, a complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.
Mederine Remedies are sold and guaranteed by All Druggists in Duluth and Iron Ranges.

IN SPORTING CIRCLES

DULUTH'S RECORD

Northern League Defeated Only Fargo In the Series Record.

Records of Some of the Pitchers—Superior Easy For Calumet.

Fargo is the only team in the Northern league from which Duluth took the season series.

The club's record for the year is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.
With Winnipeg	7	11
With Grand Forks	7	11
With Crookston	7	10
With Fargo	11	9
With Superior	9	10

Duluth lost twelve games during the season by just one run and lost fifteen of what may be termed strictly "hard luck" contests, including the twelve defeats by one run.

Crokston lost twenty out of forty-one defeats by the margin of one run.

Corbett of Winnipeg has the best record of any Northern league pitcher for the season. He won twenty games and lost five, being a puzzle to every team except Duluth.

Sessions of the Grand Forks team pitched twenty-three victories and nine defeats.

Bartos of Winnipeg pitched twenty-three winning games and lost eleven.

Martin, the cross fire pitcher of the Crookston team has gone to Butte to finish the season.

Calumet defeated Superior three straight by taking yesterday's fast twelve inning contest. The Copper country champions have hit a pace that Superior seems utterly unable to follow. The score yesterday:

	R.	H.	E.
Superior	0	0	0
Calumet	0	0	0

Batteries—Hutter and Howard; Wagner and Mutter. Struck out by Hutter 4, by Wagner 7. Base on balls off Hutter, 1, off Wagner 4. Two base hits Spellicy, 2, Page 2, Mutter 2. Sacrifice hits, Cox, Curtis.

Manager Kelly of the St. Paul team is of the opinion that there are very few players in the Northern league that would measure up to the American Association standard.

McCoy has decided to go to Fargo to play football this fall. He is something of a terror on the gridiron and might do well here if Duluth is going to have a city team.

It is claimed that Crookston, after all, will break even on finances for the season. Citizens last spring donated $200 to meet expenses and this with the season's light gate receipts will enable the team to break about even.

The White Sox have certainly hit the hardest kind of luck for the post-season series with Winnipeg. Things may brighten up next week, however.

"Teddy" Corbett, the Winnipeg winning pitcher, has returned to St. Paul and will be given a trial by the Association team of that city.

Charles Albert Bender, a full-blooded Indian, and brother of McCoy, has within one short year of professional baseball gained for himself a reputation as a pitcher second to none in the country. What such crack twirlers as Mathewson, McGinnity, Willis, Leever and Jack Taylor are considered in the National league, as is Al Bender thought of in the American league.

He stands just as high as a deceptive twirler as Cy Young, Dineen and other star twirlers of the American league. Bender, being on the same team as the famous "Rube" Waddell, had a hard time to hold his own with that eccentric but popular "southpaw."

Bender is a full-blooded Cherokee, and was born in Fosston, Minn. He is 22 years of age, is six feet in height and weighs 170 pounds. There has been but one other Indian who has gained a big reputation as a baseball player, and that was Sockalexis, the Penobscot, who gained fame as an outfielder with the Cleveland club several years ago. "Sox" has retired from the diamond.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Philadelphia, 7; Pittsburg, 2.

At Chicago—Brooklyn, 3; Chicago, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 1; Washington, 1.
At Cleveland—Detroit, 3; Cleveland, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 1.
At New York—Philadelphia, 7; New York, 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 7; Kansas City, 2.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 6; Milwaukee, 0.
At Louisville—Louisville, 5; Columbus, 1.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Toledo, 4. Second game—Toledo, 5; Indianapolis, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	125	84	41	.672
New York	125	76	49	.608
Chicago	124	73	51	.589
Cincinnati	121	64	57	.529
Brooklyn	123	62	61	.504
Boston	122	51	71	.418
Philadelphia	117	40	77	.342
St. Louis	125	71	84	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	123	81	42	.659
Cleveland	126	70	56	.556
Philadelphia	121	64	57	.529
New York	116	60	56	.517
Detroit	119	60	59	.504
St. Louis	122	58	64	.475
Chicago	120	54	66	.450
Washington	122	37	85	.303

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	127	86	41	.677
Louisville	130	79	51	.608
Milwaukee	129	73	56	.566
Indianapolis	130	70	60	.538
Kansas City	127	63	64	.496
Columbus	131	56	75	.427
Minneapolis	129	46	83	.357
Toledo	131	44	87	.336

THERSA VAUGHN WORSE.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 12.—Theresa Vaughn, formerly a well known comic opera singer, who has been an inmate of the Worcester hospital for several years, is reported to be much worse and the members of her family have been notified that her death may be expected shortly.

FOOTBALL TEAM

F. C. Church, New High School Coach, Takes Charge.

Team Will Be Composed of Almost Entirely New Men.

The high school football team had its first preliminary practice Thursday afternoon, on Mendenhall field, Fourth street and Lake avenue.

F. C. Church, who will act as coach to the team during the coming season, was with the boys and put them through some light practice in running, punting and catching and throwing the ball.

The team this year will be very light, and lacking in experience. But one member of last year's team will be seen in the line-up, Carver Richards, who will act as captain to the bunch. The other members of the team will be picked from the new material that will come in this fall, and from the players of last year who failed to make the eleven.

Although very light, the team promises to show some speed, and with careful coaching and hard practice, the school may yet turn out a winning eleven.

Another practice was scheduled for this afternoon, but the wet weather interfered with the work of the men.

Regular practices will be commenced next week, when school assembles, and the men will be seen daily in their uniforms.

Charles Hutchinson, who will act as manager of the team during the coming season, is corresponding with schools in the copper country, St. Paul and Minneapolis and some of the nearby Wisconsin cities, and a schedule of games will be completed within a few weeks.

Enthusiasm is not lacking among the players and the team will doubtless be well supported by the school, as it is working against a great handicap in the loss of ten of its men.

F. C. Church, late of Albion college, Mich., who is to take charge of the football squad, and to teach mathematics in the high school, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. Mr. Church played half back in the varsity team of Albion for four years, and for the last two years he has captained the team of that place.

He is a very competent coach, and he comes with the recommendation of President Angell of the University of Michigan. He also has a wide acquaintance with the leading football men of the West, especially with Yost, of Michigan. The new coach is pleased with the high school, and says the prospects are very encouraging.

The football material is very light this year, but Coach Church expects to turn out a good team by using the fast Michigan tactics taught by Yost at the Wolverine university.

The high school team will be strengthened by several new players this fall. The new men are Martin Moore, who played half back on the crack St. Peter's team last fall, and the big freshmen, Crawford, Cargill and White.

With the new material and the excellent coaching by Professor Church the prospects are very bright for a fast game.

EXCURSION

To Two Harbors.

SUNDAY, Sept. 13

Steamer AMERICA leaves Booth's dock at 10 a.m. and Steamer MOORE at 2 p.m. Returning, leave Two Harbors, 5 p.m.

Fare, 50c Round Trip

FOOTBALL AT THE UNIVERSITY

Of Minnesota Starts Out With Very Promising Prospects.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—After all the talk about Wisconsin and other schools securing the services of Henry O'Brien, the St. Paul athlete, he has decided to return to the University of Minnesota and this fall will probably find him holding down one of the half-back positions in every championship game.

Dr. Williams has had several talks with O'Brien since school closed last spring, and while no one knows exactly what changed O'Brien's mind from going elsewhere to school, the belief is general that he has patched up all differences which held over from last season.

Bob Liggett, another St. Paul boy who was looked upon as one of the most promising of the St. Paul high school athletes, still says that he will not play at the "U" again. He will remain out of school this year and enter one of the big Eastern colleges next fall. He will probably play on the Amateur Athletic club team.

The practice at the university campus Thursday was the best of the week. The boys displayed more ginger and got off faster than at a much later period last fall.

Both Dr. Williams and Assistant Coach Dobie expressed themselves as greatly pleased after the practice.

The belief is already gaining ground that the Gophers will defeat Michigan this fall. The Wolverines have not started to practice, and this will prove a big handicap, according to the experts. The game takes place on Oct. 31. This means that both elevens will have to be in the best possible form at this time. Yost, however, has a reputation of developing a team rapidly and to say that Minnesota will win at this early date is going a little beyond common sense.

A SAILING JAUNT

The Duluth Yacht Club Has Planned a Sunday Outing.

Will Sail Together to Lower End of Allouez Bay.

The members of the Duluth Yacht club are planning to bring their season to a close tomorrow, with the event of the year.

All of the boats belonging to the club, together with as many others as can be collected, will assemble at the club house, between 9 and 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The boats will leave together for the extreme lower end of Allouez bay, a distance of about seven miles.

The members will take lunch with them, and if the wind is favorable will be able to eat their lunch at their destination.

A few hours will be spent exploring the woods in the vicinity, and a few of the men may take rifles or shotguns along, in the hope of a chance shot at a chicken or a rabbit.

The fleet will start for home late in the afternoon, and if the wind is favorable will arrive early in the evening.

Although no race is planned the boats will doubtless engage in a general free-for-all, the first boat to reach the destination being declared the winner, and the members are looking forward to a most enjoyable day's outing.

This is the first time that the club members have taken a cruise together, and the event is being looked forward to with no little interest.

It was originally planned to follow up this cruise with an outing to some near-by port on Lake Superior, but the lateness of the season will probably prevent any cruise of this nature, and tomorrow will be the last time that the boats will be out together this season.

The members will depart from the usual rule tomorrow, and a number of outsiders will be taken along. The party will probably number in all from fifty to seventy-five.

EXCURSION

Sunday, September 13th, 1903.

9:30 a. m.—Steamer Bon Ami to Split Rock and return.

10:00 a. m.—Steamer Easton to Two Harbors and return.

2:00 p. m.—Steamer Bradshaw to Two Harbors and return.

Fare, 50 cents each.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO., Dock, Lake Ave. South, Duluth.

TROUBLE IS THREATENED

Grand Army Veteran Discharged From Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Washington, Sept. 12.—William P. Helme is a veteran of the civil war, who was, until Thursday, employed in the construction and repair department at the Brooklyn navy yard as chief quartermaster. Thursday he was discharged. His case has attracted wide attention. When in the service of the construction and repair department he was directed to recommend for dismissal several subordinates, also war veterans, who had been declared unfit for the duties to which they were assigned. With this purely routine order he refused to comply. The men were dismissed in the face of his protest.

Recently an examination was expected for the position which Mr. Helme occupied. Helme was not debarred from taking the examination, but he did not present himself among the candidates, thinking, it is said, that he would not receive fair treatment from the examiners. Henry Brown, of Boston, now has Mr. Helme's job, and Mr. Helme, having declined a minor post in the same department, has a grievance.

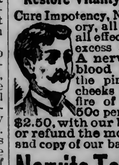
Also the G. A. R. has taken up the case, and some correspondence in which the administration was informed that the veterans "would be heard from this fall" if Helme was deprived of his position has passed between Grand Army headquarters of Brooklyn and the navy department.

George Jackson, of the memorial committee of the Kings county Grand Army of the Republic post, wrote to Acting Secretary Darling declaring that the only objection to Helme was his friendship to veterans of the civil war. A report from Naval Constructor Capps, of the Brooklyn yard, showed a number of members of the Grand Army of the Republic employed in the yard to be greater now than at any time in its history. Acting Secretary Darling instructed Capps to hold the examination as scheduled.

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Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



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Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

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TO SPEAK IN OHIO

Senator Mark Hanna Invites Congressman Bede to Campaign.

Goes to Washington Now —Begins Speaking Tour Oct. 10.

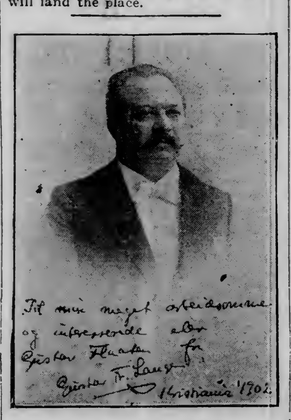
Congressman J. Adam Bede will campaign in Ohio this fall at the personal request of Senator M. A. Hanna.

He will begin a speaking tour Oct. 10, and will continue until the close of the campaign.

Mr. Bede will leave St. Paul for Washington tonight at 8 o'clock. Wednesday evening he will be in New York, in attendance upon the annual banquet of the directors of the Associated Press, whose guest he will be upon this occasion.

He will then return to Washington, where he will remain until the beginning of his speaking campaign, Oct. 10. At the close of the Ohio campaign he will return to Washington in time for the opening of the extra session, which is scheduled to take place Nov. 9, after the elections, though it has not yet been called by the president.

The prospects of Mr. Bede's securing a place on the rivers and harbors committee are bright. Mr. Bede has enlisted strong support, and with the aid that will be given him by the lake interests and Duluth commercial bodies, together with the influence of the Minnesota delegation, it is likely that he will land the place.



Til min mager af Gustave Lange for Gjøstar Flaaten fra Gjøstar T. Lange fra Christiania 1902.

GUSTAVE LANGE.

Gustave Lange, whose portrait is shown here, is the concert master of the national theater in Christiana, Norway, and a teacher of much fame in the Scandinavian peninsula. Gustave Flaaten, of this city, was a pupil of Mr. Lange during his long sojourn abroad, and the distinguished Scandinavian instructor and artist took a great interest in him. The inscription below the picture says that it is presented to his "most interesting and energetic pupil." Mr. Lange has just composed a Norsk Rapsodi," for violin and piano which he dedicated to Mr. Flaaten.

Mr. Flaaten has opened a school of music in the McDonnell block on West Superior street.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Man Who Stabbed a Thresher Arrested at Madison.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Madison—Alfred Gray, who carved a thresher here on Tuesday night, was captured by Sheriff Davis and brought to the Lake county jail after attempting to escape and being recaptured. The sheriff found his man by locating his money and his clothes. He camped by these and the capture of the owner came in due time. Gray was held by Justice Ball in $500 bonds pending the examination, which will be held as soon as the injured man can be brought into court. It is discovered that Gray has not a bad record and that whisky caused the trouble.

Gus Whalen, a young man who was reared in Madison, died at his Montana home of typhoid fever. He spent most of his life in Madison and was an exemplary young man, of about 28 years of age. The remains were taken to Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

Mrs. Morey, formerly Miss Kittie Beaman and a long-time resident here, died at her home north of Colman on Wednesday.

Persons from Iowa were here looking over the possibilities of establishing a brick manufacturing business near Madison. Large deposits of clay exist here, which are said to be the proper thing for making brick, and it is probably that the Iowa people will return soon and establish the industry. They took a quantity of the clay with them for the purpose of giving it a thorough trial. At present brick are expensive here, being shipped in from a distance.

Aberdeen—Rev. Mr. Perry, Adventist minister, brought to Aberdeen an infant boy four weeks old, which had been deserted by its supposed mother on the Milwaukee train between Fargo and Ortonville. The woman, who is described as about 20, small and nice-looking, boarded the train at aFrgo and before reaching Fairmount, asked a lady to hold the child while she went into the other car a moment. The supposed mother left the train at Fairmount. When the lady holding the child, reached Ortonville she left the child at a hotel saying she could not care for it.

Game Warden Anderson arrested Frank Gaskin and Walter Atkins of Columbia on the charge of shipping prairie chickens and other game out of the state. He confiscated about seventy-five chickens Gaskin was shipping and half as many ducks and snipe Atkins put on the train. Both entered pleas of guilty and paid fines of $40 and costs. It is alleged that prime prairie chickens bring from $10 to $18 a dozen in Chicago since the interstate law against shipping was passed by congress, and the business has proved very profitable for shippers, even where about half the shipments were confiscated by the wardens in Chicago before reaching the consignees.

The Aberdeen Clothing company, which began the manufacture of all kinds of laboring men's clothing in the summer, has already built up a business so large that the capacity of the plant has been doubled, the new machinery being installed this week.

Mitchell—Word has been received of the death of Mrs. Frances A. Foster on a government claim twenty-two miles northwest of Gann Valley in Buffalo county. She was one of the oldest pioneers in this part of the state, but had resided in Sioux City for the past few years.

Sioux Falls—William Stringham, of this city has recovered a watch he lost last winter. It was lost while the owner was engaged with a crew of men cutting ice in the river. The watch has just been found in a cake of ice, which was delivered to a local buiness house. It was discovered when it was wound up that it was in first-class running order.

Discharge from bankruptcy have been granted by Judge Carland in the case of the following: Samuel S. Groon, Yankton; Ole T. Helgerson, Canton; Jasper R. Barker, Dell Rapids and August Liebig of Bridewater.

Alexandria—The new courthouse is finished and was formally accepted by the commissioners. The commissioners filed a claim for $1070 against the contractor, who failed to complete the building by Dec. 1902. Alexandria has also just completed a fine water system.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Roderick Rose, state's attorney of Stutsman county, died Thursday afternoon of heart disease. He was for nearly nine years judge of the district court and was one of the best known men in the state. He was 66 years old, and came to Jamestown from Davenport, Iowa, twenty years ago. The funeral will take place on Saturday.

Chris Wittmayer, the Goodrich real estate man, who was arrested here on a charge of grand larceny, settled the case and was allowed to leave.

The city council reconsidered its action in the matter of the sale of improvement warrants and accepted the bid of C. M. Billingwood, of Chicago, who agrees to purchase $40,000 worth of sewer and water warrants.

C. T. Hills has been appointed city auditor to take the place of George C. Eager, who has been seriously ill.

Fargo—The Fargo Commercial club has appointed H. C. Plumley and A. L. Wall as delegates to the irrigation convention at Ogden. Govenor White will endeavor to name delegates who will attend.

The preliminary hearing of the man Young, arrested Sunday after standing the officers of LaMoure county off with a rifle, is being held here. He is wanted on the charge of robbing two places. Young denies his guilt. He is well dressed and has shaved his mustache to make identification more difficult.

The city officials have about decided to have the donation fines from the tenderloin paid to the city auditor instead of the treasurer, who has been holding out a ten per cent commission. By paying to the auditor the money will be credited to the general fund.

The state supreme court has denied a motion for a rehearing in the case of the city of Fargo vs. the Pine Tree Lumber company. The case on appeal was decided against the city and the city attorney filed the motion which has been denied. The suit was brought to recover for lumber furnished for the paving work in this city.

Neche—Tracy R. Bangs and R. L. C. White, respectively supreme chancellor commander and supreme keeper of the records and seal of the Knights of Pythias of the World, and a party of friends were visitors to Neche today. They made a trip of inspection over the surrounding country, and paid a visit to the Mennonite villages, about two miles from here, just across the international boundary.

Crops in this vicinity are turning out much better than expected, some fields of wheat averaging as high as forty bushels an acre. Most of the wheat marketed thus far has graded No. 1 northern.

Prairie chickens are plentiful and almost daily bags of seventy and more are brought in.

Grand Forks—Duncan A. McAlpine, who was found dead in the Northern Pacific yards, is believed to be a former resident of Ontario, having owned a drug store at Thessalon at one time.

FELL NEAR BUZZ-SAW

NARROW ESCAPE OF A WORKMAN STRICKEN WITH VERTIGO.

Interesting History of a Man Who Has Been Near Death Many Times—Made Prisoner at Battle of Cedar Creek.

While operating a buzz-saw in a malleable iron foundry at Troy, Henry Simons was suddenly stricken with vertigo and fell almost upon the swiftly revolving saw. But the same good fortune that carried him unwounded through four years of active service during the civil war again preserved his life. The sudden illness which brought him so near an awful death was the direct result of his war experience, as Mr. Simons stated to a reporter, who called at his comfortable home, at No. 4 Linden avenue, Troy, N. Y.

"Ever since the campaign of New Orleans in 1861," he said, "I have been afflicted with malaria and frequent attacks of acute gastritis, brought on by the constant exposure and the malarial atmosphere of the bayou country. At times I was subject to attacks of vertigo and it was a seizure of this kind that so nearly ended my life.

"For over thirty years I employed the best physicians, but they were unable to give me any permanent relief. I was bilious and suffered from palpitation of the heart, belching of wind and an acute pain in the small of my back. I was in a weakened condition generally and my appetite was fickle.

'One day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People mentioned in a local newspaper and decided to try them. Before I had finished the first box I noticed that my appetite had improved and that I was much stronger. That also marked the end of the attacks of extreme vertigo. I kept on taking the pills and my recovery from that time was gradual but steady. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to a number of people and I am glad to endorse the remedy that has done so much for me."

Mr. Simons is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and served in Company H, Twelfth Connecticut volunteer infantry. He was one of 1300 prisoners taken by the Confederates at the battle of Cedar Creek during the campaign in the Shenandoah valley, made famous by Sheridan's ride. He was taken to Libby prison where he was confined for months before being exchanged.

Hundreds of civil war veterans, both Union and Confederate, whose health was broken by hardships in the army, as well as hundreds of others run down by overwork, worry or excesses of some sort, owe their lives and happiness to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Acting directly on the blood and nerves these pills have cured many stubborn cases of nervousness, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, rheumatism, sciatica and all forms of weakness, whether in male or female. If you are sick you owe it to yourself to give them a trial. But remember that you cannot try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by taking "something else," which may be offered as a substitute. Be sure that every box you buy bears the full name. Sold by all dealers in medicines, or sent postpaid at fifty cents per box, six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, by the Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y.

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For Members of Congress Claimed to Be a Necessity.

Find It Difficult Now to Make Both Ends Meet.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Desultory discussion of the ever-recurring proposition to increase the salaries of members of congress grows as the session approaches, and many members have recently expressed the hope that by the time congress convenes the project may assume a more definite form. Every member of congress, who is dependent on his salary for his support, admits that it is with difficulty he is enabled to make both ends meet, and in many instances all that the member can earn during vacations is swallowed up in maintaining his position. Fear of political disaster has heretofore prevented action toward the desired end, and the memory of the fate of those who supported the "salary grab" bill still exercises a powerfully deterrent influence. Yet the cost of living has advanced very rapidly within the past few years, while in the same proportion the necessity of maintaining a suitable establishment to secure political prestige and proper recognition of qualities of statemanship has correspondingly increased with the natural consequence that the line of demarcation between the richer and poorer members is more sharply drawn with each succeeding congress. New and more sumptuous hotels are being erected, while others are being extensively altered and renovated, with the result that rates are being raised all along the line, and where the rich and poor members had a common ground a score of years ago, they are being more widely separated year by year.

The contrast between the situation of the poor members of congress and that of their wealthy colleagues is so great that to describe them both it is scarcely necessary to more than outline the difficulties which the former encounter and then add that to the latter are free from such embarrassments.

As a general proposition, when a man without a private fortune is elected to congress his income has been under $5000 a year, and to him as well as to a majority of his constituents a salary of this size looks very attractive. But from the moment of his election it shrinks. When Representative Wayback comes to Washington next December he will be first confronted with the proposition of suitable quarters, and find that if he is a single man he can do fairly well for $100 a month upwards. This sum will procure him a modest room in a fairly good hotel, or possibly two rooms and board in a first-class boarding house. If he is married he can get along on from $150 to $300 a month, according to the size of his family. This does not mean that he can live luxuriously, but he can live modestly for this amount. Mr. Wayback will next learn that he is expected to expend a considerable portion of his salary in entertaining, reciprocating the courtesies extended by his colleagues and other men in public life, on the one hand, and on the other taking care of his constituents when they visit Washington. For the latter he pays his car fare or cab hire, enertains at lunch or dinner, the theater or at his own hotel or house, according to their importance in the community at home and how much they are willing to accept at his hands. The more important are his guests at his hotel or at his house. If a single man, he will need many clothes in order to maintain a fairly decent wardrobe, but if a man with a family, the wife and children must be clad so as to move in at least modestly respectable circumstances.

Presuming Representative Wayback to be a married man with children, he is confronted with the problem of letting the family remain at home and maintaining an establishment there, or bringing them to Washington. In either event he must have a place at home to return to at the close of the session, all of which costs money. As a general proposition, when Representative Wayback had paid railroad fare for his family to Washington and return, and their expenses here for the session, he will find he has expended the whole $5000 allotted him for the year, and it is "up to him" to produce more money to last through the summer. Meanwhile he has already been called upon for campaign contributions for the primaries and toward the nominating convention. Presuming that Representative Wayback had been honored with a renomination, he will scarcely alight from the train next July or August before the campaign committee of his district will call on him for funds. They will be followed by the various county committees and the state central committee, each expecting a liberal contribution. Mr. Wayback throws up his hands and pleads poverty, but this don't go. Is he not receiving $5000 a year? What does he expect? To save it all?

The demands on the purse of members of congress for campaign contributions appear to be growing heavier each campaign. Three years ago a member of the house confessed to the writer that he spent $17,000 in trying to secure nomination alone, and was defeated because his millionaire opponent spent $50,000. Yet the defeated member during his two terms was a nonentity and his successor is a figurehead who sought the position merely for the prestige it gave him in his district.

It is therefore safe to say that by the time Representative Wayback returns to Washington for the second session, re-elected, he settles down to eke out his salary by petty economies, knowing he has at least three more sessions to serve. It would be hard to convince those constituents who think their representatives are having a "howling time" in Washington and "are right in the swim," that, as a matter of fact, a comparatively small percentage of the members of the lower house are known socially in Washington outside of very modest circles. With a suite of rooms at a first-class hotel, costing from $250 to $600 a month, with fairly good houses renting from $1800 to $8000 and $10,000 a year, and with other expenses in proportion, a man who is required to keep a family in Washington on $5000 a year if he had no outside calls on his purse whatever would not make much noise socially.

To continue with Mr. Wayback, when he begins his second session, the first thing he will do to increase his income will probably be to select his son, or daughter, or wife, as his private secretary, which will add $1200 a year to the family income. He will next learn to use committee stationery and thereby draw $125 stationery allowance in cash. He then stretches the franking privilege to cover not only all his private correspondence, but to frank to and from his home through the mails chests of books, clothes, etc. He speedily learns to travel on railroad passes and save his mileage. He locates in a cheap hotel or boarding house, patronized largely by department clerks and members of congress whose financial condition is no better than his own. Instead of eating lunch at the restaurants of the capitol, he either walks home to his noonday meal, or, better still, he does not attend the sessions of the house any oftener than necessary. He and his family spend as much time as they can at home, avoiding all places of amusement where any outlay on their part is involved, and their social life is confined to receptions, teas and such other forms of social amusement. There is no criticism attached to this form of living, for in this manner alone can the congressman live within his salary, and the reflection is not on the member of congress but on a state of affairs which renders such a course necessary.

Returning to his home he may add to his income by practicing law or medicine, cultivating a farm or engaging in his other regular occupation, but professional men in congress speedily learn that they must either neglect their congressional duties to protect their practice, or by neglecting the latter for the former, see it slip gradually away from them. Another way in which a member of congress can help himself at home is by soliciting campaign contributions from his friends and political associates and from other sources, but in doing so he acquires obligations which he is almost always called upon to pay, and the larger the contributions, the heavier the obligation. The poor member of congress is also given the opportunity to make "investments" in stocks or business projects, and the temptation is very great, even though it is assured that sooner or later legislation will be asked which will be beneficial to the companies in which the investments are made.

The effect on their constituents of economies on the part of the members of the house is another phase of the question. If he does not entertain them when they come to Washington, he is "tight-fisted," while if he does not contribute liberally to the campaign funds at home he is not "doing his duty by the boys."

The rich members are not so hampered. Many of them spend a larger portion and some of them all of their salaries for clerk hire alone. They either own houses valued from $30,000 to a quarter of a million dollars, or rent them at from five to ten thousand dollars a year. They entertain well, often times lavishly, and by being frequently brought into social contact with distinguished men of affairs, both of this and other countries, they naturally gravitate to the top, acquiring a prestige and influence which is denied to their poorer associates.

Comparing the conditions at present with those prevailing when the salaries were fixed at $5000 per annum, the members of congress should get at least $7500 a year. The number of constituents to each member has increased very rapidly, and with the increase his duties have become more onerous. At present each constituent contributes about 2½ cents per annum to the salary of his representative, so that when a member of congress pays his car fare to the pension office or any other department to make an inquiry for his constituent's benefit, he spends all that that constituent contributes to his support for his entire term. How to secure the desired end without dire political consequences has long been a subject of speculation. It is generally admitted that it would never do for a congress to increase the salaries of the members of that congress, and owing to the uncertainties of political life, it is difficult to interest members in the salaries to be paid their successors. In the first session they fear to act in this direction because of the supposed unfavorable effect it would have on their constituency. In the second session many have fallen outside the breastworks and are no longer interested in the matter, while those who have been re-elected would be liable to a charge of voting themselves an increase to begin with the next session.

To prevent a charge of selfish motives being brought against a senator voting for the bill, it would have to be drawn to become effective at the expiration of the terms of those who were members of the senate at the time o its passage. The only thoroughly easible scheme yet proposed is to make the increase effective beginning with the third congress after the passage of the bill. This would prevent any senator voting for it from benefiting by the act unless he was re-elected, and would avoid a complication by which a part of the senate would draw $5000 and the remainder $7500 a year for some years. Besides, if a period of six years intervened, what sensible man could accuse a member of the lower house of attempting to line his own pockets, in view of the exigencies of public political life?

SENSATIONAL

Features of Testimony In a Will Contest.

Davenport, Iowa, Sept. 12.—The trial in which the sons of Pauline Fraissenet, housekeeper for W. Fred Parker, a millionaire artist and traveler, seek to secure possession of his fortune, was marked yesterday by several sensational features, the chief of which was the testimony given by Mrs. Fraissenet.

She testified that the eccentric artist did not believe in regulation weddings and that by agreement between her and him a supper, to which they jointly issued invitations about fifteen years ago, was in celebration of the marriage.

The supper drew a score of guests to the country home of Parker at Florence, Neb., where he died last year. The evidence of several persons showed that Parker had acknowledged the two Fraissenet children as his sons.

SENTENCE DEFERRED.

Woman Prisoner Gives Birth to a Prisoner.

Cherokee, Iowa, Sept. 12.—An unusual case presented itself to the officials this morning. Anna Field, awaiting sentence for bigamy, to which she had pleaded guilty, gave birth to a daughter. When the sheriff went to inspect the jail before retiring last night, he learned of her condition and had her removed to other quarters. Judge Oliver has postponed the time of pronouncing sentence.

Victor Nelson became intoxicated and fell from the Illinois Central railroad bridge east of town, a distance of twenty feet. Despite the fact that he struck on a pile of rocks, it is thought he will live, although suffering from severe internal injuries.

Fletcher Music Method

For Beginners.

MISS MAY BUTCHART.

Classes Opening Tuesday, Sept. 15th. Studio 1718 Superior Street East.

Apply 2 to 4 Afternoons.

Statement of the Condition of

The American Exchange Bank

DULUTH, MINNESOTA,

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 9th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$2,203,194.45
Overdrafts		1,994.01
Real Estate		26,205.91
Bonds and Stocks		43,422.48
RESERVE—		
Demand Loans	$ 885,000.00	
Due from Banks	1,168,249.84	
Cash on hand	418,923.66	2,472.173.50
		$4,746,990.35

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	258,215.49
Deposits	3,988,774.86
	$4,746,990.35

OFFICERS.

Hamilton M. Peyton, President — C. A. Congdon, Vice-President
James C. Hunter, Cashier — Wm. G. Hegardt, Asst. Cashier
Isaac S. Moore, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

Merchants, Take Notice

The dark corners are full of money.

Every inch of dark space around your place represents a loss. Rent for the dark corners costs just as much as for the light ones. Light is the cheapest thing in the world, whether it is sunlight or artificial light, and the best and in the end the cheapest is electric light. Turn on your light and increase your sales immediately.

We are prepared TO and WILL furnish you with electric light so cheap that you can afford to light ALL of your store, so that you can exhibit all of your goods.

The Duluth General Electric Co.
216 West Superior Street.

RAINS HIT CROPS

St. Louis County Farmers Suffer an Immense Loss.

Potatoes, a Large Factor, Are Very Badly Injured.

The drenching rains of the past few days has caused a loss of thousands of dollars to St. Louis county farmers.

Duluth farmers are utterly discouraged, saying that the potato crop on which they had been figuring to make expenses this year would be ruined by rot caused by recent rains.

The potato yield of St. Louis county is no small matter. S. F. Snively, of this city, has one 40-acre field in potatoes at Colbyville, and numerous other farmers near the city have potato tracts fully as large.

Until the recent wet weather the outlook was for a bumper crop of unusually fine potatoes, but the rain is causing them to rot in the ground very fast and several experienced potato raisers say that unless the rain lets up now until the crop, or what there is left of it, can be dug, it will not be worth while to attempt digging this year. It will be cheaper to simply leave the potatoes in the ground.

The loss to the potato crop in that part of St. Louis county immediately tributary to Duluth is figured at many thousands of dollars and this is said to be the most discouraging year since potato raising developed to the dignity of an industry in this section.

Oats and wheat have also suffered from the rain, but as far as St. Louis county is concerned, these crops are very small when compared with the potato crop.

EACH MEMBER OF A FAMILY, MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD, SHOULD HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IT REQUIRES ONLY A DOLLAR TO START ONE. BOOKS GIVEN AND INTEREST PAID BY THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over Eleven Hundred Thousand Dollars.

SELECT A SAFE PLACE

CHILDREN SICK

Much Illness Among the Litile Ones Is Reported.

Health Department Is Taking Every Precaution Possible.

There is considerable sickness among children throughout the city.

Physicians reported that within the past few days hundreds of babies have been stricken with severe colds, and many are said to be in a really serious condition.

During the first two weeks of September five new cases of scarlet fever were reported, as against six for the entire month of August.

Ten cases of diphtheria are also reported for the month of September, and the health authorities are urging physicians to take extraordinary precautions against the possible spreading of these diseases.

August is usually considered the unhealthy month for children, but September has started in to break all records. No deaths are reported for the month, so far, as a result of the enormous increase of sickness among children, and this fortunate condition of affairs is said to be due largely to prompt attention and a rigid enforcement of health office regulations.

As each new case of scarlet fever or diphtheria is reported at the health office the school attended by the person stricken, or by brothers and sisters of the patient, are notified that all persons from that family may be kept away from school. The public library is also notified, in order that books may not be circulated in homes from which they are likely to carry germs.

WILL HOLD STERN

While Extradition Papers Are Being Prepared.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Postoffice Inspector Mayer today returned from Toronto, Can., where he had a conference with the crown counsel and the United States consul regarding the case of Leopold Stern, the Baltimore contractor, under indictment in connection with the postal cases. The Canadian authorities agreed to hold Stern for some time, and the state department will forward the necessary papers in support of its request for extradition as speedily as possible. Messrs. Conrad and Bonaparte, the special counsel for the government in the prosecution of the postol cases, today filed with the attorney general their report on the consideration of the charges made by ex-Cashier Tulloch of the Washington postoffice. Later they had a long conference with Postmaster General Payne regarding their work.

Ladies' Rain Coats.

Kelley Hardware company are selling Hodgman make ladies' rain coats at less than wholesale cost.

CHARGE IS DENIED

E. E. Johnson Pleads Not Guilty to Forgery Charges.

Charles F. Leland Postpones His Plea Until Monday.

E. E. Johnson, former bookkeeper of the defunct Commercial Banking company, appeared in district court this afternoon and entered a plea of not guilty to the two indictments returned against him yesterday, charging forgery in the third degree. Mr. Johnson was accompanied by his counsel, J. L. Washburn, and after pleading, left for his home.

Charles F. Leland, who was indicted for receiving money on deposit when he knew his bank to be insolvent, was to have entered his plea this afternoon, but as his counsel, S. T. Harris, is out of the city, the court extended the time for pleading to next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The fact that no indictments were returned against Johnson for embezzlement, or for grand larceny in the first degree, as the crime is known on the statute books, is a surprise to some, but the authorities say that under the circumstances there was no other course open.

It is claimed that the circumstances surrounding the loss of the amount charged against Johnson, the fact that much of it appeared to be simply overdrafts, the condition of public sentiment on the matter, and other considerations, made it practically impossible to find an indictment for larceny, or to secure a conviction upon it if it was found. Hence the two indictments for forgery.

Three indictments were returned by the grand jury just before its adjournment this morning that have not yet been made public because the persons indicted are not in custody. It is rumored that the indictments in all three cases affect persons residing on the range.

Thomas Rushton, who was indicted this morning for grand larceny in the second degree, was arraigned this afternoon. He will plead next Monday.

Chris Mahlum, who was indicted for assault in the second degree, entered a plea of not guilty, as did Jeremiah Donahue, who is indicted for burglary in the third degree.

Thomas Sly and Maggie Trask, the Hibbing couple indicted for adultery, each entered pleas of not guilty.

County Attorney McClintock expects to take up the trial of the criminal cases on the September calendar just as soon as the Pollock damage action is disposed of before Judge Ensign. This will probably be Monday or Tuesday next. Mr. McClintock did not say which criminal action would be called first.

NEW ENTERPRIZE

E. G. Hilliard Opens Business at 14 W. Michigan St.

E. G. Hilliard, who for twelve years has been connected with the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, has severed his connection with the firm to engage in business on his own account at 14 West Michigan street. The business will be a specialty one and will consist of the handling of mill, mining and lumbermen's supplies, and mechanical rubber goods of all descriptions, including mackintoshes. Mr. Hilliard is well and favorably known to the trade throughout the entire Northwest and it goes without saying that his embarking in the business for himself will prove a very successful venture.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the firm name of Ruden & Larson, contractors, doing business at 1033 West First street, has this day, by mutual consent, dissolved. The business will hereafter be conducted by A. Ruden.

A Steamer Sold.

The bill of sale of the enrolled steamer H. G. Dalton was filed at the local marine customs office this afternoon.

It transfers the steamer from the Superior Shipbuilding company to the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Transportation company. The vessel is the last of the fleet of ten to be placed in commission by the company this year. She is a vessel of 1614 gross tons, 253 feet in length, 41 feet in beam and 18 feet in depth.

She is enrolled at Marquette.

WHITE STAR TO WITHDRAW.

Liverpool, Sept. 12.—A rumor is now current that the White Star line will soon cease to be a part of the International Mercantile company and will again become a purely British firm under the ownership of the Ismay family.

HAVE PLAN READY.

New York, Sept. 12.—Professor J. W. Jenks, of Conell, one of the members of the international exchange commission, who returned from Europe today, said the commission, after consultation with representatives of the various European powers, was prepared to submit a plan for the solution of the Chinese money question and of the problem of the payment of the 450,000,000 tael indemnity to the powers fo rthe recent disturbances in China.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Herman F. Denham, a letter carrier, today shot and killed his wife and then committed suicide. This is the second attempt he has made to end the lives of him self and his wife. Jealousy is the only motive that can be ascribed for the crime.

Ladies' rain coats at wholesale cost at Kelley Harware company's.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

POSTPONE PICNIC

The Weather Again Prevents the Labor Day Picnic.

Committee Does Not Know When It Will Be Held.

There will not be a union labor picnic tomorrow.

Late this afternoon the committee decided to postpone the big celebration indefinitely.

Union grove, where the outing was to have taken place, looks more fit for an international yacht race than a Sunday picnic, and nothing short of a miracle could put the grounds in shape by tomorrow.

At the hour of postponement the committee was unable to determine the future of the outing. The members of organized labor generally are reluctant to give up the idea of holding some sort of a celebration in honor of the twenty-first anniversary of Labor Day, but Hon. Jupiter Pluvius, president of the rainmakers' union, is apparently determined to prevent the demonstration this year.

The Labor Day committee—appointed from the Federated Trades' assembly and Building Trades' council—has been preparing for the celebration for months and expended considerable money. If the project is abandoned now it will mean the loss of much time to say nothing of the failure in a financial way.

Several members of the committee expressed the opinion that the picnic would be held at Union grove, next Sunday.

HE ASKS HIS MONEY BACK

J. O. Milne Wants Warrant Deposited In Commercial Bank.

The petition of J. O. Milne, asking for an order to restore a warrant on the state treasurer, which was deposited in the Commercial bank a short time previous to its closing, was filed today with T. H. Pressnell, clerk of the United States court.

The warrant was for $77, and was in payment for certain work performed by the officials of the bank, after they knew that the bank was insolvent. He claims that the warrant is non-negotiable and asks that it be ordered restored to him by Deputy State Marshal Picha, who is in charge.

Judge Morris issued an order for the latter to appear before him Sept. 21, at 10 a. m., and show cause why the petition of the plaintiff should not be granted.

The other petitions of a similar nature, which have been filed in the United States courts, will be heard on the same day.

There are two other petitions to be heard. H. H. Phelps asks to have a certificate of deposit on the American Exchange bank for $800 restored to him, and F. A. Sills asks for the restoration of a warrant for $87.50 on the state treasurer.

ONLY SEVERE MEASURES

Will Now Maintain Peace Between Turkey and Bulgaria.

London, Sept. 12.—From information gleaned from various diplomatic circles in London today, the Associated Press learns that the powers have come to recognize the fact that only drastic measures will maintain peace between Turkey and Bulgaria. No one participating in the negotiations now denies that the two countries are perilously close to war. It is even suggested in a responsible quarter that the Slavs are working with the Bulgarians to convince the world that humanity demands the intervention of the powers. Strong pressure is being exerted on the British foreign office to cause it to take more energetic action to stop the atrocities on the part of the Turks. But the policy of the cabinet, at any rate up to today, continues to be confined to preserving the concert of Europe. On all sides it is said that the further efforts of every power will be to prevent a general European conflagration. In the event of an outbreak of war between Turkey and Bulgaria being unavoidable, the policy of the powers will be to avoid complications which may embroil them.

Turkish circles are exercised at the action of the Greek premier in protesting to the powers against the atrocities perpetrated by the Turks upon the Greeks, but confidence is expressed that there will be no change in the attitude of the Athens government on the ground that Greece is too much opposed to the expansion of Bulgaria to do anything which might cause international intervention and a consequent alteration of the status in Macedonia.

The dispatch of French warships to nearer proximity to Turkey is accepted here as an indication of the purpose of France to be prepared to protect French interests not only during the present disturbance, but in the event of war. Great Britain is keeping Admiral Domville in command of the British Mediterranean station, informed regarding the situation, but no instructions have yet been sent to him to increase the number of British ships in the Lavant.

PLAGUE REPORTS CONFLICT.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The official and unofficial reports of the condition of the plague suspects at Marseilles conflict. The officials affirm that the situation is not alarming, but the unofficial versions say thirteen deaths have occurred, the last being an infant. The causes of the deaths are not definitely traceable.

The Sufferers from Colds

Are numbered by millions, not including those whose annoyance by association amounts almost to suffering.

And yet it is a fact, as capable of demonstration as any problem in geometry, that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Has, Does, Will Cure Catarrh and Colds. What are the Catarrhal millions going to do about it?

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure relieves Heart Disease in 30 minutes.

PROMISES CHANGE

Weather Man Predicts a Change In Weather Conditions.

Rain and Wind From Northwest Instead of Northeast.

The weather man promises a change in weather conditions for tomorrow.

For two days Duluthians have been shivering under northeast winds, and dodging showers from that direction.

Tomorrow they stand a good chance of shivering before northwest winds, and of guarding themselves from rain coming from that direction.

"Chances are very favorable to showers tomorrow," said Mr. Richardson today. "The wind will likely shift during the night and be fresh to strong from the west tomorrow.

"About 1.33 inches of rain have fallen in Duluth since 7 o'clock last night. We have not received the drenching that St. Paul and Minneapolis did, however. In St. Paul five inches of rain fell during the past twenty-four hours, and Minneapolis reports 4 inches.

"One inch of rain during twenty-four hours is considered a heavy fall and 2.5) is considered excessive. The St. Paul storm must have been but little short of a cloud-burst.

"The effect of such a storm on bridges can be estimated, when it is figured that 1 inch of rain means 17,000,000 gallons of water per square mile, and the five inches of rain at St. Paul would mean that over 80,000,000 gallons of water were poured on every square mile of territory in the city, during twenty-four hours."

The rains have also been very general throughout the West, and a storm is now centered over the Dakotas. It is feared that the rains will do considerable damage to the wheat in that vicinity, as much of it is ready for threshing.

COLOMBIAN PLAN

Under Which Construction of Canal Could Be Authorized.

Report of Committee to Be Discussed By Congress.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The state department has received a cablegram from Minister Beaupre, at Bogota, Sept. 5 summarizing the provisions of the bill reported to the Colombian congress by the committee recently appointed to study the condition upon which the construction of the Panama canal could be authorized. The main provisions recommended by the committee are:

1. Approval of the action of the senate is rejecting the Hay-Herran treaty.
2. Authority to be given to the president to conclude treaties for a canal, or to contract for a canal with private parties, subject to the rights of the companies.
3. The Panama railroad company to be permitted to transfer its property, all existing obligations to be assumed by the purchaser included the annual payment of $250,000 and the surrender of the property to Colombia in 1967.
4. The canal company to be permitted to transfer its rights and property on payment of $10,000,000 to the government of Colombia.
5. Authority to be given to the president of Colombia to make the following concessions and conditions:

Lease of the canal zone for 100 years, not including therein the cities of Panama and Colon. Annual rental therefor until 1967, to be $150,000. Lease renewals every hundred years, with increase of 25 per centum in the rental for each succeeding 100 years period. Neutrality of the canal and recognition of Colombian sovereignty over the whole territory and the inhabitants thereof, the canal officers to be only in the canal zone. Police and sanitary commissions to be exclusively Colombian. A time limit to be fixed for the completion of the canal and works.

6. Colombia to receive from the contracting government, $20,000,000 on the exchange of ratifications of the treaty.

7. Regulations to be made fixing the conditions of purchase of private company (property?).

Mr. Beaupre adds that the debates upon the reported bill were to begin on Monday, Sept. 7.

The state department received a cablegram from Mr. Beaupre this afternoon, dated Bogota, Sept. 10, saying that the canal matter has not once been discussed in the Colombian senate since the report of the committee, the first consideration of the report having been postponed until the 14th inst.

Card Party.

A charming card party was that given by Miss Lillian Oppel at her home last evening. Instrumental and vocal solos were delivered by Miss McMullen, Edna Stevenson, Clara Brissett, Franklin Stevenson. The ladies' head prize was won by Miss G. Gillon, second by Fabiola Brunet, and the booby by Lena Blake. The gentleman's head prize was won by Alfred Blewett, second by Franklin Stevenson, and the booby by Will McInnis. Those present were: Misses Fabiola Brunet, Lena Blake, Adalia Oppel, Maude Kimerer, Clara Brissett, Edna Stevenson, Alberta McMullen, G. Gillon, Forbes, Messrs. Alfred Blewett, Will Ahlf, Will Vanstram, Will McInnis, Franklin Stevenson, Charles Irvine, Albert Sanderson, Will McMullen, Will Oppel, Jr., of Tower, Herman Oppel, Jr.

AT KINNINGTON OVAL.

London, Sept. 12.—In the field sports at Kennington oval today, Alfred Shrubb won the open handicap two miles run in 9 minutes 17 seconds, beating the world's amateur record of 9 minutes 32 seconds, made by Willie Day on May 17, 1896.

GUESTS OF PRESS CLUB.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Western newspaper men, public officials and prominent politicians from several states, with their wives, were the guests of the Press club of Chicago today.

Baltimore, Md., and Return $26.00.

"The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore, Md., Sept. 17, 18 and 19, at $26 for the round trip, good for return Sept. 28, 1903. For full information call at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

TENURE OF OFFICE

Of Fourth Class Postmasters Solely at Will of Department.

Postmaster General Payne Issues a Statement on the Matter.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Postmaster General Payne today made the following statement regarding the policy in the appointments of fourth-class postmasters with particular reference to the recent removal of Miss Todd, the postmistress of Greenwood, Del.:

There is no law, regulation, or rule which applies to the department or the civil service commission regarding changes in fourth-class postoffices, excepting that under the administration of President McKinley, an informal rule was adopted that a postmaster should not be considered as liable to removal until he had served a term of four years, unless for some cause affecting the propriety or ability of the postmaster holding the office.

When I became postmaster general I endeavored to prevent the removal of postmasters of the fourth class soon after they had served four years, unless it was for some good cause, but there was never such a rule formally adopted. I am pleased to say that for the most part senators and members of congress have assquiesced in the wish of the department.

There appears to be an impression that after a fourth-class postmaster has been permitted to remain beyond four years that he should then, by custom, be permitted to remain another full term of four years. No such custom has ever obtained and the practice of removing these officials at the pleasure of the postmaster general has prevailed, I believe, since the foundation of the government, until the modification which was put into effect during the term of President McKinley. The civil service laws do not apply in any respect to fourth class postmasters.

When the two Republican senators were elected in Delaware they were put in their relations to the administration upon the same footing as any other Republican United States senators, and were made advisors of the department concerning the appointment of postmasters in the state of Delaware. For their convenience, the state was divided, Senator Ball taking the northern half of the state and Senator Allee taking the southern half. This practice has prevailed in many of the other states and is not single to Delaware. Greenwood is located in Senator Allee's district.

One of the rules governing the action of postmasters is that a postmaster shall not allow his office to be made the headquarters of a political party, or a faction of a political party; nor shall he be aggressively active in stirring up factional quarrels, political or otherwise. Miss Todd, who was removed from the office at Greenwood, allowed her office to be, in effect, the headquarters for her family and herself, in a factional political quarrel inside the Republican party. This she virtually admitted in her interview with me, and, according to the rule referred to above, was sufficient cause for her removal.

Undoubtedly it was a great relief to the department if the tenure of office of fourth class postmasters was permanent and stable during a period of good behavior, but this rule has never obtained under any administration and no attempt has been made toward establishing such a rule until the present administration. Postmasterships of all classes have been universally recognized as political appointments, not civil service appointments, and no claim has heretofore been made that they were under the civil service law.

The department, in dealing with senators and members of the congress must treat them uniformly. Mr. Allee is a senator of the United States just as much as Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts is a senator.

SNOW STORM INTERFERES

With the Comfort of the American Mining Congress.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 12.—The American mining congress held its last day's session in the city hall of Deadwood.

Owing to a general snow storm, which started last night and covered the entire Black Hills district with several inches of snow, the old rink was not a comfortable place in which to hold meetings. On the whole, this morning's session was the most interesting and best attended of the entire week.

The first business was the reading by the secretary of letters of regret and congratulation from many distinguished individuals who had received invitations to attend the congress, among whom was President Roosevelt, members of the cabinet, heads of various departments at Washington, United States senators, members of the lower house of congress, prominent scientists and mineralogists, and from scientific bodies of every country in Europe.

A committee was appointed to draft a resolution of thanks to President Roosevelt for his recognition of the American mining congress, and sending Secretary Shaw to represent him before the body.

HURRICANE IN GULF.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The following special storm bulletin was issued at the weather bureau today: Hurricane centers near Southern point of Florida. Dangerous for vessels of all classes to sail for or from gulf ports.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.

New Opening of an Old Country

On Aug. 23, the Big Woods Country of Minnesota was opened to passenger travel by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, completing its new road St. Paul to Mankato. It is now the Short Line between Mankato and the Twin Cities with two up-to-date trains each way, running through to Wells.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY

Prof. Ourat will reopen for the season Monday, Sept. 14, at 8, for adults; Saturday afternoon, Sept. 19, at 2:30, for juveniles. Private lessons by appointment. For information address 123 West Superior St. Office hours at hall from 3 to 5 Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, after Sept. 1.

NEW HOTEL AT HIBBING,
Newly Built and Furnished Throughout
PALACE HOTEL,
Transient Trade Solicited. FRANK LAVELL, Proprietor.

Midland Hotel,
H. W. HARGREAVES, Prop.
RATES $1.00 PER DAY.
210 West Second St., Duluth, Minn.

New Building. Modern in every particular. 210-212 W. Superior St. **Cook's European Hotel** B. J. Cook, Manager.

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
JAS. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
320 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.
Beautiful Rooms with Baths two blocks from Depots and Steamboat Landings.
RATES MODERATE.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

FINE AMERICAN DIAMONDS.

The presence of fresh water pearls in American streams is a comparatively well known fact. The discovery of diamonds in the United States has not been so widely advertised, largely, no doubt, because so few jewels of the latter kind have been found here, says the New York Tribune. South Africa is now the largest producer in the world and Brazil ranks next in present yield. India, Borneo and the Ural Mountains of Russia have in the past supplied a great many diamonds. In nearly every country which supplies these stones they are found at a considerable distance from the vein of mineral in which they were once deposited. South Africa affords a marked exception to the rule. In hat part of the world they are imbedded in "pans" or "pipes," which are streaks of lava, that have invaded a black, shaly rock. The suspicion is now entertained that the intense heat of volcanic action maw have converted some of the carbon in the shale into jewels.

One of the regions in the United States from which small diamonds have been obtained is the Piedmont Plateau, at the southeastern base of the Appalachian chain, between Southern Virginia and eGorgia. Nearly or quite a dozen, one reaching twenty-three carats in size, have been picked up there, under circumstances that suggest the probability of having been transported —rolled down hill, perhaps—many miles from the place of their birth. Geological conditions like those existing at Kimberley have been observed in Kentucky, but up to date no diamonds have yet been discovered in that state. A possible expwlanation of the failure is the lower proportion of carbon in the shale.

A somewhat difficult problem is raised by finding seven diamonds, ranging in size from 4 to 21 carats, and a number of smaller ones, in the Great Lake region, under circumstances that indicate that they were brought there by the great ice sheet of the glacial period. Most of the stones were discovered in Wisconsin, but Michigan and Ohio have each reported one or two also. In every instance the jewels were hidden in the gravel of a "kettle moraine," kind of deposit which geologists recognize as having been left by a glacier. Since the ice sheet which carried these stones into the United States doubtless traveled hundreds of miles, possibly thousands, it is hard to locate the center from which they proceeded, although this must have been up in British territory somewhere. However, Canadian geologists have lately expressed the opinion that the highest land from which the ice sheet oflwed existed west of Hudson Bay, but that the source of the ice which invaded the lake region was Labrador, east of Hudson Bay.

The fact of greatest practical importance is that other glacial moraines in the United States may possibly contain jewels like those already discovered in the lake region. There are such deposits in Southwestern New York and on Long Island, for instance. It would pay to keep a sharp lookout where gravelly ridges are being cut for roads or other purposes in order to insure the finding of jewels, if any exist there. Diamonds in the rough are not exactly round, though they may have blunt corners. They tend to assume a crystalline shape, and have slightly curving, not flat, sides. Some of the Wisconsin diamonds had over a dozen facets. The form does not closely resemble the cut stone, nor does the pebble glisten. Their remarkable hardness enables them to scratch all other substances. Perhaps they may not be over a sixteenth or an eigth of an inch in diameter. But anything faintly suggestive of a cubical bit of material found in glacial gravel ought to receive critical study.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Emil Lundberg and Christine Olson.
Harry Witz and Esther Zarovsky.
Hubert T. Cushing and Beatrice Gardner.

BIRTHS.

CAMPBELL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of 2230 West Michigan street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY, BUT perfuming, exquisitively dainty describes Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

WANTED—ONE VEST, TWO PANTS, two coat makers. Mels.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat and use of telephone; centrally located. T 47, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY—A VERY SMALL steam or gasoline launch. Address 406 Burrows building.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Wheat Started Out Higher and Closed With an Advance.

Flax Trading Fairly Active and the Market Strong.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 12.—The wheat market opened strong and higher this morning, but part of the advance was lost during the morning. The Northwestern markets were again much stronger than Chicago. Heavy rains in the Northwest, with forecasts of more rain and possibly lower temperatures were the bullish factors.

Northwestern wheat receipts very nearly approached those of last year. Minneapolis received 520 cars as compared with 346 a year ago and Duluth 237 against 434, making 757 cars, against 780 a year ago. Chicago received 141 against 160 last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 761 cars, and at Chicago 141, a total of 902 cars, against 962 last year.

The Liverpool market closed ¾d lower, Paris ¼c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,090,000 bus., last year 1,189,000 bus. Shipments 334,000 bus., last year 778,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 270,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅛d lower. In the Chicago market December corn closed ¼-⅜c higher. December oats advanced ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 797,000 bus., last year 315,000 bus. Shipments 792,000 bus., last year 151,000 bus. Clearances were 50,00 bus.

Trading in the Duluth market was active. September opened 1½c up at 85c, sold off to 84c at 10:30 and advanced to 84¼c at 11:30, and closed there, an advance of ¾c. December opened 1c up at 80⅝c, sold off to 80¼c and rallied to 80½c. It closed ⅞c up at 80½c.

Cash sales were 100,000 bus at ½c to 1c over September for No. 1 northern.

Flax was strong, September at one time being up 2c, and closed ⅝c up. October closed 1c up and November and December 1¼c up.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat old No. 1 hard, 87¼c; No. 1 northern, 87¼c; New, No. 1 hard to arrive, 85¼; No. 1 northern, 84¼. Macaroni No. 1, 67c; No. 2, 65c; September, 84¼c; December, 80½c; May, 83¾c. Flax in store $1.01½; on track, $1.01½ to arrive $1.02⅛; September $1.02½; October, $1.02¼; November, $1.02; December, $1.01½; May $1.04. Oats on track, 36⅝c; to arrive 36⅝c; to arrive in September, 36⅝c. Rye to arrive, 53½c; on track, 53½c; to arrive in September, 53½c. Barley, 40@57. Cars inspected: Wheat, 237; last year, 434; oats 11; rye, 5; barley, 68; flax, 23; last year 70. Receipts: Wheat 131,646; oats, 14,285; rye, 3,492; barley 94,632; flax, 7404.

Shipments: Wheat, 192,095; oats, 2304; rye 8061; barley, 42,291; flax, 193,061.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3000 bus.	$0.85¼
No. 1 northern, 14 cars	85
No. 1 northern, 1 car	85½
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	85¼
No. 2 northern, 5000 bus. to arrive Sept. 20	83
No. 2 northern, 5000 bus. to arrive in September	81¾
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	83½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	83
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	83¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car to mills	83¾
No grade, 1 car	80
Oats, 1 car	36

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Heavy Rains Cause a Strengthening In Wheat.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The weather map showed heavy rains in the Northwest and wheat opened ¼c to ½c higher with December at 81½c to 81¾c. There were predictions of more rain with a possibility of lower temperatures and shorts hastened to cover, the price strengthening to 81¾c. The general market was rather indifferent to the weather situation, however, and December dropped back to 81½c. Duluth and Minneapolis reported receipts of 761 cars, which with local receipts of 141 cars, five of contract grade, made a total for the three points of 902 cars against 962 a year ago.

There was more or less selling by local traders and December sagged off another ⅛c, but the decline was checked by local shorts covering and with the Northwest markets showing more strength the general demand improved and the late market showed a much firmer tone. December closed ⅝@¾c higher at 81⅞@82c.

In sympathy with wheat and on prospects of colder weather corn started firm December at 50c to 50¼c. Short covering helped the price to 50⅜c but with a later indifferent trade the option weakened to 50¼c. Receipts 591 cars, 46 contract.

Scalpers bought freely on the decline and some influential buying followed induced by growing fear that the clear weather west may turn cold. December firmed up to 50½c, closing steady at 50⅜c, a gain of ¼@⅜c.

Oats opened strong in sympathy with the other grains. December opened at 37⅝c and with very little trade weakened ⅛c early. Receipts 166 cars.

Provisions were weak at start following an easy opening at the yards, but good buying of October options brought about a firmness later. October quotations were pork, $13.55; lard, $8.22½; ribs, $8.47½.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Close: Wheat—September, 81¼c; old, 89½c; December, 81⅞@82c; old, 82c; May, 84@¼c. Corn—September, 51c; December, 50⅜c; May, 50½@⅝c. Oats—September, 35⅞c; December, 37⅝@¾c; May, 39¼@⅜c. Pork—September, $13.50; October, $13.62½; May, $13.47½. Lard—September, $9.25; October, $8.32½; December, $7.55; January, $7.35. Ribs—September, 56c; October, 56¼c; May, 58c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.03; S. W., 93c; September, 97c; October, 97½c; May, 91½c. Timothy—Cash, $2.50@3.00; September, $3.50; October, $3.15; January, $3.30. Clover—Cash, $9.12; October, $9.15. Barley—Cash 45@60c. Cash wheat—2 red, 81½@82c; 3 red, 81c; No. 2 hard winter, 79c; 3 hard winter, 77@78c. Corn—2, 51¼c; 3, 51@¼c. Oats—2, 35@½c; 3, 34½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago: Wheat—The government report showing crop of 640,000,000 bushels, while fully justifying all bull claims, finds the market in a condition where this fact does not seem to stimulate fresh speculative buying, hence the increased spring wheat movement, although well taken care of by the Minneapolis millers at a premium over September, has for the time being somewhat of a depressing effect. The flour demand is exceptionally good and the export demand, while described as poor, still manages to aggregate about 3,000,000 weekly, which is really more than we have to spare. We continue to have great faith in ultimate wheat values, but do not wish to shut our eyes to fact that during period of speculative activity the price will vary with reports bearing on the yield.

Corn—The trend of corn seems to us to be downward, but we think we are not far from a place at which the danger of too much unanimity on the short side will appear and sharp rallies occur of which advantage should be taken to sell.

Oats—It is difficult to find a single bear feature in oats, except possibly the very large hay crops, but at the same time the market has the appearance of being over bought. The near neighborhood of 40 cents a bushel discounts much damage and we prefer to see our friends selling long oats or even selling a little short for moderate turns.

* * *

Bradstreet: Wheat exports July 1 to date are 31,310,000 bushels; in same period year ago, 48,172,000; decrease, 16,062,000; corn, same periods, 10,038,000 bushels and 877,000 bushels; increase 9,161,000.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market firm and higher. The strength came from bad weather in the Northwest and the covering of shorts. Primary receipts again lower than last year There is a no change in the cash situation and no improvement in the export demand. Liberal world's shipments on Monday are predicted though clearances from this country are small. This is till a weak and disappointing feature of the situation. The facts are that the world's crop of wheat is short, the supply of old wheat where supply is for the year are to come, stocks of flour are exhausted and the demand large and urgent. So far as this country is concerned, farmers are well to do and both able and disposed to market their surplus stocks slowly. These are the facts. Oru theory is that with small European crops, considerable damage and delay by bad weather, and material injury to toher food products that the European demand in this country must soon materialize on a considerable scale and become urgent. Available supply is not sufficient to meet and wheat from the other side. We can therefore only advise confidence and patience.

Corn—Market is a little higher. There are further general rains throughout the west which are not needed and which are not favorable to the growing crop. There is also a cheerful prospect of frost, particularly in the western boundary of the corn belt. The cash situation is a fairly strong one. Receipts are moderate and corn is being freely taken for shipment. There is a large short interest and good trading on both sides of the market. Temperatures are likely to be a controlling factor.

Oats—Market is fractionally higher. There is not much pressure from short selling or from liquidation. In a speculative way the market is a very quiet one and the cash situation controls the price. This still consists of moderate receipts and a good demand.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 12.—Wheat—Spot, 2 red western winter, quiet, 6s 2½d; 1 northern spring steady, 6s 9d; futures quiet; September, 6s 5d; October, 6s 5¼d. Corn—Spot, American mixed quiet, 4s 6d; futures dull; September, 4s 6d; October, 4s 7½d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKET.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	.85	86	79¾-80	....
High	.85	86⅛	80⅛	....
Low	.84	85½	79⅝	....
Close	.84¼B	85⅞	80⅛A	....
December—				
Open	.80⅝	80⅝	81⅝-¾	....
High	.80¾	81-⅛	82	....
Low	.80¼	80¾	81⅜-½	....
Close	.80½B	80⅞-81	81⅞-82A	....

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	.37⅝	50@50¼	$13.40
High	.37¾	50⅜	....
Low	.37⅜	50	....
Close	.37⅝-¾	50⅜	13.42

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Saturday, September 12, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max*	Tempera're Min**	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Rain	70	52	1.14
Crookston	Cloudy	54	44	.40
Detroit City	Rain	56	48	.40
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	70	52	.30
Minneapolis	Cloudy	68	58	4.74
Montevideo	Cloudy	68	62	2.90
New Ulm	Rain	76	54	4.10
Park Rapids	Cloudy	54	48	.78
Winnebago City	Cloudy	72	62	.84
Devils Lake	Rain	60	38	.62
Larimore	Rain	52	42	.38
Lisbon	Rain	50	44	.52
Aberdeen	Rain	54	44	.90
Millbank	Cloudy	66	56	1.84
Mitchell	Cloudy	68	54	.98
Bismarck	Rain	46	36	.96
Duluth	Rain	58	50	.74
Huron	Rain	64	52	1.64
La Crosse	Cloudy	72	58	.58
Moorhead	Rain	54	46	.63
St. Paul	Cloudy	66	60	5.00
Winnipeg	Rain	54	36	.06

Rains fell over portions of all districts but were general in the Northwest, very heavy over portions of Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas, and Minnesota. Cool weather prevails in the Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.		
Lettuce, bushel	75	
Green onions, per doz.	15	
Radish, long, per doz.	15	
BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	21	
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Packing stock	11½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	19	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	12	
Twins, full cream, old	12½	
Full cream, young America	15	@ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	
Limberger, full cheam, cheese	12½	
Primos	8	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	16	@ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb.	12½	@ 13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	15	
Ohio, per lb	12	
Maple Syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60	
Medium, hand picked, bus.	2 25	
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	2 25	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	16	
Cocanuts, per doz	50	
Brazils, per lb	11	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.	7	
FRUITS.		
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@ 1 00
Plumbs, per crate	90	@ 1 50
Pears, per box	2 50	
Apples, per bbl	3 50	
Smyrna figs	1 00	@ 1 85
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@ 3 50
Me. lemons, per box	5 00	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	
Sugar walnut dates	1 10	
California oranges	4 25	
Tomatoes, per bushel	85	@ 90
VEGETABLES.		
Green corn, per doz	12½	
Mushrooms	60	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs.	1 75	
Carrots, per cwt	1 40	
Turnips, per cwt	1 25	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25	
Parsnips, per 100 lbs.	1 50	
Best cucumbers	1 25	@ 1 35
Mint, per doz	30	
Potatoes	70	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl.	2 75	
Fruite juice	4.00	
Duffy cider	3 25	
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	3½	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Chickens	11	
Hens	10	
Turkeys	12	@ 13
Ducks	10	
Geese	8	
MEATS.		
Beef	7	@ 8
Lamb	10	
Mutton	9	@ 10
Pork loins	12½	@ 13
Lard	9¼	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 12.—Butter—Receipts, 5190 packages. Firm. State dairy, 14½@18c; extra creamery, 20¼c; renovated, 13@17c; packing stock, 12@14½c; creamery common to choice, 15@20c. Cheese—Receipts, 1611 packages. Firm. State full cream, fancy small colored, 11c; small, white, 10⅞c; large, colored, 10⅞c; large, white, 10⅝c. Eggs—Receipts 6651 packages. Firm. State and Pennsylvania, fancy mixed, 23@24c; state and Pennsylvania, seconds to firsts, 19@22c; western, extras, 23c; refrigerated, 18@20c; western firsts, 22c; western, thirds to seconds, 17@21c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Butter firm; creameries, 15@19½; dairies, 13@17½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 10½@10¾c; twins, 10@¼c; Young Americas, 11@¼c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 17@18c.

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Capital and Surplus, $300,000.

Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds

Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.

Commission { Stocks, ⅛ Per Cent, Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.

Margins Required { Stocks, $2 a Share. Grains, 1c a Bushel.

If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office—220 West Superior Street.
T. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Bank Statement Caused Selling and Closing Was Weak.

Large Cash Loss and an Expansion of Loans Shown.

New York, Sept. 12.—There was some renewal of yesterday's advance in special stocks, but at other points profit-taking sales were in evidence. Members of different groups moved in contrary directions, particularly of the western division, which showed improvements for St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, while Atchison, and Missouri Pacific were a little lower United States Steel was brought in round amounts and advanced a small fraction.

London prices for Americans were generally higher but the international stocks opened with slight changes either way. The opening hesitancy of the market was soon replaced by a general dropping tendency, and most of the usual leaders fell a fraction below last night. There was some pressure against the Atchisons, Brooklyn Transit and Manhattan, and their losses of a point or over diffused a heavy tone throughout the market. Business was light in volume and the professional operators were inclined to hold off until the publication of the bank statement.

There was a slight rally in the market prior to the publication of the bank statement, but when that exhibit appeared, showing a much larger cash loss than had been expected and also an expansion of loans, selling was resumed. Anaconda dropped 4 points, Brooklyn Transit 2⅜ and St. Paul 1. The close was weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	47½	46⅞	47½
Anaconda	78	76	77¾
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	67⅞	66½	66⅝
do pfd.	91	91	91
Baltimore & Ohio	82	81¾	81¾
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	42¾	40¼	40½
Canadian Pacific	123¾	123¼	123¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	33¾	33¾	33¾
Chgo. Gt. Western	16¾	16¾	16¾
C., M. & St. P.	143¼	141¾	142⅛
C., R. I & P.	29	28½	28½
D., S. S. & A.	14⅛	14	14
Erie com.	29⅞	29½	29½
Gen. Electric	162½	162½	162½
Illinois Central	133¼	133	133¼
Louisville & Nashville	105¾	105½	105⅝
Manhattan Elevated	134¼	134	134¼
Metropolitan Street Ry.	114¾	114¼	114¼
Mexican Central	12⅝	12⅛	12⅞
Missouri Pacific	94⅛	93⅝	93¾
New York Central	123¾	122¼	123
Norfolk & Western	63⅛	62½	62½
Pennsylvania	125	124⅜	124½
Reading	54⅛	53½	53½
Southern Pacific	45⅞	45¼	45¼
Southern Railway	22⅞	22⅜	22½
Tennessee Coal & Iron	39	39	39
Union Pacific	76⅝	75½	75¾
United States Leather	8	8	8
United States Steel	21	20¼	20⅞
do pfd	70½	70	70⅛
Western Union	83½	83½	83½
Wisconsin Central	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
do pfd	40	40	40

Northern Securities, 89¼ bid; 89⅝ asked.

The total sales were 122,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is quiet and a shade easier. The bank statement was mildly unfavorable but no more than could reasonably be expected at this season. Whatever selling pressure there is still comes from industrious bears. Long stocks are well held and there is very little selling pressure from that source. The bond houses report an improving demand from investors. We can still notice in our own business that there are a good many people looking for a place to invest money in stocks on a declining market. We still feel that when there is any material change in prices that they will be higher and that stocks should be bought on soft spots.

* * *

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Atchison is a buy now till it gets to 69. Weakness yesterday morning was an excellent sign followed by strength in the afternoon. Weakness early showed that the big men had no desire to liquidate. They create a strong market to sell on, not a weak one. In my judgment you had best hold your present line of stocks or if not in the market buy moderately the leaders on the weak spots.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Although some disappointment is felt by over-sanguine bulls because the September government crop report did not impart greater activity to the stock market, current comment shows that conservative operators believe that the market acts well and is shaping for gradual improvement. Many traders had awaited the appearance of the crop report with the avowed intention of selling on it, and this intention they have carried out. The stocks they sold, however, are said to have been taken by strong bull interests who are adhering to their recent policy of buying on a scale down and withdrawing their orders on the rallies, the plan usually pursued in accumulating stocks, while at the same time developing a short account. Brokers who represent big men say that increasing confidence in the monetary situation has changed the views of some of the most powerful factors in Wall street regarding the future of the market.* Mr. Harriman, who has been a bear for a year and went to Europe last summer is a pessimistic mood, is now said to take rather an optimistic view of the speculative situation, saying that liquidation in good stocks is probably over and that the latter on recessions should do to buy. Mr. Harriman does not name the good stocks, but his followers have a suspicion that he refers to his own, to Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio and Atchison, doubtless because their dividends carry them and earnings exceed by a wide margin the dividends paid. An encouraging bank statement is looked for today as banks are losing comparatively little cash, it is agreed there should be no great loss in surplus reserve.

* * *

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The strong London market was utilized by traders to take profits on purchases made yesterday. After the opening the market became steady and dull and operations were confined to professionals. Steels were active. Professional selling caused the decline. General opinion is growing that the Steel common dividend will be declared at the next meeting Oct. 6. Bear tips still continue to come out on Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The bank statement was considered unfavorable. The market received it with indifference. The closing was quiet and featureless.

W. H. Laidley & Co.: The stock market has been extremely dull and inactive, showing a firm undertone, but prices a little lower than last week. The bank statement was poor, worse than expected, but seems to have been discounted. We feel that a little better prices are going to be seen and favor purchases of Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Rock Island on all breaks. Stocks have been freely liquidated and are now held in very strong hands. These people will not dispose of their holdings except on good bulges, and we consequently feel that purchases on every break are a safe investment.

* * *

Harriman to Paine, Webber & Co.: The large banking interests are very pronounced in expressing their opinion that they would deprecate any bull movement at this time. This gives the bears on the market considerable confidence. The bank statement was about as expected. It is not unlikely we will find a dull and draging market next week.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consumated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co, 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	47¼	47½
Anaconda	19½	20½
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	8	9
Allouez	5	5¼
Arcadian	1⅜	1⅞
Elm River	2½	3
Bingham	24½	25
Copper Range	61	61½
Centennial	18½	19
Calumet & Hecla	440	465
Calumet & Arizona	105	125
Calumet & Pittsburg	...	100
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg	..	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	9
Mohawk	41	41¾
Mayflower	87½	100
Mercur Con	1⅝	1⅝
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	8¾	9½
Osceola	57	59
Phoenix	5	5¼
Parrott	19½	20
Quincey	91	100
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1⅛	1½
Franklin	8½	8½
Tecumseh	25c	75c
Tamarack	90	95
Trinity	6⅞	7⅛
Tenn. Copper	29	31
Utah	27	27½
U. S. Mining	19¾	20
U. S. Oil	11	11¼
Victoria	3¾	4¼
Wolverine	68	72
Winona	7½	8
Daly West	40¼	41
Greene Cons	19½	20
Calumet & Bisbee	..	8
Pittsburg & Duluth	..	40
Union Land	3⅛	3½
Higgins	5	8
Junction	..	15
Bisbee Queen	5	6

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bank statement was another in the long series of unfavorable ones and it seemed to give the bears new courage. Several New York stocks were hammered and with a considerable degree of success. Coppers were dull at slightly lower quotations: Metal is offered fractionally lower, lake being quoted at 13⅝. The action of the market just before the close indicated that lower prices may be expected all around Monday.

* * *

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Same dull market with nothing doing except in Copper Range, which has ranged from 61½ to 63, the undertone has been rather weak. We expect Copper Range will continue active and that it will be the best to trade in. Buy on weak spots and sell on rallies. It would not surprise us to see Copper Range more active than Amalgamated. That is, more sales of Copper Range in Boston than Amalgamated in New York.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Cotton futures closed steady. September, 10.96; October, $9.85; November, 9.77; December, $9.78; January, 9.78; February, 9.79; March, 9.80; April, 9.80; May, 9.80. Spot, closed steady; middling uplands, 12.00; middling gulf, 12.25. Sales 1831 bales.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Sept. 12.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks for the week, five business days, shows: Loans $926,586,800, increase $2,167,000; deposits $918,195,600, increase $24,300; circulation $44,798,800, increase $927,400; legal tenders $72,852,900, decrease $1,249,900; specie, $172,068,200, decrease $667,800; reserve $244,920,100, decrease $1,908,700; reserve required $229,548,900, increase $16,705; surplus $15,422,300, decrease $1,924,775; ex. United States deposits $24,693,575, decrease, $1,912,000.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Today's statement of the treasury balances: Available cash balances, $236,736,685; gold, $109,176,095; silver, $26,652,727; United States notes, $11,241,091; treasury notes of 1890, $139,978; national bank notes, $19,215,680; total receipts this day, $1,548,633; total receipts this month, $18,355,199; total receipts this year, $116,891,452; total expenditures this day, $1,440,000; total expenditures this month, $16,070,000; total expenditures this year, $115,482,733; deposits in national banks, $157,713,043.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 12.—Close: Money on call nominal. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.875@4.86 for demand and $4.82.25@4.82.50 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.81½@4.82. Bar silver, 56⅞c; Mexican dollars, 45c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 12.—Close: Wheat—December, 80⅞@81c; May, 83⅛@¼c. On track, 1 hard, 87½c; 1 northern, 86½c; 2 northern, 82⅞c; 3 northern, 76@80c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 12.—Close: Wheat—December, 87½c; May, 88½c. Corn—December, 56¾c; May, 56c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 300. Nominal. Good to prime steers, $5.50@6.15; poor to medium, $4@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.15; cows, $1.50@4.60; heifers, $2@5; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.80; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.65; western steers, $3.25@4.50. Hogs—Receipts today 12,000; Monday 30,000. Fifteen to 20 cents lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.40@6.10; good to choice, heavy, $5.10@6.00; rough, heavy, $5.30@5.65; light, $5.45@6.15; bulk of sales, $5.60@5.85. Sheep—Receipts 2000. Sheep and lambs, steady. Good to choice wethers, $3@3.65; fair to choice mixed, $2@3; western sheep, $2.75@3.70; native lambs, $3.50@5.50; western lambs, $3.50@5.25.

DENTON APPOINTED

Superintendent of the Trimountain Mine at Houghton.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. W. Denton, superintendent of the Baltic mine, has been appointed to a like position at the Trimountain vice Capt. James Chynowith resigned. The change is the result of the recent consolidation of the Trimountain and Copper Range consolidated properties. There will be no changes in the clerical or mill forces of the Trimountain. Capt. Chynowith in four years has developed Trimountain into a dividend payer. He is superintendent at the lake for all properties in the Fay group. Denton has been associated with the Copper Range throughout its development of the South range and is a mining man of repute.

MISS ANTHONY WINS AGAIN.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Miss Bessie Anthony won for the fourth time the title of Western woman golf champion by defeating Miss Mabel Higgins, the runner up, 3 up 2 to play, on the Exmoor links today.

ARE STORM BOUND

Vessels In This Port Tied Up on Account of Sea.

Tugs Have Nasty Battle With Waves While Getting Tows.

For the third time within two weeks, all vessels are held up in the harbor on account of the storm.

No vessels have cleared since midnight. The storm signals are out, and a very heavy sea is running, although the wind has moderated considerable since last night.

Three of the tugs of the Great Lakes fleet and the Dowling of the independent line, had a rough trip this afternoon. The lumber barge Zillah with three tows was sighted and the tugs went out after the boats. The sea tossed the staunch little vessels about like chips, and waves swept completely over their pilot houses, but hatches and doors were kept tightly closed, and the boats stood the buffeting well.

The arrivals during the past twenty-four hours have been very light, and the number of vessels in the harbor has not been materially increased by the storm.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Majestic, 9:10 last night; Tuttle and consorts, midnight; Morley, 12:10 a. m.; Maritana, 1:20; Monkshaven, Agawa, 1:30; Carnegie, Conemaugh, 1:40; Wexford, 2:30; Seattle, Saxon, 3; Weston and consorts, 3:20; Siberia, 4:20; P. Minch, 7:15; Watt and whalebacks, 7:30; Northern King, 8:10; Fayette Brown, 8:20; Ward 8:30; Miami, Gebhart, 8:40; Alva, Queen City, Bell, 10:15; Goodyear, Myles, 10:40; Grecian, 10:50. Down: Progress, Iron Cliff, Donneconna, 9:10 last night; Fulton, Maida, Meriden, 9:40; Helena, 2 a. m.; Tioga, 2:30; Marshall, 3:40; Leonard, 4:30; Sparta, Vanderbilt, 5:30; Russia, 6; Castalia, 6:30; St. Paul, 8:30; tug Wat on, Lucky, Hall and barge, 9:40; Wawa am, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Clarion, 11:15; Australia, Amazon, 11:40; Iron King and consort, noon; Corona, 12:15 p. m.; Saranac, 12:30; Fitzgerald, 1; Oades, Maioa and whaleback, 2:40; Nicol, 3; Lilly, 4; R. Rhodes, 4:20; G. King and consorts, 4:40; Minneapolis, 5; Parent, 7:20; Williams, 8; N. Mills, Anderson, Ravenscraig, 8:30; Wade, 9. Down: Caledonia, Ashland, noon; Vance, 12:40 p. m.; Taylor, Anna Minch, Corsica, 1 p. m.; Cambria, 1:15; John Eddy, Pennington, Ida E. Auburn, 2; Frick, Ira Owen, 2:20; Birckhead and barges, 2:30; Venus, Seguin, 3:15; Elwood, Jenney, Andaste, 3:30; Tuscarora, Tacoma, 3:50; Carter, Dobbie, 4; Aurania, 5:40, Gogebic, Biwabik, 6:40; Roumania, Crete, 8; Sicken and barges, 8:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hesper, Rhodes, 11 last night; Westcott, Wyman, midnight; Holland, White and Fryant, Exile, Crosthwaite, 12:40 this morning; Blackrock, 1:20; Langell, Interlaken, Moore, George Craig, 2:20; Wootan, 3; London, 5; Helen C., 5:40; Bransford, 6:30; China, 8; Traverse, 10:30; John Owen, 10:40. Down: India, 10 last night; Paliki, 11; Mather and whaleback, 11:20; Stephenson, 12:30 a. m.; Peerless, 1:20; J. Hutchinson, 2; Grammer, 3:20; Crescent City and whaleback, 4:20; Ericsson, 5; Osceola, Princeton, Wallace, Northern Wave, Lake Michigan, 7:40; Hurd, Flagg, Warriner, 9:40; Alberta, 11:00.

Up yesterday: Presque Isle, 11:20; James Hoyt, 12:30 p. m.; Athabasca, 1:20; Wolverine, 2:40; Packer, Turrett Crown, 4:30; Cornell, 7:40; Nyanza, 8:40. Down: Buffalo, Malletoa, 12:30 p. m.; George Peavey, 1:40; Mueller, 2; Murphy, Whitworth, 2:30; Ford, 3; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Morse, Smeaton, 4; W. H. Mack, 6; Northwind, Nottingham, 7; St. Louis, Harrison, Rees, 8:20.

MONTEZUMA AGAIN GROUNDS.

Amherstburg, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—After 600 tons of the coal cargo of the barge Montezuma had been lightered, the vessel was released this morning and started up the river in town of the steamer Cartagena under the personal supervision of Capt. James Davidson, owner of the boats. After proceeding but 200 yards, the barge sheered and ran agound more firmly than the first time. Five hundred tons more cargo will have to be lightered before she can be released.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Lorain — Cleared: Coal — Anna Minch, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Monkshaven, Soo; A. W. Thompson, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Light—Pontiac, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Hines, Wayne, Marvin, Norwalk. Cleared: Ore — Alcona, Sauber, Coralia, Alta, Volunteer, Moonlight, Lake Erie.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Martha, Madria, Gates, Bunsen. Cleared: Peavey, Spokane, Manda, Smith, Lake Erie; Northern Wave, Victory, Lake Michigan.

South Chicago—Cleared: Maunaloa, Superior.

Marquette — Arrived: Presque Isle. Cleared: Grampian, Detroit; Warriner, Amazonas, Ashtabula.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Seattle, Osceoda, Strong, Duluth.

Chicago—Cleared: Thomson, Superior.

Toledo — Departed: Light — Cadillac, Marquette.

Milwaukee—Cleared: Iosco, Duluth; Yosemite, Superior.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived: Capt. Wilson, Harvard, light for ore, Lake Erie; Zillah, Quayle, Reddington, Ogarita, light for lumber, Lake Erie; Westmount, coal, Lake Erie; Minnedosa, Melrose, light for grain, Buffalo; Easton, pass, north shore.

Departed: Renssalaer, Malta, Empire City, James Gayley, Angeline, ore, Lake Erie.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Philadelphia — Sailed: Belgenland for Liverpool. Cherbourg—Arrived: Friedrich der Grosse, New York.

RAIN HURTS THE TRAFFIC

Wet Weather Plays Havoc With All Railroad Business.

Incessant heavy rains during the last two days, with attendant cold weather, has played havoc with passenger traffic on roads running out of Duluth and through the upper lake region. Clerks have waited in the various commercial offices in the city for prospective purchasers of tickets, only those who are compelled to travel applying for transportation.

"It's one of the worst spells we have encountered during the year," said one general agent. "As far as we are concerned we might as well have left our doors locked this morning as there has been absolutely nothing doing. And it is not only the passenger traffic that suffers. On days like this it is almost madness to attempt to talk business with shippers.

"They are probably in their offices with wet feet, having their own troubles and when in this condition money is made by staying away from them. I should not be surprised to hear of numerous wash-outs all through Upper Wisconsin and that part of Minnesota bordering on Wisconsin."

Bank Statement.

Report of the Condition of The City National Bank

At Duluth, in the State of Minnesota, at the close of business, September 9th, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$1,022,800 42
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	108 58
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	200,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	14,575 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	5,000 00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	11,557 71
Due from State banks and bankers	20,253 68
Due from approved reserve agents	221,048 96
Checks and other cash items	261 41
Exchanges for clearing house	23,946 20
Notes of other National banks	27,500 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	547 11
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie $51,184 00	
Legal tender notes 25,000 00	76,184 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation	10,000 00
Total	$1,633,783 05

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	21,053 12
National bank notes outstanding	200,000 00
Due to other National banks	54,964 01
Due to State banks and bankers	54,598 26
Individual deposit subject to check	602,438 23
Demand certificates of deposit	5,901 00
Time certificates of deposit	174,140 68
Certified checks	28 20
Cashier's checks outstanding	20,659 55
Total	$1,633,783 05

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, J. H. Upham, president of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. H. UPHAM,
President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of September, 1903.

F. W. HEIMICK,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
A. H. COMSTOCK.
A. M. CHISHOLM.
R. F. FITZGERALD.
Directors.

The above report condensed appears as follows:

Commenced business December 15th, 1902.

Condition of the CITY NATIONAL BANK of Duluth, Minn.

At Close of Business, Sept. 9th, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$1,022,800 42
Overdrafts	108 58
U. S. bonds	200,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	14,575 00
Furniture and fixtures	5,000 00
Cash on hand, in banks and with U. S. treasurer	391,299 05
Total	$1,633,783 05

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 500,000 00
Undivided profits	21,053 12
Circulation	200,000 00
Deposits	912,729 93
Total	$1,633,783 05

A. R. MACFARLANE,
Vice President.

THE CRAZY BASIN MINING CO.

For several weeks we have directed attention to the above named company.

THE PROPERTY (first half.)

The company has perfect title to 190 acres in the rich mineral section of Arizona, located in Yavapai county, which county is the home of the Congress, Oro Grande, Peck, French Lily, United Verde and other great mines. Strong veins and good gold ore bodies are opened up on this property. The Prescott and Eastern Railroad crosses the claims and there is a station within 60 rods of them.

CAPITALIZATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, par value $1.00, and two-thirds of the stock is in the treasury.

MANAGEMENT (second half.)

The management is safe and economical and the work is being done under competent direction.

We earnestly invite you to thoroughly investigate both halves of this enterprise according to our new "Reservation Blank" plan.

First allotment of stock is offered at

10c PER SHARE.

Have you received a prospectus? If not, call upon or address

THE WM. KAISER COMPANY,
106 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

FROG IN HER STOMACH.

It Was Healthy and Strong When Dislodged.

New York, Sept. 12.—Mrs. Harry Goldsmith, of Hempstead, L. I., was in the mountains of Northern New York some months ago and with some friends spent a day in the woods. Being thirsty, she leaned over the edge of a stream and drank from it. She noticed that she swallowed what appeared to be a small piece of grass. In a day or two she had entirely forgotten the circumstance.

Mrs. Goldsmith has been having an increased appetite for the past six weeks, and has been constantly thirsty. She was also attacked with fits of dizziness. Doctors' remedies all failed, and she continued to become weaker and to lose weight.

Her husband, who is a druggist, decided to study her case himself, and finally concluded to administer medicine. To his surprise a large frog was dislodged from his wife's stomach. It had been there for months, was in a perfectly healthy condition, and after being placed in a jar, swam around. She swallowed it as a tadpole. Her condition shows marked improvement.

School Supplies.

Rulers free at J. H. O'Leary & Co.'s, 732 East Third street.

Invest your money where you get the best results.—THE HERALD is delivered into nearly every home in Duluth and carries the best real estate advertising. You'll find it a very profitable investment to put your money in Duluth Real Estate

Rents are High

We can build you a home
—AND—
Carry insurance on your life

For less than you now pay for rent for a house of the same cost.

Your MONEY paid to the **Northwestern Trust Co.**, of St. Paul, Minn.

Your INSURANCE carried in the **Equitable** Life Assurance Co., of the United States.

Call at any of our offices for particulars.

C. A. Jones & Co., 705 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.

J. P. Simons, District Manager, Truax Bldg., Superior, Wis.

C. H. Graves & Co. Torrey Bldg. Agents for Duluth, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

FOR SALE Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

$3800 buys new modern eight-room brick residence. East End. Monthly payment plan.

$1500 buys lot 50x140, West First street. All improvements.

$1000 buys one of the finest lots, 80x295, on Woodland avenue. City water and sewer. No cash payment required if purchaser will build.

$1100 buys a fine corner, 100x140, on London road. A bargain.

$1500 buys half a block, eight lots, 50x140 each, Lakeside. No finer lots in Lakeside and only four blocks from street railway.

$9000 buys 240 feet frontage on St. Croix avenue by 500 feet deep to dock line. Fine site for manufacturing or wholesale business.

$2500 buys a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, on St. Croix avenue.

$2500 buys two houses, 80x100, on Lake avenue. This price includes new sandstone pavement.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE!

8 ROOM HOUSE

On Third Avenue East. Well in House. Hardwood Floor Down Stairs. Price $1500. Terms $200 Cash, balance on easy monthly payments.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,
No. 1 Exchange Building.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

4½ PER CENT and 5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

"On or Before"

R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

Bargains for Everyone!

$2300 Splendid eight-room house with water up and down stairs, for two families or one, in fine condition. Second street, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1800 Seven rooms, city water, in perfect condition. Fronting Lincoln park.

$1700 Eleven rooms, fifty-foot corner lot. Twenty-seventh avenue West and Helm street. This is a bargain.

$1500 New seven-room house, hardwood floors, city water, all street improvements done, near Twentieth avenue West.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.

Mines and Mining Stock.

—SPECIALTIES—

Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

FOR SALE

Twenty houses for sale at Lakeside. Easy terms.

2000 residence lots to choose from. We will loan you the money to build on any of them.

Eight full lots at $95. A great snap.

Three lots on Minnesota avenue, near canal. A bargain.

A boarding house near match factory, West Duluth. Very cheap.

Lots in all parts of the city.

Acres a specialty.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
303 LONSDALE BLDG.

Would Your Sudden Removal by Death Make It Harder For Your Family to Get Along?

Why expose them to want and suffering when you can avoid it at so little cost through the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Philadelphia. Call or write for particulars.

Geo. H. Prudden, Mgr.
310 LYCEUM BLDG.

FOR SALE

Nine-room residence in the East End, near 15th Avenue East, situated on upper side of street, has all conveniences—hardwood finish, nice plumbing and is in first class condition—lot is 50x140 feet in area—**Possession can be given at once**—owner leaving town—PRICE

$5250

For terms inquire of—

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

119½ 10th Ave. East

7-room, modern flat, steam heat and janitor service.

Per month, $33.50.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

DWELLING FOR SALE

Number 426 East Third St.
Bargain for a quick sale.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
104 Providence Bldg.



You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

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REALTY DEALERS FIND SALES DULL

Inquiry Considerably Better Than the Purchasing, But Outlook For Fall and Winter Is Good—Plumbing Situation Subject of Much Discussion.

The local realty market is just about holding its own so far as general conditions are concerned. There is more inquiry than buying at the present time. Dealers consider the conditions very favorable, however, and many are revising their lists and getting ready for a good fall business. There have been a number of good sales during the week just closed, some of which are not yet ready for publicity, and the purchases show no tendency on the part of the sellers to reduce their prices.

* * *

The rental problem is again looming up for the reason that many people who have been spending the summer season on the Point or other localities are now looking for houses and flats uptown. Rental agencies have received many inquiries, both in letter and person, this week, and thus far the supply has not seemed equal to the demand. While there has been a great deal of building going on all over the city this season it has been mostly of homes. Several new flat and apartment houses have been erected or are now under construction. These have been rented in advance in every case, so far as can be learned, and still there are people who are unable to find homes. Some of the people who have sold their own homes during the past few months are now on the search for a place to stay this winter, and one said yesterday that his efforts had not been crowned with success.

* * *

One of the most interesting features in local realty circles at the present time is the fight that has developed against the plumbers' combine. It is announced that the independent plumbing concern that is to be financed by a number of prominent real estate men, and mention of which was made several months ago by The Herald, is to be an assured thing, and that articles of incorporation will be filed within the next few days.

N. J. Upham has been very active in the organization of the independent company, and he says that the project is not to fight the plumbers already in business here, but to start a new plumbing concern that will bring the cost of plumbing in this city down to a price that it should be.

The men connected with the local plumbers' combine resent the departure of the real estate men into their field of business, and S. H. Rothermel, of the Master Plumbers' association, states that if the real estate men go into the plumbing business the plumbers will go into the real estate business. Just how far either move will prove successful remains to be seen.

The plumbers' combine, following its usual tactics, has already begun to place the screws on Matthias Crosby, whom The Herald announced a week ago had left the combine. Since the publication of the article the combine has succeeded in shutting off Mr. Crosby's supplies with one of the local supply houses, but whether such a move will be successful in forcing Mr. Crosby out of the field is extremely doubtful. He says that it will not, and that something is very likely to develop within a short time that will make his position even stronger than it now is. During the past week Mr. Crosby has closed several plumbing contracts in spite of the opposition of the combine, and expects to have some others closed within a few days.

The master plumbers claim that no other men in the combine will pull out, but there is a strong rumor to the effect that one of the combine concerns on First street has already negotiated for a sale of its business to the proposed independent plumbing concern to be organized by real estate men.

The plumbers are attempting to justify their action in holding up the building public by the plea that the merchants and all other lines of business are getting big percentages of profits and that the plumbers should have the same right. It is the old argument that two wrongs make a right, but the people will hardly accept that doctrine.

* * *

One of the most important sales of Duluth realty property was closed this week when the Palladio building at the corner of Fourth avenue west and Superior street, was sold by the New York Life Insurance company to Lieutenant-Governor A. Maitland, of Michigan. The sale was consummated through the office of Whitney Wall and marks one of the largest deals for some months. Mr. Wall cannot give any particulars of the sale nor will he admit that Mr. Maitland is the purchaser, but it is learned from other reliable sources that the Michigan man has acquired possession of the property. The consideration so far learned was $115,000, but many of the local realty men believe that it must have been even larger for they consider that a very low price for the property. It is understood that Mr. Maitland contemplates many extensive improvements in connection with the purchase, with the view of making the property one of the best appointed office buildings in the city. Alterations costing thousands of dollars have already been made on the building since its erection fifteen years ago. The building is eight stories high, fronting Superior street and runs back to the alley between Superior and First streets.

The Palladio building has changed ownership a number of times since it was built by the Palladio Building company, a corporation comprised of Chicago capitalists. In 1897 the New York Life Insurance company came into possession of it through foreclosure of a mortgage.

Hansen Smith, who was formerly one of the corporation owners of the Palladio building, claims that it is worth more than $200,000 today.

Mr. Maitland, the new owner, is not a stranger in Duluth, in fact, he has been here a number of times in connection with his mining interests. He is an enthusiastic admirer of the city and a great believer in its destiny. Mr. Maitland has said on one occasion of his visits here that the Duluth people do not realize the advantages offered by their own city or appreciate its greatness. He will form an important addition to the out-of-town owners of Duluth property.

* * *

George H. Crosby reports a fine week's business with some sales and a splendid inquiry. His office has sold during the week the A. Hallam residence at Forty-third avenue east and London road, to E. P. Fisher, an out-of-town purchaser. The property is described at lots 1, 2 and 16, block 5, London addition. Mr. Hallam expects to leave soon for his cattle ranch in South Dakota, and Mrs. Fisher will take possession of his residence. The consideration was $5700. The office also sold for F. N. West his residence at 411 Puelston street, Lester Park, to local parties who wish a home. The consideration was $2400. Among the other sales was a home on Pitt street, Lakeside, to Margaret J. Morrison for $900. The property is described as lot 10, block 85, London addition; a residence property at 506 Second avenue east to Florence Hartley, for $1700; two other properties, the owners of which do not yet wish to make public.

Mr. Crosby believes that the outlook for the sale of vacant property is excellent.

* * *

Mr. Brown, of Stryker, Manley & Buck, says that the week has witnessed a fair business in local realty. His firm has sold a house and lot on Twelfth avenue east, for $2250; two small houses on Ninth street, a residence lot on Third street near Fifteenth avenue east, for $1600, and some West Duluth property.

* * *

Mr. Howard, of J. D. Howard & Co., reports an active week of inquiry with some sales negotiating.

* * *

W. E. Richardson, of Richardson & Day, says that there has been a fine movement this summer in Highland Park property and points to the large number of new homes going up in that normal school vicinity as evidence of its growing popularity as a home location.

* * *

Architect J. J. Wagenstein has under preparation the plans for the new Masonic Temple that will be erected at the corner of Second avenue east and Second street. The plans will be ready for the contractors this coming week. It is contemplated to have the work on the new temple started this fall, probably all the foundation work being done, and the rest of the structure completed this winter and following spring. He will also have plans out next week for a three-story brick building for Gray Bros., to be built on First street between First and Second avenues east. The structure will be 50 by 140 feet.

* * *

Young & Nystrom are preparing plans for a two-flat building for L. B. Asbjornson at 911 East Fifth street. The building will be a modern brick, with all modern conveniences, and will cost in the neighborhood of $5000. The same firm is getting out plans for a large barn to be built in connection with the Sanders flat building on East Fourth street.

* * *

Patrick McDonnell has sold to M. M. Robb lots 10 and 11, block 169, West Duluth, Seventh division, for $4000.

* * *

The residence property described as the southerly 45 feet of lots 50 and 52, East Third street, Duluth proper, Third division, has been sold by E. G. Chapman to Dr. Robert Graham for $5000.

* * *

Ellen T. Horgan has purchased from J. S. Cameron the southerly 50 feet of lots 18 and 20, West Second street, Duluth proper, First division, for $4450. It is occupied by a business property.

* * *

William Prindle & Co. have noted a great deal of inquiry during the past week, an increase, in fact, over last month. The company has sold Mrs. Robert Freeman a home on Fourth street, near First avenue west, for $3500; three West End lots for $450 each, and a West End residence property for $2200.

* * *

Inquiry for farm lands continues excellent, but the weather this past week has been unfavorable to the showing of properties. The Boston & Duluth Farm Land company has had several intending purchasers here this week from South Dakota and one Iowa man who a few years ago bought lands in Manitoba but is now anxious to get back into Northern Minnesota.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Sophronia Richards et al to Chas. Marquardt: w½ of lot 425, block 159, Duluth Proper, Second division ..... $ 1,365

H. S. Wilson et al to W. J. Wallace: timber on lands in sections 19 20 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33, township 58-16 1,500

Thomas A. Sheridan et ux to Angie C. Thomas: lots 15 and 16, block 5, Endion division 170

Gust Hinz et ux to Louis S. Stapf: nw¼ sw¼, section 26; se¼ se¼ and lot 7, section 27-58-12 ..... $ 220

Herman Johanson et ux to Hans Anderson: se¼ se¼, section 11-54-17 240

Nobie A. Beatty et ux to Christine Larson: lot 13, block 55, Endion. 750

Mata Slyckar et mar to F. W. Ruhnke: 3-9 of s½ nw¼ nw¼ and sw¼ nw¼ section 26-50-15; und. 3-9 of strip of land 1½ rods wide by 12 rods long from said section to Hermantown road.... 670

Emil Schlender, as guardian, to same: und. 6-9 of same..... 1,340

Ida S. Ardown et mar to R. B. Whiteside: lots 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, section 19; sw¼ sw¼ and ne¼ sw¼, section 10-52-14 500

Midland Co. to the Shogomoc Co.: w½ se¼, section 29-54-14 1

American Exchange bank to Elizabeth E. Dunlap: lots 9 and 14, block 20, First Glen Avon division 600

William E. Rice to Howard Investment Co.: 5¼ acres of section 6-50-13, metes and bounds description 500

Andrew Pedersen et ux to O. V. Eckert: se¼ nw¼, section 30-51-15 500

Motor Line Improvement Co. to M. A. Hays: lots 11 and 12, block 9, Woodland Park, First Division. 80

Signe Hagen to Fred Merrill: n½ sw¼, nw¼ se¼ and se¼ sw¼, section 14-65-19 5,100

E. G. Chapman to Robert Graham: southerly 45 feet of lots 50 and 52, East Third street, Duluth Proper, First division 5,000

D. R. Smith to Amelia Sherwood: und. ½ of lots 1 to 10, block 4, lots 1 to 6 and 13 to 17, block 29, Kimberley & Stryker's addition to Duluth, Second division 1

B. F. Bedford to William C. Sherwood: same 1,050

Patrick McDonnell to M. M. Robb: lots 10 and 11, block 189, West Duluth, Seventh division 4,000

John H. Upham to William McBean: timber on nw¼ sw¼, s½ nw¼, ne¼ nw¼, section 25-61-18.... 1

Oscar Mitchell et al to John G. Williams: und. 5-32 se¼ se¼, section 15, ne¼ ne¼, section 22-58-19. 1

Mary E. Coffin et mar to Ole J. Kjostad: lots 1 and 2, section 27, lot 3, section 28-66-17 1

John G. Williams et al to Frank Woodman: und. ½ of lot 2, section 4, nw¼ sw¼, section 5, lots 2, 4, 5 and ne¼ se¼ section 6-58-17 1

Samuel Nesbitt et al to William McBean: und. ½ of lot 28, East Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First division, and und. ½ of northerly 100 feet of lots 18, 19, and the east 10 feet of northerly 100 feet of lot 20, block 4, Portland.. 1,525

P. H. Nelson to Harvey Thomas, lots 11 and 12, block 18, Hibbing. 500

The Brown Co. to Emilia D. Nelson: part of se¼ ne¼, section 28-51-14 (metes and bounds) 450

Farmers Banking company to Poca Iron Company: und. 1-3 se¼ sw¼ section 19-58-16 1

Virginia Improvement Co. to Robert Lindsay: lot 9, block 20, Virginia 250

Same to Joseph Prondzinski: lot 25, block 15, Virginia 250

Mary Lezala et mar to Jan Koczkusz: lot 11, block 7, Virginia.. 380

Martin Klonouski et ux to Virginia Improvement Co.: lot 9, block 42, Virginia 300

Mary E. Coffin et mar to W. F. Brooks: sw¼ nw¼, section 5-68-19 260

Charles E. Slageburg et al to Nels A. Bolstad: s½ of section 7-50-20.. 2,288

Daisy M. McDonald et mar to E. G. Bush: lot 12, block 12, and e½ of lot 11, block 12, Hibbing 325

E. B. Vivian et mar to E. A. Gilli: lots 29 and 30, block 7, Hibbing.. 450

Same to Eliza Williams: lots 27 and 28, block 7, Hibbing 400

Ole Elgstrom et ux to C. P. Nelson et al: west ½ of lot 328, block 125, Duluth Proper, Second division.. 850

John Gyrsmak et ux to Joseph Larbiecki: lot 12, block 70, Virginia.. 500

Chester Morrison to Anna Morrison: se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼, lots 1 and 2, section 26-64-12 1

Southern Townsite Co. to Charles E. Everett: lot 10, block 15, Hibbing 200

Adolph Pernu et ux to Missabe & Northern Townsite Co.: lot 8, block 1, Grant 1

Virginia Improvement Co. to John C. Mosher: lot 4, block 32, Virginia 1

Charles W. Day et ux to Olif C. Thorseth, w½ of lot 45, block 82, Duluth Proper, Third division.. 1

W. W. Johnson et ux to William J. Wallace, timber on nw¼ ne¼ and w½ se¼ section 15-59-17.... 300

S. M. Strayer to M. F. Bates, timber on s½ se¼ section 3, e½ ne¼, section 10-51-15..... 150

Imogene Sleeper to same, timber on sw¼ section 8-51-15..... 90

M. A. Allason to A. U. Reed, e½ e½ section 8-51-15 400

A. M. Reed to M. W. Bates, timber on e½ e½, section 8-51-15.... 400

J. H. Norton to A. B. Reed, timber on ne¼ nw¼, nw¼ ne¼, se¼ ne¼ section 22-51-15..... 1

A. R. Bates et mar to M. W. Bates, same as above 1

M. W. Bates et ux to M. F. Bates, timber on e½ e½, section 8; ne¼ nw¼, nw¼ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼, section 22-51-15..... 1

Margaret Sullivan to Angeline Pyette, lots 65 and 67, Lake Avenue, Upper Duluth.. 450

Geo. B. Wyarner to Rudolf Edquist, part e½ of lot 29, block 87, Duluth Proper, Third division..... 140

Charles A. Holt et ux to Christina Lindgren, west 25 feet of lot 421, block 150, Duluth Proper, Second division 1,175

John S. Cameron to Ellen T. Horgan, sly 50 ft of lots 18 and 20, West Second street, Duluth Proper, First division 4,450

Gebhard Kalenk to School District No. 22, lot 4, block 32, Virginia.. 250

School district No. 22 to Anna A. McGonagle, lots 4 and 5, black 32, Virginia 250

Ole J. Kjostal to John E. Paulson, lots 1 and 2, section 27, lot 3, section 28-66-17 200

James A. McIntyle et al to Max S. Greenblat, south 25 feet of north 100 feet of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 20, and west 12 ft of south 25 feet of lot 4, block 20, Hibbing 4,750

W. H. Hart to Chester McKusick, ne¼ ne¼ section 21-62-15..... 260

Same to same, se¼ se¼ section 21-62-15..... 50

Bryan O'Rourke et al to B. H. Hayes, ne¼ ne¼ section 12-57-21.. 800

Same parties, und ½ w½ ne¼ and nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ section 4-59-21..... 1

Noe Castonquay et al to Charles A. Anderson, w½ of lot 404, block 78, Duluth Proper, Second div.. 1

E. D. Hadley et al to Interstate Land & Investment Co., lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15, 16, block 9, Summit Park division 1,250

Gust Backstrom to William Johnson, e½ of lot 5, block 32, Tower 5

Virginia imp. Co. to John C. Mosher, lot 4, block 32, Virginia.. 350

M. J. Scott et mar to Ida M. Donaldson, lots 11, 12, block 17, Macfarlane's Grassy Point addition 1

John Peterson et ux to Wilhelm Gustafson, s½ sw¼ section 27-58-19 84

Duluth Bethel Association to Duluth Bethel society, part of lot 2, block 2, Industrial division, nly 48 feet of lot 98, and of wly 35 ft of lot 100, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division 1

$27.50 to Winnipeg and Return.

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company, through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Excursions to Pacific Coast.

The Great Northern railway will sell from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30, colonist tickets to Helena, Butte and Anaconda at $20; Spokane, Pendleton and Wenatchee, $22.50; Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, Vancouver and other Pacific coast points, $25. Hundreds of other points just as low. Five trains a day out of Duluth. Tourist sleeping car, double berths, $1 a night. Cross the beautiful Rocky and Cascade countains in daylight. Plenty of stopovers allowed. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel.

Crosby's Bargains

In Houses and Lots.

$10,000 buys one of the best-built houses on East First street, in the best location, unobstructed lake view. A nine-room house which will do credit to the most particular. Everything of the very best.

$5000 buys an A 1 modern, up-to-date home in Lester Park, on upper side of street, with fine lake view.

FOUR LOTS on upper side of McCulloch street, near Forty-third avenue East, must be sold at once at prices $300, $400, $425 and one at $450. These are double corners and can be sold in pairs. Another one on the upper side of Colorado street, Fifty-third avenue East, big size lot, only $500. Lots on upper side of London road, 50x140, will be sold in pairs for $1100. Close buyers buy from us.

A number of fine homes in the East End, West End and West Duluth. Prices from $700 to $4000.

Some choice double corners in the East End at lowest market prices.

Building lots for sale in all parts of the city. If you have only a small amount of cash, come and talk things over with us. Every week we supply people with homes and lots, although they have very little cash to pay down. We make terms to suit.

Let us write Your Fire Insurance.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

BARGAIN Headquarters
Both Phones, 349

$2900 will buy a ten-room house on Nineteenth avenue East with all assessments paid; stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, electric light. Terms very easy with $750 cash.

$2400 for six-room house in East End, with water, sewer, toilet, furnace heat, electric light; fine home.

$4000 buys one of the cosiest homes in the East End. Six rooms, water, sewer, bath, electric light, stone foundation, furnace heat—a beautiful location with full view of the lake.

$950 for a bran new house in West Duluth, two blocks from car line; five rooms, hardwood floors, woodshed, good well—a bargain.

$2000 for an elegant home on Seventh street, near Third avenue East. Fifty-foot lot, good well, furnace heat, barn.

$3500 buys fifty feet extending from Michigan street to Superior street, near Twelfth avenue West, with two good dwellings with water in each, one having six rooms and renting for $17 and the other having seven rooms and renting for $19. Property will double in value in short time. Lot almost level.

$1800 buys a fifty-foot lot between Superior street and Michigan street, near Twenty-fourth avenue West. This is the biggest snap in that vicinity.

$2590 buys a three-story dwelling on Piedmont avenue car line; stone foundation, full basement, water and sewer on each floor; all in good repair and renting for more than $40 per month. Snap.

$600 for small dwelling and lot (40x80) near Nineteenth avenue West.

BARGAINS!

$5850 for twelve-room house, with stone foundation, cement floor in cellar, steam heat, part hardwood finish; a beautiful house. Four full-size 50-foot lots. Central location. Reasonable terms. Five per cent interest on deferred payments.

$4000 for two lots, each 50x140 feet in size, on upper side of Third street in the best residence locality in the West End, near Lincoln Park, with a house of seven rooms. City water.

$3600 for eight-room house with bath, city water and sewer, electric light. Also barn on premises. Lot 50x140 feet on upper side of East First street. Finest location in the city for a home.

$2200 for a beautiful residence lot on upper side of Second street, near Twelfth avenue East. Lot is graded, terraced and sodded.

$2200 for double corner at Eighteenth avenue East and Jefferson street. 100x150 feet in size. Sewer, gas and water mains in street. Can sell either lot separately if desired. This is a good investment.

$550 for a five-room house and 25-foot lot on upper side of Ninth street, between Second and Third avenues West. Small cash payment down and monthly payments for balance, if desired.

$1600 for a six-room house with city water and sewer connections, some hardwood floors, situated on a good lot 50x100 feet in size on upper side of Second street, at West End. Convenient to Garfield avenue and Northern Pacific railway round house.

WE HAVE A LARGE LIST OF HOUSES AND LOTS AT MODERATE PRICES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. ALSO FINE RESIDENCE SITES ON IMPROVED STREETS.

FOR RENT.

A desirable house on East Superior street—ten rooms, all modern conveniences $40

An eight-room house on Jefferson street, near Sixteenth avenue East, with bath, furnace, grate and mantel, and hardwood floors down stairs..... $30

Also two well-furnished houses in desirable locations at the East End.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

Milwaukee and Return $11.30.

September 5th to 11th, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee, Wis., at $11.30 for the round trip. Limit for return passage Sept. 12th, 1903. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior Street.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.
Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave
Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Fort Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing; Wednesdays for Port Wing, Cornucopia and Ashland, Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton **9:30 A.M.** **4:00 p. m.**
All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Uptown office—No. 9 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:27	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:99	12:50
6:03	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
4:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†	2:00 p.m
† 11:15 p.m		†	6:20 a.m
† 6:20 a.m		†	9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	*	6:48 p.m
* 8:30 p.m		*	7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia	*†	12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	†	9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail Ar. *8:30 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:15 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
a 4:0 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, Sakris Oberg, of the City of Virginia, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, do hereby notify all persons, that my wife, Hilda Oberg, has left my bed and board against my wish and will and contrary to my desire; That I have a good home for my said wife and for my children at Virginia, Minn., and that I desire that my said wife and children shall come to their said home at Virginia, Minn., and there live, and that I will there support them well according to their condition in life; That it is my desire and will to support and educate my children; and I hereby notify all persons that I will not be responsible, and I will not pay any debts or bills that may be contracted by my said wife or children whether the same be for necessaries or not, while my said wife and children wilfully remain away from my said home against my will and consent; and any and all persons who may deal with my said wife and children must do so at their own risk and peril.

Dated this 4th day of September, A. D. 1903.

S. OBERG.

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 11-12-14, 1903.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., and Return $4.00.

For the Northern Wisconsin state fair to be held at Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 15 to 18, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Sept. 14 to 17 inclusive at $4 for the round trip. Tickets good for return until Sept. 19, 1903.

City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WEST END BARGAINS.

$1050 Seven-roomed house and lot, near Thirtieth avenue West.

$1250 Eight-roomed house and lot, near Thirty-first avenue West, on Third street. House alone would cost $1500 to build.

$1600 Seven-roomed house and lot, between Twenty-ninth and Thirty-second avenue West, on Third street. Stone foundation, water, sewer and closet.

$2250 Modern house and 50-foot lot on Second street, near Twentieth avenue West. Must be sold. Terms, $300 cash and $25 a month.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$4800 for lot 50x140, Superior and Michigan streets, near Eleventh avenue West, with two houses, water and sewer connections; rented for $54 a month. Growing in value.

$750 A good lot on Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue East. Water in street. Good homes around it.

$550 for a lot on London road near Twenty-second avenue.

$3400 Nine-room house, stone foundation, cement sidewalk, water, sewer, electric light; 50-foot lot on Nineteenth avenue East.

$13 per acre for a good tract of land only six miles from Superior street. This is cheap.

D. W. Scott,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

"THAT'S MY BUSINESS"—SELLING

Cary Safes

Vaults and Bank Work.
Good Second-hand Safes Always on Hand.
M. M. CONLON. — DULUTH, MINN.

PINE AND HARDWOOD TIMBERED LANDS
In Southern States. Any size tract desired.
SILVER BROS. & CO.
Suite 313-316 Torrey Bldg.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Brenholm, 1069 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. LEROY, THE EMINENT CLAIRvoyant and Palmist, has returned. He gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles, and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 9 daily, except Sunday. Parlors, 508 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

FREE! FREE! YOUR FORTUNE TOLD. My advice is good as gold. Send birth date, and three 2-cent stamps now. Dr. Best, 74, D. 166, Chicago.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FINANCIAL.

STOCK COMPANIES ORGANIZED AND financed. We secure capital for business propositions, underwrite and guarantee bonds and stocks of meritorious enterprises. International Bonding Co., Arrott building, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—$2000 HOUSE CHEAP —or good vacant property to improve. Address N 7, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON STEET CAR, EAR TRUMPET in bag. Return to 231 West Second street for reward.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

PERSONAL.

HELLO GIRLS! A HANDSOME YOUNG man, of 22 years, possessing your desired qualities, wants a sweetheart. Correspond with me direct. Verne Rosebush. General Delivery.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your Druggis Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

LADIES—$500 REWARD IF WE FAIL to relieve obstinate suppression, any cause in pathology. Mail. Dr. Johnson M. Dis., 95 Dearborn, Chicago.

WANTED—WOMAN, UNDER 35 YEARS, for a country home. Object, marriage. For country home. Apply early for interview, Saturday or Sunday. Herald.

NEW BORN BABY GIRL FOR ADOPtion. 1609 West Second street.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Jouven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. If Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

MAN'S BEST FRIEND—DR. MUTTER'S Quick Cure for weak men. Acts immediately. "It does the business." Sample free. Kraigco, Chemist Dept. 57, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRIAGE DIRECTORY FREE TO all. Pay when married. New plan; send no money. For particulars address, H. A. Horton, Dept. 108, Tekonsha, Mich.

LADIES! OUR HARMLESS REMEDY relieves without fail delayed or suppressed menstruation. For free trial address Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

A Good Way To Save Money

Is to deposit a portion of your earnings each week, or each month, with the

Savings Department of the CITY NATIONAL BANK

Remember, there is no business so small, and none so large, but that this bank will give it careful attention.

Open from 10 to 3.

Also Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—PERSONS TO CALL ON RETAIL trade and agents for manufacturing house; local territory; salary $19 paid weekly; expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; business successful; enclose self-addressed envelope. Standard House, Chicago.

LINCOLN PARK.

A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 26, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the nin h Tuesday, September 29, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winner. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S. Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

MINES AND MINING.

I AM NOW IN THE MARKET FOR A small block Arizona Copper Mountain. Higbee, Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$600 Eight-room house, Twenty-third avenue West and Tenth street.

$900 Fine six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout, cost to build, $1300. Easy payments.

$1100 Well-built, seven-room house on Third avenue West, above Fifth street.

$5500 Seven-room house, fine condition, stone foundation, cellar and water; 100 feet frontage on London Road by 400 feet to lake. A perfect home and cheap.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS
BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE
H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $3.50 PER ACRE — 1000 ACRES good farm land near Grand Lake, must be sold quick. See W. M. Prindle & Co., Duluth. Also large and small tracts in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan at $1.50 to $2.75 per acre.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1600. Also 8-room house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2401 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS—LOANS—LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are low and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

IF YOU WANT MONEY on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Carriages, etc., or on Personal Property of any kind, call on

THE MINNESOTA LOAN CO.,
THE MINNESOTA LOAN CO.,
205 Palladio Building,

And get terms before dealing elsewhere. You can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan.

Anyone having bought furniture or pianos on time or obtained a loan on same and found the payments larger than they can conveniently meet, can have them paid up for them and carried as long as desired. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOLD BARGAINS. CAN GIVE SPECial prices several leading Black Hills mining stocks. Write promptly. Nathan Halle, Broker, Deadwood, S. D.

TO EXCHANGE — THREE LOTS IN West Duluth and a state lease for good farming land. Address T 32, Herald.

CORPORATION CONTROLLING BUSIness established 1865 desires energetic business man who can furnish unquestionable reference as to ability and integrity to take management of branch office for the state of Minnesota. Salary $2500 per annum. Address Auditor's Dept., Box 536, Madison, Wis.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, N 313, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — $75 BUYS 40 ACRES OF land. Address T 46, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE LIGHT DRAY, ONE safe, three counters and one showcase. Will sell cheap if taken at once. C. E. Benson, 2023 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED CARLOAD Western horses, weight 1100 to 1,01 pounds; some broken. Corner Grand and Central avenues, West Duluth. L. Mark.

FOR SALE—ONE HAMMOND TYPEwriter with desk. Will be sold cheap. 318 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—HAT TREE, PHYSICIAN'S couch, barber's chair, three or four oak dining chairs, cabinet, etc. Address, Mrs. V., 222 West Third street.

FOR SALE — FRESH MILCH COWS. Seventy-fourth avenue west, Bay Front street. Alex Smith.

DON'T PAY RENT! Arrange to pay for a home of your own with the money you are now paying as rent. F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building. Phone 141.

FOR SALE—A TEA AND COFFEE route. Grand Union Tea company, 18 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—STOVES AND HOUSEhold goods, cheap. 2527 West Second street.

FOR SALE—DARK BROWN HORSE, Sept. 19, at pound, 408 East Seventh street. Poundmaster Ottinger.

FOR SALE—$135 WALNUT UPRIGHT piano, used six months, $10 cash and $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's McClure's Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $15—$5 CASH and $3 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—USED ORGAN, $5; LARGE used organ, $18; large used organ, $20; large used organ, $25.00. Very easy terms. French & Bassett.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2608 Heim street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

FIFTY SUGAR AND YELLOW PINE timber claims in California. Cut two to three millions. Minutes $150.00 per claim. Address Ellsworth Benham, Room 75, Worcester block, Portland, Oregon.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2920 West Third street. New phone 1448.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO, THREE OR FOUR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; central. B. 34, Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best references, easy walking distance. F. M. R., Duluth Music Co.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO OR THREE unfurnished rooms in West Duluth. Address, E. W. M., 10 South Fifty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms.. Address W 16, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION in office. Address, E. P. W., Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day of any kind. G. 52, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home. Call at 726 East Third street. Easement.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED--MALE

WANTED—POSITION AS PORTER, IN or out of town. Address W 25, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TIMEKEEPer in woods. Best of references furnished and have had one year's experience. Y 14, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS DRIVER for express company preferred. Address Frank K. Reynolds, care of Postoffice.

WANTED — OFFICE WORK BY A young man of 25, with a practical knowledge of stenography. Address Y 21, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY NORWEGIan, 26 years, as coachman or work around private place; has had experience; understands care of horses. P. A. K., 531 West First street.

WANTED—POSITION AS ASSISTANT engineer, fireman, or machine filer, by foreigner with best of references. G. 95, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework by Oct. 1. Apply 124 West Third street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS AT CHILDren's home, 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD SEWING GIRL. 5 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD DINING-ROOM GIRL. Apply Hotel St. Louis.

ACTIVE LADY TO WORK AT HOME. $36 paid for 12 days' trial; promotion if satisfactory. State religion. J. Engwall, Lakeside building, Chicago.

LADIES TO DO WRITING AT HOME. $25 per hundred. Stamped envelope for particulars. Ladies' Supply Co., Dept. 85, Indianapolis, Ind.

$20.00 A HUNDRED WRITING LETTERS home. Addressed envelope for particulars. Electric Remedy Co., Dept. 1a9, 235 So. Michigan, South Bend., Ind.

LADIES HAVING FANCY WORK TO sell, dollies, centerpieces, battenburg and drawn work; all kinds fancy work bought and sold. Send stamped envelope. Ladies Exchange, 34 Monroe street, Chicago.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 Monroe street, Chicago.

$25 PER 100 WRITING SHORT LETTERS from copy. Pay weekly. Addressed stamped envelope. Racine Wholesale company, Desk 69, Chicago.

WOMAN WANTED TO SELL A NECessity to mothers. $12.00 a week clear. Dept. M, Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework. 308 Eighth avenue east.

WANTED—CATHOLIC GIRL, 20 TO 25 years, of good quality and appearance, to clerk in reliable grocery store, for respectable outside party. M. K., Herald.

WANTED — COOK; HIGHEST WAGES. Apply evenings, 1211 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT DRESSmaker to go out sewing by day. Z 14, Herald.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; best wages; permanent place. Apply Mrs. Magie, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Family of three. 1427 East Superior street. Mrs. Smith.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. 1007 East Third street.

WANTED—APRENTICE GIRLS AT Newell's millinery, 29 West Superior St.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at once, 29 West Superior street.

WANTED—NEAT, ELDERLY WOMAN; white or colored, for light housework; three in family. Address, A. L., Herald.

WANTED—LADY FAMILY COOK. Bon Ton alskery, 25 West Superior St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; best wages. 1508½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRLS TO SEW OVERALLS, shirts and jumpers. Inquire F. A. Patrick & Co., South Fifth avenue west. Sixth floor.

WANTED — GOOD CHOCOLATE DIPper; steady work. Smith & Markus, 110 West Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL, BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED—TWO SIXTEEN YEAR OLD boys. Apply Laboratory, Llethhead Drug Co.

CIRCULAR AND SAMPLE DISTRIButors; good pay; no canvassing or peddling; experience unnecessary. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

SALESMAN WANTED — CAPABLE traveling salesman to fill vacancy. Season exceptionally favorable. Staple line. No experiment. Permanent position. Well rated house. W. E. Hodgman, Cleveland, Ohio.

GOOD OPENING FOR ENERGETIC worker, lady or gentleman, to travel on salary and commission, will require small amount of capital; expenses paid. Columbia Publishing House, 15 N. Fourth street, Minneapolis.

TRAVELING SALESMAN. AN ACTIVE energetic man for Minnesota territory. Staple line. Established high rated house. F. R. Jennings, Sales Mngr., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—GOOD STRONG BOY. CITY Stove Repair Works, 28 East Superior street.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED— Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND AS sistant bookkeeper; must be a good penman and efficient in stenographic work. Good chance for advancement. Address Fire Insurance, Herald office.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SOLICItor for family trade. Salary or commission. Must be a hustler. Address G. F. A., Herald.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED MEN FOR Colorado gold mines; engineers, firemen, machine men and trammers and laborers. $3 to $5 per day. Fare advanced. Ship Sept. 15. G. F. Gilbert & Co., 5 South Fifth avenue west.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED--CONTINUED.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY; ONE wrapper for bundle counter. Apply M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. HOTEL ST. Louis.

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT BOYS IN bundle department. 1. Frémuth.

WANTED — STEADY MAN USED TO farm work, $35 per month year around. Apply Guaranty Farm Land company, 428 West Superior street.

WANTED — GLOVE SALESMAN OF ability to carry manufacturers' line of men's gloves. For terms and territory address "Glove," Herald.

WANTED—BELL BOY, AT HOTEL McKay.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO KNOW THAT $8 per month will buy a $100 home with F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building.

25 BRIDGE CARPENTERS, 30 CENTS an hour; 100 Railroad laborers, $2 day; 50 station men; 100 woodsmen. E. Downie, 502½ West Superior street, Western Employment agency.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR MESsenger work. Apply by letter, giving age and references. First National bank.

WANTED—MAN WITH FAIR EDUCAtion to represent reliable house in portion state Minnesota. Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; establishing trade; some collecting. Addressed envelope. Manager, Wimmer, 356 Dearborn, Chicago.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOUR ROOM HOUSE TO RENT. 429 Nineteen and One-half avenue west.

FOR RENT—1007 EAST SUPERIOR street; modern nine-room house, $40 per month. Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—NUMBER 229 FOURTH avenue west; twelve rooms; all modern conveniences. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM; modern. Address 903 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, $6 A month. 1027 East Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER, sewer and light. 634½ East Second st.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS UPstairs. 724 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen. Phone service. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED, LARGE, front room, with grate; central. C. J., Evening Herald.

MODERN ROOMS—GAS, HOT WATER heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred, B. 27, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat; will allow light housekeeping. Inquire at 409 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLAT; gas, bath. 306 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD, BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue west.

ROOM WITH BOARD, FOR TWO, IN a private family. Apply at 319 West Fourth street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—CHILD TO BOARD. CALL or address, 1125 West First street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY EMployed during day, pleasant room with breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner. East End preferred. Highest references. Address, stating price, G. 92, Herald.

FOR RENT -- NICELY FURNISHED room with board. 720 West First street.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT. Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work, ——. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 15. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees' hall, corner Superior street and first avenue west. Wednesday, Sept. 16, the supreme commander will be present and address the members on state of the order. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Milnes, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock, at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2205.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth, Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS: first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.
MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.

SECTION 2 **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** PAGES 13 TO 24

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1903.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LESTER PARK, POPULAR RESORT FOR SUMMER OUTINGS

Lester park might well be called the "People's park." It is the popular resort for all picnics and summer outings, and is probably the most frequented of all Duluth's summer gardens.

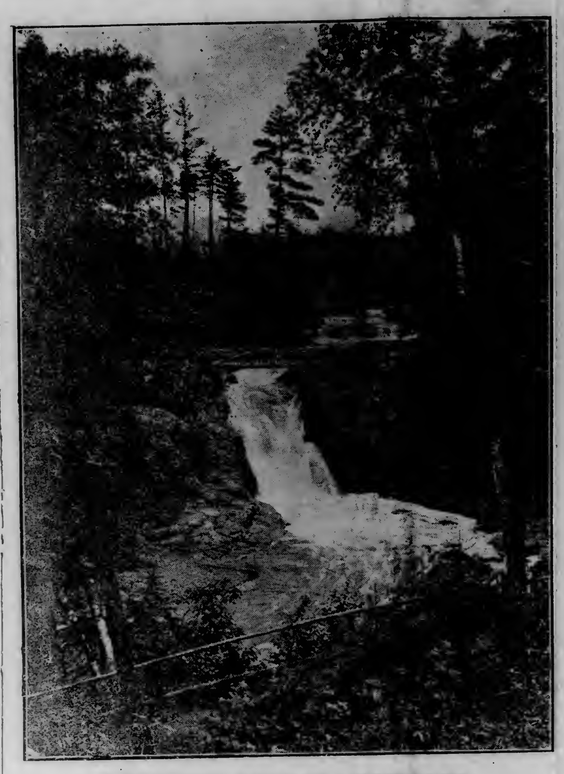
It is also the largest of Duluth's parks, and contains the most variegated scenery. As is the case with Chester park, Nature has been allowed to have her own way with the scenery, and beyond the rustic bridges, which but add to the effect, few traces of man's handiwork are to be found, after the pavilions and dancing halls have been left behind.

If a visitor in the park would see its beauties to the best advantage, he should follow the course of the little stream, which wanders through the grounds, to the upper limit of the park. The path along the bank of the stream will lead him through some of the most delightful spots to be found anywhere.

The stream is a turbulent one, and a succession of falls and rapids marks its length. In the spaces between these falls it rushes quietly along between high banks, overhung with trees and bushes.

As a picnic ground, Lester park is unsurpassed. Level stretches of sod may be found for the spreading of the festal cloth, and all the qualities of the ideal picnic ground, accessibility, remoteness from civilization and natural beauty are forthcoming, and the people of Duluth have not been slow to realize these qualities of the park, and utilize it as the destination of outing and picnic parties.

At the present time the park is at its best. The rains of the past month have given the trees and grass a deep shade of green, untouched as yet by the first frosts. The stream is running full, and the cool weather of the first month of autumn makes a tramp through the park a most delightful outing.



A BEAUTIFUL SCENE ON LESTER RIVER.



PICTURESQUE VIEW IN LESTER PARK.



CHARMING BEAUTY SPOT ON LESTER RIVER.

NEW ELDORADO IN ALASKA

One of the Richest Mineral Empires of the World.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—After a two months' trip through the lonely and undeveloped regions of Northern Alaska and Northern Siberia, Ferdinand W. Peck returned to Chicago ready to hazard his prophecy that in the section visited "lies one of the richest empires of the world."

To investigate the apparently limitless possibilities contained in a grant made by the Russian government to the Northeastern Siberia company, Mr. Peck and a corps of engineers left Chicago last June. The rights granted in this concession are now said to exceed those enjoyed by the Hudson Bay or the East India companies in their palmiest days. With the consent of the Russian imperial government they were purchased by the Northwestern Commercial company, of Seattle, and it was as representatives of this concern that Mr. Peck and his companions made their trip of investigation.

For twenty-six days the exploring party was on salt water. They approached close to Point Barrow, the extreme northerly point of Alaska, and then journeyed along the northern coast of the Tchoukotsk peninsula, in Siberia. As the territory included in the grant comprises 200,000 square miles of this peninsula, any extensive examination of the country was impossible in the limited time of the expedition. The Arctic circle was invaded, however, the "farthest north" reached being the sixty-ninth degree of latitude on the Siberian coast. A stop was made at the Diomede islands, which lie in Bering straits, midway between Alaska and Siberia.

Although the object of the trip was primarily to investigate the Siberian territories, yet the American field of operations of the Northwestern Commercial company was not neglected.

In an interview regarding the future development of Northern Alaska, Mr. Peck spoke with especial confidence concerning the prospect for the increased production of gold.

"The United States will get at least $7,000,000 of gold from the Seward peninsula this year," said he, "and double that amount next year. The greatest mineral wealth at present in sight in Alaska is on this peninsula, near Nome. It is safe to say that in five years the output will be more than $50,000,000."

Tin, according to Mr. Peck, may rival gold as the leading product of the region at the north and south of the Kotzebue sound.

"Enormous quantities of tin have been discovered at places near Cape Prince of Wales," he said, in speaking of his visit to this section. "The deposits are of the lead and silver variety, and seem destined to develop a great industry. I personally investigated both the places where the discoveries had been made."

The Siberian visit disclosed the fact that the rumors of an American exploration of the country had already spread among the natives, who were bringing into the three trading posts furs, walrus tusks and other valuable articles of which the world's supply is limited.

The concessions granted the company include the right to build, own and operate railroads, telephone and telegraph lines. The nearest Alaskan station is but fifty miles from East Cape, which makes the suspension of the Russian import duties another valuable privilege possessed by the company.

ITALIAN KILLED.

Was Once Prominent Officer In Italian Army.

New York, Sept. 12.—Arcangelo Rainio, formerly an officer in the Italian army and later connected with the secret service in Italy, was shot dead yesterday in a hallway adjoining a saloon at Second avenue and East One Hundred and Thirteenth street.

Rainio came to this country three years ago. While in Italy he had been instrumental in the conviction of a number of dangerous characters. It was said that he fled from Italy to save his life, fearing that certain men would kill him. He went to live in Philadelphia and came to New York now and then. While on one of his visits he made the acquaintance of Teresa Gianzzo, a beautiful young woman, who is spoken of as the "belle of Little Italy," and who lives over a saloon. Rainio visited the girl yesterday and about an hour later two shots were heard and two men were seen running from the house. Rainio was found dead in the hallway, having been shot through the back of the head. Near the body the police found two side combs, a pair of heels from a woman's shoes and four pistol cartridges.

The girl who raised an alarm that men were robbing her apartments, just before the shots were fired, disappeared afterwards.

WHEAT CROP SAFE.

Any Loss Will Now Result From Carelessness.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 12.—The Northwestern wheat crop is practically safe, and is enthirely out of danger, except for losses that may occur because of the carelessness of farmers themselves in not protecting the grain that has been cut. The Northern Pacific report issued by Vice President J. M. Hannaford, indicates that yield everywhere is good, ranging in Minnesota and North Dakota from twevle to eighteen bushels to the acre.

Rains have delayed threshing over the entire wheat country, and continued wet weather will make shipments to the big markets backward. In some sections the past few days have been dry and cool, and threshing has been pushed with all speed. Casselton county in North Dakota has enjoyed good weather and a big run of wheat has resulted. Near Kathryn, N. D., several fields have yielded from twenty-two to twenty-five bushels, and in the same district another station reorts one field averaging twenty-eight bushels, with the general yield far above the average. At Litchville wheat runs seventeen bushels, oats twenty-eight bushels, and barley thirty bushels to the acre.

Wheat in Western Minnesota runs from fifteen to twenty bushels to the acre, and is of excellent quality. Between St. Paul and Duluth wheat runs from fifteen to twenty bushels. Some fields are yielding fifty to fifty-five bushels of oats and forty bushels of barley. On the Little Falls & Dakota line harvesting of all grains is completed and nearly all has been threshed.

Minnesota corn and potatoes are making excellent progress, although in the Western portion of the state the corn is a little backward. It will need ten days of favorable weather to mature it properly. Flax, except in Western districts, is cut and much of it is threshed, showing an excellent yield. Fall plowing has commenced in all parts of the state.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT THE SUDDEN, OR DIPLOMACY OF THE OYSTER BAY BRAND

Wherein Are Shown the Advantages of Deeds, Not Words.

Chapter I.

A messenger came loitering down a corridor in the department of state at Washington. He carried an envelope in his hand.

The third assistant secretary of state, Mr. Adee, was gazing pensively at the portrait of the Bay of Tunis that adorns the wall across from his desk. The messenger came in.

"What is it?" asked Mr. Adee.

"Cipher," said the messenger, nonchalantly.

Mr. Adee took the envelope and gazed languidly at the address. "Secstate, Washu."

Ciphers are no novelty to Mr. Adee. He has them for breakfast, dinner and supper.

Slowly he read, "Constantinople."

"Ha!" he said, "I wonder what Leishman has to say?"

Then he read again: "Consul General Magelssen was shot and killed by an assassin at Beirut on Sunday evening. He was"——

"Whoopee!" shouted Mr. Adee, dashing madly to the office of Mr. Loomis, first assistant secretary of state.

"Here! Here!" he said, as he tumbled into the office of Mr. Loomis. "Read this! Consul general at Beirut assassinated! Terrible affair! International complication! What do you think of that?"

Mr. Loomis read.

"Seems serious," he said, "but perhaps it isn't true."

"Isn't true?" protested Adee. "Isn't true? Why, this is Thursday, and it happened on Sunday. Besides, Leishman sends it. Isn't true? Pshaw! International complication, I tell you."

"Well," said Loomis, "we'll have to notify the president and Secretary Hay."

Telegrams were hurriedly prepared and sent to Oyster Bay and Lake Sunapee. A cablegram was sent to Constantinople asking for further information. Mr. Loomis and Mr. Adee held sixty-seven consultations in the next few hours.

Great excitement prevailed.

Chapter II.

"B-zing-r-r-r-ring!" went the telephone bell at Sagamore Hill. The president, who had been idly swinging on the horizontal bar, leaped lightly to the top of his desk and took down the receiver.

"Well?" he said. "Well?" "Well?"

"Is that you, Mr. President?" came gaspingly over the wire. "This is Loeb. Telegram here from Loomis. International complication. Vice consul at Beirut killed. Assassinated. Terrible affair. Shot in the carriage—no, I mean, in the head—no, I don't know where he was shot, but he was shot. International compli——"

"Stop!" shouted the president. "Stop! Bring it here. Hurry! Something must be done."

Fifteen minutes later a horse, covered with foam, galloped madly up the road to the house on Sagamore Hill.

Loeb ran into the house. The president was gazing steadily at a photograph of the czar of Russia.

"Where is it?" he asked, eagerly. "Where is it?"

Seizing the telegram, he read: "Consul general at Beirut murdered. Think should wait for more details. Advise. Loomis."

"Think should wait for more details," said the president. "Fudge! What further details does he want? It's an international complication."

"International complication!" murmured Loeb.

Whereupon great excitement prevailed.

Chapter III.

Ten minutes later another horse, covered with foam, galloped madly up the road to the house on Sagamore Hill.

Barnes ran into the house. "Another telegram," he said, sinking exhausted on the vaulting horse.

The president leaped to his side, biting each word into three separate parts.

"Just hear that. Consul general at Beirut has been murdered. International complication. We must do something at once. I am chief of bureau of navigation, you remember, as well as your brother-in-law. Cowles."

"That's the talk," said the president. "No waiting for details in this dispatch. We must have action. Have it at once. We'll show 'em were'e a world power. Take these messages."

And, once again, great excitement prevailed.

Chapter IV.

Loeb seized a piece of paper and the president dictated while walking about the room.

"Moody, Secretary Navy, Washington:

"Our consul general at Beirut was murdered. It is an international complication. We must not wait, but must show the world that we cannot be thus tampered with with impunity. Run the Dardanelles. Bombard the Yildiz, Kiosk. Sock it to the sick man of Europe. Trample on the treacherous Turk. I look to you for action. Consult Cowles, chief of the bureau of navigation. You will find him alive to this opportunity. Mangle the Moslem. We must prove that we are ready to play our part. No weaklings need apply. T. R."

Turning to Barnes, the president said:

"Take this.'

"John Hay, Secretary of State, Lake Sunapee, N. H.:

"Have just been advised that consul general at Beirut has been murdered. Come at once to Oyster Bay. I do not need you for I have decided on what is to be done, but come to back me up. Get the machinery of the department of state in motion. I have sent all the ships I can find to storm Constantinople and wring blood and treasure from the sultan for the outrage. Delay not for a single moment would be fatal to our prestige. Hurry. Get a move on. Action is the byword of success. Words are good when backed with deeds, and only so. Hustle! Do you think I should order the army to mobilize? Why don't you answer? Don't delay! T. R.

Loeb's message was being hurled to Washington. Barnes was frantically pounding on the typewriter.

"Here, Loeb," said the president, "this situation demands instant and urgent attention. Take this:

"William H. Moody, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.: Have the ships reached Constantinople yet? Why not bombard Syrna? Do you know where we can buy a few more battleships? What is the state of preparedness of the navy? How many marines can you land in the court yard of the sultan's palace tomorrow morning? Can you get any there tonight? It seems to me I should have a reply by this time. T. R.

Then, while Barnes stood ready for duty, the president said: "Barnes, here is another:



"In cases of this kind," said the president to Secretary Hay, "it is necessary to discard the slow and pacific methods of diplomacy and go at the root of the evil with an ax. I am somewhat of a chopper myself. I have acted. I hold myself in readiness to receive the applause of my countrymen."

"W. S. Cowles, Chief of Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.: Dear Brother-in-Law: You shall have a chance. Order everything afloat to Turkey. Ravish the coast. Instruct your admirals to raze each seaport. Turn loose the dogs of war. I hope you are all well. T. R.

And not only at Oyster Bay, but in other places, great excitement prevailed.

Chapter V.

While the telegraph operators bent to their tasks, the president walked about the room.

"Is it not true," he asked of Loeb and Barnes, "that this atrocity must not go unpunished? Our vengeance must be sure and terrible. Have you not heard from Moody or Hay yet? I wonder why they don't reply. Thrice armed is he who acts quickly. Talk soft and carry a big stick and you will go far. These are iron times. Why in thunder don't Moody reply?"

There was no answer. The president gazed across the room at the bust of Emperor William.

"Ha!" he said, "I now have an opportunity to show Germany and Russia and all the rest that I know what to do in an emergency like this. Is there any answer yet? How many ships have we in the Mediterranean? I'll keep them all over there after this. I wish the Turks had had the temerity to do this thing up here at Oyster Bay when I had my naval review. I'd have shown them then. Why, I might have stood in my front yard—but pshaw! I never have any luck. Haven't those people answered yet?"

The telegraph operator came into the room.

"Here is a message, Mr. President," he said.

The president read:

"President, Oyster Bay, N. Y.:

"Yours received. Am starting at once. Wouldn't it be a good plan to wait until tomorrow for further details?

"JOHN HAY."

"There he goes," said the president querulously. "These diplomats always want to delay, but, by Jove, there shall be no delay."

Another message came. It read:

"Have three small ships in the European squadron. Will send them as soon as possible. Wouldn't it be a good plan to wait until we get further details?"

"MOODY."

"Great heavens!" shouted the president. "Is my cabinet in league against me? Wire them all there will be no delay. We will strike at once, while the iron is hot. This is the time for re-



"Send all the ships we have to Turkey! Run the Dardanelles! Sock it to the Sick Man of Europe! Trample on the Treacherous Turk! Turn loose the Dogs of War!"

prisal. Are we a world power, or are we a mere red and yellow blotch on the map. Wire everybody to get off the track. I have started things. I shall keep them going. Action! Ac-tion! Ac-ti-on!"

The words exploded like torpedoes, and great excitement prevailed.

Chapter VI.

All was bustle and hurry in the navy department. Realizing the gravity of the international complication, Capt. Cowley, chief of the bureau of navigation, had ordered ship after ship to descend on the coast of Turkey.

The newspapers came out next morning with columns of the story. Ominous warnings from Washington and Oyster Bay were carried, in leaded type, to the effect that the president was determined on instant and far-reaching measures.

It was an international complication for fair.

John Hay arrived at Oyster Bay and heard of all that had been done.

"In cases of this kind," said the president to him, "it is necessary to discard the slow and pacific methods of diplomacy and go at the root of an evil with an ax. I am somewhat of a chopper myself. I have acted. I hold myself in readiness to receive the applause of my countrymen."

"Ah, yes," said Mr. Hay. "Exactly so."

Being a diplomat, he could say no more, but even at that moment great excitement prevailed.

Chapter VII.

All day telegrams came and were dispatched. The president was at a loss to understand why there was no report of the bombardment of the Yildiz Kiosk, but he restrained his impatience as best he could.

The strength of the ships playing the war game off Portland was estimated and discussed. Long messages were sent to Gen. Young to be ready at a moment's notice to march on the Turkish rug importers and the manufacturers of fig paste.

It was a day tense with anxiety.

At 8 o'clock that night the telephone bell in the office of the president jangled noisily:

"R-r-r-ring!"

"What is it?" asked the president. "Have they bombarded Constantinople yet? Why don't they step lively? What is it, I say?"

"This is Loeb," said a voice at the other end of the wire, "and I have a message for you from Turkey."

"Read it!" shouted the president. "Read it! The demonstration that we are a world power has begun. I am sure of it."

"Listen," said Loeb.

"It transpires that the report that Vice Consul Magelssen was killed is incorrect. An unknown individual fired at him, and the bullet passed close to the vice consul, but did not touch him—"

The receiver in the office room at Oyster Bay dropped to the floor.

"As I was saying," continued John Hay, in even, well-modulated tones, "it is sometimes necessary in dealing with the powers of the world—not in this instance, perhaps, but as a broad, general principle of diplomacy—to be cautious and not precipitate—"

"Hay," interrupted the president, "what do you think of my plan for financial legislation?"

Chapter VIII.

Bulletin—Oyster Bay—Everything is quiet at Sagamore Hill tonight. Great excitement does not prevail.—Sam. G. Blythe, in St. Louis Post Dispatch.

MY LADY IN HER TWILIGHT GOWN

It Is a Cross Between a Dinner Dress and a Negligee—Cheap Without Being Common—Stylish and Yet Free From Stiffness.

New York, Sept 12.—My lady when the dusk of early fall begins to deepen into twilight and the dinner hour approaches, puts on, not a tea gown, of course, but a twilight gown! This is a cross between a dinner dress and a negligee, with all the beauty of the former and all the comfort of the latter. Its particular virtue is that it is cheap without being common.

There is a certain distinction about the twilight gown which will be at once observable to you if you will study it. It is so loose, yet so clinging; so unconfined, yet so firm about the waist line; it is so dressy, yet so unconventional; so becoming and so stylish, yet so free from stiffness, that it recommends itself to the world of women at sight.

A certain society dame who occasionally allows herself an evening at home declared to her modiste that her husband did not like her dinner gowns. "They look too much like wrappers," said she. "Yet I must have something loose to wear after the social round of the afternoon."

"Then get a twilight gown," said the modiste, and immediately she fashioned for her patron a twilight dress which was so charming that it became a household favorite.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., just home from Europe, a bride, wears for dinners at home, when there are no guests, a charming twilight gown which could be easily copied. It is cut upon the style of a court dress of 100 years ago open in the front and worn with a lace petticoat. The overdress is made of young leaf green veiling, with knots of ribbon and lace down each side of the front, which opens very much like a polonaise. There is a folded ribbon belt.

Since all women wear the low-cut neck in winter now as well as in summer, and since the low-cut neck is both comfortable and becoming, it is well to cut the twilight gown in a wide point in the front and rounding in the back. This open space can be filled in with a chemisette, if desired.

The fad for ruchings finds expression in the trimming of indoor gowns, which are decorated with ruchings of all kinds. A very pretty ruche is the one that is made of silk and shirred through the middle. A little vine of flowers is run along the shirring and the little flowers are almost, but not quite, buried in the ruche.

Another ruching that is very popular is the one with scalloped edges. This ruching is gathered in the middle and little knots of velvet are set at intervals of three inches. Ruchings are made of everything, and are made in all sorts of ways, and the wonder is that there are gowns enough upon which to place them, for they are so numerous.

A trimming that is new this fall is the piece of rushing 2 or 3 inches long. A yard of ruching is cut up in 3-inch lengths and these lengths are used to trim the front of the house gown, taking the place of the bow of ribbon or the bow of velvet.

Almost a necessary feature of the twilight gown is the wide girdle. This is made of any material and is finished in any one of a variety of ways. The French are very fond of the kid girdle, which stretches to fit the waist and looks very neat. A white kid girdle can be worn a long time, as can one of black. The red kid ones are very effective, while the blue and the green are decidedly chic, worn around the waist of house gowns that are made in the pale green or the pale cream tones.

When the girdle is made of silk or velvet, of ribbon or of cloth, it is by far the best plan to supply an inner belt of the desired width of crinoline. This inner belt is covered with silk muslin of the desired shade, and over this is carelessly draped the outer girdle.

Another way to make the girdle is to supply a foundation of boned crinoline. This is covered with folds of silk that are finished at the back with little knots of ribbon. The bottom knot hangs down long with ends that almost reach to the bottom of the skirt. These are knotted two or three times to give a finish to the girdle.

The French dressmakers insist that the girdle be very loose. They will tighten the corset until the victim is almost strangled, but when it comes to putting on the girdle this article is placed loosely around the waist and its folds are very lightly laid. Its ribbon ends are loosely tied and the whole girdle looks as though it might be worn a great deal tighter. In this way the figure is given an air of shimness.

Never, under any circumstances, in this year of our graceful fashions, should a woman undertake to tighten the belt. Lace, if lace you must, from the corset, but let the outer garments be very easy in fit. This is the positive rule which, unless well observed, will cause the gown to look very much out of the mode.

The house gown, with its flowing lines, may have the high empire belt, and this is accomplished by the mere folding of silk material across the waist line, high enough to outline the bust. This is an old style, but one that does not go out, for you see it repeated in all the new fashions of winter.

The Roman toga house gown, or twilight gown, is one that looks very simple to the eye, but it is a little difficult to make. Puzzling as this gown is to the amateur, it is really worth the while if one is going in for pretty house dresses.

The Roman toga gown is flowing in all its lines. But its particular feature is that it is fastened upon the left shoulder in Roman toga fashion, while from the shoulder it falls away in long lines clear to the ground.

Modern fashions have much transformed the Roman toga gown until now it is made over a fitted foundation and the long, flowing lines are bordered with Persian embroidery, and there is a Persian band around the foot of the gown. A very conventional stock of Persian stuff, and very wide sleeves bordered with the same, give an up-to-date look to this gown.

One of the most charming women at home is the Princess Troubetzkoy, formerly Amelie Rives. It was she who was one of the first to discover the beauties of the draped gown, and in her fondness for it she was closely seconded by Mrs. William C. Whitney and by Mrs. Cleveland, both of whom popularized it in that day in Washington. Now you will see this same gown made more conventionally, but retaining many of its old points of beauty.

To be very practical upon the subject of the twilight own, one can mention the model which is made of cashmere in a shade of tan, a tan that is almost brown. The skirt, which is of conventional cut, is long in the back. It is very plainly trimmed with four straight flounces four inches wide. There is no heading to these flounces.

Another of these pretty "twilight" gowns is made of light blue cloth with satin sheen. The bottom of the skirt, which is very long, is trimmed with four very deep tucks, each tuck headed with a little fancy fagoting. A skirt like this is within the skill of the home dressmaker, who must remember, however, to make the skirt very long, even though it be very simple in design.

A lovely little house coat which should be in the wardrobe of every woman who aspires to dress well is made of panne velvet. If you do not want to go into velvet you could make it of face cloth or of satin or of taffeta. It will be found the most economical article in one's wardrobe.

The French woman without her house coat would be lost, and the well-dressed American woman should not be behind her in appreciation of this garment. It can be made from odds and ends. A pretty material from which to make it is biscuit colored panne. Let it be cut short and shaped like a cut-away jacket, buttoning to the bust, then flaring a little. The back is very tight fitting, and there is just the suggestion of a frill around the hips.

The beauty of the house coat is that it can be worn all winter over the old shirt waists of summer. It is cut low in the neck and is provided with a wide silk sailor collar. It can be cut off at the elbows and finished with a flare cuff. Thus made, it is one of the prettiest of all garments for house wear. The undersleeves bag prettily below it, and the throat is made handsome with a lace finish.

That the summer shirt waist is to be worn all winter is now a settled fact, and the woman who does not know how to wear thin waists in the winter time must speedily learn. She must get "on to" the trick of heavy lawn underwaist and must master the intricacies of the little house coat, which protects all but the front of the waist and the sleeves, and which is slipped on over any shirt waist with stunning effect.

The science of the button, used as a trimming, is something to be studied. There is a great deal in knowing how to use your very expensive buttons after you have purchased them, and there is everything in understanding what not to do with them. Buttons that stand like sentinels in a stupid row upon the front of the waist are no ornament at all. Neither are buttons that occupy useless space, for the new art button has its work to do.

Mme. Patti, who is the smartest of all well-dressed women, has a way of turning back a velvet cuff and fastening it with a big, handsome button. She also knows how to turn back a wide collar and set a button to keep it in place. Her button collection is very large and some of the buttons are very valuable. When not in use upon a gown they are kept in the jewel case. Madame's twilight gowns are of marvelous beauty.

The dinner gown, for an informal dinner at home when there is no one expected outside the family, can be cut on charming lines and made of pretty materials, but it should not look like a wrapper, nor yet like a tea gown. Though an informal dress, it has its formalities.

It is quite different from a negligee, which savors of the sleeping room always, no matter how elegantly planned it may be, and yet it has none of the stiffness of the dinner gown.

One of the prettiest of all sights is the shopping woman, worn with the labors of the day, in a twilight gown, ready for dinner. Her dress is a dainty flowered stuff, making her look like a china woman. Her slippers are trimmed with figured bows of ribbon, in the middle of which there is a tiny but very brilliant buckle. Around her waist is folded a figured sash and at her throat nestles a wide ruching.

This same woman another evening will wear the severe type of gown, the one that is tucked as to the skirt in little tucks laid all around the belt, while the waist is made in baby waist style, buttoning in the back in French fashion. A very wide girdle, all in black, laid in many folds, is passed around the waist and tied in the back in a very severe four-in-hand with very long ends.

Many of the twilight gowns have lace sleeves, and, speaking of these, here is a true story:

"Where did you get the beautiful lace in your sleeves?" asked one woman of another.

"I cut up the best parts of an old lace curtain," replied the woman, putting her pretty house sleeve with conscious pride.

And this only goes to show how materials can be used for gowning fair woman this season, and how every scrap of lace can be utilized, no matter what may have been its previous condition of servitude.

Fine linen, fine net and fine goods of all kinds can be made into sleeves, for fashion says that they need not match the gown. Big linen puffs may bag over the wrists and big lace cuffs may bag over the knuckles, regardless of the style or kind of dress which they adorn.

Those who are looking for fashion "tips" will be glad to know that the beaded work which was so dressy and so popular will remain in style.

That yoke collars fitting closely over the shoulders will be worn with a deep flounce attached, long enough to fall to the elbows.

That scraps of chiffon can be shirred and used as a trimming for evening waists, and that the chiffon can be conveniently disposed to cover worn spots.

That linen must be decorated with small embroidered dots no larger than a speck in order to be pretty and fashionable.

That the straight flounce makes a very nice finish for the walking skirt and that three, four, five or six of these straight flounces can be advantageously used upon the bottom of a street dress.

That it is absolutely necessary to have a coat and skirt suit for early fall wear and that the skirt may be plain if preferred, while the coat can be a simple Norfolk jacket.

That the straight walking coat, coming just to the hips and belting with a loose leather belt, is the nattiest thing of autumn, and that this coat can be of any color to match the skirt or to contrast with it.

That the soft silk scarf plays a very important part in this season's fashions and is used as a lacing for the front of the bodice and for the front of the little street coat, and the silk scarf is laced through them.

That every gown must have its cape collar to be sometimes worn and sometimes left off, but in the wardrobe, whether it be always worn or not.

That autumn will see the higher-crowned hat coming in and that the low crown is slowly disappearing.

That the milliners are busy trying to raise the low crowns and are resorting to various means.

That dressmakers are at the point of mutiny, for all gowns must be trimmed with needlework, and needlework of the most trying description, fagoting, hemstitching, smocking, French knots, tracings and coral stitchings.

That embroideries are to be used in new ways, not merely as edgings, but as trimmings, put on in bands a few inches apart, wherever the style of gown will permit.

That lingerie hats all of lace will be worn all winter, and that the dressiest new hat this season is made of silver lace, trimmed with very small pink roses.

That hand-painted lace and embroidered lace will be used upon hats, upon blouses and upon the skirts of evening dresses.

That there is talk of reviving the custom of dining in picture hats, and that wonderful drooping hats are being designed for this very purpose.

That very large and very beautiful mother-of-pearl buttons will be seen, and that these exquisite pieces of pearl will be trimmed with enamel decorations to bring out the opalescent tints.

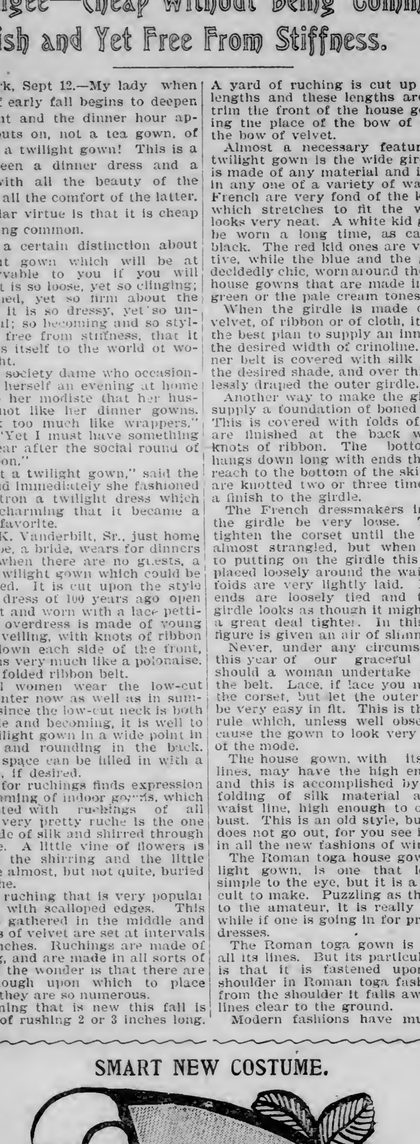
And that, while the main attention is turned to handsome gowns, the eye roves, nevertheless, toward the very handsome petticoats which are displayed in the shops and which are made up with a reckless disregard for cost or for anything else except the beauty thereof.

The petticoat absolutely must flare around the foot, and to make it do so is one of the problems of modern dressmaking and modern petticoat construction. Ruffles are set, one on top of the other, to make the full foot flare, and under the ruffles is set a frill of stiff silk which is warranted to keep the silk ruffles well out.

Ruffles are of all shapes, scalloped, frilled, petal trimmed and cut in squares, anything to make a fullness around the foot.

Dame Fashion has other fads ready to spring upon a willing feminine world, but, like Dame Nature and all others of her sex, she keeps her surprises well hidden and springs them upon the world only in her own good time.

SMART NEW COSTUME.



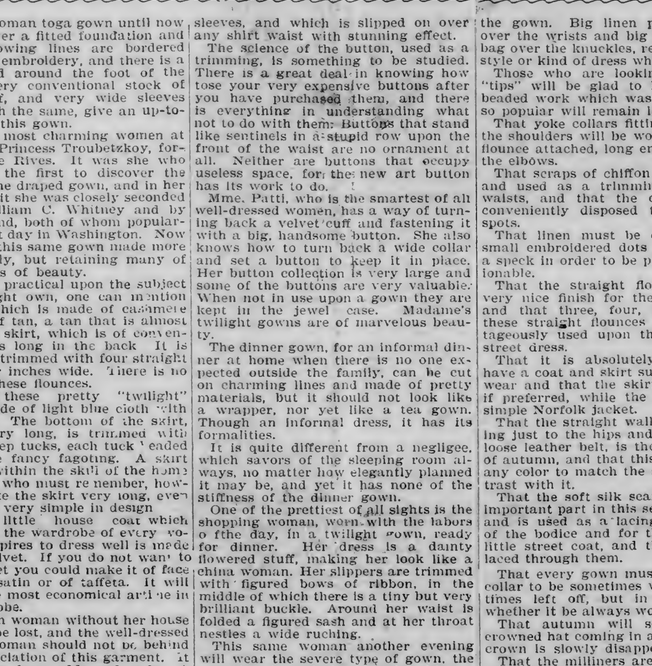
This is a new Winter model made of wine red zibeline cloth, trimmed with scrolls and tucks of black velvet folds, with white passementerie set between. The buttons are crochet in black and white silk. The cape is double, the upper one being slashed into tabs which button on the collar. The bottons on the belt end in black tassels. The box plaits on the skirt are set in to give flare, and are neatened with buttons.

TWO VEILS IN NEW DRAPE.

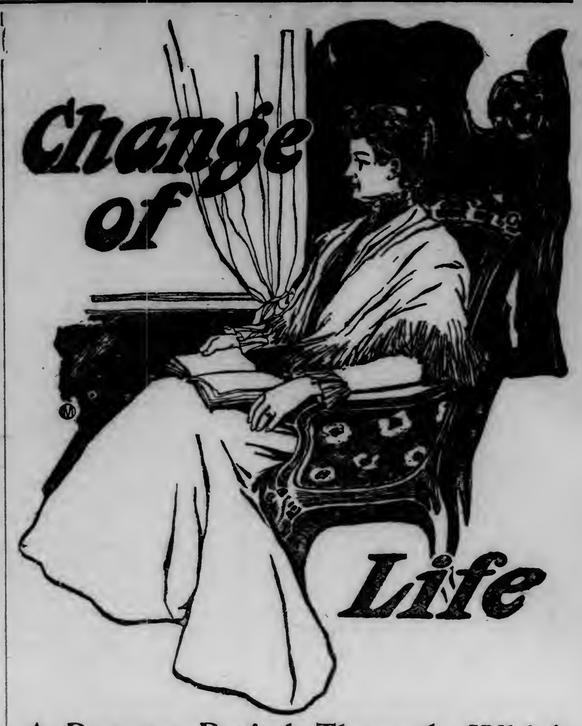


These are both white veils. The face veil is of sheer net with white spots; the draped veil is of white washable chiffon with black worked dots, and edged with narrow black ribbon. It falls low over the back like a short mourning veil.

NEW FALL STOCK.



The new neckwear is very elaborate. This model is made of black silk Brussels net, trimmed with folds of black taffeta and medallions of black lace. Two tabs, similar to those over the shoulders, fall over the back. These neckpieces come in all colors and make a handsome finish for a plain waist.—Fisk, Clark & Flagg.



A Danger Period Through Which Every Woman Must Pass.

Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms. At this period a woman indicates a tendency towards obesity or tumorous growths.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop forever, are only a few of the symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life, and all women who use it pass through this trying period with comfort and safety.

TWO COLUMNS OF PROOF.

"Dear Mrs Pinkham:—I was sick and nothing seemed to do me any good until I began taking Mrs. Pinkham's medicine.

"It was Change of Life with me and falling of the womb. I had severe pains all through my body. I had a terrible cough and people thought I had consumption.

"I took six bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and two of Blood Purifier, and two boxes Liver Pills, and I am now stouter than I have been for a long time. I can do all my work now, thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"If any one wishes to write me, to verify these statements, I will gladly answer their letters."

Mrs. Clara Chezem, Jewett, Ill.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For seven years I had been suffering, was passing through the Change of Life, and my womb had fallen; menses were so profuse that at times I was obliged to lie on my back for six weeks at a time, could not raise my head from pillow. I had been treated by several physicians, but got no relief.

"I was advised by friends to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** which I did, and after taking it six weeks I was able to be around all the time and do my housework. I know your medicine saved my life and I cannot praise it enough."

Mrs. Lizzie Roecap, 519 Smith St., Millville, N.J.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have worked hard all my life, and when the Change of Life came I flowed very badly for weeks at a time. I would stop for a day or two, then start again. I went to see a doctor and went through an examination, and spent two hundred dollars for medicine and doctor's bills, but I did not get the relief I expected.

"At that time I saw **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advertised and began its use. I have found it to be just what I needed.

"I wish every woman suffering from female trouble would try it. I recommend it to all my friends."

Mrs. Wm. Daily, Millbank, S.D.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I feel it a duty I owe you and every suffering woman in the land to tell of the wonderful results I have found in using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Liver Pills.**

"Passing through the Change of Life, some of the physicians consulted said nothing but an operation would save me. But your medicine alone cured me."—Mrs. Magnolia Dean, 1441 First Avenue, Evansville, Ind.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Opening of the El Paso Drainage Tunnel.

Colorado Spring, Colo., Sept. 12.—The most important event in Cripple Creek district mining circles during the past week was the completion and opening of the El Paso drainage tunnel, which is now draining the mines in the western section of the camp to a depth of 250 feet below the present water level. When the valves in the bulkheads which held the water in check were opened, water to the extent of 4000 gallons per minute flowed from the mouth of the tunnel. The tunnel was commenced January last, and it has taken eight months of unceasing work to complete it, to say nothing of the immense amount of money expended. It will relieve immediately some of the heavy producers of the camp.

The lessee operating on the Wilson claim of the Free Coinage company this week marketed ten tons of rock which netted him $180 in cash. The lower grade of ore shipped from this property is running considerably above pay and the lessee will undoubtedly make himself wealthy during the life of his lease. The lessee on the Pharmacist property on Bull hill is also breaking down ore that will give returns of $40 per ton. He has already made a shipment. A lessee on the W. H. P. claim adjoining the Jerry Johnson, is preparing a shipment of ore that will run $25 in gold to the ton.

The cyanide mill which is being erected to handle the low-grade ores of Copper mountain, is now practically completed and in another week should be treating the gold-bearing rock found in this mountain. When this mill is completed, it should stimulate operations in the northern section of the camp, as the ore discovered in this section heretofore has been of too low a grade to justify shipping out of the district for treatment.

The C. K. & N. company this week mailed checks for a one cent per share dividend, declared September 3rd. Although this company owns but a small acreage, the veins found therein have proven to be of such size and value that regular dividends have been paid for some time. The company is profiting by the lessee's operations, and the lessee is making a fortune.

Why wait when Herald want ads are ready.

Woman's Nature Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Mother's Friend

The Latest Fashion Fancies

THE NEWEST OF GOWNS FROM PARIS



Every season with its different fashions seems in turn, from a fashionable point of view, to be more than ever attractive. The first warm days in spring that bring out the dainty light gowns are in such delightful contrast with winter that at once the spring clothes seem to possess a peculiar fascination. Summer gowns in their turn are voted the most adorable possible, but after all when the cool days of autumn come, even though there may have been many a cool day during the summer, can anything be more satisfactory or smart in appearance than the autumn fashions, especially the street gowns?

There is always a strong similarity in appearance between the early spring and the autumn styles, in fact many women who have to consult economy choose their spring street gowns with reference to whether they can be made to do duty as well in the early autumn. Still, if one would be smartly gowned, there must be different styles for different seasons, and if there be a left over or two there must always be at least one new street gown.

The light gray and tan cloth that were so fashionable in the spring are now in evidence again, but are not nearly so smart in appearance as those of dark colors. Such a number of blue serges as are exhibited, and many with an appearance that is a bit nautical, leads to the belief that the yacht races may have had the benefit of their first appearance. At all events yachting fashions have had their effect, and blue serge, always associated with yachting costumes, is certainly smart for the moment. The skirts of the blue serge gowns are made short enough to clear the ground and are trimmed with rows of braid or machine stitching. Both long and short coats are fashionable, the long half-fitting, with either shoulder cape, pointed hood lined with some bright color, or made without cape, collar or even lapels, trimmed around the neck with rows of braid, and with sleeves in coat sleeve design with flare at the wrist or full below the elbow, finished with plain cuff trimmed with braid and a row of small buttons.

The military coat is also in fashion again and trimmed either with the flat braid and passementerie ornaments or with cord and tassels across the front, and there are two or three most effective models where a touch of color is gained by a fine gold braid and gold buttons. Short jackets, with black braid outlined with gold and with fancy buttons, are extremely smart, and are made in Eton and bolero style, tight fitting and also loose, with plaited sleeves, quite on the same lines as the cloth and veiling costumes of the summer.

An attractive model for an autumn gown is in light weight gray cheviot, the skirt with pointed bias yoke, trimmed with rows of white and gray braid. Below the yoke are wide side plaits and around the hem are several rows of the gray and white braid. The coat is made after the design for a man's cutaway coat and has turned back but small lapels, and when the fronts are thrown open a smart gray and white silk waistcoat with silver buttons is seen.

There are several effective styles in black cloth, with braiding of black, and a touch of red that looks delightfully bright for the cool autumn weather, and just the glimpse of a red waistcoat is most charming, for of all colors red seems the most effective in the first cool weather. There are many smart red gowns to be seen in cheviot, serge and cloth in quite a variety of shades. The real red is, however, far better than those on the magenta order; that is, with a note of purple.

Purple is to be a very fashionable color this winter, and there are many different shades and materials to be had. Velvet and cloth especially is there a wide range of choice, from very light to dark, while the fancy trimmings, the braids and passementeries show truly a wonderful blending of different purples that is most effective without being in the least conspicuous. Following the plan often referred to in fashion articles in our pages, choosing one color and then having all one's gowns made of that color, no matter what the material of the costume, or for what purpose it is to be worn, the woman who has chosen purple as her color has now a fine opportunity. She can have a royal purple serge gown for everyday wear, trimmed with either rows of stitching or black braid; she can have a mixed cheviot business suit, with just a speck of purple in the indefinite blending of the mixed black and white; she can order for her reception and evening a most exquisite gown of the palest mauve cloth, trimmed with braiding of silver, for her dinner gown one of violet velvet, and for a ball gown one of the palest hellotrope net, with chenille dots or spangled with silver and trimmed with purple orchids, and a long coat of purple broadcloth with storm collar, revers and cuffs of shaggy black fur; a taffeta silk gown of shaded purple and a house gown of pale mauve can also be included in the outfit, assuring the greatest possible variety and yet with the one color as the dominant note.

Street gowns with coat and skirt to match and on the strictly tailor made order are very fashionable, made of the same materials as are used for men's business suits. These have either the long coats, half fitting, or are made like the riding habits, tight fitting, or with attached skirts like cutaway coats. They have small lapels and a turned down collar, which sometimes is faced with velvet, but more often left quite plain. Coat sleeves are finished like the sleeves on a man's coat or with two or three small black buttons. Everything about these costumes must needs be perfect as to fit and finish, for if the truth be told there is nothing else to recommend them, the pattern of the material being as a rule rather indefinite in design and coloring. Stripes and checks are alike popular and one point that should be noted in selecting the material is that it should not be too heavy in weight or the coat will be too cumbersome and will make the figure seem quite too thick set.

Both rough and smooth cloths in the plain colors are thought smart, but it is as well, if there are to be two or three cloth gowns in the outfit, to have a rough one for everyday wear and reserve the smooth cloths for the more elaborate reception gown, and this season the smooth cloths are, if possible, more attractive, so perfect are they in finish and coloring.

A corduroy costume for autumn and winter is always useful, and this season there are a number of different widths in the cords that are quite new. The grays and tans, trimmed with bands of cloth the same shade, are smart looking and rather newer than the dark colors, but there are many shades in blue, green and brown and always the black that are good purchases. The medium length coat, half fitting, and the short skirt are the smartest in the corduroys, and the bias bands of cloth, the same shade, and fancy buttons the only permissible trimming. The new corduroys are said to be waterproof, and certainly will stand no end of hard wear.

A. T. ASHMORE.

Seeking A Samaritan.

By Frederic W. Pangborn

Adoniram Brainbig, Ph. D., LL. D., Lit. D., D. S., D. C. L. and Fellow of the Entomological, Geological and other scientific societies, was learning, for the first time in his life, that a man may have an enormous fund of knowledge at his command and yet know little of the ways of common humankind. He was also learning how utterly helpless a man may be in a great city with a head full of education and a pocket full of nothing.

He had come from the seat of learning, where he sat among the lesser gods without a challenge, and was on his way to a certain New England college town where he was to deliver his celebrated lecture on "The Neo-Hegelian Philosophy of Religion" before a very select audience of cultured people, and he must be there promptly at the appointed hour or impair his long time reputation for exactness and punctuality; and, naturally, it was annoying to him to find his journey checked by so small a matter as the loss of his purse.

When, upon arriving in New York from the ferryboat upon which he had safely crossed the Hudson, he first missed his money and realized that he would need a new supply to carry him on, it did not occur to him that the loss would cause him any special delay. At his home he would simply have accosted the first person he met with a statement of his misfortune and a request for a temporary loan.

This had always been his practice, and the scheme had never failed, since he was an accurate man and always made a memorandum on the spot and subsequently repaid the loan. So he walked up Cortlandt street to the elevated railway and mounted the steps, pondering meanwhile over certain points in his address, and finally arrived at the ticket window. It was a busy hour, and there were many people passing through the gates.

Taking his place in the line he moved with the procession until he reached the window, where he addressed the man within.

"I have just been robbed of my pocketbook," he began, "and have to get to the Grand Central Station at once. In fact, I must get there immediately, as I have to address an audience in Hartford this evening. Will you kindly pass me through, and on my return I will repay you?"

"Couldn't do it," replied the ticket man brusquely. "It's against the rules."

"But, my dear friend," began the Doctor, "you surely can lend me five cents to get up town with. I'm Professor Brainbig."

"Don't make any difference who you are," said the busy ticket seller. "There's hundreds come here every day with that kind of soft wind. I'd be ruined if I passed them all."

"But, my dear sir," pleaded the Professor, "I simply must catch that train for Hartford."

"Can't help it if you must," replied the ticket man. "Step aside, please, and let these people through."

"But, my dear fellow," urged the Professor, "you will get your money back. I'm Professor Brainbig, of ——"

"Step aside, and don't block the passage."

"But——"

"G'wan, now. Move back and let 'em through. I haven't got time to fool."

The Doctor slowly retreated and stood apart, pondering what to do next. He simply must get to Hartford. But how? The setback had been so sudden and so unexpected that he found it difficult to recover immediately. He tried to think of somebody among his acquaintances who might be near by, but could recall no one. It was plain that he would have to borrow of a stranger. Nerving himself for the ordeal, he watched the faces of the passers, and finally selected a respectable looking old gentleman, who might be a business man, and accosted him.

"Pardon me, sir," he said, "but as I was about to go up town I discovered that I had lost my purse, and had not the fare. Could you let me have enough to get me to the Grand Central Depot, where I have to catch a train for Hartford? I'm Professor Brainbig, of the University of ——"

The man scanned him quickly and passed through the gate to his train, which had just pulled in. It was mortifying.

But standing there thinking would not get a man up town, so plucking up his courage once more the Doctor selected another victim, this time a fashionably dressed lady of middle years who seemed to have a kindly face. He bowed politely and began to tell her the story of his misfortune and his need of immediate assistance to meet a pressing engagement. A smile played about the corners of her mouth for an instant, then vanished as she spoke.

"If I were a well dressed, able bodied man like you," she said, "I'd abandon the shameless trick of posing as a beggar and get to work."

The Doctor started back and the lady moved on with the conscious air of having administered a well timed and fitting rebuke to one who needed it badly. He turned about and went slowly down the steps to the street and hesitated what to do next. A flashily attired young man was just entering the covered passage. Desperation prompted the Doctor to address him.

"Young man," said he, "pardon my delaying you a moment, but I need assistance. While on my way to Hartford, where I have to deliver an address tonight, I lost my purse and every cent of money I had with me. It is imperative that I get to the Grand Central Depot without delay. Could you advance me my fare on the elevated railway. I will return it to any address. I am Professor Brainbig, of the University of——"

"Guess again," replied the man, as he greeted the doctor with a grin. "Or give us something good. Why don't you work off that one about the six small children at home and the hard luck story about being just thrown out of your job? Your graft's too slow."

And he, too, passed upward to the station.

Several times the puzzled professor started to accost certain of the people who passed, but he failed to do it. His courage was oozing out of him and he was becoming timorous. It was plain to him now that all people were not responsive to dignity in distress. Worse yet, some, he perceived, believed him to be a liar. The thought was not pleasing. But he must get up town.

He put his hand to his pocket to get his watch to see how much time was left him. It was gone. Then he remembered that the flashily attired young man had pushed against him rather suggestively while talking. Could it be possible? But the lecture—that must not be forgotten. He would try again.

There was a neat appearing Salvation Army lass standing on the curb across the street. He had heard that the soldiers of the Salvation Army are always helpful to persons in trouble. It would be worth trying. He crossed to the opposite side and accosted her.

"May I speak with you a minute, my friend?" he said.

"Certainly, sir," she replied. "What do you wish to tell me?"

"Simply this," began the doctor. "I am Professor Brainbig, of the University of Pan-American Pedagogics. I am on my way to address an audience at Hartford, and have just lost my money, and, I fear, have been robbed of my watch. I need enough to get me uptown to the Grand Central Depot and from there to Hartford. Could you put me in the way of getting the immediate loan that I need? It will be promptly repaid."

"Why do you not drop in on some of your friends?" replied the girl.

"My friends are not near enough," said the Doctor. "In fact, I do not know where they are to be found. What I want is immediate help. Could you let me have enough to get up town?"

"No," said she, "I could not. It's out of our line. Our work is only among the poor and humble. Why don't you pray to Jesus to guide you to your friends and they will carry you through? Buy a War Cry, please. Only five cents."

The Professor was beginning to do something he had not done in many years—he was beginning to lose his temper.

"To the everlasting shades of Tartarus with your War Cry!" he replied, as he turned away and crossed the street, just as a man was coming down the steps from the station. The man was large, portly, rather showily dressed and had an elegant gold headed cane in his hand and a large diamond pinned to his scarf. His face was florid and he wore a carefully groomed mustache of a blue-black color. His eyes were keen and bright. The expression of his countenance was jovial. He was smoking a large cigar. Desperate in his determination to get to the depot, the Professor headed him off, and began to tell his tale of woe.

"Pardon me," said he, "but may I speak to you a moment? I am Professor Brainbig, of the University of Pan-American Pedagogics, and am on my way to Hartford, where I have to address an audience tonight. On my way hither I lost my purse with every cent of money that I had for my journey, and" ——

"Oh, that's all right," replied the man, drawing half a dollar from his pocket as he spoke. "Friend in need, friend indeed. When a man wants a drink as bad as you do, it would be downright inhumanity to refuse him so small a favor."

"I thank you very much," began the Professor, as he took the coin. "Permit me to ask your address; and let me assure you that you are mistaken in supposing"——

"Oh, come now," interrupted the man with a twinkle in his eyes. "Don't get off any truck on me. It's all right. I know all about it. Get your drink, and if you ever get back your luck and we happen to meet I'll take one on you for squares. So long!"

He walked rapidly up the street. The Doctor stood aghast, with the money in his hand. His usually clear and ready intellect refused to work. He ascended the steps, paid his fare, and resumed his journey.

Upon arriving at the railway station he presented himself at the ticket office with a statement of his case and a tender of a ring which he happened to have upon his finger. It was a rare and valuable ring, and, after a little parley and a convincing argument concerning his identity, the agent accepted the pledge and let him have a ticket for Hartford.

The lecture was delivered, the audience was pleased, the Professor received his merited praise. Yet the fact that the only person in the city of New York who had been willing to relieve him in his hour of need was an unknown man, who openly charged him with a yearning for rum and who believed him to be an impostor and a liar, perplexed him to such a degree that he felt the necessity of a change of philosophy and realized for the first time in his life that one may possess the learning of the ages and still fall short of "knowing it all" when it comes to getting a five cent ride uptown.

Business.

Tommy—Do you love my sister?
Suitor—Why do you ask?
Tommy—Well, she said she'd give a dollar to know, and I want that dollar.

Money.

Good money is faithless; it leaves us almost as soon as we get it. Bad money, however, sticks by us to the bitter end.

Dinners For Small Families.

Cream of Green Peas, with Mint.
Black Bass, broiled, with Green Peppers.
Fillets of Veal, with Anchovy Butter.
Julienne Potatoes.
String Beans.
Macedoine of Vegetables, with Mayonnaise.
Charlotte Russe, with Raspberries.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Jellied Striped Bass with Tartare Sauce.—Boil in a white wine court bouillon two pounds of striped bass. When tender remove the skin and bones and flake the fish. Strain the bouillon and to a pint of it add an ounce of pulverized gelatine. Season also with salt and white pepper as seems to be necessary. When the gelatine is quite dissolved set the liquid away to cool. When it begins to stiffen cover the bottom of a mould with it; put in a layer of fish, another of the jelly and so on till the mould is full. When unmoulded, for serving surround with a border of tartare sauce and garnish with fanciful cuts of cucumbers.

Clam Bouillon.
Frogs' Legs, with Cream Sauce.
Small Sirloin Steak, Maitre d'Hotel Butter.
Summer Squash, baked with Parmesan.
Cold Salmis of Reed Birds, with Mayonnaise.
Fruit Salad. Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Chicken Mousse.—Remove all the meat from a cold, cooked chicken and cook the carcass in a very little water, putting in an onion and some parsley to flavor it. Chop the meat when freed from skin and then pound it to a paste, adding about a quarter of its quantity of cold cooked ham. Season with salt, white pepper and a very little mace and moisten with the stock in which the carcass was boiled. Add then a gill of cream very stiffly whipped. Put a layer of this mixture into a charlotte mould, then a layers of cubes of foie gras, truffles chopped and cooked fresh mushrooms; then a layer of the chicken mixture, and so on till the mould is full. Set the mould on ice for two or three hours and unmould when serving. Garnish with parsley and slices of lemon.

Vienna Barley Soup.
Broiled Spanish Mackerel. Cucumbers.
Sweetbread Patties.
Green Peppers, fried.
Winter Yellow Legs, broiled. Lettuce Salad.
Croquettes of Rice, with Raspberry Sauce
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Fried Carrots.—Have very young, small carrots, scrape and clean well and split in two lengthwise. Drop into boiling fat and let cook till tender and brown. If preferred they may be dipped in egg and crumbs before frying. In arranging for the table scatter chopped chives and chopped parsley over them. If liked, a sauce of melted butter and lemon juice seasoned with paprika may be passed with the carrots.

Chicken and Veal Consomme.
Lobster Croquettes.
Squab Cutlets, with Minced Mushrooms.
Artichoke Bottoms, fried.
Lettuce and Anchovy Salad.
Spanish Cream.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Fried Cucumbers.—Peel the cucumber and cut into quarter-inch slices. With a sharp knife cut out all the seeds, sprinkle the cucumbers with salt and pepper and let stand for twenty minutes or so, and then drain and wipe dry. Dip in flour and fry in boiling fat. Or, if you prefer, dip in egg and crumbs.

Cold Chicken Consomme.
Brochettes of Lobster.
Minced Tenderloin of Beef, Creole Style.
Boiled New Turnips, with Spanish Sauce.
String Bean Salad.
Claret Jelly, with Strawberries.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Mashed Potatoes, Milanaise.—Boil the required number of potatoes until done; drain till they are perfectly dry; then mash with a fork till smooth and creamy, moistening during the mashing process with chicken stock. Season with salt and white pepper and add considerable whipped cream—enough to enable you to beat the potato with an egg-beater. Put into a dish, smooth lightly, sprinkle grated parmesan over the top and brown in a rather hot oven.

Musk Melon.
Bouillon in Cups.
Perch Stuffed with Fish Forcemeat and Baked.
Fried Cucumbers.
Summer Yellow Legs, roasted.
Lettuce and Tomato Salad.
Vanilla Ice Cream, with Strawberry Sauce.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Simla Canapes.—Drain some sardines from their oil and free them from skin and bones; cover them then with tarragon vinegar and add a generous quantity of black pepper. When they have been in the vinegar for about an hour drain them and pound to a paste, with an equal quantity of cream cheese. Spread on rounds of fried bread and sprinkle chopped watercress over all.

Spaghetti Soup, with Cream.
Baked Bluefish, with Hollandaise Sauce.
Delmonico Potatoes.
Cold Game Pie, with Madeira Jelly.
Tomatoes, with Mayonnaise.
Fried Bananas, with Cherry Sauce,
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Cotelettes of Chicken with Remoulade Sauce.—Cook chicken filets in a well-buttered baking dish, sprinkled with lemon juice, a little white stock and a little chabils. When they are quite done take out and let get perfectly cool. Have ready some bechamel sauce in which you have dissolved sufficient gelatine to make it stiff. Mask the chicken filets in this and put away on ice to set. When ready to serve arrange on a dish and cover with remoulade sauce.

Anchovy Toast.
Oyster Bisque.
Fried Whitebait. Radishes.
Compote of Pigeon.
French Peas.
Celery Salad with Neufchatel Cheese.
Orange Fritters. Toasted Biscuit. Coffee.

Cream of Celery Soup (Italian Style).—Have two cups of chopped celery and put into a frying pan with a sliced onion and two ounces of butter to cook a bit, but without becoming brown. Cover then with water and cook till the celery is very tender. Press it then through a sieve and add to it two cups of milk and one of cream; beat well the yolks of two eggs with a tablespoonful of milk, add to them a little at a time some of the soup while it is standing on a part of the range where it will not boil. Add croutons to it when serving and sprinkle in a goodly amount of grated Parmesan cheese.

Cantaloupe.
Fish Consomme.
Lobster Pie.
Roast Duckling. Riced Potatoes.
Green Peas, with Butter.
Lettuce and String Bean Salad.
Macaroon Ice Cream.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Peach Mousse.—Mash and rub the peaches through a colander, and for every cupful of the fruit allow a heaping tablespoonful of powdered sugar. If you have a quart of the fruit add to it half an ounce of gelatine dissolved in as little water as possible. Add a few drops of brandy and fold in a pint of stiffly whipped cream. Put into a mould and pack in ice.

Cantaloupe.
Cold Bouillon.
Boiled Halibut, with Sauce Supreme.
Potatoes Mashed.
Chicken Fried in Cream. Cuban Style.
Sweet Corn Croquettes.
Fresh Vegetable Salad.
Raspberry Sherbet. Macaroons. Coffee.

Potatoes, Italian Style.—Cut cold boiled potatoes into dice-shaped pieces of rather good size, put into a baking dish, moisten well with a rich chicken consomme, sprinkle Parmesan cheese over the top and cook for 20 minutes, browning well.

Clam Broth.
Fish Croquettes.
Porterhouse Steak, Old English Style.
Griddled Sweet Potatoes.
Baked Stuffed Tomatoes.
Shrimp Salad.
Muskmelon. Ice Cream.
Toasted Water Crackers. Coffee.

Pear and Ginger Jelly.—Strain the juice from a jar of preserved pears, having nearly a pint of it; to this add two tablespoonfuls of the syrup of preserved ginger. Dissolve in these combined syrups half an ounce of gelatine and pour the jelly into a turban mold. Unmold when ready to serve and fill the center with the preserved pear cut into small pieces, and just a scanty sprinkling of the preserved ginger cut into bits. Surround the jelly with a fanciful border of whipped cream flavored with a few drops of brandy.

Broiled Deviled Chicken Fillets. — Have some nice fillets of chicken and make a preparation for deviling them in this way: Two gills of sherry wine, a saltspoon of mustard, the same of white pepper, a pinch of salt and a tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce. Let them stay in this mixture for half an hour or longer; then dip in melted butter and broil over a brisk fire till brown and tender. If liked, the chicken may be put on toast, and the mixture in which it was deviled may be heated and poured over the toast, having a good bit of butter added to it.

Shrimp Sauce.—Put in a saucepan on the fire an ounce of butter; melt it and add to it one tablespoonful of flour, a little salt, white pepper and a grating of nutmeg. Mix well together and add a gill of water. Stir until boiling; add an ounce of butter, the juice of a lemon, half a tablespoonful of anchovy sauce and four dozen shrimps. Boil gently for a few minutes.

Treating.

Patient—What are you treating me for?
Doctor—Loss of memory. You have owed me a bill of $100 for two years.

BEEFSTEAK PARTIES ON THE ROOF.



Instead of garlanding the "slow paced beeves" with roses, as in classic times, society bestows its honors on the juicy steak cut from the beef. Beefsteak parties have become a popular form of entertainment. They are given in the "dungeon" in the winter, but at this season of the year, while the roof top is still a pleasant place in which to pass the evening hours, the hostess of a beefsteak party takes her guests to the top of the house, if she lives in an apartment that has a top suitable for festivities.

The beefsteak dinner served here implies a lapse of ordinary manners and conventionalities, an acceptance of the barbaric formula that fingers were made before forks.

Champagne boxes are substituted for tables, the absence of dainty, ornamental and superfluous china making one box ample for the accommodation of two diners.

The young housekeeper with a modest menage finds one great relief in this mode of entertaining to be the few dishes, and consequently the little work to be done after the feast. Wooden plates from the bakery and wooden butter boats from the grocery serve instead of ordinary table ware. In place of napkins the two towels hung over each box serve as covering for it and as napkins for the two diners seated at the box.

A beefsteak dinner is not a beefsteak dinner without appropriate "cap and gown." A butcher's apron is slipped on over the gown, and the butcher's cap makes a jaunty headdress.

When white capped and gowned every one is ready for the juicy steak, covered with a coating of salt and pepper, dipped in highly seasoned hot butter, making every epicurean eye gleam.

There are few persons who know how to cook steak for a beefsteak dinner, but a famous specialist in that line says that the steak must be cut from meat hung just the proper length of time, and should be from four to six inches thick. This steak is first covered with a coating of white pepper, then one of salt, and then it is broiled over a stove suitable for the purpose, placed not six feet away from the company. When it has been broiled it is sliced into veritable slivers, skewered on the end of a knife, and accompanied with a three-cornered piece of toast, is held temptingly just out of reach of the guests, who scramble merrily for the steak.

It doesn't sound dignified, nor is it. Who would think of preserving dignity at a beefsteak dinner? It would be like weeping at a circus. Dignity and a beefsteak dinner would be a sad combination. Conservatism cannot exist on a roof top with champagne boxes in front of it and the entire atmosphere permeated with bohemianism.

If you are not spry you are likely to go hungry. The beefsteak is piping hot when you get it, and you must exercise a bit of ingenuity in eating it. There are ways and ways of eating with your fingers; you can be just as dainty as you please, and you can be careless. The accepted way of eating the beefsteak is to hold it on the three-cornered piece of toast, your thumb on the under side of the toast, your forefinger on the beef. If you do this you will probably be successful in your manipulations.

The menu for the beefsteak dinner is simple. No red wine flows in great horns. The dinner is primitive in all but this. First there is sherry and olives, and on a small keg worthy of Rip Van Winkle fame is placed a dish of celery that serves the entire party. After this simple first course comes the beefsteak. The scramble adds to the appetite, and with the steak ale or beer is served in steins. The dessert comes next in the shape of a thick, juicy mutton chop, with a white wristlet and a sprig of parsley. With this dessert is served a demi-tasse de cafe.

There is no musical programme prescribed for the beefsteak dinner. If there were lyrics singing the praises of the beef, if there were classics illustrative of the clip of the butcher's cleaver or the sizzle of the juicy beef over the fire, then there might be some recognized music to accompany the dinner, but as there are no such selections the music that best suits the mood and spirits of the party in general is selected, and a piano surrounded by the "beefsteakers" is a signal for voices to float over the roof tops of the silent flats and make night—well, perhaps not hideous, but bizarre.



Yesterday afternoon Mrs. W. A. McGonagle entertained at her home, 129 Twelfth avenue east. The affair was in honor of Mrs. C. H. Patton, of St. Louis, who formerly made her home here and has many friends in the city. The house was prettily decorated in the fall flowers, pink flowers with greens being the colors most seen. Receiving with Mrs. McGonagle and Mrs. Patton was Mrs. Alexander Milne. The room was very charming in pink sweet peas. In the dining room, where pink asters were the decorations, Mrs. W. G. Hegardt presided, and Miss Julia Duncan and Miss Frances Woodbridge assisted. In the hall Miss Curtis, of Marietta, Ohio, served punch. A large number called during the receiving hours and the affair was one of the most charming of the many given in honor of Mrs. Patton during the week.

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Mrs. W. W. Ames entertained at a charming luncheon Tuesday in honor of Mrs. C. H. Patton, of St. Louis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Heimbach entertained at cards last evening at their home, 1123 East First street. Six-handed euchre was played and the prizes were taken by Mrs. M. B. Culhum and Mrs. L. P. Totman, and L. S. Loeb and C. H. Bradley received the men's prizes.

* * *

The Needlework guild held a delightful social session Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. T. D. Merrill, on East Superior street. The reports of the institutions which received clothes from the guild last fall reported, and the work talked of for this fall. The object of the meeting was to bring those interested in the work together before the real work begins. Bishop McGolerick gave a most delightful talk and Mrs. Homer Colton and Miss Anderson, of New York, sang. The roundup for this year will take place at the end of October.

* * *

The music-lovers of Duluth will be given rather an exceptional treat tomorrow afternoon in the testimonial concert to be given at the Lyceum theater to Miss Rena Vivian Smith, who leaves for New York this month to study music and carry on the cultivation of her voice.

Miss Smith is well known to all local patrons of music, her charmingly sweet and sympathetic voice having been heard to advantage on many occasions. The knowledge that something particularly good will be provided, together with the appreciation of the graceful nature of the tribute to the departing singer, will fill the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon. The advance sale of tickets has been large.

Perhaps the most notable feature of the program is the appearance upon it of Miss Rebecca Mackenzie, who will make her first appearance here during the long summer vacation that she has spent with her parents in this city. Though she is at present a resident of New York she used to be a Duluth girl, and her rich, strong and charming voice has often delighted the people of this city.

George L. Tyler, tenor; Mary E. Oberndorffer, pianist; Flaaten's orchestra, and Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Miss Olga Lawitzsky, accompanists, are the other features of the program, which is as follows:

1. Overture—Romantic .....Keler-Bela
   Flaaten's orchestra.
2. Soprano solo—"Dear Lovely" ....Liszt
   Miss Rebecca Mackenzie.
3. Tenor solo—"In Fermen Land" from "Lohengrin" .....Wagner
   George L. Tyler.
4. Soprano solo—"Rose of Autumn" .....Tosti
   Miss Rena Smith.
5. Grand selection from "Maritana" .....Wallace
   Flaaten's orchestra.
6. a. "Ich mochte schurber" ....Sjoeren
   b. "Kypris" .....Holmes
   c. "Dear Love, When in Thine Arms" .....Chadwick
   Miss Rebecca Mackenzie.
7. Piano solo—
   a. "Elevation" .....Florsheim
   b. "En Automne" Op. 36, No. 4. .....Moszkowski
   Marx E. Oberndorffer.
8. Recitative and aria from "Traviata," "A fors e lui" .....Verdi
   Miss Smith.
9. Remembrance from "Nancy Brown" .....Cole and Johnson
   Flaaten's orchestra.

Accompanists, Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Miss Olga Lawitzsky.

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Mrs. J. E. Goodman, Mrs. A. M. Montzer and Mrs. J. A. Marshall entertained Friday afternoon at a Mount Ararat party at the home of Mrs. Mentzer, 2123 West First street. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. Williard Lincoln and Mrs. Fred G. Clayton. The guests were:

Mesdames—

T. Barnsley,	B. Culbertson,
G. Lent,	J. H. Hall,
G. Watts,	H. H. Scoble,
A. Dahl,	J. A. McLeish,
G. Cressy,	G. Johnson,
M. A. Fedje,	F. G. Clayton,
Stevens,	Sands Van Wagner
G. F. Watson,	F. A. Morrison.
William Lincoln,	Miss Bardsley.
C. Emerson,	

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stephenson entertained Wednesday evening in honor of their guest, Mrs. C. H. Patton, of St. Louis. The entertainment was a most delightful musicale. The house was prettily decorated with the brilliant autumn flowers and the program was a most artistically rendered one. About 100 guests were present. The following program was given:

"Merry Wives of Windsor" .....Nicolai
Piano quartet.
Mrs. Millen, Miss Simonds, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. McKindley.
"Oh, Lay Thy Cheek on Mine" .....
"John Anderson, My Jo" .....
"My Heart's in the Highlands" .....Adolf Jensen
Miss Bradshaw.
"Romance Sans Paroles" .....Von Goens
"Landler," (Op. 9, N. 2) .....Carl Elner
"Am Meer" .....Schubert
Mrs. Erd. Mr. Oberndorfer.
"Variations," (Themes from Beethoven) .....Saint Saens
Mrs. Millen, Mr. Oberndofer.
"Violets Everywhere" ..... Von Fielitz
"Beating Heart" ..... Richard Strauss
Miss Bradshaw.
"Op. 18, (2nd and 3rd Movements) .....Rubenstein Sonata
Mrs. Erd. Mr. Oberndorfer.
Miss Rogers, Accompanist.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club met Tuesday afternoon and Mrs. Alexander D. McRae was hostess. The prizes were taken by Miss Clara Ames and Miss Florence Brewer. Mrs. C. L. Douglas win the visitor's prize. Those present were:

Mesdames—

O. G. Brice,	C. D. Thompson,
Cora Macdougall,	Mark Baldwin,
J. B. Cotton,	D. W. Stocking,
W. R. Peyton,	R. H. Draper,
F. R. Leslie,	G. L. Douglas.
W. Darlymple,	Clara Ames,
W. F. Quayle,	
Anna Dickinson,	
Florence Brewer,	Berenice Crowley,
Polleys, of	Martha Peyton,
La Crosse;	Annie White.

* * *

Mrs. C. H. Merritt has invitations out for a reception for Tuesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Hornby, of Fort Worth, Texas.

* * *

Miss Bertha Batting is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Marshall.

* * *

Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Munger entertained a delightful dancing party. The affair was one of the pavilion dances so popular for summer amusement and was given at the Oatka pavilion. LaBrosse furnished the music for a charming program of dances.

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Mrs. D. G. Black left Tuesday for Pittsburg, where Mr. and Mrs. Black will make their future home.

* * *

Miss Florence Winchester returned during the week from a visit with friends at Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Tillotson, of Chicago, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble, returned Thursday to her home.

* * *

Miss Rebeca McKenzie will leave for the East Monday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Engels have returned from an extended Eastern visit.

* * *

Mrs. O. S. Humes entertained at dinner Tuesday evening at the Spalding and a theater party following, in honor of Miss Cotter, of Two Harbors. The guests were:

Misses—

Cotter, of Two Harbors;	Waldon, Humes.
Messrs.—	
E. M. Hawes,	M. M. Hubert.

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Mrs. W. E. McEwen and son returned the first of the week from an extended visit at Salt Lake City, Utah.

* * *

Mrs. H. G. Inman and son returned Monday from a short outing at Deerwood.

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Mrs. Charles F. Rowe is visiting in Marquette, Mich., for a few weeks.

* * *

Misses Ethel and Edna Ericson have returned from a visit with friends at Minneapolis and Chicago.

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Mrs. Rosa Koors is visiting in Minneapolis for a few weeks.

* * *

Mrs. D. O'Leary returned Tuesday from a lake trip as far as Cleveland.

* * *

Mrs. A. N. O'Brien left Tuesday for a visit at Des Moines, Iowa.

* * *

Mrs. James F. Hadley, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. M. N. McMahon, for the past two months, has returned to her home at Cripple Creek, Col.

* * *

Miss Lillian Moffatt left Wednesday for a visit at Sparta, Wis.

* * *

Miss Clara Lemieux and Miss Sadie Carr left Wednesday for a few days' visit at Hibbing.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John T. McDonald have returned from their wedding trip and are at home in West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Alice Shannon, who has been spending the summer in the Twin Cities, returned the first of the week to her home in West Duluth.

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Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Richardson are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson, of Lester Park.

* * *

Misses Genevieve and Adelaide Parsons have returned from a visit with friends in Iowa.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hempton, of West Duluth, left Thursday for Minneapolis, where they willl make their home.

* * *

Miss Jule Martin, of West Duluth, has returned from Brainerd, where she has been visiting several weeks with friends.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lauermann, of Grand Forks, arrived Friday for a visit with friends in West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Della Cheverette left Tuesday for a short lake trip.

* * *

Tuesday evening a delightful surprise party was given in honor of Miss Marie Hansen at her home, 110 West Fifth street. The evening was a most pleasant one. The guests were:

Misses—

Laura Beatty,	Vera Peyton.
Dolly Noll.	George Noll.
Nelie Beagle,	Sam Shear,
Susie Shear.	Matt Mannheim,
Georgiana Lemir,	Louise Morrison,
Rena Hansen,	Mike Cosgrove,
Olga Colback,	John Colback,
Bessie Callahan,	Eugene Marshall,
Lillian White,	Frank Tresise,
Gertrude Dwello,	George Beatty,
Nancy Miller.	Ray Armond,
Martha Glazer,	Arthur Meagher.
Anna Lemler,	Ronald Meinhelm,
Anna Hansen,	Albert Hill,
May Meagher,	Clyde Peyton.
Anna Brown,	

* * *

Miss Carrie Anderson and Miss Bessie Crasswell have returned from a visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Katherine Drake is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Drake, of 318 West Fourth street.

* * *

Miss Josephine Thorsted, of Blair, Wis., who has been visiting Miss Dorothy Tvedt, of 322 Twenty-second avenue west, returned Tuesday to her home.

* * *

At 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon the wedding of Miss Esther Zurovsky, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Zurovsky, of 429 Third avenue west, and Harry Witz, of Hibbing, will take place at the Hebrew synagogue on East Third street. Following the ceremony a large reception will be held at Hunter's hall.

* * *

Mrs. J. L. Washburn leaves Monday for a six weeks' visit in Boston. She is accompanied by Miss Genevieve Washburn and Miss Kathleen Watterworth, who enter Wellesley.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. House and son left Friday for the East.

* * *

Mrs. Sarah B. Stearns and Miss Stella Stearns are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns, of London road.

* * *

Miss Pearl Chalk has returned from an extended trip to Montreal and other Eastern cities.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Darling, Mrs H. G. Inman and son and Mr. Hanson and daughter have returned from an outing at Deerwood.

* * *

Miss Adaia Oppe returned Thursday from a three weeks' visit at Tower.

* * *

Mrs. James McCahill, of 1531 East Third street, has returned from a visit at Lake City.

* * *

The Progress club will give another one of its delightful dances on Tuesday evening at Oatka beach. A fine program of dances has been arranged.

Making Room for Fall Purchases.

Having just returned from a two-weeks' purchasing trip in the Eastern markets, we find ourselves very much crowded for room, and in order to make the necessary space, we offer a LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS on all lines, including bric-a-brac, cut glass, hand-painted china, clocks, fancy umbrellas, etc. This is a bona-fide sale, which it will well repay you to visit. Our stock is too large and varied to quote special prices, but every article purchased during the next thirty days will represent money saved.

G. A. Klein, Jeweler,

325 West Superior Street.

WORK OF THE CLUBS

The Twentieth Century club opens its year Monday, Sept. 28, with a reception for Miss Statham, who is president of the club for the ensuing year. The reception will be held in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. George Spencer, who has kindly given her home for this function that will open, what is hoped and expected to be, one of the most profitable and delightful years of the club's work.

* * *

The clubs of the city are fortunate in having such a room at their disposal as that which is theirs through the courtesy of the library board. The art or club room of the library, as it has come to be called, is one of the most charming rooms of the building. The room is situated to the left of the entrance on the first floor. It is brightly lighted by windows facing south and west and the interior decoration is most artistic. The walls are stained a delicate green with the ceiling a deep cream. It is here that the pictures and works of art presented to the library are hung and the room has already a number of beautiful paintings. A most artistic and well executed burnt wood settle is in one corner, above which is hung a collection of armor which is a very fine. "The Sinner," by David Ericson, and other fine pictures are found on the walls. This room was at the disposal of the clubs last year and made a most charming meeting place for the discussion and study of Duluth's many clubs.

* * *

The following from the Youth's Compnion speaks for itself:

"Read of chance remark one may sometimes deduce a long line of tragic circumstances. A little girl, known to the Washington Post, has for a mother a charming woman widely known in public work.

"One day the child heard a calf, down in the barnyard, crying for its mother. She trotted thither, and began consoling it through the bars.

"'Don't cry, dear,' said she. 'Don't cry. Your mamma will come home soon. She isn't lost. She's just gone to the club.'"

* * *

The "Courant" has gotten out an invaluable book for the club women of the state. It is a directory of the club women of four states, Wisconsin, North and South Dakota and Minnesota. All the clubs with their officers and list of members of the towns of these states, and in view of the fact that a work of this kind has not been seen before, its reception is assured. The book is a dainty one that a woman will like to use. The cover is in a dainty shade of green with gold lettering and the paper is smooth and the printing clear.

* * *

The State Federation meeting will be held next month at Mankato and the choosing of the state president will, of course, come up at that time. The question is one that will interest every club woman of the state, for upon their choice of president depends much of what will be accomplished in her term of office. This year the honor was offered to Duluth as many capable women of this city are prominent workers in the federation work, but none of the Duluth ladies felt that she could accept the office. Many women have been considered and the support of the Duluth delegates will probably go to Mrs. Bramhall, of St. Paul. Mrs. Bramhall has been interested in federation work for the past years and is considered a woman of culture and at the same time one who possesses a vast amount of executive ability.

* * *

The fire of the Women's club building at the state fair caused the destruction of many valuable papers of the federation work. Among other things the programs for the annual federation meeting for the past seven or eight years were destroyed, and Mrs. C. N. Akers, of the reciprocity committee, has sent word to the towns of the state for the women who have any of these programs to send them to St. Paul. The papers may be sent to Mrs. C. N. Akers, 1455 Van Buren street, St. Paul, or to Mrs. J. P. Caldwell, of 1466 Minnehaha street, St. Paul. The women who understand the work of the federation will realize the necessity of prompt compliance with the request, and it is hoped that all the programs and important papers may be secured in this way.

* * *

The books that are collected in the little room at the rear of the paper room at the library are little known to many of the patrons of the library, and a question in regard to them brought these interesting facts in regard to the collection:

"Comparatively few patrons of the Duluth public library know of the existence of the American department. Yet this small collection of about 1300 books at present is our chiefest treasure, and contains the rarest and most valuable volumes owned by the institution.

"As the name indicates the department is devoted to books on American history, including early American travel, genealogies, biography and magazines given largely to American topics.

"During the last few years a spirit of inquiry for American history has seized the public mind. This is due largely to the efforts of the organizations of the descendants of American patriots, and the "Daughters" and "Sons" all over the country are eagerly seeking information in hitherto neglected volumes. Undoubtedly the historical societies which make colonial or revolutionary ancestry a condition of membership. For such we have "Savage's Genelogical Dictionary" of the first settlers of New England, showng three generations of those who came before 1692; and "American Ancestry," giving name and descent in the male line of Americans whose ancestors settled in the United States previous to the declaration of independence.

"Sometimes a person who has utterly lacked public spirit comes to be very proud of his birthplace, when he studies old records and neglected histories for some personal reason. For such the Americana contains the "little all" written on Duluth. The historical facts are there, but our history lies before, not behind us, so these volumes are very few.

"The student is stimulated to begin reading history with a more vivid sense of its reality, the school boy finds a splendid collection of books on the Indian, or the school girl on the customs and habits of colonial times.

"There is always a deep and popular interest in old pamphlets, newspapers and odds and ends of printed matter, issued in ephemeral form, provided they are old enough to have ceased to be commonplace. These the library is collecting, and the Americana corner is the proud possessor of a complete set of the first newspapers published in Duluth. The Minnesotian, 1869 to 1875, and the Minnesotian Herald, 1875 to 1879. These are very valuable to the student of local history, and of exceeding interest to the casual reader.

"The nucleus of the Americana collections was purchased with insurance money turned over to the library board by the Woman's library, when their association came to an untimely end. This fund has long since been exhausted, but it is the special pride of the board to add to the importance of the department, and many hours are spent by some members browsing about in Eastern bookstores, and by less fortunate ones in pouring over secondhand catalogues, for the greater number of these books are out of print, and it is impossible to obtain them through the regular book dealers.

"The library is now engaged on a bibliography of local history, including Lake Superior and the iron ranges, which will be of exceeding interest and value when it is published."

* * *

The executive board of the Matinee Musicale held a meeting yesterday morning in regard to the work for the year. The club will hold its opening session Monday morning, Sept. 28, and the sale of tickets will be held then. A few musical numbers will be given and the new members received. The artists who will be brought to the city this fall have not yet been definitely decided upon, but the work is receiving a great attention, and the year promises to be as delightful as the previous years of the club's work.

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315 W. Superior St.

A MYSTERY AND A SOLUTION

By Jeannette H. Walworth.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Ransom."

From the exalted altitude of her second story hall space, Mrs. Dr. Rutherford called over the banisters to someone passing through the lower hall. The some one halted and called back cheerily:

"Yes'm Missy."

"Take those cards you will find on the hall rack to Mrs. Clymer's and hand them in at the door. No answer to wait for. You know where she lives."

"She, Missy."

And relieved of all responsibility on this score of her "regrets" Mrs. Rutherford returned to the consideration of a book which promised better entertainment than Mrs. E. Noyes Clymer's "At home—six to ten."

The Clymers were new people.

Ransom put down the empty coal scuttle, that embarrassed his hands; wiped those useful members on his trusser legs; scanned the hall rack carefully; saw an insignificantly small envelope which certainly bore no outward resemblance to a card; glanced from it to a handsome card receiver overflowing with the accretions of a season; dumped the entire visible supply of cards into his hat—thence to Mrs. Edward Noyes Slymer's tray. The best names in town were represented in Ransom's lavish offering.

Looking backward from the topmost of the bottommost round of the social ladder of Alleetown, Mrs. Edward Noyes Clymer congratulated herself upon the unexpected ease of her ascent. She was, so to speak, a social husbandman and carefully husbanded every straw that might by forced expansion be made to indicate favoring winds.

She had just achieved the rare distinction of being included in Mrs. Gen. Featherston's dinner invitations. Highest heights no one were not known.

Mrs. Edward Noyes Clymer was an amiable little struggler, and with the good nature inspired by her own success graciously expanded her methods to other strugglers. It was to her bosom friend, Mrs. West, that she chirped an explanation.

"Why, when I first came to Alleetown, my dear, I fairly trembled at the magnitude of the task before me. I was determined to get there."

"There?"

"To the top, I mean; but knowing what Alleetown conservatism stood for I expected my ascent to be slow and laborious. Instead of which—"

The length of her verbal pause warranted Mrs. West's reminder: "Instead of which?"

For answer Mrs. Edward Noyes Clymer trailed her silken draperies across the space dividing her from a big bronze card receiver which stood in isolated splendor on an onyx table, so immediately within the entrance door that the most casual observer must be struck with its plethora of cards. A second glance from the most casual observer would have shown a top layer of the best names in town. Mrs. Clymer cackled cheerfully as she came back with the receiver held in her two plump hands.

With her correctly coiffed head held at a bird-like angle she made a selection from the top layer. "Of course," she prefaced, "you know who the best people of Alleetown are, Milly?"

"By reputation, yes—but our husbands, yours and mine, occupy positions that precludes—"

"Exactly." Mrs. Clymer frowned down any farther attempt on her friend's part to draw any lines of demarcation that should include the name of Clymer. The fact that Mr. Clymer and Mrs. West were respectively head clerks in two wholesale concerns had no bearing whatever on her aspirations. She held a card daintily between her fingers.

"Read that, Milly."

"The Honorable Mrs. Horatio Cummings. My, she is the chancellor's wife, isn't she?"

"Unquestionably." The Honorable Mrs. Cummings dropped back into the receiver, minus a fleck of dust that dimmed the shining surface of her graven name. In Mrs. Clymer's jeweled fingers another bit of pasteboard was held aloft. "And that."

"Mrs. D. Rollins Magruder. Banker Magruder?" A note of awe had crept into Mrs. West's voice.

"None other. And—"

"Mrs. Col. Talbot. The Misses Talbot. Well, you are in it."

Mrs. Clymer laughed joyously. "Strictly in it."

"But how did you manage it? Now, my dear, don't frown so portentiously. We have been bosom friends all our lives and have groaned together over many a little rebuff we ought to have been ashamed to notice. That lucky jump of your husband's through futures has been a great help to you financially, but Alleetown, so I am told, makes its boast that money does not sway it one inch. That is the reason I felt warranted in asking how did you marrage it?"

In rebuking silence Mrs. Clymer returned the big card receiver to its pedestal by the door. When she came back to her friend's side an air of aloofness enveloped her that might well indicate the distance between the bottom and the top round.

"Yes, Milly, we have been bosom friends all our lives. That fact alone makes it possible for me to overlook the rudeness of your question. I did not manage it at all. It was a spontaneous expression of friendly feeling welcoming me into the inner circle of the town's best society. Recognizing the spontaneous nature of the welcome I responded to it cordially."

"Oh—why—yes—of course."

"You look and sound horribly skeptical, my dear."

"Only because I did not know that was Alleetown's way, love. Not that you don't deserve the very best the town has to give."

"Thank you. Well, it has given me its best and it gave it in the most graceful and unexpected manner."

"Unexpected I can well believe. Would you object to describing the welcoming process, dear?"

"Not at all. You know I gave my first large reception when you were not going out?"

"Yes, I know. Young babies are frightfully exacting."

"Oh, of course, you would have been one of the receiving party."

"Everybody called it a howling success."

Mrs. Clymer waved a fat hand deprecatingly.

"Oh, it went off well enough, all things considered. Of course I took care to send cards only to those who could help in my ascent."

"Naturally."

"Edward Noyes behaved like an angel. I had nothing to worry over but my gown. But in spite of everything I was so nervous that I hardly knew who was in the house and who sent regrets."

"I know I should have sunk through the floor half a dozen times from sheer nervousness."

"Oh, it was not quite so bad as that with me. I had made up my mind from the start that if I could not go with the best I would go with none. But I will admit to you in confidence, my dear, I was not prepared for such a walk over as I discovered the next morning I had made."

"The next morning?"

"Yes. I was too utterly fagged to look over the cards that night, but when I did, and found that the very best names in the town were represented by the cards in my tray I was warranted in feeling that I had arrived."

"Of course."

"Mrs. Horatio Cummings, Mrs. Rollins Magruder, Mrs. Gen. Featherstone, they they all were, people I would never have dared make the first advance to, but they had made it to me in the most graceful and lovely manner. Don't you think it was perfectly lovely of them, Milly?"

"Lovely and—mysterious."

Mrs. Clymer's backbone stiffened visibly. "Pray, why mysterious?"

"Because, my dear, those very names stand for the conservatism of a town that boasts it needs no newcomers and wants no innovations."

"Thank you for calling me an innovation, Mildred."

And little Mrs. West went home with a distant sense of space between her and the friend of our childhood. It was mysterious, and others besides Mrs. Clymer's bosom friend found it so. The Honorable Mrs. Horatio Cummings was entertaining at high tea that very afternoon. Mrs. Clymer and her successful invasion was a topic at all the gatherings of the old set that did not include her pervasive person.

Mrs. Magruder and Mrs. Talbot were sipping tea in confidential proximity in a bay window. Mrs. Magruder stirred her tea with a resigned expression of countenance.

"Well, my dear, I thought my turn would come next. She was to see me yesterday, and said the identical thing she has said to the rest of us."

"That 'it was so perfectly lovely of us to give her such a spontaneous welcome into our most exclusive circles?'"

"Precisely."

"It is certainly mysterious."

"Very. She does not look brazen in the least. But I am sure I never did anything to welcome her into our so exclusive set."

"Nor I."

"Nor I."

The two in the bay window had swelled to half a dozen, and the mystery of Mrs. Clymer's ascent was inscrutable to each one of them.

No outsider ever had achieved such social prominence in Alleetown, and while the young woman was admitted-ly pretty and lively, and perhaps in every respect unobjectionable, Alleetown felt that its outer works had been taken by storm.

Mrs. West's question was repeated over Mrs. Cumming's teacups.

"How did she manage it?"

The solution to the Clymer mystery lay perdu in the bosom of one of the tea drinkers, but she was under a binding vow to herself never to divulge it. She could not give Mrs. Clymer cards involving herself ruinously. It was Mrs. Dr. Rutherford, and that night she turned a tired smile on her husband.

"My dear, I am thinking of retiring permanently from society."

"No?"

"Or at least until the set has gulped Mrs. Clymer down and recovered. I will certainly give the whole business away if I don't."

The doctor laughed comfortably into her pretty, worried face.

"Let the leaven work. It is doing it anyway. Clymer is a nice fellow and his wife is a little lady, if they have not lived here since the foundation of the world."

But to think that I should have done it."

"Rans, rather."

"Poor old Ransom. I will never let them lay it on him. It was really my fault, my dear."

"Yes?"

"Why certainly it was. When I looked over the upstairs banister and told him to take those cards on the hall rack to Mrs. Clymer's I did the whole business. Isn't it odd what slight pivots our destinies turn on?"

"There is a tide," and so forth, the doctor grinned. "Now if Rans' education had not been neglected in his early years of servitude Mrs. Clymer might be still in outer darkness gnashing her teeth at the exclusive set of Alleetown."

Mrs. Rutherford permitted herself a feeble little smile.

"It has its ridiculous side, too. Poor old Rans gathering up all the cards out of my receiver with the dust of ages on them and dumping them down in Mrs. Clymer's brand new tray. She had a right to think we were giving her a 'lovely and spontaneous welcome to our midst.' But what is done cannot be undone."

"Never!" The doctor waxed didactic. "You may lay it down as a rule, my dear, that when a woman has entered her wedge she is going to drive it home. In spite of the world, the flesh and the devil."

"Well, thanks to Ransom, her wedge is in, but as I cannot solve the mystery for the rest of them without putting myself in a ridiculous light, so Mrs. Clymer's ascent must remain a mystery til' crack o'doom. Only—"

"Well?"

"The next time I send cards by Ransom they will be the right ones."

FOR FLOODED DISTRICTS.

Vienna, Sept. 12.—An imperial rescript is published authorizing an appropriation of 15,000,000 kronen for the relief of the flooded districts and the repair of the state property damaged by floods in Bohemia, Silesia and Galicia.

STUDENT INHERITS FORTUNE.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 12.—Frank Keston, 23, St. Paul, will not go to the state university engineering school, as he intended, but will go back to Norway to secure a fortune of $165,000 and the charge of a large mercantile establishment which he has inherited. Keston came to St. Paul last week to find a home prior to going to the state university, where he intended to study engineering. He stopped at an unpretentious down-town lodging house. He had no sooner arrived than he received a letter which friends at Kewasset, Minn., had forwarded to him, stating that his nephew had died in Norway and left Keston his entire estate. Keston has been in America for some years, but has other relatives here. He regrets having to abandon his university course, though naturally satisfied with having come into so substantial a fortune.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Saturday, Sept. 12, 1903.

A lot of ladies' cloaks arrived yesterday.

No need of waiting longer to buy cloaks for the girls.

Our new stock is all in now and ready for sale. The prevailing style is the sensible long loose fitting coat. The coats are lined and unlined; with and without storm collars; with and without capes. $4 to $13.50.

50 cent tape girdle corsets are an extra good thing for the money. Pinks, blues and whites.

The latest thing in belts is one with a long dip front and which buckles in the back. They're make of taffeta, peau de soie and braided silk. The new leather belts are narrow plain stitched ones.

Automobile leather shopping bags are carried by those who care much for style. Long or square as you wish. All colors. The better kinds have an inside pocket and a separate coin purse. 50 cents to $8.

We've just received a large assortment of imported decorated China. Salad dishes, plates, bowls, cups and saucers, oatmeals, chocolate pots, sugar and cream sets. The exquisite color effects will please you.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,

11th Street and Tower Avenue, Superior.

COL. BARR HAS A NEW WIFE

Eloped With Young Girl and Failed to Get Divorce.

Kingston, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Col. Robert W. Barr, a West Point graduate, British governor of Fanti, on the west coast of Africa, sent home on sick leave, a wealthy Western ranch and mine owner, and a man who has distinguished himself since he appeared in Uister county last spring, has disappeared, and the general belief is that he is on his way to Europe with 17-year-old Minnie Storm, whom he is charged with abducting. The police are looking for Barr, but they share the common belief that he will never be taken unless it be in Europe or Fanti.

Barr is said to have married his beautiful companion. He left his charming and accomplished wife, who is occupying his farm at Uister Park.

Considering the limited length of time of Col. Barr resided at Ulster Park, he managed to distinguish himself to a remarkable degree. He dropped off a West Shore train at Ulster Park last spring in search of a farm, bought the Van Kauren place, paying about $10,000 for it, named the place "Barr's Ranch" and began to do strange things.

Miss Storm is the 17-year-old daughter of Michael Storm, of Delaware avenue, a brick laborer. After what is termed by neighbors as a short courtship, she was ostensibly employed as a servant by the colonel. After her disappearance at the same time as the colonel, Mr. Storm considered he was justified in swearing out a warrant for abduction.

Col. Barr's "ranch" is less than six miles from this city. Here among the family and neighbors of Miss Storm she was supposed to be the wife of Barr, residing at his home in the country. At Ulster Park she was known to the real Mrs. Barr and the neighbors as a household servant who frequently visited her home in Kingston and had a penchant for long walks in the evening.

Col. Barr and Miss Storm disappeared from the Anderson boarding house and were traced to New York to the home of a relative of the girl, and it is said, were further traced on board a steamer which sailed for Europe Saturday.

The real Mrs. Barr is said to be very wealthy, and to have furnished the capital for her husband's enterprise. Both were liberal to an extreme. The wife was formerly Miss Thrte, of Albany.

Col. Barr claimed to be a West Pointer loaned by the United States government to Great Britain, and that he was the military governor of Fanti, absent on leave. He also claimed to be interested in silver mines in the Rocky mountains and the owner of a 10,000-acre ranch in Colorado. He was in daily expectation of orders from the British government to return to duty.

STOCKMEN SUED.

Action Brought Against Twenty In Southeastern Idaho.

Moscow, Ia., Sept. 12.—United States District Attorney R. V. Cozier, has brought suit in the federal court, against twenty prominent stockmen of Southeastern Idaho, who are alleged to have herded large flocks of sheep and bands of cattle upon land which has been withdrawn from entry, pending a proposal to include them in the Pocatello forest reserve to protect the water supply of that city. State Senator David Evans of Oneida county, is one of the defendants.

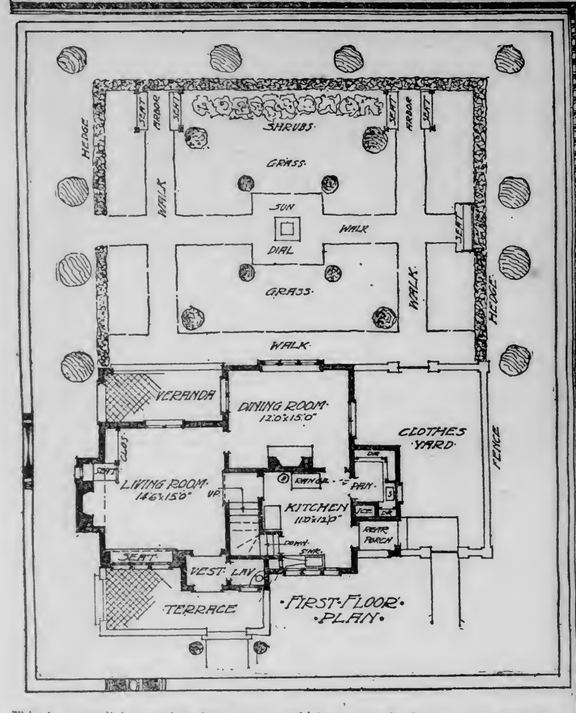
TO KEEP OUT PLAGUE.

Genoa, Sept. 12.—Although no official instructions have yet been received from the government regarding the supposed outbreak of bubonic plague at Marseilles the local authorities have given orders that ships arriving from Marseilles shall be inspected and disinfected before being allowed to enter the harbor.

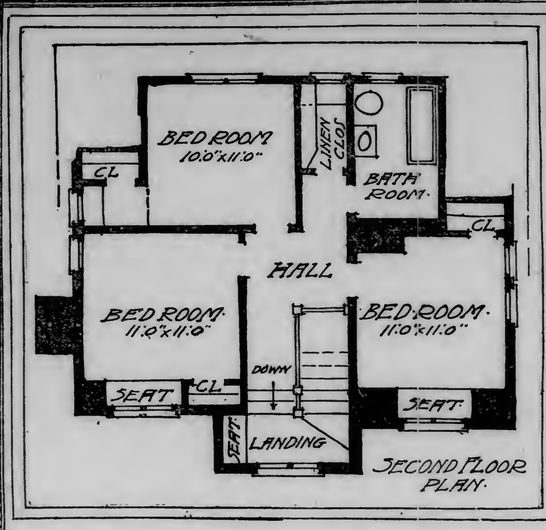
A Page of Interest to All

A SMALL HOUSE AT A SMALL COST

The Garden a Part of the Architectural Plan







This is a small house of moderate cost, designed especially for persons who do not wish to keep servants. The house and garden were designed together. The house would not be particularly successful if taken by itself, in which case it would be advisable to place the dining-room and veranda at the front. But if a plot of ground large enough can be obtained the garden will add interest and comfort to the home.

Gardening has been highly developed in England, and it is this fact mainly which has made the English homes noted for their picturesque beauty. Although, on account of the difference in climate, the same materials cannot be used in this country as are used in England for gardens, yet there are materials which we can use and which will make our gardens as attractive as those in England.

A characteristic of the American people is that they want things on the spur of the moment, and the fact that four or five years are necessary to grow a garden successfully is a source of discouragement to many. But a little patience and a little study would make the home a place of interest and enjoyment.

The garden shown here is simple and inexpensive. There are a garden seat and two small arbors, the woodwork of which is painted white, a color which forms a pleasing contrast with that of the vines and shrubbery. A sun dial, the standard of which is covered with stucco, is placed in the middle of the garden. There are a number of bay and poplar trees, which may be placed as suggested by drawings. The garden is surrounded by a hedge of hemlock or privet. The veranda at the rear of the house is arranged so that it may be inclosed and used as a conservatory in the winter time.

The house is in English style, and is covered on the outside with stucco. The same method of construction is used for stucco as for shingles or clapboards, and the stucco is put upon wire lath nailed to the sheathing. Stucco is inexpensive and when hardened is as durable as stone. Boston ivy should be allowed to partly cover the walls of the house, as its color would form a delightful contrast to the rich, creamy color of the stucco. Vines do not, as is commonly thought, make the house damp and unhealthful to live in, but on the contrary, they absorb the moisture and keep the walls dry.

The shingles on the roof are stained a Venetian red. The foundation is of common red brick laid in red mortar. The chimneys are covered in all exposed parts with stucco. The woodwork of the exterior is of oak. The width of the house is about thirty-one feet, not including the pantry, and the depth twenty-five feet, not including the terrace. The cost of the house will be between $2,000 and $2,500.

The interior is very simply arranged with living room, dining room and kitchen on the first floor. Since there are to be no servants, the kitchen is easily accessible to the other rooms.

The living room is of a fair size, and, as shown by the sketch, has a strip about six inches wide extending around the room above the doors and window openings, and vertical strips extending from this strip to the baseboard. The panels thus formed are hung with olive green burlap, held in place by tacks with large brass heads. At the ceiling is a small wooden cornice. The walls above the wainscot and the ceiling are left sand finished and are tinted a gray green. The wainscot and cornice are painted a rich brown, and the floor is of the same color, but slightly lighter. The features which make this room comfortable and which give it a cozy appearance are the inglenook and window seat. The fireplace is faced with dark red brick. It has a large panel of birch above the shelf.

The hearth may be of brick, laid herringbone pattern, or of large square tiles of red color. At the left of the window seat is a curtained opening to the vestibule. At one side of the vestibule is a coat closet and lavatory. Opposite to the opening to the inglenook, and treated in the same manner, is the opening to the enclosed stairway. At one end of the room is a large casement window extending to the floor, which opens out on the veranda.

The dining room is particularly attractive. It has a fireplace on one side of the room and on the other a group of slightly projecting windows, which allow of a wide shelf for potted plants. There is also a large casement window opening out on the veranda. The woodwork of this room is of yellow brown and the walls are hung with Indian red buckram. The ceiling is of plaster kalsomined a red color to harmonize with the buckram. There is a wood cornice at the ceiling and a base about nine inches high at the floor.

The kitchen opens directly into the dining room, the doorway being fitted with a spring hinge door. The pantry door is near the dining room door, thus being easily accessible to both kitchen and dining room. The kitchen and pantry are fitted in the usual way, with closets, dressers, range, sinks, ice chest, &c. The door to the cellar stairs is in the kitchen. There is also an opening to the stairs leading to the second story, which does away with the necessity for those working in the kitchen to pass through one of the principal rooms in order to get to the stairway.

The second story has three bedrooms, a bathroom and a linen closet. The bathroom will have a tiled wainscot five feet high. The bedrooms will have woodwork of pine, painted an ivory white. The walls will be left a rough sand finish and tinted the desired colors. The floors may be stained a pale green.

There is a scuttle in the hall to the attic, which may be used for a storage space.

Dangers of a Train.

Once upon a time there was an awkward young man who was very happy, because he was dancing with the young lady whose affections he desired.

His thoughts were so busy with matters of love that he forgot about the intricate movements that his big feet were attempting to go through, and in his gyrations he began to tramp on the young lady's train. He was so slow in realizing the situation that he continued his awkwardness until the girl's skirt was badly torn.

Then she reproved him very sharply and never spoke to him afterward.

Moral: It is dangerous to get off a train slowly.

Imposition.

"My dear mamma, I am convinced that His Lordship is nothing more or less than an impostor."

"Dear, dear! What could have possessed you with such an illusion as that?

"It's no illusion; it's a fact."

"How shocking! And after all these grand dinners, receptions, musicales, house parties, yacht cruises and everything, that has cost your father $20,000 if a single penny."

"That's what makes the truth all the harder to bear."

"But where is your proof, daughter? Has he not the air and manners of the true nobleas you have met them abroad?"

"He's more baronial than ten barons and a duke."

"He certainly knows 'Burke's Peerage' backward——"

"Itself a suspicious circumstance."

"But why are you so sure? Have you instituted a detective bureau for his apprehension?"

"Oh, no; it's just a woman's natural intuition, worth any six Pinkerton agencies in the world."

"Well, what is your damaging evidence? Out with it."

"In the first place, he is not a bit stupid."

"Rather a virtue than a fault, I should say."

"Paradoxical, for all that. Then, again, he began in the American conventional way of laying siege to my heart before consulting either papa, yourself or even Bradstreet's."

"Rather condescending, I should count it."

"And now, after scores of moonlight walks, no end of tete-a-tete and opportunities to propose to me he still holds off."

"Perhaps it's mere timidity."

"An earl afraid of an American heiress, indeed! Now, if he were a real dyed-in-the-wool, yard-wide, full-jeweled, chronometer-balanced scion of a noble house with the blood of sixty kings in its history he would have proposed first and left all such shoppy and trivial incidentals as lovemaking till afterward."

"Ah, what wonderful perspicacity! My daughter, you are a genius. You were born out of your sex. You should be either a foreign ambassador or a walking delegate."

Enterprising Barber.

Once upon a time, in the good old days when every barber was a surgeon, a worthy citizen walked into a barber shop and stretched himself comfortably in the chair. "Guess I'll have a shave and a hair cut," he remarked.

"All right, sir. Cut your hair first. Fine day, sir."

After the removal of the superfluous hair he inquired, "Shampoo?"

"Don't care if I do," replied the worthy citizen.

Then, after the shampoo and after the citizen's wig had been powdered, the barber inquired, "Anything else to-day, sir? How would an operation for appendicitis strike you?"

"Operation for which?" said the citizen.

"Appendicitis. There's a great deal of it going around."

"But I haven't got it."

"True, but one never knows what may happen. An ounce of prevention, sir, is better than a pound of cure. There are certain advantages in having the vermiform appendix removed while one is still in good health. The chances of recovery are greater than when the operation is performed on a person in poor physical condition. Then, once it is done, one need have no further worry over the matter. With our antiseptic appliances there is little or no danger, I can assure you"——

"Not today," said the worthy citizen, putting on his hat.

"Very well, sir. Some other day. Good-day, sir!" said the barber, cheerfully.

WILLIAM E. McKENNA.

Ballade of Rejected MS.

Scattered, all crumpled and torn,
Round me in dreary array,
Verses of true genius born,
Poems both solemn and gay.
Hope hath a nebulous ray,
Pegasus stalks in his track,
Vainly I question each day—
Why are my verses sent back?

Bays that brow should adorn,
Twined on Parnassian spray,
Never by me shall be worn,
That's what the editors say.
Nathless, at weaving a lay
I've a most dextrous knack,
Rhyming's the simplest of play—
Why are my verses sent back?

Life of its glamor is shorn,
Dreams have all vanished away;
Here by my side all forlorn,
Pitiful orphans are they.
Doomed in this cold world to stray,
Swept on adversity's tack,
Shall they seek shelter, for aye—
Why are my verses sent back?

L'ENVOI.

Sage, who their worth doth assay,
Tell me—my brain's in the rack—
I'm with suspense growing gray,
Why are my verses sent back?

EUGENE GEARY.

Adjustable.

Reporter—At times I find that I must carry my conscience with my heart in my sleeve.

Reader—You take off your coat when you write, don't you?

Poker Chips.

There is such a thing as losing the winning nerve to lay down a losing hand.

Put this in your card case:—Luck is the unluckiest thing to tie to.

There are few exceptions to the rule that today's small winnings will forget yesterday's big loss.

Most of us have the blues at times, but those we buy being less trouble than those we borrow.

If you would be in,
Accept, without doubt,
The wise one's suggestion
To often stay out.

"The boarding house limit" is the latest Tenderloin term for a small stake game, and it seems to be a meet one.

It may be trying to Mr. Mansfield's supersensitive nerves to learn that a mere nobody of a stock actor has on several occasions been known to draw "a full house" in opposition to a fixed star—but such is poker.

There is more truth than poetry
In this.—That reckless bluffer
Will in short metre change his tune
And rhyme with busted duffer.

The Dear Dog Must "Look Pleasant" Before the Camera.

When every dog has its day now it smooths its silken hair or dons its little afternoon frock and sallies forth to be photographed. Thoroughbreds have recently been given the entree to a certain Fifth avenue studio, where their canine majesties are posed before the camera with as much care and attention as though they were above the status of four-footed animals, and the beauty of the dog pictures promises success to the enterprise.

These creatures of pure blood and recorded pedigrees are treated with the same degree of formality shown to persons. Appointments are made for them, sittings arranged, proofs sent out and fine prints prepared as though they were capable of appreciating the artistic quality of the work.

Dogs have always enjoyed privileges equal in many ways to those granted to some individuals. In fact, there are many instances where the lot of these pampered little creatures has caused a twinge of envy in the breast of some less fortunately blessed person. But with all the luxuries heretofore showered upon thoroughbred dogs it surely marks a stride in their career to have a charming studio, its surroundings as well as the energies of artists devoted to their own interests.

CHARM OF DOG PHOTOGRAPHY.

The studio is not exclusively for these pets of the wealthy. The proprietors have for sometime been recognized portraiturists of men and women, and especially happy are their quaintly attractive pictures of children. It was only recently, however, when some one brought in a magnificent St. Bernard dog that they began to consider the charm and possibilities, practically undeveloped, in the way of dog photography.

The first set of dog pictures proved satisfactory to the owner of the blooded animal and at the same time experimentally interesting to the artists. A few days later another furry coated creature sought entrance to the studio, and almost before they knew it these young women were in demand for this kind of work. At present their canine clientele almost requires a separate department.

Those who have made good snap shots of dogs in the open or have taken fair pictures of master or mistress and pet under the light may labor under the delusion that dog photography is an extremely simple experiment. But it isn't so easy as it may seem.

We are all familiar with the graceful curves and lines which are the points to bring out in the photograph of a woman, and an artist sees at a glance how to pose each type of man, but few understand the good points of the various breeds of dogs. Herein lies the secret of getting good canine pictures. Manipulation of light and lens may secure wonderful results from the artistic standpoint, but this would count for naught with a dog fancier if he saw a Clumber spaniel, for instance, posed so as to lose the extreme breadth of head, which is the characteristic of a thoroughbred, or a Boston terrier with its short head and stub nose, of which it is so proud, entirely lost sight of. These are a few of the things with which the artist must be familiar if he or she goes in for this new departure in camera work.

AIR OF CANINE ELEGANCE.

Fancy the air of elegance assumed by a dog of high degree as it descends from its carriage, enters the elevator and is carried to the studio reception-room. With the manner of a connoisseur it glances at the pictures strewn about, critically examines those on the wall, expresses its approval or disapproval of them in little barks, and, after a careful scrutiny of styles, tints, shapes and finish, it indicates, by a wag of its tail, the one it desires to copy. Then its canine highness is escorted upstairs to the light, where negative after negative is made in an effort to secure a pleasing variety of poses.

Occasionally these four footed subjects bring a large wardrobe, and usually they are accompanied by a maid. This was the case when a Fauvette, Miss de Wolfe's tiny bat eared dog, arrived according to appointment to sit for its picture. A dog dress suit case contained the various articles belonging to this thoroughly fashionable canine. First the effect was tried with the little affair soon coat, modishly trimmed with fur, and the ability of the photographer was doubly taxed, for in addition to the features of the dog there were sartorial ones to consider.

The fancy little coat was then changed for a rainy day attire, and this aristocratic and luxuriously indulged bit of canine flesh enjoyed a rest while the maid drew over its stubby feet thin rubber shoes and then covered its stout little body with a fashionable rain coat.

Not yet fatigued with the ordeal of getting in and out of so many costumes, Fauvette expressed a desire to see herself as others see her in the informal surroundings of her own apartment, so the outdoor costume was replaced by one which might be called a lounging robe.

Of course, it isn't every dog that possesses so complete an assortment of up to date apparel; others are content to have their hair brushed until it is sleek and glossy or fluffed in the becoming fashion of their kind.

EASIER THAN CHILDREN TO HANDLE.

Understanding the good points of dogs, a photographer finds these creatures, on the whole, easier to handle than children. Thoroughbreds are reposeful under ordinary conditions, and this quality removes a very trying obstacle from the path of the artist. On the other hand, this repose acts as a great drawback when action is sought in some characteristic pose.

Some of the methods pursued with children prove utterly fruitless when attempting to get good pictures of dogs. Toys make not the slightest impression upon these fur coated subjects, while objects flourished in the air are apt to frighten instead of interest the usually passive sitters.

Talking to them is really the only successful way to gain their attention and at the same time infuse into them a spirit of lively animation. In the case of the Clumber spaniels this conversational method proved wonderfully effective, and it is to be doubted if any other group of three dogs has made such an artistic and interesting picture.

When the three dogs were arranged side by side before the camera there was a strong desire displayed by each to lie down and rest. In fact, it seemed almost impossible to awaken them to anything even bordering on the expression of action. Their heads were rested on their paws, mouths were open and tongues hanging out in an altogether unat-

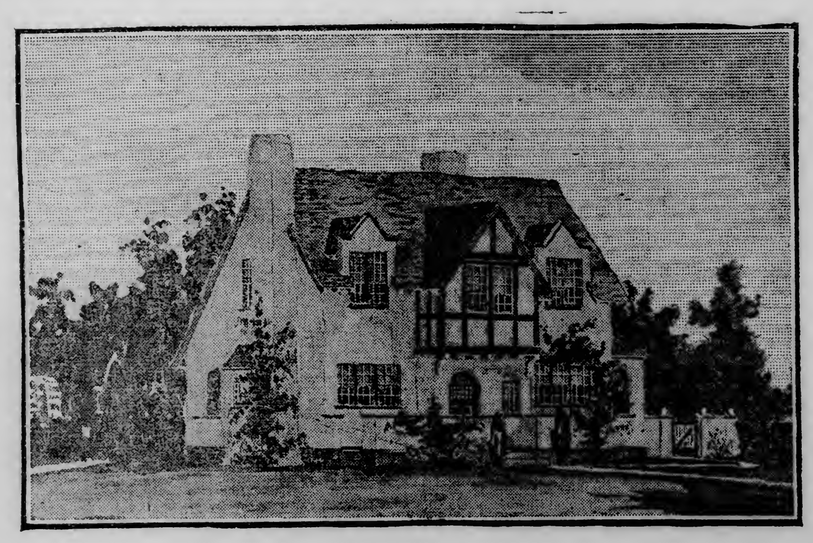
Great in Their Way.

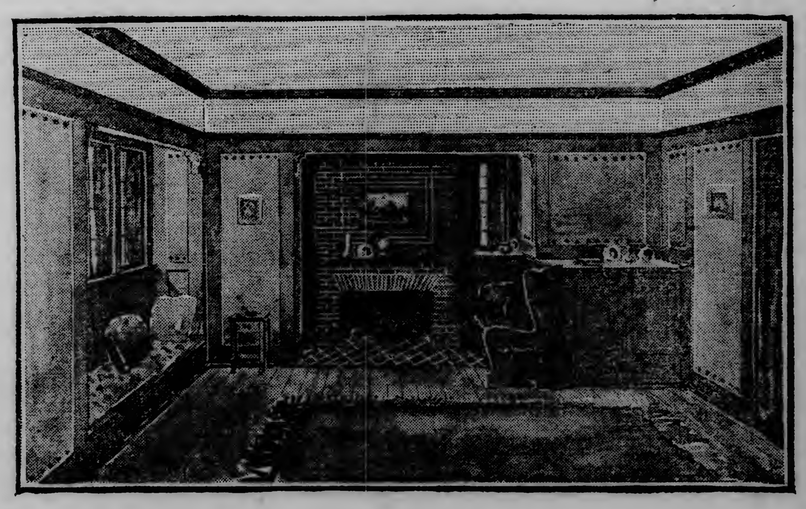
We hail Marconi with acclaim
For wiring wireless wires,
Yet overlook the janitors
Who fire the fireless fires.

In Washington.

"Has Senator Graft introduced his Anti-Trust bill yet?"

"No; he's waiting to see what kind of a bill the trusts want."







THE COMING WEEK AT THE THEATERS

"The Fatal Wedding" on Monday and Tuesday, "The Sleeping King" on Thursday and Friday and "In Old Kentucky" on Saturday at the Lyceum—"My Partner" and "Mr. Barnes of New York" at the Metropolitan.

The spirit of progressiveness, rampant in Minnesota, has broken out again, exhibiting itself this time in the field of musical comedy. New York city alone has had a monopoly of this business for so many years that not until very recent years did Chicago even, dare place its first big production before the public. The success of the Windy City enterprises was instantaneous, and not a single instance of a failure has yet been accorded that city. "King Dodo," "Peggy From Paris," "The Prince of Pilsen," "The Wizard of Oz" and many others might be mentioned as samples of this Western enterprise.

Now it has remained for Minnesota famous, wrote the book and lyrics for "The Sleepy King," this new comic opera that promises to stir up the music-loving public. Giovanni Conterno, the well-known New York bandmaster, composed the music. The entire piece was secured by Mr. Ferris and his clever management has made possible the sucessful production.

The Walter Jones Comic Opera company will present the opera, eighty people being required. Thirty thousand dollars have been invested in costumes, scenic and mechanical effects and other properties. Mr. Jones has won a national reputation as one of the most clever comedians now before the American public. Duluth people will remember him best in connection with his appearance here last season as



WALTER JONES,
King Ozo in "The Sleepy King," the Latest Big Musical Comedy.

to demonstrate that just as good productions could be produced right here at home and through the efforts of Dick Ferris and other Twin City theatrical men, the arrangements were completed, and the new piece will be given its initial rendition at the Lyceum theater next Thursday evening.

Everything, except the fact that the new comedy was written by Eastern men, is of Minnesota origin. George V. Hobart, author of John Henry stories, Dinkelspiel articles, "Sally in Our Alley," and other compositions which have made that young man Adam Hogg, in "The Chaperons." In "The Sleepy King" Mr. Jones is given the greatest opportunity of his career to display his talents, and he has succeeded in working many novelties into the piece.



MISS TOBY CLAUDE,
In "A Chinese Honeymoon."

Rehearsals have been in progress in Mineapolis during the past two months, and every costume and property was manufactured in that city by experienced men and women brought on from the East. The designs for the gowns, of which there are 150, were all made in colors by Will. R. Barnes, of New York, and were followed in every detail by the costumers. They are of the most elaborate in construction, of the richest silks and satins, one gown alone containing ninety yards of crepe de chene and silk, six dozen poppies being used for trimming.

The entire company will arrive in Duluth today and rehearsals will be the daily program up to the hour of the first performance Thursday evening. Great interest is manifest over the initial appearance of Mr. Jones and his company, and the opening night promises to be one of the theatrical events of the season.

Mr. Jones has selected able and talented lieutenants to assist him in presenting the piece in a creditable manner. Ed Redway, the funny little German comedian, seen here last year in "The Chaperons," George K. Henrey, George Ruske Fiske, the beautiful lyric tenor, who won his way into popularity here with his wonderful singig last winter while a member of the Ferris Stock company, David Abrahams, the marvelous little animal imitator, Frank Farrington, Rosemary Glosz, with the "Prince of Pilsen" last season, Nellie O'Neil, Harriet Packard, Toby Craige, M'lle Proto, Kathryn Pearl-Redway, Gertrude Goodyear and many others have been engaged.

From a musical standpoint, critics, who have witnessed a rehearsal, assert it has no equal. There are twenty-seven distinct musical numbers. A dozen clever songs are included in the program, and many of these will prove sensations, and undoubtedly be the song hits of the winter season.

The company has had every convenience that money could buy to aid the members in preparing their parts. The gowns are exquisite, the chorus pretty, while scenic and mechanicad equipment is a little bit better than any other similar production on the road at the present time.

AT THE METROPOLITAN.

"My Partner" and "Mr. Barnes of New York."

During the ensuing week the public of Duluth will have a chance to see, at the Metropolitan Opera house, two famous plays, "My Partner" and "Mr. Barnes, of New York." The former made famous Louis Aldrich and Charles Parsloe, two of the best known actors of the American stage. The play is purely American—in fact the same can be said of both bills for the week—but the former deals of Western life in the days when every man, whose word was not as good as his bond, his bond was worthless.

It is a pretty story of friendship, a story that will appeal to the heart, and is overflowing with comedy, pathos and sentiment. In brief, the story is this: Joe Saunders and Dick Singleton love the same girl, but Singleton fascinates her and causes her downfall. Later on he is killed in a struggle, and the murderer tries to foist the penalty for the crime on Joe Saunders. A Chinaman discovers the bloody shirt worn by the murderer at the time the deed was committed, and the penalty is put on the real criminal. Then comes the question of who is father of the child of Margaret Brandon, the girl whom the two men loved. She has claimed to her father that before she left home she was married, and Joe Saunders, who still loves her, seeks to cover her shame by saying that he is married to her and that he is the father of the child. Margaret's father insists on another marriage, and Saunders and the girl are married and she is saved from disgrace, and the honor of the dead partner is protected also.

Mr. Forbes will play the part of Saunders. Mr. Dean will take the role of Singleton, and Miss Marshall will play Margaret Brandon. Mr. Robinson and Mr. Hester will have strong comedy parts in the roles of the Chinaman and the major. Both have played the parts before, and are said to have made great hits in them. Their comedy work since coming to Duluth has won them hosts of admirers, and those that have seen them work will realize that in such strong parts as they will assume in "My Partner" some splendid comedy may be expected.

"My Partner" should not be confused with "Tennessee's Partner," which has been seen here.

The second bill of the week, "Mr. Barnes, of New York," is too well known to need a description. Everybody has read Gunther's famous novel of the same name from which the play is taken, and all are familiar with the play itself.

The management of the stock company has succeeded in securing for the company to produce some of the best plays that has been on the American stage of late. In order to get the best attractions, the management of the stock company has been negotiating with only the best theatrical agencies, such as Miss Alice Kauser, of New York, who is the personal representative of A. M. Palmer, Klaw & Erlanger, and others; Darcy & Wolford, the noted New York theatrical agents; and others of equal standing.

As a sample of the plays that will be produced the following are offered, and will be produced shortly: "Held By the Enemy," "The Ensign," "Private Secretary," "Don Caesar de Bazan," "The Girl I Left Behind Me," "Trelawney of the Wells," "Zaza," "A Lady of Quality," "Alice of Old Vinciennes" and other of equal note.

"THE FATAL WEDDING."

"The Fatal Wedding" will be at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday next. It is a strong and intense drama, lighted and shaded by tender sentiment and droll comedy. The scenic effects are very fine and the production is under the management of Sullivan, Harris & Woods. The great snow storm on the Palisades and the thrilling scene in Grace church are fine scenes.

"TWO LITTLE WAIFS."

"Two Little Waifs" will be seen at the Lyceum this evening with Stanley and Lolita Lamb in the cast.

"In Old Kentucky" comes to the Lyceum next Saturday for two performances, matinee and night.

ENGLISH COMEDIENNE.

Little Toby Claude, the unctuous English comedienne, has shown new possibilities in the quaint role of Fifi, the cockney slavey of Ylayg Ylang with "A Chines Honeymoon." During the past month she has had all Philadelphia laughing at her queer comedy stunts and admiring her remarkable talents as a quaint singing character actress. "A Chinese Honeymoon" will appear at the Lyceum soon.

INTERCHANGE OF TALENT

In Theatricals Between England and United States.

As England and America get "closer together," both as to community of feeling and the betterment of ocean travel, there is certain to be an interchange of talent of such importance as will cause the old-timer to blink his eyes in wonderment. This ebb and flow between the two countries has existed, of course, during the past hundred years; but what was formerly a gentle current threatens, ere long, to assume the proportions of a flood.

London actors who complained of "An American Invasion," as they did a few years ago, did not, of course, take into account the fact that for over a century the Englishman has well-night monopolized the best positions on the American stage. These visits of foreigners, from the days of the first English company, the Hallams, who, like all others who have come to these shores, have been very welcome; have continued unceasingly up to the present time, when a theatrical company without several British subjects would be an anomaly. Indeed, the Englishman has found the American stage to be the promised land flowing with milk and honey.

It is commonly supposed that, on the other hand, that the American actor has fared rather poorly in England. This is an error. From the day that John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home," appeared in London as the American Roscius, the Yankee, as Englishmen call all of us, has been welcome; his genius has been acknowledged and the reward ample, although not so plenteous as at home. Payne appeared in London during the "trying time," that of the revolution, and yet, though heralded as an American, was kindly received and warmly applauded.

* * *

During the century which intervened, the American actor made steady inroads on the English stage, and now one "Yankee manager" controls seven playhouses and the American performer is seen at every playhouse as well as music hall. Indeed, the American actor has never been looked upon as a "foreigner" in London. Parisian companies playing in London have been treated very sadly, outrageously, in fact; yet the "Yankee" has always been welcome.

Theatrical managers, as well as actors of New York and London, then, seem to be applying a happy old axiom to the effect that "there is need for every one, when in the right place." Should we be overstocked in leading ladies or soubrettes, and the English stage shy on these brands, there is no reason why managers should not interchange, just as merchants do articles of merchandise. It will hardly be denied, either, that the American stage has greatly benefited by the coming of the English actor. In one point he is incomparable, his enunciation is musical and clean cut. Our actors have learned much from him on this score and in a particular which is cause for gratitude.

Whether the Englishman can say as much for the American actors who have gone to London and remained there is a question. It is quite enough that the American actor in London is well liked and has been very successful. In London theaters, at this time, there are as many American stars and "leading ladies" as there are natives. The prominent natives are Mrs. Pat Campbell, Mary Moore, Winifred Emery, Evelyn Millard, Elaine Terres and Ellen Terry. Their American competitors are Gertrude Elliott, Maud Jeffries, Edna May and Helen Macbeth. In the past several Americans have been successful on the London stage, notably Mrs. Carter, Mary Anderson, Annie Russell, Ada Rehan, Maxine Elliott, Julia Opp, Fay Davis, Lotta and Minnie Palmer. America has England to thank for Mary Mannering, Edith Wynn Mathewson, Jessie Millward and a score of others. But England has never seen our Viola Allen, Julia Marlowe or Maude Adams.

* * *

It will be readily observed, then, that this interchange of talent is of immense value to the American, as well as the English stage. A striking example of the advantage accruing from the custom is in the production of the plays of Shakespeare. Shakespeare had been so little acted during recent years in America that when Richard Mansfield made his huge production of Julius Caesar he was compelled to seek actors abroad for certain roles, who had been schooled in the reading of blank verse. Miss Viola Allen has been put to a like necessity. While some of our performers are unsurpassable in certain lines, but few of them are skilled in the reading of blank verse. For her production of "Twelfth Night" Miss Allen has secured F. Percival Stevens, Beerbohm Tree's stage manager, and who will be the Fabion, a role which he enacted with great success with Mr. Tree. Miss Zeffie Tillbury, who was a big hit in Mr. Tree's production, will be the Maria, and Scott Craven, who appeared in Mr. Greet's and other companies, will be the Duke Orisini.

That American and English actors dwell together so amicably on both sides of the water is a pleasing prospect, and should prove of great artistic value to the stage generally.



MLLE. PROTO,
A Clever Little Toe Dancer, Who Appears at the Lyceum Thursday and Friday Evenings, Sept. 17 and 18, With the Walter Jones Comic Opera Company, Presenting the "Sleepy King."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Viola Allen Wanted to Buy "The Eternal City."

New York, Sept. 12.—According to a story that is going the rounds on Broadway, Miss Viola Allen's determination to appear in Shakespeare was shaken after she had cut loose from Liebler & Co. It was the firm's refusal to star her in "Twelfth Night" that had brought about the parting of the ways, and Miss Allen, at the time, insisted that she would have that production even if she had to put up every dollar that she earned, which is a considerable amount. After looking over the field and listening to estimates, Miss Allen became possessed of the idea that perhaps it would be better to make the first venture under her own management in a play already tested and approved by the public. She went to Liebler & Co. and offered them $50,000 for the exclusive use of "The Eternal City" in this country. The offer was taken under advisement, but was finally rejected, as the play had been promised to E. J. Morgan, and there was no suitable production that could be made for him.

* * *

Ezra Kendall took a run down to Asbury Park before he went out to the Pacific Coast, and during his brief vacation ran up against Tom Ryley, who was spending some of the money he had made out of "Florodora." Ryley had not been over here long enough to become aware of the fact that Kendall had tried "The Vinegar Buyer" on New York, and after talking it over, turned to Kendall and said: "Why, man, that play would run a year in New York!" Kendall was a study as he replied, "For heaven's sakes, we did try that in town, and played for three consecutive weeks, and had a half-inch ad in all the papers."

* * *

Kendall, by the way, is an Anarchist of a rare type. He is not of the violent brand, but he is filled with opposition to capital, corporations, and all forms of government for the few. Every clipping that bears on subjects of this kind, especially of the recent trial of Sam Parks, the labor leader, are carefully forwarded to him in California. He promptly acknowledges them, always signing himself on this subject, "Red Hand, the Apache Chief."

* * *

Miss Lillian Russell has had her hands full for the last couple of weeks. She is not yet sufficiently recovered from her automobile accident to discard the splints which she has worn ever since. She had to appear in them at rehearsal at Weber & Fields, and those members of the company that she tried to convert to Christian Science made her life miserable on the subject of doctors. To add to her discomforts her daughter took it into her head to elope very much in the same way as the fair Lillian ran off with Teddy Solomon years ago. That child has been the apple of Lillian's eye. She had her carefully educated in a convent, and would not permit her to enter the theater. She kept every newspaper notice and even photographs of herself out of her daughter's sight, and intended to develop her into a most serious-minded young person. There was altogether too much of Miss Russell's own composition in her daughter's make-up, and the first tight for independence resulted in a rout for the mother. Since then the daughter has gone her own way, doing pretty much just as she pleased. As Miss Russell pathetically remarked, when told about the happy manner in which the young couple were enjoying the comforts of the Harlem flat: "Oh, yes, she can do all the marketing in those Harlem stores, but she couldn't even bring a cup of tea to my room in the morning, when she knew that I wanted it very badly." This is really the first news that tea was the opening drink of Miss Russell's day.

* * *

Word comes from Bridgeport that the opening night of Edward Harrigan in his new play was a tremendous success. The only fault to be found with it was its exceeding length, and Harrigan is already at work remedying this. In all some 40 minutes will have to be cut out, and this will be done before the show is brought to this city.

* * *

The time-honored question of ticket speculators has been brought to the front again this week by several newspapers, who discuss reported combination of managers to put the prices up on those speculators who have regular offices for the sale of tickets. The only truth in this report seems to be that Tyson, who practically controls all of this branch of the speculating business in the city was recently served with notice from Klaw & Erlanger that they would raise the prices to him during the forthcoming appearance of the Rogers Brothers. He was told that he would have to pay $2.25 a seat, and that none of the tickets would be received back at the box office, as has always been the case heretofore. Of course, his representatives could stand in line with the other purchasers and get their seats at $2 apiece, but this would not secure him the choice locations that his patrons invariably demand, and it would practically cut that theater off his list. Tyson's reply has not been made, but it is understood that he will refuse. Such action may lead to a very merry war before it is over.

* * *

One of the little tragedies of which Broadway is so full, and of which the public hear so little, came to the surface last week. Fifteen years ago James F. Hide, who is a familiar character to every man about town in the city, was a ticket speculator in front of the Fourteenth Street theater. He had inherited some money from England, and had made more on this side, and altogether was in an exceedingly prosperous condition. For months there had been bad blood between him and a rival speculator, who, when the row broke, forced Hide against a railing and tried to gouge his eye out with the twirl of an umbrella. Hide finally reached his revolver and shot the other man dead. He was so badly hurt that he had to go to a hospital, and for years his eye troubled him, until he lost his sight altogether. He was, of course, indicted for the act, but was never brought to trial, and some six years later succeeded in having the indictment dismissed. Meanwhile every dollar of his fortune had been spent, much of it in lawyer's fees, and Hide was forced to earn his living by taking tickets at the Casino and the Bijou. Since then things have gone very hard with him, and his chances of making a living grew dimmer each year. The last place he held was on a steamboat dock in Harlem, where he was selling tickets for a small excursion. One purchaser, while in anger, because he had failed to get on the right boat, demanded the return of his money. This Hide refused, and the other man attacked him again with the twirl of an umbrella. He wounded him about the face and neck so seriously that Hide is now in a hospital and it is not at all certain that he will ever get well.

* * *

Richard Mansfield sent an announcement to the papers that he had decided to open his season in New York with "Old Heidelberg," instead of "Ivan the Terrible." Everybody on the street wondered why, especially as rehearsals for the Tolstol play had begun, and Mr. Mansfield's scenic artists had about finished the elaborate sets for the piece. The great actor did not vouchsafe any explanation for the change, but here is the inside story: It seems that whenever Mr. Mansfield has taken the public into his confidence and announced that he intended to produce such and such a play that half a dozen small managers immediately began to make arrangements to produce the same play, trading, of course, on the reputation that Mr. Mansfield's name would give it. For instance when he announced last spring that he intended to give an elaborate production of "Alexander the Great" the small fry got busy and half a dozen companies were got together to tour the country in "Alexander." Even Third avenue was to have an "Alexander" production. Just as this epidemic was at its height Mr. Mansfield announced that he would produce "Ivan the Terrible," instead of the Alexander play. The day after this announcement was printed in the papers two managers were arranging for productions of "Ivan." This caused the Mansfield brow to darken with frowns. Suddenly a great thought came to him. He would not open the season with "Ivan," but would produce "Old Heidelberg." Accordingly he took his pen in hand and notified the newspapers. Meanwhile the smaller managers who follow in his wake, are wondering what his next sidestep will be. And yet there are folks who say that Mr. Mansfield is eccentric. By the way, the new Lyric theater, where he is to open, is so near completion that the Shuberts have notified him that he can open on October 5, instead of the 12th, if he wishes.

* * *

Go-Wan-Go-Mohawk, the Indian actress, well known throughout the country, sailed last week for England, where she is booked to appear for some time in her sensational Western plays.

* * *

Manager John C. Fisher seems to have another big successful importation on his hands in "A Princess of Kensington." This is the musical comedy that run for over a year at the Savoy theater in London and which Mr. Fisher brought out last week at the Broadway, where all the critics say it is destined to remain for a long time. James T. Powers is the principal fun maker and has the best part he has undertaken since the days of his early musical comedy triumphs with the Daly company.

* * *

The Dramatic News says that Emma Carus has secured a divorce from her husband, which is no news to her friends.

* * *

The Rogers Brothers, following a time-worn custom, last week produced their new success, "The Rogers Brothers in London," at Buffalo, where they were enthusiastically received. The new piece goes into the Knickerbocker theater this week for a New York run before these popular German comedians take to the road the latter half of the season. The clever young comedian, who made such a hit with Francis Wilson in "The Toreador" last season. Coyne has a typical English part that suits him down to the ground, and is one of the hits of the show, as was to be expected.

* * *

"Three Little Maids," another English musical comedy was offered in New York last week, being produced for the first time in this country at Daly's theater Wednesday night by Manager Charles Frohman. It is given by the original English organization that appeared in the piece in London for over a year, and from all accounts made one of the distinct hits of the past several years. The reviewers speak of the piece in the most flattering terms, both for its cleverness, good music and refinement. It looks as if Manager Frohman has broken the hoodoo attached to his ventures in the musical field and has a really big winner on his hands.

* * *

An examinatior of the copyright records in Washington the past week shows that an effort was made some years ago to protect "Parsifal" in this country, but by error it failed. If this is the case the protest of Frau Wagner against the performance of the work in this country by Mr. Conried and his forces amounts to nothing, as the widow of the composer has no legal standing and any one who cares to can secure a copy of the work and produce it.

* * *

Willie Collier produced his new piece, "Personal," in Rochester, N. Y., last week with indications that it will be a sure go in evidence. Collier plays the part of an up-to-date reporter, and is said to be very funny in his newest creation, while Louise Allen Collier, as a wild harum-scarum girl from the West, has a congenial role. Collier's temporary retirement from the starring ranks does not seem to have affected his personal popularity, and it looks as if the first of Weber and Field's managerial ventures is a sure success.

* * *

Charles Grapewin and Anna Chance, known to vaudeville as headliners, have just tried out with success their three-act starring piece, "The Awakening of Pipp," which is an elaboration of Grapewin's funny sketch of the same name. They are supported by a large company, and began the season at Hoboken, where the piece was tried for a week while being worked into shape. The report from there indicates that it made a success.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
Phones—Old, 56; New, 50.
Last Time Tonight.
Lincoln J. Carter's great play,
"Two Little Waifs"
The Lamb Children in the cast.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Bal. 35c. Matinee—
Monday and Tuesday.... "The Fatal Wedding."

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
LAST TIME TONIGHT.
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in
"SAPHO."
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c. Mat. 10c, 25c

LYCEUM THEATRE, DULUTH. C. A. Marshall, Manager.
BE A FIRST NIGHTER Minnesota's Maiden Effort—
MR. DICK FERRIS PRESENTS THE WALTER JONES COMIC OPERA CO.
IN A—
$30,000 Magnificent Production of
THE SLEEPY KING
Book By GEORGE V. HOBART, Music By GIOVANNO CONTERNO.
80—PEOPLE—80
MR. WALTER JONES
Supported by the Following
EDDIE REDWAY, GEO. HENREY, G. RUSS FISKE, ALBERT FARRINGTON, J. C. STEVENS, LEWIS PARSHLEY, DAVID ABRAHAMS, and ROSEMARY GLOSZ, NELLIE O'NEIL, HARRIET PACKARD, MLLE. PROTO, TOBY CRAIGE, LAURA WITT, 65 OTHERS.
Augmented Orchestra. Sweetest in Song—Gayest in Garb
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, SEPT. 14 AND 15.
"THE FATAL WEDDING" Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.
Next Saturday, Matinee and Night—"IN OLD KENTUCKY."

Wait for the Biggest and Best Musical Comedy Company Ever Organized. 100 People.
A CHINESE HONEY MOON.
Superior Grand Opera House—Monday, Sept. 21.
Duluth Lyceum Sept. 22—For 4 performances
Later "ads" tell about seat sales.

"MEET ME AT THE 'MET'."
Metropolitan Stock Co
Including MR. GUS A. FORBES.
First Half of Week and Wednesday Matinee—
"MY PARTNER"
Last Half of Week and Saturday Matinee—
"Mr. Barnes of New York"
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evening, 10c, 25c and 50c; Matinee, 10c and 25c.

TALKING ABOUT CASCARIN

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THE DIAMOND MATCH CO.

CHIMMIE FADDEN STORIES
BY EDWARD W. TOWNSEND

Chimmie Fadden, the Bowery Philosopher, Provided More of a Picnic Than Was Called For —Tragedy In Which Duchess Was Not Guilty.

(Copyright, 1903, by R. H. Russell.)

Duchess is a good goil, and I have no kick due me on her temper; but when somting happens dat I has no more to do wit, dan de bull pup has to do wid de state of de wedder, den I gets a specimen of de finest brand of French ragging dat de market affords.

I don't know was it dat she missed connection wit a parasol she expected to get from Miss Fannie, or what 'ell, but one day Duchess gets me in a corner and she says, "Cheems, what is your position in dis house?"

"Second man," I says, "did anybody ring?"

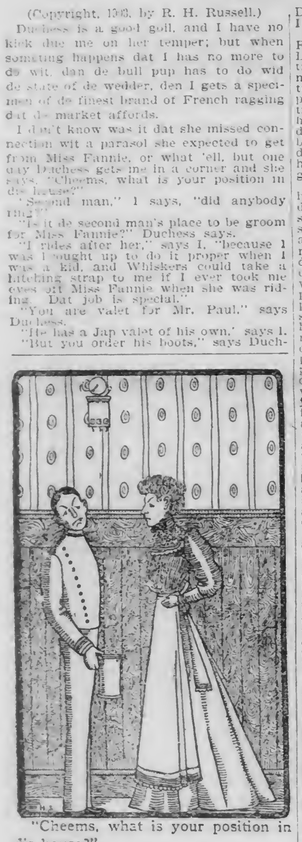
"Is it de second man's place to be groom for Miss Fannie?" Duchess says.

"I rides after her," says I, "because I was t'ought up to do it proper when I was a kid, and Whiskers could take a hitching strap to me if I ever took me eyes off Miss Fannie when she was riding. Dat job is special."

"You are valet for Mr. Paul," says Duchess.

"He has a Jap valet of his own,' says I.

"But you order his boots," says Duchess could hold down, and I got it. I had to.



"Cheems, what is your position in dis house?"

I had a turn I was rehoising Little Miss Fannie, and our kiddie and de bull pup. Little Miss Fannie was to put de pup trough his tricks, while Kiddie was ring master. De pup done noble in all his tricks except dat he was no dead sure proposition on going though de hoop every time. Mostly when de Little One held de hoop, after we'd covered it wid paper, de pup would balk, till he'd run around behind it to make sure dat Little One had de piece of meat he was to get. If de hoop wasn't covered he'd see de meat, and go trough like a shot.

I doubles de size of de chunk of meat, but it was no sure ting dat he'd butt de paper till he'd took a peep behind to see for fair dat his wages was dere. You see, he didn't like de paper end of his trick anyway, and I was up against how to make de turn a sure shot, till, one day, de folks from our house come down de de lawn to see us rehoise. Willy Widdy was along, and she held a pint measure poodle in her arms. She was wise. Dat poodle was always in her arms if she was strolling within a mile de bull pup. I had sometimes tought dat de pup had made up his mind dat to die a horible deat would be a bargain counter price to pay for de joy of one chance to bite de poodle in two. I never did see anyting dat wanted anyting else so bad as de pup wanted to get a hammer-lock wit his jaw on dat poodle. What made him t'ink it so hard was dat de poodle knew it, and used to give de pup de ha ha from where he'd laugh at him in de Widdy's arms. Dogs do a lot of t'inking about t'ings like dose. Of course, any good pup would like to bite a poodle; de poodle knew dat; he knew he was safe in Widdy's arms, and so he made life mote to de lad for de pup by making faces at him, and, as I was telling you, giving him de ha ha.

Well pup had balked de hoop wit paper a few times, and I had de kiddee in a fit, because I was going to give pup a bit of a welting, when all of a sudden pup sees poodle, as Widdy was just going to walk behind de banner, and de way pup takes de jump trough de paper, hoping to get Widdy off guard, was lovely to see. But Widdy was leary, as she always is when she has fetched poodle into de same acre of ground as pup; and master builder and anodder hard luck story to worry about.

Dat set me tinking. When de folks had went back to de house I tell Duchess to borrow poodle, and I'll put de act on where we rehoising, but not to put Widdy on to what part we wanted de poodle to play. Duchess seen her chance to butt into de show, and she soon had poodle in her arms, and I started de trick. It was lovely. All I had to do was to hold poodle on de opposite side of de hoop, and pup went trough een as fast as de coachman's kid could paste on new paper. He never reglgs once. He'd a jumped till he wore his feet off on de tousand-to-one chance dat I'd be off guard, and let him get a mouthful of poodle, and poodle was having de time of his life, too. When he seen how hard pup was wolking, and dat notting was doing except de puppy, poodle near barked his head off laughing.

"Take poodle back to Widdy," I says to Duchess, "and say notting about dat we



"She has Widdy's Poodle in her arms."

is going to make a actor of him. I've got a place for you in the show where you'll only have to put on your swell rags, and stroll on in a haughty manner."

Well, well, dere's a heap of trouble in dis life dat comes when we tinks we has only to push a button to get a good ting we has all laid out for ourselves. De soicus comes off, and was going like a hurry-call ambulance. Notting to stop it! De foiidies and gents had done deir riding turn, some college lads had done some straight tumbling, and it was fine; Mr. Paul had made good, as a straight ring master, and den he introduces me as de only 'riginal Bowery song and dance artist left on top of eart, and I'd obliged wit de old favrite, "On de Banks of de Bronks, Where Me Summer Goil Hangs Out."

Next Mr. Paul introduces "Little Miss Fannie, and her Wonderful Trick Bull Pup." Little One comes in wit pup, and our kid, and I follows along, as clown, to see dat de pup done all right. De kids makes a great hit, and, say, I was proud of Little Duke. Most of de folks dere was friends of our folks, and dey knows me and duchess by sight, and when dey hears dat Little Duke was our kid dey gives him a great jolly, and kiddie says his lines beautiful, all his th's being in place and doing duty. When the kiddies had put de pup trough all his tricks but de hoop, Duchess stroll in from de dressing room, ..ke she was a swell out for a walk around de block; and she has Widdy's poodle in her arms, and de style of her gets a great reception. She hears de folks saying dat she was Hortense, Fannie's maid, and she pipes me off wit a wink, like she was saying, "I told you I'd be de star of de show."

She was! My, my, she was for a fact!

Little Miss Fannie held pup's head away from de hoop until just as Duchess was passing behind, and den she lets de pup see what was doing, and turns him loose. Pup gives a little cry of joy, makes a running jump of it trough de hoop, wit his mouth wide open, like he wanted to be ready for dat bite he'd hoped for so long. I nearly had a fit when I sees him land like a flying machine against Duchess, and dat French hussy drops poodle, and let out a yell dat was heard on de oduer side of de Sound.

Pup had caught a mouthful of paper as he flew trough de hoop, and dat saved all our lives, for he was part blinded, and didn't get a fair hold at foist. But he got hold enough to nail poodle's hind leg, and poodle gives a squeal dat brought Widdy down from her seat flying. Whiskers seen dat dere was trouble, and he flies after Widdy; I jumps for de dogs; Kiddies gets into de rally; Mr. Paul jumps into de ring to grab kids; and de audience applauds to beat de band—what was playing suiver music! Dere was tings doing all over de lot.

I gets into de center foist, and de pup lets go his holt to shift to a better one. I grabs him by bote hind legs, and chases him moaning most sorrowful, but licking his chops, for he had drawn foist blood, anyway.

I makes a quick pass o. de pup to de coachman's kid, and tells him on his life



"Dat was Beautiful done, Chames."

not to stop running till he'd locked de pup up in de stables; and den I goes back to de dressing tent, and meets Widdy calling for smelling salts, a doctor, bandages, liniment, de police, and a ambiance.

"What have you done wit dat horrible devil-dog uat has murdered my beautiful darling pet," she says, like a tragedy actress out on top of de stoige.

Madam," I says, de bull pup was shot, and drowned; and de coachman has gone for to get a pound of poison to give him, and de gardner is fixing a rope to hang de villain, for sure," I says.

"He should be boined alive!" Widdy says.

He will be, Ma'am," I says, just as soon as we can light a fire.

"And your cat-wife should be boined alive, and sent to prison for dis murder!" says Widdy.

"No need, Ma'am," I says. "Duchess has took a pound of carbonic acid, and cut her troat; and I'm just going to get me gun for her," I says. "Let me see your beautiful dog's leg. Ma'am," I says. "Is he much hoit?"

"Never you mind poor Fido's leg," she says. "You go and telephone for de vet."

"Well, Whiskers comes chasing, and orders me to go back and finish me clown act, dat was included in de dog turn, and me and Mr. Paul soon had de show running again; but de audience was all laughing about de turn dat was not down on de bill. When Widdy hears em she was folst near croisy wit rage; but she is no farmer, and pretty soon she shifts to make a good face of it; for dames like her can stand a game any kind of a game except to be made a game of deirselves.

De show was a winner, boodle-wise, and if ever we finds any yacht sailors' orphans, we'll make ice cream and cake de rest of deir lives; but I was feeling like I wished I had a home as far off as Scandehuovia to go to, all de time I was helping to solve refreshments after de ball was over. I knew dat I could square meself wit Mr. Paul, all right, but I had me opinion dat Miss Fannie would be dead sore on me for not telling Widdy dat I was going to borrow her poodle.

But when de folks had went, and Whiskers had drove off wit Widdy to de vet's, Miss Fannie calls me to de hall, and she looks around to see dat no one was rubbering, and den she shakes hands wit me. "Dat was beautiful done, Chames," she says.

"Tanks, Miss Fannie," I says. "What was beautiful done?"

"Laming Mrs. Harding's poodle, so dat de vet will have to put it out of de woild wit clorform. You did it on poipose, of course?"

Say, I was in what dey calls a problem play, den. I hadn't done de poodle on poipose, but if it made me stand to de good wit Miss Fannie to have her tink dat I did, I was willing to stand for dat, or anyting else. So, I just looked wise, and says, "Tank you, Miss Fannie," and goes on me way.

But when I sees Duchess I tells her to put me wise on de game.

"It is so simple," says Duchess. "Ma'mzelle Fannie admire Madam Harding very well, but she despise dat Madam make so much of dat poodle. Also Whiskaire, he do not like de poodle. What will you?"

"Anytink dat's coming to me," says I.

"Very well. Ma'mzelle Fannie, she know very true dat Madam Harding will never more be seen wit de poodle, because a woman like her would radder be seen wit a ting dat has made hed of de rediculous. So she will now be more agreeable to Ma'amzelle, and perhaps to Whiskaire."

If Duchess hadn't doped de game to me right, I'd been paralyzed when Widdy comes to me in a few days, smiling like she was a six-time winner, and says dat de poodle was not much hoit; and did I know of some kind people dat would 'preciate and tenderly care for Fido, because she didn't tink de climate of Westchester County was good for de little dear's healt.

I tells her sure; dat me own modder was all her life dying for just such a beautiful dog as Fido; and her old age would be like a continuous performance picnic if she had a poodle like Fido to board wit her.

What do you tink? Widdy tells me to take Fido to me modder, and pays a case —a whole, long, one-spot—for de board of de dog every week. Modder is getting chesty wit de income, and, as she feels it propper, and don't coddle it, it's getting some manners and spirit; and de old lady has more fun wit it dan a box of monkies.

I was satisfied to get out of de proposition on dat lay, but what bodders me is, dat Duchess never got no roast nor notting; and has a smile like she is stuck on herself, whenever I sneaks of de job; and she has de parasol of Miss Fannie's she's long'd for. Do you spose dat French goil had de wit and noive to feed de poodle to de pup on poipose? What!

Safeguarding the Gullible.

Baltimore American: In closing the mails to certain swindlers the postoffice department is working sore havoc with the rush of fools speeding toward ever possible avenue to be parted from their money.

MORGAN ON MONEY

Alabama Senator Writes Letter to American Mining Congress.

Gold and Silver Will Always Be the Money Metals.

Lead, S. D., Sept. 12.—The adoption of a constitution and by-laws, the adoption of a resolution asking the United States congress to pass a law for the establishment of a department of mines and mining, with a representative in the president's cabinet, and the reading of a letter from Senator Morgan of Alabama, in response to an invitation from Secretary Mahan to attend and address the congress, were among the things done at yesterday's meeting of the American mining congress. Mr. Morgan's letter was in part as follows:

"No nation has openly attempted to destroy the precious quality of either gold or silver, and none will ever do so effectually. They will outlive all opposition and defy destruction, while they will scorn the neglect of nations. It seems to be a heresy against the order of nature to attempt to deprive either gold or silver of its precious quality as a money metal.

And it is equally disparaging to the law or equal personal rights and privileges accorded to all men—the right to exist, and the right to the pursuit of happiness—that we should so legislate and so discriminate as to make silver the cheaper money of labor, and gold the money of those who, live on the labor of others, instead of living by the labor of their own hands.

This is done when the coinage laws and the legal tender laws discriminate against silver as a money metal, or as a legal tender for debts.

Our laws make these discriminations by refusing equal privileges to silver in the coinage of money, and by limiting the legal tender power of silver coins.

Whatever privileges of coinage are given to the metal should be given the other; and the rule should be the same and not different as to the legal tender power of gold and silver coins.

It is the constitutional right of congress to provide for the coinage of money and to regulate its value as between these metals; but it is not within the constitutional authority to desroy the value of either by legislation.

Congress can fix the relative value of the coins of either metal according to weight and fineness, but when the coins are struck congress cannot change the value of a gold dollar or a silver dollar by discriminate against silver and their purchasing power, or debt paying power, or by legal tender laws that lessen either coin below the value stamped on its face.

We make these discriminations against silver, both in our coinage regulations and in our legal tender laws and we, thereby discriminate against silver and destroy its precious quality as a money metal.

We do by indirection what no nation dares to do by open and repressive legislation at the peril of the safety of its government.

The laws should be changed and the peace and friendship between gold and silver should be restored to the condition that existed during the first half century of our national life.

The losses and disadvantages that imposed upon the poorer classes by our laws that discriminate against silver as to coinage and as a legal tender power, appear in almost every transaction in which they engage.

"We cannot change our laws, the money systems of foreign countries, and while we could do much in the direction, to give duties than to take care of our people in their home work by securing to them all the benefits of the silver and gold that are so richly stored in our mines.

To do this we must change the basis of our present system of finance and national banking so that our capital shall consist of gold and silver, actually accumulated, instead of resting it solely upon our national credit based on the power of taxation with pledges of national faith to provide the gold, or the gold and siler, to redeem our obligations on demand or when they shall fall due.

"We must change our baking system from a credit basis to a specie basis of national banking if we would make it just to all classes and independent of the power of monopolistic combines.

Aur system of banking is constitutional and it is convenient and secure in that it provides for a reliable currency, but its founda on is not money, or bullion, but credit, wherein it is greatly defective. This credit depends upon our power to redeem our promises in coin, to be hereafter borrowed or collected under laws of taxation. This system is false and unjust to the living, and is still more unjust to our posterity.

Our laws discredit both gold and silver, as the basis of all banking, by prohobiting issues of paper money by private and state banks and by refusing charters to national banks on any basis except that of national bonds.

This is a revolution and new departure in finance that no other nation has ventured upon. No other great nations have seemed willing to inflict almost universal bankruptcy on their people. If the exigencies to which they are exposed should cause their credit to sink below par.

This tempting fallacy of banking on the basis of credit, instead of gold and silver in the hand vanishes, drives others of the monopolistic class. into 'asset banking,' which opens the door to the wildest projects that have ever found practical and disastrous illustration in the frauds, bankruptcies and ruin inflicted upon the people by the licentious abuse of their confidence, and the grind of their necessities, in the issue of the 'wild cat,' and 'pigeon roost' currency to circulate as money.

Our system of national banking based exclusively on the national credit, being unsound, dangerous and oppressive to tax payers, the simple and effective remedy is found in the payment of the national debt and the substitution of gold and silver in place of that debt as the basis of national banking.

The true wealth of our country, as it is of all countries, depends unon the thrift and the prosperity of our industries, accompanied with the permanent stores of the precious metals, sufficient to prevent injurious depressions in trade through our lack of a full supply of money for proper purposes.

No country can suffer, or be disturbed in its industries by panics, that maintains a safe reserve of precious metals for the use of its people, as money.

Such a policy is not a hoarding of idle wealth, but the accumulation of financial power, that gives prestige to a nation and security to its people.

If we place gold and silver, as the foundation of our currency, in national banks, controlled by our givernment, and pledge the faith of the government to the redemption of the issues of the banks in gold and silver coins, at the option of the holder, these depositories instead of being raided and depleted by speculators in coin and closed by panics created for the purpose, will increase with the growth of our country and will put capital at work for the benefit of the people.

Such a system, with balances of foreign trade in our favor, will cause a steady and immeasurable increase in wealth in which every citizen will have the full share that is due to honest industry.

The battles of 'the standards' will cease, and the ratio between the metals, according to weight, will cease to trouble and the purchasing power, and the debt-paying power of the metals will all be adjusted by the values of the currency they represent and support, and, in all these functions, they will work together for the good of the country.

The paper currency issued upon a joint specie basis of gold and silver, will always represent the highest relative value that any country can attribute to gold or to silver, and such paper issues guaranteed by the government, as to redemption in gold or silver at the option of the holder, will be as good as the best money that any country can supply, and it will be current, without discount, in all the commercial countries.

If we change our system of banking from a credit basis to a cash basis, using the precious metals for its foundation, and the credit of the government to insure its integrity, we will forever close the door upon the bickerings that cause distrust, antagonism and panics in our financial affairs.

The payment of the national debt will clear the way for the adontion of a system of finance that will compose all our difficulties and give confidence to all who toil, and will secure the permanent welfare of the country."

A SURE CHILDREN'S REMEDY.

If your child is restless at night, grinds its teeth, wets the bed, is constipated, craves indigestible food or is fretful and peevish, you can be sure it has Worms. KICKAPOO WORM KILLER will expel them and restore the child's health. These tablets are pleasant to take and won't harm the most delicate child. 25c. a box at druggists, or by mail from us. Your money back if not satisfactory.

KICKAPOO INDIAN WORM KILLER

is endorsed and recommended by thousands of mothers.

Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co.,

Gentlemen:—My little boy, aged three years and seven months, was troubled with his stomach, and I had him doctored by eminent physicians for several months at a large outlay of money. I had tried all kinds of worm medicine without any benefit. On the night of the 16th of August I bought one box of the Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, and gave him one lozenge before going to bed. On the following morning several large worms were expelled. Kickapoo Indian Worm Kilier has done for the child what all other medicines failed to perform. SAMUEL KELLEY. Havana, Illinois.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., New Haven, Conn.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS
AND -- OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it; imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

POOR CONDITIONS

Prevented Dan Patch From Breaking Record.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 12.—In a battle against time, handicapped by a heavy wind and an unsatisfactory track, Dan Patch, the champion pacer, failed, at Charter Oak Park yesterday, to break the record made there two years ago by Star Pointer, in two minutes flat. The wonderful horse, however, went the mile in 2:01, doing the last quarter in :29½.

Of the other events of the closing day the 2:07 trot furnished the most excitement. Dan T., after finishing fourth in the first heat, took the next three in succession, but Geers had to work hard to bring about this result, for the gelding broke at critical stages. His going "up in the air" in the initial heat, near the three-quarter's pole, lost him first place, while in the last heat he dropped behind six lengths at the half mile point. Despite this he recovered the field before the stretch was reached, and swept under the wire by a good margin.

Rythmic, the blind horse, had an unfortunate experience in the first heat of the race, which put him out of the contest. While pocketed at the half-mile the tire came off one wheel, and Hudson dismounted and walked home. He explained to the judges the cause of his mishap, but after a consultation the announcement was made that Rythmic had been distanced. This was greeted by hisses, while the horse was cheered every time he passed the grand stand afterwards.

The other races, while spirited, were uneventful. In the 2:30 trot there was a suspicion that Curry held Judge Green back, so he was replaced by Walker at the finish of the second heat, after which the gelding made a procession of the other heats, winning both in a walk. Before Dan Patch came out to try for the record the track was softened as much as possible, and after scoring a few times he was sent away accompanied by Carrie Nation, a runner. His splendid condition, however, could not overcome the northwest wind which swept across the track, and he finished two seconds behind his own best mark and one behind that of Star Pointer. His last quarter was a beautiful exhibition of speed and was covered under whip and yell.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Nervousness, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, Shame, Stone Ridge, or Consumption, Pimples on the Face, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lack of Energy, Bad Complexion, Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a case is at hand. Quick and secure. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. 6 for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, with a written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

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THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Traymer Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.

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AWARDING OF PRIZES FOR BEST KEPT LAWNS

Has Given a Stimulus to the Esthetic Principles of Municipal Art in Duluth.

By MARY B. STATHAM.

The prizes awarded by the Commercial club and Woman's council for the best kept lawns in the eight wards of Duluth have excited more than passing interest, and much encouragement for the future is felt along these lines. The names of the prize winners were announced at the county fair grounds during the last day of the exhibition. Many a face there beamed with delight as the fortune was unexpected to the lucky ones, since the names of some of them had not been entered for the contest.

The Woman's council, into whose hands the inspections and awarding of the prizes had been placed, did their work most acceptably. Everyone seemed satisfied. The task was a delicate one to decide, since there were many considerations governing the awards. Merely a well kept lawn in the front of a residence was not only considered, but the rear as well was expected to be tidy and attractive. Ingenuity and originality in making the best appearance out of one's surroundings were among the exacting features of the contest.

We have been able to procure photographs of a few of the prize lawns, and herewith present them. The features they were designed to illustrate are not made prominent, since it is well nigh impossible to give in one view the front and rear part of a lawn.

In awarding the prizes the greatest difficulty lay in deciding upon features to be considered. Some lawns were on the side of a hill and, therefore, were troublesome to keep in good order. There were many well kept lawns without a tree or flower, and lacked every artistic feature. In many instances the lawns were pretty, but the driveways and board walks harbored weeds and showed lack of care. Again, the lawns in front of some of the premises were handsome with trees and shrubbery, and were beautifully womn, while the back premises were sadly neglected. The prizes were, therefore, awarded where every detail about the front and rear of the premises showed beauty and neatness.

The inspectors noted many handsome and beautifully kept lawns in the East End, and think they compare favorably with those in larger Eastern cities. Theer were also many attractive homes throughout the city where the lawns were kept by members of the family, but did not come under the rules of the awards. These deserve honorable mention: Mrs. Walbank, 428 East Second street; A. C. Hubbell, Jr., 1105 East First street; Mr. McMillan, 1016 East First street; D. A. McFarland, 1905 West Fourth street; J. K. Persons, 5330 London road; D. N. Wheeler, 6132 Grand avenue, Lakeside; Mrs. Miles, 1520 East Fourth street.

* * *

A number of attractive places of public interest should not be overlooked, as they appealed most agreeably to the artistic sense of the inspectors. The committee would call particular attention to the well kept lawn and parking of our handsome pubic library. Though the noble building is, unfortunately, placed in a niggardly space, its controlling board of most cultured and commonsense men make the best of its surroundings. While the beautiful park-like premises of several of our well-to-do citizens form for it a picturesque background.

The engine house at the corner of First avenue east and Third street shows most excellent care and attention. The vines and flowers grow in luxuriance in the small space allotted them. There is an artist among the fire boys, who would make the dessert blossom as the rose.

Madison school, on Garfield avenue, is another illustration of what can be accomplished by industry and care. Miss Helwig is the principal of this school, and was the inspiration of this work, that was done entirely by the children attending it. There are also other attractive school grounds, but this one serves as an illustration of the possibilities of the sandy soil of that unattractive locality.

* *

Cascade park now delights the eye where but a few years ago was an eyesore to the pedestrian who wended his weary way up the hillside. It is one of the most beautiful spots of our fast growing city. The trees and shrubs are in great variety, and flower beds brighten the landscape. Winding paths about the hill and under the shade of well grown trees afford soothing rest to the toiler after his busy hours of the summer days. A fountain has been placed at the foot of the hill, and together with the stream of water from the hills afford refreshment for man and beast.

This beautiful spot, touched by the hand of nature, is marred by the crude stone and plaster work that confines this mountain stream. By very little artificial means the stream could have been made to form a beautiful series of cascades, falling over moss-covered boulders, lichens and ferns. It is now confined in a dismal, cavernous channel that hides its course down the hillside.

* * *

The many improvements, however, during the past few years but serve to encourage us in anticipating more aesthetic beauty for our city. The mistakes that we have made only serve as a reminder that we need municipal art societies or a civic art commission to prevent them. These societies or commissions are made up of a number of responsible city officials, several competent architects and art critics, to whom all plans of public and private buildings and improvements are submitted and by whom approved before the work can go on. A number of unattractive residences which have been sharply criticized for their extreme lack of aesthetic beauty would have been obviated by the searchlight of a civic art commission.

The current Outlook has an opportune article on "School House and Beauty," by Professor Ira Remsen, president of Johns Hopkins university, that partly elucidates our case, only we have several school buildings in our city that could not be improved upon. Professor Remsen goes on to say: "The impression apparently prevails among many who constitute American school boards that ornamentation is a luxury, and that the aesthetic is not necessary in the education of youth. Possibly this is one reason for the backwardness in designing buildings which would teach the children to appreciate the beautiful. The value of art as an educational factor can, in my opinion, be strikingly demonstrated by the enbellishment of the school house, and the children to whom it becomes almost as familiar as the home, can be unconsciously instructed to appreciate the artistic merely by the observation of its design in their daily visits to it. Unfortunately, too many of the buildings in our cities, fo rexample, are planned by architects who thoughtlessly ignore what is really an essential. If the plans were prepared and, after preparation, submitted to a committee which included at least one architect capable of making suggestions which would add to their artistic merit, possibly this would be an improvement upon the system which is too commonly carried out of copying old designs to save expense, or giving the preparation of the plans to one man, who, as I have intimated, may not be competent properly to complete them individually."

At any rate, our possibilities as a great city are fast developing, and our growth will demand civic aesthetics.



RESIDENCE OF J. W. COUSINS, 5312 GRAND AVENUE EAST—A FIRST PRIZE WINNER.



RESIDENCE OF GEORGE PROBECK, 101 EAST FOURTH ST.—A FIRST PRIZE WINNER.



FIRE HALL AT FIRST AVENUE EAST AND THIRD STREET, HONORABLY MENTIONED FOR ITS ARTISTIC BEAUTY.



RESIDENCES OF MRS. MARTIN L. JENKS AND MRS. ROBERT M. WHITE, 929 AND 931 EAST THIRD STREET—A FIRST PRIZE WINNER.

NORTHWESTERN BIBLE AND MISSIONARY TRAINING SCHOOL

One of the new institutions of our section of the country is The Northwestern Bible and Missionary Training school, located in Minneapolis. It was organized a little more than a year ago, its first session opening Oct. 1, 1902. While it originated in and was fostered by the First Baptist church of Minneapolis, the management has already decided to broaden its scope by making it an interdenominational work, and now the board of directors and faculty include Congregationalists, Presbyterians and Methodists, as well as Baptists.

THE FIRST YEAR'S WORK has been extremely gratifying to all concerned. The courses are elective, so that if one pleases he can take a part of the studies without attempting the entire curriculum. During the first year there were enrolled 101 students in the various classes, the study of the Bible proving much the most popular of the course; while classes in missions, practical Christianity, sacred music, shorthand, parliamentary practice, medicine, English grammar and rhetoric were well attended. It is doubtful if any Bible school in this country has shown as good as enrollment for the first year's work.

THE EQUIPMENT OF THE SCHOOL accounts in great part for its success, the chapel of the First Baptist church, At the present time the classes recite in one of the splendid buildings of Minneapolis. The faculty consists of fourteen men and women, who are specialists, every one in the work to which they have been called.

Dr. A. J. Frost, the dean of the school, has been on an extended trip during the autumn session. His work in Bible teaching before assemblies and in popular lectures, is fast making the school known throughout the Northwest and on the Pacific slope.

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SCHOOL is suggested by its name. It is proposed to train men in the knowledge and use of the word of God, make them more familiar with world-wide missions; educate them in sacred music, and fit them, by additional branches, to be either more efficient laymen, or such professionals as Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. secretaries, home and foreign missionaries, pastors and evangelists.

The most crying need of the Northwest, from the Christian standpoint, exists in the neglected country and village church. For every prominent pulpit that is vacant there are hundreds of applicants, while the scores, in certain states, hundreds of the little churches are left without service, and the people perish from lack of knowledge of the word of God. It is proposed by the Northwestern Bible and Missionary Training school to raise up men, who, strong in the faith that is in Christ, and equipped with the knowledge of His word, shall go to serve these institutions, trusting God and His people for support.

The next session of the school opens Oct. 1. Last year it enrolled students from North and South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri, California, as well as Minnesota, and it is hoped that this year every state in the Northwest will have its representatives studying at Minneapolis.

Persons wishing further information about the school may direct letters either to Grove A. Gruman, 1066 Harmon place, or to W. B. Riley, pastor First Baptist church.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Week Has Brought Increased Activity In Many Lines.

New York, Sept. 12.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Despite the interruption of a holiday the week has brought increased activity in many branches of business. An encouraging symptom is the decreased complaint regarding collections, accompanied by more discounting of bills. Weather conditions have been favorable for retail trade, distribution of merchandise expanding, while there are more frequent reports of large jobbing fall business than last year. Some caution in selecting goods owing to high prices is reported at the West, but this is chiefly confined in textiles. Labor disputes decrease, all but one of the unions having signed the agreement in the local building trades, and several other settlements have been effected through concessions by both sides. Railway earnings in August were 9.1 per cent larger than last year, and 15.4 per cent greater than 1901. Owing to the lateness of crops, there is little complaint of traffic congestion.

On Sept. 1, for the first time this year, furnace stocks of pig iron exceeded a week's capacity of the furnaces in blast. This is statistical evidence of the quiet conditions now prevailing in the iron and steel industry, although the exact situation cannot be determined without a knowledge of the supplies at other points. Furnace stocks have doubled since June 1, yet the weekly output is now about 20,000 tons less than at that date. These figures explain the reduction in prices.

Prices of Southern foundry iron have again declined, weakening the tone and delaying the placing of contracts elsewhere. Agricultural implement makers have again purchased freely of material, some plow steel contracts covering deliveries for five years.

New England manufacturers continue busy on fall and winter footwear and at many points it is difficult to secure sufficient labor. Wholesalers report deliveries of nearly all varieties on time or with little delay. But facilities are taxed in order to keep up with business. Leather is still quiet in this vicinity, buyers taking sole only as needed, evidently anticipating better terms.

At the West there is more activity. Notwithstanding heavy receipts of cattle, packers are asking fractionally higher figures for hides. Prices of cotton goods are slow to reflect the reaction in the raw material and the demand is not improved. On the contrary, buyers are encouraged to delay placing contracts and mills are not seeking business. In the jobbing trade a large distribution of merchandise is in progress, this branch of industry reporting a profitable season.

Failures this week were 172 in the United States, against 205 last year, and 19 in Canada, compared with 22 a year ago.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Winnipeg, Sept. 12.—Hugh Mann., brother of D. D. Mann, vice president of the Canadian Northern railway, and himself a prominetn railroad builder, was accidentally killed yesterday near Erwood, N. W. T. Mr. Mann was superintending track laying operations, being the inventor of a track laying machine and interlocking switch device. The exact manner of his death is not stated. He was 45 years of age and unmarried.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR DETERMINATION OF DESCENT OF LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Amalia Larcher, Deceased:

The petition of George M. Gauld having been duly made and filed in this court, representing among other things that one Amalia Larcher, who resided last prior to her death at Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, died at Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of April, 1895, seized of an estate of inheritance in certain lands in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described in said petition, and that said petitioner has an interest in said lands, and that more than five years have elapsed since the death of said Amalia Larcher, deceased, and that no will has been probated, and administration has not been granted or had of said estate in this state, and praying that the descent of said lands and of the interest of said petitioner therein be by this court determined and said lands assigned to such persons as may be entitled thereto by law.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that the said petition be heard at a term of this court to be held at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on Monday, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that notice of said hearing of said petition be given by the publication of this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in said St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated Sept. 3rd, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 5-12-19-1903.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest. 100% Lain Ergot. Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; long-est, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at E. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop, applicant to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Government lot one (1) in section ten (10); the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (se¼ of sw¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼) and government lots one (1) and two (2) in section three (3), excepting a certain tract in the northwest corner of said lot two (2) in section three (3) described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot two (2), section three (3), township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west, thence east along the east and west line on the north side of said lot two (2), sixteen rods, thence south parallel with the north and south line on the west side of said lot two (2), ten rods, thence west parallel with the east and west line on the north side of said lot, sixteen rods, thence north on the north and south line on the west side of said lot two (2), ten rods to the place of beginning, containing one acre in the northwest corner of said lot two (2), section three (3), township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west, less ten square rods heretofore given for road purposes in the northwest corner of said lot, all in township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, according to the government survey thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, Henry Kirk, H. W. Nelson and Oscar Swanson, copartners as Nelson & Swanson, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop, applicant, to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (se¼ of se¼) of section thirty-three (33), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section thirty-four (34) in township fifty-two (52) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter (ne¼ of ne¼) of section four (4) and the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section three (3) in township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, all according to the government survey thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Robert Fitzgerald, Alfred H. Simons, Samuel A. Jennings, Henry Kirk, H. W. Nelson and Oscar Swanson, co-partners as Nelson & Swanson, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop and Barbour Lathrop applicants to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter (nw¼ of sw¼), all in section thirty-four (34), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian; also the following: Commencing at a stone monument on the township line "1225" feet east of the northeast corner of section five (5), township fifty (50) north of range thirteen (13) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian; thence at an angle with said township line of 48 degrees, 10 minutes, this angle is governed by a monument "200" feet east on said township line and "200" feet at an angle of 48 degrees, 10 minutes in a southerly direction, thence along the above mentioned line to the intersection of the shore line of Lake Superior, thence northeasterly along said shore line to where said shore line intersects said township line, thence west along said township line to place of beginning, both of said tracts being described according to the government survey thereof and containing in all two hundred twenty-five (225) acres more or less,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, City of Duluth, Robert Scarlett, the unknown heirs of Peter A. Van Blareum, deceased, Brighton Land Company, Duluth Banking Company, and all other persons or parties unknown, hercin,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicants plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicants plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS PAGE



BY W. LIVINGSTON LARNED.

Of course you know that a terrapin is quite the most unpretentious and slow going creature imaginable. He is distantly related to the snail, and is always more or less bow legged because of a tendency to walk sooner than nature advises. He is inclined to be crabbed, owing to an existence that keeps him a fresh water hermit deep in woodland pools, and he is so unassuming that he can't be depended upon for an interview except when family difficulties drive him to the sweet seclusion of a floating log.

Babette had never spent sleepless nights longing for a personal introduction to any member of the terrapin tribe, so that her sudden meeting with the particularly robust representative of the family came as a not altogether pleasant privilege.

"Nice day, isn't it?" asked Mr. Terrapin, pushing his way through the weeds of the shore, "I observe that you are looking at yourself in the brook."

Ordinarily Babette would have fled, especially when confronted by a terrapin that actually spoke fluent English, but when little girls dream they forget all about fear.

The picnic crowd—Bob, her brother, particularly in evidence—was drowsing after lunch far back among the trees, and Babette thought of calling to them when Mr. Terrapin interrupted her.

"I am doubly thankful to you, young lady," he said with earnestness, strutting up and down on two feet, his black silk hat pushed to one side and his bow tie fluttering in the breeze, "first, because you tossed a box of remnant lunch into the brook, and, secondly, because of an unconscious contribution to my collection of reflections.'

Babette smiled.

She had heard of "Reflections of a Bachelor," but that a tortoise should engage in such egotism was an original state of affairs.

"I can see you do not comprehend," continued Mr. Terrapin, "for which I am duly thankful, also; it will be an excuse for certain courtesies extended to you by myself. I am the owner of this particular stretch of water and would be happy to show you my collection of reflections if you will consent."

The invitation embraced so many more enticing features than to the contrary that Babette cheerfully agreed.

"I can't stay away very long," she answered. "Brother Bob and myself want to gather flowers quite soon, but I would like to see your collection."

With considerable pomp, Mr. Terrapin led her right down to the water's edge.

"Step out upon the pond lily," he said—"That's it—now the next one." Babette was surprised to find that she did not get wet in the least; the lily steps, one growing just beneath the other, led downward through brook water that was as clear as crystal. This stairway ended upon the sandy bottom of the stream in a spot that lay entrancingly sombre, free from the outer current.

"Some persons have a craze for snap shot pictures, others are partial to bird eggs," began Mr. Terrapin. "Personally I lean to reflections. Being a bachelor and independent, I must have some fad—one grows bored by fresh water baths and sun siestas."

They were trudging along through the restless sand, tadpoles ogling at Babette with inquisitive eyes, and far above, the little girl could catch a glimpse of wavering light that was half sky, half water and wholly beautiful.

We have all grown to believe that there is nothing at the bottom of an ordinary running brook but mud and sand and frogs, but now, when she was confronted by an amazing spectacle, Babette marvelled that people could so neglect this interesting locality. Mr. Terrapin, in the lead, had pushed aside some tall water rushes and as Babette stepped out into the open she saw a band of funny elfins, each busily engaged; they were not exactly catfish nor yet the type of woodland imp that one sees in fairy books, but strange little fellows with big eyes that darted here and there through the still water.

Mr. Terrapin was compelled to do all the talking—Babette was afraid to speak, for whenever she did so odd bubbles went scooting upward to be lost to sight, and she felt that she was fast becoming one of those grotesque creatures that find no difficulty in breathing brook water.

"They have just about completed your reflection," said the tortoise, with a smile of satisfaction. "I am pleased to remark that it will be the crowning feature of my collection."

Babette looked as if she did not understand.

"There, what do you think of that?" questioned Mr. Terrapin, with pride. His elfs had set up on a turf of sand a shimmering plate that looked very much like glass, and there, in a bowing position on its surface, Babette saw a reproduction of her own little self—another Babette delicately photographed in the softest of sky blue colors.

"I might explain," began Mr. Terrapin, turning to her and lifting his silk hat from a rather wet brow. "When you looked over into the brook a while ago you saw a reflection of yourself, didn't you?"

Babette nodded.

"Well, there you are. My men crystallize the sheet of water containing the reflection and bring it down to the workshop. There it is polished, the rough edges are taken off, and finally it is deposited, along with others, in my collection."

Babette blinked her eyes in astonishment—her reflected self was destined to inhabit a woodland brook for ages.

Along a narrow lane, hedged in by overhanging grasses that wee fish used as a loom, curving here and there among them, Mr. Terrapin and his guest proceeded. Babette looked with growing wonderment upon the sights that were spread out before her. The collection was marvellous in its way—here a hunting dog, with brown neck strained; there tall woodmen, axe in hand, or smut faced boys from a near village, who grimaced as they poised themselves upon the mossy bank. Sometimes there was nothing but turbulent clouds or flowers or swaying rushes that tangled themselves into quaint design, and on one oval sheet of crystal the calm face of a new moon peeped out, filmy and wrapped in the blue shadows of supreme mystery.

"I have tried for these five years to get the sun," explained Mr. Terrapin, "but without success, the heat of our high strung friend melting the crystal before my elves can take it to the shops."

There was a sudden commotion at the end of the grass lane, and ten or twelve flustered little fellows appeared, each bearing a fragment of crystal.

Mr. Terrapin turned upon them angrily.

"What is all this about?" he inquired.

"Please, Your Highness," was a squeaky response, "we were just in the act of moulding another reflection when the original fell in and shattered the plate—we have brought the pieces.

A sturdy catfish elf, mounted on a frame, put the first section of the crystal in place—it was a tousled boy's head, but the lower part of the features were gone.

There was a mad scramble. The patch, the reflection, piece after piece was slipped in place until the little figure was almost complete, but they could not fit out the face. Babette, who had been watching them with growing consternation, ran across to Mr. Terrapin.

"It's brother Bob," she cried in alarm—"it was he who fell into the brook and spoiled your reflection—please help him—I know he will drown.

Mr. Terrapin seemed not in the least excited.

"Then you can complete my reflection," he remarked.

Babette's nimble fingers went through the assortment of crystal sheets and before long she had made the picture complete. Bob's mouth was wide open and he was howling.

"Now help me to save him," urged Babette, turning a woeful countenance to Mr. Terrapin.

"Up, up, up, you go," answered the owner of the brook.

Babette felt a cold dash of water—it was really wet this time—and she went bobbing through the green and gray current like a weight on a fishline.

"Up, up," faintly sounded Mr. Terrapin's measured call from beneath.

She dashed the water from her eyes, gasped, coughed, looked about once more, and this time she saw the green fringe of the bank and beyond, where the forest trees wavered, a crowd of people.

I do not intend to blame it on the catfish elves, nor yet on Mr. Terrapin, but Babette had really fallen into the brook and brother Bob, exactly five minutes before, had slipped on the green sward and done exactly the same thing. They were fished out by some of the picknickers who heard Bob's cry for aid.

"It all came about because you spoiled Mr. Terrapin's reflection," said Babette reproachfully, as she spoke of it afterwards to Bob, but the remarkable thing about this entire episode was that Bob told her she was 'goin' loony!' "



The New Moon Peeped Out.



"It's Brother Bob," She Cried.

The Cat that Wanted to Go on the Stage.

Romeo had genuine dramatic talent. No one could have the least doubt about that. He was a tremendously big yellow cat, with large, blinking green eyes.

One warm day, when the doors were open, Romeo walked in, and in his own peculiar feline way made Mr. Knowles, the manager, understand that he was anxious to adopt a theatrical career. Finding all protests against his staying useless, he was finally installed as chief rat catcher, and he proved a valuable acquisition to the permanent staff, as the theatre was infested with huge rats that often devoured articles of value. Romeo soon practically rid the theatre of these pests, and because of this he was made much of by every one.

After infinite patience and a deal of coaxing on the part of "Jake," the back doorkeeper, he was taught to smoke cigarettes. But Romeo had not forsaken his happy home



The Lily Steps Led Downward.

and embraced the theatrical profession merely for the vulgar purpose of smoking or rat catching.

What he wished was to act, therefore it was not long before, to every one's surprise, he developed a desire to show himself on the stage while the play was going on, spoiling many scenes by his funny antics. Often in a most serious scene the actors would be startled by a hearty laugh from the audience and, looking around for the cause, would find Romeo sitting by the footlights leisurely making his toilet and blinking at the audience. So many complaints were made that the manager was compelled to lock Romeo up when time came for the performance to begin. This did not make a bit with Romeo. After two or three nights of this he could not be found at the opening hour, but later, when it suited him, he would walk majestically down the aisle, jump to the orchestra rail and from there to the stage. Sometimes he made his appearance from one of the private boxes. It was while James Herne was playing "Hearts of Oak," and in its most pathetic scene, that Romeo raced across the stage, madly pursuing a couple of vagrant cats that had in some strange way gained entrance to the theatre. Near the centre of the stage he caught them and then ensued a battle royal.

It became necessary to ring down the curtain on this unexpected climax. But it was during the progress of a famous tragedy that he eclipsed all former efforts by marching triumphantly on to the stage with a live rat in his mouth. Taking up his favorite position by the footlights, he proceeded to devour it with great gusto.

Of course the curtain had to be rung down amid wild shrieks of mirth and horror, while the favorite tragedian of the hour, John McCullough, tore his hair in rage.

This ended Romeo's theatrical career. That night he was carried home by his friend, the back doorkeeper, and stalled in his modest home. There the only means left of gratifying his inordinate desire for a public appearance was the privilege of sunning himself from day to day on the sill of a tenement house window.

One more instance of thwarted dramatic ambition.

NOW HE IS A WISER DOG.

There was a dog, I knew him well,
A lively dog was he;
His tail was brown, his body black,
As black as black could be.

He saw a cat, a pink-eyed cat,
A cat with sharp toenails,
And grayish back, and spotted legs,
And whitest of white tails.

He gave a bark, a nimble jump,
And, like a streak of blue,
Shot through the air, as at that cat
The wrathful doggie flew.

The cat it spat, its back went up,
Shrill rang its piercing wails;
The fur it flew, the dog he howled,
And deep the sharp toenails

Ploughed through the hide and tore the nose,
And scratched that canine's eye,
Till with a howl, the dog turned round,
And back again did fly.

And now he is a wiser dog,
And cats he don't eschew,
He'll never try again, I think
A pussycat to chew.

The Feat of a "Coward."

Tom Cullin was showing our fellows from Lexington about the Terford Academy grounds. Our team was visiting the Academy and had gone down to defeat before the Academy nine, and we owed this defeat mainly to Raymond Shaw, the plucky catcher for Terford. We had an hour before dinner and Tom had taken advantage of the chance to show us the grounds.

"By the way, Tom," asked one of our players, "who is that chap Shaw? He appears to be quite a lion among your fellows and I must confess he is a tip top catcher."

"Well, Shaw's is a long story, and one with many turnings, but it will serve to pass the time until dinner, so here goes:—

"Perhaps you remember Don. Macklmnle, the fellow who passed the examination last fall for a commission in the volunteers. Macklmnle, or Mack as we called him, and Shaw were the best of chums before they came to the Academy and had been spending their vacations together for years.

"During Shaw's first year at the Academy he had to take his hazing, and as Mack was in the senior class he helped in the job. Somehow or other the superintendent got wind of the affair and found out that Mack was one of the hazers. As Mack was the only fellow in the crowd whom Shaw knew, it seemed very likely that he had informed the superintendent about the affair.

"Now hazing is a very serious crime to the faculty, and Mack lost all his credit marks for the quarter on account of the affair. He met Shaw on the campus the next day and accused him of informing. One word led to another, and at last Mack became angry, called Shaw a liar and struck him.

"We all expected to see a fight, but instead of striking back Shaw walked calmly away.

"You may be sure the fellow led a life of misery for the next few months. All the fellows cut him dead, and Mack did not as much as look at him.

"It is needless to say that Mack did not ask Shaw to spend the vacation with him that summer, but instead he asked four of the other fellows, myself included, to spend a fortnight at his home.

"The junior class camped out on Loyalty Island and Shaw had cheek enough to go with them.

"Mack's father owned one of the prettiest little sloops on the lake and we had many a cruise in her.

"During one of these trips we determined to visit the juniors on Loyalty Island. As we drew near to the island we were struck by a sudden storm. The island is rockbound, but we determined to try for a landing. The wind blew us forward at a fearful rate, but Mack's steady hand was at the helm and he directed our course toward an opening in the rocks. Suddenly the wind shifted and forced the boat about. The rudder was now useless, and we drifted toward the rocks at a terrible rate.

"To make matters worse, it now began to darken and the storm increased; every few moments the scene was lit up by vivid glares of lightning and we could make out the camp of the juniors upon the shore. The campers had discovered us and were running about on the beach helpless to assist us.

"At times we could distinguish a light waving back and forth upon the island and were uncertain what it would mean until Corporal Johnson, one of our party who was in the signal corps at the Academy, recognized a signal and realized that the party on shore were trying to send a message to us.

"Johnson seized the lantern from the bow of the boat and flashed back an answering hail. After several repetitions he made out the message: 'Put lantern on lee of boat so that we can know where you are.' We did this, and then another message followed: 'Look out for Shaw; he is coming with a line.'

"We gave a cheer at this intelligence. We had thought of trying to land a rope, but there was none on board long enough to reach the shore. But could the brave fellow reach us in this fearful sea? We strained our eyes toward the shore, but could not distinguish the objects.

"Minutes passed, and then came the signal: 'Shaw under way. Keep up your spirits.'

"But still no sign of the swimmer. At last, during a glare of lightning, we made out a small object fighting its way through the waves toward us. Shaw says that he will never forget that swim. The waves came thundering toward him, one following another in rapid succession and threatening to dash him to pieces on the rocks, but he dived through them, and each stroke brought him nearer to us.

"Five minutes passed, ten minutes, and it seemed as though he would never reach us. The waves thrashed against the sides of the stranded boat and we expected her to go to pieces every minute.

"Shaw had now reached a ledge of rocks about half way between us and the shore and was resting for a final effort.

"We saw that the poor chap was exhausted and began to despair of his ever reaching us, when Mack thought of an idea. 'The poor chap will never make it, boys, and I'm not going to see him drown there. Give me a line and I'll swim out to him. We can tie the ropes in the center and thus make connection with the shore.'

"We looked about for a rope long enough to reach the point upon which Shaw was stranded, but could find none; then Mack thought of the guys which supported the mast, and we were not long in cutting them down, allowing the mast to go by the board. With these guys tied to the rope we had we thought that Mack would be enabled to reach Shaw.

"Tying the end of the rope about his body Mack sprang into the water and struck out for the shore. The waves were behind him and he made rapid progress. We watched him until he disappeared in the darkness, but every flash of lightning showed that he was drawing nearer and nearer to our brave rescuer.

"At last the two were but a few yards apart, when the rope tightened and we saw that it was not long enough, but at the next flash of lightning we saw that Shaw had made one last effort and the two had clasped hands. We have always remembered that handclasp in the midst of the storm—the two chums united again, and in such a brave manner.

"The two ropes were connected and the fellows on shore pulled in the two exhausted men.

"One of the fellows from the shore came over the line with another rope, and we rigged up a breeches buoy as best we could by means of a piece of canvas.

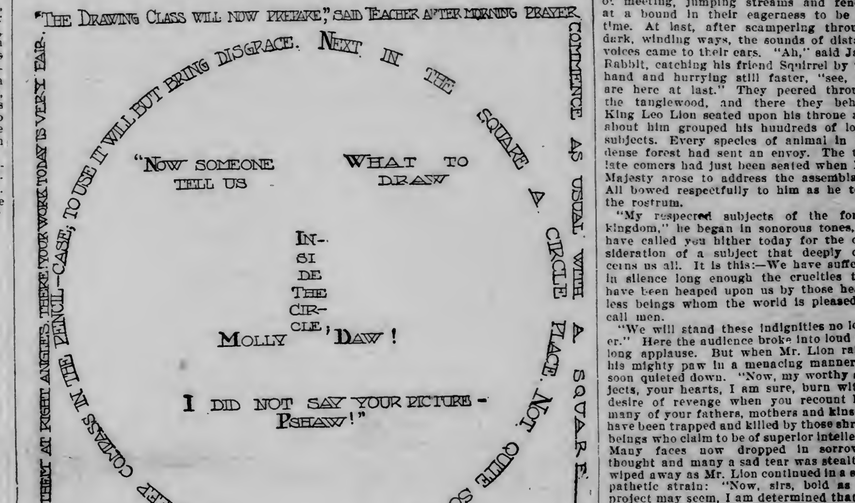
"We presented a sorry appearance as we gathered around the fire in the camp kitchen, but the campers soon got us into dry clothing.

"We did not waste any time that night on sentiment, but the next morning, as we arose to find a warm sun overhead, we felt more than thankful for our deliverance."

C. F. BROOK.

THE DRAWING LESSON.

BY G. M. L. BROWN.



The Animal Congress.

"Good morning, Mr. Rabbit; whither are you hurrying at such an early hour? My gracious! you never looked so handsome in your life as you do this morning, prim as you are in your glossy white coat. Why, as yet I have scarcely rubbed the sleep out of my eyes."

These were the words that Mr. Squirrel addressed to his friend Jack Rabbit as the latter was hastening proudly by. "I am surprised," said Mr. Rabbit—now pausing and looking up angrily at the limb whereon Mr. Squirrel was perched—"I am astounded that you ask me why I am hurrying. Have you not heard of the edict that our worthy sire King Leo Lion has issued?" "Edict!" exclaimed Mr. Squirrel, now jumping down and becoming thoroughly interested. "Why, what in the world is an edict?"

"See here," said Mr. Rabbit, quite sharply; "I cannot tarry now and enlighten you on the subject, but I advise you to come along with me as fast as you can, for if the King should miss one of his subjects this morning it would go hard with that subject, I can assure you." Saying this, he turned on his heel.

Mr. Squirrel, now bewildered, ran along with his impatient neighbor, not even waiting to wash the sleep out of his eyes. They took the shortest way to the place of meeting, jumping streams and fences at a bound in their eagerness to be on time. At last, after scampering through dark, winding ways, the sounds of distant voices came to their ears. "Ah," said Jack Rabbit, catching his friend Squirrel by the hand and hurrying still faster, "see, we are here at last." They peered through the tanglewood, and there they beheld King Leo Lion seated upon his throne and about him grouped his hundreds of loyal subjects. Every species of animal in the dense forest had sent an envoy. The two late comers had just been seated when His Majesty arose to address the assemblage. All bowed respectfully to him as he took the rostrum.

"My respected subjects of the forest kingdom," he began in sonorous tones, "I have called you hither today for the consideration of a subject that deeply concerns us all. It is this:—We have suffered in silence long enough the cruelties that have been heaped upon us by those heartless beings whom the world is pleased to call men.

"We will stand these indignities no longer." Here the audience broke into loud and long applause. But when Mr. Lion raised his mighty paw in a menacing manner all soon quieted down. "Now, my worthy subjects, your hearts, I am sure, burn with a desire of revenge when you recount how many of your fathers, mothers and kinsfolk have been trapped and killed by those shrewd beings who claim to be of superior intellect." Many faces now dropped in sorrowful thought and many a sad tear was stealthily wiped away as Mr. Lion continued in a sympathetic strain: "Now, sirs, bold as the project may seem, I am determined that we shall wage war upon these our oppressors and treat them as they have treated us—without mercy. My slender subject here"—pointing to Mr. Robin—"can recall to you how he has been for years confined behind bars and even still would be a captive were it not that the door of his prison was carelessly left open and he darted out to liberty. My gentle friend here, Miss Pussy, can unfold to you a tale of harshness that would melt your hearts with pity." All eyes rested on Miss Pussy, but she looked coy and did not raise her head. "Will you, then, my companions, come with me, one and all, and inflict upon these men the pain they have meted out to your brethren and mine?" "We will! We will!" came the cry that startled the forest.

"Your Lordship, wait a moment," spoke a demure little creature, standing in the rear of the group. It was Miss Ewe, who now raised her gentle voice. "Let us not be carried away by impulse. Let us reflect. What good can accrue to us as a result of waging war upon our oppressors? Can we not avoid them? Can we not live here in peace, in these cool and verdant glens, secluded from harm, and avoid the heat and misery of battle? If they wish to kill and wound us, let us bear it without resentment. Perhaps by our meekness and submission we shall bring them to feel ashamed of themselves and amend their ways."

If a magic wand had been passed over the assemblage a greater change could not have been wrought. Deep and serious thought could be seen in the faces of all. Even old Pop Rhinoceros, who stayed awake during the whole proceeding, grunted his assent to the words of Miss Ewe. Mr. Leo Lion now arose and in softer tones said: "Sir, the logic of Miss Ewe cannot be gainsaid. Second thought is best. We shall do as she says." All present nodded their assent in silence. Now the congress was in solemn form declared disbanded. The birds fluttered through the foliage singing their sweetest songs.

FATHER FRED.

A MOVABLE MINSTREL.



Cut out the pieces and put together to make a darky minstrel which can be changed into different positions, the parts still fitting perfectly. Paste the minstrel on a stiff background in the position you think funniest and paint it.

Duluth's Neighbors

AITKIN

Aitkin, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Henry and Stewart Mills, of Brainerd, are visiting Aitkin friends this week.
Mr. and Mrs. D. McMamon departed Tuesday for a visit in the Twin Cities.
Mrs. W. E. Griffith has returned home from her trip to the western part of the state.
Mr. and Mrs. Delamater, of St. Paul, are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. W. F. Murphy.
Dr. Wilson and party, from What Cheer, Iowa, arrived here last week and are enjoying an outing at Waukenabo lake.
Mrs. Cuchman, of Keokuk, Iowa, is the guest of her niece, Mrs. J. A. Danewick.
George Lackey and family have moved to Sand Point, Idaho.
Ed Burleigh is attending St. Thomas' college at Merriam Park.
Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Osterhout leave Sunday for a visit to their old home in Detroit, Mich. They will go by way of Duluth.
Ole Olson, Arthur Rogers and Frank Erickson left last week for Madelia, where they will attend school.
The Aitkin ball team played Brainerd at the latter place on Labor day with the usual result of a score of 13 to 5 in favor of Brainerd.
Miss Medora Murn, of St. Cloud, arrived here last Thursday to make her home with her uncle, J. B. Galarneault and attend the high school.
Frank Matti and David Kunz, of Dodge county, have purchased farms in Pine Knoll. Mr. Kunz will move onto his farm this fall and next spring will manufacture Swiss cheese on his place.
Senator Mauston was a Brainerd visitor Monday.
Dick Tully has assumed the management of the Willard hotel and Mrs. Tully is housekeeper.
George Scott, of Hibbing, passed through town Monday.
The firm of Armstead & Kelly, surveyors, has been dissolved and Mr. Kelly left last Thursday for Duluth, from which place he goes to Minneapolis to complete his course in the state university.
J. E. Jackson has gone to Newton, Iowa, where his wife is visiting friends.
John C. Pinkney and Miss Maude Edyth Petty, daughter of W. W. Petty, were married at the home of the bride's parents last Wednesday, by Rev. W. Fletcher.
Frank Bailey and C. F. Rusk left Monday night for their homes in Fenton, Iowa, after a short visit with H. Kliagenhofer at Mud Lake.
Fred Stearns has accepted a position in the store of the Sandy River Lumber company at Tamarack, and will move his family to that place.
J. Kennedy, of the timber reserve service, spent Sunday with his family at Cedar Lake.
Miss Elizabeth Luther is acting as assistant bookkeeper at the Foley store.
Mrs. Duffy is entertaining her sister, Miss Anna Campbell.
Martin Duffy, of Iron River, Wis., who is the guest of his brother, E. P. Duffy, took part in the ball game at Brainerd Monday.
Miss Jennie Reddick has returned from a visit in Boston and Montreal.
Mrs. A. E. Pfremmer, of Nashwauk, is visiting Aitkin friends.
A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Hassman.
Letters received here recently from Col. and Mrs. Potter, contain the information that they have left Boston for Old Orchard Beach, Maine, and that Mr. Potter's health is improving.
George Ford and family and John M. Field, of Tronnes, were in town last week.
Thomas R. Foley, Jr., will attend the State university this year.
Mrs. Niel Coleman, of Superior, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. B. Armstead.
Dr. Dezell attended the annual meeting of the State Dental association in Minneapolis last week.
Frank O'Neil gave a very pleasant dancing party at his home last Thursday evening.
The board of education held a meeting last Saturday evening and levied a tax of eight thousand dollars, an increase of five hundred dollars over last year's tax.
W. B. Armstead has sold his saloon to Wells Thompson, of White Cloud.
Charles Collins, of Swea City, Iowa, was here last week and purchased a quarter section of land nine miles northeast of Aitkin.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Aitkin County bank, was held Monday. The old board of directors was re-elected. They are C. P. De Laittre, F. M. Shook, C. H. Warner, J. B. Galarneault.
J. H. Bedbury, who has been in North St. Paul for the past four months, returned Monday to arrange to move there with his family. He will still retain his farm in Wealthwood.
J. C. Hessian and C. C. Teare spent Sunday at Bay Lake.
Twenty-six of the business men turned out in a thunderstorm Tuesday evening to organize a Commercial club. Considerable enthusiasm was displayed, and a temporary organization was formed with F. E. Kreen as president, and A. L. Hamilton, secretary. A meeting will be held next Tuesday evening and a permanent organization will be formed.
Sixteen young Indians, two girls and fourteen boys, from Mille Lacs, left Monday for Morris, Minn., to attend the government Indian school. They were an intelligent looking lot of young people.
W. H. Harrison returned Saturday from a trip to points in Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois. He reports his son, Earnest, as now being employed in a railroad office at Dubuque, Iowa.
C. J. Kords is now at work with J. M. Kirchbaum in the well drilling business at Grand Rapids.
C. L. Hillstead has purchased a general merchandise business at Northome, and will take possession Sept. 20.
E. D. Goward, a prominent business man of Buffalo, N. Y., is here as the guest of his brother, E. J. Goward.
The people of Aitkin county are justly proud of the record made by the county record ade at the State fair. Twenty-one prizes were captured. First prize on best farm exhibit, which amounts to $137. Six first prizes, eight second prizes, six third prices and eighth place on county exhibit. After the close of the fair the exhibit was in great demand as many wanted to buy showings of the grains and grasses, but they were packed at once to be shipped to St. Louis, Mo., as an Aitkin county exhibit. C. N. Howe is entitled to a great deal of credit for his zeal in securing material for the exhibit. He was ably assisted by D. C. Hazelton.
The Aitkin County Agricultural society will receive $343.75 from the state fund on last year's showing.
The officers of the Aitkin county fair committee have decided to hold no county fair here this year, as public interest is insufficient.
A party of government engineers, headed by T. Milton Fowble and his son, Clark E. Fowle, and accompanied by a crew of men, arrived from St. Paul and left Monday on the Irene for Sandy lake, to begin the work of surveying all surrounding property with a view to determining flowage results to four feet above the present high water mark. The party carried nearly a ton of supplies and equipment, and will remain there until after freezing up time.
A large black bear was seen last week on the river bank a few miles below town.
The court house officers and the banks observed Labor day, but all other lines of business were carried on as usual.
The public schools oened Monday with Professor F. C. King as superintendent, assisted by the following corps of teachers: Misses Mary J. Osbun, Mary P. Brainard, Carolyn Johnson, Alice Burns, Margaret Dundas, Margaret Shotwell, Letitia Cross, Edith C. Perkins, Charlotte Earhuff, Mathilda Enderle, Mae Nelson and Eliza Reddick.

MESABA

Mesaba, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. Loveland from Tower was here on business this week.
William Munroe from Superior was here on business Monday.
Postmaster Alex. P. McRae has returned from Duluth where he had been for a few days.
Messrs. Adams and Maginnis from Duluth were here Monday.
Miss Laura Kuchta of Allen Junction was visiting friends here Sunday. Mrs. A. Kuchta of Allen Junction was here visiting Mrs. Norman.
William Kuchta was here on business Saturday evening.
N. Morrison visited his wife at Duluth Sunday.
N. Morrison made a short trip to Allen Junction Monday.
Scott & Graff's employes have left town, the logs in the old mill yard all being shipped to Duluth.

WALKER

Walkear, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Any one inclined to doubt that the soil around Walker can raise garden stuff and grasses that cannot be excelled in any part of the state would have been thoroughly convinced of his error had he dropped in at the Walker State bank during the first three days of this week. He would have seen the floor and writing desk covered with vegetables of all kinds and of a quality that could not be beaten. The collection was made for exhibition at the Blue Earth county fair to be held at Garden City next week, and it was shipped Thursday to Harry Paddock, manager of the Northern Minnesota Land company, who will see that it is displayed to the best advantage.
The county commissioners have been in session this week for the purpose of opening bids and awarding a contract for the heating of the new court house. Three bids were received, one each from Brainerd, Superior and Minneapolis parties. There was very little difference in the figures. After giving them full consideration the contract was awarded to Pond & Stacey, of Minneapolis, at $4500. The work is to be completed within thirty days. Everything will be in good shape for holding the November term of court in the new building, and the commissioners are to be complimented upon giving to Cass county a court house which is admired and praised by all who see it.
F. C. Hollenbeck left Monday for Brainerd and Park Rapids.
The Ladies' Aid society is making arrangements for a supper to be given in a couple of weeks.
Aggie and George Hardy left this week to attend the normal school at St. Cloud.
Thomas Kinkele left Monday to resume his studies at St. Johns, Collegeville.
Agnes Kinkele, who has been spending the summer vacation at home, left Monday to returin to the Sacred Heart institute, Duluth.
A crew of men is now at work on the county road between Walker and Akeley under the supervision of Charles Kinkele.
Mrs. J. B. Spencer returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Elk Ricer, Princeton and St. Paul.
E. Payne, of St. Paul, who has been here the past ten days fishing and shooting, and incidentally getting relief from hay fever, returned home Thursday and took with him quite a bag of ducks shot during the last day or two. Tuesday was a very successful day, when he was out with Tob Spencer and Louis Krueger.
Mr. and Mrs. Tmomns, of Chicago Junction, Ohio, are visiting F. A. Kneeland, Mrs. Thomas' brother.
F. C. Brehem and wife of Mankato who have been spending a couple of weeks in Walker, left for home Monday.

"It takes a long time to bring excellence to maturity"
—Publius Syrus
It has taken at least three generations in the case of
Gorham Silver
but to-day its excellence has reached its full maturity. In beauty of design, in perfection of workmanship, in purity of material, it is unsurpassed. The trade-mark guarantees all these qualities in every piece of Gorham silver.
STERLING
All responsible jewelers keep it

Miss Culberton has resigned her position with Brummund & Kulander.
President Staede, of the Walker State bank, left for Mankato Wednesday.
Harry McCabe left Tuesday evening for North Dakota.
The old Opera house which has done duty for a number of years in Walker, was sold Saturday under a chattel mortgage held by A. L. Cole and was bought in for Mr. Cole. The work of tearing down the building began Wednesday. It was not an ornament to the street and it is hoped a handsome brick structure will take its place next summer.
Sunday evening services at the Congregational church now begin at 7:30 instead of 8 o'clock as heretofore.
Hon. A. L. Cole spent Wednesday of this week in Walker.
The heavy rain of Monday night partially washed away the approaches to the Minnesota avenue bridge, but the damage has been repaired under direction of Mayor Kinkele.
The village council has ordered the construction of a new sidewalk on the south side of Minnesota avenue from the Chase hotel to the court house.
E. L. Warren, F. P. Liesen, J. D. Jones, George Lydick, C. Tedford and A. G. Bernard, of Cass Lake, passed through Walker Thursday morning for Brainerd to attend the funeral of the late Senator Ferris.
The Walker schools reopened Tuesday with a large attendance. The teachers are: Miss Yates, principal; Miss Lawrence, intermediate; Miss Larson, primary. Citizens are indignant over the neglect of the school board to send any notice either to the public or to the principal as to the date on which the schools would be opened. When word did come at the eleventh hour it had to be made known by announcement in church and Sunday school.
Professor W. B. Stewart, of Bemidji, who conducted the summer school for teachers in Walker, has been appointed superintendent of the Grand Rapids schools.
Archdeacon Appleby will be in Walker next Sunday and will hold services in the evening at 8 o'clock, in the school house.
Representatives of the insurance companies have been in town this week adjusting the loss on the Logan restaurant building and contents.
Mr. McGee, manager for C. M. Taylor & Co., left Wednesday evening for Virginia and a trip through the iron ranges.
Miss Josephine Feltus passed through Walker on her wayto Akeley, where she has been engaged to teach in one of the departments of the public schools.
A. L. Cole had the misfortune to run a nail into his foot Wednesday evening and needs the help of a can for a day or two in walking around.
Col. John S. Cooper, of Chicago, and a party of friends arrived Tuesday evening and are occupying the White City club house.
Miss Mae Griffith leaves this week to attend the normal school at St. Cloud.

TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—School started Tuesday with a larger attendance than usual.
Miss Lola Welter has resigned her position as stenographer for John Dwan and returned to her home at Duluth this week.
Austin Coble and wife returned Wednesday from their wedding trip and have taken up their home in the O'Hearn residence on Third avenue.
Labor day was generally observed here by most of the business houses closing after 10 o'clock a. m., and all work at the ships, coal, lumber and ore docks being suspended. No arrangements had been made for a parade and the weather was too wet for any picnicking. A base ball game scheduled between the Two Harbors, and Big Duluth teams, was caled off on account of the rain.
Work on the new jail and sheriff's residence is progressing rapidly and the building should be completed and ready for occupancy by November 1.
Mrs. Bertha Shea opened her new millinery store in the Sparta building on Poplar street, Thursday.
Hard coal is now retailing at $8.25 per ton. Most people, however, already have their stocks in, and a shortage would catch but few here.
John Gardner has purchased the Stein residence on Eighth avenue.
H. Stephenson returned Monday from a three weeks' tour of the Saskatchewan county. He reports it an excellent country especially for stock raising, the soil being similar to that of Dakota though there is considerable timber. He purchased 320 acres of the land, and expects to locate there soon.
President F. E. House of the Duluth & Iron Range, was in town Saturday, conferring with the engineers and firemen as to the new schedule under consideration.
The cold weather Sunday cut down the number of excursionists on the Duluth boats, and the patronage at the ball game. It is hoped, however, that the weather tomorrow will be good. The West Duluth and local nines will cross bats and a good game is expected.
Mrs. W. E. Bender and daughter, Luella, of Sparta, visited with relatives here over Sunday.
E. O. Daniels has been elected president of the village library board, vice H. S. Bryan, resigned.
Pastoret & Martin have been somewhat delayed on their Second avenue macadam contract the past week on account of the damp weather.
Stephen James has closed his saloon on First avenue, the patronage not warranting such an excellent appointed establishment.
Howard Graham has resigned his position with the Duluth & Iron Range and left this week for the Twin Cities where he will locate.
William Wishart of Ely was in town Tuesday visiting friends.
Rev. G. E. Pickard held services at Skibo on Wednesday.
On account of special business to look into the village fathers met Monday evening, only long enough to adjourn until Thursday.
The steamers Oscar T. Flint, James S. Prentiss and Barge Genoa took on cargoes of lumber here this week from the Tower and Bearhead mills for Chicago.
Mr. and Mrs. N. Hartman rejoice over the arrival of a baby daughter at their home Tuesday, the 8th inst.
Coal receipts at this port to date amount to about 165,000 tons and about 35,000 tons more will be handled here before the close of navigation.
Dr. E. L. Cneney has returned from his trip east and has opened his new office at Duluth.
The management of the local Y. M. C. A. has made arrangements for a series of five lectures and entertainments to be given at the Norden hall during the next few weeks. The first will be the Columbian Male quartet, who will appear Wednesday evening, the 30th inst.
Mrs. Tillie Larson, proprietress of the Superior hotel, which burned out last week, has rented the Garrity building on First avenue and reopened the hotel therein.
Fred Hiller has gone to Robinson to run one of the Duluth & Iron Range gravel trains there for a couple weeks.
Assistant Cashier J. A. Barton, of the First National bank, is visiting with relatives at Royalton, Minn., for a couple weeks.
The Duluth Log company is shipping a large number of ties from the landing at Drummond to the Chicago Great Western railway. They expect to start in new camps for the winter, in that vicinity soon.
Sheriff Emil Nelson transacted business at Duluth the fore part of the week.
Some party with plenty of time and little to do started a rumor Tuesday that the Booth Line steamer had been destroyed by fire down the shore, and several drowned and in consequence some people who had relatives on the boat were badly scared. The party who started the rumor will be more than scared, if located.
State Representative J. H. Burns of Lanesboro, Minn., was in town Wednesday on business.
Fred Irwin has resigned his position as assistant storekeeper for the Duluth, Virginia and Rainy Lake railway at Virginia and has returned home for the winter.
Ore business has been somewhat slack the fore part of the week, owing to the stormy weather and consequent delay to the boats.
Arrangements have been made for a grand organ recital to be given by Miss Gertrude San Souci of St. Paul, at the Swedish Lutheran church Tuesday evening, October 6, the proceeds to go to the organ fund.
The steamers Geo. B. Leonard and Charles M. Warner discharged cargoes of 5000 tons of coal each at the docks here this week.
G. S. Lowe expects to move in the near future to Earlville, Ill., to reside in the future.
The local baseball management are trying to secure a game with the St. Cloud team for the amateur championship of the state.
Mr. and Mrs. John Waxlax are the happy parents of a baby boy born Sunday, the 6th inst.
The steamer Bon Ami and tugs Gladiator and Bruce took refuge here from the heavy storm Monday.
It is reported that Warren and Finn will shortly put up a two story brick building on the rear of their lot back of the Commercial hotel.
Mrs. F. E. McCarthy was a Duluth visitor Monday and Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Haughstein mourn the loss of Robert, their 11-year-old son, who died Monday after a short illness with brain fever. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon.
R. R. Smith of Ely was in town Thursday and Friday.
The tug Mystic with a raft of logs from Split Rock for the Merrill & Ring Lumber company passed here on Thursday.
Local sportsmen report plenty of game in the woods this year.
Charles Symens, who has been pitching in the Eastern league the past summer, is expected home tomorrow or Monday and will join the local ball team.

SPARTA

Sparta, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. R. Anderson, W. J. Gallup and Thos. Long spent Tuesday and Wednesday hunting along the St. Louis river.
Oliver Hart is in Duluth, where he will undergo an operation at St. Mary's hospital.
Supt. W. P. Chinn, of the Elba, was a Sparta visitor Tuesday.
Miss Jackson has been employed to teach in the public schools here. She comes from Duluth.
Mrs. D. C. Mouser, of Afton, Iowa, is visiting with relatives here.
H. Johnson, secretary of the Duluth & Iron Range railway, passed through here on Wednesday on his private car, Vermilion, visiting the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges.
W. P. Chinn and Capt. A. J. Sullivan, members of the board of education, visited the schools here Tuesday.
Peter Johnson is acting as cashier at the bank of Sparta during Mr. Hopkins' absence.
Louis Shurman returned Sunday from a trip to the Twin Cities, where he has purchased a large stock of merchandise and visited the state fair.
The Duluth & Iron Range will build a depot at Nolander in the near future.
William Hogan went to Duluth Monday.
The village will purchase a new pump for use at the water works to take the place of the old one that has been in use since the water plant was constructed.
Jusun & Carlson will open a branch store at the Aurora in the near future.
Mr. and Mrs. Lister passed through here Monday evening on their way home from the state fair, and a visit with relatives in the Twin Cities.
John Saari is back from St. Paul, where he has been on business. While in St. Paul he visited the state fair.
Capt. C. M. Mackenzie was up from the Pettit mine Wednesday evening.
Capt. A. J. Sullivan and brother Tim spent Sunday in Duluth.
Mrs. Clyde Bender and children are visiting with W. E. Bender and family this week.
Mr. Milloney departed on Monday for Minneapolis, where he has secured a position.
William Hahnke, of Wolf Station, spent Wednesday with his brother at the Lake View hotel here.
Mrs. Perry is reported ill at her home on Genoa location.
Mr. McGinnis will depart for his home in St. Paul in the near future.
Mike Cronin will engage in the ice business the coming winter. Mr. Cronin has several contracts now signed and expects that there will be large shipments from Ely Lake the coming winter.
W. J. Gallup will go to Dakota soon, where he will engage in business.
Chas Norquist has received word from his wife that she will reach home from Norway the latter part of the month.
Father Hogan returned from Tower Saturday evening.
Rev. John Taylor will preach at the M. E. church next Sunday.
Work has been begun on the new school house at Genoa location.
Miss Mackenzie, of Eveleth, visited with Mrs. N. J. Colvin Saturday.
A track is being put into Genoa stock pile No. 1 and shipments from this point will commence at once.
Miss Warner Fleed went to Aurora Monday.

TOWER

Tower, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Jos. Burgeon and family left Monday morning for their new home at Virginia, where Mr. Burgeon is employed in a saw mill.
Mayor M. C. Woodard transacted business in the Zenith City several days the fore part of the week.
Mrs. W. G. Harding and family left Saturday for Virginia, where Mr. Harding is employed. They have removed their household goods and expect to make Virginia their home.
Miss Julia Mahady has gone to her claim at Rice River, where she expects to remain for a few months.
T. J. Walsh returned Monday night from a short business visit in the Zenith City.
Mrs. J. D. Murphy left Tuesday on a business trip to the Mesaba range.
Mrs. John Mahody returned Tuesday from a several months' stay at her claim at Rice River.
Druggist Duncan returned Monday evening from a short visit to the Zenith City.
Miss Ada Tippet left Thursday for Duluth, where she will visit for a week with her friend, Miss Moe.
Mrs. Elizabeth Wellor and daughters left Wednesday morning for their home at Duluth. They were in the city on a sad mission, having brought up the remains of Joseph Wellor, who died at Duluth last week. The funeral services took place from the Catholic church Sunday afternoon, Rev. Joseph F. Buh, of Ely, officiating.
Rev. Saunderson, of Duluth, conducted divine services at the Methodist church last Sunday.
Rev. Jameson, of Duluth, conducted services at the Presbyterian church last Sunday.
Will James, of Ely, spent Labor Day in our city.
Attorney Osborne, of Ely, was here the fore part of the week on his usual weekly visit.
L. Bentson has returned from his trip to the Mesaba range. While absent he removed his stock from Sparta to Hibbing.
L. A. Marsell, a former Towerite, has this week opened a store at Hibbing.
Miss Lillian Bloomfield, of Soudan, returned Monday after a two weeks' visit with friends at Hibbing.
Arthur Sheridan, of Ely, spent Labor Day with friends at Soudan.
Mrs. Simons, of Two Harbors, came up Tuesday for a short visit with her daughter, Mrs. Williams, at Soldan.
A young daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Williams at Soudan on Monday.
Mrs. William Voss and sons, Fred and Edwin, returned Monday from a short visit at Ely and Winton.
Miss Mamie Murphy returned Monday from a two weeks' trip to the Mesaba range, Ely and Winton.
"Tours in Ireland" was the subject of a lecture given Monday evening at the opera house by Rev. R. J. Mooney, of Duluth. There were about eighty views given as illustrations of the many beautiful and historic spots of the Emerald Isle, and Mr. Mooney spoke well on each important topic. The large crowd present were well satisfied with the evening's entertainment.
Tuesday morning Holy Communion was celebrated at St. Mary's Episcopal church and Tuesday evening a missionary meeting was held at the church. A large crowd was present and were well pleased with the addresses made by the various clergymen present.
The inclement weather of Monday prevented the carrying out of the program which had been arranged for the day by the firemen of Soudan. The day was spent at the Finnish Temperance hall, at Soldan, instead of McKinley Park. A few races were called and a few other sports between showers. About 7:30 in the evening dancing began at the Breitung hall and the floor was crowded all evening. All present report an enjoyable time.
Miss Mamie Mahody left this morning for Duluth, where she will resume her studies at the Duluth High school.
Jay Hernibrook, of Duluth, spent the week here with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Congdon, Sr.
William Brown, of Hibbing, spent several days this week with his parents at Soudan.
Rev. Runnison, of Two Harbors, occupied the pulpit at St. Mary's Episcopal church last Sunday.
Mrs. H. Sullivan has been confined to her home several days this week on account of sickness.
Miss Sadie Cowling, of Ely, is visiting with Miss Margaret Morton, at Soudan.
The ladies of St. Martin's Catholic church gave a card party last evening at the Opera house. A large crowd was present and a most enjoyable evening spent.
M. J. Segal has removed his household goods from this city to Duluth. Mrs. Segal and children left Thursday morning for Eveleth, where they will visit for a short time with relatives before taking up their residence in the Zenith City.
Mrs. Ellen Tufvander and M. Julius Dahl were united in the holy bonds of matrimony Monday evening at the home of the bride.
Mrs. E. Dungey, of Republic, Mich., left Wednesday morning for her home, after a week's visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Staemesser.
Miss Amanda Lang returned Tuesday evening from a two months' visit with Wisconsin friends and relatives.
Mrs. Faull spent Monday and Tuesday with Ely friends.
Rev. Rennison left Wednesday morning for Two Harbors after a four days' stay in our city.
Rev. Archdeacon Appleby, Rev. Ryan and Rev. R. J. Mooney left Wednesday morning for their respective homes, after a short business visit to our city.
Joheph Weed, of Winton, transacted business here a few days the fore part of the week. He returned to Winton Wednesday night, accompanied by John Nolan, whom he will employ in his place of business.
Mr. and Mrs. Richard Faull and young son left Thursday morning for their home at Bessemer, Ala., after an extended visit here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Morcom.
Mrs. Mike Coffey and children will leave Monday for Ely, where Mr. Coffey is employed.
N. J. Benson returned Wednesday evening from Duluth, where he had been on a short business trip.
Louis Johnson was a business visitor to the Zenith City Wednesday and Thursday.
Miss Adalia Oppel returned to her home at Duluth Thursday afternoon, after a three weeks' visit here with relatives.
Mrs. C. C. Oppel left Thursday for a short visit with friends in Duluth.
Mrs. W. H. McQuade left Wednesday for a short visit with friends and relatives in Duluth.
Landlord Barnidge, of the Vermilion, gave a dancing party at the hotel Saturday evening, to a number of friends, in honor of his birthday.
Andrew Bystrom returned Tuesday evening from a week's visit in the Twin Cities. During his absence he attended the state fair.
Bert Oppel left this morning for Duluth, where he will resume his High school work for the coming year.
Mrs. R. E. Jones, of Two Harbors, spent a few days this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mahody, at Tower Junction.
Rev. James Hogan, of Eveleth, arrived in the city last evening and conducted divine service this morning at the Catholic church. He will occupy the pulpit tomorrow morning and evening.
Rev. Joseph F. Buh, of Ely, spent Thursday here.
Mrs. E. Morcom, of Ely, came down Thursday for a short visit with friends and relatives. She was accompanied by her friend, Miss Smith.
Master Willie Oppel left Thursday for Duluth for a few days visit with relatives.
J. Kuro, wife and child returned Thursday evening after a month's absence from the city.
Mrs. Joseph Cass left this morning for a short visit with friends on the Masaba range.
The work of moving the machinery for the new mill has been delayed owing to the location. Arrangements will be made, if possible, to build the mill here instead of Joyce's landing, as before supposed. The company are trying to get a site in the city and it is hoped they will succeed, as it would greatly benefit the city to have the mill built here.
Mrs. T. Grierson and young son, former Towerites, visited with Mrs. E. E. Barnidge a few days this week.
J. D. Murphy left yesterday on a short business trip to the Mesaba range.

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A number of the New Duluth Modern Woodmen drove to West Duluth Wednesday evening to attend the banquet given by Woodmen of West Duluth. Those who attended from here were C. Wills, Chas. Carlson, Frank Carlson, A. Domm, Ernest Buhell, Charles Bartz, Herbert Thayer and W. A. Thayer.
Edward Grochau came up from Duluth Thursday to spend the day with his brother, A. E. Grouchau.
Mrs. J. A. McCuen and Miss Gertrude McCuen, of Duluth, are the guests of Mrs. John Bartz.
Mrs. M. J. Mehlhorn, of West Duluth, was a caller in New Duluth Wednesday.
Miss Smith returned Tuesday from a visit in Minneapolis and St. Peter.
Work on the new dock at the foot of Commonwealth avenue is progressing rapidly. The piles have all been capped and the dock is all ready to have the platform laid.
Miss Mary Tischer attended the play at the Lyceum theater in Duluth, Monday evening.
Those who spent Wednesday in Duluth were Mrs. Frank Brand, Miss Jennie Hicks, U. C. Tower, Jacob Duclett, A. G. Messer and Jerome Mahoney.
Miss Maude Miller spent Friday in Smithville, the guest of Miss Twanette Dash.
Miss May Thayer returned from a few days visit with Misses Agnes and Marie Shelton of Duluth, Monday.
Wilbert Mahoney, Frank Wacha and Charles Bartz drove to Duluth Monday evening to attend the play at the Met.
Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tupper were visitors in Duluth Thursday.
Miss Beach, of Duluth, is visiting Mrs. Will Campbell this week.
A. E. Grochau returned from a trip to Minneapolis Thursday.
Miss Winnifred Anderson, of West Duluth spent Sunday with Miss Mabie Bartz.
Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen spent Sunday with friends in Duluth.
Dick Kraus, of Fond du Lac, called on friends in New Duluth Saturday.
Miss Ethel Becklinger went to Duluth Friday to visit Mr. and Mrs. Clay Giddings.
J. J. Mahoney transacted business in Duluth Monday.
A jolly little picnic party was held on the banks of Red River Friday afternoon. The party went up in A. E. Grochau's launch. The ladies made coffee and prepared lunch and a most delightful afternoon was spent. Those in the party were Mr. and Mrs. John Bernt, Mrs. John Johnson, Mrs. Clemmensen and Miss Clemmensen of West Duluth and Julius and Hans Bernt.
Mrs. Clark, of West Duluth, was the guest of Mrs. Frank Brand, Saturday.
Miss Beach and Miss Belle Beach returned to their home in Duluth Thursday after a visit with Mrs. Will Campbell.
Mrs. Archie Herbert and daughter, Zella came home Sunday from Duluth, where they spent a week with Mr. Herbert.
The young ladies of the Presbyterian church gave an ice cream social at the Baptist hall Saturday evening. The hall was prettily decorated with cut flowers, goldenrod and ground pine. A large crowd attended and everyone had a very pleasant time. The young ladies cleared a neat sum, which will be used to make some repairs on the church.
Mrs. Brown, of St. Louis, Wis., called on friends in New Duluth Thursday.
Mrs. John Johnson, Mrs. Clemmensen and Miss Clemmensen of West Duluth, were the guests of Mrs. John Bernt Friday.
Archie Herbert came up from Duluth Sunday, to spend the day with his family.
Charles Wills and I. J. Mahoney are among those who went to Duluth Tuesday.
The ball game which was to have been played between the Longfellow nine of West Duluth and the New Duluth nine last Sunday, was postponed on account of the rain, until tomorrow.
Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen made a business trip to Hayward, Wis., Monday.
Mrs. John Smyth went to Fond du Lac Thursday to spend the day with friends.
Fred Rankin of Thomson, visited Mr. and Mrs. Salter and family a part of the week. He returned home Thursday. Fred Salter went with him to visit with friends a few days.
Mrs. William Millen and Mrs. M. O'Connell drove to Shortline Park Sunday.
Mrs. Otto Kruger and Miss Edith Krueger went to Superior Sunday to spend the day with Mrs. Krueger's sister, Mrs. Johnson.
Mrs. William Millen was a Duluth caller Monday.

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Mamie Villman returned Friday evening from a visit in St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Miss E. J. Warfield left Monday for her home in Princeton, Ill., after a two weeks visit with her nephews, A. A. and C. W. Warfield.
E. J. Austin of the First National bank, of Wadena, spent last Sunday in Bemidji.
Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Warfield, C. Herbert Warfield, Mrs. C. W. Warfield and Miss E. J. Warfield, of Princeton, Ill., spent last Friday at Walker, where they visited the Indian agency.
Mrs. Louis Olson has returned from St. Paul.
Miss Alice Pickston, of Wadena, is visiting friends in the city.
Attorney Crawford returned Sunday, from Washington, D. C., where he went in the interest of the land office question. L. H. Baily returned with Mr. Crawford. Both attorneys eem confident that the decision will favor Bemidji. Just how son the president's decision will be made is difficult to say.
John F. Gibbons, attorney has taken Graham M. Torrance, of St. Paul, into partnership.
School opened for the fall term Monday morning, with an attendance of 600. About 800 pupils are expected, and as the school house will not accommodate this number, two church rooms have been engaged.
Mrs. W. L. Brooks left Tuesday morning for Minneapolis.
Charles F. Miller left Tuesday morning for Deerwood on a hunting trip.
Mrs. B. N. Paddock, of Superior, returned to her home Monday after a weeks' visit with friends in this city.
Mis Anna L. Cutter, of Galesburg, Ill., who has been the guest of Mr. and W. L. Brooks, returned Tuesday morning to her home.
Miss Dollie Bailey left Monday for Owatonna, Minn., where she will enter Pillsbury academy.
A. A. Warfield and Dr. Gilmore left Wednesday on a hunting trip.
The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church gave a September social Tuesday evening in the church parlors, which was a succe both socially and financially.
James Price, J. A. Ludington, and John Ross returned Monday from a duck hunting trip to Red Lake.
Ed French has returned to Blackduck after a few days' visit with his parents in Bemidji.
Rev. and Mrs. Whittles and son, of Hendrum, Minn., who have been the guests of Rev. and Mrs. J. F. McLeod, returned to their home Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Roberts returned Thursday from Portland, Mich., where they were called by the death of Mrs. Robert' mather.
Miss Gertrude Smith returned Monday morning from Turtle.
Court will open for the fall term next Tuesday. There are fifty cases on the civil calendar.
Miss Maude Bailey and Miss Helen Grant will attend school at Owatonna, Minn., the coming year.
W. A. Currie, of Duluth, is in the city.
George Fuller is confined to his home by sickness.
Miss Long, of Blackduck, is visiting in Bemidji.
Mr. and Mrs. George Darwin, of Shevlin, are visiting friends in the city.
J. C. Parker of Stillwater, madee a business trip to Bemidji during the week.
A. C. Baker, of Decorah, Iowa, was in the city last week.
Miss Peterson and Miss Halstead, of Sioux Falls, S. D., who have been visiting here for some time, returned to their homes Wednesday.
The Thursday Musical held its first meeting this season Thursday afternoon at the home of Miss Haldeman. Mozart was the composer studied and Mr. Kelsey had charge of the program.

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McKINLEY

McKinley, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink looked after his business at Sparta on Wednesday.
The Fayal Iron company finished loading their large stockile this week and the Genoa people expect to stock ore by the 15th. Many of the other mines will also finish loading their stockpiles within a week or ten days, and September should show the first drop off of ore shipments for the season for the Minnesota ranges.
Mrs. John Tomitz did shopping at Biwabik on Monday.
Deputy Game Warden Tabor, of Lake county, arrested George Higgins, of Biwabik at Colby, Sunday for shooting partridges out of season. Higgins was brought before the justice of the peace at Biwibak Monday and fined $25 and costs. There is usually considerable killing of portridges out of season in this section, the majority not understanding that the birds are partridges, which cannot be killed before Oct. 15. While prairie chickens and the like can be killed after Sept. 1.
Many are of the opinion that the season should be changed from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15, or Nov. 1, instead of a month later. After Oct. 15 it is too cold for such hunting to be enjoyed, and as the first cold weather is had in the latter part of October, the birds which makes their flesh unpalatable. After Sept. 15 the flocks break up and there is little chance of many being killed. While with the present law the season is practically closed the year around.
Mrs. W. G. Dundas and children, visited with Mrs. F. Dane at Biwabik on Thursday.
The Elba Iron company have discontinued their steam shovel work for the present.
The Duluth & Iron Range freight from Ely to Duluth, was wrecked near Mesaba Saturday morning, by a log falling from one of the cars and derailing seven cars. Traffic was delayed several horus, but no one was injured.
The Duluth & Iron Range have teams at work ballasting their track between Tower and Ely.

MIDWAY

Midway, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Lieut. Briggs and Joe Brotherton, of West Duluth, visited Midway on Thursday.
The following people from Midway and vicinity visited the State fair last week: Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Lackie, Miss Ellen Gulbranson, Henry Norman and M. Sandberg.
The public schools in this district will commence the fall term next Monday, Sept. 14.
Charles S. [illegible]on, of Minneapolis, made a flying visit to Midway last week.
Nels Johnson, Ole Johnson and W. H. Peterson made a bicycle trip to Pike Lake last Sunday.
Miss Ida Hill went to Duluth last Wednesday for a few days' visit.
Miss Hilma Thorberg was tendered a pleasant surprise party Monday evening by some of her friends, in honor of her birthday.
No news from Midway appeared last week, as your humble scribe was away on a few days' vacation trip to the Twin Cities.
The farmers expect to begin digging potatoes next week. The yield will be good and prices quite high, which all tends to make the farmer man smile with contentment.

CALUMET

Calumet, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Laura Richards and Sidney Martin were united in marriage Thursday evening by the Rev. W. B. Coombe. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents on Mine street, in the presence of their intimate friends and relatives. The bridesmaid was Miss Lizzie Richards and the groomsman was Edward Richards. The wedding was a quiet one.
At a meeting of the ladies of the Calumet Congregational church Friday evening, Sept. 4, the Ladies' Industrial society was organized and the following officers were elected: Mrs. J. J. Ellis, president; Mrs. M. Dawe Baldwin, first vice president; Mrs. Hugh James, second vice president; Miss Mildred, secretary; Mrs. Peter Dawe, treasurer.
Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Christ Kohn, Jr., a boy.
William Nankervis on his wheel collided with another cyclist and was throw heavily to the ground, breaking his collar bone.
Frank Frazell, operator at the Copper Range depot, Laurium, has gone to British Columbia.
The Sportsmen's club held a meeting Sept. 4 in the evening and took action in regard to illegal shooting. A. F. Wixon made a strong plea for strict obedience to the game laws by all. The club finally decided to send men into the woods to bring suit against any and all whom they should find breaking the game laws. Mr. Wixon also stated that it was the intention of the club to plant trout in the various streams of the country in another year. In a letter from M. J. Hill, of Pontiac, Mich., the statement was made that he would let the club have some elks if the club could find suitable territory in which to rear them. The club voted a further consideration of this proposition.
Thomas Meads, in his census of the Calumet schools reports 7750 children between the ages of 5 to 20. The following is the report:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Florida	182	215	397
Bollmann's add.	240	245	485
Laurium	961	991	1952
E. Rambaultown	59	76	135
Rambaultown	412	352	764
Blue Jacket	193	158	351
Albion	144	149	293
Swedetown	162	145	307
Yelow Jacket	213	195	408
Red Jacket Shaft	77	102	179
Newtown	99	109	208
Red Jacket	434	428	862
Calumet & H. L.	675	734	1409
Totals	3851	3899	7750

The funeral of Ole Moen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Moen, of E street, Rambaultown, was held at the Norwegian Lutheran church, Tuesday, the Rev. Peterson officiating. Deceased was 17 years of age. He died from the effect of an operation for appendicitis.
Grover Tatchell, of Butte, Mont., is visiting with friends in Calumet.
W. J. Richards of the Bloy & Richards Manufacturing Co., left for Boston Monday.
Born—To Mr. and Mrs. George N. Bartle, of Iroquois street, Laurium, a girl.
Mrs. Uran and daughter Mrs. Phillips and Miss Lizzie Cram have arrived from Cornwall, Eng.
Thomas Ivey has returned from a trip to California.
The Epworth league of the Calumet M. E. church will give a necktie social at the church parlors Thursday evening Sept. 24.
August Likila, a blaster at No. 5 shaft, Tamarack, died Tuesday night from the effects of wounds received in blasting Monday. Likila was tamping the powder in a hole which he was about to charge, being directly in front of the hole. He was blinded and struck about the head and various parts of the body. One arm was broken and it was necessary to amputate the other.
Miss Viola Vivian has returned home from Boston where she has been attending school the last year.
Pipe is being laid from the corner of Third and Pewabic street to the new schol house to supply water for the school. The building will be ready for occupancy by Oct. 21.
Pioneer Day, the object of which is to arouse interest in local history and some of the makers of surrounding towns, will be observed Oct. 10.
The manual training department of the

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Central building has been crowded all summer and will be the coming year. There is also much interest shown in the cooking department of domestic science.

The new manual of the Calumet public schools is a neat pamphlet of 66 pages and contains some very interesting facts. The record of directors shows that four of them have served a term of over 20 years, namely: Peter Ruppe, 1880-1903; Charles S. Briggs, 1879-1903; R. H. Osborne 1869-1903; and John Duncan, 1869-1903, who is the only one left of the original board. The manual gives in full the rules and regulations that govern the relations of the superintendent, the board of directors, the teachers and the pupils. On page 17 is found a neat picture of the domestic sciencer ooom, on page 3 is found a very clear picture of the latin room, and on page 29 is the carpenter shop. The manual also contains the names of the entire alumni of the high school. The courses of study are fully outlined.

John Hora, of Laurium, a watchman at the forty-sixth level of shaft No. 7, was crushed to death by a man car Thursday morning. The body was badly mangled and the head almost evered from it.

C. G. McKenny, the present manager of the Imperial hotel, Laurium, will be succeeded Sept. 21 by Henry Abell, of Manitique. Mr. McKenny will take charge of one of his brothers lumber camp.

Capt. and Mrs. J. Harrington, of Lead City, S. D., are visiting with Mrs. Harrington's parent, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sheeham of Hecla.

GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, Sept. 12.—Although the weather was inclement, the Odd Fellows carried out their Labor day program of sports at the old fair grounds on Monday. The half mile dash running race, best two out of three heats, was won by George Myers' bay mare, she capturing the first two heats. Martin Duffey's mare taking second money. John Hoffer's bay horse, driven by Harvey Briggs, won the one-half mile trot. Harry Varley won the men's 10-yard foot race; J. Ferdinand Peterson taking second money. The boys' 50-yard foor race was won by E. Johnson, Abe Levy being second. Lucy McCormick won the girl's race by a close margin, Mattie Lavieve taking second money.

Dennis McMahon, who has had charge of the boom company's interests on the Upper Mississippi for years past, resigned his position, being succeeded by Thomas Long, who has been one of Mr. McMahon's assistants for years.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank F. Price and son Douglas, were among the state fair visitors last week.

Pat Holloran returned Monday from Minneapolis, he having spent the week taking in the fair.

William Wheaton returned from Stevens' Point, Wis., last Friday, after an extended visit to his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Munson and family came up from Minneapolis Saturday to make their home here this winter.

Miss Hattie Allen, of Bemidji, spent a couple of days last week in town, the guest of Mrs. Fred Klinke, returning home Thursday. Miss Allen was en route for home from Minneapolis, where she had been attending summer school at the University.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis McMahon, who had been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. George Sullivan last week, left on Friday for their home in Aitkin.

Peter Brown, one of the Itasca Lumber company's most trustworthy employes, returned last Thursday from a month's sojourn at his old home in Alpena, Mich.

Attorney A. G. Otis arrived Tuesday from a trip to southern parts of the state on business and also taking in the state fair.

HIBBING

Hibbing, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Mesheck Lumber company's saw mill is running almost all night and every day and it commences to look as if the mill might run all winter. The company is at present contemplating the building of a hot pond and when such is built the mill will continue cutting all through the cold weather.

Frank Skinner has made arrangements for a first-class lecture course for the coming season.

Miss Spangler has returned from Chicago. During her vacation she visited in Denver and other Colorado cities.

Capt. H. Jarchow, of the Arcturus mine, returned on Tuesday from Duluth. He informed his friends that the experimental washing machine has proved a success, and the ore taken out of the mine and washed of sand is proving satisfactory to the owners. There is at this mine a large stockpile and this is being washed by the new process. The Arcturus is the mine which was reported to have been sold last year for $900,000, but the deal fell through, owing to a sandy substance which is intermixed with the ore.

Mrs. John Doyle, of Virginia, visited with Mrs. Peter Wring this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Lerch spent Sunday visiting at the parents of Mrs. Lerch in Virginia.

Will Hart, of the state university and his father of Cass Lake arrived in town on Monday to make this their future home.

The Rooney family, of Cass Lake, arrived in the city Wednesday and were met here by Assistant Superintendent Rooney, of the Great Northern railway. They have the McMillan home on Mahoning street.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated at the First Methodist church on Tuesday when Robert C. Henry of the Minnesota Iron company was united in the bonds of wedlock to Exa Housley late of Ely. Rev. Joseph W. Robinson performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Henry will reside in Chisholm.

The evangelistic services which are being held in the Mahoning street church are being largely attended. Rev. Mr. Wilder of St. Paul and Rev. A. R. Robinson of Winnipeg are both able evangelists.

Dr. and Mrs. Shaw of Buhl visited at the Lamonts in Virginia for a few days this week.

Capt. Frank Thomas of the Cass and Kanawba mines spent a couple of days here during the week shaking hands with his many friends.

Mrs. John Hayes and children of Carson Lake location are spending a week in Tower with old friends.

Frank Jewett and A. A. French are jurors at the district court in Duluth this week. Many people in Hibbing are interested in the Commercial bank case and are anxious to have the case sifted in a thorough manner.

Miss May Congdon of Virginia, after spending a pleasant week visiting with Superintendent Amos Shephard at the Stevenson, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Mesberg attended the wedding of Miss Hattie Lewis of Buhl on Sunday. Misses Belle Woolfan and Lillian Mesberg were bridesmaids and George Mesberg and Samuel Lippman acted as best men.

Mrs. Louis McKenna and her sister, Miss Agnes Enright, were Hibbing visitors during the week.

J. J. Cox, the pioneer druggist, is having erected a fine residence on the corner of Center street and Fourth avenue. He is also building a two-story business block at the rear of the Cox block.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Beh are visiting their parents at Berlin, Wis.

George Henry, who for the past month has been in Minneapolis, returned on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. McDonald are looking after their property interests in Grand Rapids.

John Peterson of Tower moved all his household goods here this week and is now one of our citizens.

Charles E. Seelye of Grand Rapids was at Chisholm this week closing up a contract to cut and bank 25,000,000 feet of pine the coming season. The headquarters of his operations will be Dewey Lake.

Fred Horn is spending a week with his mother and brothers at Hampton, Minn.

The fleet-footed deer are said to be very plentiful in the woods north of here this year and as a result many hunters are making preparations to enter the woods as soon as the season opens.

Mrs. R. Lyons, better known in the city among the pioneers as "Grandma Lyons," died on Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. P. F. McDonald. Mrs. Lyons was over 80 years old and among the first settlers of our city. Her remains were taken to Wisconsin for burial.

Attorney Woods has been in Duluth all this week attending district court.

Miss Maud Talboys, daughter of Editor Talboys of Chisholm, is attending the Duluth normal school.

Mrs. George Myers, wife of the superintendent of the Mesheka Lumber company, returned on Tuesday from Ohio, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Hattie Cherlin.

Mrs. A. H. Grieser, wife of the banker at Chisholm, left this week for Carlton Ont., where she will visit relatives for several weeks.

Dr. A. B. Smith, of the Adams hospital staff, located at Chisholm, returned this week from Rochester.

Rev. Frank Durant, rector of the Episcopal church, attended the meeting of ministers which convened at Tower on Tuesday.

Dr. Manson returned on Tuesday from Minneapolis where he spent a week with his family.

The new Clow block on Center street is nearing completion. It is a solid brick and stone building, 50 feet by 120 feet, three stories high, and will be finished in oak. When finished it will be one of the most imposing business blocks outside of Duluth.

Mark Harris, of Center street, left on Monday for Montreal by way of the great lakes and Toronto.

J. Gilpin, of Cleveland, general superintendent of the Pickards-Mathers Mining company, is spending a week in the city looking after the interests of his company. Superintendent W. H. Downing is in charge of the three mines owned by the company in the Hibbing district.

A new band has been organized by the Austrians at Chisholm. Their new instruments arrived this week. Several old players are in this new organization and the public may expect great things in the musical line in the near future.

T. C. Sudson, late editor of the Hibbing Tribune, will in the course of a few days, give up journalism for an underwriter's life.

EVELETH

Eveleth, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. G. Kingston returned Monday evening from his sojourn at the state fair. Mrs. Kingston remained in Duluth to visit with relatives until this evening.

Harry Angst, who has spent the summer at Hibbing, was here for a few days visit with his brother, Bert Angst. He left Monday to resume is studies at the university.

G. W. Mulligan left last week, a delegate to the Eagles' convention, being held in that city.

D. T. Adams, of Duluth, and Joseph Foley, of Detroit, Mich., visited Eveleth for a few days inspecting lands in this vicinity. Mr. Foley is a pioneer in this part of the country.

G. A. Whitman returned Thursday from his visit to the state fair.

Mrs. L. A. Marsell left Monday for Hibbing to spend a few weeks with Mr. Marsell.

Several of the High school girls have formed a sorority, the "Alpha Delta Rho," and this evening will give a social in the building recently vacated by the U. S. Express company. Refreshments will be served and a pleasant time is assured. The girls who have already joined are Misses Clara Shapiro, Ella Talboys, Mayme Murray, Lenore Kimberly, Anna Van Buskirk and Emily Scott.

The ladies' aid society of the Presbyterian church met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. P. E. Dowling.

J. C. Poole is improving his residence property on Jones street by installing a hot water heating plant and adding a stone foundation.

Miss Florence Ryan, sister of Mrs. Louis Larson, is the little girl who was declared the winner of the Buck's toy stove earned by giving correct answers to about thirty puzzle pictures which have appeared in the town papers.

Mrs. George Payne has moved into the building on Jones street, formerly occupied by the More hospital. Mrs. Payne will use the back part as a residence and the front room as United States express office.

Dr. and Mrs. Denton and daughter, Dorothy, returned Saturday evening from their visit to the state fair and to Minneapolis, where Dr. Denton appeared before the State Dental association.

Roy M. Cornwell, assistant cashier of the First National bank, left Tuesday for a week's trip to Winona, his former home.

The Bachelors' club entertained very delightfully last evening at Fayal hall. It was the fifth in the series of six dances to be given by that club. The last, and it is expected the most brilliant, will be given Friday, the twenty-fifth. Plans are being made to make it one of the most beautiful parties ever given in Eveleth.

Merton Kingston left Monday to take up his studies as a senior at Hamline university.

Mrs. W. J. Smith and little daughter, Marcella, who have been visiting the past week in St. Paul, returned Tuesday evening with Mrs. F. A. Hoyt and children, of St. Cloud, and J. Hug McInnis.

Alex King, who has been employed at the Fayal laboratory, left to attend the state university at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Ellard Dowling and children and Mrs. Josephine Sibbit and son, Ellard, returned Saturday evening from a week's visit at the state fair.

The schools opened Tuesday with a full complement of teachers. Those employed in the Fayal and town buildings are: Superintendent C. M. Stevens, Misses Mary Ferraby, Lottie Roberts, Ida Schneider, Jennie Fraser, Elsie Lawson, Ada and Elsie McKenzie, Bertha Lyons Betts, Maud Betts, Barrett, Carrie Barrett, Agnes Flynn, Mary Fridley; and the new teachers, Miss Henriette Davis, of Litchfield, Minn., Miss Cora Main, of Ellington, N. Y., and Miss Isabelle Peterson, of Appleton, Wis. Sewing and cooking have been added to the course, which, already included manual training.

The ladies of the Episcopal church met Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. W. E. Harrood to discuss plans for raising money. It was decided to give a church supper in the near future.

Mrs. Thomas Hemp is entertaining her mother, Mrs. S. Pakenham, of West Superior. Her sister, Mrs. E. H. Townsend, of the same place, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. N. A. Howe, of Phelps, N. Y., who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. G. St. Clair, left Thursday for her home.

Miss Mae Trezona, daughter of Supt. R. R. Trezona, of the Fayal, left Saturday to resume her studies at the Winona normal.

Mrs. Edward Hardy Bull and daughter, Elizabeth, and Mrs. Richard Faull and little son of Birmingham, Ala., were in town a couple of days. Mrs. Bull will return next week for a longer visit.

Carl D. Clark, assistant superintendent of the Fayal mine, left the first of the week to spend his vacation traveling.

James Matheson is serving on the grand jury in Duluth this week.

G. Rohrer, of Laurien, Mich., is spending this week visiting his brother, Albert Rohrer. He is looking the range towns over with the idea of locating in one of them as watchmaker and jeweler.

P. E. McCormack, of St. Paul, visited the range towns last week.

Next week the postoffice is to be moved from its present location to the building recently vacated by the United States Express company, on Jones street. It is said that Murphy and Friberg, the new clothing firm, will move into the postoffice building.

Another new firm recently starting here in business is Bentley & Rashaw, at the south end of Grant avenue. They handle produce of all kinds, hay, flour and feed, and expect to do business in Virginia and Sparta also.

Miss Bowdoin, who has been visiting her brother, William Bowdoin, at the Fayal returned to her home in Michigan Monday.

F. J. Webb, who spent the summer here in the Fayal office work, departed the first of the week for New York to join a theatrical troupe which will play "The Professor's Love Story."

Fred Williams, who has been reading law in N. B. Arnold's law office, left Wednesday for his home in Minneapolis.

The ladies' aid society of the Methodist church met Thursday with Mrs. M. E. Nichols.

Dell Burgess visited several days in Hibbing.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris Colvin, of Sparta, spent a few hours in town Thursday.

E. M. Clark, of Duluth, was in town.

The Spruce-Adams baseball team expect to play ball today with the Mountain Iron team. A good game is expected.

Mayor Jesmore returned from attending the state fair races last Monday.

J. Mesberg, the furniture dealer, expects to erect a handsome new brick building on the site now occupied by the Boston Clothing house. The new building will be of brick with a basement, and will be about thirty feet wide and ninety feet long

Rev. O. K. Maynard, of Sioux City, Iowa, was the guest last week of his brother-in-law, Dr. C. W. More.

The Eveleth schools are very much crowded. The Finnish Temperance hall has been rented and fitted up for temporary quarters for the Kindergarten department. Eveleth will soon have to erect a new buildin ga,s every department is crowded.

John Aho, who accidentally shot himself at Pleasant Lake, while fishing one Sunday in August, died last week. He was buried from the Finnish church and his remains taken to Virginia.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians expect to give a grand ball in Fayal hall Friday, Sept. 25.

The firemen met Tuesday evening and elected new officers for the coming year. William Corrigan was elected chief, William Murray assistant chief, Sam Shapiro captain, Miles McAlpin lieutenant, Walter Nye foreman, Matt Prettner treasurer and M. J. Frevanow secretary. No other business came before the meeting.

Mrs. J. H. Hearding and mother, Mrs. Hartwell, left the first of the week for Xenia, Ohio, to spend a few weeks visiting relatives.

C. M. Bogne, of Marquette, Mich., has accepted a position as bookkeeper in the First National bank of take the place of William Ellsworth, who resigned to attend school.

Richard Faull, of Birmingham, Ala., was in town visiting his cousin, Miss Bottrell, of the More hospital.

BIWABIK

Biwabik, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lerch were over to Eveleth Sunday.

Adam Carmichael, of Hibbing, was in town a few days visiting with his brothers and sisters.

George Gleason was over at Eveleth and spent Sunday calling on friends.

Civil Engineer Lamont was over from Virginia a few days attending to business.

The dance given at the city hall Friday evening by the members of the Modern Woodmen lodge.

John Juliet left Monday for Hibbing where he will make his future home.

Pallip Devine was over from Stevens a few days on business.

Dr. Spratley has gone to Eveleth after a two weeks stay here.

Mrs. J. S. Lutes was down to Duluth a few days this week.

Mrs. Louis McKenna was down to Duluth on business the fore part of the week.

The ladies of the Congregational church met at the home of Mrs. Frank Dane Wednesday afternoon.

James Wood, of Eveleth, was in town Sunday calling on friends.

The putting in of the electric wires in the new office and residence at the Biwabik has been completed and the electricians have returned to Duluth.

Jacob Fostoff returned Monday from a few days visit with his family at Duluth.

Labor Day was a very quiet day as usual. School was closed, also the bank. The juvenile band came out in the afternoon and played a few patriotic pieces.

Capt. and Mrs. Wm. Carmichael went to Duluth Thursday on a few days visit.

E. N. Dennis, agent at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern depot, is enjoying a visit from his mother and sister, who arrived Wednesday from their home in Pennsylvania.

Miss Mora was over from Stevens a few days visiting friends.

Assault in the second degree was the charge made against Andrew Anderson last Thursday at the first day's session of the grand jury at Duluth and for which he was indicted. Anderson is the man who assaulted Peter Johnson, the assistant cashier of the bank, July 27, under the Canton mine trestle and was left for dead. The case will come up for trial Sept. 16.

Capt. and Mrs. Frank Thomas, of Hibbing, were in town a few days visiting relatives at the Hale mine.

Archie Campbell was over from McKinley Friday.

Mrs. M. Tierney is down to Two Harbors visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Holden.

Tom Birkland returned to Nolander Monday, where he is employed for Rungisn, after spending a few days with friends.

Henry Evanson returned to work at Stevens Saturday after a week's rest at home.

Mrs. M. Glassner returned Monday from Minneapolis, where she spent a week with her sons, who are attending school there.

Fred Meyers returned Monday from Duluth, where he spent a few days visiting relatives. He was accompanied by his mother, who came from her home at Lake City on a visit here.

James Verrill has accepted a position at Nolander for the winter.

Henry Stearns has returned from Black Duck.

Editor Garrot and wife, who formerly edited the "Biwabik Iron Ore" here have gone to Germany, where they will remain for a few years.

Miss Mabel Trevena returned to Duluth Monday, where she will resume her studies at the business college.

Misses Fanny Brown and Luella Kneff returned to their homes at West Duluth Thursday after a few weeks visit with the former's sister, Mrs. Herbert Dane.

P. J. Murray was up from Duluth a few days.

A little girl two and a half years old, the child of Matt Montoneu, was drowned Monday in White Lake. The parents are Finns and intended very soon to leave for their native country. The childw as playing with other little ones on some boards at the border of the pond and was pushed off into 18 or 20 inches of water. She was taken out still alive, but instead of efforts being made to revive her on the spot the almost lifeless child was carried to Dr. Farmer's hospital, but it was too late. The child was interred here Wednesday in Lakeside cemetery.

Mrs. Skell was in town Thursday from Eveleth, the guest of Mrs. G. Gleason.

Mrs. Wallace Kimberly was over from Eveleth Thursday shaking hands with old acquaintances.

W. W. Browne was in Duluth the greater part of the week on business.

Mrs. E. Gill is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Pearce at Hibbing.

Malcom Anderson is down to Duluth attending to leagal matters.

Little Stella Rendom, who lived here the greater parto f her life, but now of Eveleth, is considered in a very serious condition with heart trouble. Little hopes are being entertained for her recovery.

Mrs. M. Tierney is having her building on Main street raised, it having leaned on Mr. Glassner's building. The latter building will also be straightened.

Rev. Rankala was over from Sparta and held services in the Finnish church Sunday.

Frank Eykes returned Tuesday from Two Harbors, where he will move his family hortly. He having purchased a home there, Mrs. Andy stowell has rented their house here.

Mrs. Max Cohen was over to Eveleth Tuesday visiting relatives.

Wilho Trickander, of St. Louis River, was in town Tuesday on buiness.

Ross Gilpatrick is spending his vacation in the southern part of the state at his home.

Mike Thompson has accepted a position as clerk in Max Cohen's clothing store.

Good dwelling rooms seem to be at a premium here, there are enough vacant houses, but very few fit to live in. Harry Salmon expects to move his family over from McKinley as soon as he can get a residence.

Miss Rose Saintz has returned to her home at Sparta, after a visit her with her sister, Mrs. John Enrizzi.

Conductor George Smith, of the short line passenger run to Virginia, has returned from the Twin Cities, where he took in the state fair, and is again at his post. Conductor J. Finnigan, of Two Harbors relieved the former.

William Smith was over to Virginia Friday visiting his daughter, Mrs. Merdock McDonald.

The tie, pulp and cedar business is expected to be good the coming season, and unless too much snow is had a good winter with plenty of work is expected.

Mrs. John Hayes and children, of Carson Lake, near Hibbing, are visiting with her mother here, Mrs. Andy Stowell.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Joseph Romain died very suddenly Monday morning at the Brown hospital, where Mr. and Mrs. Romain and young daughter were rooming. Death was due to phlegmonous tonsilitis. They have resided her for two years and are well and favorably known. The body was taken to Port Arthur yesterday for burial, the parents of the dead woman residing there. The young daughter will remain with her grand parents. Those relatives who came here in response to telegrams were F. A. Brown, father of deceased; Mrs. Sarah Herson, of Duluth, and Fred Romain, of Hibbing, sister and brother respectively of the mourning husband.

John Nelson, of the saloon firm of Lantry & Nelson, has moved his family into their elegant new home on Maple street.

James DeVoy, of Ironwood, Mich., had business here most of the week. He is president of the Aurora townsite company. He returned home yesterday, E. J. O'Rourke, one of his associates going as far as Duluth with him.

John Castin, Jr., the insurance agent, had business at Duluth Thursday.

Superintendent Moore, of the Pitt Iron Mining company, was a Duluth passenger Wednesday.

Mrs. B. F. Smith spent yesterday at Duluth.

E. J. O'Rourke and Fred Rossom are buying all the spruce claims they can get in town 58 and 59-11, Lake county.

Martin Nelson went to Duluth yesterday.

F. D. Orr, agent for the Hercules Powder company, was up from St. Paul yesterday

The Beethoven club met at the home of Miss Josephine Steele Tuesday evening. During the evening several vocal and instrumental selections were rendered by Misses Minnie Cohen, Josephine Sterle, Ray Smith and Amelia Thompson, and Professor Walter L. Smith. After the program games were played and toward 11 o'clock an appreciable lunch was served. Prizes were won by Misses Ray Smith and Marian Sullivan.

Mrs. Otto Kolpp and children returned Saturday from an extended visit with relatives and friends at Chippewa Falls and Bloomer, Wis.

H. F. Smith, of the Bailey Lumber company force, left here Monday for a business trip to the Twin Cities and Chicago.

Miss Nellie Griggs left Tuesday for Holyoke, Mass., to re-enter the school for girls, which she attended last year.

M. Steinberg, the clothier, is at Chicago purchasing stock for his store.

Low and high mass was celebrated at the Catholic church Sunday last. It is expected that services will be held in the elegant new church at an early date. New and elaborate pews will arrive from Manitowoc, Wis., next week.

Herbert Steinberg, son of Mr. and Mrs. Steinberg, of the Fair store, left here Sunday for Minneapolis, where he enters the University. He will take a course in mining engineering.

Hogan & Powell, two popular chefs, have reopened the old Vienna restaurant in the O'Connor block and have good prospects.

Superintendent E. W. Coons, of the Wallace mine, near Buhl, was in the city Thursday on his way to Duluth.

Miss Mae Van Nise, of Mount Vernon, Iowa, has accepted a position as compositor on the Virginian.

The Virginia Lumber company camps near Bickford lake, broke up Tuesday and were moved to a point near Rice river, some two and a half miles north. The logging firm of O'Neal & Nelson will occupy the old camps again this winter. This firm logs for the Taber Lumber company, of Burlington, Iowa.

Virginia Degree of Rebekah, No. 8, I. O. O. F., tendered a very entertaining basket social at Hawkinson's hall. The basckets made by the ladies who attended brought good prices and the lodge, a new one, netted a goodly sum.

Vivian Prince, Jr., of Eveleth, was in the city Wednesday, visiting with old-time friends.

The Misses Johanna and Annie Anderson returned Saturday from a vacation trip to the Twin Cities and Chicago.

Paddy Taylor, a popular printer of Hibbing, was in the city Wednesday.

New sidewalk has been laid in the whole block on the north and south side of Chestnut street between Central and Cleveland avenues. The walk is fourteen feet wide.

Miss Ida Holmes, of Duluth, who has been visiting with her friend, Miss Anna McLean, for the past week, returned to her home Tuesday.

Miss Anna McLean entertained a small company of friends at her home on West Chestnut street, Monday evening in honor of Miss Ida Holmes, of Duluth. A palatable lunch was served about 10 o'clock.

The time of services at the M. E. church has been changed to half past 7, instead of 8 o'clock Sunday evening.

IRONWOOD

Ironwood, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. W. Tullock of Ashland spent Tuesday in Ironwood on business.

Mrs. M. Haloney left for Milwaukee on a short visit with friends and to attend the state fair.

The Labor day celebration that was to be held in Ironwood Monday was dispensed with on account of the heavy rains of Sunday and Monday that it was impossible to hold any of the exercises.

C. R. Downs was in the city from Chicago on a short business trip Monday.

A social was held at the M. E. church Wednesday evening and a large crowd attended. The proceeds of the social will be used in clearing the expenses of the church.

Mrs. F. H. Lesselyong left for Milwaukee on a short visit with friends and relatives.

Mrs. Dan Nolan and Miss M. Hagerty were at Iron Belt Thursday on a short visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Reid were at Milwaukee all week attending the state fair.

A card party was given at the home of Mrs. W. Meade Wednesday evening and a large number of friends were in attendance. The first prize for ladies was won by Mrs. Callaghan; second prize, Mrs. C. Geary, and third, Mrs. D. Nolan. The prizes for gentlemen were won by C. Geary, first; Joseph Meade, second, and C. Sheehan, third.

Mrs. S. E. Beatty of Chicago was in the city on business Monday.

James Devoy was at Duluth all week on business.

J. Mullen and wife were at Milwaukee all week attending the state fair.

Clarence Hill of Port Washington, Wis., spent Thursday in Ironwood, visiting with his many friends.

Mrs. C. A. Apker was at Milwuakee all week visiting with friends.

E. W. Allen of Cleveland was in Ironwood on a short business trip Wednesday.

Richard Baufield and Miss Exworthy, a well known couple of Ironwood, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Exworthy, by Rev. W. C. Clemo Thursday afternoon. The young couple intend to make their home in Ironwood where Mr. Baufield has purchased the beautiful home formerly owned by Edw. Collick.

Harry Ellis, a well known young man of Ironwood, was drowned in the Montreal river Thursday afternoon by his boat capsizing in some unknown manner and when assistance arrived it was too late to save the young man's life.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Fitzpatrick of Oshkosh, Wis., were in Ironwood Thursday visiting with a number of the friends.

Rev. N. H. Noshisch and F. Gerugh left for Milwaukee Monday evening where Mr. Gerugh will enter one of the seminaries to study for the priesthood.

CASS LAKE

Thomas Bailey, son of Sheriff Bailey, of Beltrami county, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Thursday.

Cass Lake, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Ed Phelps, Jr., left on Thursday for Charles, Minn., where she will remain for somo time, she having received word that her aunt was seriously ill.

Miss Ethel Ludwig, of the Bemidji telephone exchange, visited with her parents, L. H. Ludwig and wife, Thursday.

A record cut for the seoson was made at the Neills sawmill on Friday night of last week. For the run of ten hours there was scaled and cut, log measure, 92,760 feet of one-inch lumber. The saws used in the cutting consisted of one single-band and one small Wilkinson gang. L. H. Stoeffler was the sawyer and William Umland did the scaling. This record is a very good one, and it is doubtful if it will be equaled this season.

W. D. Rowe, a prominent business man of Crookston, was a visitor in town Thursday.

George Taylor was transacting business at Walker and Bemidji on Thursday.

William R. McKinnon had the misfortune to severely cut his right foot Tuesday. He is one of the party of the bureau of forestry crew engaged in surveying the boundary lines of the ten sections reserved from sale and settlement under the provisions of the Morris bill. Mr. McKinnon will be in his usual good health in a few days, but will walk with a limp in the meantime.

M. P. DeWolf, a cruiser for the Grand Forks Lumber company, accompanied by W. S. Dickinson, as chainman, arrived from the West on Saturday and is busily engaged in estimating the timber hereabouts for the use of his firm, who will bid on some of the pine to be offered at the sale to be held in December.

Miss Mary E. Walton, from Huron, S. D., arrived in town on Thursday evening and will hereafter act as stenographer at the United States land office.

Mrs. M. V. Clark returned on Sunday from a visit with friends in the Twin Cities.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jerard, on Thursday, a son.

Jake Mohr came over Thursday from his claim on the Big Fork, north of Deer River, to transact some business here.

John Johnson, a former Cass Lake citizen who is now engaged in the meat business at Hibbing, came over from the latter place this week for a few days' visit with his family, who reside here.

Dan Seery, a trusted representative of the Burlington Lumber company, was in town on Thursday.

William Lyons, one of the members of the Burlington Lumber company, arrived from Iowa the first of the week and has spent the week in this vicinity looking after the interests of his firm. The company has several cruisers in this vicinity estimating the pine to be sold in December.

George French, ex-county commissioner of Cass county, who is now engaged in the real estate business at Blackduck, was transacting business at the United States land office on Thursday.

B. L. Fairbanks came over from White Earth Saturday night, and after spending Sunday with his partner, E. L. Warren, went to the Red Lake agency. He returned on Wednesday night and left the following morning for his home.

A party consisting of George Birtch, George Beckett and J. H. Strawbridge will leave on Thursday of next week for Oregon, where they are interested in some timber claims.

Robert Jarvis and A. C. Abson were at the Leech lake dam on Sunday last and caught a large number of fish.

W. G. Young, sheriff of Wright county, and E. M. Nagle, register of deeds of the same county, were the guests of E. S. Oakley the first of the week.

B. A. Strawbridge was a visitor at Brainerd on Monday.

Mrs. Lano and Miss Hersfield returned to their home at Long Prairie last Saturday, after having visited for a week with Mrs. H. Mullen.

J. E. Johnston has been drawn to serve on the grand jury of the United States court at the term to be held at Fergus Falls, beginning Sept. 22.

Iver Wold returned on Monday evening from St. Paul, where he had been visiting for a week.

S. F. Smith, the Cass Lake superintendent for the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, was at Bemidji, Turtle River and other points during the week.

William Hough, clerk at the C. M. Taylor store, was a business visitor to Park Rapids on Thursday and also visited Hubbard.

C. M. Taylor and Rev. Brabner Smith were out on a duck hunt up the Turtle River this week, and had only moderate success.

The ladies' aid of the M. E. church met with Mrs. Hough this week at the Scanlon-Gipson mill, and they will have a sale of pillows and a social in the last week in September.

The new building for the United States land office is almost completed and the carpenters are putting on the roof.

Cruiser Millitte, of the Weyerhaeuser company, has been visiting his brother for a few days.

Mrs. Dr. Whetstone has gone on a visit to her friends in Minneapolis.

Dr. Whetstone and C. M. Johnson were in Minneapolis a few days this week on business, returning on Wednesday morning.

The duck hunting has been very successful in this vicinity for a few weeks and the hunters report good numbers of ducks shot.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have removed from the dock into town for the winter.

A. G. Bernard went to Brainerd to attend the funeral of the late Senator Al Ferris.

ELY

Ely, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. Wade Humphreys of the Shipman hospital staff severed his connection with that institution Saturday and departed for his native state of Virginia, where he will remain.

Labor day was observed here by the closing of all the mines and business houses.

Misses Julia Slattery and Nellie Frauley were in Eveleth over Sunday, guests of James Slattery. They returned Monday evening.

Mrs. C. McDermid of Eveleth was visiting friends here the first part of the week.

Miss Cora and Charles Aubin of Lake Linden, Mich., arrived in the city Saturday last for an extended visit to their uncle, Polydore Aubin, and family.

The Misses May and Margaret Brown spent Labor day in Tower, the guests of Miss Ada Tippett of that city.

A diamond drill has been put in operation on the famous section 30; Coe & McDonald being the operators.

John Dinsmore was a Duluth-bound passenger on Tuesday morning's train.

Richard Dinsmore of Hibbing arrived in the city Saturday on a visit to his brother, John, of this place.

S. S. Childers, who has been in hospital for several weeks, has so far recovered as to be at his home again.

Joseph Papic left Wednesday afternoon for Eveleth, where he has secured a position in a meat market.

John Goodnow, employed in Dinsmore's livery barn, mysteriously disappeared from his boarding house about a week ago and all efforts to trace him have so far proved futile. It is feared something serious has happened to him.

Mrs. A. J. Thomas returned Tuesday from her visit to Hibbing, accompanied by her niece, Mrs. Jos. Cowling, who will visit here for some time.

Will Griffin, of Soudan, came up Saturday and spent Sunday and Monday here among friends and relatives.

Mrs. Mary Haavisto died at her residence on Chapman street early on Thursday morning after a protracted illness. Cancer of the stomach being the immediate cause of death. Deceased was 42 years of age and leaves a husband and four little children to mourn her loss. The funeral occurred from the Finnish church on Friday afternoon and was largely attended. Much sympathy is being felt for the husband and little children in their bereavement.

Martin Willington left Thursday for Duluth where he has business before the district court.

Ole Berglund and Miss Augusta Tjader, both of this city, were united in marriage in Duluth a week ago Monday. After the ceremony the newly wedded pair proceeded to the Twin Cities on a wedding trip, after taking in the state fair. They arrived home Monday evening last. Both parties are well known here. Mr. Berglund being the senior partner of the firm of Berglund Bros. Hosts of friends wish them a successful married life.

The Columbian male quartet will appear here on the 29th inst. The entertainment being the first of a series of five given by the Ely Entertainment company.

Contractor George Holmer has commenced operations on the foundation of the new water and light plant to be erected on the lake shore.

John Dronell and Peter Gudoner arrived in the city Thursday from Grand Marais, having made the trip by canoe. They report a pleasant trip.

Teddy Wheeler, the livery man of Tower, was doing business in Ely Thursday.

Miss Cora Thomas was a Duluth visitor Friday.

George Anderson of Superior spent a couple of days in Ely this week.

Robert Whitesides of Duluth and two sons spent a few days in Ely first part of this week.

Jane Thomas and son, Richard, returned from their Michigan trip on Wednesday evening.

LaBelle Creole



10¢ EVERYWHERE

A Rare Blend of Mild Tobacco

Save the Bands

CLOQUET

Cloquet, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. L. Redfield and wife were Duluth callers this week.

F. B. Inskeep, of Danbury, Iowa, has opened a law office in this city and intends to move his family here in a short time.

John McDonald returned home Thursday from the woods.

George Moran, an old time resident of Cloquet, who left here seven years ago, for Anse Aux Gascon, Quebec, has returned and Mr. and Mrs. Moran will reside in Cloquet permanently.

Born, on Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Von Feldon, a daughter.

Bennie Skemp, who has been quite ill with scarlet fever, is now convalescing.

Mrs. A. Magnison, of Carlton, was a Cloquet caller this week.

Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh spent this week in attendance at a meeting of the Duluth deanery.

Mr. Cardwell, of Washburn, Wis., spent a few days the first of the week as the guest of his daughter, Mrs. A. Mooney.

Miss Tina Halvorsen left today for Port Wing, Wis., where she will teach this coming winter.

George McDowell, of West Duluth, is in the city visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaacson, of Flambo, Wis., are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Cornfel.

C. L. Dixon made a business trip to St. Paul the first of the week, returning on Wednesday.

John McManus and L. McCullough left for a hunting trip this week.

The Washington league will give a musical and cinch party at K. of P. hall Monday evening, Sept. 14.

J. Healey has purchased the dwelling of Chas. Martinger at the east end. Mr. Martinger will go with his family to Washington.

Mr. Ike Sumerfield made a business trip to St. Paul this week.

The ladies auxiliary of the Presbyterian church, will meet next Tuesday in the guild hall as the guests of Mrs. J. B. Gage and Mrs. G. J. Selk.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Martha Kerkman to Morris B. Wentworth at Grand Rapids, Mich. Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth will be at home to their friends at Bay City, Mich., after Nov. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Anderson are rejoicing over the arival of a baby girl, born on Wednesday, Sept. 9.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McManus is quite ill.

Mr. Parazey and family of Ause Aux Gascon, Quebec, arrived this week and expect to make Cloquet their future home.

Mrs. F. H. Watts, of Scanlon was a Cloquet caller yesterday.

John Twohy, of Duluth, was a business caller in Cloquet this week.

Pat Kavanaugh was in Duluth this week.

Walter Magnis, of St. Paul transacted business in the city this week.

Albert Cox made a business trip to Chicago this week.

H. Mason, of Duluth, transacted business in Cloquet this week.

Mrs. H. Northrup is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Simpson returned from a two weeks visit in Stillwater, Waterloo, Iowa, and other points.

Walter McPhail left today for White Face, where he intends to spend the winter.

It is currently reported that a Duluth man has purchased Mr. Riley's interest in the McKinon house, and will take charge of the same in the near future.

Miss Dora Patenaude visited with her mother at Scanlon this week.

A. J. BACK,

All Work Guaranteed Shoe Repairing.

912 Cloquet Ave.

MAJOR DELMAR

Establishes a New World's Record For Geldings.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12.—With turf conditions which were estimated to make the course a good half second slower than on Wedensday, when he established a new world's trotting record for geldings, 2:01½, Major Delmar yesterday went a mile on the state fair grounds in 2:00¼. This remarkable exhibition was made in the presence of 15,00 persons, who cheered enthusiastically when the result was announced.

The early actions of Delmar did not promise the splendid achievement which was to follow. Twice McDonald nodded his head as he drove Delmar down the stretch, accompanied by a runner and twice did the gelding break, first at the eighth and then at the quarter pole and was returned for another start.

A pair of shadow goggles were removed from Delmar's eyes as it was thought that had a tendency to make him restless and McDonald again announced his readiness for another trial. This time there was no fluke. With the regularity of clock work Delmar settled down to his work. The quarter was reached in 0:31¼, the same time made by Delmar in Wednesday's trial. Soon after passing the quarter pole he faltered slightly, but soon recovered himself and reached the half in 1:01. At the half Delmar and his running mate were joined by a second runner and the real contest began. Side by side they flew. Glances at watches showed that the third quarter had been done in 0:29¼ and a mighty cheer went up. Coming into the stretch, McDonald gave Delmar a light touch with the whip and the gelding in response made a magnificent spurt, which brought him under the wire in 2:00¼.

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 12.—Twenty thousand people attended the closing of the state fair yesterday and saw Prince Alert give the Bethlehem half-mile track the world's record of 2:03½. Mart Demarest drove the pacing king and was acompanied by The Monk, a runner. Prince Alert's fraction time was 31½, 1:03½, 1:33½ and 2:03½.

DESIRES OF POLES

Will Be Given Attention By the Pope.

Rome, Sept. 12.—The pope received cordially in a private audience the delegation from the Polish Catholic congregations in America, composed of Father Wenceslaus Kruszka, of Ripon, Wis., and Roland B. Mahany, of Buffalo, who were accompanied by Father Antonucci, of the congregation of studies.

The delegation presented his holiness with a Latin pamphlet setting forth the wishes of the Polish Americans, which consisted mainly of having representatives of their nationality in the Catholic hierarchy in the United States, it being pointed out that while the German Catholics, numbering 3,000,000, have thirteen bishops and two archbishops, the Poles, numbering 2,000,000, have none. The pope gave the delegation satisfactory assurances, saying: "I have already read your pamphlet and documents, and fully understand what is desired. Naturally, the matter came under the consideration of the congregation of the propaganda, but I will gladly see that the matter is examined."

KING WANTED COFFEE.

Berlin, Sept. 12.—King Edward, while crossing Germany on his return to England from Vienna, requested an equerry to order a cup of coffee. The cook, an American negro, was in a forward car without corridor communication with the royal carriage. The king, when so informed, pulled the air brake connection and stopped the train, to the dismay of his suite and the train crew, until the reason for the stoppage was explained. The cook was then taken into the royal carriage, with a coffee apparatus, and the train proceeded.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

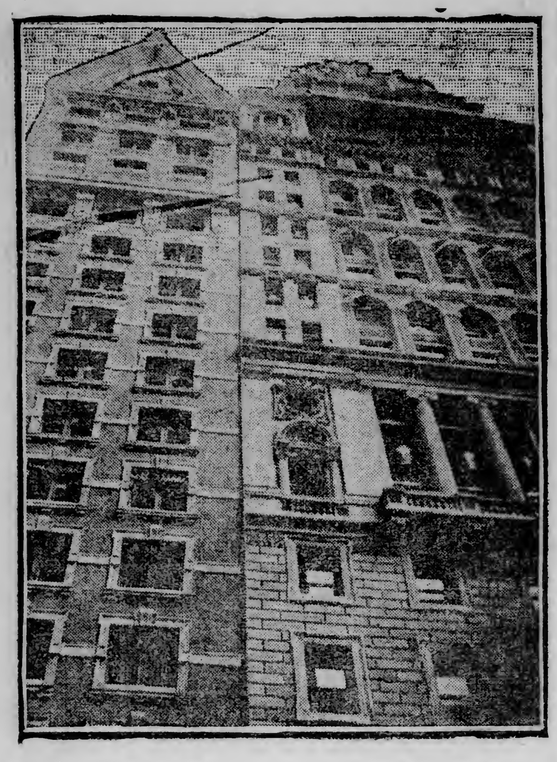
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

New Things Strange and Curious

FREAK PHOTO OF TALL BUILDING



The appearance of a very high building to the camera is quite different from the impression made on the eye. It is one of those cases when if the camera does not lie it at least greatly exaggerates. The accompanying photograph was taken in New York from the pavement on the west side of Broadway a few steps below Wall street. At this point the buildings are higher in proportion to the width of the street than on any other thoroughfare in the world. The camera, it will be seen, fails to give the impression of great height so obvious to the eye, but lends a peculiar flattened appearance to the buildings, giving almost the impression of looking down a curiously paved street. The building apparently laid low is twenty-one stories in height.

HERE IS ANOTHER ENORMOUS TOAD.

Two toads are shown in the accompanying picture, and truly one looks like an infant beside the other. Yet the small toad is fully grown, whereas its huge companion is still growing and will probably become even larger than it now is. The difference in the size of the two animals is accounted for by the fact that one, the small toad, is a native of Europe, while the other was born in South America.

Bufo marinus is the scientific name of the South American toad, a specimen of which was recently imported to Germany and placed in the Berlin Aquarium. Herr Bruno Duerigen has studied it carefully there and gives an interesting account of it. It looks a giant, he says, beside the largest European toad and is more beautifully colored, its upper part being brown and black and its lower part yellow and brown. Its ears are unusually large, and it has black eyes. Winter is its dull period, but during the spring and summer it enjoys itself vastly, feasting continually on tiny frogs and worms. It manifests an amazing alertness whenever danger threatens, but at other times is satisfied to enjoy life basking in the sun.

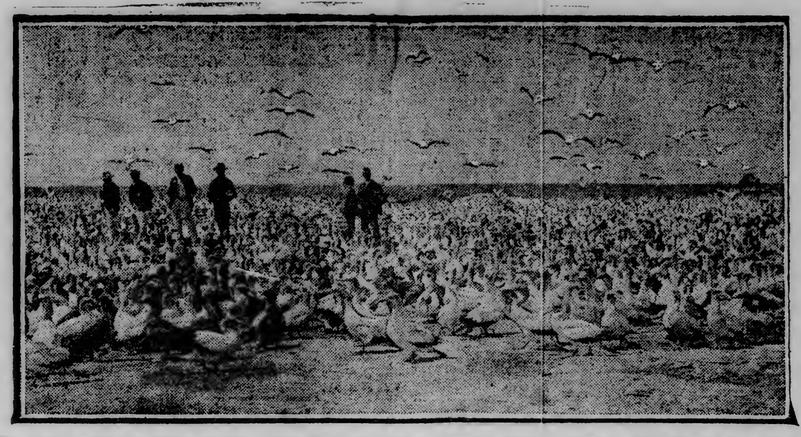


BABE IN ORANGE.

The queerest birthplace that any baby ever chose is certainly the heart of a big naval orange. This wonderful younster appeared on a small orange tree in a Los Angeles garden. The orange is the finest specimen of fruit that the tree has ever borne and was so juicy looking and tempting that it was a struggle for the owner to preserve the thing. The form of the orange is perfectly normal except at one end, where appears the face of a crying baby, as lifelike as if it had been the work of a sculptor. The child appears to be peeping out from its strange cradle.



CURIOUS SCENE ON BIRD ISLAND.



The above remarkable picture is taken on Bird Island, South Africa. Whence the island gets its name is scarcely necessary to explain, since the multiplicity of birds speak for themselves.

Bird Island is situated in the Indian Ocean not far from Port Elizabeth, in Cape Colony, and is a very remarkable place in the breeding season, at which time this photograph was taken. When the young birds are fully fledged the island becomes practically deserted. It is then that the government avails itself of the opportunity of removing the guano, which is, as is well known, of great value for agricultural purposes, and from this island the supply is unfailing, for as regular as clockwork the great sea gannets appear in their thousands to lay, hatch and rear their young season after season.

The government is very careful in strictly preserving the island, for should the birds be frightened in any way it is most likely they would seek some other spot whereon to nest, and where it would be more difficult to procure the guano—in fact, might be impossible.



CHICAGO'S THREE LEGGED COW AND CALF.

A five-legged cow was shown in this department not long ago, but that Florida freak is now surpassed by Chicago, which is always noted for doing things on a liberal scale. Here are shown a three-legged cow and a three-legged calf, mother and child, and both apparently contented despite their affliction. They perhaps are proud of the fact that they are the wonder of the stock yards and have received so much attention that they may well consider themselves the very blue bloods of the freak world.

A rifle bullet is traveling at its greatest speed not as it leaves the muzzle, but at about 10 feet in front of the muzzle.

Woman Sold At Auction.

While some furniture was being sold recently at auction at Orkellyunga, in Sweden, a curious incident occurred. A young girl pushed her way through the crowd until she was quite close to the auctioneer—so close, indeed, that she somewhat impeded him when he desired to make effective gestures. Being a man of humor, he resolved to get rid of her in a novel manner, and, therefore, taking her by the arm, he shouted:

"Here, now is an excellent bargain! A young girl, age nineteen, very pretty and well educated! What am I offered? Come, we'll start it at 3,000 crowns."

At once there was brisk bidding, which continued until an elderly bachelor farmer offered 10,000 crowns. The auctioneer tried to get a higher bidder than this, but failed, and so he declared the farmer to be the purchaser of the girl.

All those present thought that it was a good joke, but it was more than that, for a few days later the farmer and the girl were married in the presence of the Mayor, and before the ceremony the farmer presented the young woman, who is an orphan, with 10,000 crowns, the exact amount which he was willing to pay for her at auction.

The total at present paid to the British royal family is $760,000 a year. This includes annuities and the upkeep of royal palaces and parks.

Seasonable Advice.

A doctor recommends the following simple cure for seasickness:—A few drops—say from three to eight—of the nitrate of amyle are applied to the nose by means of a handkerchief. The inhalation must be rapid, care being taken to prevent the mixture of atmospheric air in any great quantity. The patient, it is said, will soon feel a sensation of pulsation in the temples, and the face, losing its deadly hue, presents a slight rose color. These signs of salutary reaction continue for about half an hour, after which the patient falls asleep. The sickness may recommence in twenty-four hours or so. The inhalation in such a case must be repeated as before. The remedy appears to act more efficaciously when applied immediately after the first seizure. The method was first tried on one hundred and twenty-four persons. In one hundred and twenty-one cases the illness was stopped at once; that is to say, no efforts at retching were noted. In the remaining three cases it was necessary to repeat the inhalations two or three times before the desired result was gained.

It is estimated that the Eskimo population of Alaska, Labrador and Greenland has declined from 30,000 to 15,000 in 20 years, owto the thinning out of seal, bear and walrus.

Giant Soldiers.

One of the most conspicuous persons in Germany is the soldier whose portrait accompanies this story. The reason is because he is the tallest man in the army, being nearly seven feet in height.

His name is Tapplich, and he is one of the imperial bodygard. Emperor William has a high opinion of him, and when he visited Rome recently he was accompanied



by the gigantic soldier. To the residents of Berlin Tappich is a familiar figure, and those who know him say that his physical strength, courage and good humor are as remarkable as his height.

Modern scientists claim that abnormal height is in most instances a token of degeneracy, but evidently this is not true in the case of this well built and strenuous German soldier.

WAGNER AND THIRTEEN.

In the life of Richard Wagner the number thirteen played a curious part. He was born in 1813, the numerals of which, added together, are equal to thirteen, and he received a name the letters of which when added to those of his family name are also equal to thirteen. Moreover, he finished "Tannhauser" on April 13, 1860, and it was performed for the first time on March 13, 1861. Twenty-two years later he died, and again the mystical number was dominant, for he passed away on February 13, 1883.

DECORATIVE RUINS MADE TO ORDER.

Building mouldy ruins to order is a new and profitable profession in many parts of Europe. It might seem that Europe had ruins enough of the genuine sort to supply the demand, but as a matter of fact the supply is insufficient. The ruins besides are not always conveniently located. In England of late there have been many country houses and surrounding estates prepared where the need of ancient ruins is particularly felt. To supply this demand for an ancient ancestral estate many landscape gardeners are now prepared to build the most ancient looking ruins at very short notice. Old abbeys, castles, fortifications of all kinds, even ancestral tombs, are on sale which, it is said, cannot be detected from originals.



COON AND COTTON: STUDY IN BLACK AND WHITE.



The Mississippi River is a wonder. The soil it carries south produces grain northward, cotton intermediately, and sugar on the southern frontier. The areas are clearly defined. In like succession the crops are gathered, first the grain, next the cotton, and lastly the sugar. Various devices have been tried to gather the cotton. Millions have been invested in inventions, but still the negro continues to be the standard cotton picker of the day.

In Arkansas "Old Black Joe," seen in the illustration, is considered worth more per head than all the cotton pickers ever invented. In the Yazoo Valley, or Delta, or bottoms, few white men can survive in the terrible malarial and miasmatic fogs that arise. An average of about one white to five negroes is maintained by liberal doses of corn juice and quinine. Whites invade the area, induced by agents and railways, but soon disperse or die, and those that struggle and maintain an existence continually drop out. Hence several counties in Mississippi are called the Shoestring District and the Black Belt, where necessity requires that black men hold most of the offices.

The black man's skin is impervious to the malarial germ, explain it who will. Nowhere in the South are healthier, finer looking blacks than in the Yazoo Delta, where they own dwellings and cotton fields, have bank accounts, and where fortunes of $100,000 are common to the colored race.

Thimble Puzzle.

Here is a new thimble puzzle, and very different it is from the one which has proved such an attractive feature at country fairs for the past century or more.



As the accompanying picture shows, its principal part is a box, on the bottom of which is the representation of a human hand. Bosses or knobs, which look like ordinary finger tips, are fixed on this hand, and in the box are several thimbles, the diameters of which correspond with those of the bosses. The thimbles are not attached to anything, and the trick consists in moving them so that they will take their proper places on the finger tips. It looks easy, yet it is quite difficult, for the thimbles somehow seem to have an aversion for the tips, and it takes an expert to place them quickly in their proper positions.

Most fishermen on the French coast avoid going to sea on the first two days of November, owing to a superstitious fear of the "death wind" and the belief that drowned fishermen at that time rise and capsize boats.

The microscopes of today will reveal a particle the half-millionth of an inch in diameter. The size of an atom may be judged when it is said that each of such articles probably contains at least six million atoms.

Of the 42,800 newspapers published in the world 19,760 are published in North America, and 6,050 in the United Kingdom. Russia has only 743 newspapers, or one to every 170,000 persons.

THE SEED CHAIR.

This singular chair grew from the seed of a Japanese gingko tree, and represents twenty years of careful training by a Corean gardener. Strong ropes were used for tying the branches in place, and, as the tree expanded, great knobs of wood formed on either side of the binding cords. Finally the chair was severed from the parent trunk. In spite of its knobby appearance the chair is as comfortable as most city made chairs. It weighs one hundred pounds and is 3 feet 4 inches high and 25 inches wide. Some of the knobs are 21 inches in circumference.



Locomotive Life.

Statistics have been completed recently which state that the average life of an English express locomotive is twenty-five years, of a local passenger engine twenty-five years, of a freight locomotive twenty-six years and of a switch engine twenty-seven years. The total mileage of an express passenger engine was fixed at from seven hundred thousand to one million miles, and for each of the other classes of engines a mileage of five hundred thousand to eight hundred thousand.

In the United States the average life of an express locomotive is eighteen years, of a local passenger engine nineteen years, of a freight engine sixteen years and of a switch engine twenty-two years. Whereas the mileage of an English express locomotive was only at the outside 1,000,000 miles in twenty-five years, or forty thousand a year, in the United States it is often as high as 2,000,000 miles, or 110,000 miles a year.

It is often said that there are 70,000 known criminals in London. The whole records of Scotland Yard do not contain in all so many names, and many of these have been dead for years.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TURKEY HAS A FREE HAND

The Powers Will Not Interfere In Her Actions.

Ruthless Suppression of Revolution to Go On.

London, Sept. 14.—Beyond making urgent representations to Bulgaria, the Associated Press learns from a well-informed diplomatic source that the powers will take no action to avert war in the Balkans until the conference between the czar and Emperor Francis Joseph at Vienna during the latter part of the month. The result of this decision will be to continue to leave Turkey a free hand in the ruthless suppression of the insurrection, unless Bulgaria, unmindful of the warning of the powers that she will reap nothing from intervention, should act, an eventuality which the diplomats fear cannot long be postponed. Turkey has assured Great Britain as well as the other powers, that she now has the revolutionary situation well in hand, protesting that her troops are showing admirable self-restraint. Nevertheless, interest is taken here in the suggestion of the Novoe Vremya of St. Petersburg, as a solution of the difficulties, that officers of the foreign powers be attached to all Turkish repressive expeditions, with authority to prevent unnecessary cruelty.

The policy of Greece has been cleared up in the official mind by the declaration of her minister in London, who is understood to be satisfied that nothing will be done by the British government, even to prevent the atrocities, unless in concert with all the powers. It is reiterated strongly by a responsible authority that Russia is acting solely in the interests of peace, and entirely above board, and that Great Britain, while carefully watching developments, has expressed herself in a manner which, it is stated, indicates that she is satisfied on this score.

A Turkish official says the dispatches show that quiet continues to prevail at Beirut, and the appointment of Nazim Bey as governor of Beirut is believed to show the porte's appreciation of the necessity for preserving order.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The navy department today posted the following bulletin:

"Admiral Cotton telegraphs from Beirut, 12th instant, that he had exchanged very satisfactory visits with the governor general. The governor general has personal charge of the vice consul case. The late chief of police has been deposed. Twenty-eight persons, including the principals in the disturbances of last Sunday, have been arrested. Beirut quiet. Administration of new governor general inspires confidence. The former general left on the 12th instant for Constantinople."

Paris, Sept. 14.—The foreign office advices from Bulgaria show that the Turkish troops are slowly nearing the border. If their advance continues there will be a general mobilization of the Bulgarian forces preparatory to meeting eventualities.

A Russian-Austrian note to the powers have been received here and is now under consideration. It sets forth that in the event of hostilities between Turkey and Bulgaria, Russia and Austria will not give their support to either of the parties, but will hold each of them to a strict accountability for their actions. It is expected that France will adhere to the Russo-Austrian attitude.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Sofia, Bulgaria, says: Turkish troops have raided the Bulgarian frontier, near Tekendsche, and have driven off three herds of sheep. The dispatch adds that Turkish soldiers at Kirk-Kilisse, in Turkish territory, fired on the French consul, breaking the windows.

A party of Turkish bivouacking near Giohtepe had with them twenty Bulgarian women and girls. Five hundred fugitives, women and children, have arrived at Tekensche.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 14.—The Novoe Vremya today demands active intervention in Macedonia, and proposes as a solution of the difficulties the attaching of officers of the foreign powers to all Turkish repressive expeditions, with authority to prevent unnecessary cruelty.



VACATION HAS ENDED.

CHAMBERLAIN LOUDLY HOOTED

Demonstration Against Colonial Secretary.

Most Important Meeting of British Cabinet.

London Sept. 14.—The Associated Press understands that the rumors of the approaching resignation of the chancellor of the exchequer, Mr. Ritchie, are not unfounded. He will attend the special cabinet meeting called for today with the determination of resigning. Other minor resignations are likely to occur, but Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Premier Balfour are reported to be standing together and intend keeping up the cabinet by filling the vacancies.

From all parts of the country and the continent British ministers came to London today to attend the cabinet meeting, which was regarded as marking the most important phase in the recent political history of the United Kingdom. The Times voiced public sentiment in saying it was a "great occasion," more important even than the historic meeting when home rule was uppermost, for the main issue today is the "unity of the empire." Not since the fateful day when the cabinet framed an answer to President Kruger's ultimatum had such crowds gathered around Downing street.

From early morning loiterers assembled here in the hope of catching a glimpse of the political leaders. However, when it was announced that the cabinet would not meet until 3 o'clock, the spectators dwindled away.

Mr. Balfour, who arrived in London from Scotland yesterday evening, went to Downing street early. There a number of treasury officials were closeted all the morning with Mr. Balfour's secretaries, going over the statistics on which the cabinet is supposed to base its decision for or against free trade. Mr. Chamberlain, who was the central figure in today's proceedings, left Birmingham accompanied by his wife.

A large crowd bid them farewell at the station here. Mrs. Chamberlain went to their London home and Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to the colonial office.

Upon the arrival of Mr. Chamberlain at Downing street he was loudly hooted. A crowd of laborers employed on the new government buildings in course of erection nearby joined in this unusual demonstration against the colonial secretary. Mr. Chamberlain, who was accompanied by Gerald Balfour, president of the board of trade, showed his customary indifference to this reception. The police eventually were obliged to form double lines from Mr. Balfour's house to the foreign office, so as to enable the cabinet ministers to enter the latter place.

Another meeting of the cabinet will be held tomorrow. It may, therefore, safely be assumed that no definite decision regarding the fiscal question was reached today.

BRONZE STATUE OF PRESIDENT M'KINLEY UNVEILED AT TOLEDO

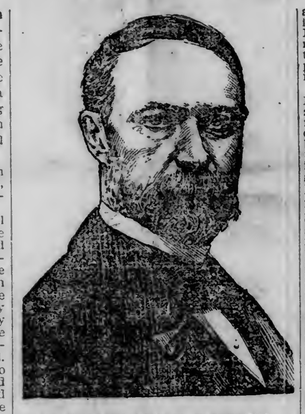
Thousands of People Witness Ceremonies and Listen to a Speech By Senator Fairbanks.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Toledo is en fete today over the unveiling of the McKinley statue, the first memorial to the late president erected in Ohio. The weather is clear and warm with a nice breeze. In the forenoon there was a naval parade on the river, including the United States gunboat Michigan and the training ships Yantic and Hawk.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the procession moved through the principal streets, led by a battalion of United States infantry from Fort Wayne and Detroit.

The parade was made up of the local regiment of the National Guard, the G. A. R. and Spanish war veterans, and a general turn out of all the benevolent and fraternal organizations of the city. Arriving at the monument, which stands fronting the court house, the statue was unveiled by Miss Dorothy Bonner. After the call to order by Col. J. C. Bonner, president of the memorial association, and the invocation by Rev. Father O'Brien, Col. Bonner presented the monument to the county in a feeling address, and eHnry Conrad, president of the board of county commissioners, acepted the trust on the part of the county. Senator M. A. Hanna was then introduced as honorary president of the day and made a brief extempore address. A dedicatory poem by Theodore McManus was read by the author and the orator of the day, Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, was introduced. The senator said:

The place of William McKinley in history is secure. We are not too near the events of which he was a part correctly to measure his proportions, nor do we look with too partial eyes upon what he did. We know the great share he bore in the significant events through which he passed and we have faith to believe that the judgment of his contemporaries



SENATOR CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

will be confirmed by history, when with impartial hand she shall record the deeds of men.

You honor yourselves in honoring him. You make the future your debtor by erecting this statue in commemoration of his life and services, for like his immortal prototype, Abraham Lincoln, he 'belongs to the ages.' Hither the lovers of American institutions will come in the unnumbered years before us and derive new hope and new inspiration. Similar monuments will rise in other lands to which peoples not of our race will pay their homage. The people of Cuba, whose liberty was secured through his genius and statesmanship, will erect monuments in his honor. So also the people of Porto Rico, and the far off Philippines, will raise enduring memorials to perpetuate to the furthest ages the memory of the president who carried to them the blessings of Republican government.

It seems but yesterday that William McKinley stood among us at the very zenith of his power. He possessed in full degree the affections and confidences of his countrymen and his name was a beneficent influence. Without warning the cruel bolt fell. We stood speechless in the midst of uncommon sorrow. Our great and beloved leader, by some mysterious Providence, fell in the plenitude of his strength. Upon the day of his sepulture rulers and peoples in many foreign lands united in impressive memorial services, and the flags of all nations were in mourning. Throughout the great republic busy trade stood still, the telegraph was silent, and as by some common impulse steamships and railroad trains stopped, and the people uncovered in the streets or knelt in the sanctuary. Who knows but the divine master, through this unspeakable tragedy, sought to imprint forever upon the human heart how splendidly the just and brave can live, and how beautifully they can die. Against the dark background of two years ago stand in sharper outline than were otherwise possible the high and noble achievements and the majestic personality of one of the greatest of Americans.

After the singing of "America" by the audience, Rev. A. M. Hyde pronounced the benediction, which closed the services. The monument consists of a square column of gray granite bearing the insscription, "William McKinley," cut on its face. On the four sides his life history is briefly related. This shaft is surmounted by a heroic statue of the late president, of bronze, weighing 1800 pounds. The statue itself is eight feet high.

The monument was erected by the contributions of 26,000 residents of Toledo and the surrounding country. The attendance was very large.

MRS. KEALY HOLDS THE HOUSE IN SPITE OF THE AUTHORITIES

Plans to Lock Her Out Failed as She Did Not Leave Home—Her Water Cut Off But She Still Remains.

Annapolis, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Kate C. Kealy has circumvented a plan of the government authorities to secure peaceable possession of the house which she occupies in the new grounds of the naval academy. Mrs. Kealy always left home at a certain hour for church and plans were made to close the gates of the grounds so she would be unable to re-enter, but she scented the danger and remained at home.

The government does not desire to lay violent hands on the woman, yet stronger action against her will now probably have to be taken. For five days her water supply has been cut off and it seems she is ready to die in her struggle to maintain her rights as she conceives them to be so. She means to remain in possession until the government pays her for her house. In 1892 her husband died without a will. The estate was divided and a house on the lot, where the present house stands, was assigned to Mrs. Kealy as part of her dower. After the estate was divided, it was found that there were so many debts that some of the property had to be sold to pay them. Mrs. Kealy's home was one of the houses that were sold. John T. Mulhall bought it, but was never able to secure possession. When the property was condemned by the government for the use of the naval academy, Mulhall was paid the amount awarded, but Mrs. Kealy refused to recognize the legality of the purchase.

ITALIAN Y. M. C. A.

Had a Full Fledged Saloon In Operation.

New York, Sept. 14.—The police have raided a so-called Italian Young Men's Chistian association, which has been making a display of zeal, says a Times dispatch from Stamford, Conn. They found in the back room a full-fledged saloon. The place was being conducted by an Italian preacher, who recently attained notoriety by transferring his entire flock from the Baptist to Congregational church because he was opposed to immersion.

MORRIS' WORK IS DONE.

New York, Sept. 14.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the steamer Caracas from Venezuelan ports and San Juan was Robert C. Morris, special counsel for the United States to present claims to the Venezuelan commission at Caracas. Mr. Morris said that his part of the work was completed.

THE PAULIST FATHERS.

New York, Sept. 14.—Archbishop Quigley of Chicago, who has just visited this city, is stated to have conditionally granted the appeal of the Paulist fathers for an opportunity of carrying their work into his diocese by offering them, for mission work, St. Mary's parish, which is in the heart of the hotel district in Chicago. The headquarters of the Paulist order is in this city. No definite plans have been made for the movement pending the approval of the consulters of Archbishop Quigley's diocese.

POSTMASTER AT NILES, MICH.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The president has appointed Carmi R. Smith postmaster at Niles, Mich.

COLOMBIANS CALMER.

Government's Declarations Have Had Good Effect.

New York, Sept. 14.—The government's declarations in the house of representatives at Bogota have had a calming effect, but considerable political uneasiness is felt, according to a Herald dispatch from Panama.

President Marroquin decidedly opposes the proposal to put up either himself or his son as a candidate for the nomination for the presidency, and will not give his official support to any one for the nomination. He intends to allow his party free scope in making selections of candidates. No decision has been arrived at so far.

In the excitement of the political situation canal affairs appear to be completely ignored.

MOVING NORTHWARD

But Tropical Storm Is Diminishing In Force.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The weather bureau today issued the following special bulletin: "The tropical storm has crossed the gulf coast line east of Pensacola, Fla., and will move northward over the interior with diminishing strength, causing heavy rain in the Southern Appalachian mountain districts. There are no present indications that it will cause dangerous gales on the Middle and North Atlantic coasts. Frost is indicated in the corn belt tonight as far south as Northern Kansas, extreme Northern Missouri, all of Iowa and Northern Illinois."

ARE RESCUED FROM DEATH

Seven Men and a Woman Picked Up By Schooner.

Providences, R. I., Sept. 14.—One of the most grewsome of sea tragedies was told when the schooner W. S. Fielding reached port from West Indian waters. Nearing Port au Prince on her outward voyage, the Fielding ran near a dark object bobbing over the seas, and heading up for it found it to be an overturned boat with seven men and one woman clinging to it and striving with the little strength that was left in them to hold on to the slippery bottom.

How they managed to do so is a miracle. The coasting schooner to which they belonged had struck a rock, had partly filled and then had suddenly "turned turtle." The crew of seventeen persons had all managed to get upon the bottom of the overturned craft. There ensued days of starvation and thirst, in which nine of the seventeen died, and then on the fifth day came the thrilling rescue of the eight survivors.

The Fielding was about twelve miles distant from the island of Gonaives when the boat was sighted. Capt. King, who was in command, took a long survey of the object through his binoculars and then had the course of the vessel altered.

As the schooner drew near he saw the ship bottom up and the bleached arms of the living persons clinging to the capsized boat. He distinguished moreover the dark hair of a woman floating over the seas as the waves ran and fell along the bobbing keel.

Two men and the woman caught a line and held on. They were dragged aboard like so many fish. Capt. King decided from the weak and terribly emaciated condition of those whom he had rescued that it would be too great a risk to depend upon the line to save the other five. The men would surely be drowned if they released their hold upon the wreck.

With celerity the Fielding's crew unlashed a boat and put it overboard, and the captain in person took the five men into it and carried them aboard the ship.

The rescued persons were in a very serious condition. They had been without food or water for four days and nights. Their vessel, a small schooner, the name of which Capt. King could not ascertain, had five days before the wreck was sighted left the island of Gonaives, Haiti, for the island of Miriguane, carrying seventeen persons, including the captain, and was loaded with fruits and provisions of native production. Her crew were all French Haitian negroes.

WATERS DRIVE OUT FAMILIES IN SUBURBS OF MINNEAPOLIS

Some of Homes of Poorer People Are Flooded to a Depth of Six Feet and There Is Much Destitution Among Them.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Twenty-five families in the vicinity of Bassett's Creek have been driven from their homes by the overflow of the waters of the stream. For a distance of three-quarters of a mile along the bed of the creek a lake, fully half a mile wide, has been formed by the flood.

The dwellings are for the most part frame buildings and are occupied by poor foreigners. Many are practically destitute, as they were unable to save their household belongings. All day yesterday the officers of the Humane society were caring for the homeless people, many of whom have been taken in by their more fortunate neighbors.

The water is six feet deep in some of the houses and instead of going down it seems to be rising. People who have not been flooded out are preparing to leave.

Residents of Bryn Mawr are practically cut off from the city. The street car line is tied up, and Laurel avenue, from a point half a mile below the bridge to Western avenue, is a sea of water. The Great Northern track is two feet under water and no trains have been run out on that division during the last twenty-four hours.

DISASTROUS STORM IN MANITOBA

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 14.—One of the worst autumnal storms experienced in the Northwest for years, swept over the country on Saturday and early Sunday morning. The only fatality reported comes from Gretna, where an old man fell from a buggy and perished in the storm. At Hartney twelve horses died in the Canadian Pacific yards and in the vicinity other live stock are reported to have perished. A telephone message received from Minnedosa reported that the storm was one of the worst experienced there in five years. It started to blow about 10 o'clock in the morning and a heavy rain followed. At noon this developed into a snow storm and by dark the snow was ten inches deep on the level prairies. This storm was a regular old time blizzard and neither man nor beast could stand up against it. Grain, which was still standing, is almost totally ruined.

ANOTHER PLOT DISCOVERED.

London, Sept. 14.—A special dispatch from the Bulgarian frontier reports that another Servian military plot has been discovered at Kraguyevats, fifty-nine miles from Belgrade. Several more officers have been arrested.

THE LOSSES FROM SOUTHERN HURRICANE WILL BE LARGE

All Wires South of Jacksonville Are Down But Belated Passengers on Trains Tell Story of Awful Destruction and Loss of Life.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 14.—No wires are working south of Jacksonville this morning and details of the hurricane which swept across the southern part of the state Saturday are incomplete. So far as known seven persons were killed, the bodies of five being washed up near Miami, on the east coast, and two near Boynton, on the west side of the state. Passengers arriving this morning on delayed trains report that on the east coast many vessels have been wrecked. Above Miami it is reported that seven or eight vessels are ashore. The property loss in the city of Tampa is about $1,000,000. West Tampa was flooded by the rain. No loss of life is reported in Tampa, although several persons were hurt by falling trees.

Much injury has been done to orange groves and gardens, and it is feared that the beautiful winter homes of Northern people have been damaged.

The disturbance this morning is sweeping across Alabama and Louisiana. All wires south of Jacksonville are down. There is no evidence of the storm at Charleston, S. C.

EGNOR DIES IN THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Clarence Egnor, of Buffalo, was today put to death in the electric chair for the murder of Archibald Benedict, a keeper in Auburn prison. Egnor was a convict and had more than once been punished by Benedict for disobedience. On Jan. 9, 1901, Benedict reprimanded Egnor for talking to another convict. Expecting punishment Egnor armed himself with an iron bar and laid in wait for the keeper. When Benedict passed him, Egnor sprang from behind and dealt him a crushing blow on the head, fracturing the skull. The victim sank to his knees when Egnor espied the butt of his revolver protruding from his hip pocket, which he seized and shot Benedict in the back of the head. Death was instantaneous. Egnor then surrendered to the prison authorities. Egnor was 26 years of age and served in the war with Spain under another name.

POLICEMAN SHOT BY HIGHWAYMAN

Seattle, Sept. 14.—Patrolman Albert Schaneman, of the local police force, was shot and killed at midnight by William S. Thomas, one of three men who held up the Villiard bar Saturday night. Thomas and a companion had been recognized by Schaneman on his beat as answering the description of the highwaymen and he called on them to halt. They took to flight and Thomas dodging into a dark doorway escaped sight of the policeman. As Schaneman passed, pursuing the other man, Thomas fired, the bullet going in the side of the policeman's head. Other officers, attracted by the shots, hastened up and Thomas was brought down with a bullet in his back by Detective Philbrick. The other men escaped. Schaneman has been on the force since 1897 and was a popular and fearless officer. He leaves a widow and one child.

FERDINAND HAS MEANS OF ESCAPE

Berlin, Sept. 14.—An extraordinary letter, purporting to have been written by a Bulgarian statesman, appears in the Kleine Journal. The writer asserts that a subterranean passage leads from the castle of Euxinograd, where Prince Ferdinand lives as though besieged, to the river, through which the prince can escape by water when convinced that his position is no longer tenable. It is added that the Princess Clementine, mother of Prince Ferdinand, saw King Edward at Vienna, told him that her son was in a deplorable position and in danger of his life and begged the king to have a vessel in readiness to carry him away from Bulgaria. King Edward, it is further asserted, assured Princess Clementine that Prince Ferdinand would always find an asylum in England.

MANY CRIMES OF ARMENIAN MAFIA

St. Petersburg, Friday, Sept. 11.—An orthodox arch priest, Vassilov, was stabbed to death in the streets of Alexandropol, Trans-Caucasia, Aug. 26. The murderer escaped. The Novoe Vremya's correspondent at Erivan, Trans-Caucasia, says the murder was one of a series of assassinations committed by the Armenian Mafia, and adds that Vassilov had been blacklisted for converting the inhabitants of three Armenian villages to the orthodox faith. The correspondent further recounts another recent brutal murder at Alexandropol railroad station, in the presence of a crowd of people. In this case also the murderer easily made good his escape. Judicial investigations of the many murders committed, it is asserted, show that 80 per cent of the many recent Armenian murders were the work of Armenians, who emigrated from Turkey, inspired by fanaticism, and that the others were simply the crimes of paid assassins.

The Great Eastern

M. S. BURROWS.



Don't Forget

The Advance Sale of.....

Fall Over-Coats.

All that we carried over from last season radically reduced simply because they were made last year. The pick of stylish coats that sold at $15 to $25—Short Box and Chesterfield styles for.....

$10

PLEASURE MARRED

Accident to Excursion Train Took From Enjoyment of Visitors.

Omaha Limited Blocked Nineteen Hours By the Wreck.

Worn out with the exciting experiences following the wreck Saturday morning of their excursion train to Duluth several hundred passengers left for home last night over the Omaha road while many of them remained in this city to spend the day which they lost Saturday.

The revised list of the killed and injured, as a result of the wreck at Kempton, follows:

The dead:

CHARLES H. ANTISDEL, Afton, Wis.

WENDEL BROWN, LaValle, Wis.

PATRICK CONROY, son of John Conroy, Winfield, Wis.

The injured: John E. Stample, Jackson, Wis., severe internal injuries and injured about the head, in hospital at Eau Claire, recovery doubtful; W. D. Lamont, Oregon, Wis., wrists cut by broken glass; John Larson, Duluth, cut hands and injured back; William Murphy, arm broken; Mrs. O'Neill, Beloit, sprained elbow.

Mrs. Dorothy Rowlett, of Cazenovia, Wis., bruised and badly shaken up. Is at home of her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Cousins, of 5812 Grand avenue East.

The train which was made up at the scene of the wreck to bring the excursionists to Duluth arrived at 5:30 o'clock Saturday. Claim Agent Poole of the Omaha road immediately established temporary headquarters at the Spalding hotel where he spent Sunday in paying minor claims for loss of or injury to wearing apparel.

The passengers appeared inclined to make reasonable demands upon the company and little time was lost in making settlements.

The harrowing scenes at the wreck followed by the dreary wait in the rain threw a blanket upon the enjoyment which the excursionists had anticipated and many of those who narrowly escaped death were unable to discuss the occurrences coherently after their arrival in Duluth.

All plans which had been made for the entertainment of the visitors in Duluth were called off and they are spending the most part in the hotels.

The Omaha limited which was running behind the excursion train was blocked for nine hours and arrived in Duluth at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. The delay of the mail caused much inconvenience among traveling men who were awaiting orders from their respective establishments.

AT WEST DULUTH

Bear stories are again in season and the first adventure of the year befell two residents of West Duuth.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Otto Gafvert, of West Duluth, had occasion to visit Woodland cemetery. After a short walk through the grounds, they started for home. When but a short distance outside the grounds, they happened to look back and to their alarm and amazement saw a large black bear following them.

Bruin was walking along in a leisurely manner, swaying his head from side to side as walked. He appeared to be about seventy-five feet from Mr. and Mrs. Gafvert when they first caught sight of him.

They turned and walked away as rapidly as possible, fearing to run or show signs of terror, lest bruin might take after them in earnest. The bear also improved his pace, and Mr. and Mrs. Gafvert did not gain on him.

After this chase had been kept up for about two blocks, the bear was seen to halt. After gazing on the retreating couple for a few moments, as they made good progress toward a place of safety, the bear slowly turned and shuffled off in the opposite direction.

Mr. Gafvert says that aside from any increase in size that such an object is said to asume on the occasion of a sudden meeting, when no help is in sight, the bear was undoubtedy a large one of his kind. He appeared to be a full-grown male bear, with a magnificent coat, and seemingly in good condition, from the summer's feeding on the plentiful berry crop in the district north of Duuth.

Mr. Gafvert did not stay to measure the bear's tracks, or follow the animal to gain any knowedge as to his exact height, but took the first car to Duluth.

He told of his adventure to several friends last evening, and one or two residents of this portion of the city were planning to go out after the animal today with guns.

Last season bears within the city limits were numerous, one of the animals coming as far within the city as Twelfth avenue and Third street.

Timber cruisers who have been through the country to the north say that the animals are pentiful this season, and other encounters of a similar nature may be expected during the next two months.

Chester creek has proved a popular route for the bears to take in coming to the city, and the wild country north of Lakeside proved productive of several encounters last fall.

The bears are of the black variety, and are said to be perfectly harmless, never attacking men unless molested.

The bear seen by Mr. Gafvert is believed now to have been the one shot by Dr. Kraft, notice of which is made elsewhere.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Josephine Bentson, of Two Harbors, is visiting her parents in West Duluth.

Nels Anderson was fined $20 by Justice Stone Saturday evening, for drunkenness and indecency.

Mrs. G. J. Mallary entertained a number of her friends Saturday evening, at an informal tea.

W. G. Johnson, Alfred Turnquist, Peter Anderson and L. K. Knutson will leave tomorrow for Winnipeg to take up homesteads in the Canadian Northwest.

A street car ran off the track at the bridge near the Duluth Brass works, yesterday afternoon, and delayed traffic for over an hour.

Mrs. A. Wilcox, who has been visiting her sister in Sioux Falls, Ia., has returned to her home.

W. G. Farrell, who has been visiting the family of G. H Hoyt, Fifty-seventh avenue west, has returned to his home in Des Moines.

A valuable horse, owned by George Holmes, night foreman at the LeSueur mill, was nearly drowned yesterday afternoon near the Mitchel & McClure mill. The land in this vicinity has been submerged by the recent rains, and in driving the horse across this, it got beyond its depth. It was unhitched from the wagon and rescued with difficulty.

The heavy rains caused a washout on the Bay View Heights incline, Saturday, and traffic was suspended for some time. The cars are again running, but passengers are transferred at the half way station, as the managers of road fears to run the heavy car over the culvert under the Northern Pacific bridge. The stream is very high and it is feared the timbers have been weakened.

Rev. Roderick J. Mooney will deliver his noted lecture, "A Tour In Ireland," Thursday evening in the Great Eastern hall. Miss Antoinette West will sing several Irish melodies.

Wanted—Boys at the bowling alley. 311 Central avenue.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

THE STAGE

Tonight at the Metropolitan "My Partner" will be produced and it is a play that will undoubtedly take well, being strong in heart interest and with a dramatic story. The piece has been well cast and all members of the company who have parts will be seen to advantage.

Tonight and tomorrow night the melodrama "The Fatal Wedding" will be given. It is a play of great intensity and has sensational and realistic scenes. Two of the great pictures of the play are a view of the Palisades and an interior of Grace church in New York.

"The Sleepy King" will be at the Lyceum Thursday and Friday evenings with Walter Jones and a fine cast.

"Two Little Waifs" at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening pleased good audiences. The children Stanley and Lolita Lamb were the especial feature of the performances and their many friends here were much interested in their appearance.

"In Old Kentucky," whose popularity seems to increase with each succeeding year, will be the next attraction at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening. This season will mark the seventh year that the play has been on the boards and Jacob Litt has organized the biggest and most costly production of the play he has ever had and secured the best company that has ever appeared in the play. Every bit of scenery used in the piece is brand new and just from the scenic studios of New York's foremost scene painters. Not a stick or a stitch of material used before will be seen in this season's presentation. An outlay of $2,000 has been made to secure this magnificent equipment. The pickaninny band, always an important feature of the play, has been materially enlarged for this season by the addition of some of the cleverest and most amusing little darkeys that could be found. New songs, dances, band music and original comedy will be noted in the celebrated barn-yard scene. The amazing popularity of "In Old Kentucky" has often been the subject of comment, and has been ascribed to various causes. The spirited horse race, the rollicking pickaninnies, the quaint character types, the wholesome humors, the sensational incidents—all in their turn have been made responsible for the great success of the play. Everything necessary to a realistic production of a drama which aims to portray Kentucky life is provided. There are magnificent pictures of the Kentucky mountains, showing immense gorges and snow-capped peaks; the rare beauty of the blue grass country; a fine view of the Lexington running track; the paddock and many other scenes of extreme fidelity. The exciting race scene is given with spirit, and always works the audience up to a high pitch and hearty applause by their fine rendering of the good old Southern airs. It is a unique and novel feature—this band of colored lads. This scene of "In old Kentucky" has often been imitated but never reproduced. It is not difficult to discover the reason of "In Old Kentucky's" great popularity. It is a human play, pulsating with life. There is to it a charm that is missing in the average melodrama nowadays. It will certainly make for itself a name that will last in the memories of playgoers through succeeding generations.

CONVICT GIVES HIMSELF UP.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 14.—Lewellyn Felker, one of the six prisoners who escaped from the county jail here on Aug. 17 walked into the sheriff's office last evening and gave himself up. Felker was charged with murder, and was considered one of the most dangerous of the escaped prisoners.

THE JETT TRIAL.

Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 14.—In the trial today of Curtis Jett, for the alleged assassination of Marshall Cockrill, Judge Osborne overruled a motion for continuance because of the absence of the defense's attorney, and adjourned court until this afternoon to give the defendant's attorney time to make the necessary affidavits for a motion for a change of venue.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE OF

WALLPPAER

FIFTY PER CENT OFF

Borders at same prices as wall and ceiling.

Papers retailing at 10c regular will sell for 5c, and the borders which sell regularly at 2c a yard, for 5c per roll of 16 yards. All paper up to best grades at same discount.

H. A. HALL & CO. 16 East Superior Street, Duluth.....

THE SIOUX INDIAN

Is Being Gradually Civilized and Now Supports Himself.

Regards Work as Lowest Degradation But Is Forced to It.

Rosebud Agency, S. D., Sept. 14.—In a little over a year since Indian Commissioner Jones ordered the boldest experiment ever attempted upon the red man, that of forcing him to work or go hungry, the spirit of the Sioux, the haughtiest that ever gleaned in paint or bristled in feathers, has been completely broken.

In 1890 the Sioux Indians started a murderous war because the government introduced some red tape into their lives. In 1903 the Sioux have accepted what to them is the lowest degradation to which a red man can be subjected, their worse ignominy, the habit of work.

A year ago the Indians began doing day labor and the agents were greatly encouraged. Then it was a matter of finding Indians for the work provided, now it has become a serious problem to find work for the Indians.

"It is not the lack of disposition, but the lack of opportunity," declared A. O. Wright, supervisor of Indian schools, who recently returned from a trip through the South Dakota and Nebraska reservations. "Most of the younger men are earning money cheerfully for themselves and their families. The only difficulty is in providing work for them. It has been proved that the Sioux will work if they have a chance to do so. The work the government has provided has been only temporary and it is a serious question what they can do to earn a living."

So Commissioner Jones, a year after he prodded the sluggish spirit of the red man, has 800 able-bodied Sioux clamoring at his door for something to do. Agent Brennan, of the Pine Ridge reservation, says he is being besieged.

After gold was discovered in the Black Hills territory claimed by the Sioux, the government sought to negotiate with them for the purchase of the hills. The Sioux demanded $7,000,000; the commissioners laughed and the Sioux left the council ready to fight. Then the great Red Cloud interfered and brought about the 1868 treaty.

This provided that for thirty years the Sioux should be given rations and for an indefinite period after that until they should become self-supporting. In 1898, when the thirty years had passed, many of the Sioux were no nearer self-support than when the treaty was signed.

After four years Commissioner Jones caused the agents to announce several months in advance that the rations would be withdrawn July 1, 1902, and the Sioux were told they would be given work by which they could obtain more food and clothing than they ever had.

With July came grumbling. The older warriors, who have never forgiven the aggression of the whites, were for standing upon the treaty. But the younger Indians became hungry and, besides, they had no grievances. One day three Indians asked the Rosebud agent for work and then showed the dollars to their tribesmen. The news was not long in spreading and many others went to work during the summer.

The first employment was offered by the government upon the roads at $1.35 a day. Soon the roads had been put in the best possible condition and the government brought bridges and had the Indians string the girders. All advisable bridges were built and still the Sioux, now eager for the dollars, were insatiable. Then the government carried out some irrigation schemes, building storage tanks for stocks, that the range country might be utilized. Three large reservoirs were constructed in the Wakpamini district, four in the Medicine Root and six in the Pass Creek district. A dam built entirely by Indians just east of the buildings of the Pine Ridge agency contains 3500 cubic yards of earth and made a reservoir 1000 feet long and ten feet deep.

The government has carried out all the work that can be found to do and the Sioux have gone off the reservation for employment. This year, for the first time, a few Sioux helped shock wheat and barley in northern counties of Nebraska and Charles Mix county, S. D., at $2 a day.

Last fall about 200 went from the Rosebud agency and fifty from the Pine Ridge and did practically all the construction work on the extension of the Elkhorn road to Bonesteel, S. D. Several have obtained permanent employment as section hands for Elkhorn and B. & M. railroads, and the companies say they are good workmen. The younger bucks have offered themselves as cowboys for the ranchmen, but not many are employed on the ranges and few found work in this way. Last week a band of Santee Indians went to Sioux Falls and obtained work with the ditching gang on the municipal waterworks system. Red Elk, of the Pine Ridge agency, is conducting a ferry on the White river at Westover. A son of Sitting Bull is a locomotive fireman on a South Dakota railroad.

That the Indians can prosper if given the opportunity has been shown by tribes in more fertile districts. The Flandreau Indians are self-supporting and have been for years The Sissetons. Santees and Yanktons have allotments in severalty which they lease to white men for enough rent to live on. The Omahas, in Northeastern Nebraska, decided by Commissioner Jones to be the most civilized tribe, are worth about $3,500,000 for about 3300 members of the band. Many of the Omahas are farmers and succeed about as well as their white neighbors.

But the great majority of the Sioux are confined on reservations in the semi arid district, where the land can be utilized for nothing but cattle grazing without irrigation. A small proportion of the Indians on each reservation own herds, those on the Pine Ridge agency aggregating 50,000 head. But the Indian cannot grasp the intricacies of cattle raising readily, and he finds it easier, if not so profitable, to lease his land to ranchmen. With no irrigation in prospect for Western South Dakota there seems no possibility of the Sioux supporting themselves from the soil on their reservations.

The transformation of the Indian into a workingman, however, could never have been brought about so easily had it not been for the reformation in other lines that has been going on for years. This was first educational and religious and then commercial. It is doubtful if even a few people removed from the Indian districts understand the civilization which the red man has already attained.

In the Pine Ridge agency, for example, there are thirty-three schools, with an aggregate attendance of 1150. There is the reservation boarding school at which there are 230 pupils this year, and thirty-two district school houses, each under the control of a man and his wife. The Holy Rosary mission, Catholic, has a school attended by 180 pupils.

It has been largely through the work of the church missions that the Indians have been induced to take up so generally with education. An idea of what has been accomplished may be obtained from the fact that Bishop Stariha of the Catholic church claims 7000 Catholic adherents among the Sioux. Rev. Thomas Biggs, of Oahe, S. D., 6000 for the Congregational and Presgyterian churches together and the Episcopalians count 500.

The Sioux gave up his indolence last, his greatest sacrifice, but he could never have been induced to do so had it not been for the preparatory influences of the school and the church.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The musical given at the Opera house on Saturday, owing to the inclemency of the weather, was not well attended. Proceeds for the benefit of the Presbyterian church.

The work of improving the Catholic cemetery is being pushed quite rapidly. The lots are being platted and new walks and roads layed out.

Mrs. Peter Rousseau and daughter left today for Chicago, Ills., for a short visit with friends and to attend the wedding of a relative.

An ice cream social and sinch party by the Catholic ladies will be held in the old church building, Thursday evening.

Miss Esther Wallace came down from her school Saturday for a short visit with her parents.

Mrs. H. S. Fiester and children, of Cross Lake, are visiting friends in the city.

Clair Grenier spent Sunday in Duluth.

Mrs. Clara Burk of Duluth, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Bower.

J. Riley returned on Saturday after spending part of the summer on his claim in Dakota.

Mrs. W. K. Oswald, who was taken to St. Mary's hospital in Duluth about two weeks ago, was brought home on Saturday. Mrs. Oswauld's health is causing her friends great anxiety.

Mrs. George Stapleton and family, of Davenport, Iowa, arrived in the city and will make Cloquet their future home.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church will meet next Thursday at the residence of Mrs. Albert Cox.

Paul Johnson has left for Culver, Ind., where he will attend school the coming year.

The St. Andrews guild will meet Tuesday in the Guild hall, as the guests of Mesdames McGovie and F. D. Vilbert.

Mrs. P. C. Coolbaugh is enjoying a visit from Mrs. Marion H. Jones, a sister of Rev. Coolbaugh.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lynch left today for Watertown, N. Y., where they will make their permanent home.

Misses Alice Walker and May Trotney left today for Duluth.

F. B. Poole was among the Cloquet arrivals Sunday morning.

Ed Sloan, of Scanlon, spent Sunday in Cloquet.

TWO HARBORS WINNER.

Defeated West Duluth In Loosely Played Game.

Two Harbors, Minn., Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The West Duluth ball team took their turn of defeat at the hands of the locals here yesterday in a loosely-played game, the many errors by both sides being occasioned by the wet and slippery condition of the grounds and ball. Following is the line-up and score:

Two Harbors—		West Duluth—
Wachtel	left field	A. Busky
McAlpine	second base	Conghlan
Magson	third base	Brotherton
O'Brien	first base	Busky
Wagman	catcher	Robinson
Gilmartin	right field	Schance
Peterson	short stop	Young
Jenkins	center field	Forrester
Carey	pitcher	Larsen

West Duluth ..... 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 4 0—6
Two Harbors ..... 4 0 0 0 1 2 3 *—17

Umpire—Hannon. Attendance—650. An attempt is being made to get a game with the St. Cloud team.

A BACHELOR'S PARADISE.

Gloversville is a city, most charming, most prosperous, most attractive, with broad streets, lined with buildings, all of which have that air of saying to you, "I'm doing pretty well, thank you, how are you?" Got any money, come in and spend it." That is the business aspect, says the Brooklyn Eagle. On the residential streets as they peer our through broad verandahs and peep from under the trees that surround them, they say: "Come in a while and take some of our comfort. The latch string is always out and our people are most hospitable." And the city has peculiarities differentiating it from all others of the state giving it its own individuality.

For instance it is a bachelor's paradise since there are ten women for every one man in the place. You can no more escape the fact in your thoughts of Gloversville than you can attention to it on arriving, even before you have brushed the dust from your clothes. But let us get to statistics. Gloversville is a city of 20,000 inhabitants, most thrifty and most modern. Its streets have broad and asphalted roadways and broad and flagged sidewalks. Its architecture is not perfection, but there are some excellent specimens, the general effect being pleasing. Its shops—like the shops of a persistent and critical shopper of Fulton street, Broadway and Sixth avenue—places where you can do as well as in the metropolis, as satisfactory in quality and variety of merchandise, if not in quantity. The city is lit by electricity, talks by electricity and is transported by electricity. It has forty-five miles of streets, twenty-one of which are already sewered; pure water which comes clear and sparkling from the mountain heights above it; cheap and excellent telephone and ample telegraph service as could be wished. The valuation of its property for taxing purposes is $7,000,000 while its funded debt is but $365,000 and yet it lacks nothing in the way of public buildings. It has nine public school buildings of modern type, one of them being delightfully situated in a park adorned by trees, on the main street, a picture of which accompanies. There are twelve churches in the place, a business cottage, a free library, a hospital, two banks, two daily newspapers, five hotels, a uniformed police force and a volunteer fire department.

Baltimore, Md., and Return $26.00.

"The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore, Md., Sept. 17, 18 and 19, at $26 for the round trip, good for return Sept. 28, 1903. For full information call at city ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

HAY KEPT BUSY

Secretary of State Has Several Important Affairs In Hand.

Have Bearing On Our Political or Commercial Future.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—At this season of the year the state department is usually the most restful branch of the federal government. Members of the diplomatic corps are almost invariably absent from Washington during the month of September, the clerks and officials under the secretary of state are generally away on their vacations and even the American consular and diplomatic representatives abroad have little to report to the home government. But this year 1903 is a marked exception to the rule. At no time since the foundation of the government have the officials of the state department been so rushed through foreign complications as they are today. These foreign affairs are by no means trivial. On the contrary some of them are of the gravest importance, and each and every one will have an important bearing upon the political or commercial future of this country.

In the first place the department of state is in constant communication with the American ministers who are now in London attempting to bring about a satisfactory settlement of the dispute between the United States and Great Britain over the Alaskan boundary line. Thus far in the diplomatic battle the American commissioners have won the first skirmish. Of course, every American believes that the contention of this country relative to the sinuosities of the coast line is the correct one and the difference between believing the statement and proving the fact is the point in controversy. Mr. Hay was severely criticised for recommending that congress authorize the appointment of a commission, but the secretary of state is so thoroughly convinced that the American claims can be substantiated beyond question that he feels that a decision by a competent commission upon these lines will prevent any rupture of the friendly relations between the two governments, but it will settle for all time the exact line of demarcation between the former Russian possessions in America on the British Northwest territory as no other means could settle it. The gravity of the situation arises from the fact that should the American commissioners be unable to convince their colleagues that the American claims are well founded, the result is certain to be an open rupture which may eventually lead to serious hostilities.

* * *

While little has been heard lately of the Manchurian affair the secretary of state is in constant communication with the American ministers in Tokio, Pekin St. Petersburg, London and Berlin regarding the American demand for an open door policy for the province of Manchuria. While the American diplomats have been in a measure successful, they have not yet secured all that the secretary insists should be granted in the way of trade facilities in the province. Still there is reason to hope that these efforts will be so successful as to assure an enormous extension of American commerce, not only in the Chinese province, but through the whole of Northwestern Asia. From every section of the country manufacturers are showing a disposition to acquire a wider knowledge of trade prospects throughout that vast and little known section of the earth and the secretary of state's work will have been well done if through his efforts Siberia and Manchuria are gridironed with American rails and the lands cultivated with American agricultural machinery while the crops are harvested by American mowers, binders and headers. The success which has thus far crowned the efforts of American drummers to introduce these goods as well as in a smaller degree textile products and other products leads to the belief that the open door policy for China will result in the export of hundreds of millions of dollars worth of the products of American factories to the country which has been always terra incognita to the American manufacturer. With the growing trade between the United States and the countries beyond the Pacific the prospect of American shipping interests brightens, and the Eastern policy of this country, which was inaugurated on the first day of May, 1898, when Dewey sailed past Corregidor Island into Manila bay may bring about the rehabilitation of the American merchant marine for which American statesmen have worked so persistently since the close of the civil war.

* * *

The latest advices from Bogota concerning the prospects of a treaty between Columbia and the United States in reference to the canal across the isthmus of Panama are conflicting in the extreme. The most reliable information seems to bear out to the statement frequently made in these dispatches that it is money that is at the bottom of all the trouble. The Colombian government demands nearly twice as much for the concession as the original agreement called for and it is suggested, according to the dispatches, that the United States pay to the French company some $10,000,000 more than that company originally asked for its rights and privileges. This latter demand indicates quite clearly that "the nigger in the fence" is the French company which is alleged to have received a better offer from European capitalists than the United States was prepared to make. Secretary Hay is busily engaged upon the draft of a new treaty, but the American and Columbian sentiments are thus far very wide apart and it is an open question whether or not the efforts to reach an understanding will be settled before the time for the regular meeting of congress.

The original idea of an extra session of congress in November was based upon the supposition that legislation would be necessary to put into effect the Colombian treaty and the treaty between this country and Cuba. The delay in Colombia may result in deciding the president not to call congress together as he intended, although it is very important to the Cubans that congress should act upon their treaty early in order that their planters may reap the benefit of concessions on the tariff on sugar. The few American senators now in Washington are not disposed to discuss the Colombian canal treaty because they are not informed as to what the situation is, but in diplomatic circles there is a well founded belief that unless the Bogota government's demands are very materially modified the states of Colombia most directly interested in the early completion of the canal will certainly endeavor to take matters into their own hands and to cut loose from the republic. The administration is extremely anxious to avoid action which might be considered as a concession to the cessionista, but it is realized that congress is by no means disposed to be bull ied up by the statesmen of Bogota and their French allies.

Another one of the foreign complications in which the state department is at present trying to deal is that growing out of the Turkish revolt which culminated in the affair at Beirut. The United States minister at Constantinople, acting under instructions from Secretary Hay, on Tuesday last demanded the removal of Reshid Pasha, governor of Beirut, and in this he had the co-operation of other ministers from other powers stationed at the court of the Sublime Porte. And that the objectionable official was removed. The situation has been cleared, to some extent at least, and a general uprising against Americans and other foreigners is no longer feared. Still the administration realizes the gravity of affairs in Asiatic Turkey, and the American squadron under Admiral Cotton will be kept in the vicinity of the Dardanelles for some time to come. In the meantime the officials of the state department are taking steps towards finally settling the many controversies which have so long existed between this country and Turkey. The sultan, who has more than the ordinary desire of the Oriental for postponing the settlement of his obligations, is to be made to understand that America will no longer consent to take these chances for performances and his inability or indisposition to protect American interests and American lives in Beirut is being made a basis for a thorough change in his methods. Admiral Cotton's fleet will not be withdrawn from Turkish waters until the American minister at Constantinople shall have notified the state department that all matters in controversy between the two countries have reached that stage where a settlement is assured.

These four subjects mentioned above are the most important occupying the attention of Secretary Hay at the present time. In fact the secretary has little time to consider anything else, and naturally less grave subjects have been turned over to his assistants in a large degree. Still the American foreign office is always called upon to settle innumerable disputes growing out of the restless desire of American citizens to occupy all corners of the earth, and scarcely a day goes by that the secretary of state is not called upon to consider some affair wherein an American citizen claims to have been imposed or robbed in some foreign country. Most of these cases arise in Latin America or in Eastern Europe.

WILL DEFEND SOLDIER

At His Trial In Civil Courts at Pittsburg.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Upon request of the war department, the attorney general will direct the United States district attorney at Pittsburg to defend the sentry of the Ninth infantry, who shot and killed William H. Crowley near the Allegheny arsenal grounds last Thursday, as the shooting took place outside the military reservation. It is conceded by war department officials that the case is one for civil courts. The sentry, therefore, will be turned over to the civil authorities for trial.

Music Lessons Free.

The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"

J. Frank Burrows

24 Third Ave W. Up-to-date Tailor.

MACALESTER COLLEGE

Located in a pleasant, healthful suburb between the Twin Cities. Beautiful campus of thirty acres. Fourteen professors and instructors—all specialists. Four collegiate courses of study besides numerous electives in the Junior and Senior years. Library of 8000 volumes. Superior instruction in Music and Elocution. Thorough preparatory courses. Excellent instruction in the Sciences. Expenses reduced to a minimum. A safe, wholesome and stimulating college life. The aim: High morals as well as thorough scholarship. Opens Sept. 16. For information address,

JAMES WALLACE,
MACALESTER COLLEGE,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

INTERESTING TO SHOPPERS

Herald's Progressive Advertisers Mention Things of Interest to Duluth Buyers In Tonight's Columns.

Panton & White Co. continue their great money-saving sale of bedding.

The second day of housekeepers' sale of linens, at Freimuth's. Showing of new fall tailor-made suits for ladies.

Stack & Co. offer an interesting list of Tuesday specials.

Lightbody's news column speaks of the firm's ladies' suits at $15.

You can buy well paper at a reduction of 50 per cent at H. A. Hall & Co.'s.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. offer special values in the season's newest costumes and millinery.

Advance sale of fall overcoats at M. S. Burrows', $15 to $25. Coats for $10.

French & Bassett hold their annual sale of heating stoves and ranges, introducing their new $1 down and $1 a week plan.

Commander flour is handled by all grocers.

Zenota flour for light, sweet bread.

Statement of the Condition of

The American Exchange Bank

DULUTH, MINNESOTA,

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPTEMBER 9th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$2,203,194.45
Overdrafts		1,994.01
Real Estate		26,205.91
Bonds and Stocks		43,422.48
RESERVE—		
Demand Loans	$ 885,000.00	
Due from Banks	1,168,249.84	
Cash on hand	418,923.66	2,472,173.50
		$4,746,990.35

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	258,215.49
Deposits	3,988,774.86
	$4,746,990.35

OFFICERS.

Hamilton M. Peyton, President — C. A. Congdon, Vice-President
James C. Hunter, Cashier — Wm. G. Hegardt, Asst. Cashier
Isaac S. Moore, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

CONSPIRATORS SURRENDER

McGiehan and Huntington Have Given Themselves Up.

New York, Sept. 14.—Isaac McGiehan and George H. Huntington, of the Columbia Supply company, who were indicted in Washington, D. C., in connection with the postal scandals, surrendered themselves to United States Marshal Henkel in this city today. Bench warrants were issued for Huntington and McGiehan last week, at the time of the arraignment of George W. Beavers on the Washington indictment.

The warrant upon which the two men were held charges them with having in the city of Washington unlawfully conspired together and with August W. Machen and others to defraud the United States out of the sum of 50 cents for each and every package box furnished to the postoffice department under a contract with the Columbia Supply company, and with having given to Machen $10 in pursuance of this conspiracy.

Mr. McGiehan did not seem to be at all perturbed over the charges against him, but Mr. Huntington, a much older man, was plainly disturbed and paced the floor nervously. Former District Attorney James H. Ridgeway, of Brooklyn, appeared as their counsel.

A CLASH OF AUTHORITY

Militia at Cripple Creek Ignore the Civil Laws.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Sept. 14.—Former Attorney General Eugene Engley appeared before Judge Leeds in the district court toway and petitioned for writs of habeas corpus for Charles Campbell, Charles H. McKinney, Sherman Parker and James Lefferty, strike leaders, who were arrested by the military last week and have been held as prisoners in the guard house, though no charge has been made against them. Although martial law has not been declared and under the state laws cannot be inaugurated, the militia officers have taken absolute control of the district and have utterly ignored the civil authorities. Brig. Gen. John Chase notified Mr. Engley that no civil process for the phisoners, whom he represents, will be recognized by the military. Furthermore Adjt. Gen. Bell has intimated that all leaders of the Western Federation of Miners in the district, will be arrested and held as prisoners until the strike is broken.

"I shall cause the arrest of Gen. Bell, Gen. Chase and certain members of the Mine Owners' association," said Mr. Engley today, "and shall prosecute them on a charge of criminal conspiracy. I shall also bring civil suit against them for damages for false imprisonment."

BONAPARTE TO INVESTIGATE

Indian Affairs, Having Been Appointed By Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, Sept. 14.—It was announced at the interior department today that Charles Joseph Bonaparte had accepted the invitation of Secretary Hitchcock to take charge of the investigation of certain Indian territory affairs and officials under the jurisdiction of the department of the interior.

The scope of the investigation, it is said, will be sufficiently comprehensive to embrace all statements within the knowledge of the interior department, including all that have appeared in the public press, and all other matters that may, at anytime, come to the notice of the investigating officials, which, in any respect, reflect upon the official character, conduct or acts of the Dawes commission, or any member thereof, and the inspector for the Indian territory.

While these are primarily the objects of the investigation, it is understood that it will be extended to such other persons and things in the Indian territory, over which the interior department has supervision as may be deemed by Mr. Bonaparte to be for the welfare of the service, or as may be referred to him by the secretary of the interior.

ASK DAMAGES OF JUDGE.

Spartanburg, S. C., Sept. 14.—A motion was entered here today before Chief Justice Pope by attorneys representing the commonwealth of South Carolina in the case of James H. Tillman charged with the murder of Editor Gonzales, asking for the revocation of the order appointing Judge Townsend to preside at the coming trial. The objections were technicalities. Justice Pope will announce his decision later. The term of court, during which Tillman will be tried, will be convened Sept. 21.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

New York, Sept. 14.—Otto Sarony, who for nearly thirty years has had an international reputation for his work in portrait photography is dead at a hospital in this city from phthisis. His health had been failing for over two years. He was the son of Napoleon Sarony, the crayon artist, and was known among members of the theatrical profession.

Decatur, Ill., Sept. 14.—Oliver M. Conn, umpire in the Three I baseball league, died early this morning from injuri s received while trying to board a moving street car to go to the ball game here yesterday.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Charles Pfister, of Maysville, Ky., friend of Cassius M. Clay and of John C. Fremont, and an abolitionist of note in Kentucky in antebellum and war days, is dead here. He was 84 years of age. The decedent, who was a lumber merchant for thirty years, was the only man in Maysville to vote for Fremont for president in 1856 and was one of only six men to vote for Lincoln in 1860. The other five were burned in effigy, but Mr. Pfister was spared that indignity because it was generally realized that he voted from principle. He built Fort Hill, commanding the Ohio river for five miles and turned it over to the Union army and sought no pay for it, but congress remunerated him in after years. He once arranged a meeting at which Gen. C. M. Clay spoke, the general holding a revolver in each hand while he delivered his discourse.

SECOND ANNINERSARY

Of President McKinley's Death Observed Informally.

Canton, O., Sept. 14.—This, the second anniversary of death of the late President McKinley, was not observed by any formal program in Canton. Flags were lowered on public buildings, there were some short references made in the various departments of the schools to the life and death of McKinley, and carnations were worn, as a silent tribute, by numerous citizens.

Mrs. McKinley this afternoon made a special trip to the McKinley vault in Westlawn cemetery and placed floral tributes on the casket. Numerous floral pieces received from friends and strangers were also placed in the tomb. Mrs. McKinley is in good health.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—The second anniversary of the death of President McKinley was observed today by all federal officials and employes. The statue of the late president, in the postoffice, was decorated with carnations and wreaths. One the desk of each official stood a large bouquet of Mr. McKinley's favorite flower, and the employes all wore the carnation.

RITCHIE WILL RETIRE.

The Predicted Division In British Cabinet Occurred.

London, Sept. 14.—The cabinet meeting ended at 5:30 p. m. It transpired that the predicted division in the cabinet over Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal proposals actually occurred and that a partial re-organization is probable. Mr. Ritchie expressed his unalterable opposition to any change in the financial system and nothing is believed to have occurred to modify the opinion held this morning that he will resign the chancellorship of the exchequer. In spite of the South African war commissions, severe criticism of Lord Lansdowne's course as secretary of war it is declared that he proposes to remain at the head of the foreign office.

NO OBJECTION

Made By President to Sir Thomas Lipton.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 14.—By authority of the president, the statement made today that the complication which arose over the Seawahanka-Corinthian yacht club dinner had developed from a misunderstanding. The president expressed to Colgate Hoyt, chairman of the board of trustees of the club, that he could not attend a large formal dinner, as by so doing he would be unjust to many friends and organizations whose invitations to similar affairs he had been obliged to decline.

The president further wishes it to be known that he did not in the remotest way object to the presence of Sir Thomas Lipton at the dinner.

The Progress club dance, Oatka Pavilion, Sept. 15, Tuesday evening.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

AWARD IS LARGE

Rosie Le Duc Gets Verdict For $4000 Against Northern Pacific.

Husband Was Killed By Switch Engine In the Yards.

The jury in the case of Rosie Le Duc against the Northern Pacific Railroad company this morning returned a verdict awarding Mrs. Le Duc $4000 damages for the loss of her husband, who was killed while in the employe of the company. She sued for $5000. The case went to the jury Friday, and a verdict was reached after court had adjourned, which was sealed and opened in court this morning at the opening of the forenoon session.

Le Duc was a switchman employed in the yards of the Northern Pacific, and on Jan. 15, this year, he fell off a switch engine and rolled under, dying from his injuries six days later.

The company was blamed for the accident by the plaintiff, it being alleged that the footboard of the engine was bent and that the hand rail was in such shape that the deceased could not get hold of it.

The Pollock case was still on before Judge Ensign today, and the outlook was that it would last through tomorrow and perhaps until Wednesday. Criminal cases will probably be taken up at the conclusion of this action. A large number of witnesses have been called, and the defense is said to have many more in waiting. The back of the court room was fairly well filled this morning, and it was said that most of the occupants of the chairs were witnesses waiting to be heard, while some more were coming. Up to noon the plaintiff had called five witnesses, and the defendant, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, had called twenty-five.

Judge Dibell, in court room No. 3, was engaged this morning with a jury in hearing the case of Helge Bergelund against the Minnesota Land and Construction company, to recover $1500 alleged damages for trespass, Bergelund claimign that the company cut timber to that value from his land. The company, in its answer, says that it was cutting timber in the season of 1901-2 on adjoining land, and that owing to the irregularity of the section lines and a mistake in a survey it did run over upon Bergelund's land and cut a few trees. It denies, however, that the trees that were cut were worth more than $150. John Jenswold, Jr., appears for the plaintiff and J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey for the company.

Judge Cant, in room No. 2, is still engaged in hearing the case of L. R. Martin against Carney Bros. The defendants are putting in testimony and the case will be concluded today.

Assign Their Interests.

Several of the claimants to the property involved in the famous Mueller case have assigned their interests in the judgment recently secured in district court to Francis W. Sullivan, another of the claimants through the Kosmerl interest. Those who transferred are Francis Copeland Sullivan, Joseph F. Buh and Nellie L. Geist. The assignments are for "$1 and other valuable considerations," and the parties assign their interest in the judgment for $1022.74 for costs and all rights thereunder.

Another paper filed in the case releases Marcus W. Bates from any liability under the judgment.

Low Colonist Rates.

On sale daily, Sept 15 to Nov. 30th, via "The North-Western Line," second-class "Colonist" tickets to points in California, Oregon, Montana, Utah, Washington and Colorada, at very low rates. For full particulars call at City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

SALVATION ARMY CAVALRY.

Cincinnati, Sept. 14.—The first use of cavalrymen in the Salvation Army will be made this week in a march through the feud districts of Kentucky. Among those who will ride are eight good singers. The itinerary of three weeks may be extended.

STEAM ENGINEERS.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 14.—The international union of steam engineers convened in annual convention today with 212 delegates present from all over the United States and Canada.

KILLED BY A NEGRO.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Sept. 14.—William Henry, aged 55, was killed in a quarrel by James Lubbin, a negro near Buxton. The negro hit Henry on the head with a club. He is still uncaptured.

$ $ $

SAVED

ARE DOLLARS EARNED.

Small savings deposited in this bank from time to time soon become large sums—

% 3 %

paid on all savings deposits.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK

216 West Superior St.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

Parlor theater. Drop in tonight.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

McLaughlin Electric company, room F, Palladio building. Both 'phones.

Dr. W. S. Storey, (dentist), has removed from the McDonnell block to 413 Palladio.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

Mrs. E. M. Porter, of 213 East Sixth street, whose husband was arrested for non-support of his family a week ago, has applied to Superintendent Cook, of the county poor board, for assistance. Mrs. Porter fears that her husband, who is still in jail, on regaining his liberty, will harm herself and their children.

Volland, fashionable hatter, 14 1st Ave. E.

Parlor theater—Great vaudeville bill.

The grape season has now opened in the local market circles and every day is bringing fresh consignments of grapes to Michigan street. The first carload of Concords, the popular black grapes, from Michigan, arrived this morning. The commission men are looking for a good supply of grapes of all varieties this fall as the reports indicate good crops in nearly every locality.

The Kelley Hardware company are selling Hodgman's ladies' rain coats at wholesaler's cost. This means a $20.00 coat for $10.00 or less.

At Star of Home Mission, services this evening will be conducted by Epworth league of the First M. E. church. There will be special singing.

The new city dock at New Duluth is very nearly completed. The dock is a distinct improvement to that part of the city and can be used for a passenger and general merchandise dock. It has been erected by Hector McLean, whose contract with the city was for $643.71.

Four immense mushrooms grown near the home of Thomas S. Wood, on East Superior street near Twentieth avenue, attracted much attention in that locality yesterday. One of them was about ten inches in diameter and all were of great size. That they were mushrooms is evidenced by the fact that a Duluth man has eaten one of them and is still alive and enjoying the best of health.

Amelia Sherwood has sued the Northern Mortgage and Investment company for $518 alleged to be due on a note for $350, the balance being accumulations of interest since 1897. S. L. Smith is the attorney.

A transcript of judgment from municipal court for $108.03 in favor of John F. Stinson and against W. R. Hawthorne has been filed in district court.

An answer has been filed by the defendants in the petition of J. O. Milne to recover a warrant on the state treasurer from the assets of the Commercial bank. In it, Stephen J. Picha, who is made the defendant in the case, alleges that the petition is premature, and that the matter should be left until a trustee in bankruptcy has been appointed. He asks that the petition be dismissed.

PURELY PERSONAL

W. E. Wicks, who was called out of the city unexpectedly, on account of the death of his mother last week, has returned.

Dr. H. Carson and wife have returned from a trip to Yellowstone Park.

Miss Nellie Madden, of Pine City, is visiting friends in this city.

John Gonska left this morning for a few weeks' visit at his old home, Fort Arthur.

Miss Winton, of Addison, N. Y., is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Winton, of East First street. Miss Winton is a sister of Mr. Winton.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ordean returned today from a visit in the West. They made their headquarters at Seattle, Wash., but traveled up into the mining districts of British Columbia and other interesting places on the coast.

Clarence B. Foster left Monday evening for the East to accept a position as mechanical draftsman in one of the largest manufacturing concerns in the United States.

Senator F. B. Daugherty, who is general manager of the Great Lakes Tug & Dredge Owners' association, came up from Chicago today and is at the St. Louis. He will be here until the latter part of the week.

Mrs. A. C. Curtze, Mrs. H. Shaffer, Miss H. Buskey and Miss H. Burgess, of Erie, Pa., and A. H. Callahan, of Dayton, Ohio, who arrived in Duluth this morning on a coal boat from the lower lakes, registered at the Spalding this noon. They will return on one of the ore carriers.

A. P. Sullivan and Mr. and Mrs. John A. Redfern, of Hibbing, are registered at the Spalding.

Charles Brewer will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Boston, where he will attend college this winter.

Martin Alworth will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Boston, for the winter term at an Eastern university.

L. R. Hurd and family will leave this evening over the South Shore road for New York.

Claude Washburn will leave this evening for Boston, Mass., where he will spend the winter at an Eastern university.

Miss Grace E. Ely will return today from Yellowstone park, where she has spent the summer.

Mrs. C. E. Dickerman of St. Paul is visiting her son, G. G. Dickerman, of this city.

NOTHING FURTHER HEARD.

London, Sept. 14.—Nothing has been received confirmatory of the rumor current yesterday that a transport carrying a regiment of British troops to India foundered during the gale which swept over the British coast last Thursday.

GRIEF CAUSED SUICIDE.

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—Grieving over the death of his wife, the news of which reached him in telegrams three days after her demise, Robert Stockwell Hatcher, aged 40 years, of Lafayette, Ind., shot and killed himself in a room at the Planters' hotel today. Five years ago he was reading clerk of the house of representative in washington, his wife's former home.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank J. Lemke and Josephine L. Kumpinski.

John Larson and Annie Anderson.

DEATHS.

LAUDER—Mrs. Agnes Lauder, aged 39 years, died Aug. 13 at St. Mary's hospital. The remains will be shipped to Hammond, Wis., for burial.

GAISKOSKI—Nikoli Giaskaski, aged 53 years, died at his residence, Eleventh avenue east and Twelfth street, yesterday morning, of heart failure. Deceased leaves a wife and five children. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning from the Polish church, under the auspices of the Polish society, of which the decedent was a member.

BUILDING PERMITS.

BUILDING PERMITS.

J. D. Lake, addition to a frame dwelling on the north side of Fourth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues east ..... $ 500

G. O. Teppen, stone foundation, north side of Sixth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues east 400

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, AND TAN ISN'T pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin, using Satin-Skin Cream and Complexion Powder.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 131 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. N. J. Upham.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; three in family. 1119 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. 1719 EAST Fifth street; small family preferred.

ROOMS AND BOARD FOR TWO. 616 East Fourth street.

MILLIONS LOST

In the Northwest By the Heavy Rains and Snow.

Fifty Per Cent of the Grain Crop Is Under Water.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—The Dispatch today says: Snow and rain has damaged crops in the Northwest during the past week to the extent of millions of dollars. Nearly all the grain in shock, estimated at 50 per cent, and all the standing grain, much of it flax, is buried under snow and water. The rainfall has been eight inches in forty-eight hours. Rain and sleet and snow prevails all over the Northwest today. Railroad tracks are washed out and trains are abandoned. The trains from the Pacific coast have been pushing slowly through deep snow for two days, and are from ten to twenty hours' late.

The Great Northern flyer, due here at 10:10 last night, did not arrive until 5 o'clock this morning, having been delayed by storms in the West.

A washout at Rollinstone, in what is known as the "Pit," north of Minneapolis, forced the Great Northern to abandon its line on the west side of the Mississippi river to St. Cloud, and no trains were run yesterday or today over that rack, the coast trains and those from the Willmar division being run via St. Cloud and the track on the east side of the river.

The Soo is having all kinds of trouble between Hamil and Buffalo, its train being about twelve hours delayed by washouts caused by the overflow of Crow river and heavy rains.

A special to the Dispatch from Sparta, Wis., says: A terrific thunder and rain storm struck this section of the state last night and added to the distressingly wet conditions prevailing. Streets were flooded and much damage was done to bridges and country highways. Farm work is practically at a standstill in this section. For three weeks scarcely no threshing has been done and grain stacks are growing badly.

An Eau Claire special says: Much of Eau Claire county is under water as a result of the heavy rains, which still continue. The damage on account of bridges being swept away and of the bursting of dams will amount to $40,000. The Eau Claire river has risen to fifteen feet in this city, and the Chippewa river is only a few inches lower. Dewey street bridge is closed and the Eau Claire Linen company, the Daniel Strum Lumber company and the Northwestern Lumber company cannot start their mills. City officials patroled all points of possible danger last night. No serious damage in the city has been done yet.

A special to the Dispatch from Minot, N. D., says that two feet of snow covers the ground and that trains are greatly delayed. A special from Kenmare, N. D., says one foot of snow has fallen there with no let up in sight. It is said to be the worst storm in three years. At Medora, N. D., the snow is ten inches deep.

FORTUNES LOST ON A TURN

Big Dice Game Played at a Mining Camp.

Robert D. Grant, the well-known mining man of 1205 Brigham street, has just returned from Tonopah, Nev., where he was the silent spectator to the biggest crap game that mining camp ever saw, writes the Salt Lake correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. As $10,000, $12,000 and $13,000 were staked on a single throw of the little cubed ivories, it is possible that it was the biggest crap game ever played in that state or any other west of the Mississippi river. Unquestionably it was a bigger game than was ever played in Utah.

The man who was daring enough to risk a fortune at every throw of the dice just for a little amusement is a native of Switzerland and wealthy. He and his brother are at the head of a large steel industry at Sheffield, England, and another in Switzerland. He has been in the United States for a little over two months looking after interests of his own in the mining line, and others of his family and friends. It was that mission which took him to Tonopah from Salt Lake City.

The scene of the great crap game was Oleo Elliott's gambling house, called the Butler. It was named after the man who discovered the camp.

The young Swiss entered the gambling house about 11 o'clock and amused himself shooting dice for $1 a throw. Then he increased his bet to $5, and then made $100 change hands every time the ivories were slid out of the hand and across the green cloth of the "crap" table. About 12:30 o'clock in the morning the foreigner said to Elliott:

"Do you want to play a game for big money?"

"Yes, I have no objection," was the nonchalant reply of the owner of the gambling house.

"How much money have you in the safe and what is your property worth?" asked the Swiss, in a most casual manner.

"I have between $5000 and $7000 in the safe in money," said Elliott, "and my property is worth enough to make about $20,000."

That seemed satisfactory to the young foreigner. After taking a look at the proprietor of the place, he said in a most deliberate manner:

"If you are lucky you will be a rich man; if you are unlucky you will be broke."

Witnesses were then called around the table and the rules of the game explained. The Swiss said he wanted to bet as much as he wanted to on any throw of the dice, at the same time showing Elliott securities to convince the latter that he was sure of his money if he proved to be the lucky man.

It was then decided that the game was to last two hours, from 2 o'clock until 4 o'clock. At the latter hour the game was to stop, no matter who might be loser or gainer.

Then the young Swiss purchased $1,000 worth of chips, 50 in number, worth $200 each.

In the first half hour the foreigner lost $40,000. He was as cool and collected as though he were on the winning side, and was used to making a fortune nightly by handling the little cubes of ivory with black eyes.

Up to that time the bets had not been very large in size, as compared with those that were to be made from that time on. After 2:30 o'clock not a bet was made by the Swiss for less than $500. Up to that time Elliott had been a silent spectator to the game, one of his men shaking the dice with the Swiss. But when the Swiss began to win back, and forged ahead, Elliott became excited and took the place on the opposite side of the board to that occupied by the foreigner.

It was after 2:30 o'clock, when the steel man was $40,000 to the bad, that he began to raise the roof of the house, as gamblers say. A wager or two of $10,000 each on how the dice would come up took the breath away from the spectators, who had by this time crowded the house almost to suffocation.

Then the Swiss made a couple of bets of $12,000 each, and won the admiration of the crowd for his gameness by putting $13,000 on the green cloth alongside a similar sum shoved over by the proprietor, making $26,000 on the table at one time.

Slowly but surely the young visitor to this country won back the money which he had lost earlier in the evening to the gambler. At 3:55 o'clock the proprietor was $10,000 loser, estimated to be half of what he was worth.

Looking up at the clock the young Swiss noted the time, and looking at Elliott said, in substance:

"I will make you just one more bet. It shall be $10,000. If you win, we quit even. If you lose, I win. The place is mine. I will give the piano to the woman who plays it. I will give the bar to the bartender. The rest I will sell for what I can get, and leave as soon as possible thereafter."

"All right," said Elliott.

The stakes were soon on the table. The next few throws of the dice—perhaps the first might decide the bet—meant ruin for Elliott or a little more pocket money for the young Swiss. The crowd was breathless with suppressed excitement. Everyone crowded as close as possible to the table to watch the finale of the biggest crap game they had ever seen.

In less time than it takes to tell it, the Swiss lost and Elliott broke even.

The time agreed upon between them to play for high stakes was ended, and so was the game. The two men had broken even, and there were no hard feelings. But the young man from the other side of the water was not destined to leave the gambling house in that condition. Not caring to retire at that hour in the morning, he asked permission to shoot dice until 6 o'clock for small stakes. It was granted. When the hands of the clock pointed to 6 o'clock he was just $5000 behind the game.

With a hand that was as steady as the steel bars which his factories in Switzerland and Sheffield turn out, he wrote out a draft on a New York bank for $3000, and calmly counted out $2000 in cash and handed them over to Elliott.

So ended the greatest crap game ever played in Tonopah.

LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 14.—No trace has been found of the three Drake brothers, of St. Louis, who are believed to be lost in Lolo mountains, where they went six weeks ago to hunt. The snow is falling rapidly in the mountains and it is feared if the men are lost they will never get out. They had provisions for only two weeks.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 23d.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

New Costumes for Fall Wear!

Finely Tailored Dress Suits.

Stylish Walking Suits.

Dainty Evening Gowns.



They've been coming in every day for the past month—from every costumer of note—their modish perfection is stamped with the highest ribbon of fashion. Every piece and garment reliable both in quality of fabric and eminence of style. A woman expects to find fashion at home when visiting the S. & B. Co.'s establishment, and she is never disappointed. Beautiful costumes in endless profusion are here—and the fit is an important feature. Very important with us and with most women—perfect fitting garments backed up with sterling quality of materials has placed this department on a level with the most exclusive shops in metropolitan centers. There's such a different appearance to the garment you buy here; a distinguished air not to be found among less particular stores—and the prices are no higher. You'll find this by comparison. We'd prefer to have you see for yourself. We have garments at as little prices as reliable lines can be sold for—and that's cheap enough for any one. Anything cheaper would be mere wastefulness.

Stylish costumes at $19.50.

Then $25.00 and so on by advances of $1.00 and $2.00. As high as $150.00.

But we say again we prefer to have you see for yourself. You are welcome. Come tomorrow.

New Walking Skirts for Women

To help women enjoy the unsettled weather in her walks, to help them shop and market in comfort on fair or stormy days. That is the mission of this practical garment. For all knockabout wear nothing could be better than those of the rough Scotch fabrics we are now showing.

Plenty at $6.75, $7.50 and $10.00.

Others in coverts, hairy Zibelines in black, oxford and blue; also in cheviots and Broadcloth. Prices $7.50, $8.00, $9.50, $10.00 up to $18.00.

The New Millinery

FOR EARLY FALL.

All the new shapes in walking and street hats—colors to match costume or walking suits, such as navy, brown, black, white and biscuit. Prices start at $2.50, then $3.00, $3.50 and so on to $6.00.

School Hats for Children.

Plenty of the new shapes in school hats for big and little girls—a varied selection of ready-to-wear styles. Prices commence at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and so on to $2.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

STACK & CO.

SPECIALS FOR TUESDAY.

7c Outing Domets at, a yard 3½c

2000 yards fancy stripes and checks in Outing Flannels—10c quality at 6c

Turkish Towels at exceptionally low prices—mill seconds—
10c Turkish Towels at ... 5c
20c Turkish Towels at .. 10c
25c Turkish Towels at .. 15c
50c Turkish Towels at .. 25c

20 dozen Ladies' Belts—25c value at 10c

Pearl Waist Sets—large size pearl buttons with pin attachment—3 in a set, at 10c

Fur Scarfs, worth $1.50 each, at 75c

200 yards Waist Lining Remnants, 12½c to 20c values at 7½c

75c and $1.00 values in Ladies' ribbed and flat Underwear—winter weight—while the lots last—tomorrow at, a garment 50c

60 dozen Boys' fleece lined ribbed Stockings — sizes 6 to 10—25c quality at, a pair .. 15c

50 dozen Men's heavy cottou Sox—10c quality at, per pair 5c

Ladies' Dress Skirts in black only—regular $3 value at $1.48

20 dozen Black Satin Petticoats—our $1.50 value on sale tomorrow at 98c

Ladies' Suits — best styles — best goods—at lowest prices:
$12.50 Suits at $7.50
$15.00 Suits at $10.00
$20.00 Suits at $12.50
$25.00 Suits at $15.00

Boys' 75c Pants at 50c
Boys' 50c Pants at 35c
Boys' 35c Pants at 25c

TRAIN BUMPS BIG BOULDERS

Was a Special Containing President Hill and Others.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 14.—A special train consisting of an engine and two coaches, containing President J. J. Hill of the Northern Securities company, President Harris, the first and second vice presidents, Chief Engineer Breckenridge and other officials of the Burlington, early last evening ran into two large boulders which had been washed onto the track by a severe storm near Alma, and the engine was badly damaged. Outside of a bad shaking up and a few bruises none of the officials were injured.

A fierce storm was in progress when the official train left this city late yesterday afternoon, bound for St. Paul, and the engineer was running at a very moderate rate of speed when the engine crashed into the rocks. A couple of track walkers had been over the track but a few minutes before the special came along, and at that time the roadbed was in good condition. Chief Engineer Breckenridge was in a wreck about a year ago but a few miles from Alma, in which Trainmaster Purdy lost his life and other officials were badly injured.

Much damage was done to railroads in this vicinity by the storm, numerous washouts being reported, and all trains are late into the city today.

The Progress club dance, Oatka Pavilion, Sept. 15, Tuesday evening.

CONNOR TO RETIRE.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 14.—Roger Connor, who holds the record for the longest hit ever made on the polo grounds, made when he was first baseman of the old New York "giants," has announced his retirement from the game and the sale of the Springfield, Conn., league baseball team, of which he has been owner and manager. He has played ball twenty-five years.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Liveritta, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
135 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men attending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

SCHOOL IS OPENED

Holiday Season Over and Children Return to Their Lessons.

Principal Smith Addresses High School Pupils—Enrollment Large.

The holiday season is over.

Between 9000 and 10,000 children reassembled at the thirty schools of the city this morning, prepared for their winter's work. For thirty-eight weeks from today, with the usual holidays of two weeks at Christmas and one week at Easter, the children will be instructed in the various branches of learning, under the guidance of skilled teachers.

The number registered on the opening day is always considerably under the average registration for the year. Pupils continue to return in large numbers during the first two weeks, and the registration gradually grows from that time until the end of the year. It is expected that the total number of pupils in the schools will reach 12,000 before the fall term is over.

During the early part of the morning, the principals and teachers at the various schools were busy enrolling the pupils, assigning them to their different rooms, and examining new students coming in from other schools.

Special attention will be paid this year to the teaching of the "three r's." The spelling contests between the various classes, which were inaugurated last year, will be continued. The different grades in each school will spell against each other until the best spelling grade in the public schools of the city has been found, and this grade will spell against the crack year of the high school.

In this way it is hoped to increase the interest in spelling. The plan was only partially carried out last year, but it met with no little success, the students taking a great interest in the matches, which aroused the class spirit, and put the pupils on their mettle.

In writing, the vertical system will be given another year's trial. If at the end of this year it fails to prove its superiority over the slant system, it will be thrown out of the school calendar and the old plan substituted. The opinions as to the two styles differ greatly. Superintendent Denfeld is a believer in the vertical system, but intends to make his choice in accordance with the opinions of the business men of the city, and others who are interested in the character of penmanship turned out by the schools.

Algebra, which was introduced in the seventh and eighth grades last year, will not be abandoned this season. It will be continued as a means of sparing idle minds of pupils for the work of the high school.

In other directions the work of this year will differ but little from that of last season.

* * *

At the high school this morning the usual demonstration took place. There is nothing quite like a high school's halls and rooms on the first day of school. At the other schools the teachers greet the children with the usual "did Johnny have a nice vacation and is he glad to get back," and "Johnny," awed for the moment into forgetfulness of that fearsome scrubbing and admonition to get "A" in conduct says "Yes'm." But at high school all is different.

The members of the three classes who have been there before fly around greeting friends and teachers, and the poor freshmen never felt so entirely lost in all their short lives. A sign in some obscure corner tells them that "L-Ma Room 102." He's still lost, wondering if they numbered the rooms starting at 100 at the top floor when he meets somebody he felt that he could never like, that directs him clearly to the room he wants. At last everybody is in the proper section room and all go to chapel, and the first exercises of a new school year take place.

This morning a large number of pupils entered. Chapel was opened as it has been for the five years past, by the reading of the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians, the sentiments of which Principal Smith desires to be the atmosphere found in the school. Mr. Smith, in welcoming the scholars back to school, said: "I am sure you are all prepared, by your long vacations, to come back to a year of profitable work. The work that is to follow the vacation is no more necessary than the rest, but to get the best out of each and every opportunity it must be appreciated. A consciousness comes to each of us at some time of a power within us that is not being used to the greatest advantage. At that time comes the awakening of the youth; after that we may look for a greater and better work. To some of you that awakening has come, and to others of you it will come. The one thing that is to be the object of our work this year is a high, intellectual attainment. If some things are to be slighted let it be others, and remember that our purpose in being here is intellectual progress, remembering that knowledge is not the only thing to be striven for in that but a high moral standard must also be maintained. To the student who uses his opportunities to the best advantage, life later will be full of possibilities in himself that others will not have. He will not be dependent for his enjoyment of life on others, but in himself will be a fund of thought that will always help him."

The presidents of the different classes expressed their pleasure in being back, their readiness and willingness for work and with a few yells the regular work of the year was begun.

SUPERIOR'S DOGS HERE

Pair of Bloodhounds Arrive For City Across the Bay.

Two sleek, intelligent bloodhounds, Sam and Stella, arrived this morning from the Wildwood kennels, addressed to Chief Troyer of the local police department. Both are young dogs, especially the male, but are said to be well broke for the business for which they were purchased. Considering their long journey in a small crate the dogs were in good condition, and they lost no opportunity of exercising themselves about the basement of police headquarters when turned loose.

Chief McKinnon of the Superior police department, accompanied by Officer D. W. Scoon, came over early this morning to get the last two dogs that arrived. These are to be kept on the Superior side of the bay, while the female bloodhound, with the litter of pups, will be kept in Duluth.

Officer Scoon has been delegated as the "keeper of hounds," and is already posting himself on his duties.

Chief McKinnon is anxious to find out whether he can put the dogs to use in chasing Superior policemen around the diamond when they begin playing ball with the Duluth bluecoats next season.

The first consignment, the female dog with the ten puppies, is attracting quite a little attention. The puppies are very lively, and as there are ten of them and only eight sources of food supply at a time, some lively scraps are had to determine which shall wait for the second course.

Cheapest because Best
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Its novel form prevents waste
Imparts a lasting brilliancy
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

WILL NOT SHOW LENIENCY

Court Will Be Hard on Young Vandals Who Injure Buildings.

In view of the numerous and annoying depredations that have been committed in vacant houses and stores during the past season, by boys of an age to know better, the officers of the law are disposed to act with great severity on all cases that come to their attention. Judge Gearhart of the municipal court says that in any trespass case of the nature mentioned, before him, if there is a conviction, he will send the guilty party to Red Wing and there will not be a parole granted, either.

Jack McLindy and John Olson, two boys arrested last week on the charge of trespass in a West End property, will have a hearing this afternoon at 2 o'clock before Judge Gearhart. It is understood that warrants are out for other boys said to have been concerned in the same trespass.

DEMOCRAT DOUBTFUL

Truelsen Told One Recently He Was Through With Politics.

"I don't take much stock in the report that Henry Truelsen will be candidate for mayor again in the city of Duluth," said a prominent Democratic officeholder this morning.

"I talked some time ago with Mr. Truelsen and he told me that he was positively out of politics so far as himself is concerned, that he might possibly take an interest in politics hereafter for his friends, but not for himself. Mr. Truelsen said that he was getting to be an old man, and it was time that he turned his attention to a means of providing for his old age rather than flirt longer with municipal politics. I know that he told several others the same thing, and it will take more than any rumor to convince me that the ex-mayor has changed his mind since he talked with me."

NO SMALLPOX IN THE COUNTY

Disease Wiped Out of This Section—Northern Minnesota Clear.

"There is no smallpox in St. Louis county, the adjoining counties, in fact in the entire northern portion of the state so far as I can learn," said Health Officer Dr. Robinson this morning.

"This is indeed a pleasing state of affairs and I see no reason why it should not continue if the health authorities exercise the vigilance they have shown in the past year or more. I believe that smallpox has been effectually stamped out of Northern Minnesota, and it now lies with us to see that no more is brought in here.

"It might be fairly said that there is comparatively little disease of a contagious nature at the present time. Of course there is some diphtheria and scarlet fever, but no more than is usual at this time of the year. There are also some typhoid cases, but the great part of these came in from the outside."

THE POLICE COURT.

Woman Seeking Jail Residence Is Fooled.

The usual morning grist of criminal cases in municipal court were heard before Special Judge Gearart this morning as Judge Windom is busy with the jury cases. Maggie Plummer, who was locked up on the charge of drunkenness and of whom there is a suspicion that she is preparing for a place to be taken care of for the next two months, was allowed to go under suspended senteence.

Anton Struble, Lester W. Bicknell, Fred Peterson and Albert Beck, all charged with drunkenness, were let off in the same way.

Tolif Talnkson, a vag, Henry Glenn, Felix Chebo and Joe Dishaw, drunks, were given their option of a $10 fine or ten days at the county jail.

James Dodd will have a hearing this afternoon on the charge of disorderly conduct.

Stop tearing your throat! One dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

KILLS BIG BEAR

Dr. Peter Kraft Lands One Within Duluth City Limits.

Animal Found In the Vicinity of the Normal School.

The first bear to be killed within the city limits this season was shot yesterday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, by Dr. Peter Kraft, near the normal school on East Fifth street.

Dr. Kraft's prize is a large black bear and while it has not yet been put on the scales its weight is estimated between 250 and 300 pounds.

Dr. Kraft, who resides near Ninth avenue east and First street, heard a report yesterday that a large bear had been seen near East Fourth street, and with his son, both armed with rifles, they made a search, finally locating bruin near Duluth's new seat of learning.

During the berry season last year something like twenty-two black bears were killed within the city limits, some of the animals coming down through the dcoryards of some of the East End residences and were chased by children and dogs. No reports have reached the general public this year of any bears being seen in the nearby berry patches, in fact the animals have been conspicuous by their absence in this vicinity as compared with their frequent visits in former years.

DAUGHTER OF JOHN W. BOOTH

Claim Is Made By an Actress In New Jersey.

New York, Sept. 14.—Laura Lia Booth, an actress of Bound Brook, N. J., has made up her mind that she is the daughter of John Wilkes Booth, that Booth was not killed after the murder of President Lincoln and that he married the widow of a Kentucky mountaineer in the early '70s.

More than that, Miss Booth is ready to believ that D. E. George, who died at Enid, Okla., in April of this year, was John Wilkes Booth. George, according to Miss Booth, left an estate of several hundred thousand dollars, as will as yet unopened and no known relatives. George's neighbors, it is said, were certain that he was Booth.

Miss Booth came to the city last week armed with the certificate of her mother's marriage to a John W. Booth, and other papers to support her claim. She showed them to George B. Breeman, a theatrical manager, who was so much impressed that he summoned Leon Laski, a lawyer, who is prepared to present the claims of the alleged daughter of John W. Booth to the property of John W. Booth.

Laski wrote to District Judge M. C. Garber of Enid, asking about George's disposal of his property, and he got a reply saying that George left a will, which is still unopened, and that W. B. Penniman had been appointed administrator.

"There is one strange thing about the case which lends support to our contention," said Laski. "The property man of the Laura Keene company, who opened the window for Booth to escape after he shot Lincoln, is now living in Enid. It has never been proved that Booth really was killed. The price set on his head was never withdrawn, which was sufficient for his concealment of his identity.

"The John Wilkes Booth who married Laura Ida Booth's mother, deserted her soon after her daughter's birth, and he has never been heard from since. Her mother, who has since died, and her half-brother, whose name I have not learned, has already identified the body of George as that of her father, Booth.

"Laura Booth's father was an object of curiosity to the Kentcky mountaineers, because he was continually reciting Shakespeare. The people of Enid also say that David E. George showed surprising knowledge of dramatic things and of Shakespeare's plays."

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Bank at Valley Springs Robbed In True Western Style.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Valley Springs, thirteen miles east of Sioux Falls, was, between 2 and 3 o'clock Saturday morning, the scene of a regular Jesse James bank robbery. Residents of the town were aroused between the hours named by a series of explosions, said to be nine in number, and when they appeared on the street to ascertain the cause, they discovered that the town was picketed by seven or eight armed men, who drove the residents from the streets on pain of instant death if they attempted to interfere with the robbers. The Minnehaha county bank was the object of the desperadoes, who blew open the safe which stood outside the vault and secured between $800 and $1000 in cash. The vault was not molested during the robbery. One of the pickets fired at a citizen, but owing to a shortage of firearms the citizens were compelled to keep in the background until the robbers had completed their work and left town. The thieves broke into the carhouse and stole a handcar upon which they escaped, going in the direction of Sioux Falls.

Clear Lake—The right of the city authorities to close a local bowling alley will be determined by a hearing which is to be held before Judge McCoy of Aberdeen on Tuesday. A special election was recently held here for the purpose of giving the voters an opportunity to adopt or reject an ordinance regulating bowling alleys, pool halls, billiard halls and similar places. When the city council met to canvas the vote several discrepancies were discovered in the returns from one of the wards. The council threw out the vote of the ward, and by this action secured a majority in favor of the ordinance. The next morning the city marshal, acting under instructions from the council, closed the bowling alley of George Ellis. Ellis carried the matter into the state circuit court, and secured an order from Judge McCoy calling a halt on all proceedings until the facts could be heard. Pending the hearing the bowling alley has resumed business. It is understood that Ellis will demand that a license be issued to him under an old ordinance which fixes a license of $10 for bowling alleys.

Watertown—Rev. James B. Van Fleet of Waverly, Iowa, has been secured by the Episcopal congregation to take charge of the church. He will be the first resident pastor the church has had since the resignation of Rev. Mr. Evans.

Rev. J. L. Vietz of St. James, Minn., arrived Thursday evening and will locate the pastorate of the Baptist church in place of Rev. J. M. Daniel, recently resigned, who has gone to Sioux Falls to accept the chair of Greek in the Sioux Falls college.

The protestant churches of the city have united in a movement to have the celebrated evangelist, E. J. Baskerville, of Madison, Wis., hold revival services in Watertown. He is a brother of Mayor Baskerville.

The marriage of a prominent business man of Waterton took place at Windom, Minn. John Gerhart, manager of the branch of the Minneapolis cold storage branch at Watertown, led Miss Blanche E. Freeman to the altar.

* * *

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Martin Johnson, who has a rural mail route out of Forman, is in all kinds of trouble. Johnson was a great admirer of a young lady who received mail along his route. The fair farmer girl had another admirer who lived in Forman, and when he was unable to go to see her the Forman swain would use the mails. It is alleged that one of these effusions was being carried by Johnson, who thought he would block his rival's game by destroying the letter. Johnson was arrested and placed under $200 bonds, in default of which he was jailed.

Grafton—Thieves broke into the Northern Pacific setation and after trying the money drawer satisfied themselves with taking a C. O. D. package containing a suit of clothes. They gained entrance by prying open the waiting room window.

Several counterfeit bills of small denominations have been circulated here lately. The method of passing the bills was to make small purchases and receive change in return. No arrests have been made, but the police is working on the case.

Frank Hoggarty, who was coach last year for the Grand Forks football team and who has been managing the Minot baseball team this summer, will coach the Grafton high school football team this season.

Necke—Frederick Crane, United States immigrant inspector for the port of Neche, expired suddenly from heart disease while conversing with a friend.

THE NEGRO PROBLEM

Breaks Out Again on Interstate Car Coming From Superior.

A reign of terror is said to have taken place on an interstate car bound from Superior to Duluth at a late hour last night. Several of the colored gentry, who had been celebrating along Third street, Superior, during the evening, boarded the car at Hammond or Cumming avenue, and by the time the bridge was reached their conduct became exceedingly boisterous. Finally one man drew an ugly knife, which he began flourishing about in a suggestive manner. Before the car was half way up Garfield avenue all the white people in it had left to wait on the corner for another car.

When the car reached the power house, at Eleventh avenue west, Conductor Anton Peterson went in and told the night clerk the trouble, and the police department was telephoned for. An officer met the car uptown, but did not make any arrests on the grounds that he had no warrants.

FROM CIRCUS TO NAVY.

Captain Findlay, master of the steamship Mississippi, appeared before Immigration Commissioner Weis, having in custody Evandockos Evankasparovics and Frederick McDougal, says the Baltimore Sun. The captain said the three men had been discovered aboard his ship about three days after she had sailed from London for Baltimore and that he desired to surrender them to the authorities for some disposition. The first two named were found, upon examination, to be aliens, and, not having either money or friends in this country, were ordered to be returned on the Mississippi.

When McDougal was examined by Commissioner Weis he told a remarkable story. Approaching the commissioner, McDougal gave the regulation naval salute and said:

"I was born in Milwaukee, where my parents reside. I am 25 years of age, sir. On July 5, sir (again saluting the commissioner), I left home and followed a circus to Portland, Me. Sure, sir, you can imagine my surprise when the circus man told me that I would have to do a stunt with a black bear."

Folding his arms across his breast, McDougal continued: "I was not born to be afraid, but, upon my honor, the looks of that bear took all the feeling out of me which I might have had making myself believe that I could be a circus man. I looked at the bear. I do not know that he looked at me. The circus man did, sir, because I straightway went out of the tent as fast as I could.

"Having no money, I went to the United States shipping office and enlisted in the navy for four years. I have been on the Dolphin and was changed from her to the Prairie. While on the latter boat we made a trip to Norfolk. At that port, sir, I was granted shore leave and while knocking around the blooming town I took a little too much.

"The next thing, sir, believe me, that happened to me was when I woke up and found myself at sea on the steamship St. Hubert, which was bound for Rotterdam. I looked at myself and said: 'Is this McDougal or not?' My clothes had all been taken from me and in the place of them I found myself wearing a jumper and a pair of overalls.

"I went to the master of the ship and asked him the meaning of all this. He drew a paper on me which said that I had shipped voluntarily as a fireman on the St. Hubert. I said: 'Sir, I never pushed a shovel in my life.' The captain says: 'Well, you'll have to push it,' and, as I never turned my back on anything, I tried it and the captain soon found out that I had been shanghaied aboard the ship and that he had been hunconed into believing that McDougal was a fireman. The balance of the voyage I trimmed coal. When I reached Rotterdam I was paid off and intended coming to the States at once. I fell in, however, with a man who gave me a lot of hot air and succeeded in getting what little money I had. After this I worked my way to London, where I stole aboard the Mississippi, and now, thank God, I am in the United States again. I have two years yet to serve of my enlistment and I want to be reported as soon as possible to the nearest navy yard. I am not a deserter, sir. I can only be charged with overstaying my leave. I tell you, sir, that many has been the time I wished I had tackled that bear instead of hitting that Norfolk redeye."

The commissioner told McDougal that he would communicate with the naval authorities, and in the meantime McDougal will be held until they can be heard from.

2nd Day of the HouseKeepers' Sale of Bedding and Linens.

A money-saving event that no housewife can afford to overlook. Linens from the famous looms of Liddle & Co., of Belfast, Ireland, and Bedding from the foremost manufacturers. Don't wait until the cold weather is upon you to replenish your linen closet—and supply your winter bedding. There'll be plenty of other needs then—buy now—and save money at the same time. Here's a partial list of the savings:

70-in. full-bleached table Damask—pure linen—assorted patterns—sells regularly for 75c—this sale—per yard 59c

66 and 72-in. bleached and half-bleached satin Table Damask—ten newest designs—every thread pure Irish linen—$1.00 quality—for this sale the price—per yard 75c

72-inch half-bleached Satin Table Damask—elegant designs—perfect weave and finish—regular price $1.25—for this sale—per yard .. $1.00

22x22-in. bleached Damask Napkins—all linen—assorted patterns—good value at $2.50—for this sale—per dozen $1.89

26x26-in. bleached double damask Napkins—beautiful designs—William Liddle & Co.'s $5.00 quality—never sold for less—chance of a lifetime—for this sale—per dozen $3.95

Ready-made Sheets—standard quality—free from dressing—2 yards wide, 2½ yards long—worth 50c—for this sale—each 39c

Ready-made Pillow Cases—size 45x36—heavy quality—the kind for hotels and boarding houses—worth 15c—for this sale—each 11c

Extra large size Bed Spreads—Marseilles patterns— pearl hemmed—splendid value at $1.25—for this sale—each 95c

10-4 Gray Cotton Blankets—pretty, fast color borders—regular 75c value—special for this sale—per pair 59c

10.4 fancy striped Blankets—tan, blue and red—suitable for bath and lounging robes—regular price 95c—for this sale—per pair 79c

Wool Blankets—white, gray, scarlet and fancy plaids—every pair pure wool warp and filling—borders of all colors—not a pair worth less than $5.50—price for this week, a pair ... $4.50

Full size reversible heavy twilled sateen Comforters—filling of finest corded cotton—scroll stitched—light and dark colorings—well worth $2.50—very special, each $1.75

Women's Tailored Suits, Skirts and Waists A Gathering Unsurpassed

Our modern and strictly up-to-date garments have a marked and distinctive originality, a style touch that you'll not find elsewhere. They express many ideas in fashioning and finish that are absolutely new. The fabrics include all the newest weaves; all the prominent styles, such as Louis XIV, Blouse, Corset Coat, Eton, Prince Albert and Sacque Coat effects, are fully represented in this splendid gathering. Prices are extremely modest.

Beautiful Man-tailored Suits—in dress or walking length—made in the newest fancy mixtures—blouse-skirted coat or straight-front effect—some have small shoulder capes — jacket lined throughout with satin or taffeta—and trimmed with self-goods and buttons—a correct-hanging skirt to match—the price .. $25.00

Women's Tailor-made Suits—in Lymansville, etamine and panne cheviots—in black and blue—also fancy mixed materials—Louis XIV blouse, corset seam and the long Prince Albert styles—beautiful trimmed—jacket lined throughout with taffeta or satin—skirt 9 and 13 gored effects, trimmed to match jacket, and perfect hanging—an elegant assortm't to choose from ... $30.00

Women's New Fall Skirts—in dress or walking lengths—made in fancy mixtures and plain materials, such as cheviots and light weight melton cloths—9, 11, 13 and 17 gored effects—side pleated and kilted styles—hip trimming of self goods—habit or inverted back—a splendid assortment to choose from special offer - $8.00

Women's Man-tailored Skirt—in etamine and panne cheviot—also mannish materials—style entirely new—beautifully trimmed—colors black and blue—habit or inverted back—walking length—on sale at $13.75

New Fall Waists—There seems to be no end to the new and beautiful styles in vogue this season—of the materials, cotton is easily the leader.

Mercerized Jacquards — fancy vestings— mercerized Oxfords—cotton Brocades and Reps—have been fashioned into scores of nobby effects that are tributes to the designer's art. We have a splendid selection from $10 to $2.25

New Silk Waists.

The new Silk Waists—for dressy styles, soft silks, lace and net are quite the correct idea—the Crepe de Chine, Peau de Cygne, Louisine and Pallette de Soie are the favored weaves—the styles are varied, and embrace many novel ideas such as the drooping shoulders of the 1830 period, new cuffs and sleeves—A splendid collection of the new ideas now on display from .... $20.00 to $4.75

Mail or Phone Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

Freimuth's

WALLING HATS. New Fall Styles Now In Stock.

STOVES

WE HAVE the best and largest line of HEATING STOVES AND RANGES in the city—we sell on easy payments and prepay the freight.

KELLEY HDW. CO.

STOVES

WEDDING AND OFFICE STATIONERY
Artistically and Promptly Executed.
MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.
32 West First Street. Both Phones.

NEXT YEAR'S PARASOL.

The days of the parasol for this year are already numbered, but the wise woman is she who looks ahead and plans for next summer, says the Brooklyn Eagle. To embroider a parasol would be a simple enough piece of fancy work for the leisure hours of winter and now is the time when summer things may be purchased for a song. The parasol can be an ordinary silk or satin parasol, as the frame in that case answers the purpose of an embroidery frame. Every part of it except the section which is being worked upon should be kept clean by being covered with cambric while the work is going on. White silk or satin for the foundation is the best to choose; but the color which is worked upon it will in some degree tie the owner in the matter of dress. If, however, pale pink or a delicate yellow be the principal color in the embroidery, the parasol could be used with several gowns. The embroidery can be of many kinds; it can be done in chenille, or in silk, or in ribbon-work, or, what is very simple, raised chiffon flowers can be obtained and appliqued to the parasol by embroidery stitches, and the stems can be worked in chenille. Another simple plan is to use lace motifs appliques. The lace must be embroidered on all round it firmly, the stitches being quite close together, as otherwise when the parasol is closed it may rack. To make it very smart the lace motifs may be flecked with silver or jet paillettes before being applied to the parasol. When the work is finished there must be a lining of soft puckered mousseline de soie inserted in order to conceal the embroidery stitches.

Low One Way Rates West.

Commencing Sept. 15 the Northern Pacific railway will resume sale of colonist tickets to Montana and points west, including Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Ashland, Ore., for $25. For full information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



When Monday Rolls Around

the Gold Dust Twins are the busiest little rascals that ever lived. A huge wash has no terrors for them and the knowing housewife realizes that they save her back as well as the clothes.

Whiter clothes, little rubbing, quick results are the arguments for the use on wash day of

GOLD DUST

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST | Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning woodwork, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago——Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

THE PUBLIC TASTE

The Tropical Products Increasing at a Very Rapid Rate.

Value of Imports Last Year Was Over $400,000,000.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The taste of the people of the United States for tropical products seems to be increasing at a very rapid rate. The department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, reports the value of the tropical and subtropical products brought into the United States in the past year as over $400,000,000. In 1895 the value of this class of merchandise imported was only $300,000,000; in 1875, $200,000,000 millions, and in 1870, $140,000,000. Thus, the value of the tropical products brought into the country in the year just ended was about three times as much as in 1870, twice as much as in 1875, and one-third more than in 1895.

Even these figures do not show the real increase, because of the great reduction in prices of many of the articles forming this huge total. The value of the sugar of tropical production brought into the country in the past year, for instance, was $104,000,000, as against $70,000,000 in 1870, but the number of pounds brought in from the tropics last year was more than four times as much as in 1870. The total number of pounds of tropical sugar brought into the country last year was over 5,000,000,000, including that from Hawaii and Porto Rico, while the number of pounds imported from the tropics in 1870 was less than 1,125,000,000.

The value of the coffee brought in last year was $50,000,000 as against $24,000,000 in 1870, yet the quantity last year was 923,000,000 pounds, as against 235,000,000 pounds in 1870.

The 500,000 pounds of silk brought in in 1870 was valued at $2,000,000, while tae 15,000,000 pounds brought in last year were valued at about $50,000,000.

The 45,000,000 pounds of rice brought in in 1870 was valued at $1,000,000, while four times that quantity brought in last year was valued at $3,000,000.

The 97,000,000 pounds of tea brought in in 1870 was valued at nearly $14,000,000, while the 108,000,000 pounds brought in last year was valued at less than $16,000,000.

The average cost per pound of the sugar brought into the country in 1870 was about 5 cents, while the average cost last year, including that brought from Hawaii and Porto Rico, was about 2 cents per pound. In India rubber, however, conditions are reversed, the average cost per pound of the 10,000,000 pounds brought in in 1870 being about 36 cents per pound, while that of the 55,000,000 pounds brought in last year was over 55 cents per pound.

The tropical islands of the United States contributed nearly $50,000,000 worth of the $400,000,000 value of tropical products brought into the country last year. Over $25,000,000 of this was from Hawaii, more than $11,000,000 worth from Porto Rico, and more than $11,000,000 worth from the Philippines. In 1895 they contributed $19,000,000 worth to the tropical requirements of the country.

The following table shows the total value of tropical and subtropical products brought into the United States at quinquennial periods since 1870:

1870	$139,500,086
1875	206,758,024
1880	242,383,752
1885	217,734,246
1890	287,716,578
1895	302,594,545
1900	394,590,780
1903*	409,324,302

*Figures of 1903 include articles from Porto Rico and the Hawaiian islands, which are no longer classed as "imports," since both of these islands are now customs districts of the United States.

The following table shows the quantity of the principal articles of tropical production brought into the United States in 1870, 1890, and 1903:

Articles.		1870.	1880.	1903.*
*Sugar	pounds.	1,125,020,049	2,332,820,896	5,076,003,049
Coffee	do.	235,595,574	460,150,150	923,337,228
Silk	do.	2,000,000	4,242,424	54,567,451
India rubber	do.	9,024,098	33,841,374	34,767,851
Tobacco leaf	do.	6,256,640	28,720,674	98,908,446
Cotton	do.	1,483,135	5,456,049	
Fibers	do.	3,000,000	18,276,122	68,301,264
Fruits and nuts	tons.	351,727	820,984	1,494,182
Tea	pounds.	47,409,181	83,886,829	108,574,976
Rice	do.	46,125,329	124,423,111	160,656,184
Sugar and molasses**	gallons.	$29,892,601	$82,915,044	$104,044,099
Coffee	do.	24,294,879	78,267,432	59,930,597
Silk	do.	3,017,958	24,231,357	50,011,819
India rubber	do.	3,450,065	14,854,512	30,597,232
Fibers	do.	1,376,762	11,011,790	31,614,240
Fruits and nuts	do.	7,416,592	20,746,471	24,013,119
Tobacco and mf'gs of	do.	4,181,736	21,716,454	24,415,131
Cotton	do.	21,573	1,292,758	11,776,743
Tea	do.	13,803,273	12,317,493	15,625,229
Veg'tl oils.	do.	2,541,332	3,221,292	11,743,693
Gums	do.	1,228,494	5,697,280	10,594,647
Cocoa, and mf'gs of	do.	418,064	2,859,642	8,255,441
Spices	do.	1,513,126	2,223,071	4,815,125
Co'nt wood	do.	670,131	.....	2,783,679
Rice	do.	1,077,612	2,540,674	3,061,473
Cork and mf'gs of	do.	.....	1,588,767	2,567,580
Opium	do.	1,776,908	1,453,298	2,340,436
Licorice	do.	.....	794,503	1,545,167
Feathers	do.	.....	1,741,383	2,476,650
Inogo	do.	1,203,664	1,827,937	1,202,451
Ivory	do.	.....	909,583	1,396,721
Dyewoods and extracts	do.	1,337,693	1,943,272	1,417,670
Barks for quinine	do.	.....	282,775	549,753
Vanilla beans	do.	.....	559,867	1,022,654
Sponges	do.	.....	5.5,718	540,713
Sago, tap - ioca, etc..	do.	388,621	1,105,746	618,221
Total		$39,800,086	$97,716,578	409,324,302

*The figures for 1903 include articles from Porto Rico and the Hawaiian Islands.

**Cane sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, only, and molasses.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

NEW METHODIST RULE.

Term of Probation Reduced to Three Months.

Muscatine, Iowa, Sept. 14.—Believing that thousands of souls would be saved and that the Methodist church would reap a consequent harvest in membership, the lay delegates to the annual meeting of the Iowa conference adopted a resolution reducing the term of probation for members from six to three months.

The resolution as introduced to the gathering, aside from reducing the probationary period, also provided that "in extreme cases the term of probation be dispensed with." This caused a heated debate, and when a vote was taken on the resolution it was overwhelmingly defeated. Then the question of reducing the probation period was voted on and carried without a dissenting voice.

Members of the conference say that Methodism has lost untold numbers because of the stringent rules of the church which have heretofore not allowed a convert to be received into full membership for fully half a year. They say that other churches are not nearly so strict and that in consequence the Methodist church has lost ground, where by the exercise of slightly more leniency she could have strengthened herself.



This Shield on the Box

Don't ask for a mantle —ask for a Genuine Welsbach with the Shield of Quality on the box. Five kinds— 15, 20, 25, 30, 35 cents. All Dealers.

29

SALES OF LUMBER

Buyers Are Few and Little Stuff Is Being Sold.

One Fairly Large Sale—Pulp and Cedar to Be Active.

Lumber sales are quite scarce at the present time in the local market and comprise mostly small lots. Buyers have not been plenty at the head of the lake for some weeks and it is claimed that the tendency of those who have been looking for stocks is rather bearish to current prices. So far as can be learned prices vary but little. Local contractors are paying 50 cents a thousand more for long timbers now, although the supply seems to be ample.

The largest of the recent sales was that of 2,500,000 feet of the September cut of Alger, Smith Company. The sale was mostly of lower grade lumber.

Duluth lumber interests are making notable increases in their Pacific coast timber holdings and it will not be many years before milling concerns whose names have been familiar in Duluth for a long time past will be heard of in the far Northwestern lumber manufacturing circles. The W. C. McClure interests are said to have about 700,000,000 feet, the Merrill & Ring Company has about 1,000,000,000 feet, while other Duluth companies own as high as 500,000,000 feet. Duncan & Brewer own large Western pine tracts as well as considerable yellow pine in the South. The North Land Lumber company has also been a large investor in Western timber.

The Scofield interests have been buying large holdings in Idaho. Among the local manufacturing institutions to leave this locality next will be the Merrill & Ring company, which, when it completes its cut here within the next few years, will begin operations at the coast.

Pulp and cedar dealers are anticipating a brisk business this coming winter and are preparing for a good trade. The cedar stock is plenty, but the pulp shipments fell off this year from what they have been in former years. If the winter is favorable for this class of logging this winter it is likely that a great deal of it will be done on the north shore and in the interior.

C. E. Seelyn has purchased about 25,000,000 feet of standing pine in the vicinity of Dewey Lake in the northwestern part of St. Louis county. The timber is to be logged this coming winter. It is reported that some St. Paul men are about to establish a factory just east of Iron River, Wis., for the distillation of tar and turpentine from pine and norway stumps. The project is said to have profitable possibilities.

The St. Louis River Dam & Improvement company has rebuilt the wing of the dam that was washed out last spring and now has about a nine-foot head of water. This will facilitate the late fall log supply at the Cloquet mills.

All five of the Cloquet mills are sawing full time now. Shipments are lively and there is a great demand at that point for cars. The Eastern shipments are made via Duluth. About 800,000 feet were shipped last week for Tonawanda and Buffalo.

William Kaiser, of Muscatine, Ia., has purchased a large quantity of logs in the Leech lake region to be taken by rail to Stillwater. John Nelson, a Stillwater logger, has a crew of 35 men building camps in northern Wisconsin to cut some 7,000,000 to 8,000,000 feet.

When the steamer North West made its last trip of the season to Duluth last week it brought 150 people who were the guests of the Robert H. Jenks Lumber company, of Cleveland. The company has made a practice for years of giving an annual excursion to its customers and employes.

The Empire Lumber company, of Winona, which owns and operates the St. Croix & Duluth Logging road, through its timber holdings in Douglas county, Wis., has recently purchased 80,000,000 feet of additional stumpage adjoining its holdings, from the Edward Hines Lumber company. The pine is in the Weyerhaeuser tract which the Hines company bought about two years ago. The consideration in the last sale is said to have been $620,000. It is rumored that the Empire company will purchase the other 20,000,000 feet before the deal is closed. The entire Weyerhaeuser tract comprises about 300,000,000 feet and the Hines Lumber company has built a logging road through a large part of it.

The Empire company will send its logs over its own road to the St. Croix river, where they will be floated down to the mills below.

TALK ABOUT EDUCATION

Opening of Schools Inspires Utterances of Many Pastors.

"Education" was the theme chosen by many of the pastors of the city churches for their sermons yesterday, and words of encouragement and advice to the school children and teachers of the city were delivered from many pulpits.

The occasion of the commencement of a new year's work by 12,960 children of the city was the event which inspired the numerous sermons along this line.

At the First Methodist church, Rev. Samuel P. Long delivered an eloquent address last evening on "Our Schools and Teachers."

At the Endion Methodist church, Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., chose for his text "Education" and traced the development of modern educational methods, and their effect on society, in a masterly manner.

At the First Baptist church, the pastor, Rev. S. C. Davis, delivered a special sermon to young people on the desirability of a good education, and in nearly all the churches of the city some reference was made to the opening of the schools.

Two other services of special interest were the two services conducted by Commander A. V. Wadhams of the United States navy, who is here in charge of a recruiting party.

In the afternoon he spoke at the Y. M. C. A. on "Some Elements of Success." The successful life, he said, was the useful life. His address was listened to by a large audience of young men, who were much impressed by the earnestness and forcefulness of the speaker's remarks.

In the evening he spoke at the Pilgrim Congregational church on "Foreign Missions from a Naval Officer's Standpoint" and paid a warm tribute to the work of the American missionaries in foreign countries.

Eczema

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales!

Some people call it tetter, milk crust or salt rheum.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense; local applications are resorted to—they mitigate, but cannot cure.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic. Price 25 cents.

LOUDEN IS ARRESTED

Taken In Portland on Charge of Land Frauds Here.

Word was received in Duluth Saturday afternoon of the arrest of Robert Louden, in connection with the alleged land office frauds recently exposed by the federal grand jury.

Mr. Louden was arrested on the streets of Portland, Saturday, by United States Marshal Roberts, on a warrant charging him with conspiracy to defraud the United States government out of certain government lands in St. Louis county.

Mr. Louden was indicted with a number of others, among whom were Ross L. Mahon, Charles P. Maginnis, George C. Swallow, L. J. Hopkins, A. L. Again and Svend Olson.

When arrested, Mr. Louden declared his innocence of any such crime, and furnished bonds of $500 for his appearance before United States Commissioner McKee, of Portland, this morning.

As the result of the hearing before the United States commissioner this morning Mr. Louden will be compelled to furnish bonds for his appearance at the fall term of the United States district court in Duluth, which convenes in October.

The other men who have been indicted are under bonds to appear for trial at the same time.

LANGTON'S NEW DEAL

Details of His New Hotel Enterprise In New York.

The New York Herald of Wednesday gives the details of the deal whereby John H. Langton, formerly clerk of the Spalding in Duluth, is to open a new Spalding hotel in New York. The news as published by The Herald last Thursday. The New York paper's account is as follows:

John H. Langton, manager of the Hotel Victoria, leased the new Hotel Spalding, at Nos. 127 to 135 West Forty-third street for twenty-one years, through Alfred C. Meyrke. The rental is to be a net one, and will amount to $55,000 for five years, $57,500 for the next two years, and $90,000 for the next five years. This will mean $1,050,000 for the first twelve years, and the rental for the remaining term of nine years will be fixed by arbitration, the minimum possible being $92,000. It is expected, however, to run higher, and Mr. Langton said last night that he calculated he might have to pay $2,000,000 all told.

The Spalding is a transient and family hotel, now being completed. It is built in the Renaissance style, occupies about five lots and contains 275 sleeping apartments. The rental will begin in October 1, when Mr. Langton, who is already president of the Longacre Hotel company, which will run the hostelry, will resign his place at the Victoria to take possession. He has been connected with the Victoria management for about three years, and was previously at the Holland and the Imperial for some ten years.

CONCERT WAS VERY PRETTY

Testimonial to Rena Smith —Rebecca Mackenzie a Feature.

The testimonial concert given to Miss Rena Smith at the Lyceum yesterday afternoon was one of the most pleasant events in a long time, for while a well-filled house enjoyed a very charming musical entertainment, at the same time two of Duluth's most talented young women were given graceful and merited ovations.

The concert was given as a testimonial to Miss Smith, who is about to leave for New York to pursue her musical studies. The chief feature of the entertainment was the appearance on the program of Miss Rebecca Mackenzie, another Duluth young woman who has already made a stir in New York musical circles. The auditors vied with each other in assuring both of these young women of their warm appreciation of their talent and personalities.

The audience was as fine a gathering as the Lyceum has seen in a long time. It was highly representative, local musicians and local music-lovers coming out in force. In spite of the rain, there were many handsome gowns out, and altogether the affair was most pleasing and most successful.

The numbers on the program were all gems in their particular way. Mackenzie never appeared before a Duluth audience without deepening the kindly regard in which she is held and the keen appreciation of her talent. She never sang to better advantage than she did yesterday. Her rich, full, sweet, ringing voice developed every detail of the musical themes she presented. The most delicate understanding of the demands of the music, and the utmost capacity to interpret them, were basic factors in the performance. She sang the English version of Liszt's "Loreley," and her second number was equally trying. She responded the the warmest encores with the Scotch ballads that she does so perfectly that they seem to be hers alone.

Miss Smith's beautiful voice was also heard to its best advantage, and her reception was equally enthusiastic. She sang Tosti's "Rose of Autumn," and the aria from Traviata. These two numbers were admirably chosen to bring out the full possibilities of her voice, and her performance gave promise that in her future career she will bring great credit to the city that turned out in her honor yesterday.

George Tyler sang two difficult numbers, and his reception was splendid. Marx E. Orberndofer gave two piano numbers in his best manner, and he, also, came in for a flattering reception. Mrs. Fred G. Bradbury and Miss Olga Lawitzsky, the accompanists, did excellent work, and Flaaten's magnificent orchestra made the program an unmarred thing of beauty.

Asthma and Hay Fever Cured.

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma, which are being effected by Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure certainly call for notice.

Rev. G. L. Taylor, of Washburn, Ill., says: "Some 7 years ago my wife used several packages of your Asthma Cure which resulted in a permanent cure."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have been a sufferer from Hay Fever for over 20 years, and it seemed harder every year. The first night I used your Asthma Cure I was greatly relieved. It cured my cough after using a few times. I shall recommend it to all sufferers of Hay Fever." Mrs. Martha Simerson, Laingsburg, Mich.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 895, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE. WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Souvenirs for the children.

This is children's week at the Big Store—all week—and we will present every boy and girl making a purchase of any kind with

A PRETTY PICTURE BOOK FREE!

Our linen, sheet and pillow case sale is a great success and continues this week.



You gave us a splendid business in linens last week, but some of you didn't come. You are losing a good chance at the early savings. We look for you this week because our linens appeal to you this season more than ever. We have more. We have greater variety. We are more surely than ever able to undersell. Attend this sale tomorrow and see how well we please you. How much we will save you.

Table damask and napkins.

90-inch snow white, grass bleached table damask—**for round tables**—an excellent $2.50 quality. Buy it in this sale at only—per yard **$1.95**

¾ napkins to match, at—per dozen $3.75
⅝ napkins to match, at—per dozen $2.75

72-inch grass bleached snowy table damask, new and pretty patterns never before shown, a full regular $1.75 quality—buy it in this sale at—per yard .. **$1.59**

¾ napkins to match, at—per dozen $5.00
⅝ napkins to match, at—per dozen $3.75

72-inch dew bleached and pure white table damask in new patterns—our own exclusive designs you can get nowhere else. This is the best $1.50 quality. Buy it in this sale for—per yard **$1.19**

¾ napkins to match, at—per dozen $3.75
⅝ napkins to match, at—per dozen $2.75

72-inch and 66-inch dew-bleached pure white table damask, imported directly by us and patterns unobtainable elsewhere—the quality that uniformly sells at $1.25—buy it in this sale at, per yard—only **97c**

¾ napkins to match—per dozen $3.49
⅝ napkins to match—per doz $2.49

The dollar quality of 68-inch bleached pure white table damask will go in this sale at—per yard **87c**

The 50c quality of unbleached cream table damask will go in this sale at—per yard **39c**

Towels, spreads, cases, sheets.

TOWELS—18 x 34 inches, huck, red bordered and fully worth 12½ each. Will sell them in this sale at—95c per dozen ..... each **8½c**

FINE TOWELS—Exceedingly high quality and fancy hemstitched towels—size 22 x 41 inches and worth 50c—heavy, durable—in this sale **39c**

Bedspreads at a saving.

These are in the white goods department on the main floor, and we are pleased to announce the arrival of larger quantities, greater varieties and better values than in the past—the best you've ever been offered in white crochet and Marseilles spreads.

$1.15 quality bedspreads for **95c**
$1.25 quality bedspreads for **98c**
$1.35 quality bedspreads for **$1.19**
$1.75 quality bedspreads for **$1.49**
$2.50 Marseilles bedspreads for **$1,98**

Pillow cases special values.

18c quality cases, size 55 x 36 inches, **12½c**
20c quality hemstitched cases, size 45 x 36 inches, **15c**

Two specials in made sheets.

The regular 55c quality sheets, torn and hemmed, size 72 x 90, nothing like it for the money elsewhere—buy them at this sale for—each **39c**

Regular 65c quality, size 81 x 90, torn and hemmed, special for this sale **49c**

Money saving sale--blankets and comforts

The blanket combine is boosting the prices but so far we have the best of them and until they beat us you need pay no advance. So you'd better buy early if you have a blanket need. This sale is your friend.

COMFORTERS— We've bought more in quantity and variety than ever before and can give you exclusive patterns in pretty silkoline and sateen coverings with fillings of all pure white cotton. You'll save money on all of these opening sale prices.

79c, 89c, 98c, $1.25, $1.48, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

BLANKETS in half wool and all-wool, including camping, ornamental and robe blankets—very complete showing includes the Buffalo Mills, North Star Mills and Pendleton Mills and all our prices will be found considerably lower than others.

From $2.50 to $19 a pair

BUFFALO BLANKETS at the old price—check patterns in blue and white, pink and white, lavender and white, tan and white, black and white, grey and white, red and black. Also solid colors with colored borders—

10-4 size 11-4 size 12-4 size

$3.75, $5, $5.98

FLANNELS—Most complete line of flannels and outings from 5c to $1.00 a yard ever shown by a Duluth store.

RANGE BOY APPOINTED.

Chester Amos Shepard Named For West Point.

Chester Amos Shepard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Shepard, of Hibbing, has been appointed to West Point upon the recommendation of Congressman J. Adam Bede. He was 16 years old Jan. 27, and he is to report at Fort Snelling for examination May 1 next.

This is the first appointment of the kind that has been given to a resident of the Minnesota iron ranges, and it is considered there as a compliment. Mr. Shepard was one of the first boys born in the iron ranges. He was born in Tower.

SKELETON ON ISLAND.

Rope Around the Neck and Skull Crushed.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Sept. 14.—A party of workmen on Clarke's Island, in the Wisconsin river, unearthed a skeleton Saturday afternoon. It was apparently that of a person 18 years old and pretty well preserved. It was inclosed in a pine box. There was no sign of any clothing. There was a rope about the neck and the skull was crushed, pointing to the possibility of foul play. The teeth were sound and perfect, but the wisdom teeth had not been cut, proving the youthfulness of the person. The skull was very thin, proving that it belonged to a white man.

John C. Clarke, after whom the island was named, settled the island in 1848. Some years after it is said that John Carsten disappeared mysteriously, and it is alleged that he was murdered and buried on one of the islands in the Wisconsin river.

AGAIN CHAMPION.

Miss Anthony Captures Western Golf Honors.

Highland Park, Ill., Sept. 14.—Miss Bessie Anthony retained the Western women's golf championship by defeating Miss Mabel Higgins, 3 up and 2 to play, in the finals of the Western tourney here Saturday.

Though handicapped by the most unfavorable weather conditions, Miss Bessie Anthony played the keenest golf seen at Exmoor in many a day, successfully defending her title against the "dark horse" of the tournament. Miss Mabel Higgins, up to a year ago, was hardly acquainted with the principles of the "ancient and honorable" game. Miss Anthony, by her victory Saturday, is a three-time winner of the Alexander trophy, which is emblematic of the women's Western championship.

DEWITT IS THE NAME.

The pure unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best Salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. Beware of Counterfeits. Sold by all Druggists.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

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Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Again the doors of the public schools are open, and the boys and girls, after their summer vacation, will resume their studies, cultivating their minds and preparing for the important duties of American citizenship. The public school system of the United States is the greatest thing in the world today. It has defects, of course. There is just criticism of the educational "fads" that have been introduced in some of the schools, but these false growths will in time be removed and better methods substituted. Yet, despite the little imperfections, our public school system as a whole is the best in the world and is steadily advancing, and Duluth takes pride in the fact that its schools hold a place in the first rank.

Today in the United States are nearly 500,000 teachers under whom are 16,000,000 pupils, and every year sees the number of schoolhouses increased, thousands of pupils added to the attendance and a steady advancement in plans and methods. The new buildings are of a higher grade than ever before, and may it not be rightly claimed that they are a factor in the increase of longevity throughout the United States? What a contrast between the well-equipped, handsome school buildings of today and those of two decades ago!

There is no one thing that has so greatly contributed to the advancement of the people of this country in every way as the public school system. It has been all-powerful in the manufacture of American citizens from the sons and daughters of the millions of immigrants who have landed upon our shores, and by the education of the new generation it has added to the wealth of the nation and the well-being of society.

GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

The suggestion has been made that it would be an excellent idea that government buildings in the different cities in the country should be constructed on approximately the same design, so that the traveler in a strange city would readily discern a government edifice just as he would a piece of his country's coin. Since there is, as a rule, but one public building in a city, the objection of having a disagreeable uniformity would not apply. It has been suggested that it might be interesting to have the public buildings of a given period of approximately the same design; then the well-informed stranger could tell at a glance about how long the government edifice that he saw had been in existence. Its lines would convey some historical information. Perhaps for reasons of this kind, but more likely because the simplification it affords to the work of the supervising architect's office, James Knox Taylor, the present head of that bureau, is putting up all the public buildings now in progress of construction upon substantially the same design. In doing this he is following the example of the first supervising architect, Ammi B. Young, who used a very sober and dignified renaissance in all of his work.

More accurately, Mr. Taylor is endeavoring to make his buildings keep within certain limits, but he does allow little variations to adapt them to local environments and peculiar needs. In general his buildings are in a variety of the classical, or renaissance which is a rebirth of the classical style. All the terms relating to the historical style of architecture are rather loose, but in general the term renaissance is applied to any imitation of the classic models that came in after the Gothic. This style thus interpreted affords a liberal range for adaptation to the utilities of government buildings; it also seems to give the character that one expects in an edifice standing for the federal government. Gothic is very unadaptable; so is the Romanesque.

Nearly all government buildings are primarily postoffices, if not exclusively so. It seems to be a peculiarity of the postal business that it can use only first floor space to advantage. In the large cities, however, there is such a multitude of federal offices to be provided for that Uncle Sam has no difficulty in utilizing his upper floor space; but in the middle-grade towns it is oftentimes bad policy to build so low a structure as the postal establishment alone calls for, and, of course, Uncle Sam is not in the business of renting space overhead to other tenants. This greatly interferes with economy of construction, measured by the standard of outside rentals.

There is not much doubt but that the time will come when there will be a great simplicity in the federal buildings in the different cities. It will prove a valuable innovation and will be appreciated by the public.

It is reported that Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont has arranged to present Marble house, the $1,500,000 mansion at Newport, given to her by her former husband, William K. Vanderbilt, to the present wife of Mr. Vanderbilt, whom he married a few months ago in London. Does she feel that her successor is entitled to additional compensation?

Hearing a rumor that Mrs. Nation is to star in "Ten Nights in a Barroom," the Washington Post suggests that the property man will find it necessary to provide a fresh supply of glassware daily.

Before the navy is further increased, would it not be well for the officers to learn how to keep the warships off the rocks?

The Arctic has a peculiar fascination. When Peary returned from his trip a year or so ago he said it was his last, yet now he is getting ready to start again.

Will Turkey be plucked before Thanksgiving?

A MODERN UTOPIA.

The philanthropists of London are to build a city. In it they will combine city and country life with the advantages of each properly combined. In this city there is to be no private landlord, the whole of the land being owned and controlled by the municipality. All the increase in land values is to be used for the further development of the city and the benefits shared by all citizens. This will also allow of the city's being built in a comprehensive systematic plan instead of the hit-or-miss makeshift plan so generally followed. Another item in their program is that under no conditions should more than one-sixth of the land be built upon, and that each city should be surrounded by an ample zone of farming land, as well as having in its midst large park spaces, with the houses facing on broad avenues and boulevards. As illustrating the possibility of this latter plan, Mr. Northcroft, the secretary of the Garden City association, pointed out that recently the London county council paid for a few acres as a site on which to build workmen's dwellings nearly £200,000 ($1,000,000), one-quarter of which sum would be enough to buy 6000 acres of first-class farming land within fifty miles of London, 1000 acres of which would be ample to build ideal homes and workshops for 30,000 souls, with the best of municipal advantages, leaving 5000 acres of land for farms and market gardens, the city being a good market for the farmers and gardeners, and the rest from the farms being in turn a source of revenue to the city funds. At the same time, the large park spaces in the heart of the city, and the considerable expanse of field and hedgerow which will surround the city, will make it impossible for anyone to live more than a few minutes from God's fresh air. Realizing the advantage of a concrete example, they are now arranging to build a city which shall present the actual working of the whole scheme.

"The Garden City Pioneer Company" is the title of a "strictly business corporation, organized for a philanthropic purpose"; that is to say, the preparing of ways and means for the establishment of a "Garden City." Already they have secured a site of more than 4000 acres not far from London. The contract is all signed, but the exact location will not be made public till the formalities of "conveyancing" have all be complied with. Committees of specialists are now preparing plans which shall embody the latest word of science on all phases of municipal life. Architecture, engineering, health, education and domestic economy have each a separate committee, and as soon as they shall report and their schemes be indorsed by experts the actual building will begin. It is very probable that within a few months the dirt will be flying and the city taking shape. One other item of note is the fact that there has been of late a steady migration of larger industries from the high rents of the larger cities of the smaller towns, and quite a long list of manufacturing concerns have signified their willingness to remove their plants to Garden City when it should be ready.

This plan may work. Its promoters are students of the subject and it is possible that they have evolved a successful scheme for a Utopia. It will be watched with interest and, if successful, will prove of the utmost value.

A GOOD ADVERTISEMENT.

Duluth has been the recipient of a splendid advertisement in the shape of an appreciative article which fills a whole page of the Sunday edition of the Chicago Chronicle. The author of the article is Col. F. A. Eastman, of the editorial staff of the Chronicle, who recently paid an enjoyable visit to Duluth friends and was much impressed with the city and its people, and was surprised at the immense trade and commerce carried on here. Col. Eastman has embellished his very interesting article, lengthy extracts from which are given on another page of The Herald today, with excellent views of Duluth and portraits of five representative business men of the Zenith City.

This article cannot fail to be of great value to Duluth, as it will receive a very wide circulation in the columns of the Chronicle, which stands in the front rank of Chicago newspapers and is one of the best-edited journals in the United States. Duluth is also fortunate in having its advantages as a business center and its attractions as a place of residence and for summer tourists so graphically portrayed by such an able and interesting writer as Col. Eastman.

SECRETARY MOODY.

It is evident that Secretary Moody is considerably annoyed by the persistent rumors that he is about to resign the navy portiolio. An interview with him at his law office in Haverhill, shows this: He declined to make any statement regarding a withdrawal, but said, "That story has been printed and reprinted for the five hundredth time, and I am tired of having them come out. The stories have been printed without any foundation at all, and if the newspapers want to print such stuff it is not for me to say anything, as I have no control over the newspapers. Since the stories have been coming out, as they will at every move of a person, I have been wearied by the rush of newspaper reporters who have hurried to interview me regarding something I knew nothing of. I decline to discuss the matter and will have nothing to say regarding the story, and, although, I don't mean to be discourteous, I have grown tired of passing comment on such publication."

Mr. Moody is evidently not thinking of retiring from the cabinet yet, and although his law practice is extensive and he has every desire to return to it, his sense of public duty is holding him in his office, and from friends who are very intimate with him it is learned that he will not resign for some time at least. These rumors are without doubt exceedingly annoying and all newspapers should be careful about printing any such stories until duly authenticated.

Judge J. C. Ellis, a Western Kansas lawyer, has died after a strict fact of 37 days, undertaken to cure dyspepsia. This was three days short of Dr. Tanner's fast, in which he took nothing but water; but Tanner was in good condition when he entered upon his experiment, and it is probable that Mr. Ellis was "run down." His theory, however, must be regarded as justified. The dyspepsia was cured, even if he died.

The Hamilton, Ont., Spectator has issued a carnival souvenir that is not only a splendid advertisement for the city, but is evidence of the excellent mechanical facilities and enterprise of the Spectator.

Seth Low is again the fusion candidate for mayor of New York, but it is doubtful if he is as strong as he was two years ago when elected.

A negro woman died a few days ago in New Orleans at the age of 114. Remarkable to state, she did not claim to have served in the family of George Washington.

A Michigan man has a broken leg as the result of a practical joke, but he is not laughing at it.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Viciously chewing at the end of a half-smoked cigar and with the perspiration forming beads on his forehead a man rushed up to the desk at the St. Louis hotel and, in a voice that could be heard half way across the bay, said:

"Where's Gorking? Isn't he up yet? Call up 223 and see if he is still in his room. I thought the train went at 9:30 o'clock, but instead it leaves at 8:30 and here it is 8:12. Get him up."

"Mr. Gorkins is not in his room," replied Tilton Lewis, the clerk. "You may find him in the dining-room."

"Here, Fred, run up and hustle those other fellows that are going with us. Tell them that they will have to hustle and that we have got Gorkins."

With that the cigar-chewing man rushed to the dining room while his companion hastened to the rooms of the "other fellows" that were going out on the train.

A few minutes later the first returned to the desk with Gorkins and the pair began clamoring for a chance to pay their bills.

They were joined by the other three that appeared as if they had tumbled into their clothes with but one object in view, that of catching the train.

While they were settling their bills Mr. Lewis said:

"What train are you going out on?"

"The 8:30?" asked the clerk. "Why there's no 8:30 train on the Great Northern."

"There is on the time card," said the spokesman of the party. "I thought it was 9:30, but I looked a little while ago and found it 8:30."

"I think that you will find that the train does leave at 9:30," said Mr. Lewis, "The 8:30 is the evening train."

A time card was then produced. After a short examination of its contents the entire party was seen headed towards the bar with the man who had caused all of the commotion in the lead.

• • •

Miss Nellie O'Neil, prima donna of the Walter Jones Comic Opera company, arrived in Duluth from Minneapolis at 1 o'clock Sunday morning and with the assistance of a bull dog and Manager Emery, of the Spalding hotel, immediately began to act unconsciously as the advertising manager.

Should Miss O'Neil lose her voice she will have no trouble in securing a position as press agent with any company in the business.

Shortly after her arrival Miss O'Neil registered at the Spalding and was assigned apartments. As she was taking possession of them Manager Emery, who generally knows about nearly everything that transpires around his hostelry, learned that Miss O'Neil was attended by one specimen of the canine family known as the English bull dog.

Manager Emery is not one to hesitate. He went to the room and told Miss O'Neil that the rules forbade the keeping of dogs in rooms, but that she might leave the dog in the check room.

"What!" exclaimed Miss O'Neil. "Am I to be parted from my poor little pet (the brute has shoulders like those of a blacksmith) in this manner! He is not vicious even if he is muzzled. Come, hold him a minute."

"Pardon me Miss O'Neil," said Manager Emery. "But if I was in a position where I had to tame your doggie or attempt to straighten out the Turkish trouble single-handed, I would face the Turks. After having had a good look at the animal I do not think that it would be advisable to let him stay in the house."

"Sir!" said the pretty opera singer, stamping her diminutive foot as hard as a 2½ inch heel will permit, "I wish it understood that if Reggie has to leave this house I go with him.

"I am sorry to inconvenience you Miss O'Neil," said Mr. Emery, but I must enforce the rules of the house."

The result was that Miss O'Neil and Reggie left the house a few minutes later and proceeded to the St. Louis hotel. There the dog was put in charge of one of the employes.

Yesterday afternoon Miss O'Neil waltzed up to the desk at the Spalding with a smile that showed she wished to declare a truce.

Manager Emery was willing to listen to any arrangement that did not include the housing of the dog.

Miss O'Neil returned to the Spalding. The whereabouts of Reggie are unknown except to herself.

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"This is the first time I have been in Duluth for several years," remarked a man who is more or less connected with mining interests as he looked into the grate fire in the Spalding lobby and smoked an after dinner cigar," and this fire reminds me of a local story."

"A few years ago a few men in this town organized a company for the purpose of putting on the market a punching machine which would register the power a man and in his arm if he dropped a nickel in the inevitable slot before striking.

"The company was capitalized for $500,000 and a prominent railroad official was given the presidency of the concern. I was in for a few hundred dollars and there was an agreement that none of us should sell our stock.

"After a while one of the promoters heard that others were selling their stock and that one of these was the president of the concern. So this promoter went to the president's son-in-law and said:

"'Now I want you to keep this on the quiet. I can put you in the way of making money.'

"He then went into details and the other told him he would say nothing regarding the proposition which included a possible sale of 1000 shares of stock at $2 a share whereas other promoters had been selling on the quiet at $3.

"The president's son-in-law came to him and during conversation asked him how the punching machine stock was as an investment. The old man, suspecting nothing, said that everyone connected with the company was on the high road to prosperity and unconsciously plugged the promoter's game along. The son-in-law bought the $2,000 worth of stock.

"Then came a long period when nothing was heard of the company and it went the way of many companies. About two years afterward the president's son-in-law arrived in town just in time to see the building at Superior street and Fourth avenue West in flames. The offices of the striking machine company was in the building while below was a hardware store.

"There was dynamite stored in the store and suddenly there was an explosion. The president's son-in-law then found his voice.

"'Good! Good!' cried he, to the astonishment of those around him, as the sound echoed up among the hills, 'I have waited two years but at last I have received a report on my punching machine stock.

"The company is still dead."

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William McKay, of the Hotel McKay, has gone to spend a few days on his farm at Holyoke.

• • •

W. B. Silvey, of the Spalding hotel, yesterday returned from a business trip to Chicago.

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Fred A. Brown is at the McKay, having just returned from Siberia, where a company, in which he is interested, has procured what are said to be valuable concessions from the Czar.

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Price McKinney, of Cleveland, of Corrigan, McKinney & Co., is registered at the Spalding. Accompanied by Amos Shepard he went to the range this morning.

• • •

Dick Ferris, who is interested in the Walter Jones Comic Opera company, is a guest at the Spalding.

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At the Spalding hotel: Rev. L. J. Grandhamp, Crookston; I. J. Hirsch, Minneapolis; B. F. Berdie, Hibbing; A. E. Hutmes, West Superior; Richard Ferris, Minneapolis; James A. Robinson, Hibbing; Jesse A. Chase, Minneapolis; F. R. Blanchard, New York; F. G. Jewett and mother, Hibbing; J. C. Kirkpatrick, Escanaba; E. S. Bothwell, Ashland; Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Wilson, Iron River; C. Mackay, Glasgow; Mr. and Mrs. D. McEachren, Hibbing; P. Lefruson, Ashland.

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At the St. Louis hotel: S. A. Anderson, Thomas Sullivan; L. Wallace, E. W. Nugent, R. B. Morrill, St. Paul; F. L. Warren, Cass Lake; J. P. Keller, Sandstone; P. A. Smith, International Falls; Walpole Roland, M. E., Port Arthur; Martin Ellingson, James Knudtson, Madison, Wis.; G. S. Brozich, E. C. Frances, Paul Joceus, M. H. Gruenhagen, St. Paul; M. A. Forinus, Stillwater; O. R. Kelly, Mankato; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; H. D. Jones, Grand Marais; Thomas E. O'Brien, Skibo, Miss.; Clara E. Fay, Virginia; Mrs. J. W. Sweet, Cortland Sweet, Birmingham, Ala.

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At the Hotel McKay: Joseph O'Neill, Miss Tessie O'Neill, Cloquet; H. Jarchow, Grand Rapids; H. A. Grant, Marquette, Mich.; J. E. Rowlands, St. Paul; Mrs. Barkow and children, Anaconda; Miss Clara Verus, Bemidji; T. H. Hamlin, Minneapolis; R. J. Willcuts, Holyoke; Miss Grace Polley, Grand Rapids; James J. Bartlett, Fergus Falls; L. D. Manchester, Sioux Falls; J. R. Wright, Hills; E. F. Miller, Virginia.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 14.—Barometric pressures are low over Alabama and New Mexico, and high over the Dakotas and north Atlantic states. Rainy weather continues in northern districts and in eastern Gulf states. Very cool weather continues in states west of the Mississippi river. Freezing temperatures occurring in western Canada, the Dakotas, Montana, Wyoming, and Nevada. The winds in the lake region are light to fresh and variable with cloudy to showery weather.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Memphis	90
Bismarck	36	Miles City	44
Boston	83	Milwaukee	70
Buffalo	78	Modena	66
Charleston	82	Montgomery	84
Chicago	72	Moorhead	44
Cincinnati	90	New Orleans	92
Davenport	74	New York	83
Denver	54	North Platte	46
Detroit	74	Oklahoma	90
Duluth	62	Omaha	56
El Paso	90	Pittsburg	88
Escanaba	68	Port Arthur	56
Galveston	88	Portland	68
Green Bay	70	Rapid City	34
Havre	40	San Francisco	65
Helena	52	Santa Fe	72
Houghton	54	Spokane	60
Huron	40	St. Louis	84
Jacksonville	82	St. Paul	50
Kansas City	78	Sault Ste Marie	62
Knoxville	80	Washington	84
La Crosse	62	Williston	36
Lander	46	Winnemucca	55
Los Angeles	72	Winnipeg	48
Marquette	62		

Forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Occasional rains this afternoon, tonight and probably Tuesday. Colder tonight. Brisk and possibly high northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Tuesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday. Colder tonight and in east portion Tuesday. Frost tonight, probably heavy in Northwest portion.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight, with colder in east portion. uesday generally fair. Frost tonight, probably killing in places.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday and continued cold. Frost tonight, probably heavy.

Upper Lakes—Brisk northerly winds, becoming northwesterly and increasing. Thunder-squalls this afternoon and tonight. Partly cloudy Tuesday with threatening on northern Huron.

AT LONE ELM RANCH

By Thomas P. Montford.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

John Conard, owner of Lone Elm ranch, was young, healthy, wealthy and prosperous. To all outward appearances he should have been one of the happiest of men. He was, however, anything but that.

Back at his home in the East he had met Mary Morgan and fallen in love with her; and, though not a word had passed between them on the subject, he was confident that she understood his feelings and reciprocated them. Under ordinary circumstances there should have been nothing distressing in this; but, unfortunately, the circumstances were not ordinary.

Mary was the wife of another man. While a person may not be able to govern his feelings he may, if he is strong enough, govern his conduct. This was John Conard's view, and he acted accordingly. When he found that he loved where he had no right to love he came out West and buried himself away from the world. He felt that it would be best for them both that he and Mary should never meet again and that neither should know anything of the other. Perhaps in time they might learn to forget.

One day, five years after Conard came West, he rode slowly across the broad brown plain. He was thinking, with his head bent, and his thoughts were of Mary. He thought of her beauty, her loveliness of character and her sweet disposition; and of her hard, grinding life with a cruel, drunken husband. With all his heart he wished that he might have the right to protect and shield her, and devote his life to making her happy.

"But it can never be," he told himself. "Never now."

Before Conard there was an abandoned "claim" with a little cabin on it. The cabin had long been vacant but now, when he raised his head, he saw that it was occupied. He fell at once to wondering what kind of people the newcomers were, and thinking how pleasant it would be to have them for neighbors if they were nice.

Presently a woman came out into the yard and, placing one hand on the fence, stood looking pensively away to the East, her face in full view. Conard pulled his horse up short and stared in doubt and amazement. For a moment an electric shock numbed him, then the blood rushed tumultuously and a great wave of joy swept over him.

"My God!" he cried, "it's Mary!"

He started forward and just then she turned and saw him. Involuntarily she stretched her hands out toward him and gave a little, glad cry which he did not hear. If he had ever had a doubt of her love for him he had it no longer.

But suddenly there came a shock that sent his blood cold. A man in the cabin had heard her cry and had come out to her and put his arm about her protectingly. Conard saw and stopped short. For a little while his face was dark with anger, then it grew white with pain.

"Her husband!" he murmured. "I had forgotten."

He whirled his horse about and rode hastily away. The man called after him and Mary fainted, but, all unmindful of these things, he went on, never stopping and never looking back.

At the ranch he dismounted and went in. There was no one there except the cook, a dissipated wretch whom Conard had taken in and pulled through a spell of fever. Who this cook was, and where he hailed from, no one knew. He had come to the ranch unlabeled, and the cowboys had stamped the word "Chucky" on him for a name and let it go at that.

Conard hastily gathered a few things in a traveling bag and then wrote a note of instructions to his foreman. He had taken up the bag and turned toward the door when the cook came in from the kitchen and asked for a moment of his time. Conard whirled about and said shortly:

"Well, what is it?"

"I see you are going away," the cook replied. "Do you expect to be away long?"

"Yes. Perhaps forever. Why?"

"Nothing. I only wanted to thank you for all your kindness to me. I——"

Conard turned away impatiently.

"You must not bother to speak of that," he said. "It was nothing, and it is all right. I am in a hurry now, for I must reach the station in time for the train. Good-by."

He hurried out, threw himself into the saddle and dashed away toward the little station which lay ten miles distant.

There was more—very much more—the cook would have said, and it would have been of great importance to Conard. It was something he had been for a long time intending to say, but he had delayed because he had found it cruelly hard to speak.

Conard was scarcely a mile away when a man came breathlessly to the ranch from the opposite direction. It was the man Conard had seen with his arm about Mary. As he came around a corner of the building he stood face to face with the cook. Both men started, then stared blankly at each other.

"You!" the cook finally gasped. "You here?"

And the other merely repeated:

"You here?"

There was a long pause and the cook's head drooped until his gaze rested on the ground. In low, hesitating tones he said:

"I have been here a long time, but Conard don't know. He has been good to me. I meant to tell him—everything, but— Well, it takes courage. He is a good man, and I like him. I would be glad to make him happy. But you! How is it that you are here?"

"I live on that vacant claim over there," the other replied with a motion of his head. "Moved there last week." He paused a moment, then added: "So, it is Conard, sure enough?"

"Yes. Have you seen him?"

"At a distance. I did not know, but she said it was him."

The cook's face reddened, then paled. Hanging his head lower yet, and sinking his voice almost to a whisper he said:

"Then she is there with you?"

The other nodded. He stood for a moment silent and thoughtful, then he said:

"The past is a thing of the past and it must not be revived. There shall be no step backward—no undoing of that which is done. You had your chance, and you failed; and it was all your own fault. You should understand it so."

"I do," the cook murmured. "God alone knows how well I understand it."

"I am glad you see it so," the other replied. "It might have been better if you had seen it so years ago. But all that is of the past. All I have to say now is that she must not be disturbed."

"She shall never be disturbed—by me."

"And she must never see you again."

"She never shall."

"She is free. You have no right now."

"I know."

There was a long pause, then the cook added:

"But about Conard? Does she still—care for him?"

"Yes. I came to see him to explain. Where is he?"

"He has gone."

"Gone? Where?"

"I don't know. He said he was going away. Perhaps forever."

The other turned aside with bowed head, his heart heavy with disappointment. The cook watched him for a moment in silence, then, with an air of greater manliness than he had ever shown, he said:

"Her happiness shall not be further wrecked. Conard shall know and come back."

"But, how?" the other asked.

"I will follow and tell him."

"You!"

"Yes. Great heavens, man, don't you know I love her? I——"

He tore himself abruptly away and ran out to the corral. Five minutes later he emerged on horseback and set off across the prairie in the direction Conard had gone. It was ten miles to the station and only an hour till train time, so there was no time to lose.

During that ride he recalled many things of the past. He saw himself a young man again, with a promising future, making ardent love to a young and beautiful girl. He recalled an evening in June, when, with the roses in bloom about him, he said she had plighted troth, and sealed the sweet compact with their first kiss. Then there was that day when they had stood together before the old minister and had been made one. How he had thought that event the crowning one of all earthly bliss!

Then he thought of all that had happened since. Of his falling into dissolute habits, his neglect of the woman he had promised to cherish, and, worse still, his striking her and driving her out into the night.

Then he thought of what he was doing at that moment, and, with a groan of heart-wrung anguish he cried:

"For her sake! For her sake!"

As he galloped into the little town and down its one street he saw Conard standing in front of the station and the train pulling up. Springing from his horse he ran along the platform and, just as Conard was stepping on the train, laid his hand on his shoulder.

"Don't go," he panted. "She wants you—here."

Conard turned and stared inquiringly at the cook. The train moved on without him. "She." To him that could mean but one person in all the world. After awhile he said eagerly:

"What do you mean?"

"Mary," the cook replied. "She wants you. Go back to her."

Conard grew calmer.

"What do you know of her?" he asked. "Have you seen her?"

"Me see her? Then growing strangely quiet: "No, I have not seen her. But it is all right."

"How do you know?"

"That doesn't matter. I know she loves you. Go to her and make her happy."

Conard's face flushed with joy, then became deathly pale. The other was offering him honey and wormwood, and he was tasting them alternately. Presently he said sternly:

"You have no right to say that. She has a husband."

The cook shook his head slowly.

"You are mistaken," he replied. "She has no husband—not now."

Conard looked quickly up, wondering not more at the cook's words than at the pathos in his voice.

"I saw her husband with her," he said. "He came and placed his arm about her."

"No, not her husband," the cook replied. "It was only her father."

"Her father! Then where is her husband?"

The cook's head drooped and for a long while he was silent. Finally, in low tones he murmured:

"Her husband, he—he is dead."

As Conard rode back across the prairie there was a new hope and a new joy in his heart, but on the station platform a man sat all alone, his life dark and barren, and his heart empty of everything save sorrow and regret.

Looking after Conard, away out across the level plain, the cook slowly shook his head and murmured:

"Dead to her—and soon to be dead to all the world."

The next day a man was found dead on the prairie.

Conard nor any of the cowboys knew the man's name, so they buried him and set up at his head a board on which was carved the single word, "Chucky." Mary never saw him, so she never knew that he had ever been anything to her; but an old man looked on the dead face and softly murmured to himself:

"He had his chance, but he failed. Still, he must have loved her, and down deep in his soul there must have been something good. Poor fellow!"

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

New York Herald: He—Few men hide their light under a bushel.

She—No, you men generally prefer liquid measure.

Washington Star: "Your daughter plays some very difficult music," said the visitor.

"I should say she does," answered Mr. Cumrox, serenely. "Her teacher says she plays things that nobody ever thought of attempting to write."

Philadelphia Press: Friend—Don't be nonsensical! Why do you insist that you're going to die? The doctor says you'll recover, and he ought to know.

Patient—He doesn't know, as I do, that my life insurance lapsed several days ago.

Chicago Tribune: "I guess you were right about Grindle having made a lot of money in the last few years."

"What light have you on the subject?"

"He has begun to kick about the size of his taxes."

Brooklyn Life: "Our air mattresses," said the dealer, "are all filled in the months of April, May and June. That accounts for their remarkably resilient qualities."

"Is the air of those months better than others?"

"They are the spring months, you know."

Chicago Post: "I need rest," sighed the indolent woman.

"But I thought you did nothing but rest."

"That's just it," complained the indolent woman. "I need rest from resting. It's so tiring, you know."

Washington Star: "But I mustn't be egotistical and talk about myself all the time," said Mr. Mincer.

"Don't stop," rejoined Miss Cayenne. "On a social occasion like this any trifle will do to make conversation."

Philadelphia Press: "Rather a clever poem," said the editor, handing back the manuscript, "do you know who is the author of those lines?"

"Of course," replied the proud father; "didn't I tell you my son wrote 'em?"

"But are you sure he did?"

"Sure! Don't you suppose I know his handwriting?"

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: No matter how swelled a man's head is, he never thinks he is of as much importance in the world as his wife does.

A woman is always discovering a new corset that either will make a thin person look stout or a stout person look thin.

The reason a scandal party breaks up late is that every woman in it is afraid to go away and have the others take up her case.

One nice thing about the way women dress is that at a picnic they can sit in a damp place much more comfortably than a man can.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS

Monday, Sept. 14, 1903.

One of our $15 suits is made of checked novelty worsted. The coat is a long skirted blouse, lined with black satin, and trimmed with large metal buttons and fancy braid. The suit has a round length skirt.

Last week our garment department filled so rapidly with the new suits and coats that there's no reason for putting off buying longer. There's plenty of chance for a satisfying selection.

Fall window draperies are ready. Ruffled muslin curtains, ruffled net curtains, Nottingham curtains, cable net curtains, Motifany curtains, Irish point curtains, Brussells net curtains, Madras curtains, Arabian curtains—machine and hand-made—and novelties. Nearly all the different varieties can be had in yard goods.

Outing gowns for men, women and children. See that you get them long and full. We have them at same prices asked by many merchants for skimpy gowns.

Take interstate car to Superior.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th St. and Tower Ave.,
Superior.

SCHOOLS.

ST. JOHN'S
Military Academy
"THE AMERICAN RUGBY"
Only a limited number of vacancies. Address
Dr. Sydney T. Smythe, Delafield, Waukesha Co., Wis.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
Tonight and Tuesday Night at 8:15
The Fatal Wedding.
Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c.
Thursday and Friday Nights—
The Sleepy King.

LYCEUM THEATER.
Saturday Matinee and Night
11th ANNUAL VISIT—
Jacob Litt's Magnificent Melodramic Production—
IN OLD KENTUCKY
A Brand New $20,000 Production, Built Especially for This Tour.
50 Rollicking, Frolicking, Comical Picaninnies 50
6 KENTUCKY THOROUGHBRED HORSES 6

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in
MY PARTNER
First Half of Week.
MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK
Last Half of Week.
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c. Mat. 10c, 25c

Healthy Babies

are usually good babies, and good babies usually owe their health to good food; food that requires the least digestion, least amount of labor by the stomach. The ideal food for infant, invalid or in fact, everyone, is the new table delicacy,



Karo

CORN SYRUP

The Great Spread for Daily Bread.

Pre-digested, ready to be used by the blood as soon as it enters the stomach; hence the food for little folks. Supplies energy, strength, vigor.

Sold in airtight, friction-top tins. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at all grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO.
New York and Chicago.

OUTSIDERS BARRED

Condition Imposed By President on Accepting Club's Invitation.

Sir Thomas Lipton and Party Had Been Invited.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 14.—An unpleasant episode, with a phase of international interest, has been the outgrowth of a dinner to be given next Friday night, the 18th inst., by the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club. Through a series of misapprehensions on the part, seemingly, of some members of the club, an apparent slight has been put upon Sir Thomas Lipton, and President Roosevelt has been placed in the attitude of being discourteous to the British yachtsman.

The Sewanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club has a spacious and beautiful home on Center Island, in Oyster Bay. It is one of the most prominent yacht clubs of the country, being scarcely second in importance to the New York Yacht club. President Roosevelt is an active member of the organization, as are many of the best known yachtsmen of the East, and Sir Thomas Lipton holds an honorary membership in the club. The day President Roosevelt returned from his trip to Syracuse, Coigate Hoyt, of New York, chairman of the board of trustees of the Seawanhaka club called on him at Sagamore Hill. On behalf of the club he tendered the president an invitation to attend the annual dinner of the organization, next Friday night, and at the same time he extended him an invitation to be a guest at the Ohio society of New York dinner to be given by the society some time during the approaching winter. With expressions of appreciation of the courtesy shown him by the invitations, the president informed Mr. Hoyt that he felt obliged to decline them. He had declined many similar invitations, and felt, therefore, that it would not be fair to all of his friends to accept those tendered by Mr. Hoyt. Mr. Hoyt was insistent, however, that he should attend the yacht club dinner, and the president, after being assured that it was to be purely "a neighborly affair," consented to be present for a short time. He expressly stipulated that it was not to be a formal function, to be attended by guests outside of the club, that it was to be simply a dinner of the club members. Mr. Hoyt readily acquiesced in the president's suggestion.

Subsequently Secretary Loeb, having learned that Sir Thomas Lipton and members of his party now sojourning in the United States probably would be guests at the dinner, inquired of Mr. Hoyt if they were to be in attendance. He told Mr. Hoyt that, under the agreement made, if there were to be other guests the president would feel obliged to decline the invitation extended to him. He informed Mr. Hoyt that the president was obliged to insist that the dinner be what he was assured it would be—"purely a neighborly affair."

Last Friday Secretary Loeb received a letter from Mr. Hoyt assuring him that the dinner would be conducted in accordance with the president's desire.

Today at the club house of the Seawanhaka organization on Center Island, Secretary Francis G. Stewart of New York felt inclined to assume a part of the blame for the unpleasantness which had developed. He said at the New York Yacht club a few nights ago he had asked Sir Thomas Lipton if he had an engagement for the 18th inst. Being assured that he had not, Secretary Stewart then requested Sir Thomas to hold that date open, in order that he might attend the Seawanhaka dinner. He pointed out that a rule of the club permitted a member of the organization to invite one guest to attend the club dinner. His invitation to Sir Thomas was extended as a member and not on behalf of the club. Mr. Hoyt, who was at his residence on the island, discussed the episode frankly. He said that President Roosevelt was to be the only guest of honor at the dinner, and that there had been no thought of having any other.

"We would not for a minute consider having another guest of honor," said he. "The president and I had a thorough understanding of the matter. He did not care to attend an elaborate function for very substantial reasons. Any sensation made out of this matter must be cut from whole cloth."

Mr. Hoyt asked if Secretary Loeb had presented as one of the conditions of the president's acceptance of the club's invitation that Sir Thomas Lipton should not be present.

"Oh, no," he replied, "not at all, not at all." It was said tonight that President Roosevelt had indicated quite clearly his opinion and regard for Sir Thomas Lipton by inviting him to the White House and subsequently by entertaining him on board the Mayflower.

President Roosevelt, accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and three of the children, attended services yesterday morning at Christ Episcopal church. The remainder of the day was passed quietly at Sagamore Hill.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents, at all druggists.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

T. P. Driver, of Melrose, Mass., and F. H. Peabody, of Boston, made the first ascent of Mount Washington in a four-horse power gasolene runabout. The actual running time was 3 hours, 20 minutes.

There is a high stage of water in the Chippewa and Eau Claire rivers, rain continues, and more damage is feared. A dam has gone out on the upper waters of the Eau Claire river. Merchants in the business portion of the East side of Eau Claire are clearing their basements in anticipation of ten feet more of water.

Signor Marconi, who has been in Ottawa for the past two days, had a dinner Sunday evening with Lord Minto at Rideau hall. Marconi interviewed Minister Fielding and some of the other ministers. He expects to start a noverland system as soon as he has had his trans-Atlantic system in working order.

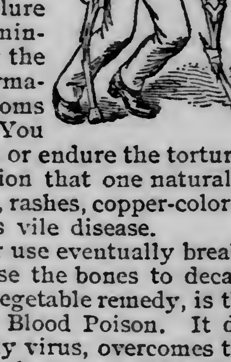
When Sir Thomas Lipton arrived in Utica, N. Y., Sunday morning en route for the West, he was suffering from cramps and indigestion to such an extent that Dr. D. R. Kinloch, was summoned and remained with him until the time of the departure of the train carrying the distinguished visitor. The condition of Sir Thomas for a time was quite serious.

By a cave-in at the Green Tree tunnel of the Wabash railroad in Green Tree borough of Pennsylvania, late Saturday night, one man was killed, two hurt and ten or twelve laborers are missing. Fellow workmen believe the missing are buried under the ten feet of coal, slate, rock and other debris that chokes the tunnel for a distance of fifty-five feet.

Sunday afternoon at Trafford City, Pa., Tony Blier was so badly battered up with beer kegs that he died. Blier had gone for a rest under a cliff just below a camp of Italians. The Italians took offense at the intrusion and hurled three empty beer barrels down on Blier's head, crushing his skull. No arrests have been made as yet.

MERCURY

A POOR CRUTCH.



Experience is a dear teacher, as those who pin their faith to Mercury find out sooner or later. This powerful poison combined with Potash, is the treatment generally prescribed for Contagious Blood Poison, but failure and disappointment is the invariable result. These minerals drive in the sores and eruptions, and apparently the disease is gone and the patient believes the cure permanent, but soon learns better when the old symptoms return almost as soon as the treatment is left off. You must either keep the system saturated with mercury or endure the tortures of sore mouth, ulcerated throat and the mortification that one naturally feels when the body is covered with disgusting sores, rashes, copper-colored splotches and other aggravating symptoms of this vile disease.

Mercury and Potash are poor crutches, and their use eventually breaks down the constitution, ruins the digestion and cause the bones to decay.

SSS S. S. S., a guaranteed purely vegetable remedy, is the only antidote for Contagious Blood Poison. It destroys every atom of the deadly virus, overcomes the bad effects of the mercury and cleanses the blood and system so thoroughly that never after are any signs of the disease seen. Nor is the taint ever transmitted to others.

We will send free our book on Contagious Blood Poison, which is interesting and contains full directions for treating yourself at home. Medical advice or any special information desired given without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FIGHT THE PLAN

Duluth Maccabees Oppose Idea of a State Camp.

They Claim That the Extra Expense Outweighs Advantages.

On Sept. 16 a mass meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees will be held at the hall of Duluth tent No. 1, in the Hunter block, for the purpose of discussing the scheme of a great camp for Minnesota.

On this occasion the entire quota of officers and many members of the different tents of this section of the state will be in attendance and it is expected to be the largest and certainly the most important gathering in the history of Maccabees in Minnesota.

The supreme commander, D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich., is touring the important cities of the state, explaining to the membership the advantages and disadvantages of the great camp idea, and on this occasion will be in Duluth to give any information on the subject desired.

Duluth tent No. 1 has taken a decided stand against the formation of a great camp in Minnesota.

The matter is being widely discussed among the members of the order in the state, and in all probability a number of other tents will follow the action of that in Duluth.

In reply to the argument that the great camp will give home rule to the Maccabees of the state, it is pointed out by those who oppose the idea that the present state organization is elected by the members through their delegates to the state conventions, so that they can see no advantage on this point. Another ground of opposition is that of economy. The formation of a great camp would involve the selection of a great commander, great record keeper, great camp auditors, great finance keeper, stenographers, office assistants and deputies, all drawing salaries. With office expense in addition, those opposed to the plan believe that the cost would be greatly increased to each member of the order in the state.

At present the conventions elect two delegates to the supreme convention, and if a great camp were organized the great commander and great record keeper would be the ex-officio delegates. The argument that the formation of a great camp would give new life to the order is answered by the records, which show that Minnesota and Wisconsin, neither of which have great camps, lead in the percentage of new memberships.

At present states without great camps are directly under the supreme tent, while states with great camps manage their own affairs, though under the supreme tent in a measure. To organize a great camp a vote of two-thirds of the beneficial membership is necessary to call a convention for the purpose of organization. A favorable vote of two-thirds of the delegates is then necessary.

CONVICTS MAKE COUNTERFEITS

Another Startling Discovery Made at Eastern State Penitentiary.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—Following closely upon the exposure of gross irregularities in the cigar department of the Eastern state penitentiary, came the public announcement tonight that the illegal coinage of minor silver pieces has been carried on by convicts in the big institution.

George Vaux, Jr., one of the prison inspectors, gave out a statement as follows:

"Dr. W. D. Robinson and George Vaux, Jr., who are at present the visiting inspectors on duty at the Eastern state penitentiary, made the statement that there has come to their official knowledge that within a short time an attempt has been made by certain convicts now confined in the penitentiary to manufacture counterfeit silver coins. But a few of these pieces have come into the possession of the inspectors, together with the metals and chemicals used, the attempt thus being nipped in the bud. The evidence in the case is not yet complete, but all that has been secured has been submitted to the United States authorities."

It was learned that dimes, quarters and half-dollars were the coins manufactured. The discovery was made several days ago, and United States secret service officers were immediately called in. Their investigation, it is understood, is still in progress, their principal object being to learn whether there is collusion between the convicts and employes of the institution.

It is believed the discovery of counterfeiters in the prison was the result of the investigation now being carried on in the place as a result of the irregularities in the cigar department. These irregularities became public matter last week, and pending an investigation Warden Daniel W. Bussinger and the overseer of the cigar department were temporarily removed from duty and the penitentiary placed in charge of the Rev Joseph Welch, the chaplain.

It is alleged that thousands of cigars made by convicts are unaccounted for; that thousands of them did not contain the internal revenue stamps, and that in many instances the law requiring prison made cigars to be stamped "convict made" was ignored.

SAILORS ARE MUTINOUS.

More or Less Trouble on Battleship Kearsarge.

New York, Sept. 14.—The sailors of the flagship Kearsarge, which, together with the Alabama, the Texas, the Chicago, anchored off Staten Island yesterday, have been in a condition bordering on mutiny, it was learned, for many weeks. By sailors and petty officers on other ships, it was said that when the Kearsarge came to anchor 120 men were imprisoned in the brig because of mutinous conduct. These men say they have renamed the flagship the Cursehard on account of the voluble dissatisfaction continually expressed by the crew. By this parodied cognomen the Kearsarge is known, they say, by all the other vessels of the squadron.

In the recent shooting contests during the maneuvers, the gunners of the Kearsarge scored six hits out of twelve shots, the Alabama beating the record, with fifteen out of sixteen, and every other vessel of the squadron showing a first rate average. According to the sailors, the gunners of the Kearsarge, in revenge for grievances, real or fancied of long standing, by agreement with the crew determined to make as poor a showing as they could. To clinch this agreement some venturesome spirits not yet discovered, threw oberboard all the lenses of the gunsights thereby rendering expert marksmanship impossible. Several of the men on the Kearsarge verified this, though all said that they had been instructed before being allowed to go ashore not to say anything about this incident.

TAKES THE FIRST

Duluth Wins Initial Game of the Series With Winnipeg.

First Professional Game Played In a Year on Sunday.

In the first of the post-season ball games to be played in this city, the Duluth team, yesterday defeated the Winnipeg aggregation by a score of 3 to 2. In spite of the heavy grounds caused by the hard rains of last week, the game was a remarkably clean and fast one and the fans, of whom there were about 1000, were well pleased. This was the first Sunday game of professional baseball to be played in Duluth for over a year, and the large attendance of professional and business men was marked.

Sessions pitched for Duluth against Bemis for Winnipeg, and both twirlers did good work, each permitting but four safe hits. Not a score was chalked up until the fourth inning, when the Winnipegers scored twice on account of a single followed by a couple of two baggers. That is all that Winnipeg got, however, and in the seventh inning Duluth tied the score after some clever base stealing.

Nothing more was doing on the score board until the ninth inning, when, with Winnipeg retired, the locals took the Canadians into camp with the winning run secured by Kennally's two bagger.

The second game was to be pulled off at Athletic park this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The score:

Winnipeg—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Anderson, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Annis, ss	4	0	0	0	2	1
Kelley, 2b	3	0	0	4	3	0
Randall, rf	2	1	0	2	0	0
O'Dea, 1b	4	1	1	11	1	1
Rose, lf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Bradley, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	0
Bemis, p	3	0	0	0	5	0
Rogers, c	3	0	1	3	1	0
Totals	29	2	4	*24	12	2

Duluth—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	0
Shepard, ss	2	2	0	0	2	1
Lagger, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Kennally, 1b	4	0	2	18	2	0
Cassiboine, 2b	2	0	0	2	9	0
Mullane, c	2	0	0	3	1	0
Wilkes, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Brockway, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Sessions, p	3	0	0	2	5	0
Totals	25	3	4	27	20	1

	Innings	R.	H.	E.
Winnipeg	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	2	4	2
Duluth	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1	3	4	1

*None out when winning run was scored.

Summary—Two-base hits—O'Dea, Rose, Kennally. Earned runs—Winnipeg. Struck out—By Bemis, 2; by Sessions, 3. Bases on balls—By Bemis, 4; by Sessions, 3. Sacrifice hit—Cassiboine. Stolen bases—Shepard (3). Lagger. Hit by pitched ball—Mullane. Double plays — Annis to Kelley to O'Dea; Sessions to Cassiboine to Kennelly; Kennelly to Cassiboine. Left on bases—Duluth, 4; Winnipeg, 3. Passed ball—Mullane. Attendance, 1000. Time—1:25. Umpire—McCallum.

* * *

Local baseball fans have already organized a hot-stove circuit and are fighting over the summer games of the White Sox. In order to settle numerous disputes that have come up and in order to settle a few bets that have been made on points in dispute, The Herald publishes the following record of games won and lost:

DULUTH—Won 41.

May 21—Fargo, 5; Duluth, 6.
May 29—Grand Forks, 3; Duluth, 14.
May 30—Grand Forks, 0; Duluth, 3.
June 3—Duluth, 6; Winnipeg, 2.
June 5—Duluth, 2; Grand Forks, 1.
June 10—Duluth, 3; Fargo, 2.
June 11—Duluth, 3; Crookston, 2.
June 13—Duluth, 9; Crookston, 8.
June 14—Duluth, 3; Crookston, 2.
June 18—Duluth, 4; Superior, 3.
June 19—Duluth, 8; Superior, 4.
June 23—Crookston, 2; Duluth, 9.
June 27—Winnipeg, 4; Duluth, 5.
July 6—Duluth, 11; Fargo, 3.
July 7—Duluth, 4; Fargo, 2.
July 8—Duluth, 2; Fargo, 1.
July 9—Duluth, 2; Winnipeg, 1.
July 12—Superior, 0; Duluth, 1.
July 15—Duluth, 8; Superior, 6.
July 16—Crookston, 3; Duluth, 4.
July 20—Fargo, 1; Duluth, 5.
July 22—Fargo, 1; Duluth, 14.
July 27—Grand Forks, 0; Duluth, 6.
July 31—Winnipeg, 7; Duluth, 8.
Aug. 1—Winnipeg, 2; Duluth, 3.
Aug. 6—Duluth, 5; Fargo, 2.
Aug. 6—Duluth, 11; Fargo, 8.
Aug. 7—Duluth, 10; Fargo, 0.
Aug. 7—Duluth, 1; Fargo, 0.
Aug. 11—Duluth, 5; Winnipeg, 0.
Aug. 13—Duluth, 9; Crookston, 3.
Aug. 15—Duluth, 8; Crookston, 7.
Aug. 18—Grand Forks, 2; Duluth, 9.
Aug. 19—Grand Forks, 4; Duluth, 5.
Aug. 25—Winnipeg, 1; Duluth, 4.
Aug. 27—Duluth, 3; Superior, 2.
Aug. 29—Duluth, 9; Superior, 1.
Aug. 30—Superior, 1; Duluth, 2.
Aug. 31—Duluth, 10; Superior, 9.
Sept. 1—Duluth, 4; Superior, 1.
Sept. 4—Duluth, 5; Grand Forks, 4.

DULUTH—Lost 51.

May 20—Fargo, 6; Duluth, 1.
May 22—Fargo, 6; Duluth, 4.
May 23—Fargo, 7; Duluth, 1.
May 25—Winnipeg, 7; Duluth, 0.
May 25—Winnipeg, 8; Duluth, 3.
May 26—Winnipeg, 9; Duluth, 2.
May 28—Grand Forks, 6; Duluth, 3.
May 30—Grand Forks, 4; Duluth, 0.
June 1—Duluth, 10; Winnipeg, 11.
June 2—Duluth, 1; Winnipeg, 10.
June 4—Duluth, 2; Grand Forks, 5.
June 6—Duluth, 2; Grand Forks, 6.
June 12—Duluth, 2; Crookston, 3.
June 12—Duluth, 1; Crookston, 8.
June 16—Superior, 3; Duluth, 1.
June 17—Superior, 5; Duluth, 3.
June 20—Duluth, 5; Superior, 11.
June 21—Superior, 2; Duluth, 1.
June 22—Crookston, 7; Duluth 5.
June 24—Crookston, 4; Duluth, 3.
June 25—Winnipeg, 7; Duluth, 6.
June 26—Winnipeg, 3; Duluth, 1.
June 29—Fargo, 7; Duluth, 5.
June 30—Fargo, 6; Duluth, 4.
July 1—Fargo, 11; Duluth, 4.
July 5—Superior, 7; Duluth, 6.
July 11—Duluth, 0; Winnipeg, 1.
July 13—Duluth, 2; Superior, 4.
July 14—Superior, 4; Duluth, 3.
July 17—Crookston, 6; Duluth, 1.
July 18—Crookston, 7; Duluth, 0.
July 19—Fargo, 5; Duluth, 0.
July 21—Fargo, 5; Duluth, 0.
July 23—Crookston, 10; Duluth, 1.
July 24—Crookston, 6; Duluth, 2.
July 25—Crookston, 2; Duluth, 0.
July 28—Grand Forks, 9; Duluth, 7.
July 29—Grand Forks, 3; Duluth, 2.
July 30—Winnipeg, 5; Duluth, 4.
Aug. 3—Duluth, 3; Grand Forks, 4.
Aug. 5—Duluth, 1; Grand Forks, 5.
Aug. 8—Duluth, 1; Fargo, 3.
Aug. 12—Duluth, 1; Winnipeg, 5.
Aug. 14—Duluth, 5; Crookston, 8.
Aug. 19—Grand Forks, 4; Duluth, 0.
Aug. 20—Crookston, 2; Duluth, 1.
Aug. 21—Crookston, 12; Duluth, 2.
Aug. 2[illegible]—Winnipeg, 2; Duluth, 0.
Sept. 2—Duluth, 1; Superior, 2.
Sept. 3—Duluth, 3; Grand Forks, 5.
Sept. 5—Duluth, 4; Grand Forks, 5.

* * *

Superior players say it is impossible to win a game in Calumet. They claim the grounds are something fierce—full of holes and gravel—and the umpiring is the rankest. During a game the men are mad enough to fight, but the moment the game is over the Calumet fans take the visiting players in tow, give them a good dinner and a little jollying, and the gang goes out and gets licked the same way next day.

* * *

Mutter, the Calumet catcher, and Curtis, the first baseman for the Calumet team, would make good with any Northern league aggregation.

* * *

Indianapolis, of the American association, has signed Edwards, Carlisle and Shiels for next season. Edwards will probably be the only one of the three likely to make good. He catches a fine game and hits well.

* * *

Breyette, of the Crookston team, will play with Decatur of the Three-I league next year if he can secure his release from Crookston.

THE man who—
Has brains inside of his head,
And a GORDON hat on top of his head is well equipped.
The GORDON hat gives to him a certain style that is prepossessing.
The brains teach him to buy GORDON hats.
GORDON hats are worth $5 as far as style is concerned. (You can see that for yourself.)
GORDON hats have $5 full value in wearing qualities. (The name GORDON means truth in the hat-world.)

BASEBALL.

Saturday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Pittsburg, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
Cincinnati, 8; Boston, 5.
Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 6.
New York, 4; St. Louis, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia, 5; Washington, 3.
Boston, 10; New York, 1.
St. Louis, 11; Chicago, 0.
Cleveland, 8; Detroit, 2.
Cleveland, 4; Detroit, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
Indianapolis, 4; Louisville, 2.
Toledo, 7; Columbus, 5.
St. Paul-Milwaukee, rain.
Minneapolis-Kansas City, rain.

Sunday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 11; Boston, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; New York, 1. Second game—St. Louis, 9; New York, 9.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Chicago, 2. Second game—Chicago, 7; St. Louis, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Kansas City, 3.
At Columbus—Toledo, 2; Columbus, 0.
At Louisville—Indianapolis, 3; Louisville, 2. Second game—Louisville, 3; Indianapolis, 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	126	85	41	.675
New York	127	77	50	.606
Chicago	126	74	52	.587
Cincinnati	123	66	57	.537
Brooklyn	125	63	62	.504
Boston	125	52	73	.416
Philadelphia	119	38	79	.325
St. Louis	126	41	85	.325

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	123	81	42	.659
Cleveland	128	72	56	.562
Philadelphia	121	65	56	.537
New York	117	60	57	.513
Detroit	120	60	60	.500
St. Louis	124	60	64	.484
Chicago	123	55	68	.447
Washington	123	37	86	.301

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	127	86	41	.678
Louisville	132	79	53	.598
Milwaukee	129	73	56	.579
Indianapolis	132	72	60	.545
Kansas City	128	63	66	.492
Columbus	133	56	77	.421
Minneapolis	130	47	83	.362
Toledo	133	46	87	.346

TORNADO DOES DAMAGE.

Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 14.—A tornado struck the vicinity of Bloomington, in Southwestern Oklahoma yesterday, doing extensive damage. The residence of Mrs. Sarah Carter was destroyed, the woman and her eldest daughter being injured. Two children were blown across a barbed wire fence into a pasture. Buildings on the farm of Frank Allen, John Bush and William Herndon were also destroyed. A severe hail storm followed the cyclone and did great damage to crops.

ENGINEER DROWNED.

Stillwater, Minn., Sept. 14.—The Park Bluff, a steamer acting as bowboat of the Glenmore, one of the Van Sant company's boats, sprung a leak while coming up Lake St. Croix and sank near South Stillwater. Five men were asleep on the Park Bluff, but managed to escape except James Ferguson, of La Crosse, engineer of the boat. So quickly did the Park Bluff sink that Capt. Mitchell of the Glenmont had great difficulty in preventing his own boat from being dragged down also. Governor Van Sant is one of the owners of the boat.

Handy Classified List
Of Duluth And West Superior
Representative Firms

FINANCIAL AND PROFESS'NAL.

Abstract of Title.
H. H. HOYT, (Lake and Cook counties), Manhattan bldg.
THE CONS. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.
UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Architect.
HILL & BRAY, Palladio bldg.

Banks.
AMERICAN EXCHANGE, Exchange blg.
CITY NATIONAL BANK, 308 W. Sup. St. Superior.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Banks for Savings.
DULUTH SAVINGS BANK, 216 W. Sup.

Dentist.
F. H. BURNETT, 303 W. Superior.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON, McRAE & CO., Exchange.

Life Insurance Companies.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.

Mines and Mining Stocks.
DERRIG & GUNNISS, 401 Torrey bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks.
JAMES T. WATSON, Palladio bldg.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG, (Est. 1880), New Jersey bldg.

Real Estate.
STRATTON & HAMMOND, West Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
M. F. BATES, Exchange bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
O. H. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
PULFORD, HOW & CO., 309 Exchange.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Real Estate, Municipal Bonds, Loans.
A. C. VOLK, Palladio bldg.

Safety Deposit.
NAT. SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 1st Nat. Bank bldg. boxes $3, $5, $10 and $25 per year.

WHOLESALE.

Art, Leaded Glass, Mirrors.
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Automatic Music and Coin-Controlled Machines.
PAGE & BATES, 413 W. Michigan.

Awnings and Tents.
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Bakery and Ice Cream.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.

Barber Supplies and Grinding.
F. L. STODDARD, 107 Lake Ave.

Boiler and Marine Works.
GOGEBIC BOILER WORKS, 409 Lake.

Breweries.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.

Brownstone Dealers.
WM. PENN & CO., West Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Michigan.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Michigan.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
D. G. CUTLER CO., Providence bldg.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 430 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

Cold Storage and Commission.
THE VICTOR CO., 202 W. Michigan.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Contractors.
L. D. CAMPBELL & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
MACLEOD & SMITH, Torrey bldg.
WATTERWORTH & FEE, Lonsdale bldg.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., Thirty-seventh Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. Fifth.

Dry Goods.
F. A. PATRICK & CO., S. Fifth Ave. W.

Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., West Superior, Wis.

Electrical Contractor.
McLAUGHLIN ELEC. CO., 305 W. Mich.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Trade.
GREGORY, COOK & CO., Board of Trade.

Flour, Grain, Hay and Feed.
H. F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Michigan.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 20th Ave. W.
THE J. L. ROSS CO., West Superior, Wis.

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PAINE & NIXON CO., 106 W. Michigan.

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ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Board Trade.
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PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.
RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, Bd. Trd.
SPENCER, MOORE & CO., Board Trade.
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WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Board Trade.

Grain Commission and Stocks.
COE COMMISSION CO., 220 W. Superior.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grain and Mill Stuffs Commission.
J. S. RICH, Board of Trade.

Grocers.
DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 W. Michigan.
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STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS, 103 S. Fifth.

Hamm Beer and Liquors.
NORTH STAR LIQUOR CO., 603 W. Mich.

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Furs.
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Hardware.
KELLY-HOW-THOMSON CO., S. 5th Av.
MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Lake Ave. South.

Harness and Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROS. CO., 304 W. Michigan.

Horses, Vehicles and Harness.
L. HAMMEL CO., 300 E. First.

Hotels.
HOTEL METROPOLE, 101-103 Lake Ave.
THE NICOLLET HOTEL, 518 W. Sup.

Ice Dealers.
EAST END ICE CO., 21st Ave. and lake.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Iron, Semi-Steel and Brass Castings and Machinery.
SUPERIOR IRON WORKS, Superior, Wis.

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NELSON BROS., 2101 W. Superior.

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LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 808 E. 2nd.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Superior.
TROY STEAM LAUNDRY, 22 E. Superior.
YALE LAUNDRY, 30-32 E. First.

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Lithographers and Printers.
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Mill Work and House Material.
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BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

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Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. First.

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AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.
FARRELL & TURNBULL, 125 E. Sup.

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STROTHMAN IRON CO., Superior, Wis.

Produce Commission Merchants.
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
GAMBLE-ROBINSON-SHELDON CO., 210 W. Michigan.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS. THOMPSON CO., 126 W. Mich.

Sash, Doors, Office Fixtures.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., West Superior, Wis.

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CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
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WHITNEY BROS., West Superior, Wis.

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Candies and Ice Cream.
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Cloaks, Suits and Waists.
S. BERNHARD, 12 W. Superior.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.
J. GRUESEN, 31 W. Superior. Wedding rings and repairing a specialty.

Druggists.
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Dry Goods, Millinery, Etc.
JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 W. Superior.

Dyers, French Dry Cleaners.
ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, 6 E. Sup.

Florist and Confectioner.
VICTOR HUOT, 223 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

Grocers.
MEDEN & MORTON, 228 W. First.

Labor Agents.
DUL. EMPLOYMENT CO., 429 W. Mich.
NATIONAL CO., (Richards & Birch), 431 W. Michigan.

Livery and Boarding Stables.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY, 316 W. 1st.
TOTMAN BROS., 206-208 E. Superior.

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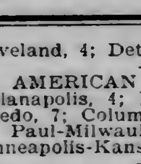
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Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules. A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sole Props.
For sale by L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Agents.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

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The quality of the Buck's Stoves and Ranges is the very best in the world.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

The prices of these Stoves and Ranges are absolutely the lowest possible to quote.

$1 Down and $1 a Week!

This morning our Great Annual Stove and Range Sale began, and we will deliver to your home any **Heating Stove, Steel Range, Cast Range, Cook Stove or Steel Cook Stove** in our line upon the payment down of $1 and the balance $1 a week.

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The Prices on our Stoves and Ranges will be found lower than any other Duluth store handling first-class stoves, and let us say right here that there is no economy in buying an inferior stove of any sort.



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BUCK'S STOVES AND RANGES

Are recognized throughout the world today as the standard by which all others are measured, and hold their position by reason of perfect workmanship, high quality material, beauty of design, ease of operation, durability of construction.

Buck's Ranges.



Buck's Steel Cook Stoves.



Buck's Cast Cook Stoves.



TO PERMIT RAISE

Council Likely to Let Zenith Company Increase Rates.

Location of Poles In West Duluth to Come Up.

The prospects early this afternoon were for a rather dull council meeting this evening so far as any matters of great public interest is concerned.

One of the most important things to come up this evening is the proposed resolution to permit the Zenith Telephone company to raise the rates on its business 'phones $8 per year. It is not believed that there will be any more delay, but it is expected that the council will act on the recommendation of the committee to grant the raise. The matter of telephone rates has been threshed over quite thoroughly in public meetings of late, even though the attendance has not been so large as the measure would seem to demand.

Alderman Mannheim's anti-smoke ordinance will not come up for council action this evening as was intended. Mayor Hugo has taken the matter up with Mr. Mannheim and requested that the measure be not pressed until he has had an opportunity of conferring with some of the large coal consumers in the city and see if some way can be devised to abate the smoke nuisance without the necessity of an ordinance. Mr. Mannheim says he is perfectly willing that any other measure be tried first if its object is the abatement of the nuisance.

The council is expected this evening to close up matters relating to the vacation of certain Rice's point property. The city will refuse to vacate the avenues at right angles to Garfield avenue but will permit their use for slips. The city, on the other hand, will vacate all the streets and alleys east of Arthur street and parallel with Garfield avenue.

The question of wires and poles on Central avenue, West Duluth, is likely to call for some action this evening, though what the nature of that action will be is as yet only a matter of conjecture. The Duluth Telephone company and the General Electric company are understood to be willing to move their poles back to the new curb line when it is established, but it is very doubtful if the city will consent and waive its right to order the poles and wires off the avenue entirely. It is possible that the council will pass a resolution permitting the companies to move their poles back to the new curb line if desired, but at the same time will embody in the resolution an order to take them off the avenue, and making it understood that the city will start a law suit if the companies take advantage of the permission. This measure, should it be passed by the council this evening the status of the legal proceedings in the cases in which the Barber Asphalt company, the city and the taxpayers are concerned, but as Mr. Mitchell is attending the national irrigation congress in Ogden, Utah, as a representative of Mayor Hugo, this matter will have to be postponed another week.

Speaking of the trouble that has arisen over the paving contracts, Mayor Hugo remarked, this morning, reflectively:

"This asphalt contract trouble is a great deal like the traditional flea. When you put your finger down it is not there. I delayed signing the paving contract just as long as I possibly could, in fact it was not signed until late in the afternoon of the last day. Mr. Gardner, of the Asphalt company, and Mr. Powell, its attorney, were present. While Mr. Gardner did not come right on immediately, he certainly gave me the impression by his talk that it would and I signed the contract. Had I not felt satisfied that the work was going right on I would never have signed the contract."

The Progress club dance, Oatka Pavilion, Sept. 15, Tuesday evening.

REAR END COLLISION.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Four persons were injured, one, Henry Wakefield, Chicago, probably fatally, and many passengers badly shaken up in a rear end collision on the Chicago & Northwestern road at Desplaines early today. An open switch is said to have caused the accident, the passenger train, west bound, crashing into the rear of a freight on a siding.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

Norristown, Pa., Sept. 14.—Harry McElmoyle, a Lehigh Coal & Navigation company's deputy during the recent anthracite coal strike, was placed on trial here today for the murder of Patrick Sharpe, union miner, which occurred during the strike at Nesquehoning, Carbon county, Pa. The trial was transferred to Montgomery county by the state supreme court, on the ground that a fair trial could not be had in Carbon county, because of the general adverse sentiment against McElmoyle.

LAUNDRYMEN MEET.

Milwaukee, Sept. 14.—Five hundred laundrymen, members of the laundrymen's national association, met in the twentieth annual convention in Milwaukee today and will remain through Wednesday. The opening session was devoted to routine business.

Announcement.

The public's attention is respectfully called to the opening of Miss Flaaten's new millinery parlors, in Rooms 201-2 McDonnell block, over Lynch & Blodgett's shoe store. Miss Flaaten has just returned from the Eastern market where she purchased a large assortment of the latest creations in millinery. In securing this location, she promises to satisfy the most fastidious, and her prices will be lower than any other milliner in the city.

ALL BUT ONE ACCOUNTED FOR.

Pittsburg, Sept. 14.—All but one of the missing men, supposed to have been buried under the debris in the cave-in at the Green Tree tunnel of the Wabash railroad Saturday night, have been accounted for. Most of the Austrian laborers have refused to return to work, fearing another fall, and their places have been filled by colored men. The debris will be cleared by Wednesday.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Northern German Methodist conference will hold its annual sessions in St. Paul Sept. 23 to 27 inclusive. The sessions will be held in the First German M. E. church, Olive street and Van Slyke court. The conference includes in its jurisdiction all the German M. E. churches in Minnesota, western Wisconsin and eastern North Dakota. There are about sixty preachers in this district, all of whom, in addition to several laymen, will attend the conference.

"A Short Talk on a Good Thing"—
"COMMANDER" FLOUR.
That's all.
Ask your grocer for it.

EXPECT NO CHANGE

Annual Meeting of South Shore Road Occurs Thursday.

Storms Disturb Passenger Train Schedules In the Northwest.

The annual meeting of the directors of the South Shore road will be held at Marquette, Mich., Thursday. Charles Drinkwater, secretary of the Canadian Pacific road and assistant to President Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, will arrive in Duluth Wednesday and will then go to Marquette to attend the meeting. Sir Thomas is first vice-president of the South Shore road and Mr. Drinkwater is a stockholder.

No change in the personnel of the board of directors or of the executive officers is anticipated by the officials.

MANY TRAINS LATE.

The Storms Delay Nearly All of Them.

As a result of the disastrous storm of Friday and Saturday nearly all trains arriving in Duluth were from one to ten hours late. The deluge of water, which in some instances completely flooded the tracks, caused dispatchers to exercise considerable care in forwarding trains. In many places the water washed out telegraph poles and today the various telegraph companies are having more or less trouble with their lines. It is thought that all of the damage will be repaired by this afternoon. The Ontario limited, which was due here at 10:55 o'clock today was one hour and twenty minutes late owing to the condition of the tracks between Eau Claire and Duluth. Saturday's train did not arrive until 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

Railroad Notes.

Beginning tomorrow morning the South Shore road will place on sale a series of low-priced tickets to New York and New England points. The firstclass fare to Boston and return will be $44, to Montreal and New York $36.10, and other points on that bisis. The tickets will remain on sale until Saturday.

The first of the excursions to Detroit and Buffalo over the South Shore and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company's routes left Duluth last night and in addition to the regular train three coaches were added. The next excursion will leave Friday night.

President William F. Fitch of the South Shore, who has been in the city for several days, went East last night on train No. 6.

SWITCHMAN KILLED.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bernard Coleman, a Northern Pacific switchman, was run down by an engine in the yards at Third and Commercial streets at 11:50 last night and died in a few minutes later. Both legs were severed and the man quickly bled to death.

ATTRACTS FEW

Opportunity to Join the Navy Not Embraced By Many.

Only Two Men Secured By Recruiting Party Since Friday.

As a result of the naval recruiting party under Commander Albion V. Wadhams, which, since Friday, has been receiving applications have thus far been successful in passing the physical and mental examinations held at the hydrographic office in the Torrey building.

In addition to the two men who were accepted five others appeared who failed to meet the requirements. The men who were accepted were Thomas Kelly, 301 Ninth street, Duluth, and James Austin, of St. Croix Falls.

They, with others who may be accepted before tomorrow afternoon, when the party returns to Chicago, will be sent to Norfolk, where they will be placed on a training ship.

Dr. A. M. Moore, who conducts the physical examination, said this noon:

"We do not know how to account for the small number of applicants unless it is because of the fact that this is the busiest season of the year and young men have not had time to appear before us. Just at this time mining, lumber and navigation interests are employing all available workmen and the harvest fields of the Northwest are, of course, attracting much labor. We shall stay here until tomorrow and then return to Chicago."

In Chicago, where Commander Wadhams has his headquarters, many applications are received as a result of advertising by posters and also securing the names of persons who might want to enlist from lists sent in by postmasters of small towns within a radius of several hundreds of miles.

CARNEGIE OBSERVATORY.

Tulare, Cal., Sept. 14.—A letter received here from George E. Hale of Chicago, secretary of the commission on observatories, states that a Carnegie observatory will be built on top of Mount Whitney, the highest point in the United States. The building will be 120 by 30 feet, of granite and natural wood.

STEAMER ARRIVES SAFELY.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 14.—The steamship New Orleans from Baltimore, which was reported last night to have gone aground at Hunter's Island, arrived here today. All of the twenty passengers aboard were reported well.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

The Progress club dance, Oatka Pavilion, Sept. 15, Tuesday evening.

BREWING OF BEER

Is Chief Occupation of the Inhabitants of Kulmbach.

United States Commercial Agent Harris Reports on the Industry.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—United States Commercial Agent Ernest L. Harris sends to the department of commerce and labor an interesting paper regarding the brewing industry of Kulmbach. Mr. Elbenstock is stationed at Elbenstock, Germany, and he has the following to say relative to the especial brew of beer which has made Kulmbach famous:

For many centuries the brewing of beer has been the chief occupation of the inhabitants of Kulmbach. Until about 1835 the production of beer in this part of Bavaria was only sufficient for local consumption. The introduction of machinery aided by steam, however, greatly increased the output, so that it soon found a ready sale, not only in Germany, but in every country in the world. The following table will show the increase in the export of this beer during the past seventy years:

	Gallons.
1831	4,335
1851	351,831
1871	1,950,631
1891	11,923,600
1899	19,000,240

The capital necessary to run the different breweries in Kulmbach, with all the side lines connected with them, for one year is estimated at $2,500,000. This sum is spent chiefly in the purchase of barley, hops, malt, coal, etc. Fully 1000 skilled laborers are employed, while the number indirectly dependent upon the industry is much larger. The annual sum paid out to directors, clerks, and technical overseers amounts to $166,000.

The breweries of Kulmbach keep alive many side industries. The numerous steam engines of al lthe breweries together furnish 1600 horsepower, while four of them have their own railway switch yards. Over 200 refrigerator cars carry the beer of the seventeen breweries, not only to every part of Germany and neighboring countries, but especially to the seaports of Hamburg and Bremen for shipment to distant lands. The brewing of beer, as an industry, is of incalculable value to the agricultural interests of Bavaria, as immense quantities of grain and hops are necessary to keep the breweries running at their utmost capacity.

The internal arrangements of these great establishments are kept at the highest point of technical perfection. Their proportions will be appreciated from the following statistics covering one of the leading establishments: One seasoning tank of 6340 gallons capacity; three huge malt vats with 3434, 5943, and 6868 gallons capacity, respectively; two cooling reservoirs which will hold 4642 and 5679 gallons of beer, respectively; together with malt elevators, ice-making machines, fermentation tanks, and revolving cranes. The steam necessary to drive the machinery is generated in tow large boilers, each having an extraordinary capacity for creating heat. In connection with these boilers there are four subterranean pits, each capable of holding 27,557 pounds of coal. The entire brewing outfit, with tanks, vats, reservoirs, etc., was furnished by a Munich firm, while the machinery and engines were manufactured by a machine factory in Augsburg. The electrical dynamos and apparatus which rises over the brewery is 147 feet high and nearly five feet in diameter.

The beer brewed in Kulmbach is usually heavy in character, dark in color, and especially adapted for export. The sale of this beer in Saxony, Silesia, and North Germany has been considerably curtailed since 1901. Kulmbach beer is regarded as an article of food in Germany, especially by laborers who work in factories. When better times were prevalent throughout the country, the middle classes, as well as the working classes, preferred this genuine Bavarian beer in spite of the fact that it was more expensive. The present depressed industrial conditions generally throughout the empire have imposed upon the people the necessity of using the greatest economy, and the mild local beers produced all over Germany are coming more and more into favor, not on account of the quality, but because the price is such that these grades of beer are always within reach of the masses. The following will show the difference in price between local and imported beer as it is sold in Elbenstock per quart: Ordinary local, 3 cents; local lager, 7 cents; local white, 10 cents; Munich, 11 cents; Kulmbach, 12 cents; Pilsen, 14 cents.

Deposit your valuables in our new
Safety Deposit Vault
and rest easy.
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.
Capital, - $500,000
Surplus and Profits, $235,000
Boxes rented at $3.00 to $25.00 per annum.
ASK TO SEE THEM.

REMARKABLE MENAGERIE.

Lion Was Stuffed and Hyeina a Yellow Pup.

"That time Barker broke up, an' if it had been anybody else than Barker he'd have stayed broke," said the senior clown, swinging himself to a seat on Sig. Constantini's prop box, according to the Chicago Record-Herald. "I guess I know as much about that as any of you, seein' as I was with him when it happened an' helped him straighten out the muss. Me an' Ali Baba stayed right by him—us an' the elephant.

"It wasn't no three-ring show an' we didn't travel in palace cars. The menagerie was the elephant, two mangy camels, a spotted hyena, a box of snakes, a job lot of monkeys an' a stuffed lion. The lion was alive when we started out, but he was so old he'd lost his teeth an' he roared kinder cracked, like a kid when his voice is breakin'. He'd start out quite ferocious an' blood-curdlin' an' then trail off into a squeak like a kitten with its tail trampled on. But when he died an' 'Tad Fletcher stuffed him a-lyin' down with his nose on his forepaws he looked awe-inspirin'.

"Sometimes the rubes would say to Barker, 'Prod him up an' make him perform.' And Barker'd say, 'I'd be glad to do it, gents, but I'm afraid it would injer his digestion. He eat his trainer at the last stoppin' place an' he's sleepin' it off now. When he takes a heavy meal like that the only thing that wakes him is to twist his tail good an' hard, an' to give you the straight goods, I'm delerket about undertakin' the job. Not that I'm afraid,' he says, 'but the doctor says that too much meat is bad for him.

"There was a sacred Hindoo cow from the wilds of Madras, too—the only one in captivity. Barker had an extension put on her horns after he bought her from a farmer near Wichita, and Tad, the handy man, fixed her up with a peach of a hump an' a tassel to her tail that was a wonder. It certainly was the bummest menagerie I ever associated with. It wasn't much wonder Barker broke up, although if he hadn't had a streak of bad luck he'd probably have pulled through. As it was, he didn't come out so bad, but then I take some of the credit for that. Then there was the elephant and Ali Baba."

"Who was Ali Baba?" asked the performing seal director.

"Ali Baba was a gentleman from Injer, imported at vast expense to take charge of the edgercation of the elephant an' act as his valley de chamber an' interpreter. They slep' together at night and I often used to wonder what would become of Ali if his pardner had a bad dream and rolled over on him. His right name wasn't Ali Baba, but Barker called him that for short."

"Well, how about Barker?" suggested the equestrienne marvel, who was darning a sock as she listened. "You say you know just how it happened."

"If I don't know, who does?" said the senior clown. "I tell you, I was with the show from start to finish. When Tad Feltcher took sick an' quit us it was me that put the spots on the hyena an' they'd have stayed put if he hadn't got into a fight with another dog an' got the hose turned on him. I had my troubles allaying public suspicion after that little incident. Yes, the monkeys was genuine, but that didn't satisfy everybody. I remember one day after the show was over a little guy, very cleanshaved an' slick with a plug hat an' gold specs, come up to Barker.

"'Are you the proprietor of this here circus?' he says.

"'I am,' says Barker. 'I trust that you have enjoyed the performance.'

"'The performance was in many respec's remarkable,' says the little stiff. 'The side-splittin', mirthful, laughter-provokin' act of the celebrated clown—' Well, never mind about that. Anyway, he my stunt had given him pleasure. 'But,' he says, 'I must complain of a marked discrepancy between the actualities of the exhibition an' the deloosive pictorial representations displayed on the dead walls of our little city.'

"'Is that so?' says Barker, kinder sarcastic.

"'Yes, sir,' says the little guy. 'Where is your "ferocious man-eating chimpanzee of the African jungle"—the same which is showed tearing up a banyan tree with one hand while abductin' a beauteous savage maiden with the other, in the face of a terrified but infuriated native population?'

"'Oh him,' says Barker. 'I guess he just stepped around the corner to get a drink.' The snakes—'

"'Say,' interrunted the prestidigitator, 'did we understand you to observe that you knew something about the circumstances of Barker's alleged bankruptcy in the early fall of '81?'

"'Yes,' said the senior clown. 'But there is confidence that must not be violated. Besides which, it's time for me to dress.' Then he went away.

"'You shouldn't have interrupted him,' said the performing-seal director.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 20 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.



Before you go home

"Just get The Delineator"

WITH the issuance of the October number, now on the news-stands, is answered squarely the question of supremacy among the magazines for woman and home.

In your selection of a magazine you may choose from two classes—those you need and those you read for recreation—or else you take THE DELINEATOR and combine both. If the word "necessary" is susceptible of a superlative, THE DELINEATOR is beyond all question the "most necessary" of all the magazines published for Woman.

Nine hundred thousand families proved this to be so last month; and each month brings its new thousands of members into the ever-growing DELINEATOR FAMILY.

Among the fashions it is the "most necessary" because it is all the fashion magazines in one, with their mistakes eliminated—their exaggerations corrected, and the really successful novelties stamped with the seal of authoritative approval—for if it is pictured in THE DELINEATOR it is "good form." It is equally the "most necessary" in the Nursery, in the Sewing-Room, in the Kitchen—throughout the whole house and out of doors in city and in country.

THE PARTIAL LIST OF CONTENTS BELOW
can only hint at the interest underlying every line:

The Evolution of a Club Woman, by Agnes Surbridge, begins in this number. It is an autobiography and is the predicted success of the year. ¶ J. C. Hemment, the world-famed camera expert, begins one of the most remarkable series of photographic articles ever presented. They relate to his personal adventures at home and in foreign lands. ¶ The Silent Partner, by Lynn Roby Meekins; A Florida Cracker, by Virginia Frazer Boyle, are prominent among the fiction features, while the departments are fuller than usual of good things, with especial interest centring in the children's pages.

If the "most necessary" of the magazines for Woman is that one which helps most in every hour of "her" day and brings its after-hour of fascinating leisure-reading when the day is over, then, surely, "JUST GET THE DELINEATOR." Of your newsdealer or any Butterick agent at Fifteen Cents a copy, or of the publishers, One Dollar for an entire year.

Of your newsdealer or any Butterick agent, or of the publishers at 15 cents a copy, or one dollar for the entire year.

WE ARE AGENTS
For the Butterick Publishing Co.
October Delineator Now In Stock
at the Pattern Counter.

Freimuth's

DULUTH IS UNIQUE

Says Col. F. A. Eastman In Article In Chicago Chronicle.

Natural Features Here Not Seen In Any Other City.

The Chicago Chronicde of Sunday containel a full page article on Duluth written by Col. F. A. Eastman, edtitorial writer of the Chronicle, who was recently visiting friends here. The article is accompanied by a view of the city from the hilltop, another view showing the wholesale district in the foreground and by pictures of T. F. Cole, A. M. Marshall, A. D. Thomson, A. B. Wolvin and J. L. Washburn as represetnative of Duluth's prominent men. Col. Eastman says:

The traveler on his vacation, who for the first time comes to any town that possesses unusual attractions of whatever nature, his purpose being to sojourn there for a few days, does well if he directs his first steps toward ascertaining the exact lay of the land and the fixing in his mind the several points of the compass. And what it is well to do in cases of this sort must by no means be neglected where the place newly visited is a city of a considerable size and, on all accounts, of decided interest. Duluth certainly is such a city, and it merits and requires to be studied preliminarily by the person who would rightly view and fairly estimate its principal objects of note. Not otherwise can such a person be prepared to view Duluth's huge industrial plants, the numerous steamboats of almost ocean build in its harbor and the immense extent of traffic docks, piled high with various ores, with lumber and coals, together with its mountainous grain elevators. Nor are the noble buildings for public uses, the many attractive stores and substantial banking structures and the hundreds of handsome—some are of stately appearance—dwelling houses to be omitted from this catalogue of the principal objects of interest created by man in the "Zenith City." There besides are seen natural features which truly are magnificent, the like of which are not within the limits of any other city in this country. Manifestly to have a satisfactory view of all the natural features and of these industrial and commercial objects by one who has but a fw days to devote to the purpose were impossible unless upon a definite system of investigation.

FIGURES OF BUSINESS.

After dealing with the city's geographical location and its topography, Col. Eastman deals with the business of the port, saying:

I have applied to Capt. D. D. Gillard, of the United States engineer office here for official information as to the amount of commerce done at this port. "I can only give you," he replied, "the figures for the year 1902. The total of vessel freight arrived and departed in that year was 17,505,761 tons, valued at $194,444,695. The increase during the year was 35 per cent.

"These figures are for Duluth-Superior harbor; how are results to be apportioned between the two cities?"

"I have not the data at hand for going into that branch of the subject."

"What is the rank of Duluth-Superior harbor compared with the other great harbors of the country?"

"It is impossible to give exact figures of the marine commerce of the principal ports of the United States for comparison with the Duluth-Superior harbor, for the reason that at the ocean ports no record is kept of domestic tonnage at the custom houses, whereas at the great lakes a record is kept of the total marine commerce, both foreign and domestic. In the principal ocean ports of the United States the tonnage of the local and coastwise marine commerce is several times greater than the foreign. Any comparison, therefore, of the relative marine commerce of lake and ocean ports, based upon custom house records, is necessarily incomplete and misleading. But I may safely say that Duluth-Superior harbor is third in the United States in respect of tonnage. I gather this from commercial statistics furnished by boards of trade and maritime and commercial exchanges to the bureau of engineers in Washington. From these it appears that, based upon annual vessel freight arriving and departing, the relative standing of the principal ports of the United States is now—first, New York; second, Philadelphia; third, Boston, and fourth, Duluth-Superior. Considering the mean monthly freight movement during the season of navigation, Duluth-Superior harbor stands next to New York." Thereupon, as a Chicagoan, I felt as if I had been told to "put that in your pipe and smoke it" for Chicago does not appear to be "in it" with Duluth-Superior at all.

PROMINENT MEN.

One cannot be in Duluth twenty-four hours, if he have fair opportunities for observing, without becoming satisfied that the business and professional men here are more than commonly able and enterprising. And, as is the case in every important city, there are a few such here, who are conceded on all hands to be pre-eminently the leaders in public or semi-public affairs. They are J. L. Washburn, a leading attorney of Duluth and the state of Minnesota, who besides is personally active in many business enterprises in which are invested large amounts of capital; Albert M. Marshall, who is at the head of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, the third largest concern in that line in the United States; Thomas F. Cole, the president and operating head of all the mining properties of the United States Steel corporation. Mr. Cole is but 40 years of age and has worked his way up from the bottom of the ladder, having been in his early life an ordinary employe in the mines. He is largely interested in industries that have been projected in Duluth, and also in real estate; A. D. Thompson, one of the leading shippers of grain on the Duluth board of trade and in the West, who was for many years associated in business with the Pillsbury people in Minneapolis, and is almost as familiar a figure on the Chicago board of trade as in Duluth; A. B. Wolvin, who manages the immense fleet of vessels of the Pittsburg Steamship company and the United Steel corporation's fleet, altogether 115 vessels. He is also the head of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River Transportation company and has large interests in Duluth and other cities. Lately he was made president of the Lake Carriers' association.

The great railroad terminals here, the importance of Duluth as a great distributing point of common labor, the mining industry, the coal trade and the grain business are all discussed by Col. Eastman.

CLUBS AND SOCIETY.

"As regards educational, literary and social matters," he says, "Duluth is not behind any city of the same size in the country. Its newspapers would be a credit to a much larger city." The Commercial club and the Kitchi Gammi club receive notice. Says Col. Eastman:

These two clubs, the one mainly a business organization, the other devoted to the improvement of sociability—though in this, too, the larger affairs of the city are discussed—both in a common endeavor mark the entire community as being united, harmonious and enthusiastic in every good work for the benefit and growth of Duluth. They have, each in its own way, done much to establish a reputation for Duluth as being a progressive place in which the conditions of living are pleasant and satisfying.

In these laudauble and successful efforts the men are gracefully seconded by the women of Duluth. Elegant society here, which, as everywhere else, is founded on the culture and accomplishments of women who are in the best circumstances, will compare favorably with that in the larger cities. It is a delightful truth that in most young cities, where families of evident respectability come in and offer to participate in social matters they are received with less questioning and more cordially than in older cities. And by the same token, when a casual visitor comes along and evinces a suitable interest, he or she is given a ready and pleasing welcome. And if it happen that the visitor has friends who are well known and well liked in the place, then the thing is done. After that if he or she does not have a fine time surely it is her or his fault. All seasons and objects conspire together here to make society thoroughly enjoyable. The very topography of the city, fronted as it is with the great lake and here and there penetrated by arms of the bay or ravined by rushing streams, are inestimable helps to pleasure. The reader will have from some part of the foregoing collected correct ideas of the lay of the land upon which the principal residence portion of Duluth is built.

THE BOULEVARDS AND PARKS.

It rises from the narrow level strip of low ground along the lake side, almost immediately up at an angle of about thirty degrees to a height of from 40 to 500 feet. This broad and nobly marked upper area of the city looks out upon a vast expanse of waters, now angry and now peaceful that are not equaled anywhere between the two oceans. Flanking at regular intervals this commanding hillside and scaling it here and there are well-made roads, which all lead to beautiful or grand spots of nature. One and all terminate in a magnificent boulevard which affords one of the finest carriage drives in the world. Along its entire stretch is more and more varied scenery than can elsewhere inside the boundaries of any city on this continent be seen. By it wonderful parks, which number seventeen large and small parks are made one series. So soon as the crest of the outstretched elevation is reached and the windings of the road begin to be followed, one at every quarter mile or so, comes to patches of ground that receive curious attention for the various trees and shrubbery they uphold and at other similar intervals one peers dizzily down into the black depths of natural gorges. Not all of them, however, have black depths; in a number of them tumble and rush white streams of water, that far up yonder a few moments since fell from that greater height. Such most impressive features have all the principal parks, but, perhaps, the finest of these waterfalls is in Chester park. It is just below a slender bridge on the boulevard; there the full stream widens in a vain effort to avoid dashing itself headlong over huge rocks that are directly in its course. It broadens and one part of it rushes madly in a natural flume, while the vain volume careers adown on the smooth surface of slanting rocks till it takes its foaming plunge. This object of true magnificence is beheld the whole summer through, its waters never run themselves out and they never much lessen their sounding flow. In each of the other principal parks—Lincoln, Lester and Hunter parks—are natural lakes of great beauty and substantial architectural structures of considerable merit. The driveway leading through this wonderful series of parks at intervals runs among dense masses of trees and tangled undergrowths, such as are seen only in the primeval forests, on this line of latitude across the eastern side of the continent. One who years ago passed his youth in any northern part of New England on coming into these wilds—astonishing wilds, as being inside the limits of a large city—has no difficulty in recognizing every variety of trees that formerly were familiar to one's eyes. Once more the pine, the spruce, the tamarack and the cedar are grateful to several of his newly-awakened senses. The deep red column of blossom of the sumac is striking noticeable.

SOME GRAND VIEWS.

At every emergence from these occasional thickets the view presented is extremely grand. Down and off there—down 500 feet and as far off as sight can reach—is Lake Superior. See those half dozen mighty steamboats pitching and tolling in the white-capped waters, seeking and surely making the capacious harbor. And, as it were, a bird's-eye view is had of at least three unique and beautiful parks. The profitable activities of the city below, and southerly stretching, are both seen and heard. Scores of costly and stately houses are within the view, to which are attached roomy and cultivated grounds, where happy children are playing. No, as respects its natural features, there is no match for Duluth among all the cities of America.

The descent on the grandest of boulevards, that so far has been along the even crest of these continuous hills, is effected by a wide sweep around immense rocks, that once were blasted that the road might be built through or past them, and then by a rapid drive down hill to a point where the south and north portions of the city—called here conventionally the East and the West Ends—seem to be separated by natural barriers of rock. But it is only in seeming; streets have been diversely cut through the rock and earth little less solid than rock, and thus a friendly and profitable connection is kept up between the two sections of the city. There are few buildings right here, but somebody owns the land and holds it, believing that some time it will be immensely valuable. I have been told who owns it, when it was bought and how much was paid for it per acre. He is a Chicago man and he is possessed of such great wealth that whether he ever realizes on his purchase or not will probably not be noticed in the final settling of his vast estate.

A MAGNIFICENT DRIVE.

Two hours and a half have passed since, in this instance, this unforgetable drive was entered upon in front of the Spalding hotel on Superior street. There are excursions of a similar kind to be taken from the center of many another city that consume more time, but—let this be repeated—there is none possible anywhere that has the interest and manificence of this one. In accomplishing it not only have the most of the fine residences been seen, but also the thousands of as yet unsurveyed sites of as many fine residences to be builded in the future have been looked upon. On this spacious side hill always will be the homes of the wealthy men of Duluth—their homes in winter and for some portion of the spring and autumn—not all the year round, for the families of the rich in this climate, as in that of Chicago or New York, have fallen into the habit of going into the country for the summer months. Duluthians fortunately have not far to go, as "Minnesota Point," otherwise called "Park Point," which after all is not so much a point as it is a strip of land, lies immediately in front of the city. * * * One favorite excursion is known as "going around the horn"—a launch filled by neighbors or friends will start down bay, make for the real point of the island, turn around it and then return to and through the "grand canal" to the place of starting. Sixteen or twenty miles are thus traversed in about two hours. Parties from the city, too, take this little trip, but there is another that is much finer, a truly grand excursion, that often is taken by many people. It is on the St. Louis river up to the rapids at Fond du Lac, Minn., and is delightfully accomplished in a day or half a day, according to the convenience of the party. * * * Such are some of the diversions of the people of Duluth and such are several of the attractions for visitors to this wonderful city. I have omitted to mention the piscatory resources of the region, but there is not better speckled trout fishing in the world than that which is had here, and sportsmen come from far, even from England, to try their luck in the forest streams hereabout. And I have failed to write of the curative and preventive virtues I am well assured. I have seen and conversed with a number of hay fever subjects, who said that after a sojourn of a few days here they were entirely relieved of their distressful maladies.



G. N. TRAIN WRECKED

Tramp Killed and Fifteen Passengers Injured at Dasset.

Dasset, Minn., Sept. 14.—An east-bound passenger train on the Great Northern railway was wrecked early one mile west of this place. An unknown man, stealing a ride on the truck of a day coach, was killed, his head and limbs being completely severed. Several passengers were injured, but none, so far as known, was fatally hurt.

The entire train, consisting of mail car, refrigerator car, baggage and smoking car, two day coaches and two sleepers, went into the ditch. The day coaches turned completely over and went down a 25-foot embankment.

The train, at the time of the wreck, was running 45 miles an hour and that the casualities were no greater is almost miraculous. The accident is said to have been caused by the trucks of the refrigerator car leaving the track.

The injured:

Arthur E. Hennessy, St. Louis; hip dislocated and internal injuries; W. W. Horn, South English, Iowa, collar bone broken, scalp wound and hip injured.

August Widden, Superior; back sprained and internal injuries.

Charles Conklin, Bellevue, Iowa; arm broken and otherwise injured.

John Voltz, Gliden, Wis.; scalp wound and leg injured.

Frank Nethken, Scoyoc, Pa., scalp wound.

W. H. Harover, Colorado Spring, bruised about head and body.

Robert Boucher, Colorado Spring, scalp wounds and slight body bruises.

E. L. Scoville, Mankato, slightly bruised.

I. H. Miller, Grand Forks, left leg bruised.

W. N. Purdy, Belmont, Iowa, scalp wound.

E. A. Johnson, Grand Forks, slight body bruises.

I. B. Pelton, Chicago, cuts from broken glass.

C. H. McGill, moorhead, slightly bruised.

Conductor G. A. Devaney, hand injured.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

Frightful Death of Two Switchmen at Bay City.

Bay City, Mich., Sept. 14.—Clarence D. Hopper and Roy Boucher, switchmen on the Michigan Central railway, were instantly killed in an explosion of dynamite in a car in the yards at West Bay City yesterday. Robert Rolin, engineer, William Noble, fireman, and John C. Crackle conductor, were injured, the latter so seriously that he may die. All of the trainmen were residents of this city. The explosion occurred as a switch engine was making up a train. The engine backed down upon several cars, the first containing a thousand pounds of dynamite, a consignment of Lee Metford rifles and a quantity of reduced charge shells for indoor rifle practice and it is said that the force with which it struck the explosive laden car, exploded and set off the dynamite. Hopper's body was badly cut by flying steel and Boucher was decapitated, his body being terribly mangled. A big hole was torn in the ground by the explosion, a score of freight cars, many loaded, were demolished and nearly three hundred houses in the vicinity suffered broken windows and several were so badly wrecked as to be uninhabitable. The shock was felt in Essexville, three miles from the scene.

OLD MAN MURDERED.

Father of Senator Simmons Shot and Clubbed.

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 14.—Furnifold G. Simmons, father of Senator P. Simmons, was murdered Saturday on his plantation, a few miles from Pollockville, Jones county. He had been missing since Saturday morning. Senator Simmons, who was in Raleigh and Senator Simmons' son James, who is a merchant in Newbern, were notified of that fact and both went promptly to the old homestead to assist in the search. The body was found near the river. Mr. Simmons had been shot several times with a shotgun. Bruises about the head indicated that he had been clubbed also. Mr. Simmons was a quiet, inoffensive man about 75 years of age, and was generally esteemed. The cause of the murder is unknown. A negro named Daniels, has been arrested as the assassin.

Another account from Pollockville says that Mr. Simmons was killed by an unknown trespasser, who was squirrel hunting on his land and whom Mr. Simmons went after, when he heard the shooting, and that one arrest has been made.

AUTO JUMPS INTO CANAL.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 14.—A twenty-horse power automobile, owned by Dr. John Grant Lyman, a wealthy clubman of New York, while running at the rate of fifteen miles an hour, went through an open bridge into the Erie canal, this city, yesterday. With Mr. Lyman at the time of the accident were Armand Brand also well known in Metropolitan club circles and the chauffeur. Mr. Brand jumped and landed on the tow path, fracturing his left ankle. His momentum was such that after striking the ground he bounded into the canal. Theother members of the party went into the water with the machine but quickly swam to the shore uninjured. Mr. Brand's injured leg prevented him from swimming and he was rescued by his friends.

RELATIVE HEARD FROM.

Joseph Hobeny's Son Writes to Superintendent Cook.

The county poor board has been somewhat puzzled of late over the disposition to be made of Joseph Hobeny, the aged Bohemian who arrived from Seattle several days ago, an echo is recovering at the poor farm from an attack of fever. Hobeny told a pitiful story to the effect that he was taken out of a sick bed at Seattle and shipped to Duluth.

Superintendent A. P. Cook of the county poor board has investigated Hobney's story and found that his story is not wholly true. P. P. Hobeny, a son, who is postmaster at Pleasant Lake, N. D., has written that if he were really convinced that his father needed help and were with him he would make provision for the old gentleman's keeping, but says that the children have the impression the father is making another attempt to work on their sympathy, that he has been a wanderer for years and has kept away from his family.

Superintendent Cook has asked the son for transportation, either to Michigan relatives or back to Pleasant Lake.

FAMOUS CAT IS DEAD.

Frances Willard's "Toots" Loses Its Ninth Life.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—"Toots" Willard, the most celebrated cat in the world, is dead. Over a decade ago he came into international prominence when it was announced that Miss Frances Willard had a splendid Persian cat who bore the stately name of Gladstone. But when the "Grand Old Man" repudiated certain temperance principles dear to the heart of Miss Willard she promptly rechristened her pet and called him "Toots."

When You Say to Yourself,

"I WANT the BEST"

You say you want what we furnish; the best

INSURANCE and BONDS

Manley-McLennan Agency,

Torrey Bldg., First Floor,
Telephone 165.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—

Sealed bids will be received and opened by the village council of the village of Nashwauk at 8 o'clock p. m. on the 28th day of September, 1903, for the erection of a waterworks system in the village of Nashwauk.

For 1, pipe system; 2, pump boilers and water tank and tower; 3, excavation of trenches and laying pipe, erecting pump house and excavating and curbing well. A certified check for 15 per cent of the amount of the bid must accompany all bids, and a satisfactory bond in the whole sum of the successful bid will be required on the award of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Plans and specifications are on file at the office of the village recorder and at the

Office of Thos. F. McGilvray, consulting engineer, 613 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Signed H. RILEY, President.

Attested: PAUL H. TVEDT, Village Recorder.

Nashwauk, Minn., Sept. 11, 1903.

Duluth Evening Herald. Sept-11-14-16-18-21-23-25-28-1903.

THE WESTERN COAL TRADE

Indian Summer Produces a Quiet Demand For Fuel.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—The Black Diamond, official organ of the coal industry, reviewing the Western coal trade, says:

Indian summer the past week in most Western territory has resulted in a comparative quiet demand for fuel, especially that required for domestic consumption, in the face of this quietness there has been comparatively little change in price conditions, with possibly the exception of Western bituminous coal, which continues to gain in firmness. Anthracite coal is holding steady and demand is more or less dull in the movement from the large shipping companies to retailers. In the movement from retailers to consumers there is a more active demand and the tonnage involved is increasing, many householders who have returned from their summer vacations having placed their orders the present week, while orders for small lots have been placed more freely by the transient trade in order that there may be supplies on hand should the country experience a cold wave early.

The transportation situation throughout the West is not yet showing any serious features as a result of the crop movement, which is under way, and it will probably be three or four weeks before it interferes to any important extent with the shipments of coal. Out of the Indiana and Illinois mining regions there continue to be reports of a short supply of cars at times, but these conditions are not as bad as they were a fortnight or longer ago. Western roilers outside of the principal centers are in some instances ordering the movement of coal to them in boxcars, believing that by so doing they will stand a much better chance of securing prompt shipments if there is any concession of freight or shortage of cars and motive power resulting from the heavier freight traffic which is expected the latter part of the present month or the early part of October. As a precautionary measure this deserves commendation and will undobutedly insure more prompt shipment in many instances, as empty grain cars returning from lake ports or treminal points can be utilized to good advantage in the coal carrying trade by the railroads, thus insuring a haul in both directions.

In the anthracite trade the flurry created last week by the pronounced bearish sentiment which emanated from the East has practically disappeared and the principal Western factors in the situation are not apprehensive of the future. Much of this Eastern sentiment was undoubtedly due to a misconstruction placed on the dispatches sent out from the producing region to the effect that collieries were being closed down owing to an overproduction. A careful investigation has revealed that many of these collieries were closed down to make necessary repairs while others ceased to operate temporarily owing to floods in the region which had made it impossible to work in the lower coal measures. The opinion quite freely obtains this week that there will be little more than enough of the prepared sizes of coal to meet the demand up to the middle of winter, after which, if the collieries continue to operate at the present rate of production there may be some accumulation for the coming year as there always is. This feeling is enhanced by the more active inquiry which has developed in retail circles and the increased tonnage moving in that direction. Business thus far the present month from a retail standpoint has been heavier than during the corresponding period in August.

In the shipping trade travelers who have returned during the past week report that demand is steady, and while not over large there is not quite as much stagnation as there was immediately following the advent of the present month. Less "private" coal is said to be coming forward to Chicago and other markets, and while occasionally there is a little accumulation of this coal in speculative hands, it is not attracting as much attention as it did, and is really constituting no important factor in the market at present.

In the bituminous trade Western coals are held very closely to circular this week and with many of the operators in the two leading producing states behind with their orders there is practically no tendency towards weakness, nor is there likely to be with the consuming season such a short period away.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

THREE WERE KILLED.

Result of Triple Tragedy at Edna, Tex.

Edna, Texas, Sept. 14.—Three men were shot and instantly killed here yesterday afternoon at the city jail. Sheriff G. F. Wharton and Deputy Frank Burgh arrested a man known as McCagle, of Philadelphia, on charge of attempted swindling. McCagle was conveyed to jail without trouble, but when the officers attempted to search him the prisoner drew a revolver and opened fire. The first bullet struck Sheriff Wharton and the second mortally wounded the reputy. The sheriff while falling, drew his revolver and fired at the prisoner, killing him instatntly. Wharton when picked up was dead and Burgh died an hour later.

WEATHER MARKET

Unfavorable Conditions Make Northwestern Markets Very Bullish.

Other Markets Follow Very Little—Flax Also Is Very Bullish.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 14.—Weather conditions rule the wheat market so far as the Northwest is concerned, and with the Northwest markets so bullish the others naturally do not show any declines, although they fail to follow the advances in full. The uneasiness in Duluth and Minneapolis is manifested largely in the September options, indicating that there are shorts who must have wheat. Every day of rain and bad weather delays the threshing and shipment of grain, and the middle of September is almost at hand with a movement considerably under last year. Today the Northwest was again bullish under the influence of the very unfavorable weather reports from the spring wheat states, and the Canadian wheat raising country. Frosts, rain and snow were general and the Canadian Northwest is said to be suffering severely from snow.

The bulge in Duluth September was 2c and in Minneapolis 2⅜c. In Chicago the gain was only ⅝c. December in Minneapolis advanced ⅝-¾c and in Duluth ⅜c. Chicago also advanced ⅜c.

The markets in the Northwest ignored all other conditions. The world's shipments were very large and sales of wheat from this country for export very small, indicating that the countries requiring wheat are getting it elsewhere. The Southwest was reported to be selling wheat for future delivery and in general apart from weather conditions the news was bearish, the primary receipts being reported ahead of a year ago, whereas they have been running far below for a long time.

The Liverpool market closed ¼d higher, Paris ¼ to 1c higher and Antwerp unchanged.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth were 232 cars, against 450 a year ago, and at Minneapolis 651, against 810, making 883 for the Northwest, against 1260 a year ago. Chicago received 156 against 46 a year ago.

The world's shipments of wheat last week were 12,649,000 bus., against 8,964,000 bus., the previous week and 10,428,000 bus. last year. Of this week's shipments America furnished 3,045,000 bus., Russia 4,576,000 bus., Argentine 720,000 bus., India 1,096,000 bus., Danube, 3,037,000 bus. The amount on passage increased 3,808,000 bus.

The visible supply last week increased 816,000 bus., and is now 14,166,000 bus., against 22,056,000 bus. last year.

Primary receipts were 1,332,000 bus., last year 1,178,000 bus. Shipments 526,000 bus., last year 1,631,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 327,000 bus.

The world's shipments of corn last week were 4,125,000 bus. against 5,481,000 bus. the previous week and 1,098,000 bus., last year. Of this week's shipments Argentine furnished 2,876,000 bus., America 845,000 bus., Russia 104,000 and Danube 300,000 bus. The amount on passage decreased 1,392,000 bus. The visible supply last week increased 478,000 bus. and is now 6,925,000 bus., against 2,264,000 bus. last year. Primary receipts were 933,000 bus., last year 381,000 bus. Shipments 1,077,000 bus., last year 385,000 bus. Clearances were 181,000 bus. Corn in the Liverpool market closed with an advance of ¼d. In the Chicago market the December option advanced 1⅛c. December oats advanced ¼@⅜c.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was active. September was up 1c on the opening which was at 85¼c, sold at 85½c at 9:37, fell off to 85¼c at 10 o'clock and then jumped to 86¼c at 11:55 and closed at that price, 2c up. December opened ⅞c up at 81⅜c, sold off to 81⅛c and then advanced to 81½c but fell back again and closed at 80⅞c, which was ⅜c higher than Saturday.

Cash sales were 100,000 bushels and prices paid were 1c over September for No. 1 northern on track or to arrive by September 20 and ½c over for to arrive by September 25.

Flax was very bullish. September flax sold 3⅞c up to $1.06, and closed with an advance of 2⅜c. October closed 2½c up and November 2c up.

Rye advanced 1½c and oats ⅜c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old, in store, No. 1 hard, 89¼c; No. 1 northern, 89¼c; new, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 87¼c; No. 1 northern, 86¼c; No. 2 northern, 83¾c; new, on track, No. 1 northern, 87¼c; No. 2 northern, 85¼c. Macaroni—No. 1, 67c; No. 2, 65c; September, 86¼c; December, 80⅞c; May, 83⅞c. Flax—In store, $1.04½; on track, $1.04½; to arrive, $1.04½; September, $1.01½; October, $1.01; November, $1.04; December, $1.04; May, $1.07½. Rye—To arrive, 54¾c; on track, 53¾c. Barley — 40@57c. Oats—On track, 37c; to arrive, 37c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 232; last year, 450; oats, 12; rye, 7; barley, 63; flax, 25, last year 78. Receipts: Wheat, 177,004; oats, 4632; rye, 2926; barley, 52,089; flax, 16,821. Shipments: Wheat, 18,248; oats, 25,631; rye, 11,047; barley, 24,576; flax, 58,136.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 7 cars	$0.86¼
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	86½
No. 1 northern, 4000 bus	86½
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	87¼
No. 2 northern, 7 cars	84¼
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	85
No. 2 northern, 14 cars	84½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	84⅞
No. 2 northern, 11 cars	84⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	84⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	84⅜
No. 3 spring, 1 car	82¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	81¼
Rejected, 1 car	80¼
Rejected, 1 car	81
No grade, 3 cars	81¼
No grade, 1 car	82
Oats, 1 car	37
Oats, 1000 bus	37
Oats, 5000 bus	.37¼
Barley, 4 cars	54
Barley, 1 car	45
Barley, 2 cars	53½
Barley, 3 cars	51
Barley, 1 car	55½
Barley, 6 cars	51½
Barley, 3 cars	53
Barley, 2 cars	51½
Barley, 2 cars	50
Barley, 1 car	57
Barley, 1 car	56½
Flax, 1000 bus	1.05
Flax, 3 cars	1.04
Flax, 3 cars	1.05

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opening Was Strong With Good Buying.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—The opening in wheat was strong with good buying on weather conditions, reports of which showed continued rains in the Northwest, with a killing frost in some sections. December began at 82¼c to 82½c, which was ¼@⅜c to ½@⅝c over Saturday's close. Short covering and good commission house buying sent the quotation to 82⅝@½c, but with free offerings on the advance the price stopped and held at about 82⅝c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 883 cars, which with local receipts of 158, four contract, made a total for the three points of 1039 cars, against a holiday last week and 1508 cars a year ago.

The strength in the Northwest markets a falling off in receipts and prospects of lighter movement because of the weather gave renewed strength to the market thereafter. December advancing under a general demand to 82⅝c and closing at 82¼@⅜c, a net gain of ⅜c, there being a reaction just before the close by local traders influenced by bearish statistics.

December corn was ⅜c to ⅝c higher at the opening at 50¾@51c, the strength in the cereal being on weather. Short covering soon sent the option ⅛c to ¼c over the opening. Buying was general. Receipts, 816 cars, 44 contract.

Corn strength held throughout the session on the prospect of colder weather tonight. December touched 52¼c under bidding by shorts, easing off to 52c at the close, but with no apparent weakness in the tone.

The oat market was sympathetic and was also helped by weather. December opened a shade to ⅛@¼c higher, at 37⅝c to 37⅞c, and soon went to 38c on buying by shorts. Later the market eased off ⅛c. Receipts, 105 cars.

There was only a small early trade in provisions, with prices unchanged to slightly higher. October quotations were: Pork, $13.75; lard, $8.32½; ribs, $8.70.

Close: Wheat—September, 80½c, old, 80½c; December, 82¼@⅜c, old 82⅜c; May, 84¼c. Corn—September, 52c; December, 52c; May, 52¼c. Oats—September, 36⅝c; December, 38c; May, 39⅝c. Pork—September, $13.72½; October, $13.82½; January, $13.70; May, $13.82½. Lard—September, $9.35; October, $8.42½@8.45; December, $7.62½; January, $7.47½. Ribs—September, $8.82½; October, $9.00; January, $7.17½. Rye—September, 56⅜c; December, 56¾@57c; May, 57¾c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.05; S. W., 99½c; September, 95½c; October, $1.00½. Timothy—Cash, $2.50@3.10; September, $3.30; October, $3.15. Clover—Cash $9.35@9.40; October, $9.35@9.40. Barley—Cash, 45@60c. Cash wheat—2 red, 81¾@83c; 3 red, 81@82c; 2 hard winter, 80@82c; 3 hard winter, 72½@82½c; 1 northern, spring, 90c; 2 northern spring, 88c; 3 spring 80@88c. Corn—2, 51¾@52c; 3, 51¾@52c. Oats—2, 35@36c; 3, 34@35c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The Market is fairly active and about ½ cent higher. Cables were steady to firm. The strength came from continued bad weather in the Northwest and in sympathy with the advance in corn. The large world's shipments were the bearish factors. Export demand was again slow, but the cash markets were active and strong all around on the domestic demand. There is good speculative buying. Armour is supposed to be quite prominently on that side at the moment. The trade is coming to the conclusion that the excessive rains in the Northwest have not been an unimportant matter and that the percentage of damage is quite important. We see no reason to change our position on the market and still feel the money is on the long side and that wheat should be bought on the soft spots.

Corn—Market is strong and about two cents higher. The weather is the influence. There were frosts in the extreme western part of the corn belt last night and prospect of frost covering a much larger portion tonight. This was the keynote to the market. Trade was active, shorts covered freely. Conditions of supply and demand are at the moment of little effect. A severe frost would probably do as much damage now as it would do in a normal year a month earlier. Market will turn on the temperatures.

Oats—Market is firm and higher. Strength in corn was an important influence but the cash situation in oats strong and the threshing returns continue bullish. A large percentage of the crop that is coming to market is of light weight. Patten is still the best holder in this market. There is very little selling pressure.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: The quality of the present wheat crop is now the subject of especial interest to the cash grain people everywhere. There has been a sudden and disagreeable development in the matter of wheat quality within the past ten days. Up to Sept. 1 it was the fact the wheat that was reaching the market was of unusually fine quality. This was true of the red winter wheat as long as it was moving, and was also true of the hard winter up to less than a fortnight ago. It is not true of the hard winter any longer; and the spring wheat, which is now moving this way, is of very poor quality. The wheat now on the move, instead of being very fine, is of decidedly poor quality. The crop is no longer discussed as a fine one, but as a low grade one. This change in the situation has been brought about by that series of excessive rains which began in the West, which then passed to the Northwest and which has kept Nebraska, Iowa, Minnesota and the Dakotas soaked for a week at a stretch. The injury to quality which this market has felt most so far was inflicted in Nebraska and Iowa by the rains which lasted through the final week in August and first week in September. These soaked the hard winter wheat of Nebraska and the spring wheat of northern Iowa. This Nebraska hard winter wheat is now coming in tough, damp and much sprouted. Some of it that was graded as No. 3 hard has sold at a discount of 9½c under the December. It has "tails" like the red winter wheat which was such a burden last year. If there was a good export demand some place could be found for this poor wheat, for Europe is always willing to take off-grade wheat at a low price; but, as a damand for the poor grades is very slow among the millers and as the elevators are loath to take a wheat which has very poor keeping qualities, these damp wheats are now going begging at extraordinary discounts. There has been no spring wheat here from the Northwest except a few sample cars bought early in the season, but Iowa is sending in some spring wheat now, and it is of very undesirable quality and going at heavy discounts. The red winter wheat, which was harvested early and which went into the farmers' bins before the rains began, was of high quality. But the movement of this seems to be over. The hard winter wheat from the Southwest, which was earliest to move, was of fine quality and the grading here through July and August showed that. But the hard winter wheat of Nebraska met with bad luck, was caught by the rains, and all that has arrived so far shows the effect. Elevator people here are sending broadcast through Nebraska and Iowa envelopes containing small quantities of the "sprouted" wheat, the berries which show tails, and enjoining their agents to be careful not to accept wheat containing the sprouted berries except at discounts.

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth, Saturday, Sept. 12.

Wheat:	Bus.
No. 1 hard	13,042
No. 1 northern	49,732
No. 2 northern	12,399
No grade	19,716
Rejected	249
Special bin	386,711
Macaroni	7,888
Total	489,737
Increase during week	297,269
Coarse Grains:	
Corn	1,245
Oats	814,447
Increase	27,940
Rye	123,375
Increase	16,063
Barley	799,821
Increase	202,746
Flax	835,088
decrease	247,593

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKET.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	85¼	87½B	80-⅜	87½
High	86¼	88½	80⅝	....
Low	85¼	87	80¼	....
Close	86¼B	88¼	80½A	87⅝A
Close 12th	84¼	85⅝	80⅛	87
December—				
Open	81⅜	81⅞	82¼-½	88⅛
High	81½	82¼	82¾	....
Low	80⅞	81½	82⅛	....
Close	80⅞B	81⅝	82¼-⅜	88¼A
Close, 12th	80⅞	80⅞-⅜	81⅞-82	87½

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	37¾-37⅞	51-50¾	$13.77
High	38¼	52⅜	.....
Low	37¾	50¾	.....
Close	38	52	13.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 13.—Close: Wheat—2 red western winter, quiet, 6s 2½d; 1 northern spring, steady, 6s 9d. Futures, quiet; September, 6s 5¼d; October, 6s 5½d; December, 6s 6⅛d. Corn—Spot, American mixed quiet, 4s 6½d; futures, steady; September, 4s 6½d; October, 4s 6¼d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 14.—Close: Wheat—December, 88⅛c; May, 88⅞c. Corn, December, 58¼c; May, 57⅞c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at a. m., 75th meridian time, Monday, Sept. 14, 1903.

Stations—	State of weather	Temperature Max*	Temperature Min**	Rainfall—inches and hundredths
Campbell	Cloudy	44	34	.34
Crookston	Pt. cldy	46	32	0
Detroit City	Pt cldy	40	34	T
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	46	28	2.80
Minneapolis	Cloudy	50	40	.76
Montevideo	Cloudy	62	30	.10
New Ulm	Cloudy	50	40	1.12
Park Rapids	Cloudy	44	34	.02
Winnebago City	Cloudy	52	42	1.96
Devils Lake, N. D.	Cloudy	40	24	0
Langdon, N. D.	Cloudy	38	24	0
Larimore, N. D.	Cloudy	42	32	0
Lisbon, N. D.	Cloudy	42	28	.14
Pembina, N. D.	P. cly	44	30	0
Aberdeen, S. D.	Cloudy	36	32	.20
Millbank, S. D.	Cloudy	62	44	T
Mitchell, S. D.	Cloudy	44	32	.12
Redfield, S. D.	Cloudy	38	32	.08
Bismarck, N. D.	Cloudy	36	28	0
Duluth, Minn	Cloudy	52	46	.10
Huron, S. D.	Cloudy	40	34	.02
La Crosse, Wis.	Cloudy	62	48	.56
Moorhead	Cloudy	54	34	.08
Pierre, S. D.	Cloudy	38	34	.18
St. Paul	Cloudy	50	42	.82
Winnipeg	P. cldy	48	26	0

Rainy weather continued, heavy in some places. Very cool weather prevailed in the Northwest with light to killing frosts in North Dakota.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

Prediction of Frost In Corn Belt Had Bearish Effect.

The Mildly Unfavorable Bank Statement Also Caused Selling.

New York, Sept. 14.—Leading stocks were under pressure at the opening on a renewal of Saturday's developments in the poor bank statement and the over Sunday developments in the Balkan situation. Foreign selling caused some local following in the international group and offerings were rather large in special stocks. Amalgamated Copper lost a point and St. Paul and Missouri Pacific nearly as much.

Selling orders became more general and the entire list was affected by the weakness of United States Steel, which dropped to 19¾, a new level. Western stocks were pressed for sale on reports of unfavorable weather conditions in the Northwestern grain section and declines followed of 1½ in Atchison and Missouri Pacific, of 1⅜ in St. Paul and of 1 in Union Pacific. Other losses included a point in New York Central, Reading Tennessee Coal and Brooklyn Transit.

Buying orders were more abundant in the second hour and there were some good fractional rallies in the standard stocks. Colorado Fuel advanced 3½ and reacted 2 points. A number of inactive specialties declined from 1 to 2 points. Near noon the market became heavy and fell off to the lowest under selling of the trans-continental stocks. The bond market was weak in sympathy with stocks.

The apparent absence of inside backing caused aggressive selling by the bear operators. Large blocks of stocks came out at different points and losses were extended throughout approximating 2 points in Missouri Pacific, Atchison preferred, Wabash preferred, New York Central, Manhattan and Amalgamated. U. S. Steel held well around 20 with trading large.

Selling abated in some stocks while it was continued with more vigor in others. Amalgamated and the southern and southwestern railroad stocks fell slightly lower while the grangers and local tractions ruled steadier. Business was in larger volume than the recent average and quite well distributed through the usual run of active stocks.

A bear raid on Reading dislodged stop-loss orders which forced it down to 50, or 3½ points below Saturday's close. The weather bureau's report predicting frost in some sections of the corn belt tonight influenced renewed selling of Western stocks and further sharp declines were made. Union Pacific dropped to below 73. Business was more active in the final dealings that at any time during the day. The closing was weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	47	44⅞	45
American Sugar	115	114¼	114½
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe.	66⅜	65	65⅛
do pfd	90¾	89⅞	89⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	81⅜	80⅛	80¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	41	38⅜	38½
Canadian Pacific	123	122	122
Chesapeake & Ohio	33	32¾	32¾
Chicago & Alton	22¼	22¼	22¼
Chicago Great Western	16¾	16	16¼
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	141	139½	139½
Chic., Rock Island & P.	28⅜	26¼	26½
Rock Island pfd	65	62⅜	62⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46	43⅜	43⅜
Erie Common	29½	28¼	28¼
General Electric	161½	161	161
Illinois Central	133	132	132⅛
Louisville & Nashville	105¼	104	104
Manhattan Elevated	134¾	132¾	133
Metropolitan Street Ry.	113½	112[illegible]	112
Mexican Central	12	11⅛	11¼
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	56	55	55
Missouri Pacific	93¼	91	91
New York Central	122	120¼	120¼
Norfolk & Western	62½	61	61
Pennsylvania	124⅜	123⅜	123⅛
People's Gas	93¼	93	93
Reading	52⅞	50	50
Republic Steel and Iron	10⅞	10¾	10¾
Southern Pacific	45	43	43⅛
Southern Railway	22¼	21⅝	21⅜
Tennessee Coal and Iron	38½	37¾	37¾
Union Pacific	75⅜	72¾	73
U. S. Leather	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝
U. S. Steel	20¼	19¾	19⅞
do pfd.	69⅞	69	69
Wabash	21½	21¼	21¼
Western Union	83⅝	83	83
Wisconsin Central	18¼	18	18
do pfd.	29¼	39	39

Northern Securities, 87¾ bid; 88 asked.

The total sales were 504,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is sharply lower. The predictions of frost over the corn belt, and a mildly unfavorable bank statement Saturday have encouraged the bears and they are doing their utmost in selling. There is no doubt that a freeze through the corn states would do a great deal of damage to the crop as it is on the whole probably a month late. We have repeatedly intimated that this is the one threatening condition in the situation. Stocks are not, however, on a pinnacle, and important as the corn is, it is not the whole thing. The country will not go bankrupt from the loss of even a considerable portion of the crop. Should it happen, we doubt if it will materially affect general business conditions or general business confidence. If the bears succeed in materially depressing prices we would buy the stocks.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 14.—Close: Money on call, steady at 2@3 per cent; closing bid 2, offered at 2½ per cent. Time money very dull; sixty days, 4¼@½ per cent; ninety days, 6 per cent; six months, 5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.95@4.86 for demand, and $4.82.05@4.82.20 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83 and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.82. Bar silver, 57¼c. Mexican dollars, 44¾c. Government bonds, easier; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Today's statement of the treasury balances: Available cash balances $237,212,874; gold, $109,333,217; silver, $27,149,728; treasury notes of 1890, $155,232; national bank notes, $18,907,947; total receipts this day, $2,236,360; total receipts this month, $20,591,559; total receipts this year, $110,065,812; total expenditures this day, $1,930,000; total expenditures this month, $18,700,000; total expenditures this year, $117,412,733; deposits in national banks, $159,655,133.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 14.—The cotton market opened strong at an advance of 415 points and following the call showed still further advances on the higher cables, the continued threatening aspect of the weather and renewed apprehensions as to the technical position of nearby contracts. September exhibited special firmness, selling at 11.14. Business was fairly active and the undertone continued firm with prices about 6 to 25 points net higher.

Cotton spot closed steady; mid ups 12.00; mid gulf 12.25. Sales 3755 bales. September cotton rose thirty points on the exchange today, the later months advanced in proportion. The rise was due due to fear that the gulf storm would sweep the cotton belt and injure the crop. Cotton futures closed steady: September 11.15; October 10.04; November 9.95; December 9.96; January, 9.96; February 9.96; March, 9.97; April 9.97; May, 9.97; June, 9.96.

CHICAGOO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Cattle receipts 35,000, including 3000 westerns. Lower: Good to prime steers $5.40@6; poor to medium, $3.90@5.25; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.15; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2@5; canners $1.50@2.75; bulls $2@4.50; calves $3.50@6.75 Texas fed steers $3.25@4.65; western steers $3.25@4.50. Hogs receipts 32,000; tomorrow 22,000. Strong to 5c higher. Mixed and butchers $5.40@6.15; good to choice heavy $5.70@6.15; rough heavy $5.30@5.70; light $5.65@6.15; bulk of sales $5.65@5.85. Sheep receipts 42,000. Sheep and lambs lower. Good to choice wethers $3@3.60; fair to choice mixed $2@3; western sheep $2.75@3.60; native lambs $3.50@5.50; western lambs $3.50@5.25.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co, 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	44⅝	45¼
Anaconda	18	19
Adventure	5½	5¾
Atlantic	8¾	9
Allouez	4¾	4⅞
Arcadian	..	1⅜
Elm River	2½	2¾
Bingham	23¾	24
Copper Range	56⅜	56¼
Centennial	16½	17
Calumet & Hecla	440	455
Calumet & Pittsburg	...	100
Calumet & Arizona	105	125
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg	..	60
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8	..
Mohawk	40	41
Mayflower	87½c	1 00
Mercur Con	1⅛	1⅜
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	8½	9½
Osceola	56½	57½
Phoenix	5¼	5½
Parrott	19½	20½
Quincey	88	91
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1⅜	2
Franklin	8¼	8¾
Tecumseh	25c	50c
Tamarack	87	93
Trinity	6	6¼
Tenn. Copper	29	31
Utah	24½	25
U. S. Mining	19⅛	19¼
U. S. Oil	11	11¼
Victoria	3½	3¾
Wolverine	68	70
Wyandot	1	1⅛
Winona	7½	8
Daly West	40	40½
Greene Cons	18¾	19
Calumet & Bisbee	..	8
Pittsburg & Duluth	..	40
Higgins	5	8
Junction	..	10
Wolverine & Ariz.	..	10
Bisbee Queen	5	6

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—Close: Wheat—December, 81⅛c; May, 83⅞c. On track, No. 1 hard, 89¾c; No. 1 northern, 88⅜c; No. 2 northern, 84⅜c; No. 3 northern 78@83c.

GRAIN TRADE DULL.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grain trade dropped back into its old condition of dullness and vesselmen reported that it was very difficult to charter their boats. Rates were unchanged.

SUGAR REDUCED.

New York, Sept. 14.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced 10c a hundred pounds today.

CONSOLS DECLINE.

London, Sept. 14.—Consols again declined today, reaching 89¼, the lowest record in recent years. This was attributed chiefly to the exports of gold, and the prospect of dear money, while today's cabinet meeting and the Balkan situation also had a depressing effect.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, bushel	75		
Green onions, per doz	15		
Radish, long, per doz	15		
BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	21		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	11½		
EGGS.			
Fresh	19		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	12		
Twins, full cream, old	12½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cheam, cheese	12½		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Ohio, per lb	12		
Maple Syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60		
Medium, hand picked, bus.	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	2 25		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	16		
Cocanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@	1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@	1 00
Plumbs, per crate	90	@	1 50
Pears, per box	2 50		
Apples, per bbl	3 50		
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@	3 50
Me. lemons, per box	5 00		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges	4 25		
Tomatoes, per bushel	85	@	90
VEGETABLES.			
Green corn, per doz	12½		
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75		
Carrots, per cwt	1 40		
Turnips, per cwt	1 25		
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Best cucumbers	1 25	@	1 35
Mint, per doz	30		
Potatoes	70		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruite juice	4.00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	11		
Hens	10		
Turkeys	12	@	13
Ducks	10		
Geese	8		
MEATS.			
Beef	7	@	8
Lamb	10		
Mutton	9	@	10
Pork loins	12½	@	13
Lard	9¼		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Butter firm, creameries 15@19½; dairies 13@17½. Cheese steady; daisies 10½@10¾, twins 10@¼; young Americas 11@¼. Eggs steady; at mark cases included 17@18.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 14.—Butter receipts 9901 packages. Firm. State dairy 14½@18; extra creamery 20¼; packing stock 12@14½; creamery common to choice 15@20; renovated 13@17. Eggs receipts 9086 packages. Irregular. State and Pennsylvania fancy mixed 23@24; state and Pennsylvania seconds to firsts 19@22; western extras 23; refrigerated 18@20; western firsts 22; western thirds to seconds 17@21.

GALE WAS FIERCE

Wind of Saturday Severest of the Year at Duluth.

Small Craft All Over the Harbor Suffers From It.

The gale of Saturday afternoon and evening was one of the fiercest that has been experienced on the lake in some time.

The records of the office of the weather bureau in the federal building showed a velocity of forty-one miles per hour. The records of the hill-top observatory were tampered with by some unknown persons, and the velocity was not registered, but it is estimated that it reached at least fifty miles there. This is the record for the navigation season this year.

Vessels on the lake, en route to Duluth were compelled to seek shelter, and the arrivals yesterday and this morning were very few. The vessels laid up during the storm, in whatever harbor was nearest, and a number of the delayed vessels are expected in port today.

No damage was done to the large vessels in the harbor, or the towing interests, but the small craft, row-boats and sailing skiffs suffered heavily.

Practically all of the boats anchored on the Park Point shore were either sunk or beached by the waves. The floating dock belonging to the Boat club was badly damaged and the boat house of R. B. Knox was blown loose and broken to pieces.

The following is the list of the boats affected:

Capt. Osborne's new 28-footer; sunk.

George Leteau's Stranger, sunk.

Audray, belonging to Harry McCullough and Charles McDonald; sunk.

J. M. Roth's Margrave; sunk.

Fritz, belonging to President Johnson of the Yacht club; beached and an eighteen-inch hole stove in her bow.

G. A. Dickerman's Martha W. a gasoline launch; sunk and damaged to the extent of about $50.

An unnamed gasoline ferry, formerly the Estelle, belonging to Ferryman Jacobs; damaged.

The sinking of these craft prevented the outing trip planned by the members of the Duluth Yacht club, as nearly all of the boats belonging to the members, were unfit for service.

The boats in the slip at the foot of Sixth avenue, belonging to H. S. Patterson were unaffected by the gale.

The work of raising the boats was undertaken yesterday, and some of them have already been pulled up on the beach.

The small ferry, Company I, which runs from Superior to Park Point, was just reaching the dock at Park Point, when the storm struck her. She was unable to land, and was carried up on the beach by the wind and waves.

The shifting of the wind, and the velocity with which it sprang up, caused a choppy sea that was fatal to all small craft within reach of the waves.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Lackawanna, Gettysburg and consorts, 11 last night; Panther, 1:30 a. m.; Havana, 2; Averill, 2:30; Devereux, 3:30; Lyman Smith, 9; Donaldson and barge, 9:30. Down: Flagg, Warriner, 1 a. m.; Seneca, 2; Prince, 8:40; Binghamton, 9; Lindsay, Wright, Rome, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Mary Elphicke, 12:15 p. m.; Corsica and whaleback, 12:30; Midland Queen, City of Rome, 1; Choctaw, 1:20; Uranus, 2:40; Warren, Keith, 3; Sonora, 4; Nicaragua, 4:15; Hart, Antrim, tug Castle, Montpelier, 4:40; Monohansett, Law, 5:15; Griffin, 5:30; Watson, 7:30; Hiawatha, 8; Filch, Maitland, 8:30. Pioneer and consort, noon; Grammer, Stephenson, 12:40; Saturn, W. H. Mack, 1; Nottingham, 1:20; Princeton, 4; Whitney (steel), 5:15; Leland and consort, 5:30; Ericsson and whaleback, India and consort, 6; Mather and whaleback.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Philip Minch, Panay, Lagonda, 9:30 last night; Troy, 10; Schoolcraft, Keweenaw, Nestor, Bourke, 10:40; Kerr, 11:30; Scranton, 12; Wyoming, Mills, Anderson, 4:30 a. m.; Arabian, 5; Pontiac, 6; Sultana, 8:30; Cadillac, Luzon, 9:30; Shaw and whaleback, Myles, 10:30. Down: Louisiana, Gates, Northern Light, 3 a. m.; Business, 4:30; Wilkinson, 6:20; Milwaukee, 8; Norwalk, 8:40; Roman, 9; German, 10.

Up yesterday: Northern King, 1 p. m.; McDougall and whaleback, Maia, Parent, 1:30; Manitoba, 2; Benton, Filmore, Harlem, 3; Kendall, 3:40; Watt and whaleback, 6:30; Ward, 7; Fayette Brown, 7:30; Northern Queen, 8. Down: Spokane, 1 p. m.; Packer, 6; Empire City, Malta, 8:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette — Arrived: Cobb. Cleared: Louisiana, Ashtabula.

Ashland — Cleared, ore: W. Palmer, Lake Erie. Lumber: Barth, Nirvana, Cleveland.

Two Harbors — Arrived: Gilbert, Mack, Chisholm, Adams. Cleared: Marina, Lake Erie.

Buffalo — Cleared, light: Orinoco, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived: J. H. Hoyt, George L. Craig, Nyanza, Corliss, coal, Lake Erie; Ogarita, Argo, Jones, light for lumber, Lake Erie; Heffelfinger, light for ore, Lake Erie; Jay Gould, merchandise, Chicago; H. W. Moore, North Star, China, merchandise, Buffalo; C. W. Moore, Bradshaw, America, merchandise, Lake Superior ports.

Departed: L. L. Barth, Arizona, Kalkaska, Niko, lumber, Lake Erie; W. R. Linn, Edenborn, Harvard, Pasadena Thomas Wilson, Neptune, ore, Lake Erie; Marina, W. P. Palmer, H. W. Smith, Tom Adams, Senator, light, Lake Superior ports; Northern Light, Portage, New York, Tionesta, Milwaukee, Rochester, merchandise, Buffalo; Jay Gould, merchandise, Chicago; Monarch, passengers and merchandise, Carnia; Turret Chief, grain, Buffalo.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: La Gascogne, Havre. Plymouth—Arrived: Kron Prinz Wilhelm from New York. New York—Arrived: Minnetonka, London; Vaderland, Antwerp.

EXPLODES A MYTH.

"It is pretty near time that that phrase, 'honor among thieves,' should be stricken out of police news," said a veteran Baltimore detective who recently visited Washington on a quiet prowl for an alleged check kiter. "It's misleading. There never was any honor among thieves. I have been going after thieves of all sorts, from spark-grafters to porch-climbers and leather-workers, for nearly a generation, and I never met a crook yet who wouldn't do his pal as quick as he'd eat a plate of ham and eggs.

"A little less than twenty years ago three class A cracksmen framed up a promising bank job over in Baltimore. The thing went through on greased skids. They put the watchman under the gun when he stepped to the bank's front door and they had him cordaged up and gagged in the basement before he knew where he was at.

"The vault-gate was an ordinary combination affair without any of the modern double or time-lock contrivances, and it was something easy for men who knew how to handle the blow-pipe and the nitro. They got her open after an hour's work, and then it looked like the world was theirs, for there were $60,000 in new paper money in plain sight. They left the heavy gilt and tin-hued stuff alone and made a leisurely job of dividing the loot into three parts of $20,000 for each man.

"The lookout or outside man abandoned his post in front of the door to be in at the division when he knew the safe was hanging from its hinges. The three were sitting inside the vault, stuffing the currency into their clothing and planning for their different hiding out places when they should separate, when two cops suddenly appeared at the entrance to the vault and covered the three of them. It was all so sudden that the hands of the trio of cracksmen went straight up.

"While one of the cops kept the three covered by the simple gun-fanning process, the other went out behind them and deftly removed their shooting tools. Then he quite as deftly abstracted the bundles of currency from the pockets of each. This done, 'March!' said the two cops to the three cracksmen. The cops marched the three to the basement, where the watchman was still tied up. Then they executed a walking backward move, still covering the three, got out of the iron door at the back leading to the alley, slammed the iron door, which closed with a spring lock, and the three cracksmen were neatly hobbled.

"They hadn't any tools, and so they couldn't get out of that basement. They untied the watchman and ordered him to turn them loose, but they had collared the watchman's keys upstairs before dragging him to the cellar, and upstairs the keys still were. So the three cracksmen and the watchman were found together in the cellar when daylight came around.

The cracksmen's stories that they themselves had been stuck up by a couple of cops was scouted, and when the watchman chimed in and stated that the story was true, he was immediately under suspicion of having himself been in cahoots with the nitro men. The watchman had a hard time in squaring himself, and came near doing his bit over the road. He stuck to the cop story so persistently, however, that the policeman on the adjoining beat had to make all kinds of explanations as to their whereabouts on the night of the robbery. To square themselves both had to admit that they had been taking naps and produce witnesses to that effect, and both lost their badges. The three cracksmen got long sentences.

"Now, those two cadets in the rig-out of members of the Baltimore police force were Chicago bank burglars. They had come East to wait for the graft to pick up a bit in their home town, and in some mysterious way they'd learned about the details of the Baltimore job. It looked like ready money and no work and so they just had their measures taken for policemen's uniforms. The story didn't get around for three or four yeares afterward. Then one of the Chicago putty blowers got glibly drunk one night and spun the yarn. If there ever was anything in this 'honor among thieves' dream it would naturally be supposed that these two would have been ostracized by the rest of the profession. Nothing of the sort happened. All hands among the thieves patted them on the back."

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing; 9:30 A.M. Wednesdays for Port Wing, Cornucopia and Ashland, Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton 4:00 p. m. All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:53	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m
* 11:15 p.m		* 6:20 a.m
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast.	* 6:43 p.m
* 8:30 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv-North Country Mail-Ar. *8:30 a.m.
All Points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:15 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:20 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

Deadwood, S. D. and Return $31 65.

September 2nd to 6th inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Deadwood, S. D., at $31.65 for the round trip, good for return until and including Sept. 30th, 1903.

City Ticket Office, 405 West Superior Street.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., and Return $4.00.

For the Northern Wisconsin state fair to be held at Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 15 to 18, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets Sept. 14 to 17 inclusive at $4 for the round trip. Tickets good for return until Sept. 19, 1903.

City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

WATER IS HIGH

Nemadji River Highest It Has Been In Many Years.

All the Streams Around Duluth Are Very High.

The rains of the past few days have been more than a nuisance to people generally; they have been something of a menace to logging operations along rivers.

The Nemadji river is said to be at its highest level in the history of logging operations upon that stream.

The pressure of water that came into the river as a result of the rains of Friday and Saturday, carried away the south wing of the dam at Dedham yesterday.

Fortunately, all of the logs had been brought through the dam before the accident occurred, and there was, therefore, no damage, as the dam will not be used again this season.

It is said that above the dam the water was twenty feet above low water levels before the dam gave away.

Water in the bay is very high, also, the streams running into it bringing great floods of water to swell its contents.

The rainfall in Duluth in the two storms of Friday and Saturday amounted to 2.30 inches. All of the small streams running through the city were changed from babbling brooks into roaring torrents, and every falls became a Niagara over which a tumbling yellow flood fell and then sped away.

The storm brought into notice a creek that very few people had ever heard of before, Oregon creek. It is a hollow that runs down through the East End, about Twenty-first avenue east, and usually it is dry. It is not dry, now, however. Dr. D. D. Murray informed the board of public works today that the flood it carried tore out a stone retaining wall near his house, and left the property so that another similar storm will carry away most of the rear end of his lot.

IMPROVEMENT BIDS OPENED

Board of Public Works Received Number of Proposals.

Bids were opened by the board of public works this morning for three improvements, the grading of Waverly avenue from Victoria street to Hardy street, for a sanitary sewer in the right of way between South street and London road, from Nineteenth to Twenty-second avenues east and for a sanitary sewer on Second street between Twentieth and Twenty-fourth avenues east.

There were three bidders for the Waverly street grading and Hugh Steele was the lowest bidder, his figures being $903.25 for 243 cubic yards of earth.

Of the four bidders for the sanitary sewer between South street and London road J. A. Johnson was the lowest bidder, his figures being $2475.50.

Peter Johnson's bid of $1533.58 was the lowest of the five for the sanitary sewer on Second street.

The board of public works awarded the contracts according to the lowest bids and these will go before the council this evening for confirmation.

First hearings in the matter of the condemnation of property for a right of way for a West Duluth trunk sewer and for the extension of the boulevard between Sixth avenue east and Masaba avenue were held by the board this morning. An adjournment was taken in each case until next Monday.

Three assessments were confirmed by the board this morning, that for a sewer in Second alley between Sixth and Seventh avenues east, another on Cambridge street and for some plank walks in several localities in the city.

HIKES IT TO ROOSEVELT

Deputy Sheriff Bates Has a Somewhat Strenuous Trip.

Deputy Sheriff William J. Bates returned Saturday from the newly organized town of Roosevelt, consisting of township 62-21, about thirty-five miles north of Hibbing. He went up to post notices of the first town election, which will be held on Sept. 22.

Roosevelt township is located in the fine farming lands of the Big Fork valley, and it has already within its border a substantial settlement of farmers.

Deputy Sheriff Bates had to "hike" a considerable part of the distance, as the roads are not yet completed through to the settlement. They expect to get supplies in and their products out over the Tower & Itasca road, which connects with the Duluth, Virginia & Northern. The road is not much improved as yet, however.

EXTRA PRECAUTIONS TAKEN.

Vienna, Sept. 14.—As a result of the Italian government informing the authorities here that three Italian anarchists have gone to Hungary extra precautions will be taken to safeguard Emperor William, who is to arrive tomorrow at Karapancsa, where he will go stag hunting with the Arch Duke Frederick.

AGGRAVATED SEASICKNESS

Little Daughter of Assistant Chief Randall Nearly Dies.

Margaret Randall, the little daughter in the neighborhood of five years of age, of Assistant Chief Randall, of the fire department, has narrowly escaped death from sea-sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Randall and their daughter made the round trip to Fort Arthur and return, one week ago Sunday, on the steamer America. The weather was rough and a very stormy passage was experienced. Nearly all of the passengers suffered more or less from sea-sickness, but the little daughter of Mr. Randall was in agonies throughout the trip.

On returning to Duluth the little girl was taken to her home in a very weak and exhausted condition. It was thought that the sickness would leave her after she reached land, but such was not the case. She continued to experience very severe feelings of nausea, and the vomiting continued day after day.

Medical aid was summoned in the hope of relieving the child and to prevent internal injuries on account of the distressing convulsions of sickness, from which she suffered.

The sickness continued for several days, and she is not yet entirely recovered from her distressing condition, although much improved.

She is very weak and exhausted from the violence of the illness, and it will be sometime before she is again restored to health.

KIAZIM BEY

Will Be the Permanent Vali of Beirut.

Beirut, Sept. 14.—It is reported that Kiazim Bey, governor of Palestine, will succeed Reshid Pasha as vali of Beirut (relieving Nazim Pasha, vali of Syria, who is now acting vali of Beirut). Kiazim Bey has evidenced great administrative ability and has maintained excellent order in Palestine.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 14.—A courier who has just arrived here brought details of the engagements fought in the mountains of Pirin recently. On Aug. 28, band led by Stoganoff fought a force of Turkish troops. The Turks lost 50 men killed and had 40 men wounded. Gogrofof's band, Sept. 1, on Albutin heights, fought 200 Turks, who lost 12 men.

NO INVITATION

Extended to Sir Thomas By Yacht Club.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Sir Thomas Lipton and his party arrived here on a special train from Racquette lake about midnight last night. Sir Thomas had been spending a few days at Camp Killkare with Timothy L. Woodruff. On the way down Sir Thomas was taken violently ill with indigestion. A physician was summoned and worked over his patient about six hours and accompanied the train to Syracuse. The private secretary of Sir Thomas, John Westwood, authorized the statement that the baronet had not received any invitation from the Seawanhaka-Corinthian club, nor had the earl and countess of Shaftesbury, so far as he knew. He had heard nothing about it whatever until he had been informed of the story by a reporter. The date of the dinner was on a date when it was known that he would be in the West, and if any invitation to the dinner had been received, it would have been necessary to decline it. He will not return to New York until Sept. 21, and will sail for England on the 23rd.

SORROWFUL NEWS

For Employes of Battle Creek Iron Works.

Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 14.—Today's mail brought sorrowful news to three employes of the Battle Creek iron works. Philip Trifforn, night watchman, was notified that several children of their children had been murdered in Macedonia. S. Forety was informed that both his sons were murdered and Al. Spelmzer three sons and an uncle were killed. The letter says 10,000 soldiers attacked a village of 2000, murdering all but 100 and leaving only ten buildings standing.

MODEL AIRSHIP

Found In a Field Near Irvington, Ind.

Indianapolis, Sept. 14.—The announcement by many prominent citizens of Irvington that they had seen an airship last evening caused great excitement today. At noon today in a field seven miles from Irvington some boys found a torpedo-shaped paper covered affair 30 feet long with canopy top and two dummy figures in it. It is believed to be a model of an airship some local mechanics are working on.

JEWS EMIGRATE.

London, Sept. 14.—As a result of the recent anti-Jewish agitation among the laboring classes at Cardiff, Wales, and in its neighborhood, 100 Jewish employes of the Dowlais works left Merthyr Tydvil today on their way to America.

The Progress club dance, Oatka Pavilion, Sept. 15, Tuesday evening.

DEMURRER MADE

Charles F. Leland Demurs to the Indictments Against Him.

Claims They Do Not Set Up a Public Offense.

Charles F. Leland, who was to have entered pleas this afternoon to the two indictments returned against him by the grand jury, on charges of receiving deposits after he knew his bank was insolvent, entered demurrers to the indictment instead of pleading.

He appeared before Judge Ensign this afternoon with his attorney, William Harrison, and gave notice that he would demur to the indictments, on the ground that they do not state facts sufficient to constitute a public offense. The court will fix a time for hearing the demurrers later.

Mr. Leland was to have pleaded Saturday afternoon, but owing to the absence of his attorney, he asked an extension to today, which was granted.

Frank Ainsley and John Mitchell, sureties on the bond of Paul Markey, indicted for maintaining a house of illfame on the range, this morning brought Markey into court and asked to be released from his bond, on account of their fear that he would get away.

They were released, and Markey was ordered into the custody of the sheriff.

Thomas Rushton, charged with grand larceny in the second degree, pleaded not guilty this morning.

WANTS SHAME CONSIDERED

William Darden Amends Complaint—Humiliated Before Chorus Girls.

William T. Darden wants to add the words "for the shame, disgrace and humiliation of being publicly expelled from said car" to his bill of complaint in the suit of William T. Darden against the Pullman company, for $5000 damages, which is on file in the United States district court.

The plaintiff claims to have been ejected from a car belonging to the defendant, running between Wichita and Topeka, Kas., as a result of which he caught a severe cold, which laid him up for a considerable length of time.

In his original bill of complaint he claims that the above words were left out through an error. He claims to have been directed to the private car of the "Chaperons" company by the Pullman car conductor, and again ejected from here by the manager of that company. His humiliation before the chorus girls, whom he claims made derogatory remarks, was not taken into account in the original bill.

HAUG BUILDING HAS BEEN SOLD

Is Sold to William Pattison, of Superior, for $39,000.

A deal was closed this afternoon whereby William Pattison, of Superior, Wis., purchased from Emmet S. Palmer, of the firm of Palmer & Hunt, architects, the Haug building at 19 West Superior street. The consideration was $39,000. The structure was erected by Matthias Haug something like twelve years ago. It has a frontage of twenty-five feet and is two stories high. The lower floor is occupied by the Manhattan Wine House and the second floor by roomers. Mr. Palmer purchased the property last November.

IS NOT HIS SON

North Dakota Man's Son Not One Killed Here.

Mayor Hugo, this morning received a letter from Amos H. Benson, of Minto, N. D., making inquiry as to the identity of the Edward Benson who was among the four men killed in the accident at the concrete elevator, on Rice's Point, last week.

The elder Benson fears that the dead man is his son and sends a careful description. Inquiry was made this afternoon at C. O. Nelson's morgue, at the West End and it was found that the Edward Benson who was killed has already been fully identified as a Finlander who has been in this country but two or three years. The description sent from the North Dakota father does not tally with that of the dead Benson.

Mme. Estelle Bouton.

Claude Madden, the well known violinist and composer of Minneapolis, is at present in Duluth directing the music of "The Sleepy King" company. Mr. Madden has appeared here several times and is well known to Duluth audiences. This morning he remarked: "I see that Mme. Bouton is to sing here in November. She is a grand artist. She has a superb stage presence and sings with such dramatic intensity that she carries everyone with her. I heard her twice in the Twin Cities and once in New York. She is certainly a wonderful singer."

SUIT IS DISMISSED.

Des Moines, Sept. 14.—The injunction suit brought by stockholders of the Nodrthwestern Life and Savings company of this city, to prevent its transfer to Minneapolis, and merging with the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, of that city, has been dismissed and the transfer and merger will be immediately effective.

SENATOR SCOTT ILL.

Denver, Sept. 14.—At noon today Senator Scott, of West Virginia, who is suffering from injuries received in a wreck near Chicago Friday was still very sick. While his condition is regarded as serious the physicians hope to control the fever from which he is suffering.

PAYNE WILL NOT ATTEND

The Trial of Beavers Although Served With Subpoena.

Washington, Sept. 14.—George Beavers, the former chief of the division of salaries and allowances in the postoffice department, has retained counsel and a subpoena was served on the postmaster general today directing the production of the records in the salary and allowances division, in connection with the supply of the Dent-Brandt Cashiers, at the hearing of the Beavers, to be held in New York Sept. 15, under the Brooklyn indictment. Beavers' counsel, in accordance with the legal requirements tendered the postmaster general, the prescribed fees and mileage expenses necessary for the trip, which the postmaster general declined to accept, explaining that it was impracticable for him to go to New York at that time. Postmaster General Payne has arranged to spend a week at Virginia, Hot Springs, and will leave there tomorrow night. Mr. Payne asserts confidence in the closing of the investigation by the early part of October.

The grand jury examined several witnesses today and adjourned until tomorrow. It is understood that among other matters, evidence regarding the administration of the office of the assistant attorney general for the postoffice department prior to the investigation is being placed before the grand jury.

The bail of August W. Machen, the deposed head of the free delivery system today was raised from $20,000 to $30,000. The decision to advance the amount was reached by District Attorney Beach as the result of the additional indictments reported against Machen last week. The indictments against Machen now number thirteen.

Improving the Club.

Secretary H. V. Eva of the Commercial club has issued a circular letter to the members in which he states that the complaints regarding the billiard and pool tables in the club have been sustained by the directors, and that the room has been refurnished with six new tables. During the last week the buffet has been moved to the third floor which gives additional space on the second floor for the club. The cafe of the club is now open from 7:30 in the morning until midnight with a business men's lunch served between 11:30 and 2 o'clock.

Labor Day Picnic.

As was forecasted in The Herald on Saturday, no attempt was made to have the postponed Labor day picnic yesterday, on account of the cold, cloudy weather and wet grounds. Nothing definite is known today whether the celebration will be held at a later date or abandoned entirely this year. Chairman Perrault, of the general committee, has called a meeting for this evening at 8 o'clock when it is expected that the question of attempting to hold a picnic this year will be argued and the project either endorsed or dropped.

FEARS FELT FOR STEAMERS.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 14.—Telegraphic communication with Tampa was restored late this afternoon. One life, that of Lewis B. Boron, was lost there. The property damage is heavy. Apprehension is expressed for two steamers which left Saturday afternoon for New Orleans and Mobile.

INDICTMENT RECOMMENDED.

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—Circuit Judge Burroughs in his charge to the St. Clair county grand jury today declared that the lynching of David Jett, the negro school teacher at the Belleville, Ill., was "unfortunate illegal and ill advised," and he urged that the utmost endeavor be made to discover, indict and convict the guilty.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural free delivery carriers were appointed today: Delano—Regulars, Reynold E. Brunkow and Otto L. Kelsey; substituutes, Charles A. Brunkow and Joseph Kelsey. Monticello—Regular, Elias C. McCrory; substitute, Herbert H. McCrory. St. Michael Station—Regular, Joseph H. Dulac, Jr.; substitute, Joseph H. Dulac, Sr.

CAPT. HEMPHILL DENIES IT.

New York, Sept. 14.—A report that the members of the crew of the battleship Kearsarge are on the verge of mutiny and that 120 of them are incarcerated in the brig of the ship, was denied today by Capt. Hemphill of the ship.

WHEN CONSCIENCE SPOKE.

Truce now, for a right good tale on a June day, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean. The scene is a studio, called the village, I wonder—is a lawyer of famous reputation, with an office on the Dearborn street side of the Hartford building. He often stays there at work long after the rest of the tenants have vacated the place. He also neglects to turn out the lights or pull the shades and the immediate consequence is that the rubbernecks in the Tribune office across the way have an unobstructed view. There would be no objection to the lawyer's late hours if he did not pursue the nightly and deadly habit, toward 9 o'clock, of appealing to his stenographer for sympathy. She never withholds it, and as parchment and law courts are dull and dry business, the compassion of the Tribune rubbernecks is invariably with the poor man.

It is somewhat exasperating to be compelled against one's will to look on unwillingly from across the street when it is a musty old browbeaten lawyer who is kissing the typewriter. The Tribune rubbernecks stood it as long as they could, and then one night, when the appeal for sympathy had been more than usually pronounced and successful, one of the force rushed frenziedly to the telephone and called up the legal luminary with sympathetic cravings in the Hartford building. The rest of the rubberers had their ears attuned to their own end of the conversation and their eyes on the fatal window across the street. The colloquy:

Voice from the Trib.—"Is this Mr. So-and So?"

The Answer (quavering)—"Y—Y—Ya—Yes! What is it?"

Voice from the Trib. (in tones of thunder)—"Quit kissing that girl!"

The Answer (with a miserable attempt at bravado)—"W—W—who the dickens are you?"

Voice from the Trib. (mournfully)—"I, sir, am your conscience."

Then all the lights in the Hartford building went out.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

Indiana and Ohio Homevisitors' Excursion.

Very low rates will be made on Sept. 1, 8, 15, Oct. 6. Return limit thirty days, via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, to Louisville, Cincinnati, Sandusky, Columbus and all points west in the states of Ohio and Indiana. Information on request. W. B. Dixon, N. W. P. A., 365 Robert street, St. Paul.

DAMAGED AGAIN

Vandals Once More Injure Weather Instruments on Hill Top.

Heavy Penalty Awaits the Miserable Miscreants If Caught.

Vandals have again interefered with the workings of the instruments of the hilltop observatory of the United States weather bureau.

Some time during Saturday afternoon, some maliciously inclined persons, disarranged the cups on the anemometer, which records the velocity of the wind. The mischief was accomplished either by stones, or by shots from a gun.

The result was that valuable records were destroyed, the machine recording a wind velocity of but a few miles per hour, when the heavy gale was blowing Saturday afternoon.

H. W. Richardson, the local forecast official, is much incensed at the malicious destruction of the government property. He communicated with C. C. Haupt, the United States district attorney, who replied that if the persons could be found, it would probably mean a sentence in the state prison or the reformatory, according to the age of the culprit.

Mr. Richardson said today that if the culprits could be found, the prosecution would be vigorously pushed, as the damage was wilfully and maliciously done.

Records of high wind velocities are especially valuable to the weather bureau, and the act of the vandals Saturday caused the bureau to lose the record of what was probably the heaviest gale of the year.

HER POOR FOUR LINES.

On Them Hung Ambitions and Stage Career.

She had four lines to say. It is important to know that fact. It is a fact highly necessary for correct understanding of the situation, says the Chicago Tribune. She wore blue tights and always appeared in a bunch of girls and you might have thought she was a chorus girl. Unthinking people having no knowledge of theatrical affairs thought she was when they saw the blue tights, but that was a mistake which would have been unpardonable if made in professional circles.

The four lines made her an actor. Their importance is seen readily when that is understood. Without the four lines she would have been a chorus girl. With them she was an actor. She had her name in the cast—not her real name, of course, but one almost like it. It was the four lines that put it on the program. Their importance cannot be overestimated.

Her first bit of acting was done when she said:

"I know a lot of these chaps. They scare up a cow and playing golf."

Then about an hour later she burst into speech again and remarked:

"Come on, boys and girls, the lawn is empty."

It wasn't more than fifteen minutes then before she was talking again, saying:

"Do you know where you are going?"

That was all for some time, but after awhile she again attracted attention by declaring:

"I promise."

Those four lines held her career. She was ambitious, and it was her first season on the stage. From the age of 12 up to the present—an indefinite, but nevertheless short period, she had been determined to be an actor. The folks at home said "no" with great emphasis, but she held to the ambition. Finally they seemed to succumb and applied for a position, not expecting to become an actor with four lines at once. She thought of course, that she would have to go into the chorus and begin climbing up from the foot of the ladder.

The stage manager who was putting on the play looked at her for three minutes, which is two minutes more than necessary to see that she is extremely pretty and one minute more than is necessary to see that she is ambitious. At the end of the three minutes he said:

"You'll do. Get measured for your costume. You look promising."

So in four minutes she was on the threshold of her life ambition. The day afterward she discovered that she was not to go in the chorus. She was to be in the cast. She was to be an actor. She was to have her name on the program.

She got her lines and mastered them. She learned her cues, and then she began the long, tiresome rehearsals, which make the stage manager thing he is dealing with blocks of wood and the members with a slave driver. Both sides got that feeling after the rehearsals have rounded out the finished product.

Her salary was to be $18 per week, and out of this she had to buy her wig and shoes and stockings. Why the head and feet of a chorus girl—or an actor with four lines—should be considered as things for which the management will not provide covering, is one of the vagaries of the theatrical business. The managers have the rest of the costume. The girl buys the wig, shoes and stockings.

Then she had to pay for her sleeping car berth from New York, where the play was being rehearsed, to Chicago, where it was to be produced. All this made the $18 look rather sickly for a couple of weeks, but one's ambitions cannot be achieved without cost, and there were the four lines as a recompense.

There followed the long dress rehearsals, which began at 8 o'clock at night and ended in time for a 7 o'clock breakfast the next morning, but finally the production was ready and had its first performance.

She got through her four lines without nervousness and was fairly launched on her career. The next day came the trying period, when the stage manager assembled the company and told them how he was about to cut two hours off the performance and bring it down so that the audience could leave in time for an after-the-theater supper instead of getting home in time for breakfast.

In this pruning process none of her four lines were touched. She came out of it with all colors flying and the four lines still in her posession. There was one other four-line actor who at the conclusion of the harrowing incident found that all she had to say was:

"Cheese it."

The girl shuddered when she thought that this might have been her fate. might have left her nothing but the "I promise."

Everything had been so propitious thus far as a young and ambitious four-line actor could hope for it to be. Then the trouble started. One of the stars found that she could throw a little "business" in her part just about the time the ambitious little actor was saying her first line. The star put the business in. It made a hit. The little actor found that she was talking while the people were applauding the star. It was mortifying, but no one three feet away from her could tell that she was saying anything.

That was one line lost, although it still was supposed to be in the play. It was not more than a day or two before one of the comic men discovered a new dance. The place for it was just before the four-line actor was due with:

"Come on, boys and girls, the lawn is empty."

He put it there and the actress found that she was talking to an audience which was wildly applauding the dance. She tried to avoid this by waiting until the applause subsided, but the stage manager told her to plunge directly into it and keep the performance going, whether anyone heard it or not. So there was another line lost, and she had only two left.

Then the leading woman injected some business which was highly acceptable to the audience, and it came in just as the time the girl was asking her, the leading woman, if she knew where she was going. The leading woman did, but she was buy with her own part and the audience was buy watching her. And the third line was lost.

Things now had come to a desperate pass. The only thing left of her career was the one line: "I promise."

If one can imagine how an evangelist would feel trying to hold a crowd of men inside a lecture hall while there was a dog fight in progress outside or how Sarah Bernhardt would feel giving a performance of "L'Aiglon" in competition with an eruption of Mount Vesuvius, if one can imagine these feelings one can understand the emotions of the ambitious actor when she found herself working in opposition to the stars and losing her lines.

There was still one hope. She still had the "I promise." All her hopes were built on that. They still heard her when she said "I promise."

The other night the old actor who has the part of the wicked uncle found a dejected figure in blue standing on a stairway leading up to the dressing room. There were patent indications of grief, not without suggestions of tears, on her face. She was tapping the railing with the toy jumping jack she carried on the stage.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"I've—I've lost my last line," she said. Another star had put in some business which spoiled the "I promise."

There was nothing left of the four lines. No one knew she said a word on the stage. The old actor had tact and a kind heart, but it knew there was no consolation which could meet the needs of the occasion. All he could say was:

"Well, cheer up anyway, little girl. You'll be spoiling lines for young people some day yourself."

Let The Herald help you hunt for lost things.

STYLISH WALKING SUIT.



This pretty suit of brown and tan Scotch cheviot is representative of the season's style. The walking length skirt is in seven gores, flared from the knees down and trimmed with braid and buttoned straps. The long skirt of the blouse coat has the sides and back similarly treated, the waist and sleeves being done in stiched folds and buttoned straps. Brown velvet collar and cuffs. Rough tan felt hat, trimmed with brown velvet.—Jos. Schoen & Co.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

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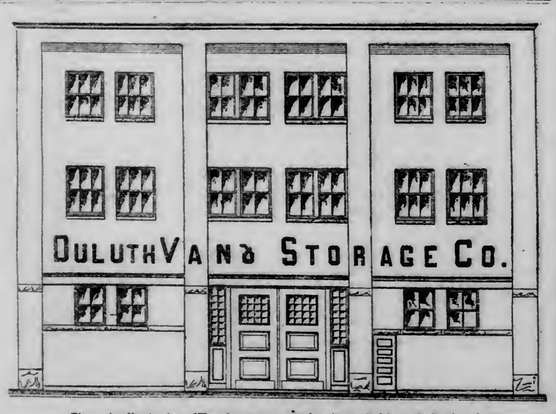
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P. O. Box 573, or PALLADIO BUILDING, Duluth, Minn. Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.
Call or send for information.
Contracts. Licenses. Designs.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.



The only first-class Warehouse for storing household goods in the city.
Special Room for Pianos.

Warehouse: 510, 512, 514 East Superior St. Office: 210 West Superior St.

$27.50 to Winnipeg and Return.

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company, through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Excursions to Pacific Coast.

The Great Northern railway will sell from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30, colonist tickets to Helena, Butte and Anaconda at $20; Spokane, Pendleton and Wenatchee, $22.50; Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, Vancouver and other Pacific coast points, $25. Hundreds of other points just as low. Five trains a day out of Duluth. Tourist sleeping car, double berths, $1 a night. Cross the beautiful Rocky and Cascade countains in daylight. Plenty of stopovers allowed. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 14, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Mathias Weiler, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Lena Weiler of the County of St. Louis representing, among other things, that Mathias Weiler, late of the County of St. Louis in the State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of April A. D. 1903, at the County of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Lena Weiler granted:

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Tuesday the 6th day of October A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of nearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of Sept. A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, Stl Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 14-21-28, 1903.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, Sakris Oberg, of the City of Virginia, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, do hereby notify all persons, that my wife, Hilda Oberg, has left my bed and board against my wish and will and contrary to my desire; That I have a good home for my said wife and for my children at Virginia, Minn., and that I desire that my said wife and children shall come to their said home at Virginia, Minn., and there live, and that I will there support them well according to their condition in life; That it is my desire and will to support and educate my children; and I hereby notify all persons that I will not be responsible, and I will not pay any debts or bills that may be contracted by my said wife or children whatever the same be for necessaries or not, while my said wife and children wilfully remain away from my said home against my will and consent; and any and all persons who may deal with my said wife and children must do so at their own risk and peril.

Dated this 4th day of September, A. D. 1903.

S. OBERG.

Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 11-12-14, 1903.

There are some articles which rapidly command a sale at all seasons of the year. Everybody does not know that you have these articles for sale. Place an ad in the want columns of The Herald and everybody will know what you have got and where you are located.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WEST END BARGAINS.

$1050 Seven-roomed house and lot, near Thirtieth avenue West.

$1250 Eight-roomed house and lot, near Thirty-first avenue West, on Third street. House alone would cost $1500 to build.

$1600 Seven-roomed house and lot, between Twenty-ninth and Thirty-second avenue West, on Third street. Stone foundation, water, sewer and closet.

$2250 Modern house and 50-foot lot on Second street, near Twentieth avenue West. Must be sold. Terms, $300 cash and $25 a month.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN.

BARGAIN Headquarters
Both Phones, 349

$2900 will buy a ten-room house on Nineteenth avenue East with all assessments paid; stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, electric light. Terms very easy with $750 cash.

$2400 for six-room house in East End, with water, sewer, toilet, furnace heat, electric light; fine home.

$4000 buys one of the cosiest homes in the East End. Six rooms, water, sewer, bath, electric light, stone foundation, furnace heat—a beautiful location with full view of the lake.

$950 for a bran new house in West Duluth, two blocks from car line; five rooms, hardwood floors, woodshed, good well—a bargain.

$2000 for an elegant home on Seventh street, near Third avenue East. Fifty-foot lot, good well, furnace heat, barn.

$3500 buys fifty feet extending from Michigan street to Superior street, near Twelfth avenue West, with two good dwellings with water in each, one having six rooms and renting for $17 and the other having seven rooms and renting for $13. Property will double in value in short time. Lot almost level.

$1800 buys a fifty-foot lot between Superior street and Michigan street, near Twenty-fourth avenue West. This is the biggest snap in that vicinity.

$2590 buys a three-story dwelling on Piedmont avenue car line; stone foundation, full basement, water and sewer on each floor; all in good repair and renting for more than $40 per month. Snap.

$600 for small dwelling and lot (40x80) near Nineteenth avenue West.

HOUSE FOR RENT!
221 East Fourth St.
(References Required.)
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Agt.
14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

Low Rates South and Southeast

On September 15th and October 20th THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. will sell **Round Trip Tickets** from St. Louis, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati to the following points at the lowest rates ever named. Tickets will be good returning for twenty-one (21) days from date of sale, and stopovers will be permitted on going trip at points south of Kentucky-Tennessee state line:

FROM ST. LOUIS TO	
New Orleans, $12	Atlanta, $13
Mobile, $12	Montgomery, $12
Birmingham, $12	Pensacola, $14.60
FROM CHICAGO TO	
New Orleans, $16	Atlanta, $15
Mobile, $16.00	Montgomery, $16
Birmingham, $15	Pensacola, $18
FROM LOUISVILLE TO	
New Orleans, $14	Atlanta, $11
Mobile, $14	Montgomery, $14
Birmingham, $11	Pensacola, $14
FROM CINCINNATI TO	
New Orleans, $14	Atlanta, $11
Mobile, $14	Montgomery, $14
Birmingham, $11	Pensacola, $14
FROM EVANSVILLE TO	
New Orleans, $12	Atlanta, $11
Mobile, $12	Montgomery, $12
Birmingham, $11	Pensacola, $14

Rates to Intermediate Points to be the same

Proportionately low rates to points west of New Orleans as far as Houston. To Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, $3.00 higher than rate to Atlanta.

Take advantage of these very low rates to make a trip through the South to investigate its wonderful resources and opportunities.

Time tables, folders, maps and descriptive literature relative to lands, truck and stock farming along the line of the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

will be sent upon application to C. L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

New Opening of an Old Country

On Aug. 23, the Big Woods Country of Minnesota was opened to passenger travel by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, completing its new road St. Paul to Mankato. It is now the Short Line between Mankato and the Twin Cities with two up-to-date trains each way, running through to Wells.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAIN!

The northeast 50-foot corner of Twenty-eighth avenue West and Superior street—if sold within a week, cash price **$2100**

FARM.

113 acres, 75 acres in cultivation. Building, tools, good roads, close to station. The best farm of its size within thirty miles of the city. Will take clear, improved city property for one-half.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

LOANS

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES
208 First National Bank Building.

$2800 takes seven-room modern house on Ninth avenue East. Corner lot.

$1900 takes fine 50-foot lot on First street, near Twenty-first avenue East.

$5000 takes nine-room modern house, on Tenth avenue East.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$1800 Fine seven-room house, city water, overlooking Lincoln Park.

$2750 Eleven-room house, water, sewer, bath, on East Third St.

$3100 Modern flat building. Rents $34 per month.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
200 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL INFORMATION WANTED of the whereabouts of Charles Magill, Frank Charboneau, R. J. Clark, A. L. Farwell, Charles Eldred, A. J. Fortier. Each of these gentlemen will learn of something that will greatly interest him by sending his full name and address to T. T. Allen, Au Sable, Mich.

NEW BORN BABY GIRL FOR ADOPTION. 1069 West Superior street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 331 West Superior street.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN MAKE $2000 TO $4000 next three months handling newly patented article; absolute necessity; demand enormous; experience unnecessary; exclusive territory given. Household Novelty Co., (manufacturers), 1012 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—PERSONS TO CALL ON RETAIL trade and agents for manufacturing house; local territory; salary $19 paid weekly; expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; business successful; enclose self-addressed envelope. Standard House, Chicago.

LINCOLN PARK.

A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 28, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the ninth Tuesday, September 29, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winner. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

CHIMNEY CLEANING.

THE WELL KNOWN EASTMAN BROS. from Minneapolis clean chimneys without damage to carpet. Also furnace cleaning. Work guaranteed. Leave orders at Herald office.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. LEROY, THE EMINENT CLAIRvoyant and Palmist, has returned. He gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles, and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 9 daily, except Sunday. Parlors 1416 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

FREE! FREE! YOUR FORTUNE TOLD. My advice is good as gold. Send birthdate, and three 2-cent stamps now. Dr. Best, 74, D. 166, Chicago.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1014 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1009 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$600 Eight-room house, Twenty-third avenue West and Tenth street.

$900 Fine six-room house, newly painted and papered throughout; cost to build, $1300. Easy payments.

$1100 Well-built, seven-room house on Third avenue West, above Fifth street.

$5500 Seven-room house, fine condition, stone foundation, cellar and water; 100 feet frontage on London Road by 400 feet to lake. A perfect home and cheap.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS

BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE

H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

ONLY $3.50 PER ACRE — 1000 ACRES good farm land near Grand Lake, must be sold quick. See W. M. Prindle & Co., Duluth. Also large and small tracts in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan at $1.50 to $2.75 per acre.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1127 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEST PART OF the city, five room house and lot 25x140, $1600. Also 50x140 and house, $2500. Inquire 224 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2401 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege of stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 506 East First street.

THE

CITY NATIONAL BANK,
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OF DULUTH,

HAS EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES FOR SERVING YOU ALONG ANY OF THE LINES OF MODERN BANKING.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

MINES AND MINING.

I AM NOW IN THE MARKET FOR A small block Arizona Copper Mountain. Higbee, Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

The Largest Assortment of Horses in the entire Northwest constantly on hand. Heavy loggers a specialty.

At BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

RANGE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS for sale cheap. No. 2527 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT UPRIGHT PIano for $100. Worth double. Can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

A SNAP—FURNITURE OF AN EIGHTroom modern house. Will sell either by piece or bulk. Apply immediately, 109 Second avenue East. Pastoret Terrace.

FOR SALE—GOOD GO-CART, $5. CALL at once. 601 West Second street.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload fresh milch cows Wednesday, Sept. 16. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — $75 BUYS 40 ACRES OF land. Address T 46, Herald.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED CARLOAD Western horses, weight 1100 to 1100 pounds; some broken. Corner Grand and Central avenues, West Duluth. L. Mark.

FOR SALE—ONE HAMMOND TYPEwriter with desk. Will be sold cheap. 318 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE — FRESH MILCH COWS. Seventy-fourth avenue west, Bay Front street. Alex Smith.

DON'T PAY RENT! Arrange to pay for a home of your own with the money you are now paying as rent. F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building. Phone 141.

FOR SALE—DARK BROWN HORSE, Sept. 19, at pound, 408 East Seventh street. Poundmaster Ottinger.

FOR SALE—INLAND PRINTER FROM March, 1891 to October 1893, inclusive; thirty-one numbers complete; also several hundred copies Harper's McClure's Strand, Pearson's, Munsey's etc. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2605 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 325 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 3077-5.

For upholstering and mattress making call at 514 E. Fourth St. J. J. Theis. Old 'phone, 547—5.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2926 West Third street. New phone 1448.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO, THREE OR FOUR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; central. B. 34, Herald.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best references, easy walking distance. F. M. R., Duluth Music Co.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms.. Address W 16, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY, washing or ironing. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion in office. Address, E. P. W., Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day of any kind. G. 52, Herald.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home. Call at 726 East Third street. Basement.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING, or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—POSITION AS CHAMBERmaid or help in hotel. No objections to leaving city. Z, 16 Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED--MALE

SITUATION WANTED—BY SCANDInavian boy, 19 years; inside work preferred. 1823 West Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED BY BOOKKEEPer, stenographer and general office clerk. Experienced, rapid and accurate. Best of references. Address T 90, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS PORTER, IN or out of town. Address W 25, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TIMEKEEPer in woods. Best of references furnished and have had one year's experience. Y 14, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS DRIVER for express company preferred. Address Frank K. Reynolds, care of Postoffice.

WANTED — OFFICE WORK BY A young man of 25, with a practical knowledge of stenography. Address Y 21, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY NORWEGIan, 26 years, as coachman or work around private place; has had experience; understands care of horses. P. A. K., 531 West First street.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Apply at 124 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSMAker. 5 West Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. F. R. Leslie, 1431 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 522 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Apply 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework by Oct. 1. Apply 124 West Third street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS AT CHILDren's home, 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED — GOOD SEWING GIRL. 5 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD DINING-ROOM GIRL. Apply Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—CATHOLIC GIRL, 20 TO 25 years, of good quality and appearance, to clerk in reliable grocery store, for respectable outside party. M. K., Herald.

WANTED — COOK; HIGHEST WAGES. Apply evenings, 1211 East First street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; best wages; permanent place. Apply Mrs. Magie, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Family of three. 1427 East Superior street. Mrs. Smith.

WANTED—LADY FAMILY COOK. Bon Ton bakery, 25 West Superior St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; best wages. 1508½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL, BELmont hotel, 707 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1509 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MEN WANTED. DULUTH CRUSHED Stone Co., West Duluth.

WANTED—STRONG, WILLING BOY to work in general stock. French & Bassett.

WANTED—BOY TO FEED PRESS. Apply to J. J. LeFourneau & Co.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER—$15.00 per week. All winter. I move again to old place. Peter J. St. George, 1915 West Superior street.

NIGHT CLERK. $6 WEEK AND LODGing. Needs no experience. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON dairy. 1028 East Tenth street.

WANTED — ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, machine men, trammers and laborers, to stay away from Colorado. By order of Trades Assembly. Strike on.

STEAM-BOAT CLERK WANTED FOR local steamer. Apply, stating experience E 8, Herald.

WANTED, FOR U. S. ARMY — Able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — AN ELEVATOR BOY. Steady position. French & Bassett.

FIRST-CLASS HARNESS MAKERS wanted; steady job. Rossi Saddlery Co., St. Joseph, Mo.

WANTED—ONE VEST, TWO PANTS, two coat makers. Meis.

WANTED—TWO SIXTEEN YEAR OLD boys. Apply Laboratory, Llethhead Drug Co.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SOLICItor for family trade. Salary or commission. Must be a hustler. Address G. F. A., Herald.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED MEN FOR Colorado gold mines; engineers, firemen, machine men and trammers and laborers, $3 to $5 per day. Fare advanced. Ship Sept. 15. G. F. Gilbert & Co., 5 South Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. HOTEL ST. Louis.

WANTED — STEADY MAN USED TO farm work, $35 per month year around. Apply Guaranty Farm Land company, 428 West Superior street.

WANTED—PEOPLE TO KNOW THAT $8 per month will buy a $1000 home with F. H. Richmond, 317 Lyceum building.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS BUSHELman immediately. Parker.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A BOARDING CONTRACT, in mine or railroad. Address J. 51, Herald.

TO EXCHANGE — THREE LOTS IN West Duluth and a state lease for good farming land. Address T 32, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Possession October 1st. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, FURNISHED rooms, at 711 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 124 Nineteenth avenue West.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, ELECtric light and bath; suitable for two. 310 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, CENTRALLY LOcated, $2.50 per month, including city water. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT — STEAM-HEATED, FURnished rooms. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room, at 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat; modern. 717 West Second street, flat 5.

FOR RENT — SMALL FURNISHED room; bath, electric light; central. $7.50 per month. 202 East Third street.

PARLOR AND BED ROOM FOR TWO. Gentlemen preferred. 217 Seventh avenue East.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; WATER, sewer and light. 614½ East Second st.

MODERN ROOMS—GAS, HOT WATER heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred, B. 47, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat; will allow light housekeeping. Inquire at 409 Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOM for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLAT—FOUR ROOMS, $14. Hillside. 718-720 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES SECURE modern winter quarters. Phone service 126 East First street.

WANTED—CHILD TO BOARD. CALL or address, 1125 West First street.

BOARD, BY DAY OR WEEK. 129 FIRST avenue west.

ROOM WITH BOARD, FOR TWO, IN a private family. Apply at 319 West Fourth street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED — Splendid accommodations for two. Call 222 Third Avenue west.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 221 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ROOM AND board by young lady pianist. Address B. B., Herald.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room with board 720 West First street.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 9 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

STOCK COMPANIES ORGANIZED AND financed. We secure capital for business propositions, underwrite and guarantee bonds and stocks of meritorious enterprises. International Bonding Co., Arrott building, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—$2000 HOUSE CHEAP —or good vacant property to improve. Address N 7, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, SUNDAY AFTERNOON — A small silver chatelaine watch and guard. Return to Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—LESTER PARK OR ON LAKEside car—Solid gold stick pin, shape of dragon, with diamond set. Finder please leave at stamp window, postoffice, and receive reward.

LOST — ON SUNDAY MORNING, AT the postoffice or on Fifth avenue West, watch fob with gold locket pendant, with initials of owner. Return to 425 West Superior street and receive reward.

LOST—ON STEET CAR, EAR TRUMPET in bag. Return to 231 West Second street for reward.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1218.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Third degree. Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TemBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 15. Work Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and first avenue west. Wednesday, Sept. 16, the supreme commander will be present and address the members on state of the order. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Mlines, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 21 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 73.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.
MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.